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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2022 Navy **Date:** May 2021

Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319: <i>Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy / BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)</i>	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603782N / <i>Mine and Expeditionary Warfare Advanced Technology</i>
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COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022 Base	FY 2022 OCO	FY 2022 Total	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	0.000	12.802	1.940	1.981	-	1.981	-	-	-	-	-	-
2917: <i>Shallow Water MCM Demos</i>	0.000	12.802	1.940	1.981	-	1.981	-	-	-	-	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Explosive ordnance disposal is a critical naval mission vital to the safety of service members and civilians. Highly trained Sailors and Marines utilize their knowhow and courage combined with state-of-the-art technology to remove unexploded ordnance, land/sea mines and even chemical, biological and nuclear weapons. The Department of Defense (DoD) Directive 5160.62 "Single Manager Responsibility for Military Explosive Ordnance Disposal Technology and Training (EODT&T)" approved by the DoD Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) Program Board (Sep 2012) guides research in this Program Element (PE). Unique needs and capabilities identified by the Joint Requirements Oversight Council (JROC) and the DoD EOD Program Board are also addressed by this PE, and provide the vision and key objectives for the essential science and technology efforts that will enable the continued supremacy of U.S. Naval and Joint EOD forces in the 21st century. The strategy focuses and aligns Naval S&T with Naval missions, DoD EOD S&T with Joint EOD missions and future capability needs that address the complex challenges presented by both rising peer competitors and irregular/asymmetric warfare.

This PE primarily develops and demonstrates prototype Mine Countermeasures (MCM), Expeditionary Warfare and Joint EOD system components that support capabilities enabling Naval and Joint EOD Forces to influence operations ashore. Adversarial nations have the capability to procure, stockpile and rapidly deploy all types of naval mines, including new generation mines having sophisticated performance characteristics, throughout the littorals. They also have the capability to develop or modify explosive devices such as mines and unexploded ordnance to construct Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) for the purpose of targeting Joint Forces. Real world operations have demonstrated the requirement to quickly counter the mine threat. Current operations have also demonstrated the requirement to quickly counter the threat from explosive hazards and IEDs during DoD operations. Advanced technologies must rapidly detect and neutralize all mine types, from deep water to the inland objective. Advanced technologies must enable Joint EOD forces to detect/locate, gain access, diagnose, render safe, neutralize, recover, exploit and dispose of a broad spectrum of explosive hazards including unexploded ordnance and IEDs. This program supports the advanced development and integration of sensors, processing, warheads, and delivery vehicles to demonstrate improved Naval Warfare capabilities. It supports the advanced development and integration of sensors and tools for standoff capabilities such as detection and location of IEDs (particularly in dismounted operations), dismounted diagnosis of buried munitions and other explosive hazards, precision render safe and neutralization of surface munitions and other explosive hazards, and enhanced access to IEDs. It supports the MCM-related FNC Enabling Capabilities (ECs).

Today's Sailors and Marines are enabled by naval Science and Technology (S&T). Since 1946, the Office of Naval Research (ONR) has fostered scientific research related to the maintenance of maritime superiority and national defense. ONR manages the Department of the Navy's (DON) portfolio of naval Basic and Applied research, and Advanced Technology Development investments to ensure naval forces can effectively deter conflict, but when called upon, fight, win and come home safe. Current investments hedge against uncertainty, providing solutions to commanders today, and options for the future. The Naval S&T budget supports higher guidance defined by the National Defense Strategy, and responds to requirements identified by the Secretary of the Navy through research priorities set by the Chief of Naval Research, coordinated across the Naval Research Enterprise (NRE), and outlined in the Naval R&D Framework.

UNCLASSIFIED

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This Program Element (PE) funds Advanced Technology Development (ATD) that includes development of subsystems and components and efforts to integrate subsystems and components into system prototypes for field experiments and/or tests in a simulated environment. Efforts in this PE generally have Technology Readiness Levels (TRL) of 4 (component and/or breadboard validation in laboratory environment.), 5 (component and/or breadboard validation in relevant environment.), or 6 (system/subsystem model or prototype demonstration in a relevant environment).

Due to the number of efforts in this PE, the programs described herein are representative of the work included in this PE.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022 Base	FY 2022 OCO	FY 2022 Total
Previous President's Budget	13.335	1.948	1.987	-	1.987
Current President's Budget	12.802	1.940	1.981	-	1.981
Total Adjustments	-0.533	-0.008	-0.006	-	-0.006
• Congressional General Reductions	-	-0.008			
• Congressional Directed Reductions	-	-			
• Congressional Rescissions	-	-			
• Congressional Adds	-	-			
• Congressional Directed Transfers	-	-			
• Reprogrammings	-0.222	0.000			
• SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.312	0.000			
• Rate/Misc Adjustments	0.001	0.000	-0.006	-	-0.006

Change Summary Explanation

funding: not applicable

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2022 Navy										Date: May 2021		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 3					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603782N / Mine and Expeditionary Warfare Advanced Technology				Project (Number/Name) 2917 / Shallow Water MCM Demos			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022 Base	FY 2022 OCO	FY 2022 Total	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
2917: Shallow Water MCM Demos	0.000	12.802	1.940	1.981	-	1.981	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This Project develops and demonstrates prototype technology for Mine Countermeasures (MCM), US Naval sea mining, and Expeditionary Warfare and Joint EOD system components that support capabilities enabling Naval and Joint EOD Forces to influence operations ashore. Adversarial nations have the capability to procure, stockpile and rapidly deploy all types of naval mines, throughout the littorals including new generation mines having sophisticated performance characteristics. They also have the capability to develop or modify explosive devices such as mines and unexploded ordnance to construct Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) for the purpose of targeting Joint Forces. Real world operations have demonstrated the requirement to quickly counter the mine threat. Current operations have also demonstrated the requirement to quickly counter the threat from explosive hazards and IEDs during DoD operations. Advanced technologies must rapidly detect and neutralize all mine types, from deep water to the inland objective. Advanced technologies must enable Joint EOD forces to detect/locate, gain access, diagnose, render safe, neutralize, recover, exploit and dispose of a broad spectrum of explosive hazards including unexploded ordnance and IEDs. This program supports the advanced development and integration of sensors, processing, warheads, and delivery vehicles to demonstrate improved Naval Warfare capabilities.

