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AFFDL-TR-68-43  
PART II

# RANDOM-VIBRATION ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR COMPLEX STRUCTURES

## PART II. COMPUTER PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

K. TSURUSAKI  
F. S. WALLACE

*The Boeing Company*

TECHNICAL REPORT AFFDL-TR-68-43, PART II

JANUARY 1969

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# RANDOM-VIBRATION ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR COMPLEX STRUCTURES

## PART II. COMPUTER PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

K. TSURUSAKI  
F. S. WALLACE

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## FOREWORD

The computer program reported herein was prepared by The Boeing Company for the Aero-Acoustics Branch, Vehicle Dynamics Division, Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, under contract AF 33(615)-5155. The study demonstrates the application of finite-element matrix methods in determining the responses and fatigue life of complex panels excited by random pressure fluctuations. The program is part of a continuing effort to establish tolerance levels and design criteria for sonic fatigue prevention under the exploratory development program of the Air Force Systems Command. The effort was conducted under project 1471 "Aero-Acoustic Problems," task 147101 "Sonic Fatigue." Mr. D. L. Smith and Mr. M. C. Eifert of the Aero-Acoustics Branch were the task engineers.

The period covered by this effort is July 1966 through June 1968. This report is AFFDL-TR-68-43 "Random-Vibration Analysis System for Complex Structures," Part II "Computer Program Description" and is one of four documents prepared under contract AF 33(615)-5155. One document is Part I of this report entitled, "Engineering User's Guide." The other reports are AFFDL-TR-67-81, "A Finite-Element Analysis of Simple Panel Response to Turbulent Boundary Layers," and AFFDL-TR-68-44 "Finite-Element Analysis of Complex Panel Response to Random Loads." The Boeing Company's document number for this report is D6-23145 Part II.

The research was conducted by Loyd D. Jacobs and Dr. Dennis R. Lagerquist of the Structural Dynamics Staff of The Boeing Company's Commercial Airplane Division in Renton, Washington. The principal programming effort was conducted by Frank S. Wallace and Kiyoharu Tsurusaki of The Boeing Company's computing department.

Many other Boeing personnel contributed significantly to the project by providing major modifications to existing computer programs. They are R. D. Palm for extensive modifications to the matrix structural generation program, H. B. Noonchester for major modification and improvement in the eigenvalue/eigenvector program, and L. Anderson for modifications to the matrix manipulation module.

This report was submitted by the authors in July 1968.

This report has been reviewed and is approved.



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## ABSTRACT

A programming description is presented for a computer program developed to aid in the design of sonic-fatigue-resistant aircraft structures. The computer program is written in FORTRAN IV and MAP for the IBM 7094 Mod II. The program employs matrix structural analysis methods to calculate statistical measurements of response (deflection and stress) for complex structure subjected to pressure loads random in both time and space. The program is organized into two phases, each performed separately. The phases are further organized in modular form for ease of maintenance and/or modification.

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## NOMENCLATURE

[C]	damping matrix
$[C_F(\omega)]$	force co-PSD matrix ( $\text{lb}^2 \cdot \text{sec}$ )
[F]	flexibility matrix
r	eigenvalue
$[F_r]$	reduced flexibility matrix
$F_x, F_y, F_z$	forces in the x, y, and z directions, respectively (lb)
g	structural damping coefficient
$[H(i\omega)]$	admittance matrix
i	$\sqrt{-1}$
[K]	stiffness matrix
$[K_{cc}]$	partition of stiffness matrix corresponding to constrained freedoms
$[K_{fc}], [K_{cf}]$	partition of stiffness matrix relating free and constrained nodes
$[K_{ff}]$	partition of stiffness matrix corresponding to unrestrained freedoms
$[K_r]$	reduced-stiffness matrix
$[K_{11}], [K_{12}],$ $[K_{21}], [K_{22}]$	partitions of stiffness matrix
K	number of modal cross products in analysis
[M]	mass matrix
$\{M_j\}$	generalized mass
$M_{xy}$	plate-element twisting moment

$M_x, M_y, M_z$	bending moments about x , y , and z axes, respectively (in. -lb)
m	number of normal modes
N	number of kinematic degrees of freedom
$[Q_F(\omega)]$	force quad-PSD matrix (lb <sup>2</sup> · sec)
[S]	matrix of stress-deflection relationships
$[S_1], [S_2]$	partitions of stress matrix
$[\overline{\delta_q \delta_r}]$	deflection covariance matrix (in. <sup>2</sup> )
$\Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z$	deflections in x , y , and z directions , respectively (in.)
$\lambda, \mu$	proportionality factors for stiffness and mass-proportional damping, respectively
$[\overline{\sigma_s \sigma_t}]$	stress covariance matrix
$\tau_x, \tau_y, \tau_{xy}$	plate element shearing forces (lb/in.)
$[\Phi_\sigma(i\omega)]$	stress cross-PSD matrix
$\{\phi_{(j)}\}$	eigenvector
$\theta_x, \theta_y, \theta_z$	rotations about x , y , and z axes, respectively (rad)
$\omega$	angular frequency (rad/sec)
$\Gamma \downarrow$	diagonal matrix
$[ ]^T$	transpose of matrix
$[\Phi_\delta(i\omega)]$	deflection cross-PSD matrix (in. <sup>2</sup> )

# I

## INTRODUCTION

RANVIB is a computer program developed to aid in sonic fatigue analysis. The program employs matrix methods to calculate statistical measurements of response (deflection and stress) for complex structure subjected to random sound fields. The RANVIB system is written in FORTRAN IV and MAP languages for use on an IBM 7094 Mod II under the IBSYS Version 13 operating system.

The computer program report is in two Parts:

- (1) Part I—Engineering User's Guide
- (2) Part II—Computer Program Description

Part I is a guide for an engineer's use of RANVIB. Part II describes the RANVIB computer program and is intended primarily for the programmer/analyst responsible for the implementation and subsequent maintenance of the system.

Development of the theory of this program and its application to specific problems are presented in document AFFDL-TR-68-44, reference 1. An earlier study that uses portions of this program is reported in document AFFDL-TR-67-81, reference 2.

This volume is divided into four sections. Section II describes the logical and system-oriented organization of the RANVIB program. Sections III and IV describe the programming details of the FORTRAN modules of the system. Section III is a description of the modules in the phase I structural and vibration programs. Section IV describes phase II programs: the random loading module and the random response solution modules. Appendixes I and II contain descriptions and listings of the matrix manipulative scheme TL01 used throughout RANVIB, and general-purpose subroutines. Appendixes III and IV contain the listings of phase I and II programs, respectively.

## II

### GENERAL PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

#### 1. PROGRAM ORGANIZATION

The RANVIB system is divided into phases I and II. Phase I (figure 1) is an integrated set of computer programs for determining the static and dynamic characteristics of the structure. Phase II (figure 2) uses results of phase I and determines sonic loads and random structural response. This division permits the analysts to assess the results of phase I before proceeding to phase II. The matrix interpretive scheme TL01 written in MAP is used to perform matrix operations in both phases.

##### a. Phase I—Structural and Vibration Programs

There are two major modules in phase I.

The first one MAST (matrix structural generator) generates and merges element stiffness and stress matrices and reduces unwanted freedoms to form the reduced structural stiffness, flexibility, and stress-deflection matrices. These matrices are then merged and stored on tape for later use by the FREMOD routine and phase II programs.

The second module FREMOD (frequencies and modes generator) generates natural frequencies, normal modes, and generalized masses using the flexibility matrix (MAST output tape) and mass matrix (card input).

An optional path in phase I executes only the FREMOD module using a previously calculated flexibility matrix. This option is a convenient feature when an analyst wants to change mass distribution and/or change the number of modes. A new diagonal-mass matrix is required; input is on cards.

##### b. Phase II—Random Load and Response Programs

This section generates the excitation cross-power spectral density (cross PSD) and the response solution options (deflection and stress cross PSD) and statistical moments.

The random pressure loads (excitations) are stored on an intermediate output tape used in the response programs. The results from phase I output tape are also used in phase II.

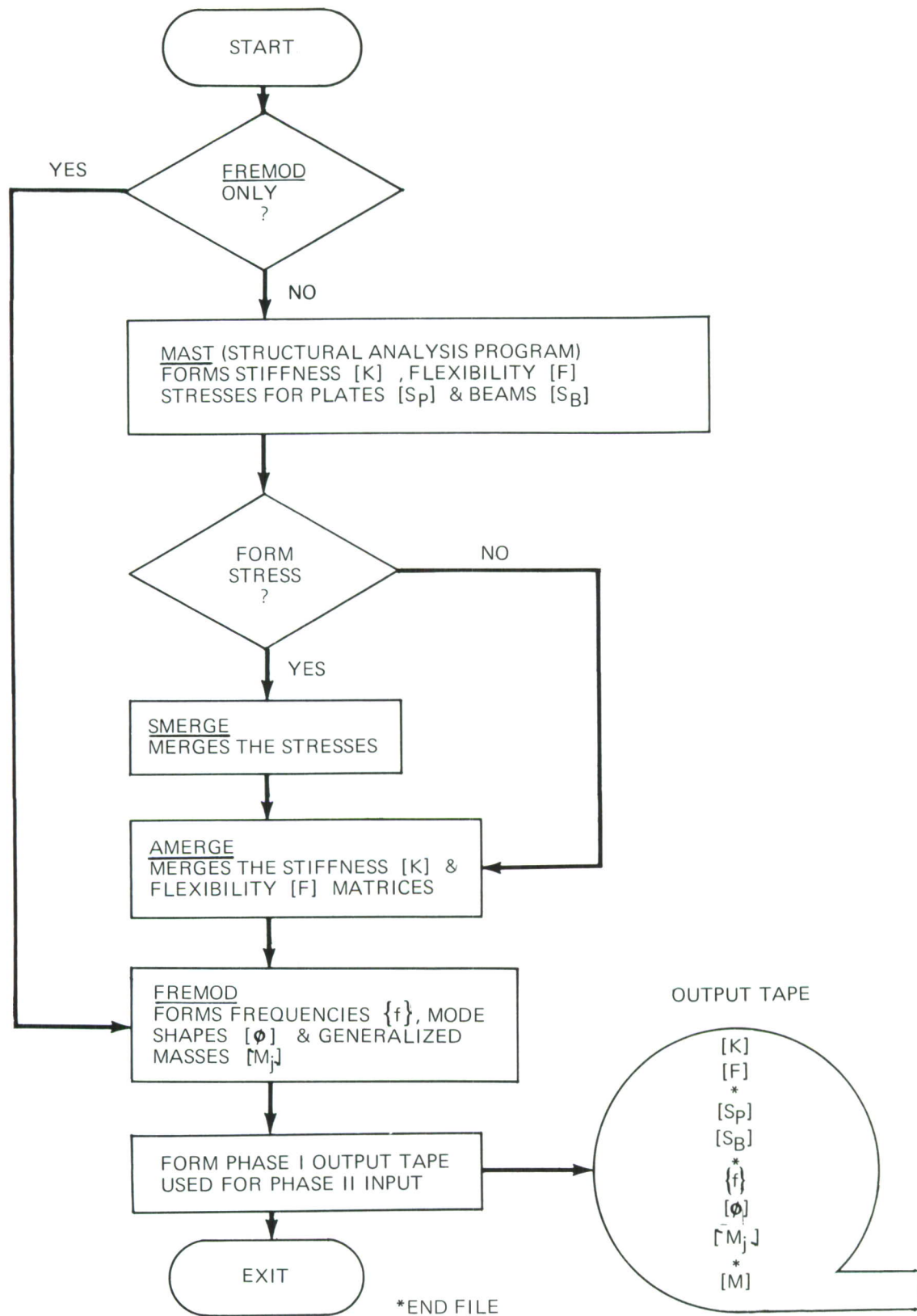
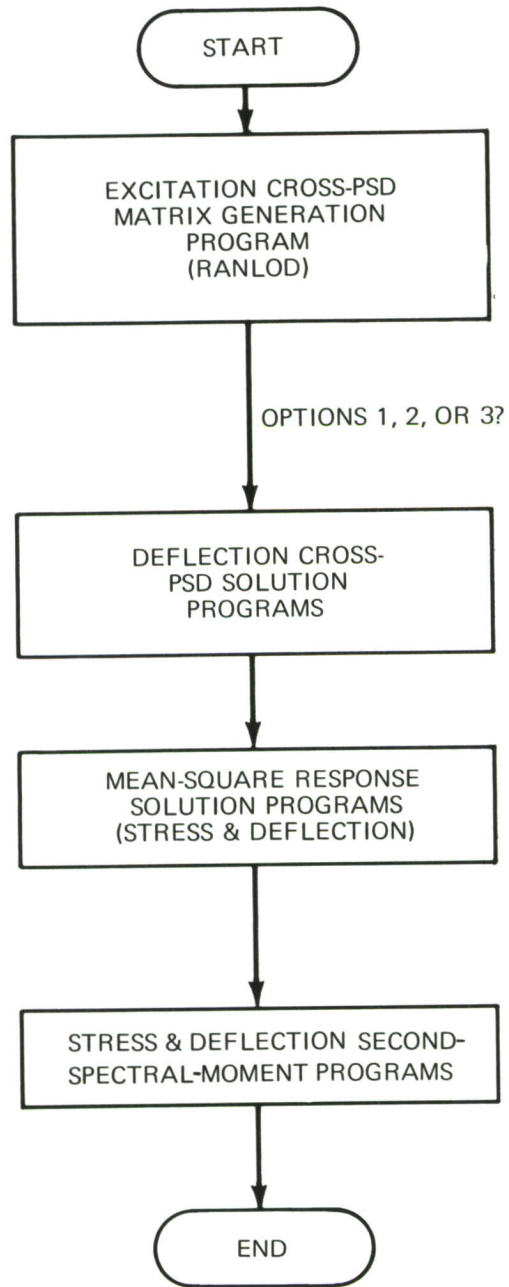


Figure 1. Phase I Organization



*Figure 2. Phase II Organization*

The response solution modules are divided into three options:

- (1) Option 1—General viscous damping
- (2) Option 2—Normal modes
- (3) Option 3—Normal modes without cross terms

Reference 3 describes the options in more detail.

Cross PSD and joint moments are formed for each option. It is also possible to generate the stress second spectral moments used in predicting fatigue life.

## 2. SYSTEM ORGANIZATION

### a. Phase I and II Overlay Structures

The overlay structure on a subroutine basis is illustrated in figure 3. The detailed overlay structure for MAST and FREMOD are shown in figures 17 and 32, respectively (pages 36 and 67).

### b. Core and Tape Requirements

The RANVIB program requires a 32K core when operating on the IBM 7094 Mod II computer under the IBSYS Version 13 system.

Tape requirements in phase I and phase II are shown in table I. Core maps of phases I and II are shown in tables II and III, respectively.

### c. Deck and Master Tape Setups

#### (1) Operating Procedure

The following is the procedure a system analyst should follow in initiating phase I and phase II operations for the direct-coupled system (DCS).

The nine files on the phase I master tape are generated by the card-to-tape process. The first file contains binary decks, and the remaining eight files contain TL01 data decks (figure 4). Use the appropriate control cards for the DCS for phases I and II. Mount the phase I master tape on logical unit 9. The output tape from phase I will contain four files on logical unit 10.

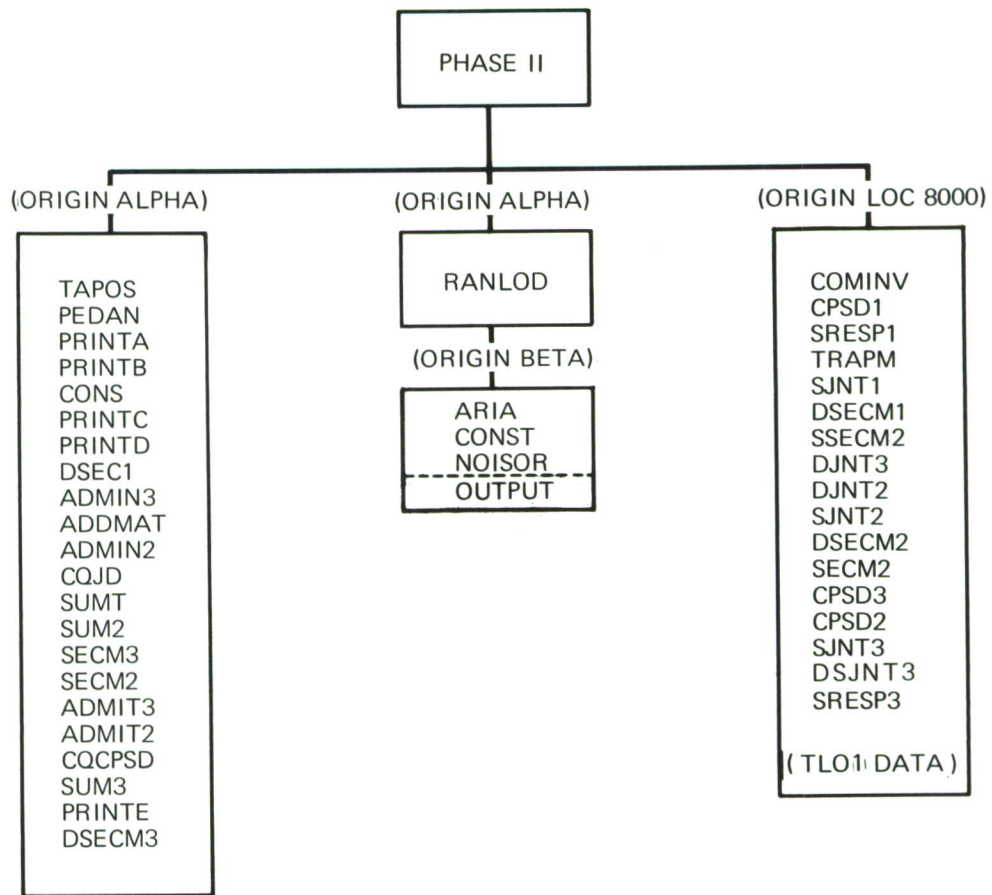
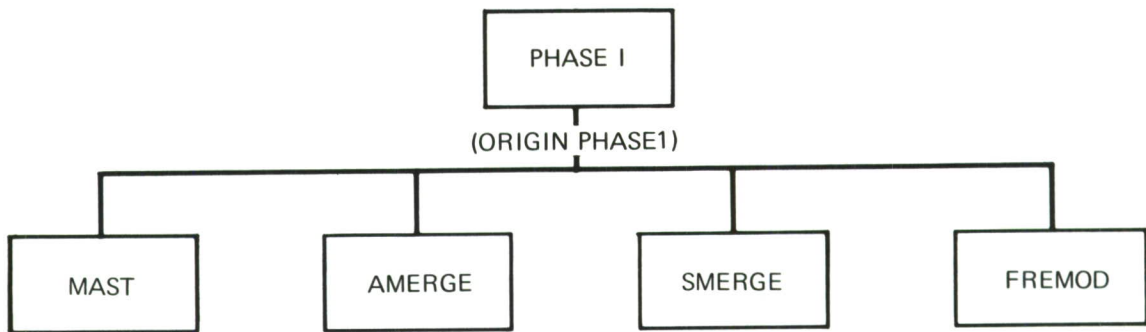


Figure 3. Phase I and II Overlay Structures

Table I. Tape Use

Logical unit	Function
PHASE I*	
2	The parameter matrix and stiffness matrix are stored on this tape (output from MAST). This tape is also used as a scratch unit.
3	Scratch
4	Scratch
5	Standard system input tape
6	Standard system output tape
8	Stress matrices for plates from MAST
9	Program master tape
10	Phase I output tape
12	Stress matrices for beams from MAST
PHASE II**	
9	Program master tape
10	Input tape from phase I
1-4, 7-8, 11-17	Intermediate scratch tapes
5	Standard system input tape
6	Standard system output tape

\*See figure 19 for tape use of logical units 1 through 16 for the MAST routine (page 43).

\*\*Figure 43, page 84, illustrates the tape use in the phase II program.

The phase II master tape consists of seven files and is again generated by the card-to-tape process. The first file contains binary decks, and the remaining six files contain TL01 data decks (figure 5). In this operation, mount the phase II master tape on logical unit 9.

The master tapes for phases I and II are assigned to system unit SYSLB4 (logical unit 9). The system overlay is assigned to system unit SYSCK2.

