

UNCLASSIFIED

AD NUMBER
AD400902
NEW LIMITATION CHANGE
TO Approved for public release, distribution unlimited
FROM Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov't. agencies and their contractors; Foreign Government Information; DEC 1962. Other requests shall be referred to US Library of Congress, Attn: Aerospace Technology Division, Washington, DC.
AUTHORITY
ATD ltr 2 Dec 1965

THIS PAGE IS UNCLASSIFIED

400902

S/526/62/000/024/009/013  
D234/D308

AUTHORS: Milovych, S.V. and Nazarchuk, M.M.

TITLE: Character of gas flow in a channel near crisis

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk Ukrayins'koyi RSR. Instytut teploenerhetyky. Zbirnyk prats'. no. 24, 1962. Teploobmin ta hidrodynamika, 98-103

TEXT: The authors consider a turbulent flow of viscous gas in a plane parallel channel of thickness  $2h$ , assuming  $Pr = 1$ , and absence of heat exchange. The thickness of the viscous sublayer is regarded as small in comparison with  $h$ . The equation relating the dimensionless velocity  $U$  on the channel axis with the form parameter  $n$  at the instant of crisis is

$$U^4 - \frac{2k}{k+1} (2n+1)U^2 + \frac{k-1}{k+1} (2n+1)(4n^2+2n+1) = 0. \quad (18)$$

It is concluded that different pairs of values  $(U, n)$  correspond to Card 1/2

Character of gas flow ...

S/526/62/000/024/009/013  
D234/D308

different critical lengths of the channel. If  $U$  at the inlet is equal to the velocity of sound the crisis occurs at the inlet. There are 2 figures.

Card 2/2