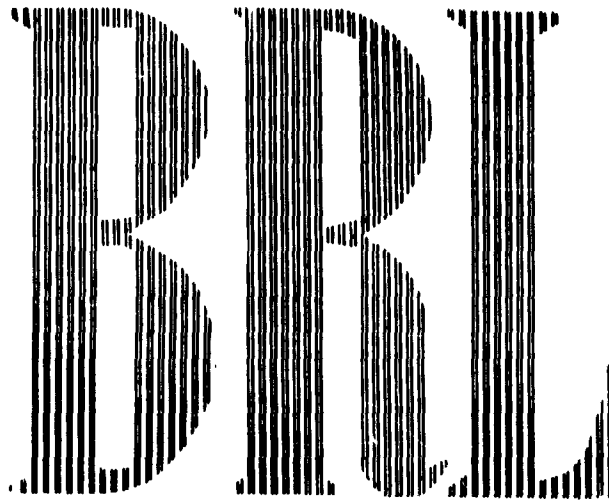


CATALOGED BY ASTIA

AS AD No.

401669

63 3 2



REPORT NO. 1188
JANUARY 1963

A STUDY OF THE VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS

W. H. Hoppmann II

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

Clifford N. Baronet

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

APR 2 1963

RDT & E Project No. IM010501A006
BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND

ASTIA AVAILABILITY NOTICE

Qualified requestors may obtain copies of this report from ASTIA.

**The findings in this report are not to be construed
as an official Department of the Army position.**

BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES

REPORT NO. 1188

JANUARY 1963

A STUDY OF THE VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS

W. H. Hoppmann II*

Professor of Mechanics

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

and

Clifford N. Baronet

Graduate Student

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

* Professor Hoppmann is a Consultant to these Laboratories on Structural Response to Dynamic Loading Problems.

RDT & E Project No. 1M010501A006

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND

BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES

REPORT NO. 1188

WHHoppmannII/CNBaronet/mec
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.
January 1963

A STUDY OF THE VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS

ABSTRACT

In this report there is presented a comparison of the theoretically and experimentally determined frequencies and zero displacement lines for the normal mode vibrations of shallow spherical shells. Results are given for the clamped edge and the momentless edge boundary conditions.

Calculations of frequencies and loci of zero displacement components for various shell sizes were made on an IBM 650 computer for the rotationally symmetric vibrations only, as the theory is not available for the case of asymmetric vibrations.

Experiments were performed to determine the vibration characteristics both for the symmetric and the asymmetric vibrations. Several model shells constructed of steel were used for the purpose.

Results of the investigation definitely demonstrate the value of the theory for the determination of the dynamic response of shallow shells.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ABSTRACT	3
INTRODUCTION	7
THEORY	7
VIBRATION EXPERIMENTS WITH THIN SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS	8
THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS	8
DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS	11
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	16
REFERENCES	17
APPENDIX	19
DISTRIBUTION	27

INTRODUCTION

In a previous paper ^{1*}, the equations of motion for flexural vibrations of orthotropic shells were developed and simplified so as to obtain solutions for the case of shallow shells. In particular, it was shown in that paper how the equations reduce to cover the case of isotropic shells for which some computed frequencies were given for both the shell with clamped edge and with momentless edge. The equivalent equations for the clamped isotropic shell were given previously in a paper by Eric Reissner ².

Because of the importance of the problem and because some doubt exists at the present time as to the applicability of the theoretical results, experiments on shell models were considered to be needed. In addition a computational program was also needed to check the previous calculations ³ and to extend them to cover a larger number of shell parameters.

The present report presents experimentally determined frequencies and zero displacement loci for both symmetric and asymmetric vibrations. It also provides theoretically determined frequencies and zero displacement loci computed with an IBM 650 computer for the symmetric vibrations.

THEORY

The thin shell theory for small amplitude vibrations which is under consideration in this report has been amply discussed in texts by A. E. H. Love, S. Timoshenko, and others. It is basically a stress resultant theory in which the resultant of the stress distribution through the thickness of the shell at any point may be represented as a force and a moment per unit length of the line formed by the intersection of the middle surface and a plane normal to that surface. In such a case the defining differential equations of motion are linear. Despite this fact however they are in general quite difficult to solve and consequently very few solutions to the dynamical equations for shells have been published. It turns out that in the important case of shallow shells, the equations can be solved and the frequencies, as well as lines of zero

* Superscript numbers refer to references at end of report.

displacement, can be found. The frequency and displacement, equations have been given in a previous paper¹. A summary of equations are provided in the Appendix to the present paper.

In the previous paper, frequencies computed with the aid of electric desk calculators and Tables of Functions⁴ were tabulated. There the assumed shells had chord length of 12, thickness of 1/4, and sagittas of 0.5, 1.0, and 1.6. In the present study frequencies and zero displacement lines of the normal modes were obtained with the IBM 650 computer and Tables of Functions^{4,5,6} for shells of chord length 12, thicknesses of 1/16, 1/8, 1/4 and sagittas of 0.5 and 1.6. The calculations were carried out for clamped and momentless edge conditions. All of these calculated results are given in the Appendix in Tables II-IV.

VIBRATION EXPERIMENTS WITH THIN SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS

For the purpose of making experiments two model shells were designed and constructed. An arrangement of the shell with the device used to provide a clamped edge boundary is shown in Fig. 1. The momentless edge boundary condition was obtained by using the clamping ring the same as for the clamped case but machining a deep peripheral groove 0.84 times the thickness of the shell and very close to the clamping ring, in the same manner described elsewhere for use with vibrating plates⁷.

The shells were of steel and they were vibrated by means of an electromagnetic oscillator shown schematically in Fig. 1. The resonant tuned magnetic circuit and power pack to obtain sufficient driving power had been previously developed⁸. The lines of zero displacement were found with the use of a crystal pickup whose output was fed to two of the plates of a cathode ray oscilloscope. The driving frequency from an audio-oscillator were fed into the other two plates of the C.R.O. The technique is quite satisfactory. Its use with a capacitive type pickup instead of the crystal is fully described in another paper⁸.

THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

The experimentally determined frequencies for the case of symmetric vibrations, both for the clamped edge and momentless edge boundary conditions, together with the corresponding theoretical results are given in Table I. In that