Table II. Phase I Core Maps

LINK	DECK	ORIGIN	CONTROL SECTIONS	(/NAME/=NON 0 LENGTH, (LOC)=DELETED, *NCT REFERENCED)
0	BLK PHASE1 WRTETP READTP FVID FILE	03326 03351 03650 04324 04677 05014	/TAPES / 03326 /PRNT / 03352 WRTETP (03650) READTP (04324) FVID 04677 .UN07. 05014 .UN12. 05021 .UN17. 05026 /LDT / 05027 .LXSTR 05244 .LXRTN 05327 .CLSE 05714 .DEFIN 05723 .WRITE 05737 .LFBLK 06010 .GOA 06072 .EX34 06137	/REDC / 03347 * ..... 03636 * /LRECT/ 05062 .LXSTP 05247 IBEXIT 05327 * .LFBL 05715 * .ATTAC 05727 * .BSR 05747 * .LTSX 06013 * .GO 06076 /LVEC / 05156 .LXOUT 05315 .DBCLS 05511 * .LUNB 05716 .CLOSE 05731 * .READR 05757 * .AREAL 06025 .DERR 06112 .LXERR 05324 .LXARG 05663 .DFCUT 05717 .OPEN 05733 .RELES 05761 * .LUNBL 06033 * .NOPXI 06113 /NAME / 05020 /NAME / 05025
		03234 03262 03321 03326	UNIT07 UNIT08 UNIT09 UNIT10 UNIT11 UNIT12 UNIT13 UNIT14 UNIT15 UNIT16 UNIT17 UNIT01 UNIT02 UNIT03 UNIT04 UNIT05 UNIT06	00000 THRU 02717 02720
		FILE LIST ORIGIN PRE-EXECUTION INITIALIZATION CALL CN OBJECT PROGRAM OBJECT PROGRAM		



Table II-Continued

21040	FASNCS	ASIN	21040	ACOS	21042 *	/ERASE / 21171		
21215	FBSF	BSF	21217	/ERASE / (21171)				
21334	FFSF	FSF	21336	/ERASE / (21171)				
21420	FFSR	FSPR	21422 *	FSR	21424	/ERASE / (21171)		
21505	FKRD	KRD	21507	KRDG	21511 *	CART	21512 *	
22326	FRUN	UNLOAD	22330	/ERASE / (21171)				
22355	MAST*	/RENT /	22356	/MAPSTR/	22360	/CONT1 / 22362	/COMS / 24332	
		/TERMS /	24642	/CONTRL/	24655	/TAPES / (03326)	/PAGE / 24702	
		/REDUC /	(03347)	MAST	26002			
26016	PAGH*	UNPACK	26210	/TAPES / (03326)		/PAGE / (24702)	PAGHED	26066
26100	UNPAC*	PRINT	26601					
26246	PRINT*							
26636	SUBM1*	/CONT1 / (22362)		/CONT2 /	26637	/CONT3 / 30277	/LASTND/ (24022)	
		/COMS / (24332)		/TERMS / (24642)		/CONTRL/ (24655)	/NOMERG/ 31743	
		SUBM1	31774					
32006	GENRA*	/CONT1 / (22362)		/CCNT2 / (26637)		/CONT3 / (30277)	/CORD / 32007	
		/CONTRL/ (24655)		/TERMS / (24642)		/ADPRO / 45567	/CHECK / 45577	
		/TAPES / (03326)		/FLAG / 45601		GENRAT	45727	
45741	REDUC*	REDUCE	46136					
46171	INFO*	/CONT1 / (22362)		/CCNT2 / (26637)		/CONT3 / (30277)	/CORD / (32007)	
		/CONTRL/ (24655)		/TERMS / (24642)		/TAPES / (03326)	/REDUC / (03347)	
		INFO	47266					
46171	PLATE*	/RENT / (22356)		/CCNT1 / (22362)		/CONT3 / (30277)	/TAPES / (03326)	
		/CORD / (32007)		/TERMS / (24642)		/ADPRO / (45567)	/PSTIF2/ 46172	
		/PSTIF1/ 46174		/PSTIF8/ 47274		/PSTIF9/ 51100	/PSTIFD/ 51105	
		/PSTIFG/ 51110		/PMTR1 / 51124		/STRAN / 51135	/PSTIFL/ 51435	
		/SWAP / 51436		/PSTIFH/ 51437		/TITL / (24665)	/THRST / 51450	
		PLATE	55026					
55047	MUL1*	MUL1	55235					
55274	MUL2*	MUL2	55457 *					
55515	PSTIF*	/RENT / (22356)		/TPLN1 / 55516		/PSTIFL/ (51435)	PSTIF	
55576	QUAD*	/PSTIF2/ (46172)		/ADPRO / (45567)		/PSTIF3/ 55577	55562	
		/PSTIFH/ (51437)		/PSTIFK/ 55651		/PSTIFL/ (51435)	/PSTIF8/ (47274)	
		/RENT / (22356)		/SWAP / (51436)		/LOAD / 56422 *	/TPLN1 / (55516)	
		LAMK	56757			QUAD	56651	
56667	LAMK*	KLAMT	57117					
57013	KLAMT*	/PSTIF1/ (46174)		/PSTIF9/ (51100)		/PSTIF9/ (51100)	/PSTIFH/ (51437)	
57157	TRI*	/PSTIFD/ (51105)		/THRST / (51450)		TRI	57473	
57511	INP*	/PSTIFA/ 57512		INP	57721			
57733	INPM*	/PSTIF2/ (46172)		/ADPRO / (45567)		/PSTIF7/ (57160)	/PSTIFB/ (57556)	



Table II—Concluded

11	FKSRT	47263	/LASTND/(124022) /CONTEM/(147014)	/TERMS / (24642) /CCMS / (24332)	/TAPES / (03326) FKSORT 52065	/SORT / (26637)	/CONT1 / (22362)
12	KFSRT	47263	/SORT / (126637) /CONTEM/(147014)	/TAPES / (03326) KFFSRT 67356	/TERMS / (24642)	/COMS / (124332)	/CONT1 / (22362)
13	CNCT*	47263	/SORT / (126637)	/TERMS / (24642)	/TAPES / (03326)	/COMS / (24332)	CONECT 50667
14	EXPND*	5C703	EXPAND 67465				
15	EXTRN*	5C703	EXTRAN 70134				
16	DELET*	47263	/TAPES / (03326) /TEMPO / 47264	/TERMS / (24642) DELETE 64251	/RSIZE / (45517)	/LASTND/(24022)	/MAPSTR/(22360)
	SSORT*	64315	/SORT / (126637) /MAPSTR/(22360)	/TAPES / (03326) /TEMPO / (47264)	/TERMS / (24642) SSORT 55724	/RSIZE / (45517)	/COMS / (24332)
17	HELP	26636	TL01 26636	YTLO1 26665	MMM 27122 *	ERRCDE 34437 *	TAPE 34441 *
	YTLOSB	26664	YTLO1 26664 *				
	INVERT	35420	INV40S 35420				
	DATABS	36540	DATA 36540				
18	FREMD*	22355	FREMOD 57453	PRDSUM 60744 *			
	WDVALV	57474	VALVCT 60645				
	INRPRD	6C724	INRPRD (60724)				
19	WDHESS	61020	HESSEN 61517				
20	WDORIT	61020	QRITER 62210				
21	WDSORT	61020	SORTRT 61310				
22	WDVECT	61020	VECTOR 61453				
23	WOTRN1	61020	TRANS1 61423				
24	WOTRN2	61020	TRANS2 61376				
25	AMERG*	22355	/PRNT / (03352)	AMERGE 55533			
26	SMERG*	22355	/PRNT / (03352)	SMERGE 63005			
I/O BUFFERS			71153 THRU 77772				
UNUSED CORE			77773 THRU 77777				

Table III. Phase II Core Maps

SYSTEM FILE BLOCK ORIGIN		00000 THRU 02717		
FILES	ORIGIN	02720	02717	
UNIT07	1.			
UNIT08	2.			
UNIT09	3.			
UNIT10	4.			
UNIT11	5.			
UNIT12	6.			
UNIT13	7.			
UNIT14	8.			
UNIT15	9.			
UNIT16	10.			
UNIT17	11.			
UNIT01	12.			
UNIT02	13.			
UNIT03	14.			
UNIT04	15.			
UNIT05	16.			
UNIT06	17.			
FILE LIST ORIGIN				
PRE-EXECUTION INITIALIZATION				
CALL ON OBJECT PROGRAM				
OBJECT PROGRAM				
		03234		
		03276		
		03327		
		03334	THRU 65757	
LINK	DECK	ORIGIN	CONTROL SECTIONS	(/NAME/=NON 0 LENGTH, (LOC)=DELETED, *=NOT REFERENCED)
0	PHASE2	03334	/BLK1 / 03335	/BLK2 / 03563 /BLK3 / 03575
	SCALE*	06125	SCALE 06203	..... 06111 *
	FVIO	06232	.FVIO. 06232	
	FILE	06347	.UN07. 06347	.UN10. 06352
			.UN12. 06354	.UN15. 06357
			.UN17. 06361	
	READTP	06362	READTP (06362)	
	WRTEP	06735	WRTEP (06735)	
	.LINK	07411	/LDT / 07411	
	.LXCUN	07621	.LXSTR 07621	
			.LXRTN 07704	
			.CLSE 10271	
	.IODEF	10300	.DEFIN 10300	
			.WRITE 10314	
			.LFBLK 10365	
			.GOA 10447	
			.EX34 10514	
	.IOCSF	10521	.LOVRY (13023)	
	.LOVRY	13023	.LXSEL 13531	
	.LXSL	13531	.LXIND 13663	
			.LDT (07411)	.LVEC (07533)
			.LXSL1 13532	.LXOVL 13575 *
			.LXD1S 13666	.LXFLG 13670
			.LRECT / 07445	
			.LXSTP 07624	
			IBEXIT 07704 *	
			.LFB1 10272 *	
			.ATTAC 10304 *	
			.BSR 10324 *	
			.LTSX 10370 *	
			.GO 10453	
			.LRECT / 07445	
			.LXSTP 07624	
			.DBCLS 10066 *	
			.LUNB 10273	
			.CLOSE 10306	
			.READR 10334 *	
			.AREAL 10402	
			.DERR 10467	
			.LVEEC / 07533	
			.LXOUT 07672	
			.LXERR 07701	
			.LXARG 10240	
			.DFOUT 10274	
			.OPEN 10310	
			.RELES 10336 *	
			.LUNBL 10410 *	
			.NOPXI 10470	
			.LXERR 07701	
			.LXCAL 07704 *	
			.LO 10263 *	
			.UN09. 06351	.UN11. 06353
			.UN14. 06356	.UN16. 06360





Table III--Concluded

19	SUM2*	25321	/BLK2 / (03563)	SUM2	65565		
20	SECM3*	25321	/BLK1 / (03335)	/BLK2 / (03563)	SECM3	32657	
21	SECM2*	25321	/BLK1 / (03335)	/BLK2 / (03563)	SECM2	42426	
22	ADMT3*	25321	/BLK1 / (03335)	/BLK2 / (03563)	/BLK3 / (03575)	ADMT3	33316
23	ADMT2*	25321	/BLK1 / (03335)	/BLK2 / (03563)	ADMT2	42053	
24	COCPS*	25321	/BLK2 / (03563)	COCPSD	65644		
25	SUM3*	25321	/BLK1 / (03335)	/BLK2 / (03563)	SUM3	65535	
26	PRNTE*	25321	/BLK1 / (03335)	/BLK2 / (03563)	/BLK3 / (03575)	PRNTE	26161
27	DSECM*	25321	/BLK1 / (03335)	/BLK2 / (03563)	DSECM3	65414	
I/O BUFFERS				65760 THRU	77767		
UNUSED CORE				77770 THRU	77777		

(LOGICAL UNIT 9)

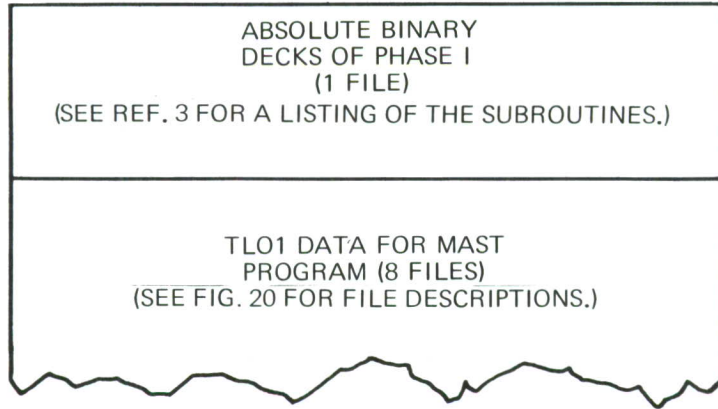


Figure 4. Phase I Master Tape

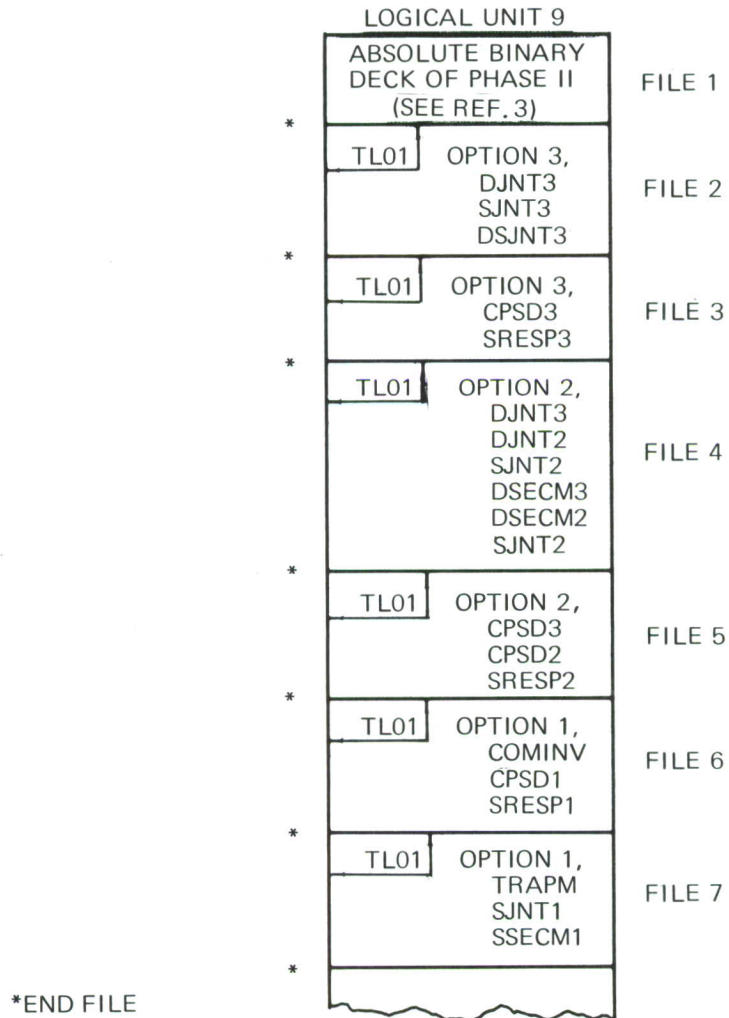


Figure 5. Phase II Master Tape

## (2) Input/Output Editor

The input/output editor (\$IEDIT) is used for two functions: (1) to read information off the master tape, and (2) to assist the programmer in modifying existing subroutines.

When used to read information off the master tape, the \$IEDIT card precedes the component control card of the deck that is affected. The specifications on the control card remain in effect until the end of the application or until another \$IEDIT card changes the specifications. The format of the \$IEDIT card with optional instructions starting in column 16 for the RANVIB system is:

```
Column:  2  4  6  —  —  —  16 18 20 22 24 26  —  —  —  60
         1  3  5  —  —  —  17 19 21 23 25  —  —  —
$IEDIT— — — SYSLB4, SRCH — — —
```

The following procedure should be followed when an analyst/programmer wants to change any source or binary subroutines.

- (a) Pull the appropriate \$IBLDR card out of the phase I/phase II control deck.
- (b) Insert a \$IEDIT card with no optional instructions (columns 16 and on are blank).
- (c) Insert the modified subroutine source or binary deck.

Insert a \$IEDIT card with optional instructions SYSLB4, SRCH (see the example above).

```
[ Col 1      Col 16
  $IEDIT    SYSLB4,SRCH ]
```

### III

#### PHASE I—STRUCTURAL AND VIBRATION PROGRAMS

Phase I is an integrated set of computer programs for determining the static and dynamic characteristics of the structure. The execution of this phase is controlled by the PHASE1 subroutine. The MAST module, FREMOD module, and intermediate matrix merge programs are called from the control program. The program listings for phase I are included in appendix III.

##### 1. MATRIX STRUCTURAL GENERATOR PROGRAM (MAST)

###### a. General Description

The purpose of the MAST module is to generate and merge element stiffness and stress matrices and to reduce out unwanted freedoms.

The input is in card form and describes the physical structure in terms of nodes connected by beams and plates. Other inputs are boundary conditions that fix the structure in space and retained-freedom information that specifies the freedoms to be retained in the final matrices. The output is via tape to the other modules and includes the reduced stiffness matrix, flexibility matrix, and stress matrices for both beams and plates.

The module is divided into four segments. The first segment (generation) generates elemental stiffness and stress matrices for beam and plate elements. The second segment (merge) merges these elemental matrices to form the structural stiffness and stress matrices and deletes the constrained freedoms from the stiffness matrix. The third segment (sorting) sorts the stiffness and stress matrices into retained and reduced partitions. The final segment (reduction) then performs the actual equation solving necessary for reduction.

The module is restricted to a maximum of 2,000 nodes and 7,000 retained freedoms. The number of beam and plate elements is unrestricted. These limits are set by core storage limitations, and any attempt to run problems in this size range may be restricted by machine reliability and the peripheral storage size of the computer being used.

## b. Major Program Functions

### (1) Elemental-Matrix Generation

#### (a) Beam Matrices

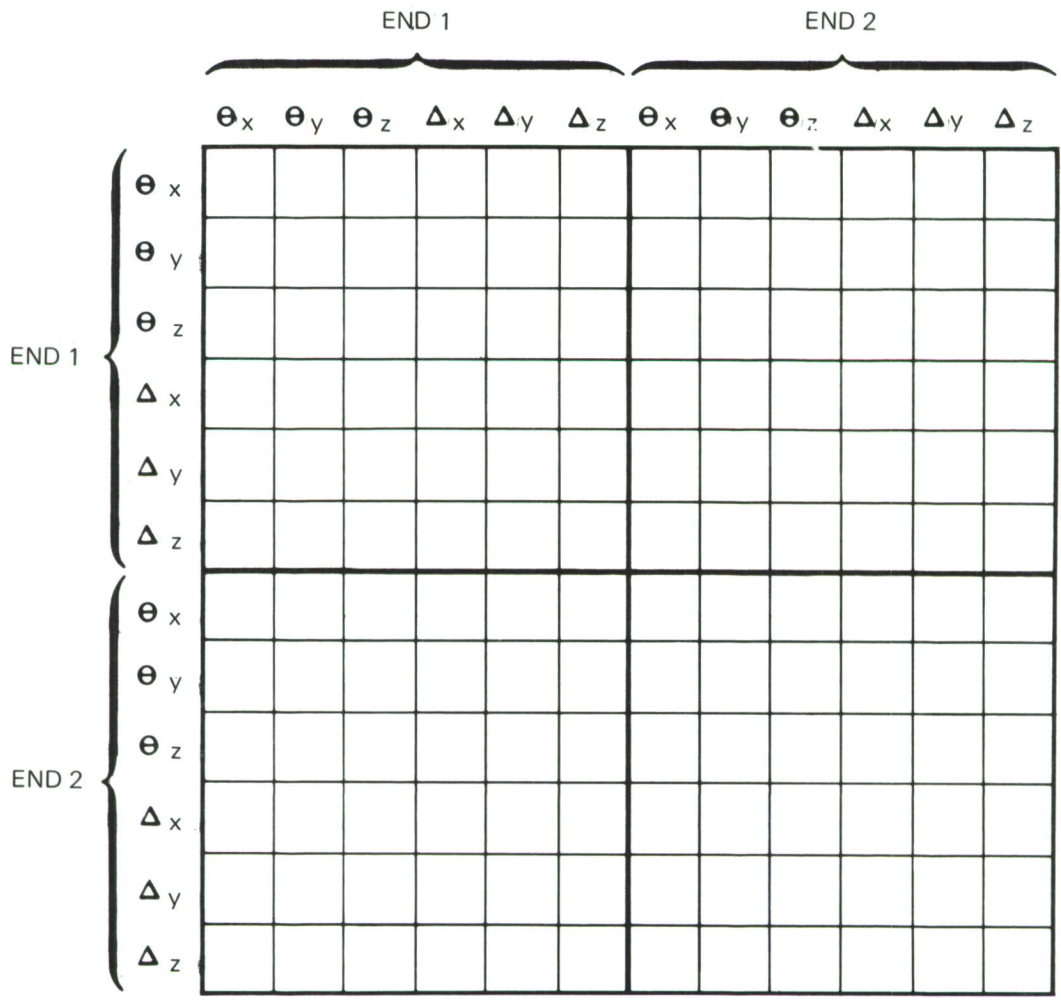
The elemental matrices for beams are generated one at a time in the order that the input data are read. This generation includes the various transformation matrices and the stiffness matrix in local coordinates. The first transformation matrix generated (if offsets are present) is the offset transformation from the beam's neutral axis location to node point location. Next, the stress-transformation matrix and local-stiffness matrix are generated. The offset transformation is then applied to the stress transformation and this premultiplies the local-stiffness matrix to obtain the beam-stress matrix. This beam-stress matrix is finally premultiplied by the transpose of the combined offset and stress-transformation matrix to obtain the stiffness matrix in structural coordinates.

These matrices are then written on tape for later use by the merge segment. The structure of these elemental matrices is as shown in figures 6 and 7.

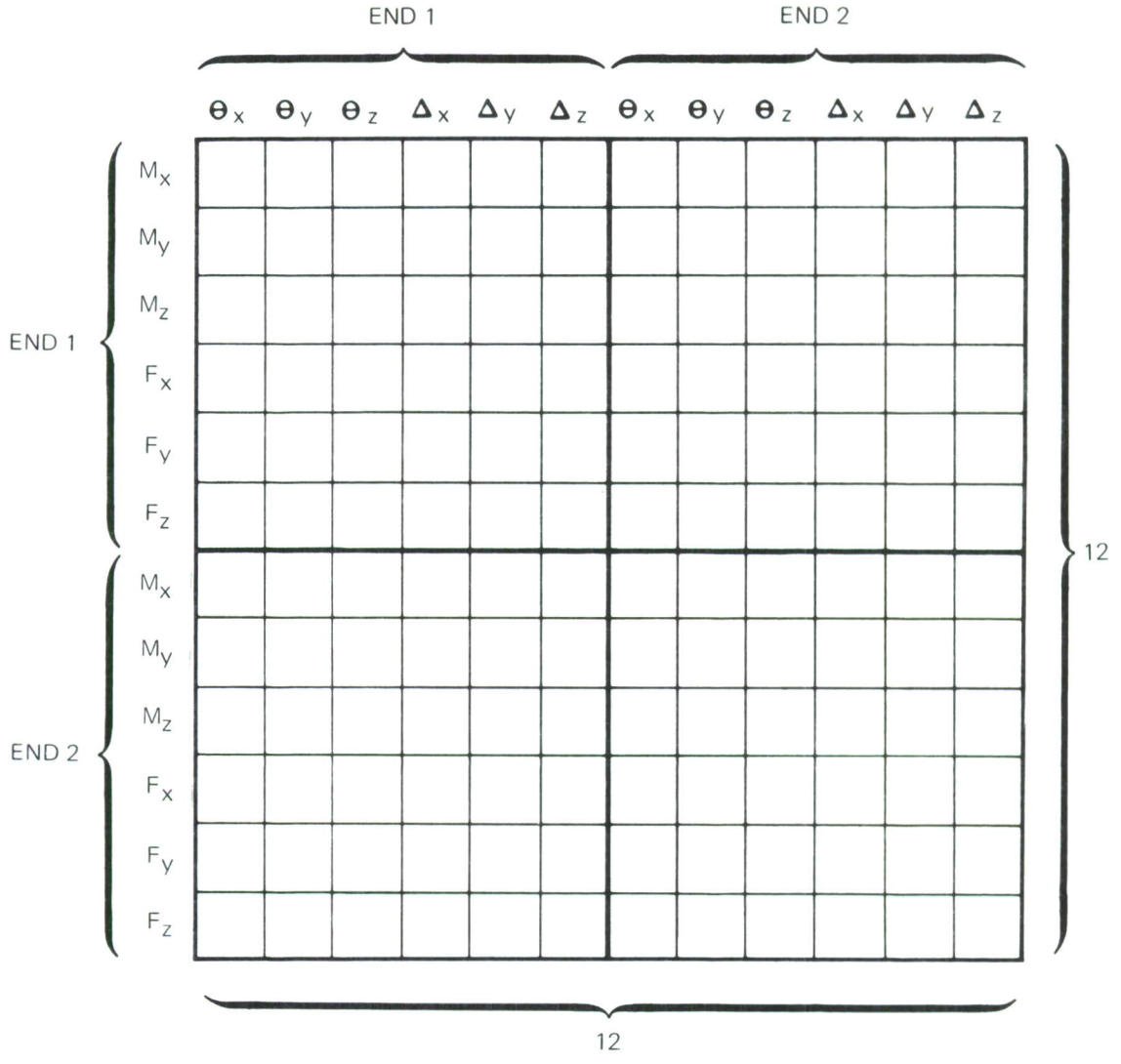
Each beam is also checked to determine which partitions of the merged stiffness matrix it will contribute to. A list of partitions is created that contains partition identification numbers for the partitions having non-null elements. This list is updated when elements are found that will contribute to partitions not already in the list.