This Project supports the advanced development and integration of sensors and tools for standoff capabilities such as detection and location of IEDs (particularly in dismantled operations), dismantled diagnosis of buried munitions and other explosive hazards, precision render safe and neutralization of surface munitions and other explosive hazards, and enhanced access to IEDs. It supports advanced development for battlespace shaping weapons including advanced undersea weapons. It supports the MCM related FNC Enabling Capabilities (ECs).

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022 Base	FY 2022 OCO	FY 2022 Total
Title: Joint EOD Demos	1.946	1.940	1.981	0.000	1.981
Articles:	-	-	-	-	-
Description: This activity focuses on developing and demonstrating technologies to support a standoff or remote capability for detection and location, diagnosis, render safe, neutralization and enhanced access. Efforts include: electromagnetic, electro-optical, and acoustic sensors and systems for detection of explosive threat components including explosives, device housings/containers, and triggering mechanisms, standoff identification and confirmation of trace explosives, fusion of multi-sensor input for high confidence detection and diagnosis of buried threats, highly dexterous manipulators and imitative controllers for lightweight, efficient (strength/weight ratio) dual manipulator systems integrated onto EOD robots for enhanced access, enhanced robotic autonomy to support EOD missions, data compression and visualization techniques to support precise render					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022 Base	FY 2022 OCO	FY 2022 Total
<p>safe and neutralization, and neutralization devices containing reactive materials to neutralize devices with low collateral damage. This S&T investment supports the Joint Requirements Oversight Council (JROC) and DoD EOD Program Board validated requirements for Joint EOD missions. This S&T investment provides critical S&T transitions to acquisition programs. This investment in Joint EOD S&T is reported annually to the DoD EOD Program Board. This S&T investment is documented in the DoD EOD Applied Research Program Plan which is reviewed and approved annually by the DoD EOD Program Board.</p> <p>FY 2021 Plans:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Advanced Technology: Conduct advanced technology development and demonstration for JEOB functional areas including detect, access, diagnose, and render safe/neutralize. - Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Detection: Further efforts in the detection functional area. Specific efforts will include development and demonstration of advanced electro-optical and spectroscopic sensors for detection of explosives. The objective is to remotely detect bulk and trace explosives. - Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Remote Access: Maintain efforts the access functional area. Specific efforts will include robotic manipulators, end effectors and haptics. The objective is to enable remote access to explosive threats and unexploded ordnance. - Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Acoustic Sensor: Conclude detection of buried explosive threats with seismic-acoustic sensor. Specific effort includes demonstration of a robot mounted seismic acoustic sensor. The objective is to enable standoff detection of buried explosive threats with improved detection and classification statistics. - Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Man-Portable Prototypes: Initiate efforts in diagnose and render safe/neutralize functional areas. Specific efforts will include the development and demonstration of man-portable prototypes. The objective is to assess the status of explosive threats and ordnance and render safe/neutralize at standoff. <p>FY 2022 Base Plans:</p>					

UNCLASSIFIED

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022 Base	FY 2022 OCO	FY 2022 Total
-Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Advanced Technology: Continue advanced technology development and demonstration for JEOD functional areas including detect, access, diagnose, and render safe/neutralize.					
-Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Detection: Continue efforts in the detection functional area. Specific efforts will include development and demonstration of advanced electro-optical and spectroscopic sensors for detection of explosives. The objective is to remotely detect bulk and trace explosives.					
-Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Remote Access: Continue efforts the access functional area. Specific efforts will include robotic manipulators, end effectors and haptics. The objective is to enable remote access to explosive threats and unexploded ordnance.					
-Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Acoustic Sensor: Continue detection of buried explosive threats with seismic- acoustic sensor. Specific effort includes demonstration of a robot mounted seismic acoustic sensor. The objective is to enable standoff detection of buried explosive threats with improved detection and classification statistics.					
-Joint Explosive Ordnance Disposal (JEOD), Man-Portable Prototypes: Continue efforts in diagnose and render safe/ neutralize functional areas. Specific efforts will include the development and demonstration of man-portable prototypes. The objective is to assess the status of explosive threats and ordnance and render safe/neutralize at standoff.					
FY 2022 OCO Plans: N/A					
FY 2021 to FY 2022 Increase/Decrease Statement: No significant increase from FY21 to FY22.					
Title: Mine Technology	10.856	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Articles:	-	-	-	-	-
Description: This activity focuses on developing and demonstrating technology to support on-demand battlespace shaping through advanced undersea weapons. Efforts include command & control (C2), remote control, advanced sensing technologies, compatibility with unmanned delivery options, detection & classification,					

UNCLASSIFIED

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022 Base	FY 2022 OCO	FY 2022 Total
and targeting solutions. The program, Modular Undersea Effector System (MUSE), is a limited duration effort for advanced mining and responds to recent request for capability from the fleet.					
<i>FY 2021 Plans:</i> N/A					
<i>FY 2022 Base Plans:</i> N/A					
<i>FY 2022 OCO Plans:</i> N/A					
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	12.802	1.940	1.981	0.000	1.981

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A