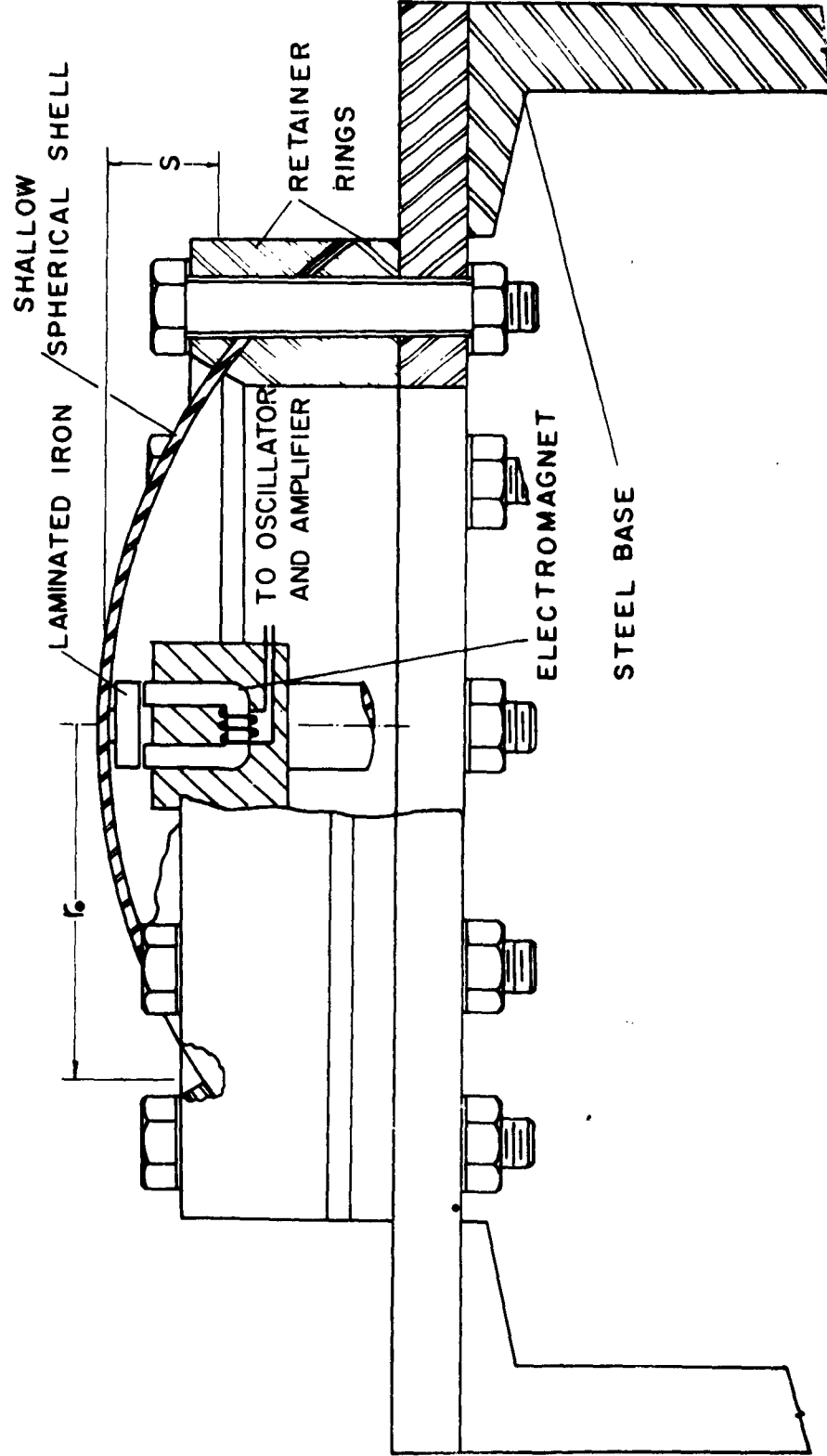


Fig. 1

TABLE I

SYMMETRICAL MODES OF FLEXURAL VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW ISOTROPIC SPHERICAL SHELLS							
FREQUENCIES $\times (10^{-3} \text{ rad./sec.})$							
h (in.)	n	S = 0	S = 0.5		S = 1.0	S = 1.6	
		Theor.	Theor.	Exper.	Theor.	Theor.	Exper.
CLAMPED EDGE	0.0625	1	1.1	6.6		11.8	
		2	4.3	8.8		14.2	20.0
		3	9.6	11.5		17.8	24.0
		4	17.0	18.0		21.3	
	0.125	1	2.2	7.9	6.5	13.2	19.1
		2	8.6	11.0	10.0	17.6	24.6
		3	19.1	20.0	17.1	23.0	29.9
		4	33.6	34.4	29.3	36.0	39.0
	0.250	1	4.4	9.1	7.2	15.7	22.4
		2	17.1	18.4	15.7	22.0	29.4
		3	38.2	36.6	33.2	40.0	42.8
		4	66.0	68.1	56.5	69.0	70.4
MOMENTLESS EDGE	0.0625	1	0.5	6.4		11.5	
		2	3.2	8.8		13.6	19.4
		3	7.9	10.3		17.7	22.4
		4	14.9	15.9		19.8	
	0.125	1	1.1	7.7	6.2	12.6	18.7
		2	6.4	9.8	10.1	17.6	23.4
		3	15.9	17.0	16.5	20.5	29.7
		4	29.7	26.7	28.0	31.8	35.4
	0.250	1	2.1	8.8	7.2	15.5	21.0
		2	12.8	14.3	14.5	19.6	29.2
		3	31.8	32.4	30.2	34.0	37.4
		4	59.2	59.6	51.6	60.6	61.6

Table h is the thickness, S is the sagitta length, and n is the mode number.

The experimentally determined loci of zero radial displacements for two thicknesses of shell are given in Tables II and III along with corresponding theoretical results. Definitions of symbols are in Fig. 2.

The experimentally determined frequencies and loci of zero displacement components for asymmetric vibrations are given in Table IV. Because the loci for these vibrations are not simply circles, sketches of the loci for the several modes which were investigated are shown.

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

It is concluded that the results of the investigation demonstrate that the theory describes very well the nature of the vibrations of shallow spherical shells. It is also considered that the same theoretical results can be used for describing the vibrations of any very shallow shells of revolution which have positive curvature everywhere and which, further, have the same base diameter and sagitta. In these cases the shell is then really assumed to be equivalent to the osculating sphere at the apex. The modal shapes for the shallow shells are similar to those for flat circular plates but the frequencies are much higher, indicating greater stiffness.

It is interesting to note that for the fundamental vibration of the symmetric type there are two nodal circles, one at the boundary and another closer to the center. As the sagitta or rise of the shell approaches zero the latter circular node approaches closer to the boundary and in the limit, which is a flat plate, it becomes coincidental with the boundary. It is rather surprising that the frequencies for the clamped edge condition and the moment-less edge condition are so nearly equal in the various modes. Further study should be made of this point in order to assess the influence of membrane stresses as opposed to that of flexural stresses. It would be pertinent in such a study to compare the potential energy corresponding to stretch and the potential energy corresponding to flexure as was done by Arnold and Warburton for cylindrical shells in order to assay the anomaly of complexity of nodal pattern as related to frequency of vibration⁹.