#### (b) Plate Matrices

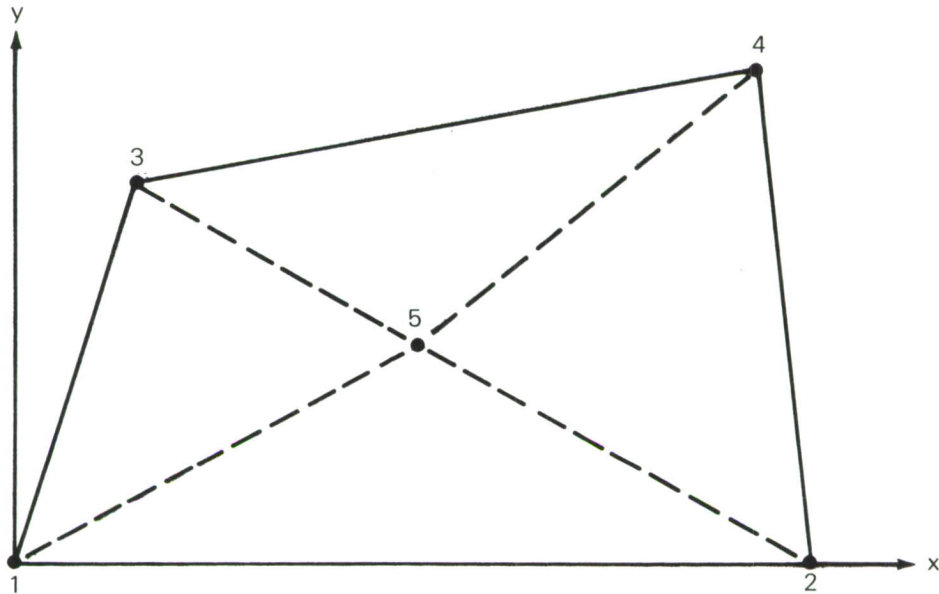
The plate-element matrices are also generated one plate at a time in the order that the input data are read. The elemental stiffness matrix in local coordinates is first generated and then the coordinate and stress-transformation matrices are generated. In generating the stiffness for quadrilateral plates, the program subdivides the quadrilateral into four triangles (figure 8) with a fifth "dummy" node placed at the centroid. The four triangles are then merged to form the local-stiffness matrix for the quadrilateral plate, and the terms for the fifth node are reduced out. Next, the local-stiffness matrix is post multiplied by the transpose of the coordinate-transformation matrix and this result is saved.



*Figure 6. Elemental Beam Stiffness Matrix Layout*



*Figure 7. Elemental Beam Stress Matrix Layout*



NOTE: NODE 5 IS AT CENTROID OF PLATE.

*Figure 8. Quadrilateral Plate Layout*

This intermediate result is then premultiplied by the stress-transformation matrix producing the elemental stress matrix (figure 9) that is saved on tape. The coordinate transformation of the stiffness matrix is then completed by pre-multiplying the product of the local-stiffness matrix and the transpose of the coordinate-transformation matrix by the coordinate-transformation matrix, resulting in an elemental stiffness matrix in structural coordinates (figure 10). This result is then saved on tape. As with the beams, each plate is checked to see which partitions of the merged matrix it will contribute to, and the connectivity data are updated accordingly.

## (2) Structural Matrix Formation

### (a) Matrix Partitioning and Identification

The structural stiffness and stress matrices are handled in partitioned form. The maximum size of these partitions is determined by the core storage limitations of the computer. The partition size for the stiffness matrix is 60 by 60, and the partition size of the stress matrix is 96 by 60. Each stiffness-matrix partition corresponds to ten nodes with six freedoms per node (figure 11), unless the option for specifying smaller partition sizes is used. The beam-stress matrix partitions contain ten nodes with six freedoms per node in the column

	NODE 1			NODE 2			NODE 3			NODE 4 (SEE NOTE)		
	$\theta_x$	$\theta_y$	$\theta_z$	$\Delta_x$	$\Delta_y$	$\Delta_z$						
$F_x$												
$F_y$												
$\tau_{xy}$												
$\tau_x$												
$\tau_y$												
$M_x$												
$M_y$												
$M_{xy}$												

NOTE: NODE 4 TERMS ARE OMITTED FOR TRIANGULAR PLATE

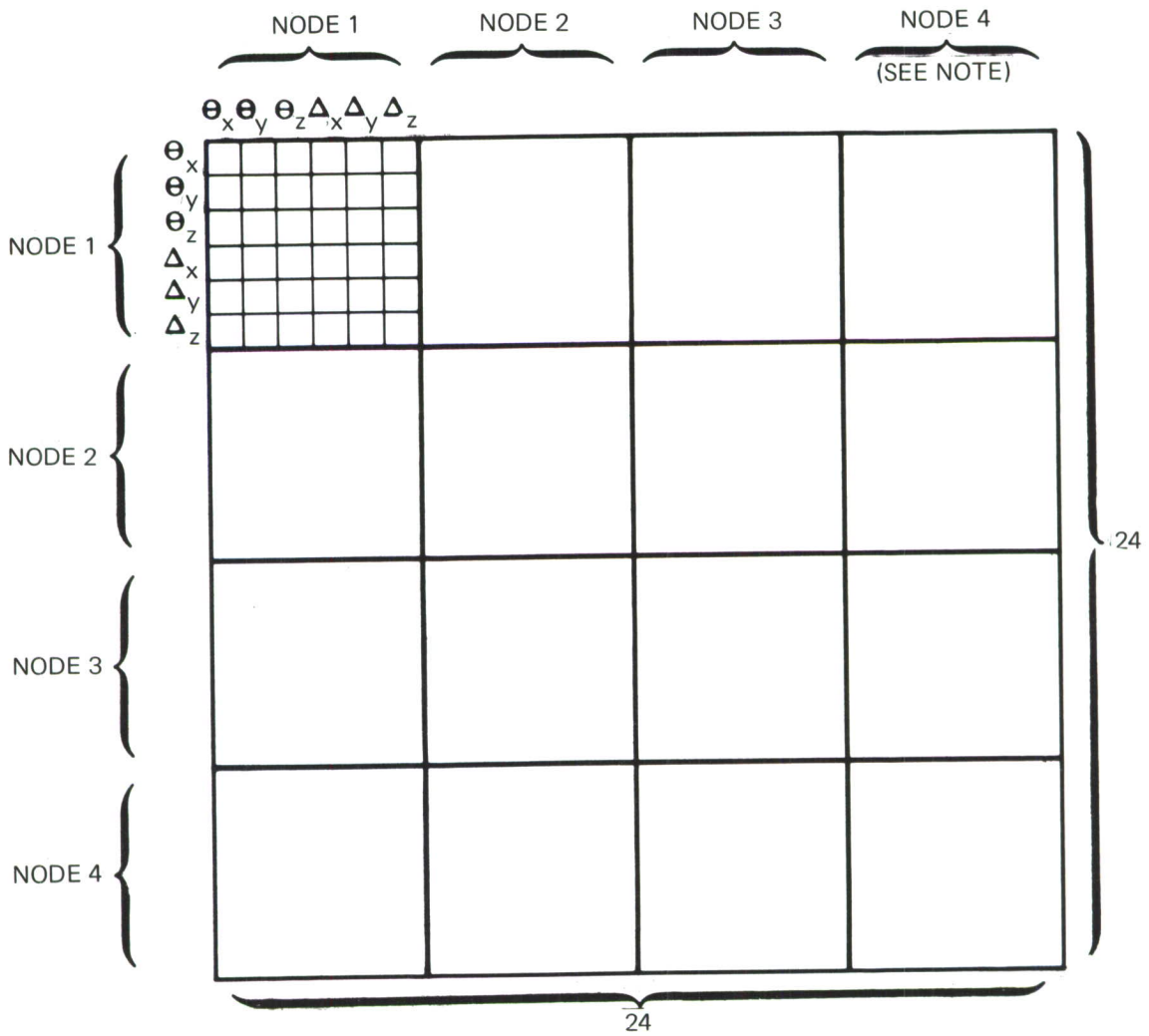
Figure 9. Elemental Plate Stress Matrix Layout

direction and eight beams with twelve stresses per beam in the row direction (figure 12). The plate-stress matrix partitions contain ten nodes in the column direction and twelve plates with eight stresses per plate in the row direction.

Each matrix partition is given a partition identification number that indicates its location in the overall matrix. The number consists of two parts: the row position and the column position (figures 11 and 12). Therefore, partition 1001 is the first partition in row 1, 1002 is the second partition of row 1, and 2001 is the first partition in row 2. Both stiffness and stress partitions are identified in this manner.

(b) Matrix Merge Procedure

The stiffness matrix is merged by partition with three partitions being merged simultaneously. The connectivity data created in the generation phase contain a list of the non-null partitions; the merge procedure is controlled by this array. The merge segment first sorts this array into ascending order of partition identification number and then begins merge by taking the first three identification numbers and merging all of the beam and plate elements that contribute to these three partitions.



NOTE: ROWS AND COLUMNS FOR NODE 4 ARE OMITTED FOR TRIANGULAR PLATES YIELDING AN (18 x 18) STIFFNESS MATRIX.

*Figure 10. Elemental Plate Stiffness Matrix Layout*

	NODES 1-10	NODES 11-20	NODES 21-30	NODES 31-36
NODES 1-10	1001			
NODES 11-20	2001	2002		
NODES 21-30	3001	3002	3003	
NODES 31-36	4001	4002	4003	4004

Figure 11. Structural Matrix Partitioning

	NODES 1-10	NODES 11-20	NODES 21-30	NODES 31-36
ELEMENTS 1-8 FOR BEAMS OR 1-4 FOR PLATES	1001	1002	1003	1004
BEAMS 9-16 OR PLATES 5-8	2001	2002	2003	2004
BEAMS 17-24 OR PLATES 9-12	3001	3002	3003	3004

Figure 12. Merged Stress Matrix

After the merging of each group of three stiffness matrix partitions, the three partitions are sorted by applying the constraint conditions specified in the input data. The elements relating the unrestrained freedoms are sorted into the upper left-hand corner of each partition, whereas the constrained freedoms are sorted into the lower right-hand corner of the partition. The upper right-hand and lower left-hand portions of the partition contain the crosscoupling terms between the two types of freedoms (figure 13).

Only the upper left-hand portion (hereafter referred to as  $[K_{ff}]$  for K-free-free) is saved on tape for later use. The other parts are discarded.

The program merges only the non-null partitions. The matrix is in lower triangular form since it is symmetrical about the diagonal.

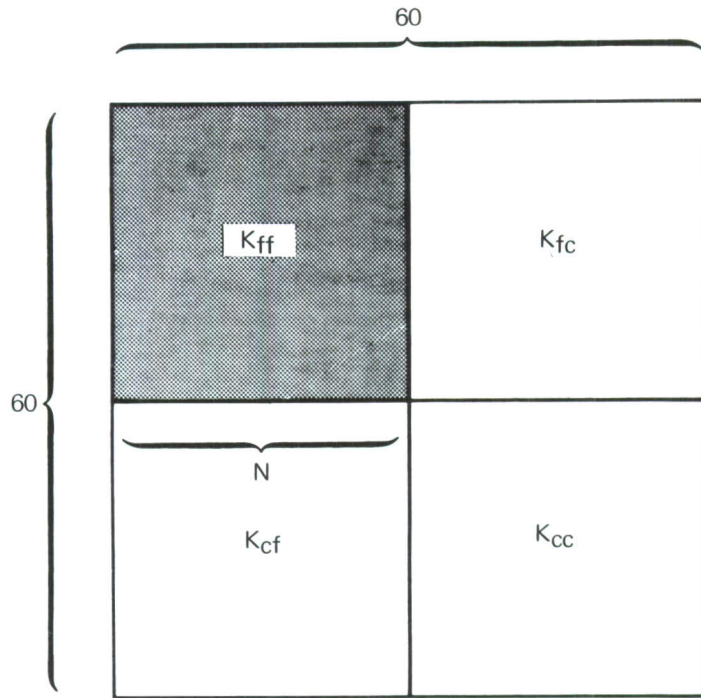
The stress matrices are merged in much the same way as the stiffness matrices with the main difference being that the stress terms do not add to each other as they do in the stiffness matrix. Again, only the non-null partitions are formed. The beam and plate stresses are merged separately, resulting in two structural stress matrices: one for beams and one for plates.

### (3) Matrix Sorting and Expansion

To reduce unwanted freedoms, the  $[K_{ff}]$  matrix must be sorted into four parts. The  $[K_{11}]$  part relates freedoms that are to be retained. The  $[K_{22}]$  part relates freedoms that are to be reduced. The  $[K_{12}]$  and  $[K_{21}]$  parts contain the terms of crosscoupling between the two types of freedoms. Also, since the TL01 reduction phase requires matrices in full form rather than in lower triangular, the four parts  $[K_{11}]$ ,  $[K_{12}]$ ,  $[K_{21}]$ , and  $[K_{22}]$  must be expanded from lower triangular to full form.

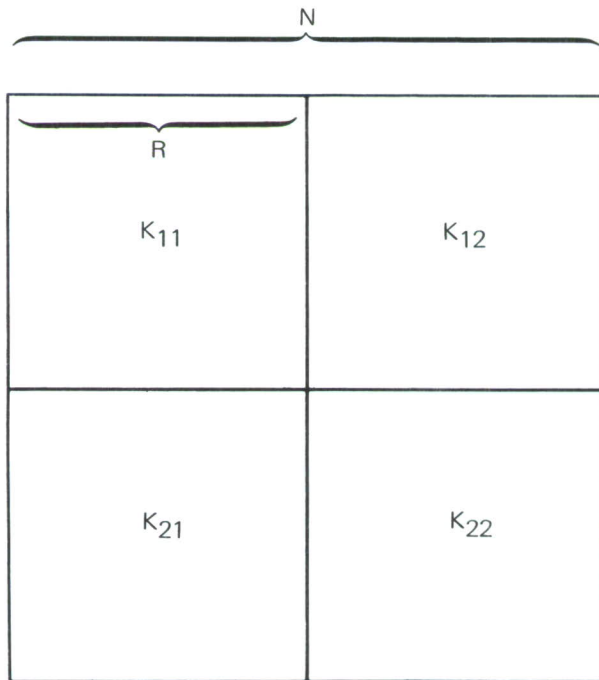
The stress matrix must be sorted into two parts in the column direction with only the first part  $[S_1]$  corresponding to the  $[K_{11}]$  freedoms and with the second part  $[S_2]$  corresponding to the  $[K_{22}]$  freedoms (figure 14).

The sorting of the  $[K_{ff}]$  partitions is done one partition at a time, and the four parts are written on separate tapes. Since  $[K_{ff}]$  does not contain null partitions, these must also be supplied at this time with the result being the four parts  $[K_{11}]$ ,  $[K_{12}]$ ,  $[K_{21}]$ , and  $[K_{22}]$  on tapes in lower triangular form with null partitions inserted. The expansion process takes place



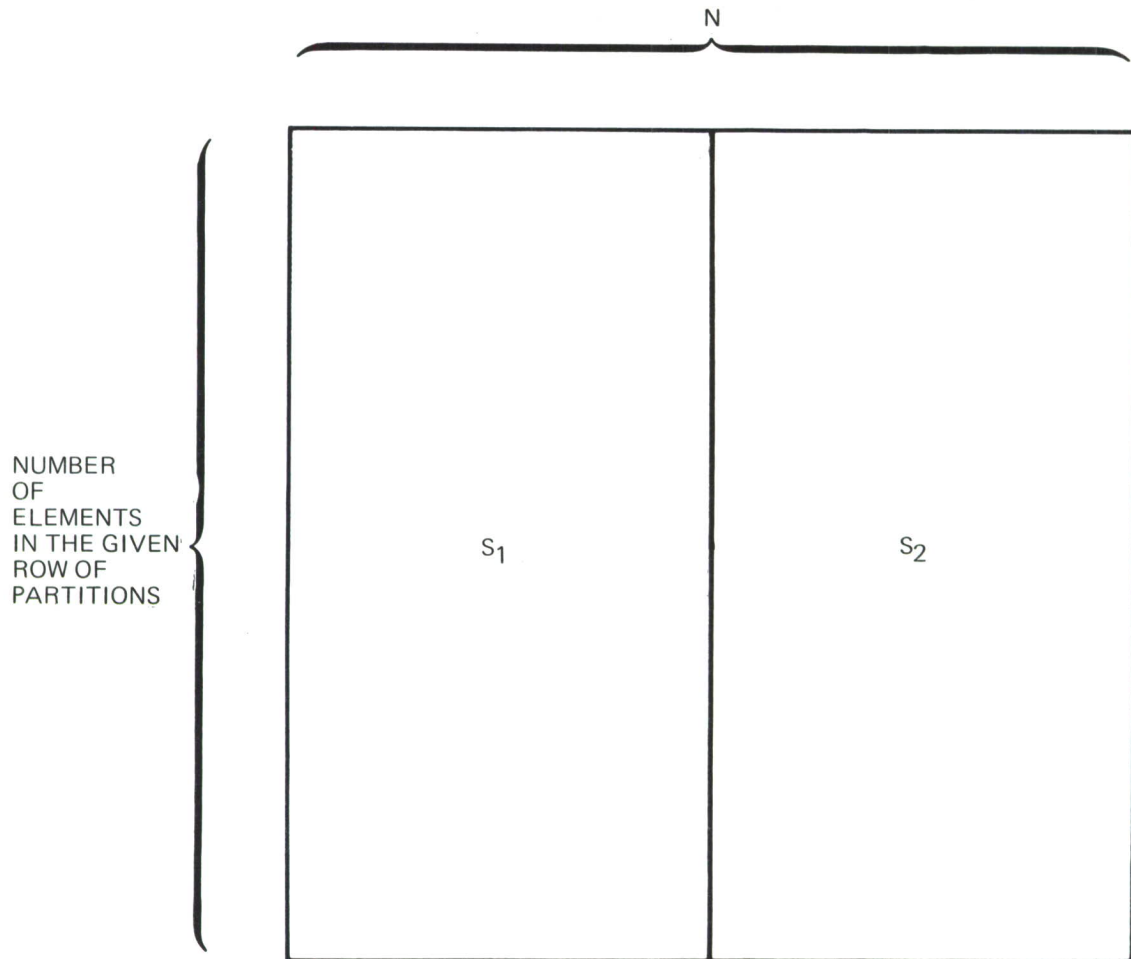
NOTE:  $[K_{fc}]$  ,  $[K_{cf}]$  , AND  $[K_{cc}]$  TERMS ARE DELETED AND ONLY  $[K_{ff}]$  IS WRITTEN ON TAPE.

(a) Merged



(b) Sorted

Figure 13. Stiffness Matrix Partitions



*Figure 14. Sorted Stress Matrix Partition*

next with  $[K_{11}]$  and  $[K_{22}]$  being expanded by the same subroutine (EXPAND). The expansion of  $[K_{12}]$  and  $[K_{21}]$ , however, is complicated by the fact that a given partition in  $[K_{ff}]$  need not have any retained freedoms. This results in  $[K_{21}]$  and  $[K_{12}]$  matrices that are not exactly lower triangular in form (figure 15). Therefore, a separate subroutine is required to perform the expansion of these two matrices (EXTRAN) with  $[K_{21}]$  being formed first and  $[K_{12}]$  then being written using the transpose of the appropriate  $[K_{21}]$  partitions.

The result of this sorting and expansion is two tapes, one containing a parameter matrix in the first file (giving the number of partitions in each of the following files) and giving  $[K_{11}]$  in the second file,  $[K_{12}]$  in the third file, and  $[K_{21}]$  in the fourth file. The  $[K_{22}]$  matrix is written on a separate tape.

The stress sorting is somewhat simpler, because expansion is not required. There is, however, one complication. The stress matrices contain columns for all freedoms in the structure (both fixed and constrained). This requires that the columns representing constrained freedoms be deleted before sorting. Once this is accomplished, the two stress matrices may be sorted in a manner similar to the stiffness matrix but in the column direction only. The two parts  $[S_1]$  and  $[S_2]$  are written on one tape with a parameter matrix (similar to stiffness) in the first file,  $[S_1]$  in the second file, and  $[S_2]$  in the third file.

#### (4) Reduction Procedure

When the sorted stiffness and stress matrices have been written on tape in the proper form, the MAST module then calls the TL01 matrix package to form the reduced stiffness and stress matrices. The TL01 "data phases" are located on tape, and the MAST module executes them as requested by the specific program options being used (figure 16).

For general use, the program will execute data phases 1 through 3 in sequence with data phases P and B being executed only if the stress option is used. For program checkout, the reduced stiffness, reduced flexibility, and reduced stress matrices may be printed out. Refer to the listing of the MAST subroutine in paragraph 1. b. (3)(d).

K <sub>11</sub> 1001	K <sub>12</sub> 1001			
K <sub>21</sub> 1001	K <sub>22</sub> 1001			
K <sub>21</sub> 2001	K <sub>22</sub> 2001	K <sub>22</sub> 2002		
K <sub>11</sub> 3001	K <sub>12</sub> 3001	K <sub>12</sub> 3002	K <sub>11</sub> 3003	K <sub>12</sub> 3003
K <sub>21</sub> 3001	K <sub>22</sub> 3001	K <sub>22</sub> 3002	K <sub>21</sub> 3003	K <sub>22</sub> 3003

K <sub>11</sub> 1001		K <sub>12</sub> 1001		
K <sub>11</sub> 3001	K <sub>11</sub> 3003	K <sub>12</sub> 3001	K <sub>12</sub> 3002	K <sub>12</sub> 3003
K <sub>21</sub> 1001		K <sub>22</sub> 1001		
K <sub>21</sub> 2001		K <sub>22</sub> 2001	K <sub>22</sub> 2002	
K <sub>21</sub> 3001	K <sub>21</sub> 3003	K <sub>22</sub> 3001	K <sub>22</sub> 3002	K <sub>22</sub> 3003

Figure 15. Sorted Stiffness Matrices

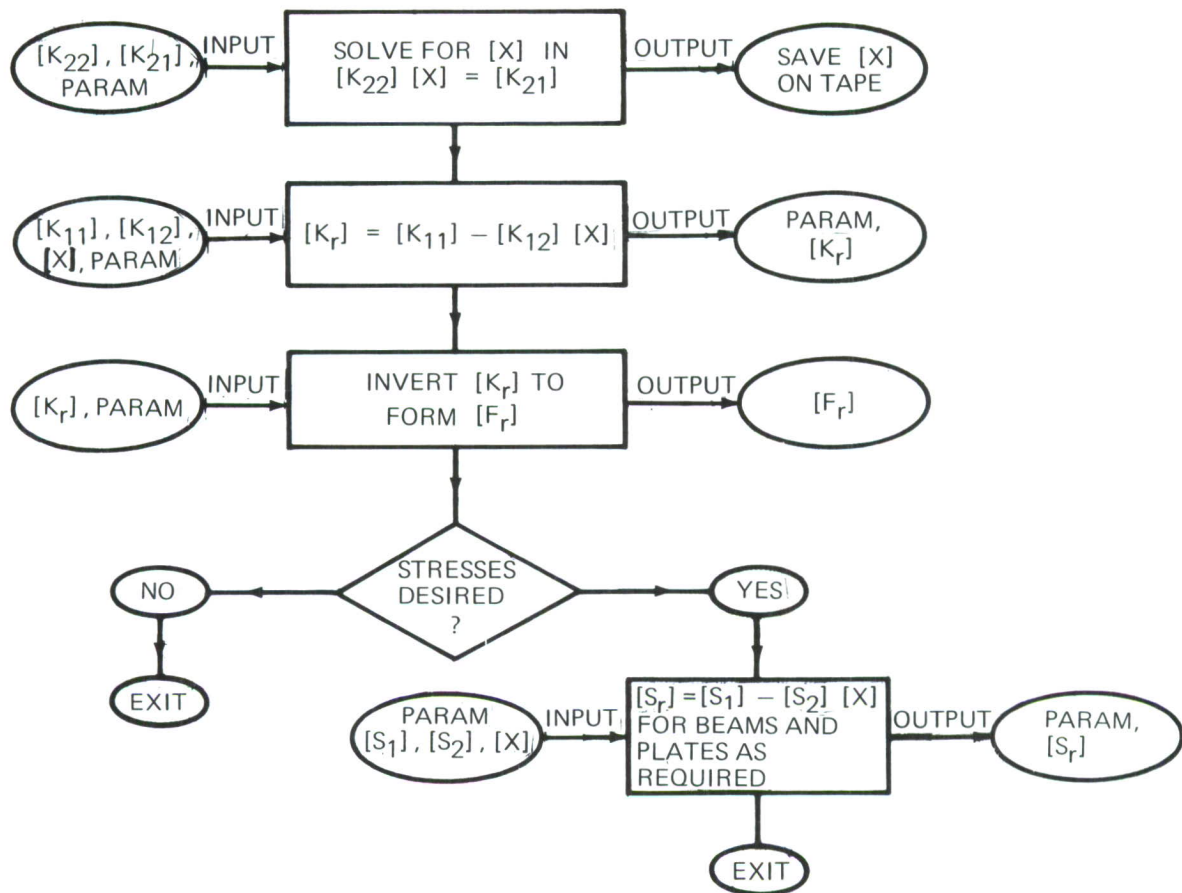


Figure 16. TL01 Phase Layout

c. Programming Organization

(1) Flow Diagrams

On the following pages are the overlay structure (figure 17) and flow diagrams (figure 18) for the MAST module.

(2) Tape Use

Figures 19 and 20 are the tape-use charts and tape format for the MAST module for the RANVIB system.

d. MAST Subroutine Listing

The following list identifies the MAST module subroutines and their functions. The subroutines are listed in the order they occur on the phase I master tape.

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
MAST	Reads control cards and controls execution of MAST module
PAGHED	Prints page heading
UNPACK	Unpacks constraint-condition data
PRINT	Prints matrices or vectors
SUBM1	Controls generation of merge
GENRAT	Controls element generation
REDUCE	Reduces freedoms from elemental matrices
INFO	Reads in nodal data
PLATE	Reads plate data and controls
MUL1	Matrix multiplication, $[C] = [A][B]$
MUL2	Matrix multiplication, $[C] = [A]^T [B]$
PSTIF	Controls local-coordinate generation and elemental stiffness matrix generation for plates
QUAD	Controls elemental stiffness generation for quadrilateral plates
LAMK	Performs coordinate transformation from local-stiffness to structural stiffness matrices

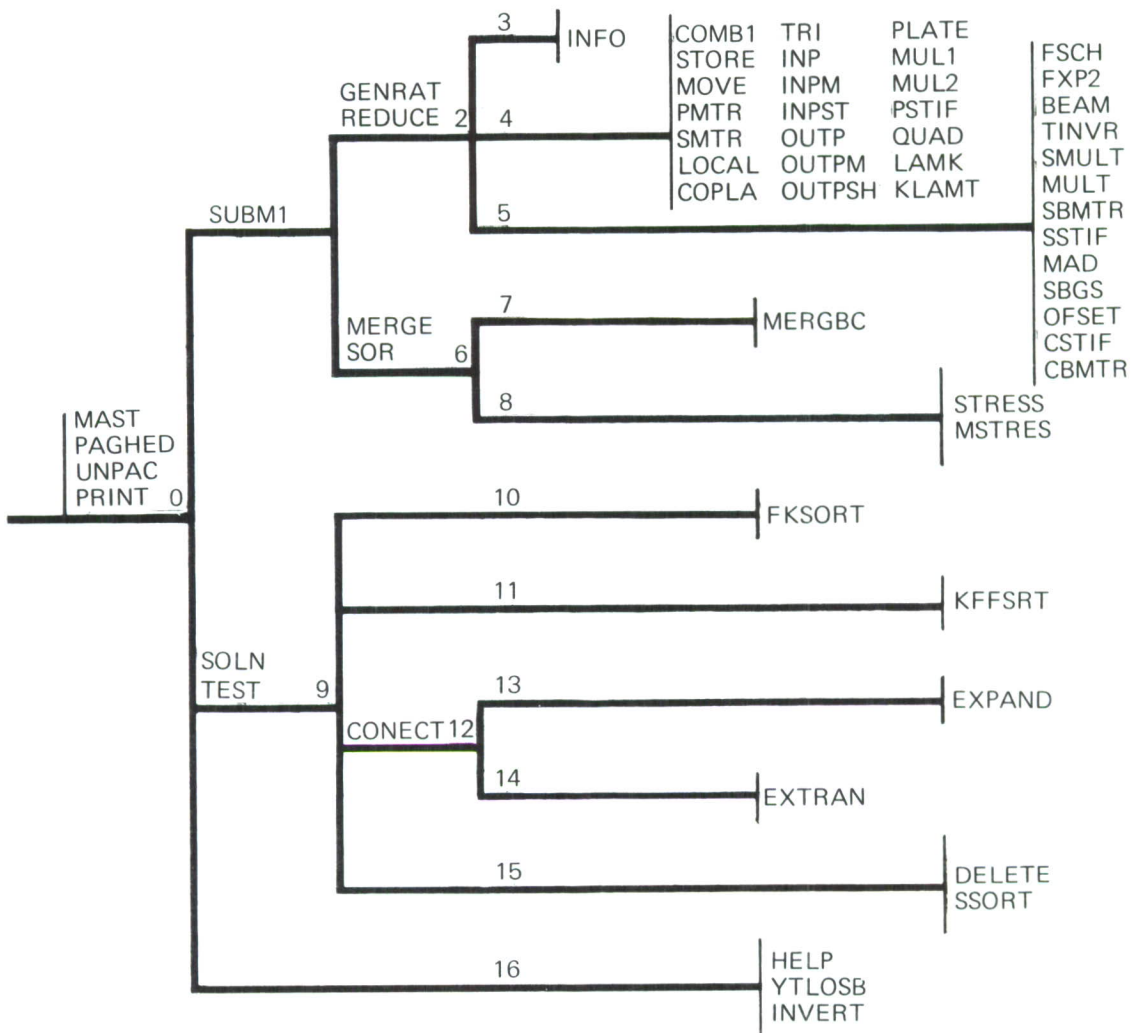


Figure 17. Mast Overlay Structure

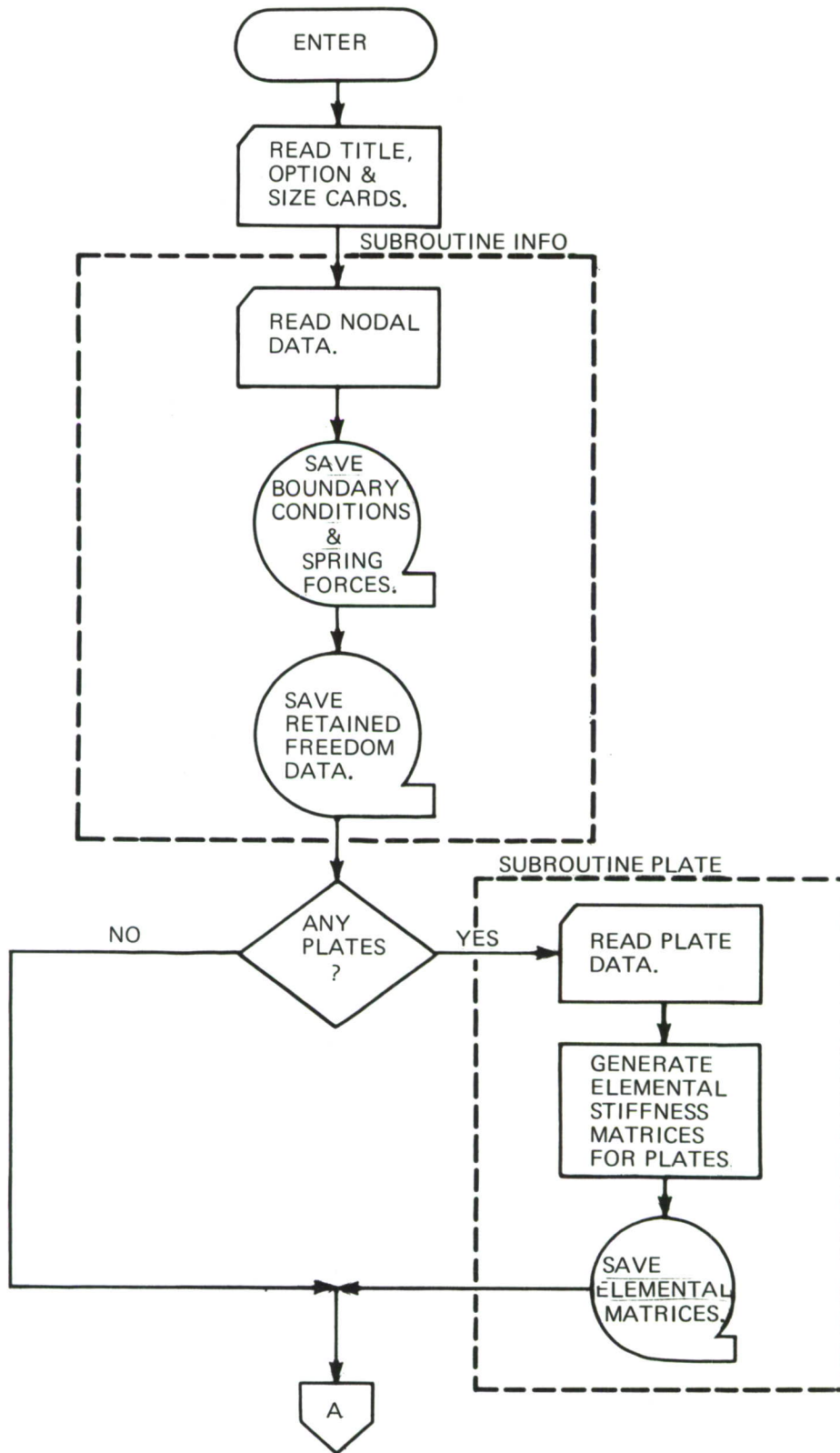


Figure 18. MAST Flow Chart

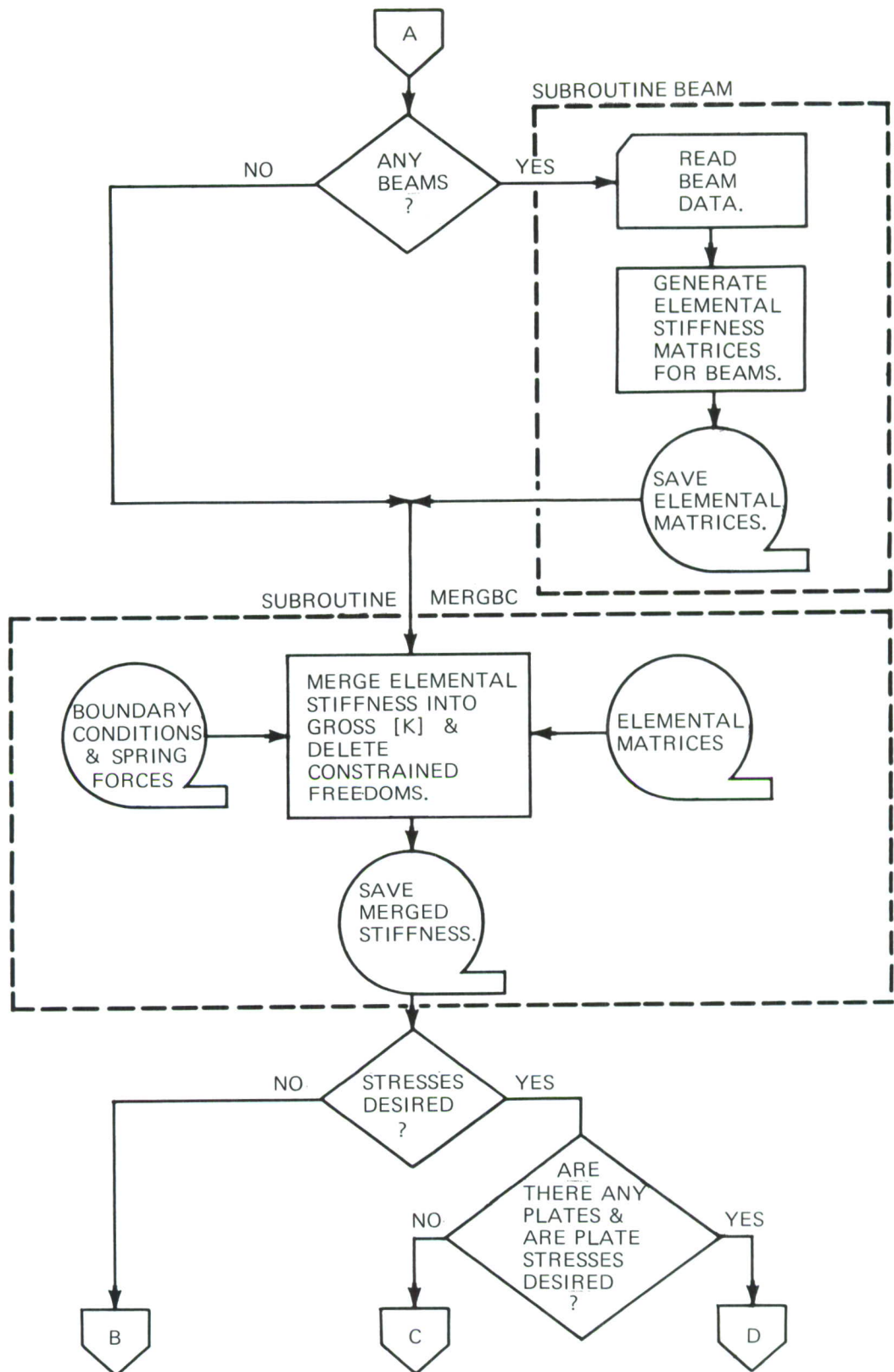


Figure 18.—Continued

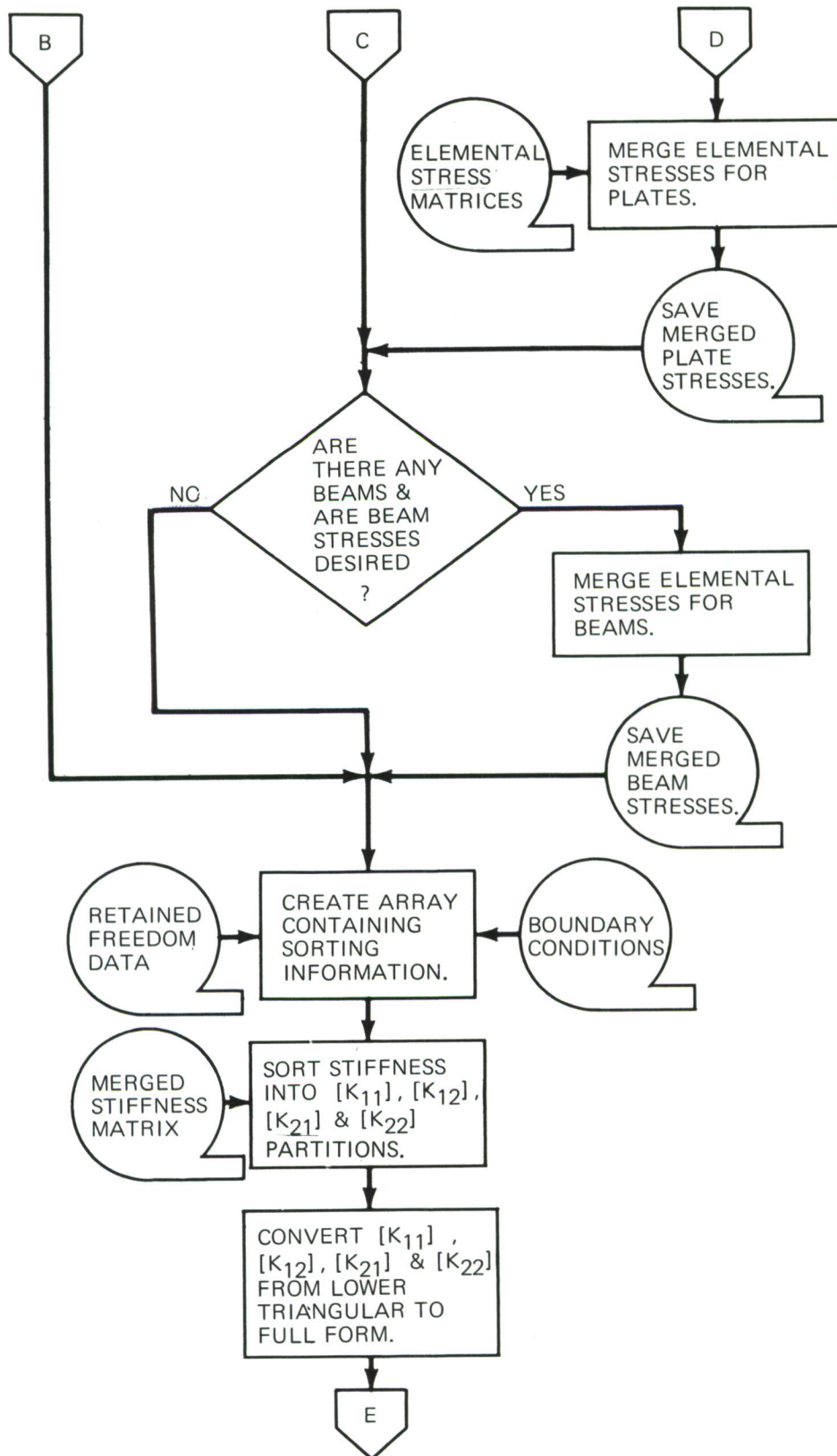


Figure 18-Continued

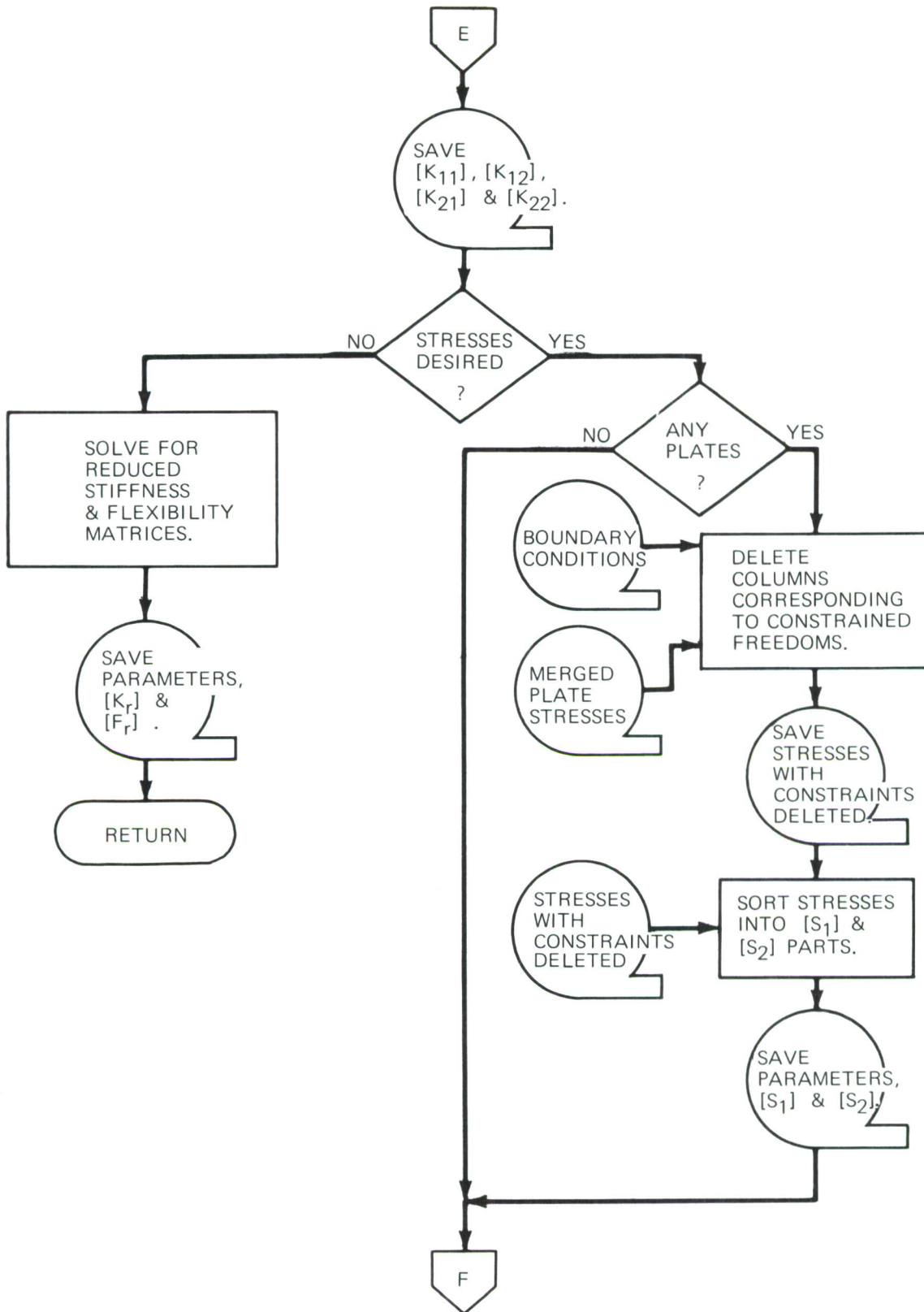


Figure 18—Continued

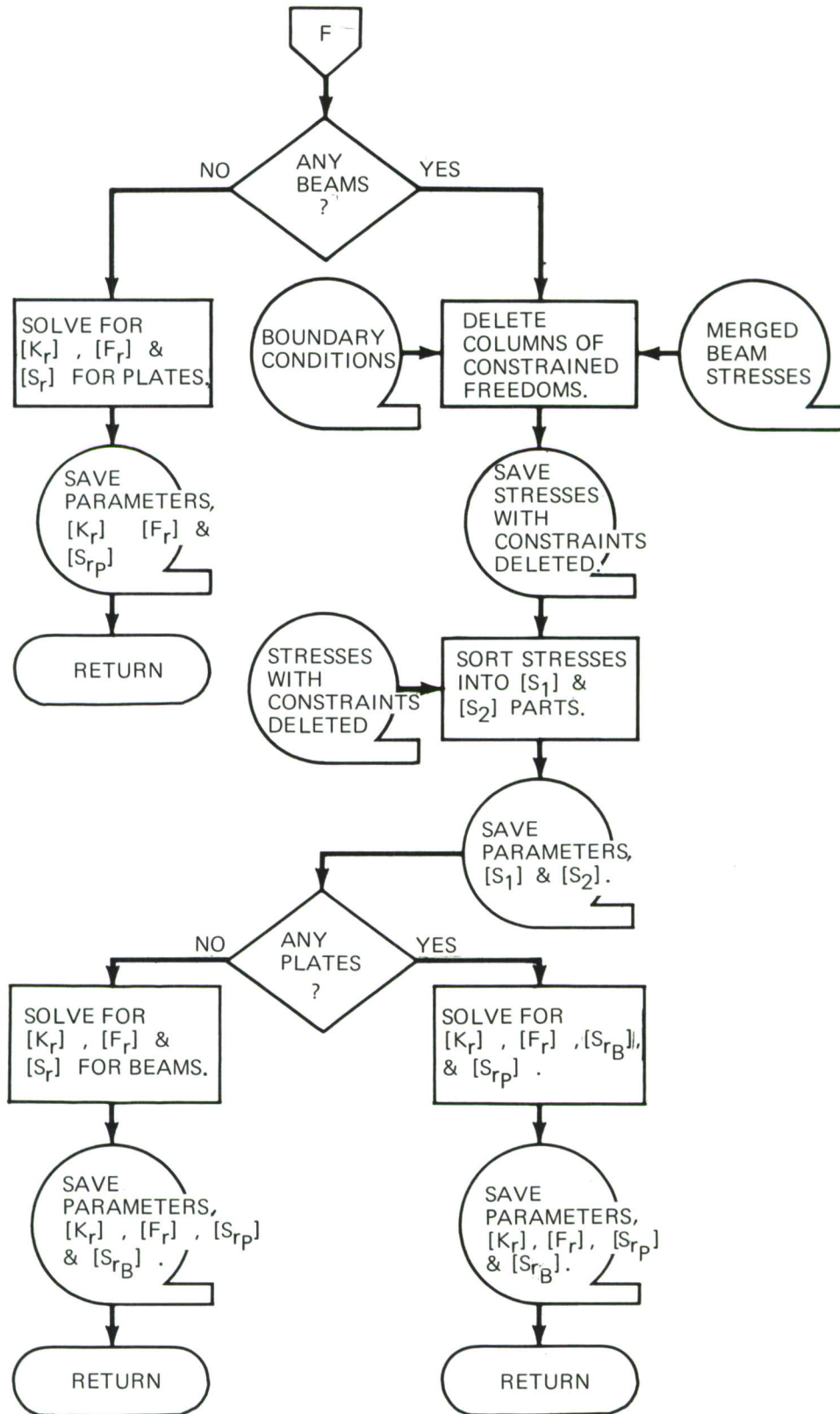


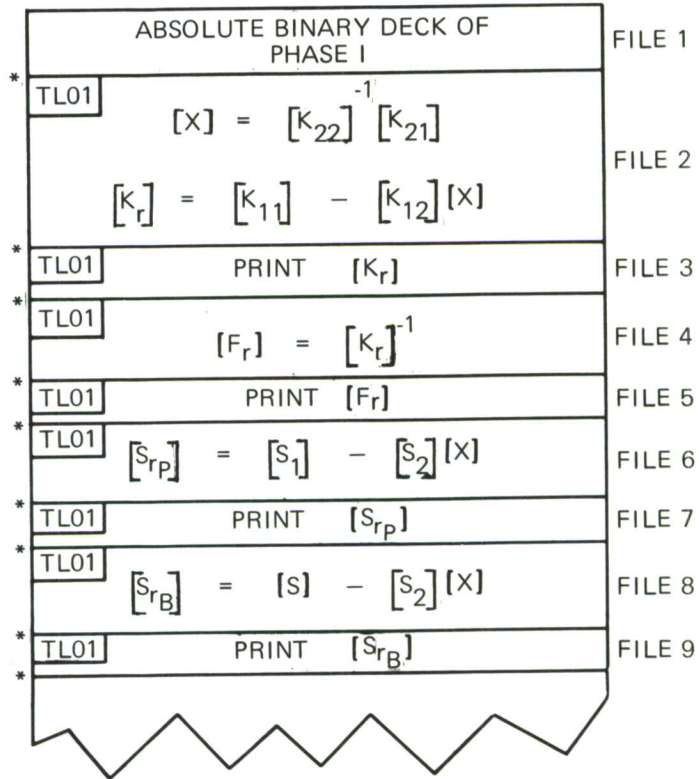
Figure 18.—Concluded

LOGICAL TAPE UNIT	INFO	PLATE	BEAM	MERBC	MSTRS	FMSRT	KFSRT	ONECT	EXPAND	EXTRAN	DELETE	SSORT	SOLVE FOR $[K_{22}]^{-1} [K_{21}]$	SOLVE FOR $[K_1]^{-1}$	FORMATION FOR $[K_1]^{-1}$	PHASE 32 SOLVE FOR $[K_1]^{-1}$	PHASE F COMPUTE $[S_1]$	PHASE B COMPUTE $[S_1]$	(OUTPUT)
1	RETAINED FREEDOMS					RETAINED FREEDOMS	$[K_{22}]$ LOWER TRIANGULAR		$[K_{22}]$ LOWER TRIANGULAR			PARAMETERS $[S_1]$ PLATES							
2		ELEMENTAL $[K]$	ELEMENTAL $[K]$	ELEMENTAL $[K]$			$[K_{21}]$	PARAMETER	$[K_{11}]$ FULL	$[K_{12}]$ FULL				PARAMETERS $[K_1]$	PARAMETERS $[K_1]$				PARAMETERS $[K_1]$
3	BOUNDARY CONDITIONS, SPRING FORCES		BOUNDARY CONDITIONS, SPRING FORCES	BOUNDARY CONDITIONS, SPRING FORCES	BOUNDARY CONDITIONS	BOUNDARY CONDITIONS					BOUNDARY CONDITIONS	PARAMETERS $[S_1]$ BEAMS							PARAMETERS $[S_1]$
4													PARAMETERS $[K_{11}]$ $[K_{12}]$						
5																			
6																			
7		ELEMENTAL $[K]$		ELEMENTAL $[K]$															
8					$[S_p]$ $[S_B]$						$[S_p]$ $[S_B]$		$[K_{22}]^{-1} [K_{21}]$		SCRATCH				PARAMETERS $[S_1]$
9																			PARAMETERS $[S_1]$ PLATES
10																			
11				$[K_{11}]$			$[K_{11}]$		$[K_{22}]$ FULL				$[K_{22}]$ FULL		SCRATCH	SCRATCH	SCRATCH	SCRATCH	
12							$[K_{12}]$			$[K_{12}]$ LOWER TRIANGULAR		$[S_H]$	SCRATCH		SCRATCH				PARAMETERS $[S_1]$
13																			
14																			
15		ELEMENTAL $[S]$	ELEMENTAL $[S]$		ELEMENTAL $[S]$							SCRATCH							
16									$[K_{11}]$ LOWER TRIANGULAR	SCRATCH			$[K_{22}]^{-1} [K_{21}]$						$[K_{22}]^{-1} [K_{21}]$

SUBSCRIPTS: /1, H - FREE-FREE  
 /2, r - REDUCED  
 3, B - BEAMS  
 4, P - PLATES

Figure 19. MAST Subroutine Tape Use Chart

(LOGICAL UNIT 9)



\*END FILE

Figure 20. Phase I Master Tape Detail

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
KLAMT	Performs coordinate transformation from local-stiffness to structural stiffness matrices
TRI	Controls generation of elemental stiffness matrices for triangular plates
INP	Controls generation of in-plane plate stiffness terms
INPM	Generates in-plane moment plate terms
INPST	Generates in-plane plate stretching terms
OUTP	Controls generation of out-of-plane plate stiffness terms
OUTPM	Generates out-of-plane plate moment terms
OUTPSH	Generates out-of-plane plate shear terms
COMBIN	Combines in-plane terms or out-of-plane terms
STORE	Stores in-plane and out-of-plane terms in elemental stiffness matrix
MOVE	Matrix addition, $[B] = [A] + [B]$
PMTR	Generates coordinate-transformation matrix for triangular or quadrilateral plates
SMTR	Generates stress-transformation matrix for triangular or quadrilateral plates
LOCAL	Generates local coordinates for plates and checks for re-entrant corner and node sequencing
COPLAN	Checks quadrilateral plates for coplanarity
BEAM	Reads beam data and controls the generation of beam-element stiffness matrices
TINVR	Inverts beam flexibility matrix to get beam stiffness
SMULT	Matrix multiplication-subtraction, $[C] = [C] - [A][B]$