TABLE II

LOCI OF RADIAL ZERO DISPLACEMENT (SYMMETRIC CASE)

CLAMPED EDGE ($h = 0.125$ in.)					
S (in.)	n	η_{wn} theor. / η_{wn} exper.			
		$i = 1$	$i = 2$	$i = 3$	$i = 4$
0.5	1	0.75 0.74			
	2	0.30 0.32	0.97		
	3	0.21 0.26	0.57 0.58		
	4	0.14 0.18	0.43 0.44	0.67 0.68	
1.6	1	0.47 0.49			
	2	0.19 0.22	0.49 0.69		
	3	0.15 0.30	0.41 0.42	0.72	
	4	0.11 0.17	0.33 0.44	0.56 0.66	0.75

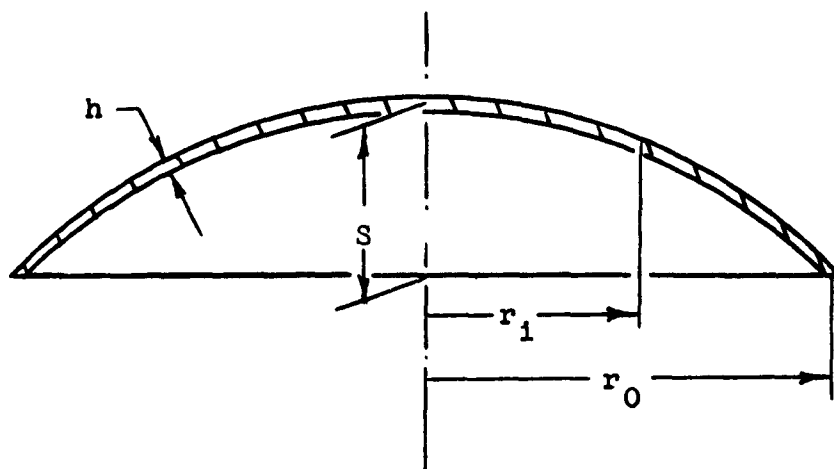
MOMENTLESS EDGE ($h = 0.125$ in.)					
S (in.)	n	η_{wn} theor. / η_{wn} exper.			
		$i = 1$	$i = 2$	$i = 3$	$i = 4$
0.5	1	0.70 0.63			
	2	0.29 0.27	0.99		
	3	0.23 0.28	0.57 0.63		
	4	0.15 0.20	0.42 0.47	0.70 0.73	
1.6	1	0.50 0.52			
	2	0.17 0.26	0.72 0.70		
	3	0.14 0.37	0.45 0.40	0.72	
	4	0.12 0.19	0.37 0.49	0.59 0.70	0.79

TABLE III

LOCI OF RADIAL ZERO DISPLACEMENT (SYMMETRIC CASE)

CLAMPED EDGE (h = 0.250 in.)				
S (in.)	n	η_{wn} theor. / η_{wn} exper.		
		1 = 1	1 = 2	1 = 3
0.5	1	0.88		
	2	0.41		
	3	0.37	0.27	0.61
	4	0.25	0.42	0.70
1.6	1	0.17	0.45	0.68
	2	0.19	0.44	
	3	0.70		
	4	0.54		
0.5	1	0.42		
	2	0.22		
	3	0.23	0.56	
	4	0.27	0.56	0.70
1.6	1	0.17	0.46	0.68
	2	0.19	0.43	
	3	0.70		
	4	0.54		

MOMENTLESS EDGE (h = 0.250 in.)				
S (in.)	n	η_{wn} theor. / η_{wn} exper.		
		1 = 1	1 = 2	1 = 3
0.5	1	0.93		
	2	0.42		
	3	0.42	0.24	0.59
	4	0.28	0.64	0.71
1.6	1	0.10	0.47	0.74
	2	0.20	0.47	
	3	0.68		
	4	0.55		
0.5	1	0.39	0.92	
	2	0.20		
	3	0.21	0.54	
	4	0.30	0.60	0.74
1.6	1	0.10	0.47	0.73
	2	0.20	0.47	
	3	0.68		
	4	0.55		



h = thickness, S = sagitta

$\eta = \frac{r_1}{r_0}$ Location of radial
zero displacement circle

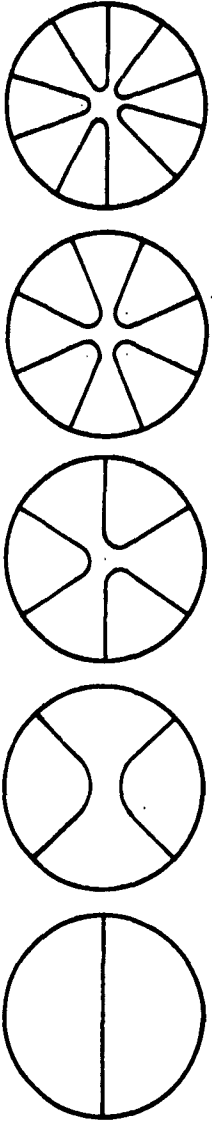
$i = 1, 2, 3 \dots$

w_n = radial displacement

v_n = tangential displacement

Fig. 2

TABLE IV

ASYMMETRICAL MODES OF FLEXURAL VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW ISOTROPIC SPHERICAL SHELLS							
EXPERIMENTAL DATA (LOCI OF RADIAL ZERO DISPLACEMENT)							
$r_0 = 6.00$ in.							
			$n = 1 \qquad n = 2 \qquad n = 3 \qquad n = 4 \qquad n = 5$				
			FREQUENCIES $\times (10^{-3}$ rad./sec.)				
h	s	BOUNDARY CONDITIONS					
in.	in.						
0.125	0.50	MOMENTLESS	7.2	9.5	11.8	15.0	18.6
		CLAMPED	7.3	9.3	11.9	15.2	19.1
0.125	1.60	MOMENTLESS	16.0	17.9	18.8	20.7	22.4
		CLAMPED	16.3	18.0	19.4	21.4	23.6
0.250	0.50	MOMENTLESS	8.9	13.2	18.0	24.2	31.4
		CLAMPED	9.7	14.0	19.5	26.4	34.2
0.250	1.60	MOMENTLESS	18.1	19.2	23.1	27.6	
		CLAMPED	17.9	20.2	24.9	29.2	

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The authors wish to thank Dr. Joseph Sperrazza for his understanding and encouragement during the conduct of the investigation; Mr. O. T. Johnson for the design and procurement of the experimental models and their boundary attachments; Mr. Jack Wenig for essential repairs and renovations on the electromagnetic exciter. They also wish to express their appreciation to Dr. E. Rex Krueger and Mr. Mashood O. Adegbola for their extensive calculations, using the IBM 650 computer.

W. H. Hoffmann II
W. H. HOFFMANN II

Clifford N. Barret
CLIFFORD N. BARONET

REFERENCES

1. W. H. Hoppmann II and C. E. Miller, F.S.C., "Flexural Vibration of Shallow Orthotropic Spherical Shells", J.A.S.A., 34, 8, 1067-1072 (1962).
2. E. Reissner, "On Vibrations of Shallow Spherical Shells", J. Appl. Phys., 17, 1038-1042 (1946).
3. W. H. Hoppmann II, "Frequencies of Vibration of Shallow Spherical Shells", J. Appl. Mechanics, 28, 306-307 (1961).
4. Table of Bessel Functions $J_0(z)$ and $J_1(z)$ for Complex Argument, Columbia University Press (1947).
5. British Association Mathematical Tables Bessel Functions, Part I, Vol. VI (1958) and Part II, Vol. X (1960).
6. Tables of Bessel Functions of the First Kind of Order Zero and One, Harvard University Press (1947).
7. W. H. Hoppmann II and Joshua Greenspon, "An Experimental Device for Obtaining Elastic Rotational Constraint on Boundary of a Plate", Proc. 2nd Nat. Cong. Appl. Mechanics, 187-191 (1954).
8. W. H. Hoppmann II, "Some Characteristics of the Flexural Vibrations of Orthogonally Stiffened Cylindrical Shells", J.A.S.A., 30, 1, 77-82 (1958).
9. R. N. Arnold and G. B. Warburton, Proc. Roy. Soc. (London), A197, 238 (1949).

APPENDIX

COMPUTATIONS FOR DETERMINATION OF FREQUENCIES AND NODAL CIRCLES OF SYMMETRIC VIBRATIONS

To carry out computations the following dimensionless parameters were introduced

$$\begin{aligned}
 \xi_n &= p_n r_0 \sqrt{\rho/E} \\
 \epsilon &= 2\sqrt{3} r_0/h \\
 \delta &= 4\sqrt{3} s/h \\
 \eta &= r/r_0
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

Applying these definitions the resulting eigenvalue problem is defined by the following equations:

$$\left\{ x^2 - (1-\nu^2)\xi^2 \right\} \left\{ x^4 - (1-\nu^2)\xi^2 \epsilon^2 + 2\delta^2(1+\nu) \right\} - (1+\nu)^2 \delta^2 x^2 = 0 \tag{2}$$

CASE A. Clamped Edge.

$$w_n = \frac{dw_n}{d\eta} = v_n = 0 \quad \text{at} \quad \eta = 1 \tag{3}$$

$$D_c = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{J_0(x_1)}{x_1} & \frac{J_0(x_2)}{x_2} & \frac{J_0(x_3)}{x_3} \\ J_1(x_1) & J_1(x_2) & J_1(x_3) \\ \frac{J_1(x_1)}{\xi^2(1-\nu^2)-x_1^2} & \frac{J_1(x_2)}{\xi^2(1-\nu^2)-x_2^2} & \frac{J_1(x_3)}{\xi^2(1-\nu^2)-x_3^2} \end{vmatrix} = 0 \tag{4}$$

CASE B. Momentless Edge.

$$w_n = v_n = M_\phi = 0 \quad \text{at} \quad \eta = 1 \quad (5)$$

$$D_M = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{J_0(x_1)}{x_1} & , & \frac{J_0(x_2)}{x_2} & , & \frac{J_0(x_3)}{x_3} \\ J_1(x_1)(1-v) - x_1 J_0(x_1) & , & J_1(x_2)(1-v) - x_2 J_0(x_2) & , & J_1(x_3)(1-v) - x_3 J_0(x_3) \\ \frac{J_1(x_1)}{\xi^2(1-v^2) - x_1^2} & , & \frac{J_1(x_2)}{\xi^2(1-v^2) - x_2^2} & , & \frac{J_1(x_3)}{\xi^2(1-v^2) - x_3^2} \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (6)$$

The eigen functions are given by

$$w_n = - \left\{ B_1 \frac{J_0(\eta x_1)}{x_1} + \frac{B_2}{x_2} J_0(\eta x_2) + \frac{B_3}{x_3} J_0(\eta x_3) \right\} \quad (7)$$

$$v_n = -(1+v) \left\{ B_1 \frac{J_1(\eta x_1)}{(1-v^2)\xi^2 - x_1^2} + B_2 \frac{J_1(\eta x_2)}{(1-v^2)\xi^2 - x_2^2} + B_3 \frac{J_1(\eta x_3)}{(1-v^2)\xi^2 - x_3^2} \right\} \quad (8)$$

where

CASE A. Clamped Edge.

$$\frac{B_2}{B_1} = \frac{x_3^2 - x_1^2}{x_2^2 - x_3^2} \cdot \frac{(1-v^2)\xi^2 - x_2^2}{(1-v^2)\xi^2 - x_1^2} \frac{J_1(x_1)}{J_1(x_2)} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{B_3}{B_1} = - \left\{ 1 + \frac{x_3^2 - x_1^2}{x_2^2 - x_3^2} \cdot \frac{(1-v^2)\xi^2 - x_2^2}{(1-v^2)\xi^2 - x_1^2} \right\} \frac{J_1(x_1)}{J_1(x_3)} \quad (10)$$

CASE B. Momentless Edge.

$$\frac{B_3}{B_2} = - \frac{\frac{(1-\nu^2)\xi^2 - x_1^2}{(1-\nu^2)\xi^2 - x_2^2} \cdot \frac{J_1(x_2)}{J_1(x_1)} - \frac{x_1 J_0(x_2)}{x_2 J_0(x_1)}}{\frac{(1-\nu^2)\xi^2 - x_1^2}{(1-\nu^2)\xi^2 - x_3^2} \cdot \frac{J_1(x_3)}{J_1(x_1)} - \frac{x_1 J_0(x_3)}{x_3 J_0(x_1)}} = \lambda \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{B_1}{B_2} = - \left\{ \frac{x_1 J_0(x_2)}{x_2 J_0(x_1)} + \lambda \frac{x_1 J_0(x_3)}{x_3 J_0(x_1)} \right\}$$

All computations were carried out on an IBM 650 computer using floating point arithmetic. The necessary exponential subroutine was included in the floating point subroutine. The Bessel function subroutine used checked to within six significant figures through $x = 13$ with the tables listed in the references.

The values of parameters used were determined to allow direct comparison with experimental results using shells of thickness 0.25 and 0.125 inches with sagittos of 0.5, 1.0 and 1.6 inches. Table I in the Appendix shows the corresponding values of ϵ and δ . In addition, for comparison with experiment

$$r_0 = 6 \text{ inches and } \frac{\rho r_0^2}{E} = 8.819 \times 10^{-10} \text{ sec}^2.$$

The computational procedure used was as follows:

1. Choose ϵ and δ .
2. Choose ξ^2 .
3. Compute the six roots of Eq. (2) calling those with positive sign x_1 , x_2 and x_3 . For the purposes of this work x_1 was always real and x_3 was always pure imaginary.
4. Using the chosen ξ^2 and x_1 , x_2 and x_3 compute the values of D_c and D_M .
5. Choose another value of ξ^2 and repeat steps 3 and 4.

TABLE I

h	ϵ
0.0625	332.55
0.125	166.27
0.250	83.13

	h = 0.0625	h = 0.125	h = 0.25
S	δ	δ	δ
0.5	55.42	27.71	13.85
1.0	110.85	55.42	27.71
1.6	177.36	88.68	44.34

The zeros of the resulting graphs of D_c and D_M vs. ξ yield the eigenvalues ξ_n . The values of ξ_n are given in Tables II through IV. The results obtained are accurate to within two in the third digit.

In the eigen function computation the functions

$$w'_n = -\frac{w_n}{B_1}, \quad v'_n = -\frac{v_n}{(1+\nu)B_1} \quad (12)$$

were computed for the clamped case and

$$w'_n = -\frac{w_n}{B_2}, \quad v'_n = -\frac{v_n}{(1+\nu)B_2} \quad (13)$$

were computed for the momentless case. Zeros of the eigen functions are given in Appendix, Tables II-IV.