MULT	Matrix multiplication-addition, $[C] = [C] + [A][B]$ or $[C] = [C][A]^T[B]$ or may store results in $[B]$

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
SBMTR	Generates transformation matrix for straight beams
SSTIF	Generates stiffness matrix for straight beams
MAD	Matrix addition for 12 by 12 only, $[A] = [A] + [B]$
SBGS	Generates geometric stiffness matrices for straight beams
OFST	Generates offset-transformation matrix for beams
CSTIF	Generates elemental stiffness matrix for curved beam
CBMTR	Generates transformation matrix for curved beams
MERGE	Controls merge of structural stiffness and stress matrices
SOR	Sorts the partition identification number list prior to merge of stiffness
MERGBC	Merges the structural stiffness matrix
STRESS	Controls merge of the structural stress matrices
MSTRES	Merges the structural stress matrices
SOLN	Controls the sorting of the structural stiffness and stress matrices
TEST	Tests the list of partition identifications to determine if a given partition number is present
FKSORT	Creates the control array used to sort the stiffness and stress matrices
KFFSRT	Sorts the structural stiffness matrix into retained and reduced freedoms
CONNECT	Controls the expansion of the sorted stiffness matrix into full form
EXPAND	Expands the $[K_{11}]$ and $[K_{22}]$ matrices into full form
EXTRAN	Expands the $[K_{12}]$ and $[K_{21}]$ matrices into full form
DELETE	Deletes the columns of constrained freedoms from the structural stress matrices

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
SSORT	Sorts the structural stress matrices into retained and reduced parts
DATA PHASE I	Solves the equation $[K_{22}] [X] = [K_{21}]$
DATA PHASE II	Calculates $[K_r] = [K_{11}] - [K_{12}] [X]$
DATA PHASE III	Calculates $[S_r] = [S_1] - [S_2] [X]$ (beams)
DATA PHASE IV	Calculates $[S_r] = [S_1] - [S_2] [X]$ (plates)

## 2. INTERMEDIATE MATRIX MERGE

The stiffness and flexibility matrices are merged in AMERGE to an N-by-N matrix from the partitioned matrices output on tape from the MAST module.

The stresses are merged and re-partitioned in SMERGE to 8-by-8 matrices for plates and 6-by-6 matrices for beams.

The merged flexibility matrix is used in the FREMOD module. The stiffness matrix is only used when a phase II option 1 solution is desired. The partitioned stresses are used when the stresses in phase II are wanted.

### a. Subroutine AMERGE (ITAPE, NTAPE, NF1)

This subroutine merges the stiffness  $[K]$  or flexibility  $[F]$  matrices.

Method: The matrices  $[K]$  or  $[F]$  that are formed in subroutine MAST and stored in row-partitioned form are merged to form a N-by-N matrix and stored on phase I output tape.

Input: Stiffness/flexibility matrix on tape 2

Output: Merged stiffness/flexibility matrix on tape 10

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: ITAPE—Input tape of stiffness/flexibility  
 NTAPE—Output tape of stiffness/flexibility  
 NF1—Number of file marks to skip past before reading starts. NF1 = 1 for the stiffness matrix and NF1 = 2 for the flexibility matrix.

Length: 33215<sub>8</sub>

Flow chart: See figure 21.

b. Subroutine SMERGE

Method: This subroutine merges the stresses from the MAST subroutine and re-partitions and stores the matrices on the phase I output tape. The stresses for plates and beams are re-partitioned to 8-by-8 and 6-by-6 matrices, respectively.

Input: Parameter matrix and stress matrices for plates and beams from ITAPE

Output: The re-partitioned stress matrices are stored on NTAPE. The matrices for plates are stored first, then the beam stresses are stored. Either or both stresses may be stored on tape.

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: ITAPE—Input stress matrices are on this tape.  
NTAPE—Output of the re-partitioned stress matrices are stored on this tape.  
ITEST—This variable is set to 8 if the plate stresses are to be re-partitioned; 6 if the beam stresses are to be re-partitioned.

Length: 40472<sub>8</sub>

Flow chart: See figure 22.

3. VIBRATION PROGRAM (FREMOD)

a. General Description

The purpose of the FREMOD module is to calculate the natural frequencies and normal mode shapes, given the flexibility matrix and mass matrix. This is done by solving the dynamic matrix for eigenvalues and eigenvectors using the QR algorithm.

See the macro flow chart (figure 23) and organization chart (figure 24).

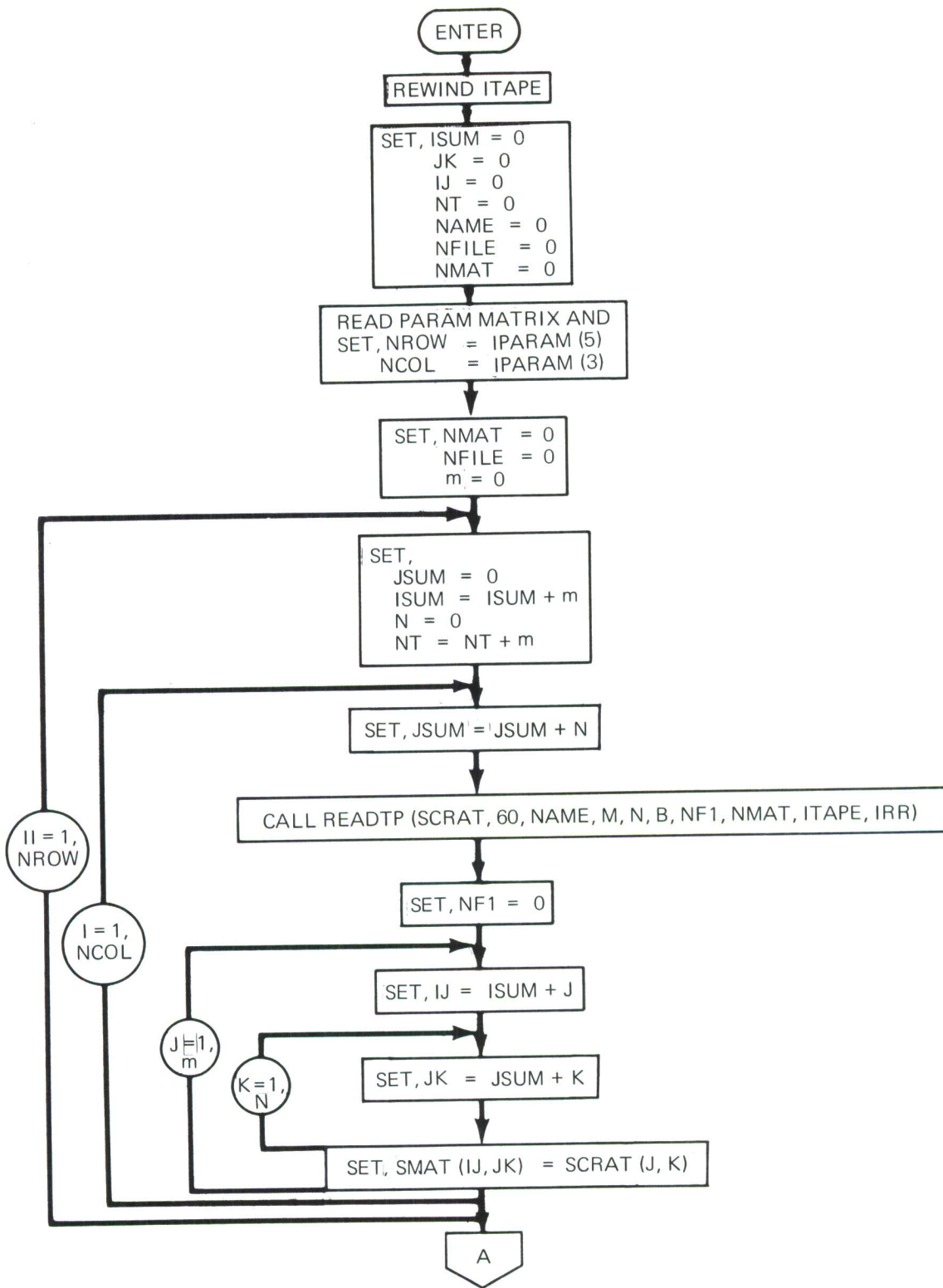
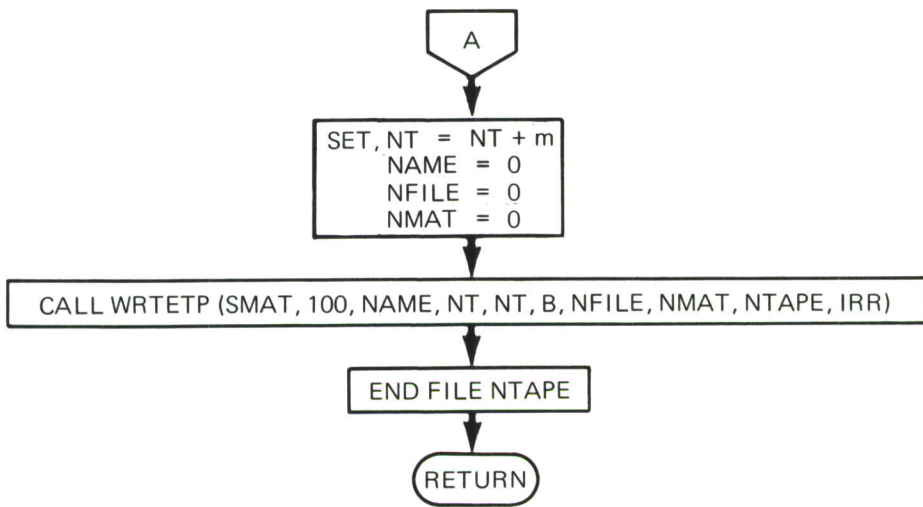


Figure 21. AMERGE Flow Chart



*Figure 21—Concluded*

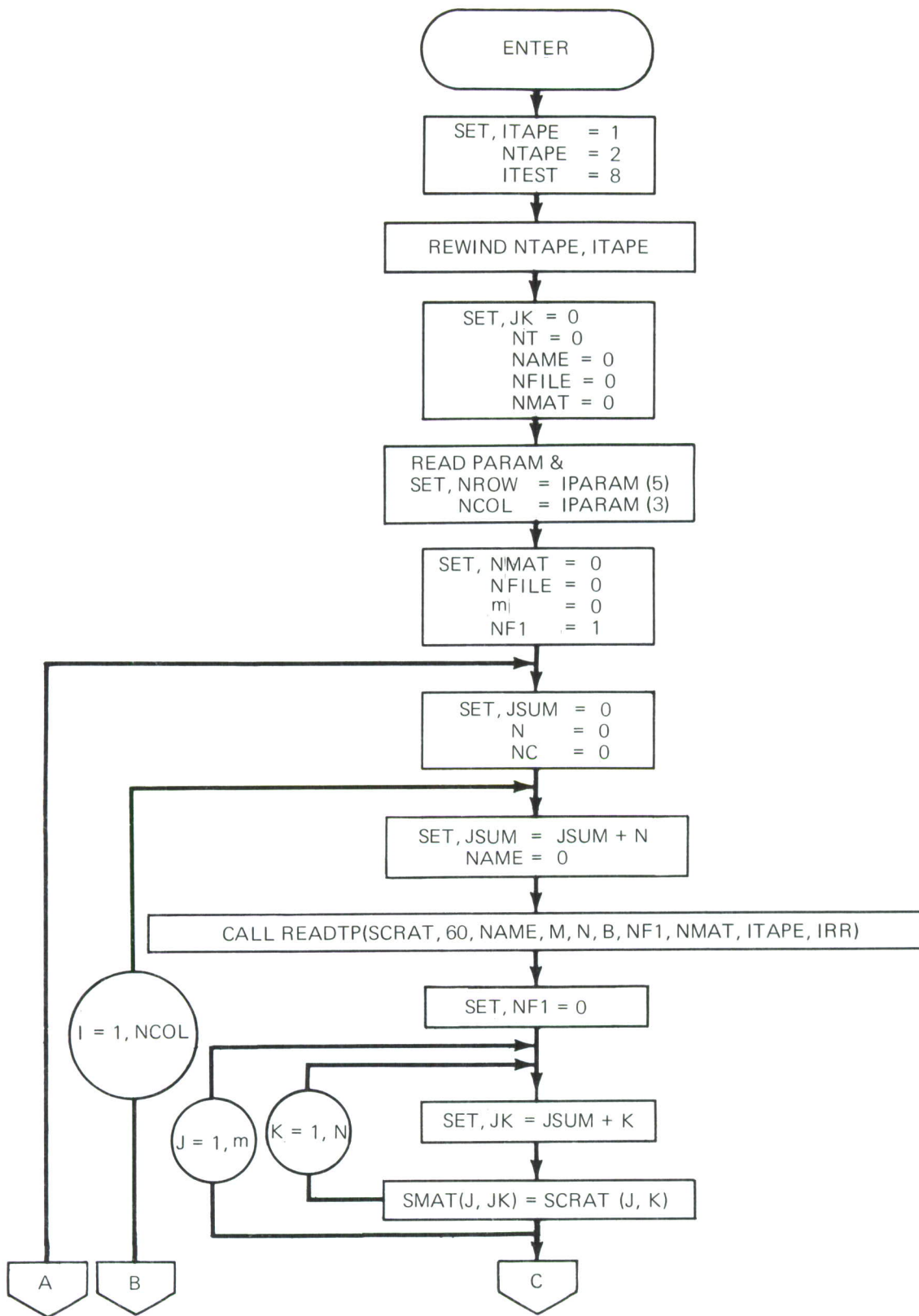


Figure 22. SMERGE Flow Chart

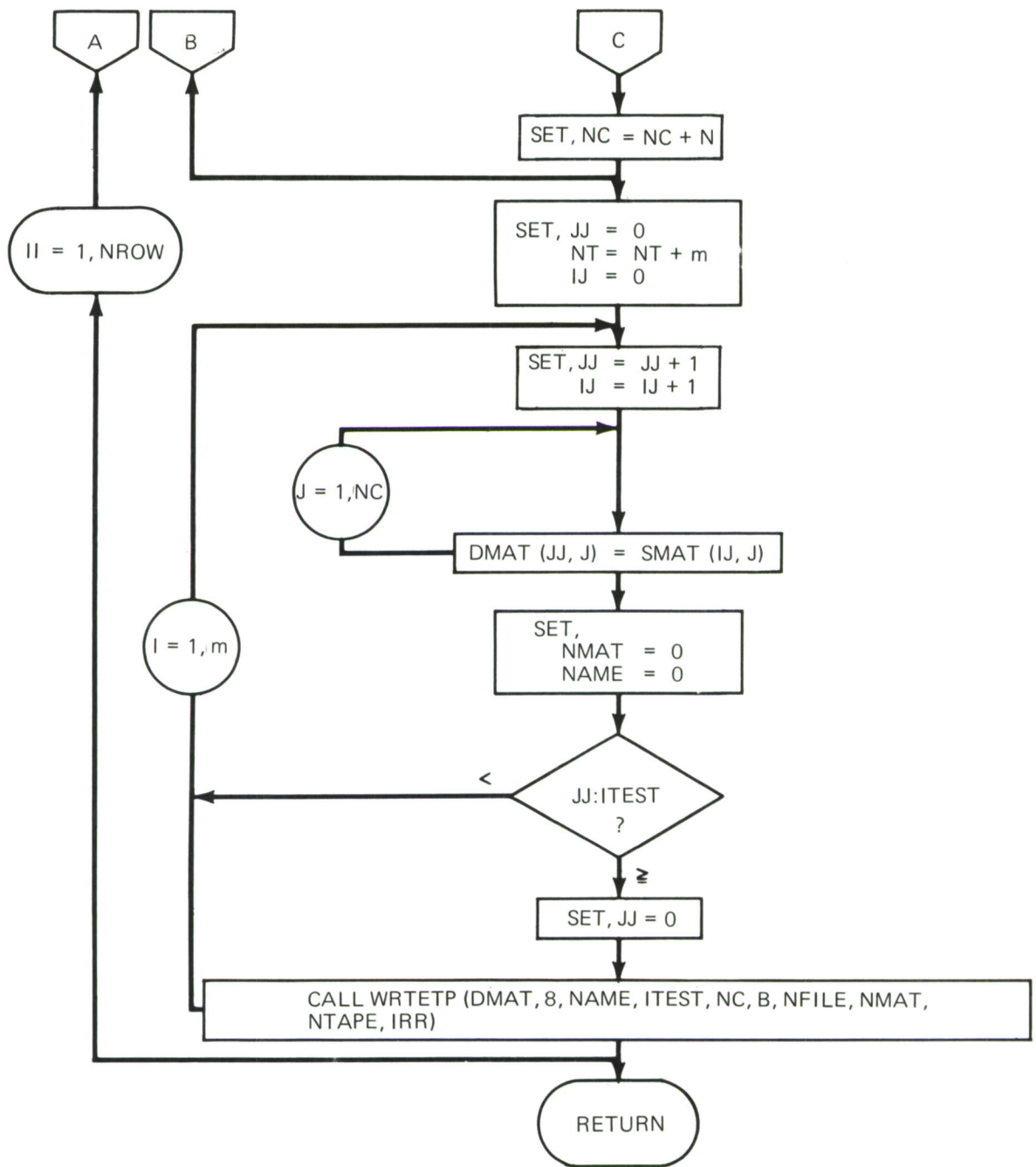


Figure 22—Concluded

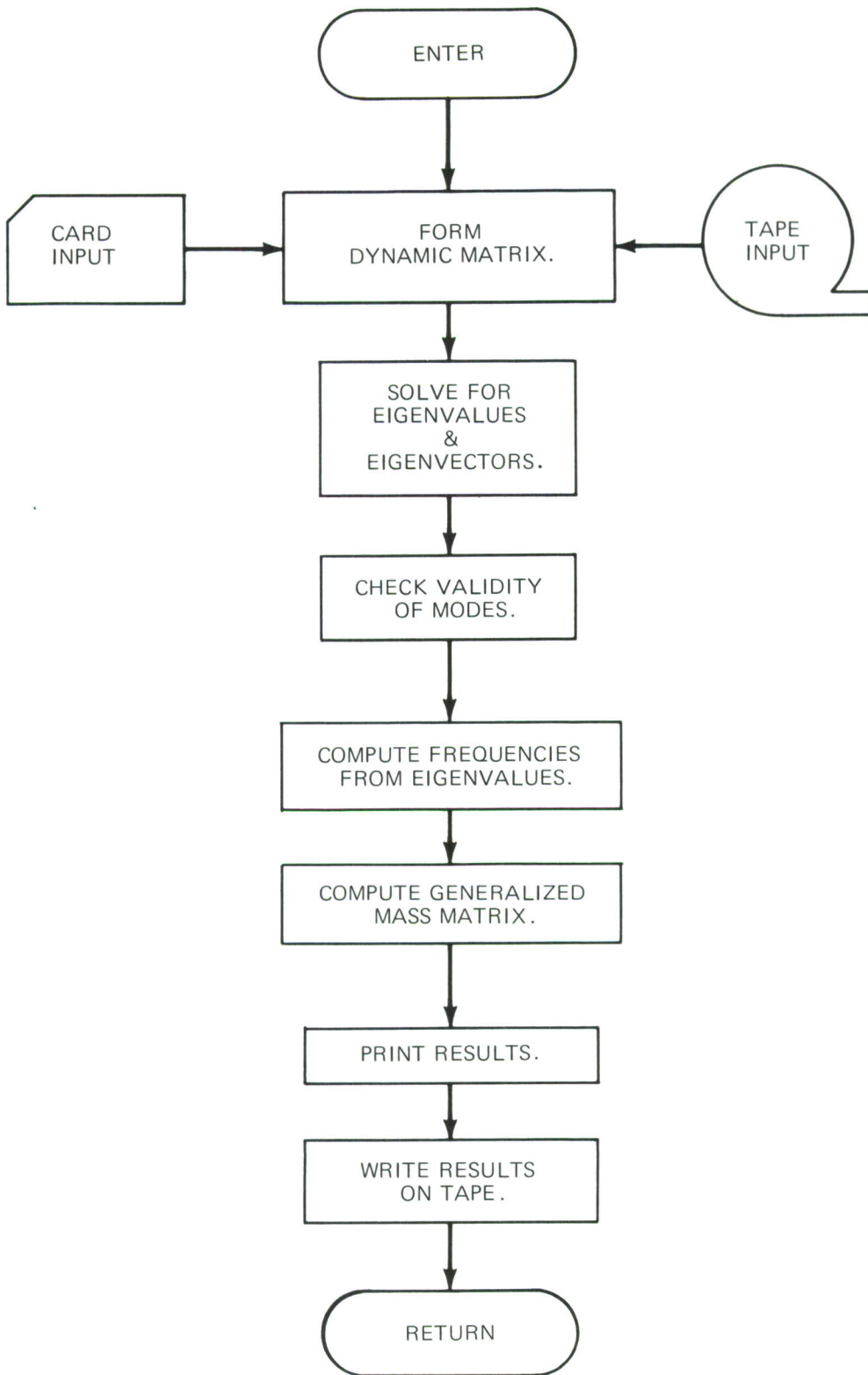


Figure 23. FREMOD Macro Flow Chart

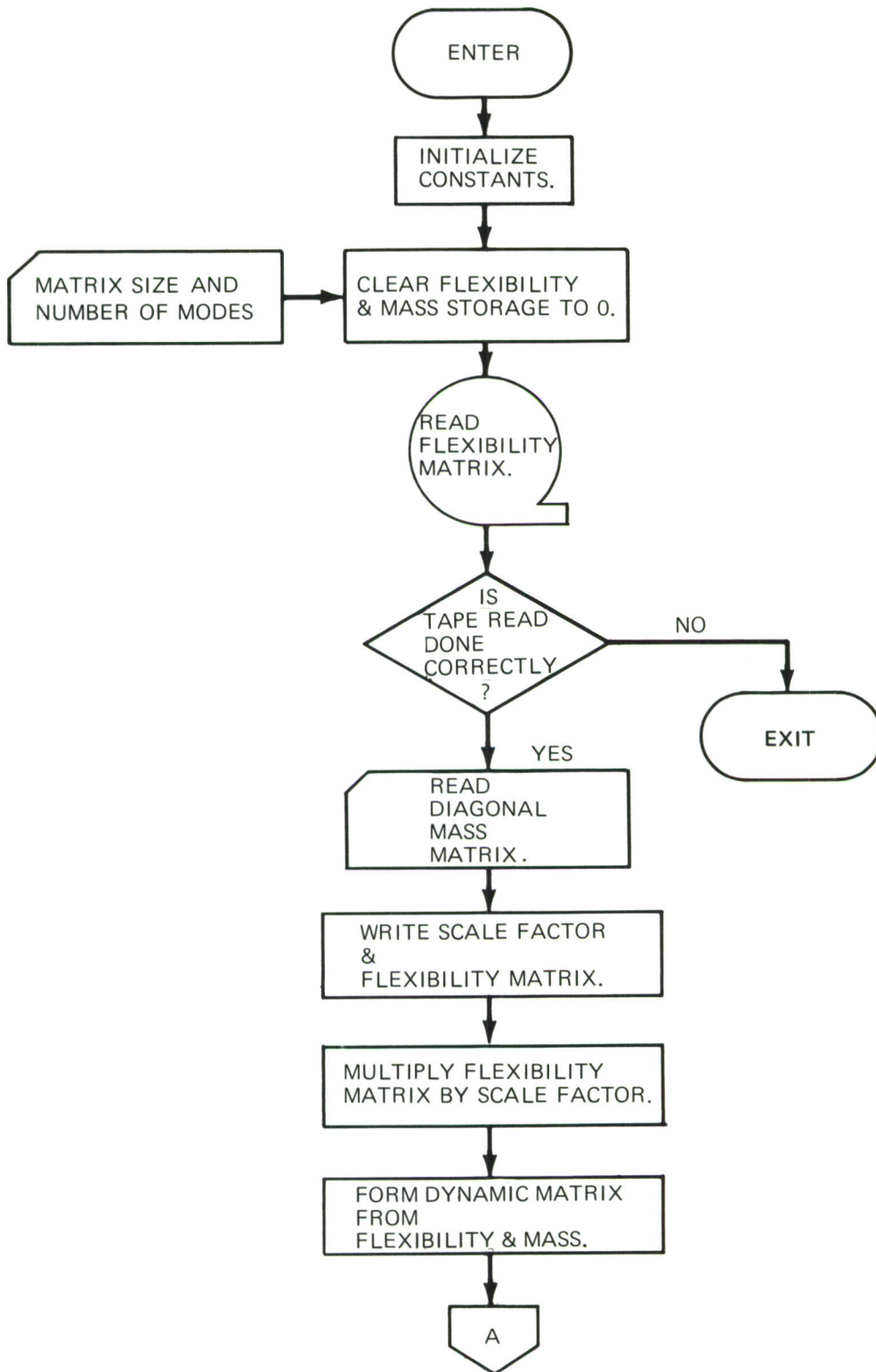


Figure 24. FREMOD Program Organization

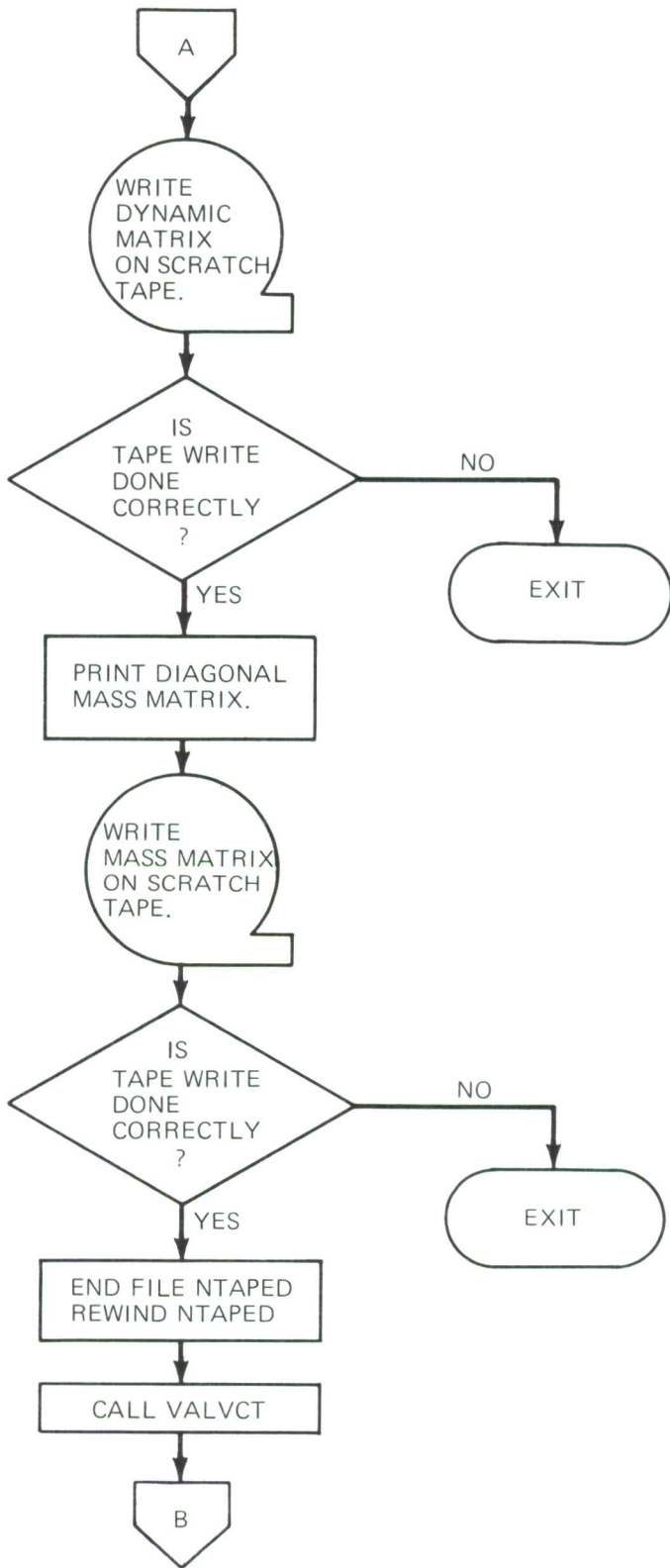
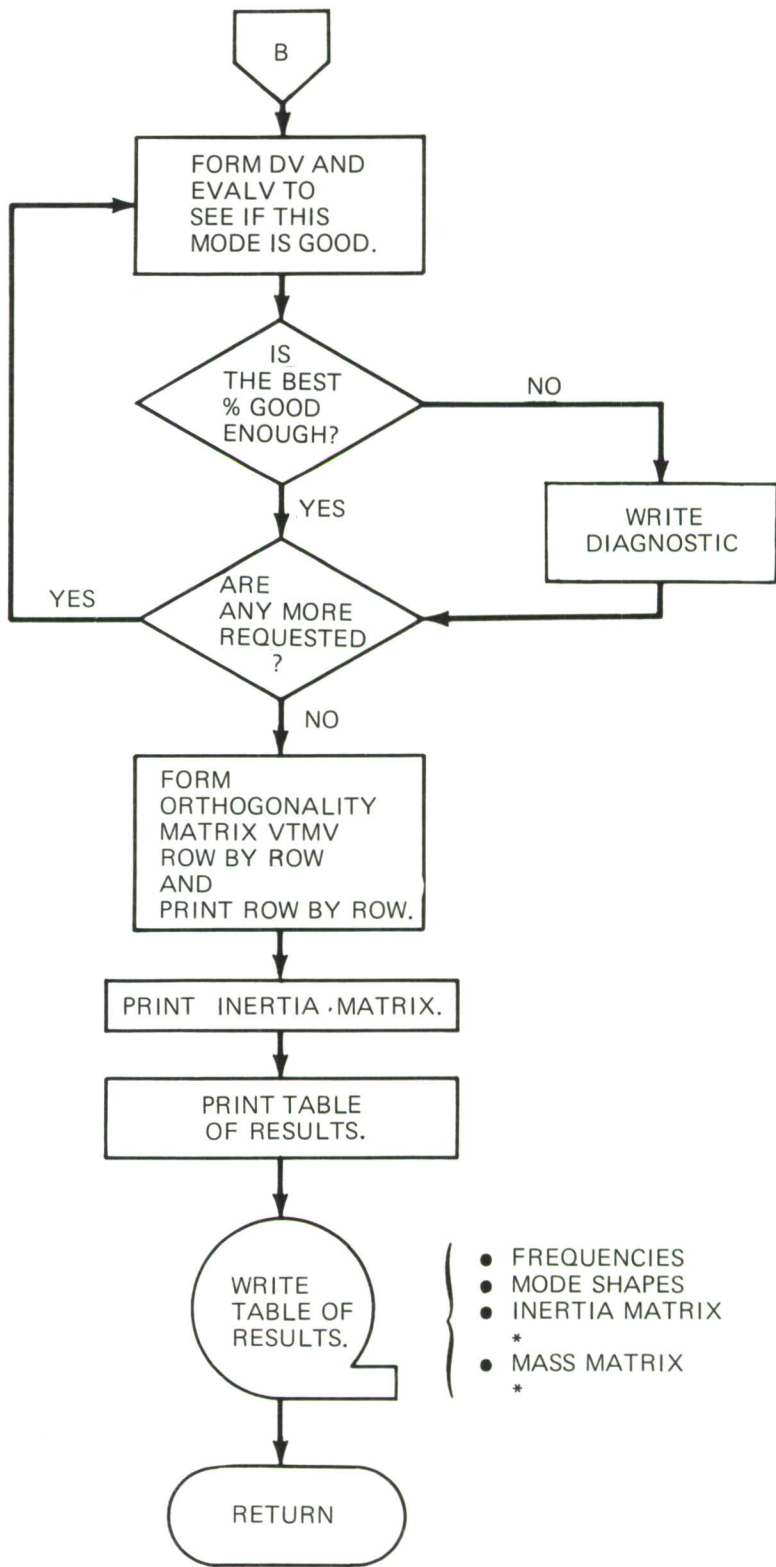


Figure 24—Continued



\* END FILE

Figure 24—Concluded

## b. Programming Organization

The FREMOD module consists of a control routine and seven subroutines. Routine FREMOD controls generation of the eigenvalue-eigenvectors. The functions of the seven subroutines follow.

### (1) Subroutine Descriptions

Subroutine VALVCT calls six subroutines that together comprise the QR algorithm. The subroutine VALVCT input/output parameters are DYNMAT, N, MODES, EVAL, and VECMAT:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Function</u>
DYNMAT	Dynamic matrix (not returned)
N	Size of current dynamic matrix
MODES	Number of modes desired
EVAL	Array containing eigenvalues
VECMAT	Array containing eigenvectors

The function of VALVCT is to generate eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Given the matrix equation

$$[D] - r[I] \{\phi\} = 0 \quad (1)$$

where:  $[D]$  = dynamic matrix

$r$  = eigenvalue

$[I]$  = identity matrix

$\{\phi\}$  = eigenvector

subroutine VALVCT and its associated subroutines find the set of characteristic roots  $r$  (eigenvalues) and the vectors  $\{\phi\}$ . Natural frequencies are calculated in the main program from the eigenvalues by the equation

$$\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{r}} \quad (2)$$

The eigenvalue solution is accomplished using the technique commonly known as the QR algorithm.

The QR algorithm is based on the concept of a similarity transformation. To illustrate the similarity transformation and show its usefulness, let us pre-multiply equation (1) by the arbitrary nonsingular matrix  $[A]$  yielding:

$$[A] \left[ [D] - r[I] \right] \{ \phi \} = 0 \quad (3)$$

Now assume a vector  $\{X\}$  such that  $[A]^{-1}\{X\} = \{ \phi \}$  and substitute the value into equation (3) yielding:

$$\begin{aligned} [A] [D] - r [A] [I] \quad [A]^{-1} \{X\} &= 0 \\ [A] [D] [A]^{-1} - r [I] \quad \{X\} &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

Examination of equation (4) shows that the new matrix  $[A][D][A]^{-1}$  has the same eigenvalues as equation (1). However, the transformation  $[A]$  is required to get back to the original vector space containing vectors  $\{ \phi \}$ , i. e.  $[A] \{ \phi \} = \{ X \}$ . By judicious choice of a series of  $[A]$  matrices, the form of the original matrix may be changed to suit one's needs. The transformation represented by equation (4) is known as the similarity transformation. The process is as follows.

(a) Step 1

Subroutine HESSEN transforms the dynamic matrix  $[D]$  (N-by-N) to "upper-Hessenberg" form  $[H]$  ( $h_{ij} = 0, i > j + 1$ ).

By using similarity transformations, the eigenvalues are guaranteed to be left unchanged. One premultiplication of  $[D]$  is required in eliminating the terms below the subdiagonal in the  $j^{\text{th}}$  column, and postmultiplication is required to complete the similarity transformation. However, before premultiplication and postmultiplication at the  $j^{\text{th}}$  step, a row and column interchange is performed to ensure that the term  $d_{j+1,j}$  is larger than any term below it in column  $j$ . The equation is

$$[H] = [S_{n-2}] [U_{n-2}] \cdots [S_1] [U_1] [D] [U_1]^{-1} [S_1]^{-1} \cdots [U_{n-2}]^{-1} [S_{n-2}]^{-1} \quad (5)$$

where  $[S_j]$  eliminates the terms below the subdiagonal in column  $j$ , and  $[U_j]$  performs the row interchange to maintain numerical stability.

(b) Step 2

Subroutine QRITER performs the following calculations:

A matrix  $[P]$  is found such that  $[P][H]$  is upper triangular and  $[P][H][P]^{-1}$  is again of upper-Hessenberg form. The sequence of matrices  $[H_1], [H_2], \dots, [H_k]$  is now formed as shown below:

$$\begin{aligned} [H_1] &= [P_1][H_0][P_1]^{-1} \\ [H_2] &= [P_2][H_1][P_2]^{-1} \\ &\vdots \\ [H_k] &= [P_k][H_{k-1}][P_k]^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

It has been demonstrated (reference 4) that this sequence converges to an upper triangular matrix if the roots  $r$  are real.

Convergence is approximately inversely proportional to the ratio  $(r_i/r_{i-1})^k$  for the  $i^{\text{th}}$  root where  $|r_1| > |r_2| > |r_3| \dots > |r_n|$ . This being the case, the acceleration technique consists of a shift of origin by an amount that is a close approximation of the root  $r_i$ . It is easy to find a close approximation since  $h_{ii} \rightarrow r_i$ . (Actually, the roots of the 2-by-2 matrix whose diagonal terms are  $h_{i-1, i-1}$  and  $h_{ii}$  are used.) The shifting is performed by subtracting the approximation (say  $\bar{r}_i$ ) off the diagonal of  $[H]$  at the  $k^{\text{th}}$  step. The appropriate transformations are then applied and then  $\bar{r}_i$  is added back to the diagonal. It is easy to show that the roots were unchanged, but the roots of the matrix  $[H]$  during the actual step were  $r_i - \bar{r}_i$ . Therefore, the rate of convergence during that step was proportional to  $(r_{i-1} - \bar{r}_i)^k / (r_i - \bar{r}_i)^k$ , which will be a large number.

(c) Step 3

We now have a triangular matrix in which the diagonal elements are the required eigenvalues. Subroutine SORTRT orders the roots according to absolute value and stores them in a new array.

(d) Step 4

We have left only the problem of computing the vectors using the triangular matrix  $[H_k]$ . We first compute the vectors  $\{\phi_T\}$  corresponding to the triangular matrix  $[H_k]$ . To obtain the vector corresponding to a particular eigenvalue (say the  $i^{\text{th}}$  diagonal term of  $[H_k]$ , i.e.  $r_i$ ), we use the following equation and observe that all elements of  $\{\phi_T\}$  below the  $i^{\text{th}}$  must be zero.

$$\left[ [H_k] - r_i [I] \right] \{\phi_T\} = 0 \quad (6)$$

We may arbitrarily choose the value 1.0 for the  $i^{\text{th}}$  element of  $\{\phi_T\}$  and then proceed back up the vector obtaining each successive term by solving the equation represented by the corresponding row in the matrix equation. This is done by subroutine VECTOR.

Subroutine TRANS1 performs the following calculations in step 5.

(e) Step 5

The transformations that were required to perform step 2 are now retrieved from tape and accumulated into the matrix  $[P]^{-1}$ . That is

$$[P]^{-1} = [P_1]^{-1} [P_2]^{-1} \dots [P_k]^{-1} \quad (7)$$

A vector  $\{\phi_H\}$  corresponding to the Hessenberg matrix  $[H]$  may now be computed as follows:

$$\{\phi_H\} = [P]^{-1} \{\phi_T\} \quad (8)$$

Subroutine TRANS2 performs the calculations of step 6.

(f) Step 6

The quantities necessary to reconstruct the transformations  $[S_1]$ ,  $[S_2]$ ,  $\dots$ ,  $[S_{n-2}]$  of step 1 were temporarily stored in the lower part of matrix  $[\bar{D}]$  for conservation of storage. (The matrix  $[S]$  here is not to be confused with the stress deflection matrix used earlier.) Only  $n$  terms of storage were necessary to contain the information required to reproduce the transformations  $[U_1]^{-1}$ ,  $[U_2]^{-1}$ ,  $\dots$ ,  $[U_{n-2}]$ . The following product is now computed:

$$\{\phi\} = [U_1]^{-1} [S_1]^{-1} \dots [U_{n-2}]^{-1} [S_{n-2}]^{-1} \{\phi_H\} \quad (9)$$

To compute  $[U_i]$  ,  $[U_1]^{-1}$  , interchange rows  $l$  and  $m$  and form  $[U_i]$  as follows:

$$U_{jj} = 1, j \neq l, m$$

$$U_{lm} = U_{ml} = 1$$

All other terms are zero.