TABLE II

LOCI OF ZERO DISPLACEMENT COMPONENTS (SYMMETRIC CASE)

CLAMPED EDGE ($\epsilon = 332.55$)										MOMENTLESS EDGE ($\epsilon = 332.55$)									
δ	n	ξ_n	η_{v_n} / η_{w_n}				ξ_n	η_{v_n} / η_{w_n}				δ							
			1 = 1	1 = 2	1 = 3			1 = 1	1 = 2	1 = 3									
57.42	1	0.197	0.516				0.189	0.529											
	2	0.261	0.208				0.261	0.226											
	3	0.341	0.420	0.267	0.542		0.305	0.433	0.855										
	4	0.534	0.368	0.800	0.417	0.679	0.473	0.413	0.846	0.558									
110.85	1	0.349	0.192	0.516	0.900		0.342	0.200	0.480	0.733									
	2	0.422	0.322	0.417	0.900		0.403	0.342	0.555										
	3	0.529	0.325				0.526	0.525											
	4	0.633	0.235	0.661			0.588	0.266	0.691										
177.36	1	0.593	0.375	0.287	0.442	0.891	0.577	0.420	0.252	0.433	0.842								
	2	0.712	0.375	0.546	0.435	0.644	0.665	0.364	0.571										
	3		0.175	0.517	0.816			0.160	0.516	0.634									
	4		0.300					0.316	0.553	0.856									
177.36	1	0.593	0.242	0.645			0.577												
	2	0.712	0.384				0.665	0.268	0.690										
	3		0.212	0.424	0.742			0.425	0.490	0.784									
	4		0.337	0.522				0.350	0.607										

TABLE III
LOCI OF ZERO DISPLACEMENT COMPONENTS (SYMMETRIC CASE)

CLAMPED EDGE ($\epsilon = 166.27$)						MOMENTLESS EDGE ($\epsilon = 166.27$)					
δ	n	ξ_n	η_{vn} / η_{wn}			δ	n	ξ_n	η_{vn} / η_{wn}		
			1 = 1	1 = 2	1 = 3				1 = 1	1 = 2	1 = 3
27.71	1	0.235	0.737			27.71	1	0.229	0.633		
	2	0.327	0.317				2	0.291	0.275		
	3	0.596	0.626				3	0.505	0.650	0.633	
	4	1.02	0.258	0.578			4	0.898	0.413	0.950	0.735
55.42	1	0.391	0.183	0.436	0.684	55.42	1	0.373	0.205	0.467	
	2	0.522	0.325	0.508	0.916		2	0.522	0.342	0.564	
	3	0.682	0.521				3	0.610	0.530		
	4	1.07	0.208				4	0.945	0.222	0.866	
88.68	1	0.569	0.425			88.68	1	0.555	0.430		
	2	0.730	0.266	0.500			2	0.694	0.408	0.850	
	3	0.889	0.372	0.799	0.681		3	0.883	0.312	0.555	0.730
	4	1.16	0.185	0.433	0.915		4	1.05	0.202	0.470	
88.68	1	0.569	0.322	0.518	0.915	88.68	1	0.555	0.344	0.560	
	2	0.730	0.487				2	0.694	0.520		
	3	0.889	0.222	0.695			3	0.883	0.262	0.705	
	4	1.16	0.380				4	1.05	0.421	0.400	0.700
88.68	1	0.569	0.300	0.425		88.68	1	0.555	0.370	0.611	0.950
	2	0.730	0.372	0.625	0.664		2	0.694	0.398	0.486	
	3	0.889	0.175	0.438			3	0.883	0.195	0.564	
	4	1.16	0.317	0.512	0.879		4	1.05	0.338		

TABLE IV

LOCI OF ZERO DISPLACEMENT COMPONENTS (SYMMETRIC CASE)

CLAMPED EDGE ($\epsilon = 83.13$)					
δ	n	ξ_n	η_{vn} / η_{wn}		
			$1 = 1$	$1 = 2$	$1 = 3$
13.85	1	0.269	0.875		
	2	0.543	0.716		
	3	1.15	0.250	0.416	
	4	2.023	0.367	0.866	0.684
27.71	1	0.468	0.750		
	2	0.654	0.317		
	3	1.19	0.258	0.575	
	4	2.05	0.372	0.850	0.683
44.34	1	0.665	0.190	0.433	0.940
	2	0.876	0.333	0.500	
	3	1.27	0.545		
	4	2.09	0.224	0.561	0.680
MOMENTLESS EDGE ($\epsilon = 83.13$)					
δ	n	ξ_n	η_{vn} / η_{wn}		
			$1 = 1$	$1 = 2$	$1 = 3$
13.85	1	0.262			
	2	0.425	0.416		
	3	0.962	0.839	0.636	
	4	1.77	0.415	0.940	0.740
27.71	1	0.459	0.204	0.471	
	2	0.582	0.350	0.558	
	3	1.01	0.646		
	4	1.80	0.275	0.634	0.734
44.34	1	0.624	0.286	0.945	
	2	0.868	0.408	0.470	
	3	1.11	0.202	0.558	
	4	1.83	0.350	0.546	0.735
	1	0.624	0.197		
	2	0.868	0.466	0.604	
	3	1.11	0.299	0.880	
	4	1.83	0.412	0.471	0.735
	1	0.624	0.200	0.558	
	2	0.868	0.350		
	3	1.11			
	4	1.83			

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
10	Commander Armed Services Technical Information Agency ATTN: TIPCR Arlington Hall Station Arlington 12, Virginia	3	Commanding Officer Picatinny Arsenal ATTN: Feltman Research and Engineering Laboratories Dover, New Jersey
1	Chief, Defense Atomic Support Agency ATTN: Document Library Branch Washington 25, D. C.	1	Commanding Officer Watertown Arsenal ATTN: Technical Information Section Watertown 72, Massachusetts
1	Commanding General Headquarters Field Command Defense Atomic Support Agency ATTN: FC Tech Lib/Mrs. Merriett Sandia Base Albuquerque, New Mexico	1	Commanding General U. S. Army Mobility Command 28251 Van Dyke Avenue Centerline, Michigan
1	Assistant Secretary of Defense (R&E) ATTN: Director/Atomic, B&C Warfare The Pentagon Washington 25, D. C.	1	Commanding General U. S. Army Chemical Corps Research & Development Command Washington 25, D. C.
2	Commanding General U. S. Army Materiel Command ATTN: AMCRD-RS-PE-Bal AMCRD-DE-N Research and Development Directorate Washington 25, D. C.	2	Commanding Officer U. S. Army Chemical Warfare Laboratories ATTN: Librarian Technical Library, Bldg. 330 Edgewood Arsenal, Maryland
1	Commanding General U. S. Army Missile Command ATTN: Chief, Documents Section Redstone Arsenal, Alabama	2	Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2 Technical Branch Department of the Army Washington 25, D. C.
1	Commanding Officer Harry Diamond Laboratories ATTN: Technical Information Office, Branch 012 Washington 25, D. C.	1	Commanding Officer Army Research Office (Durham) Box CM, Duke Station Durham, North Carolina
1	Commanding General Frankford Arsenal ATTN: Library Branch, 0270 Bldg. 40 Philadelphia 37, Pennsylvania	4	Chief, Bureau of Naval Weapons ATTN: DIS-33 Department of the Navy Washington 25, D. C.
		1	Chief, Bureau of Ships, Code 1500 Department of the Navy Washington 25, D. C.