Also note that

$$[U_i] = [U_i]^{-1}$$

To compute  $[S_i]$  ,  $[S_i]^{-1}$  , use the notation  $[\bar{D}] = [d_{ij}]$  for the dynamic matrix  $[D]$  and  $[S] = [S_{ij}]$  . The terms below the diagonal in column  $(k+1)$  of the general matrix  $[S_k]$  are  $-d_{k+2,k}/d_{k+1,k}$  ,  $-d_{k+1,k}/d_{k+1,k}$  ,  $\dots$   $-d_{nk}/d_{k+1,k}$  . In addition,

$$S_{ij} = 1, i = j$$

All others terms are zero.

Equation (10) is the formulation for  $[S_1]$  for  $n = 5$  . It can be readily noted that  $[S_1]^{-1}$  may be obtained from  $[S_1]$  by changing the sign of the elements below the diagonal.

$$[S_1] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{d_{31}}{d_{21}} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{d_{41}}{d_{21}} & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{d_{51}}{d_{21}} & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

To compute  $[P_i]$  ,

$$[P_i] = [\bar{P}_{n-1}] \dots [\bar{P}_2] [\bar{P}_1] \quad (11)$$

where  $[\bar{P}_k]$  eliminates the subdiagonal terms in column  $k$ . At the time that the rotational transformations  $[P_i]$  are required, the original dynamic matrix  $[D]$  has been reduced to Hessenberg form  $[H]$  :

$$[H] = [h_{ij}] \quad (12)$$

Specifically  $[\bar{P}_k]$  is formed as follows:

$$L_k = (h_{kk}^2 + h_{k+1,k}^2)^{1/2}$$

$$\cos \theta_k = h_{kk} / L_k$$

$$\sin \theta_k = h_{k+1,k} / L_k$$

If

$$[\bar{P}_k] = [p_{ij}]$$

Then

$$\bar{P}_{ii} = 1, \quad i \neq k, k+1$$

$$\bar{P}_{kk} = \cos \theta, \quad \bar{P}_{k, k+1} = \sin \theta$$

$$\bar{P}_{k+1, k} = -\sin \theta, \quad \bar{P}_{k+1, k+1} = \cos \theta$$

$$\bar{P}_{ij} = 0$$

for all other  $i$  and  $j$ ,

The matrix described above is known as Givens' rotational matrix. Note that no additional time is required to compute the inverse since

$$[\bar{P}_k]^{-1} = [\bar{P}_k]^T$$

#### (g) General-Purpose Subroutines

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
INRPRD	To form the inner product of two vectors (See appendix II.)
READTP } WRTEP }	Binary tape input/output subroutines for TL01 compatibility (See appendix II.)

#### (2) Flow Diagrams

Flow diagrams for FREMOD subroutines are shown in figures 25 through 32.

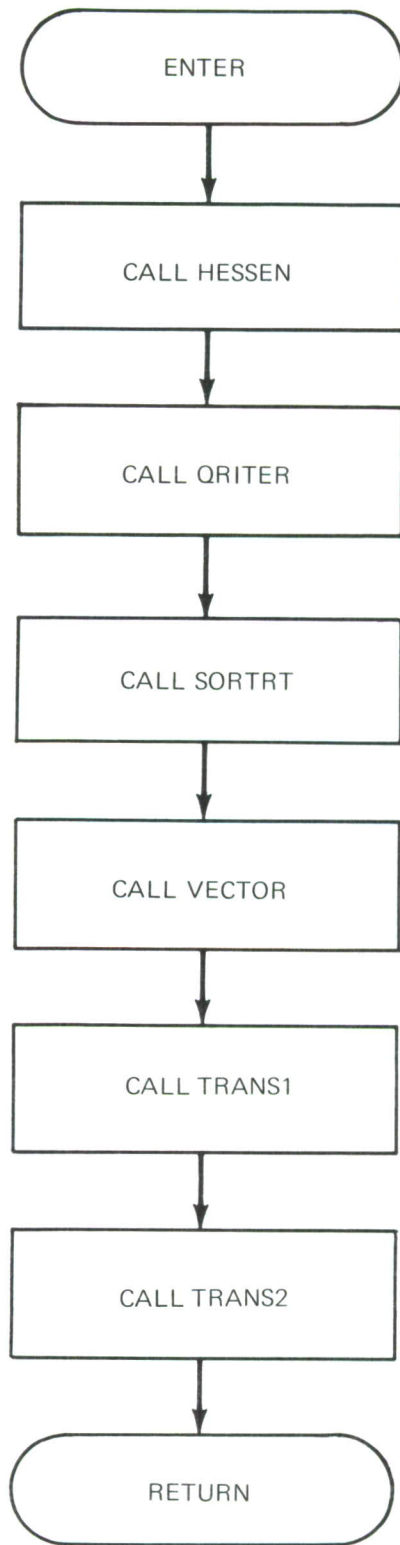


Figure 25. VALVCT Flow Chart

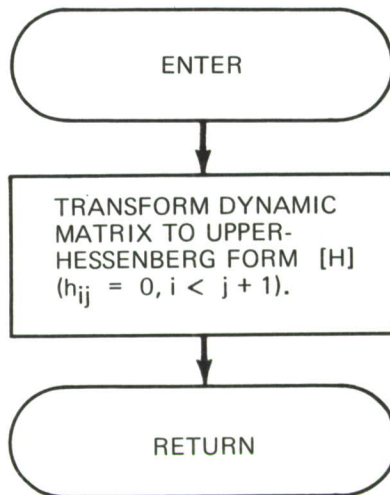


Figure 26. HESSEN Flow Chart

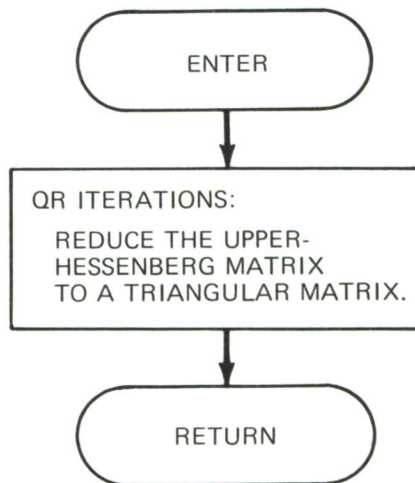


Figure 27. QRITER Flow Chart

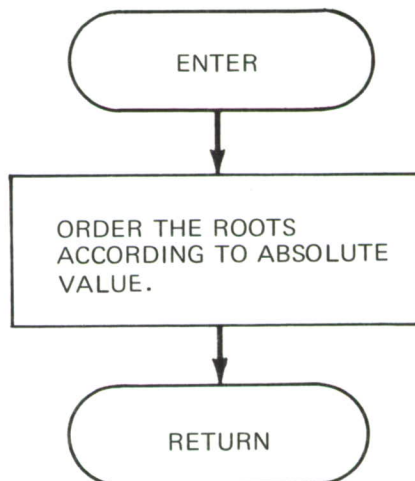
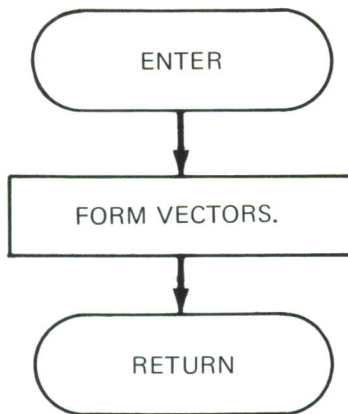
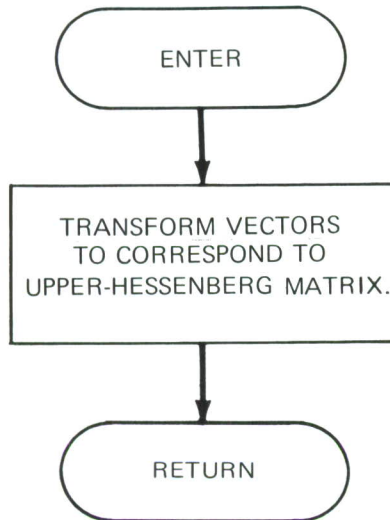


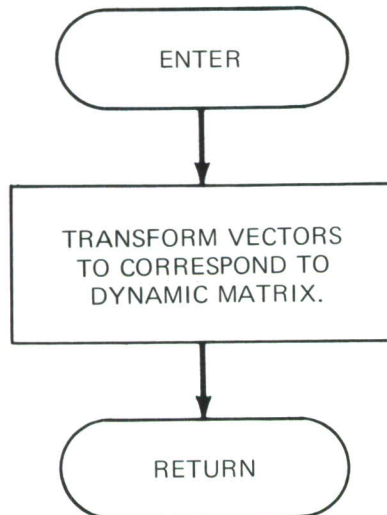
Figure 28. SORTRT Flow Chart



*Figure 29. VECTOR Flow Chart*



*Figure 30. TRANS1 Flow Chart*



*Figure 31. TRANS2 Flow Chart*

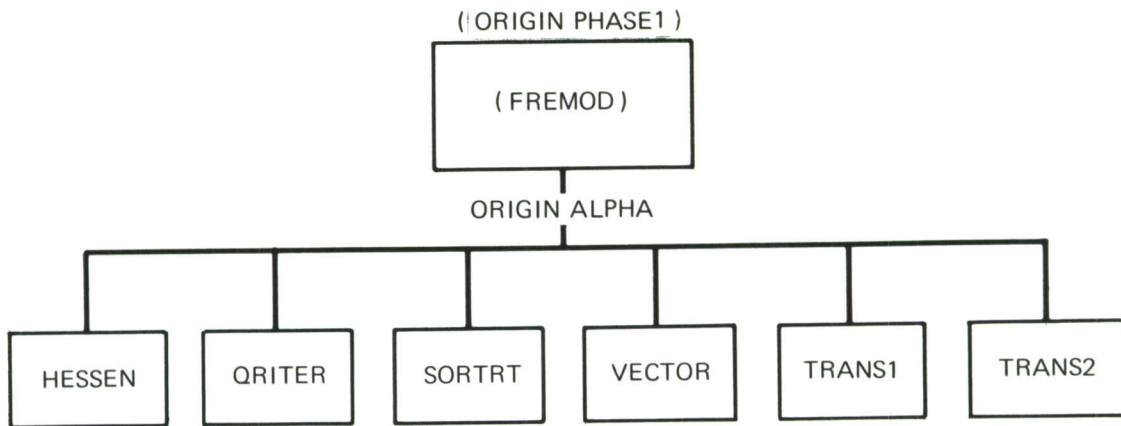


Figure 32. FREMOD Overlay Map

c. FREMOD Subroutine List

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
FREMOD	This is the main program. It handles input, output, and generation of the dynamic matrix from the flexibility and mass matrices. Subroutine VALVCT is called for the QR solution
VALVCT	Calls successive subroutines, which together form an eigenvalue-eigenvector solution package using the QR algorithm
HESSEN	Transforms the dynamic matrix to upper-Hessenberg form
QRITER	Reduces the upper-Hessenberg matrix to a triangular matrix, the eigenvalues being the diagonal terms (QR iteration scheme)
SORTRT	Orders the eigenvalues according to absolute value and stores them in a new array. This array is needed in forming the eigenvectors.
VECTOR	Computes the eigenvectors
TRANS1	Transforms the eigenvectors (found using the triangular matrix) to correspond to the upper-Hessenberg matrix
TRANS2	Transforms the eigenvectors corresponding to the upper-Hessenberg matrix to vectors corresponding to the dynamic matrix

## IV

### PHASE II—RANDOM LOAD AND RESPONSE PROGRAMS

Phase II is an integrated set of computer programs for determining sonic loads and random structural responses. The execution of this phase is controlled by the PHASE2 routine. The RANLOD module and RANSO modules are called from the control program. The program listings for phase II are included in appendix IV.

#### 1. RANDOM LOADING MODULE (RANLOD)

##### a. General Description

RANLOD generates force cross-power spectral density (cross-PSD) matrices describing the applied forces. The mathematical model is based on properties of decayed progressive sound waves. The RANLOD module consists of five FORTRAN-coded subroutines and associated system and general input/output (I/O) subroutines.

Other loading modules can be used in place of RANLOD when the analysis requires a different form of force loading. These modules must be compatible with the basic RANVIB system.

In addition to basic problem information, RANLOD requires data input on cards describing the panel geometry, wave data, and option control parameters. A detailed discussion of the input and card format is contained in the Engineering User's Guide, reference 3.

Figure 33 illustrates the logical placement of RANLOD in the RANVIB system. The overlay structure is discussed in section IV1. b.

The RANLOD module is called once during the execution of phase II to generate the required matrices. In addition to the frequencies, solution options, and control parameters stored in the labeled common blocks by the phase II control program, RANLOD reads card inputs. It then proceeds to generate the force cross-PSD matrices for the required solution option. They are stored on tape and printed as they are generated. The matrices are stored on tape in a compatible format for the various solution options the user desires. The printing is controlled by the user as described in the card input. Figure 34 illustrates RANLOD input/output data flow.

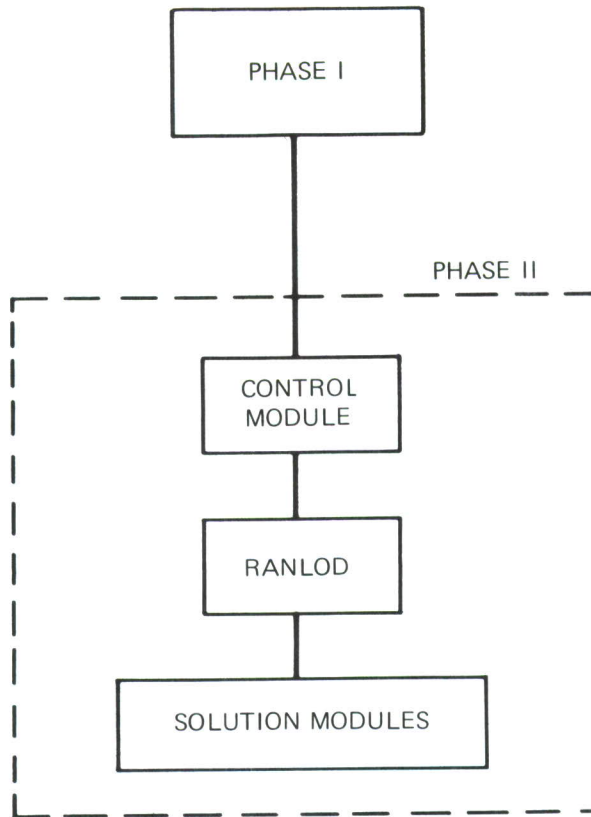


Figure 33. RANLOD Placement

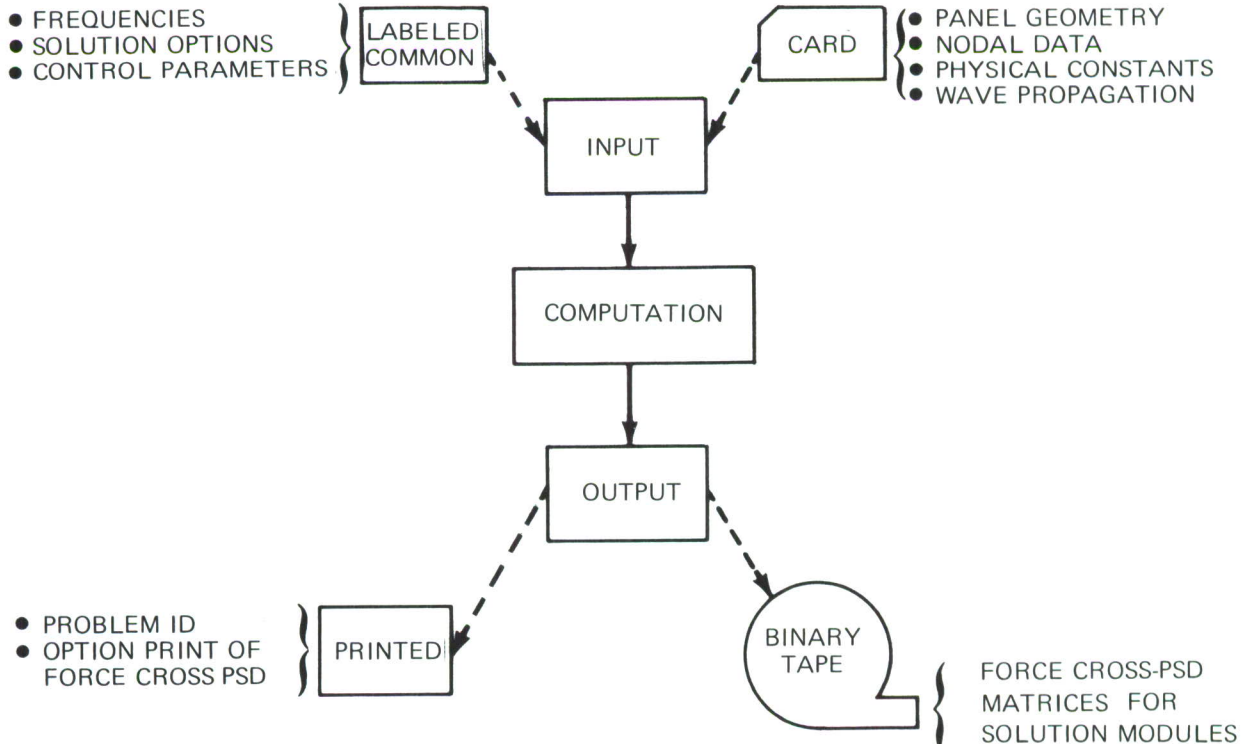


Figure 34. RANLOD Input/Output Diagram

The five subroutines that form the RANLOD module are as follows:

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
RANLOD	Control subroutine that reads input and problem initializations and calls all subroutines needed for generation
ARIA	Calculates the areas associated with the retained nodes
CONST	Calculates problem constants needed in generation
NOISOR	Computes the force cross-PSD matrices
OUTPUT	Controls printing and formation of binary output tapes

The logic flow of the RANLOD module is shown in figure 35.

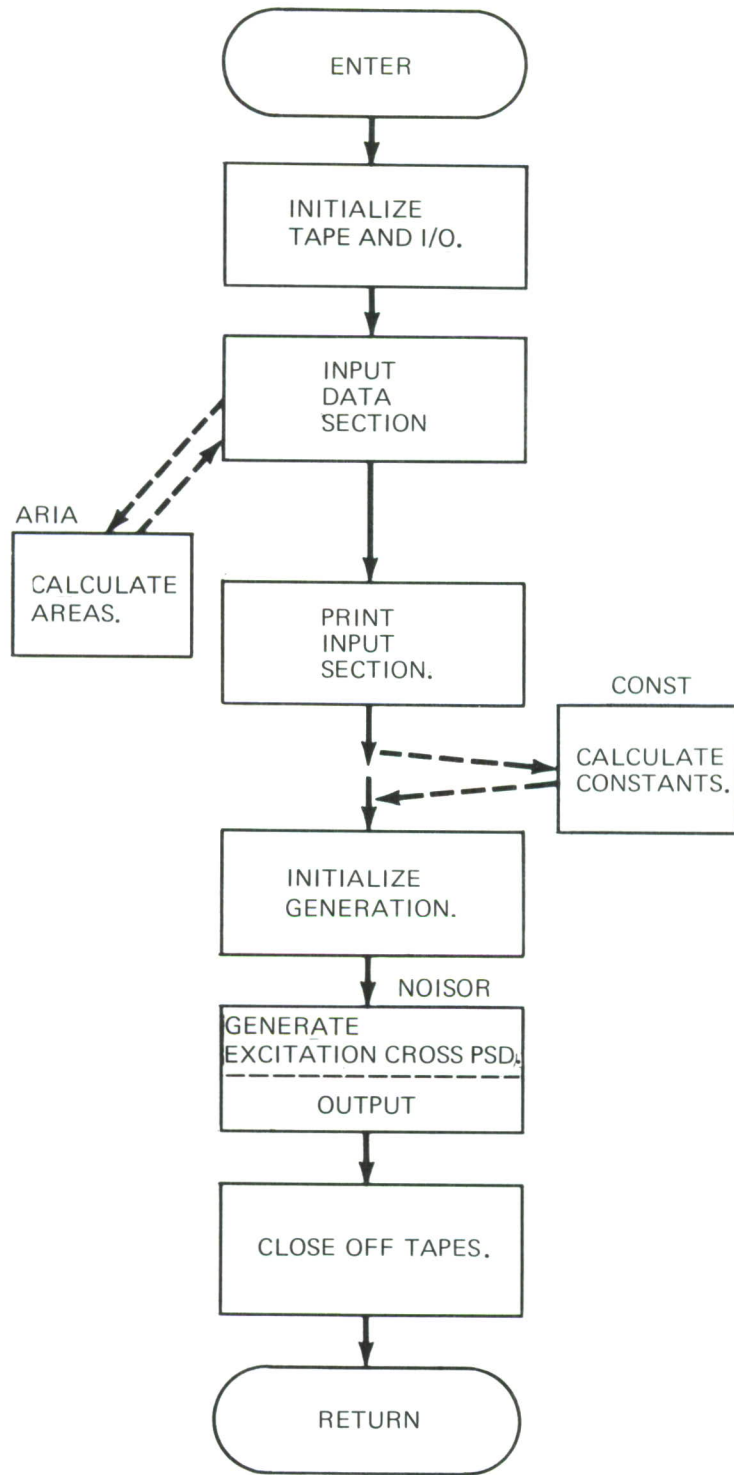
#### (1) Input/Output Functions

All card inputs are via logical tape 5, and all printed outputs are via logical tape 6. Logical tapes 2, 17, and 14 are used for all binary outputs of the force cross-PSD matrices. These tapes are written from subroutine OUTPUT using subroutine WRTETP. A detailed map of these tapes is given in the description of subroutine OUTPUT.

#### (2) Restrictions

The RANLOD restrictions are discussed in detail in the Engineering User's Guide, reference 3. These restrictions are basic problem size and mathematical limitations in analyses. If it is desired to replace RANLOD with another loading module, the following items must be adhered to.

- (a) The labeled common blocks BLK1, BLK2, and BLK3 must be retained and the size maintained compatible with phase II definitions. The force cross-PSD matrix size must be maintained to less than or equal to the phase II limits.
- (b) The binary tape output of the force cross-PSD matrices must be maintained in the compatible format for the solution modules.



———> LOGICAL FLOW  
 - - - -> OPTIONAL FLOW

Figure 35. RANL0D Subroutine Flow

b. Programming Organization

(1) Subroutine Descriptions

This section discusses the purpose, methodology, restrictions, and inputs/outputs of the five FORTRAN subroutines.

(a) Subroutine RANL0D

Subroutine RANL0D is the controlling routine for the loading module. It is called by the phase II control program and returns to this program when generation is complete.

Method: Subroutine RANL0D accepts control from the phase II main program and controls the generation of the force cross-PSD matrices. It uses the information in labeled common blocks BLK1, BLK2, and BLK3 to generate the required solution option. Labeled common blocks BLK4, BLK5, and BLK6 are established for communication between RANL0D subroutines.

Figure 36 is a flow chart of the RANL0D subroutine.

Input: Input is via two modes. The first is labeled common from phase II control. The second mode of input is cards. The content and card format are discussed in detail in reference 3.

Error diagnostics: None

Subroutines required: ARIA, CONST, NOISOR

Argument list: None

Length: 37001<sub>8</sub>

(b) Subroutine ARIA

Subroutine ARIA computes the areas associated with the retained nodes in the structural idealization.