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Chief, Bureau of Yards and Docks Department of the Navy Washington 25, D. C.	1	Director, Project RAND ATTN: Library Department of the Air Force 1700 Main Street Santa Monica, California
1	Chief of Naval Operations Department of the Navy Washington 25, D. C.	3	AFSWC (SWRS, SWOI) Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico
20	Commanding Officer Office of Naval Research Box 39, Navy 100 FPO, New York, New York	1	AFIT (MCLI) Wright-Patterson Air Force Base Ohio
1	Chief of Naval Research Department of the Navy Washington 25, D. C.	13	ASD (ASAMCC, ASNO) Wright-Patterson Air Force Base Ohio
1	Superintendent U. S. Naval Postgraduate School ATTN: Director of Libraries Monterey, California	1	U. S. Geological Survey Denver Federal Center ATTN: Librarian Denver, Colorado
4	Director U. S. Naval Research Laboratory Washington 25, D. C.	1	U. S. Geological Survey ATTN: Staff Geologist P. O. Box 4072 Albuquerque, New Mexico
2	Commander U. S. Naval Weapons Laboratory ATTN: Technical Library Dr. William G. Soper Dahlgren, Virginia	2	U. S. Geological Survey General Services Administration Building ATTN: Librarian, Room 1033 Chief, Radiohydrology Section WR Division, Room 2235 Washington 25, D. C.
4	Commander Naval Ordnance Laboratory ATTN: Library White Oak Silver Spring 19, Maryland	1	U. S. Geological Survey Geochemistry and Petrology Branch Naval Gun Factory, Building 213 Washington 25, D. C.
2	Commander U. S. Naval Ordnance Test Station ATTN: Technical Library E. A. Zeitlin (Code 45419) China Lake, California	1	National Academy of Sciences The AMSOC Committee ATTN: Technical Director 2101 Constitution Avenue, N. W. Washington 25, D. C.

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Director National Aeronautics and Space Administration Lewis Research Center ATTN: Librarian Cleveland Airport Cleveland, Ohio	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Aircraft Reactors Division of Reactor Development Washington 25, D. C.
2	Assistant Chief, Division of Radiological Health U. S. Public Health Service Room 5094 South Building 4th and C Streets, S. W. Washington 25, D. C.	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Army Reactors Division of Reactor Development Washington 25, D. C.
1	Bureau of Mines Region 1 P. O. Box 492 Albany, Oregon	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Maritime Reactors Branch Division of Reactor Development Washington 25, D. C.
1	The Maritime Administration U. S. Department of Commerce New GAO Building Washington 25, D. C.	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Naval Reactors Branch Division of Reactors Development Washington 25, D. C.
1	U. S. Patent Office Scientific Library Washington 25, D. C.	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Research & Development Branch Division of Reactor Development Washington 25, D. C.
4	Director National Bureau of Standards U. S. Department of Commerce ATTN: Radiation Physics Laboratory Library Coordinator of Atomic Energy Projects Dr. Krupenie, Bldg. 108 Washington 25, D. C.	2	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Chicago Operations Office 9800 South Cass Avenue Argonne, Illinois
		1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Grand Junction Operations Office ATTN: Director, Information Division Grand Junction, Colorado
4	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission ATTN: Technical Library Washington 25, D. C.	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Idaho Operations Office P. O. Box 2108 Idaho Falls, Idaho

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
2	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission New York Operations Office ATTN: Document Custodian 376 Hudson Street New York 14, New York	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Chief, Patent Branch 1717 H Street, N. W. Washington 25, D. C.
1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Oak Ridge Operations Office P. O. Box E Oak Ridge, Tennessee	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Chicago Patent Group P. O. Box 59 Lemont, Illinois
1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission San Francisco Operations Office 2111 Brancroft Way Berkeley 4, California	10	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Reference Branch Division of Technical Information Extension P. O. Box 62 Oak Ridge, Tennessee
1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Schenectady Naval Reactors Operations Office P. O. Box 1069 Schenectady, New York	1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Division of Construction & Supply Washington 25, D. C.
1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Division of Compliance ATTN: Mr. P. A. Morris, Assistant Director for Reactors Washington 25, D. C.	7	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Hazards Evaluation Branch Division of Licensing & Regulation Washington 25, D. C.
1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Canoga Park Area Office P. O. Box 591 Canoga Park, California	4	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory ATTN: Reports Librarian P. O. Box 1663 Los Alamos, New Mexico
1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Hartford Area Office P. O. Box 1102 Middletown, Connecticut	5	Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards Room H-1147 Matomic Building 1717 H Street, N. W. Washington 25, D. C.
1	U. S. Atomic Energy Commission New Brunswick Area Office P. O. Box 150 New Brunswick, New Jersey	4	University of California Lawrence Radiation Laboratory Technical Information Division P. O. Box 808 Livermore, California

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Sandia Corporation Sandia Base ATTN: Library P. O. Box 5800 Albuquerque, New Mexico	1	Aeronautics, Inc. 158 North Hill Avenue Pasadena, California
13	Argonne National Laboratory 9700 South Cass Argonne, Illinois	1	Aircraft Armaments, Inc. ATTN: Dr. W. E. Baker P. O. Box 126 Cockeysville, Maryland
4	Brookhaven National Laboratory ATTN: Research Library Technical Information Division Upton, New York	1	Alco Products, Inc. P. O. Box 414 Schenectady 5, New York
6	Oak Ridge National Laboratory P. O. Box P Oak Ridge, Tennessee	1	Allied Chemical & Dye Corporation ATTN: Manager, Central Engineering Morristown, New Jersey
1	Oak Ridge National Laboratory P. O. Box X Oak Ridge, Tennessee	1	Allied Chemical & Dye Corporation General Chemical Division ATTN: Manager, Industrial Development 40 Rector Street New York 6, New York
1	Oak Ridge Institute of Nuclear Studies ATTN: Library P. O. Box 117 Oak Ridge, Tennessee	1	Allis Chalmers Manufacturing Company Nuclear Power Department Box 512 Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin
1	ACF Industries, Inc. 508 Kennedy Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.	1	American Machine & Foundry Company General Engineering Laboratories Nuclear Laboratory 11 Bruce Place Greenwich, Connecticut
2	Aerojet-General Corporation ATTN: Myra T. Grenier, Librarian H. M. Higgins, Underwater Engine Div. 6352 North Irwindale Road Azusa, California	1	American Standard Atomic Energy Division P. O. Box 1057 Mountain View, California
1	Aerojet-General Nucleonics ATTN: Barbara Aaron, AT(10-1)-880 P. O. Box 78 San Ramon, California		

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
4	Armour Research Foundation Illinois Institute of Technology Center Chicago 16, Illinois	1	CONVAIR, A Division of General Dynamics Corporation Nuclear Physics Laboratory Fort Worth, Texas
1	Arthur D. Little, Inc. ATTN: Library 30 Memorial Drive Cambridge 42, Massachusetts	2	A CONVAIR Division, General Dynamics Corporation Government Aircraft Plant No. 4 P. O. Box 371 Fort Worth, Texas
4	Atomics International ATTN: Library P. O. Box 309 Canoga Park, California	1	CONVAIR - San Diego ATTN: Librarian P. O. Box 1950 San Diego 12, California
1	Atomic Power Development Associates 2000 Second Avenue Detroit 26, Michigan	1	Curtiss-Wright Corporation Research Division ATTN: AEC Contract Document Custodian Nuclear Power Department P. O. Box 102 Quehanna, Pennsylvania
4	Babcock and Wilcox Company ATTN: Information Service 1201 Kemper Street Lynchburg, Virginia	1	Dow Chemical Company Rocky Flats Plant ATTN: Librarian P. O. Box 2131 Denver, Colorado
2	Battelle Memorial Institute 505 King Avenue Columbus 1, Ohio	4	E. I. duPont deNemours & Co. Savannah River Laboratory Technical Information Service - 773A Aiken, South Carolina
1	Beryllium Corporation P. O. Box 1462 Reading, Pennsylvania	1	E. I. duPont deNemours & Co. Explosives Department ATTN: Document Custodian Atomic Energy Division Wilmington 98, Delaware
1	Boeing Airplane Company, Plant II Sacramento Air Materiel Area Seattle 14, Washington	1	Franklin Institute Laboratories Benjamin Franklin Parkway at 20th Street Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania
1	Brush Beryllium Company 4301 Perkins Avenue Cleveland 3, Ohio		
2	Combustion Engineering, Inc. Nuclear Division ATTN: Document Custodian Windsor, Connecticut		

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
2	General Electric Company ANP Department Cincinnati 15, Ohio	1	Goodyear Atomic Corporation ATTN: Library, Bldg. X-710 P. O. Box 628 Portsmouth, Ohio
1	General Electric Company Vallecitos Atomic Laboratory P. O. Box 846 Pleasanton, California	1	Hercules Powder Company ATTN: Manager, Physical Chemical Division Research Department Wilmington, Delaware
2	General Electric Company Aircraft Nuclear Propulsion Department Research Information Unit Cincinnati 15, Ohio	1	Holmes and Narver, Inc. 828 South Figueroa Street Los Angeles 17, California
6	General Electric Company P. O. Box 100 Richland, Washington	1	Hughes Aircraft Company ATTN: Gunter, M/S HO 136 Systems Development Laboratories Culver City, California
2	General Electric Company Knolls Atomic Power Laboratory ATTN: Document Librarian P. O. Box 1072 Schenectady, New York	1	Internuclear Company 7 North Brentwood Boulevard Clayton 5, Missouri
1	General Electric Company Atomic Power Equipment Department P. O. Box 1131 San Jose, California	1	Jet Propulsion Laboratory 4800 Oak Grove Drive Pasadena 3, California
2	General Dynamics Corporation General Atomic Division ATTN: Document Custodian P. O. Box S, Old San Diego Station San Diego 10, California	1	Kaman Nuclear ATTN: Librarian Division of Kaman Aircraft Corporation Colorado Springs Colorado
1	General Nuclear Engineering Corp. ATTN: AT (38-1)-143 P. O. Box 245 Dunedin, Florida	1	Liberty Mutual Insurance Company 175 Berkeley Street Boston 17, Massachusetts
1	Gibbs and Cox, Inc. 21 West Street New York 6, New York	1	Lockheed Aircraft Corporation Lockheed Missiles & Space Division Palo Alto, California
		2	Lockheed Aircraft Corporation Marietta, Georgia

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Mallinckrodt Chemical Works Uranium Division ATTN: Technical Library P. O. Box 472 St. Charles, Missouri	1	Nuclear Metals, Inc. P. O. Box 222 Concord, Massachusetts
1	The Martin-Marietta Company ATTN: AEC Document Library (217) Baltimore 3, Maryland	8	Phillips Petroleum Company ATTN: Library - NRTS P. O. Box 1259 Idaho Falls, Idaho
1	Monsanto Chemical Company Mound Laboratory P. O. Box 32 Miamisburg, Ohio	1	Power Reactor Development Company ATTN: Miss Eileen Riordan, Document Custodian - AT(11-1)-476 1911 First Street Detroit 26, Michigan
1	National Lead Company of Ohio ATTN: Reports Library P. O. Box 158 Mount Healthy Station Cincinnati 39, Ohio	3	Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Division Connecticut Operations - CANEL ATTN: Library P. O. Box 611 Middletown, Connecticut
1	National Lead Company, Inc. Raw Materials Development Lab. Holton Street Winchester, Massachusetts	1	Ramo Wooldridge Corporation 8433 Fallbrook Avenue Canoga Park, California
1	Northern Research & Engineering Corporation Manager of Engineering 238 Main Street Cambridge 38, Massachusetts	1	Space Technical Laboratories, Inc. P. O. Box 1085 Los Angeles 45, California
1	National Distillers & Chemical Corporation Bridgeport Brass Division 30 Grand Street Bridgeport 2, Connecticut	1	Sylvania Electric Products, Inc. Atomic Energy Division ATTN: Reports Custodian P. O. Box 59 Bayside, New York
1	National Distillers & Chemical Corporation Bridgeport Brass Division East 21st Street P. O. Box 588 Ashtabula, Ohio	1	Tennessee Valley Authority ATTN: Mr. William E. Dean, Jr. Assistant Director of Power Supply Chattanooga, Tennessee

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Technical Research Group ATTN: Library 2 Aerial Way Syosset, Long Island, New York	4	Westinghouse Electric Corporation Bettis Atomic Power Laboratory P. O. Box 1468 Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania
1	The Travelers Insurance Company ATTN: Assistant Director, Department of Research 700 Main Street Hartford 15, Connecticut	2	Westinghouse Electric Corporation Atomic Power Department ATTN: Mr. E. Schafer - Contract AT (30-3)-222 P. O. Box 355 Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania
2	Union Carbide Nuclear Company ORGDP Records Department P. O. Box P Oak Ridge, Tennessee	1	Yankee Atomic Electric Company ATTN: SOO Contract Document Custodian P. O. Box 346 Boston 16, Massachusetts
1	Union Carbide Nuclear Company Y-12 Technical Library, Bldg. 9711-1 P. O. Box Y Oak Ridge, Tennessee	1	Aurora College Aurora, Illinois
5	Union Carbide Nuclear Company X-10 Laboratory Records Department P. O. Box X Oak Ridge, Tennessee	1	Carnegie Institute of Technology ATTN: Business Manager - 882 Department of Physics Pittsburgh 13, Pennsylvania
1	Union Carbide Nuclear Company ATTN: Library P. O. Box 1223 Paducah, Kentucky	2	Cornell University School of Civil Engineering Ithaca, New York
1	United Nuclear Corporation Development Division ATTN: Records Management, Document Custodian 5 New Street White Plains, New York	1	Denver Research Institute University of Denver Denver 10, Colorado
1	Vitro Engineering Division Technical Reports Section 225 Fourth Avenue New York 3, New York	1	Drexel Institute of Technology ATTN: Professor H. L. Bowman, Dean, College of Engineering Philadelphia 4, Pennsylvania
		1	Duke University Department of Physics Durham, North Carolina

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Harvard University ATTN: Dr. Harvey Brooks, Dean of Engineering and Applied Physics Cambridge, Massachusetts	3	Stanford Research Institute Poulter Laboratory Menlo Poulter, California
2	Iowa State College P. O. Box 14A, Station A Ames, Iowa	1	Stevens Institute of Technology Department of Physics Hoboken, New Jersey
1	The Johns Hopkins University ATTN: Professor James F. Bell Department of Mechanical Engineering Baltimore, Maryland	3	University of California Radiation Laboratory Information Division Room 128, Bldg. 50 Berkeley, California
1	The Johns Hopkins University ATTN: Dr. Abel Wolman, Head Department of Sanitary Engineering and Water Resources Baltimore 18, Maryland	2	University of California Institute of Engineering Research Berkeley 4, California
1	New York University AEC Computing & Applied Mathematics Center 25 Waverly Place New York 3, New York	1	University of Hawaii Honolulu 14, Hawaii
1	Pennsylvania State University Department of Physics University Park, Pennsylvania	1	University of Rochester Atomic Energy Project ATTN: Technical Report Control Unit P. O. Box 287, Station 3 Rochester 20, New York
1	Princeton University Department of Physics Princeton, New Jersey	2	University of Rochester Department of Physics Rochester, New York
2	Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute ATTN: Document Custodian Troy, New York	1	University of Washington ATTN: Professor Ronald Geballe Department of Physics Seattle 5, Washington
1	South Dakota School of Mines and Technology ATTN: Library Rapid City, South Dakota	1	Cyclotron University of Washington Seattle 5, Washington
		1	University of Utah ATTN: Business Manager Radiobiology Laboratory Salt Lake City 12, Utah

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Valparaiso University ATTN: Professor Herman C. Hesse Dean, College of Engr. Valparaiso, Indiana	1	University of Puerto Rico Puerto Nuclear Center College Station Mayaguez, Puerto Rico
1	Dr. Amasa S. Bishop, Scientific Representative U. S. Atomic Energy Commission c/o American Embassy, Paris, France c/o Department of State Washington 25, D. C.	1	Mr. W. Herbert Pennington AEC Scientific Representative U. S. Embassy Tokyo, Japan
1	W.W. Boynton, Director Boynton Associates 1018 Olive Lane La Canada, California	1	Dr. Nathan H. Woodruff AEC Scientific Representative U. S. Embassy Buenos Aires, Argentina
1	Dr. Samuel Glasstone RFD 1 P. O. Box 322 Sante Fe, New Mexico	10	The Scientific Information Officer Defence Research Staff British Embassy 3100 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W. Washington 8, D. C.
1	Mr. Radkowski, Assistant Chief Applied Mechanics Section Engineering Department AVCO Research & Advanced Development 201 Lowell Street Wilmington, Massachusetts	8	Defence Research Member Canadian Joint Staff 2450 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W. Washington 8, D. C.
1	Mr. Gunnar Randers Secretary to the UN Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation UN Building New York, New York		Of Interest to: Atomic Energy of Canada Limited ATTN: John E. Woolston, Technical Information Officer Chalk River, Ontario, Canada

AD Accession No. UNCLASSIFIED Ballistic Research Laboratories, AFG A STUDY OF THE VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS W. H. Roymann II and Clifford M. Baromet REL Report No. 1188 January 1963 RDT & E Project No. 1M010501A006 UNCLASSIFIED Report Spherical shell - Vibrations Structural vibrations - Shell Stress analysis - Theory In this report there is presented a comparison of the theoretically and experimentally determined frequencies and zero displacement lines for the normal mode vibrations of shallow spherical shells. Results are given for the clamped edge and the momentless edge boundary conditions. Calculations of frequencies and loci of zero displacement components for various shell sizes were made on an IBM 650 computer for the rotationally symmetric vibrations only, as the theory is not available for the case of asymmetric vibrations. Experiments were performed to determine the vibration characteristics both for the symmetric and the asymmetric vibrations. Several model shells constructed of steel were used for the purpose. Results of the investigation definitely demonstrate the value of the theory for the determination of the dynamic response of shallow shells.	AD Accession No. UNCLASSIFIED Ballistic Research Laboratories, AFG A STUDY OF THE VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS W. H. Roymann II and Clifford M. Baromet REL Report No. 1188 January 1963 RDT & E Project No. 1M010501A006 UNCLASSIFIED Report Spherical shell - Vibrations Structural vibrations - Shell Stress analysis - Theory In this report there is presented a comparison of the theoretically and experimentally determined frequencies and zero displacement lines for the normal mode vibrations of shallow spherical shells. Results are given for the clamped edge and the momentless edge boundary conditions. Calculations of frequencies and loci of zero displacement components for various shell sizes were made on an IBM 650 computer for the rotationally symmetric vibrations only, as the theory is not available for the case of asymmetric vibrations. Experiments were performed to determine the vibration characteristics both for the symmetric and the asymmetric vibrations. Several model shells constructed of steel were used for the purpose. Results of the investigation definitely demonstrate the value of the theory for the determination of the dynamic response of shallow shells.
AD Accession No. UNCLASSIFIED Ballistic Research Laboratories, AFG A STUDY OF THE VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS W. H. Roymann II and Clifford M. Baromet REL Report No. 1188 January 1963 RDT & E Project No. 1M010501A006 UNCLASSIFIED Report Spherical shell - Vibrations Structural vibrations - Shell Stress analysis - Theory In this report there is presented a comparison of the theoretically and experimentally determined frequencies and zero displacement lines for the normal mode vibrations of shallow spherical shells. Results are given for the clamped edge and the momentless edge boundary conditions. Calculations of frequencies and loci of zero displacement components for various shell sizes were made on an IBM 650 computer for the rotationally symmetric vibrations only, as the theory is not available for the case of asymmetric vibrations. Experiments were performed to determine the vibration characteristics both for the symmetric and the asymmetric vibrations. Several model shells constructed of steel were used for the purpose. Results of the investigation definitely demonstrate the value of the theory for the determination of the dynamic response of shallow shells.	AD Accession No. UNCLASSIFIED Ballistic Research Laboratories, AFG A STUDY OF THE VIBRATIONS OF SHALLOW SPHERICAL SHELLS W. H. Roymann II and Clifford M. Baromet REL Report No. 1188 January 1963 RDT & E Project No. 1M010501A006 UNCLASSIFIED Report Spherical shell - Vibrations Structural vibrations - Shell Stress analysis - Theory In this report there is presented a comparison of the theoretically and experimentally determined frequencies and zero displacement lines for the normal mode vibrations of shallow spherical shells. Results are given for the clamped edge and the momentless edge boundary conditions. Calculations of frequencies and loci of zero displacement components for various shell sizes were made on an IBM 650 computer for the rotationally symmetric vibrations only, as the theory is not available for the case of asymmetric vibrations. Experiments were performed to determine the vibration characteristics both for the symmetric and the asymmetric vibrations. Several model shells constructed of steel were used for the purpose. Results of the investigation definitely demonstrate the value of the theory for the determination of the dynamic response of shallow shells.