Method: Using the set of line-to-origin distances, the area A for node k is calculated using

$$A_k = 1/4 (x_{i+1} - x_{i-1}) (y_{j+1} - y_{j-1})$$

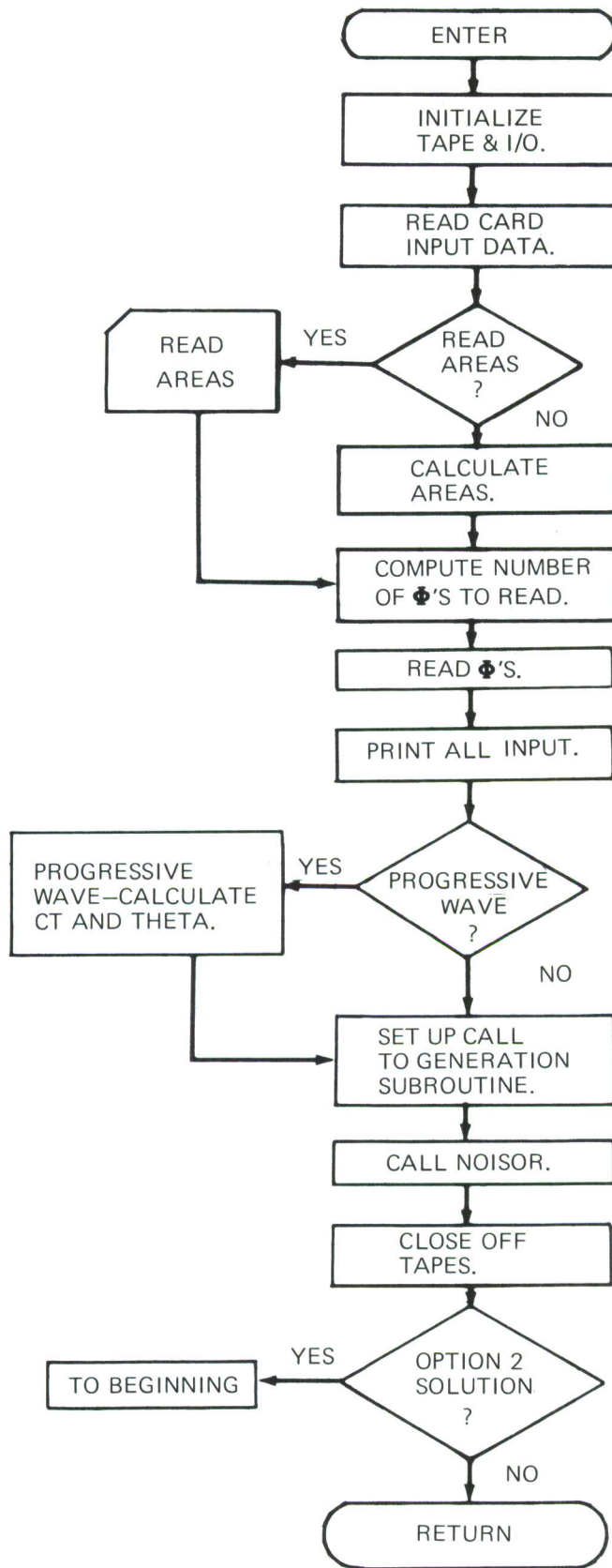


Figure 36. RANL0D Flow Chart

where:  $k = 1$ , number of retained nodes  
 $i = 2$ , number of nodes in  $x$  direction  
 $j = 2$ , number of nodes in  $y$  direction

Figure 37 illustrates subroutine ARIA flow.

Input: Input is via labeled common.

Error diagnostics: None

Subroutines required: None

Argument list: None

Length:  $101_8$

(c) Subroutine CONST

Subroutine CONST calculates the angle  $\theta$  and trace velocity  $c_t$ . Angle  $\theta$  defines the direction that the trace of the pressure wave fronts propagate over the panel surface.

Method: Subroutine CONST is only called for a progressive wave. The methodology and input control for this calculation is described in reference 3. Figure 38 illustrates subroutine CONST flow.

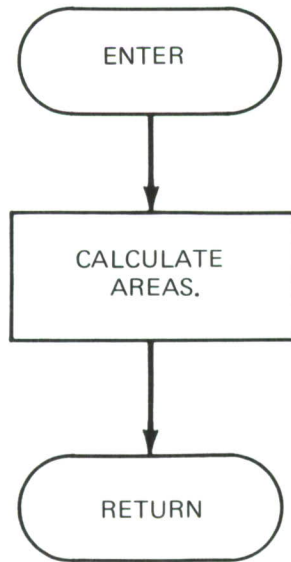
Input: There is no input except through the subroutine argument list.

Error diagnostics: None

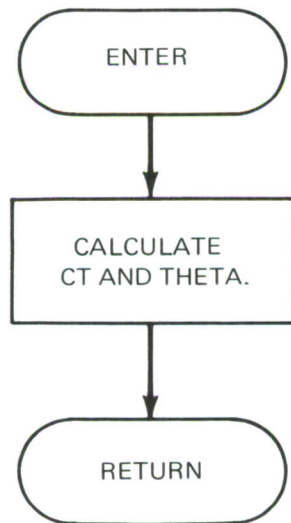
Subroutines required: None

Argument list: CX input—The phase velocity along the panel in the  $x$  direction  
CY input—The phase velocity along the panel in the  $y$  direction  
CT output—Trace velocity  
THETA output—  $\theta$ , the angle between the direction of sound propagation and the  $x$  and  $y$  axes of the panel

Length:  $141_8$



*Figure 37. ARIA Flow Chart*



*Figure 38. CONST Flow Chart*

(d) Subroutine NOISOR

Subroutine NOISOR calculates the force cross-PSD matrices. It receives control of the generation from routine RANLOD and returns to this subroutine when generation is complete.

Method: The detailed mathematical model from which subroutine NOISOR computes force cross PSD is discussed in reference 1. Figure 39 describes the flow of subroutine NOISOR. The subroutine computes the matrices in a direct manner with the mathematical model. The one exception to this is the computation of the separation distances  $\xi_{ij}$  and  $\eta_{ij}$  from the set of line-to-origin distances  $x_i$  and  $y_i$ . The separation distances are calculated as needed in the calculation of force cross PSD. This is done to conserve storage. The equations used in the separation calculation are as follows:

$$\xi_{ij} = x_j - x_i$$

and

$$\eta_{ij} = y_j - y_i$$

The computation of the subscripts is done by use of FORTRAN IV function subroutine MOD. This is done to take advantage of the repeating properties of the nodal geometry. A detailed flow chart of the separation calculation in program notation is shown in figure 40.

Input: Input to subroutine NOISOR is via labeled common and the subroutine argument list.

Error diagnostics: None

Subroutines required: OUTPUT

Argument list: ILIM input—Limit on outer frequency loop  
KLIM input—Limit on inner frequency loop  
D input—Decay constant

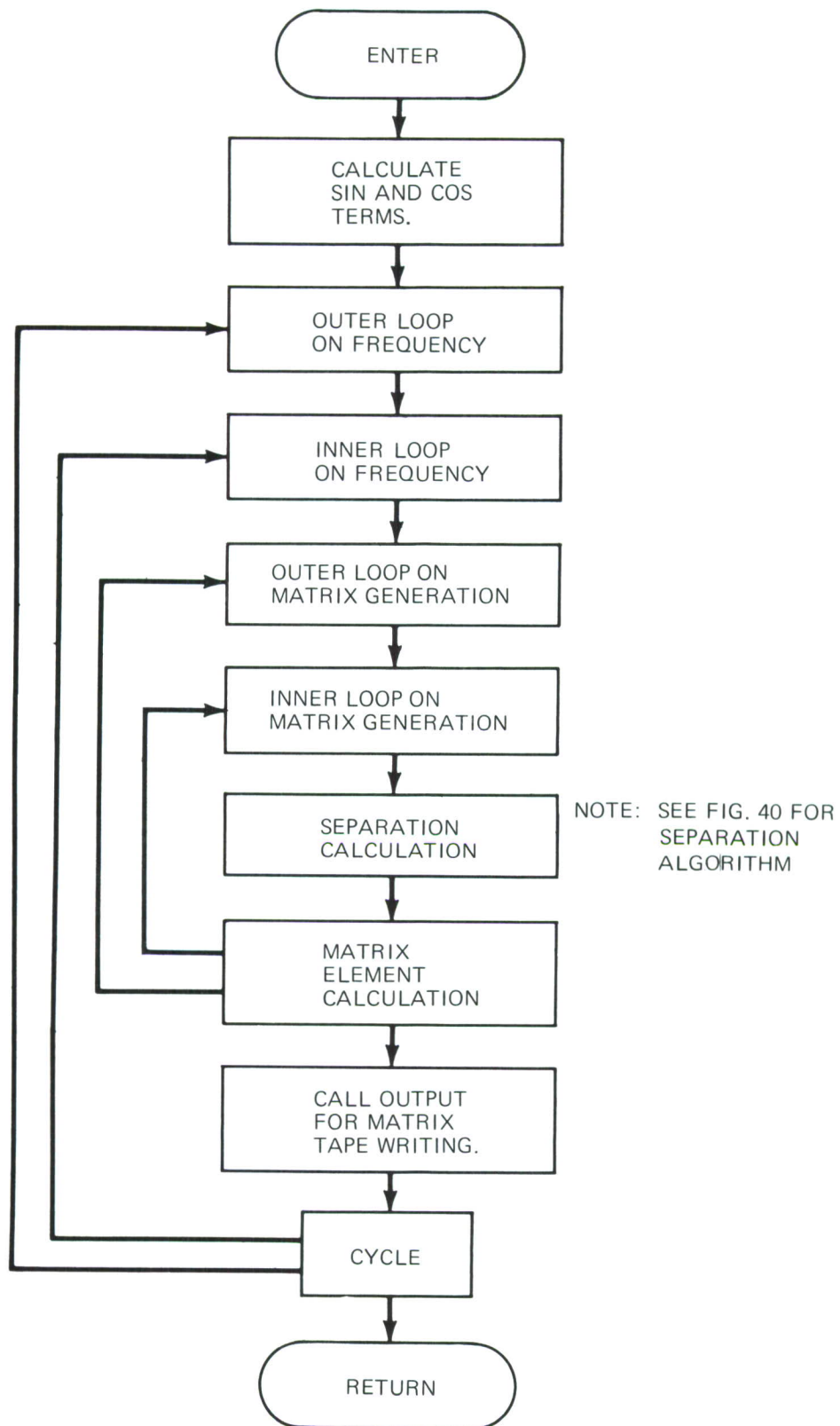


Figure 39. NOISOR Flow Chart

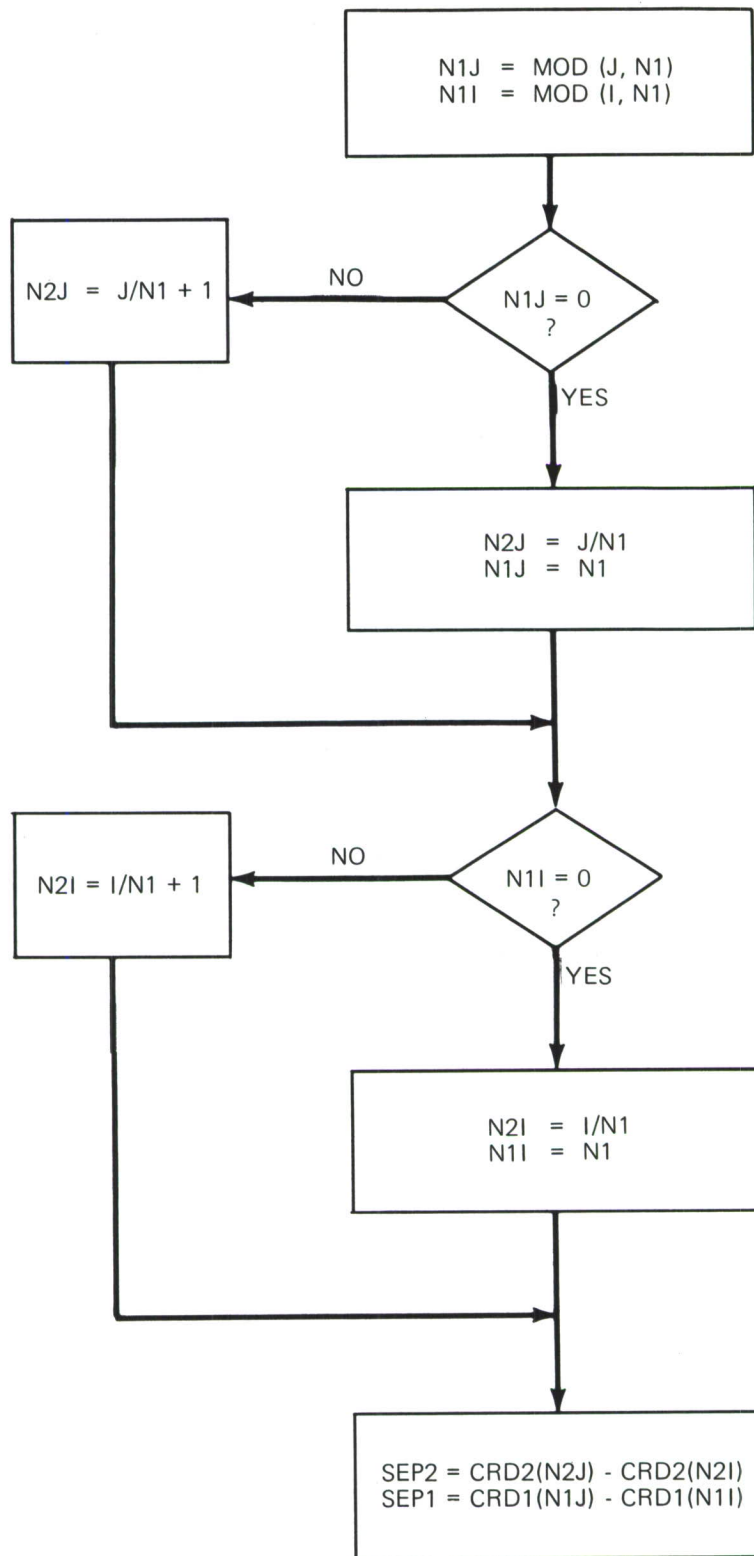


Figure 40. Separation-Algorithm Flow Chart

CT input—Trace velocity  
THETA input—  $\theta$  , propagation angle  
CX input—Phase velocity in x direction  
CY input—Phase velocity in y direction

Length: 601<sub>8</sub>

(e) Subroutine OUTPUT

Subroutine OUTPUT is called from subroutine NOISOR each time the matrix output is required, i. e. each frequency computation. The return is to subroutine NOISOR upon completion of OUTPUT.

Method: The subroutine has two output functions. One is to print the force cross-PSD matrices for as many frequencies as requested by the user. The other is to write the force cross-PSD matrices on binary tape in a format compatible with the solution modules. Item 2 is accomplished by the use of subroutine WRTETP, which is discussed in appendix I. Figure 41 describes the general flow of subroutine OUTPUT.

Input: Input is via labeled common and the subroutine argument list.

Error diagnostics: The error return from subroutine WRTETP is tested, and the appropriate comment printed if an error has occurred.

Subroutines required: WRTETP

Argument list: NPHI input—Count of the number of frequencies for which calculation has been completed  
OMG input—The value of the current frequency (used in printing for identification)

Length: 573<sub>8</sub>

(2) Tape Use

The detailed maps of the binary tapes for the various solution options are shown in figure 42.

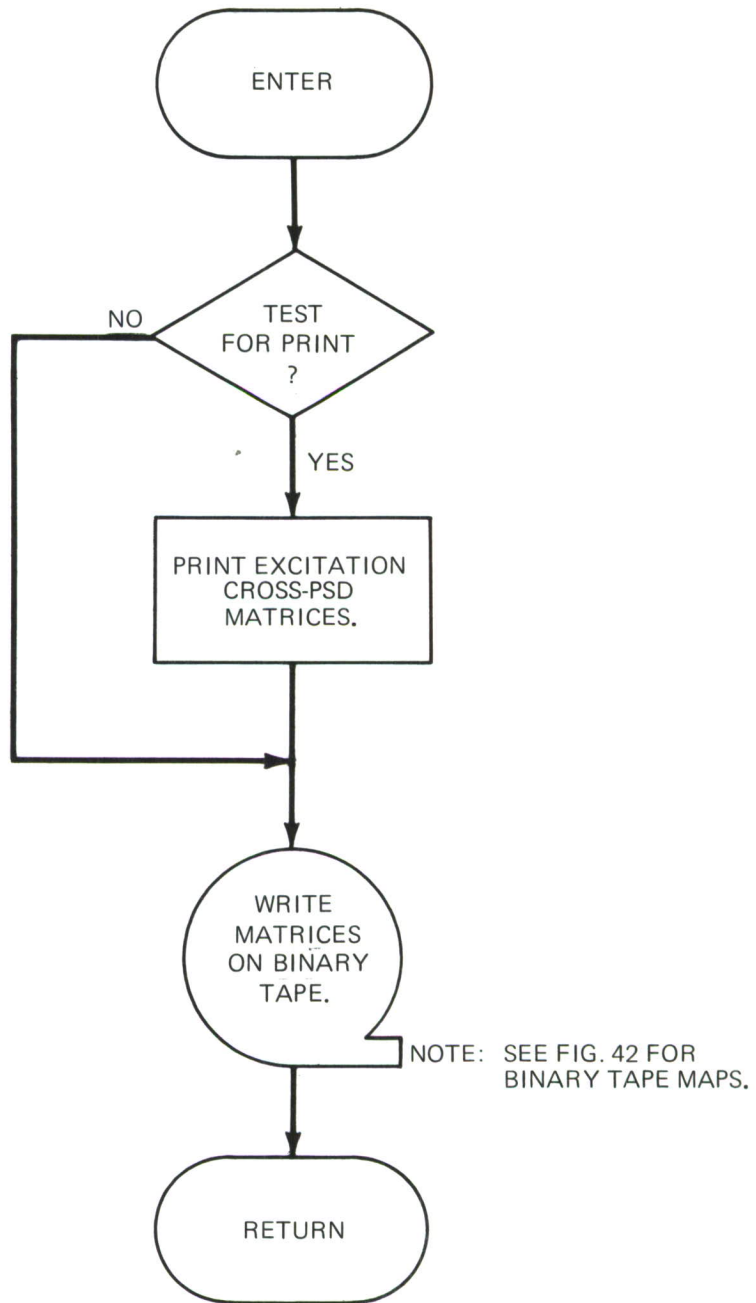


Figure 41. OUTPUT Flow Chart

TAPE 17

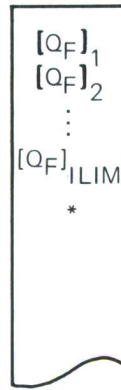


(a) OPTION 1

TAPE 2



TAPE 14

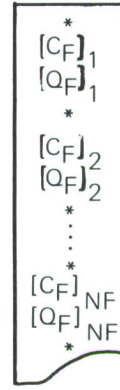


TAPE 17



DEFLECTION COVARIANCE

TAPE 14



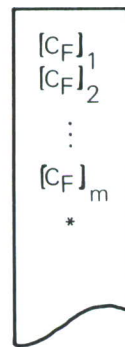
TAPE 2



CROSS PSD

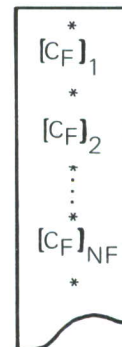
(b) OPTION 2

TAPE 17



DEFLECTION COVARIANCE

TAPE 17



CROSS PSD

(c) OPTION 3

\* END FILE

Figure 42. Binary Output Tape Maps from RANLOD

## 2. RANDOM-RESPONSE SOLUTION PROGRAM (RANSO)

### a. General Description

#### (1) Purpose—Logical Organization

The purpose of the RANSO (random-response solutions) module is to calculate random deflections and stress response solutions via matrix methods for complex structures subjected to random excitations. All matrix manipulations and solutions are performed in real matrix form. The logical flow through the RANSO solution is shown in figure 43. There are three solution options:

- (1) Option 1—General viscous damping
- (2) Option 2—Normal modes
- (3) Option 3—Normal modes without cross terms

Options 2 and 3 are used when the excitation pressures vary slowly with frequency, i.e. broadband. When the excitation is not broadband, option 1 is used. For each option, there are four basic solutions involved:

- (1) Deflection cross PSD
- (2) Deflection covariance and second spectral moments
- (3) Stress cross PSD
- (4) Stress covariance and second spectral moments within elements

#### (2) Input/Output Functions

The data from the phase I output tape will be used as part of the input of phase II. Additional input from cards is required as discussed in the Engineering User's Guide, reference 3. All intermediate results will be stored on scratch tapes for temporary storage before proceeding to the next operational subroutine.

#### (3) Phase II RANSO Subroutines

There are two types of subroutines in the RANSO module. They are the standard FORTRAN IV subroutines and TL01 subroutines. The FORTRAN IV subroutines are described as follows:

- (a) Method
- (b) Input/output

- (c) Errors
- (d) Subroutines required
- (e) Argument list
- (f) Subroutine length—number of storage locations in octal required by the subroutine when compiled on the 7094 Mod II Version 13
- (g) Flow diagrams

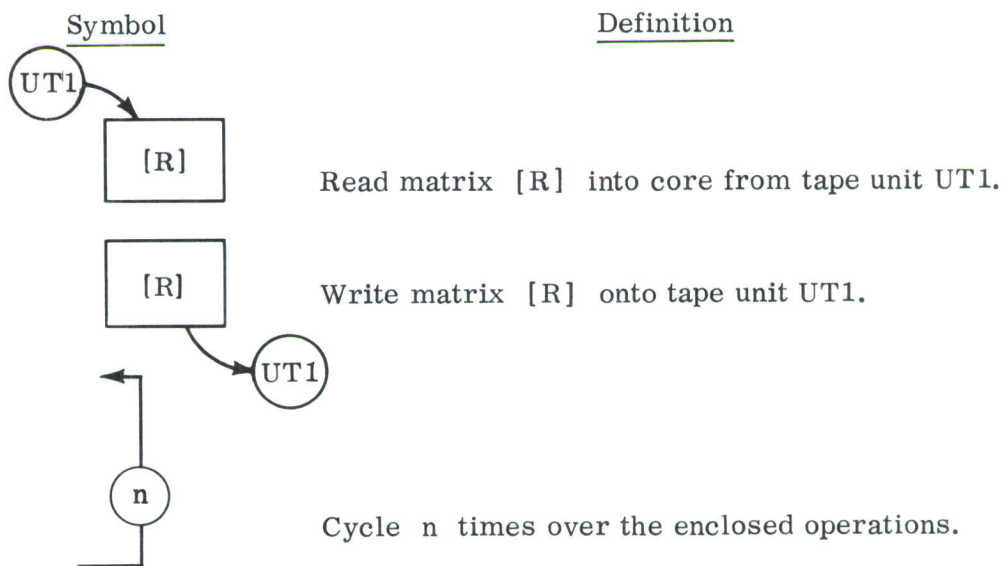
The subroutines that are written in TL01 matrix language (appendix I) are described as follows:

- (a) A description of the subroutine
- (b) Input tape storage and output tape storage
- (c) Flow diagram

A discussion of READTP/WRTETP error messages is given in appendix I.

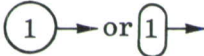

#### (4) FORTRAN and TL01 Flow-Diagram Conventions

##### (a) Symbols in TL01 Flow Charts



<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Definition</u>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 60px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	Matrix operation
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; height: 60px; margin: 0 auto;"> <math>( \uparrow )P</math>  or <math>P( \uparrow )</math> </div>	Multiply the results from the preceding block by P.
n	Number of stress matrices
m	Number of mode shapes
NF	Number of frequencies

(b) Symbols for FORTRAN Diagrams Only

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Definition</u>
*	File mark on tape
	Input from tape 1
	Output on tape 1
JD	Deflection covariance matrix
CPSD	Cross PSD

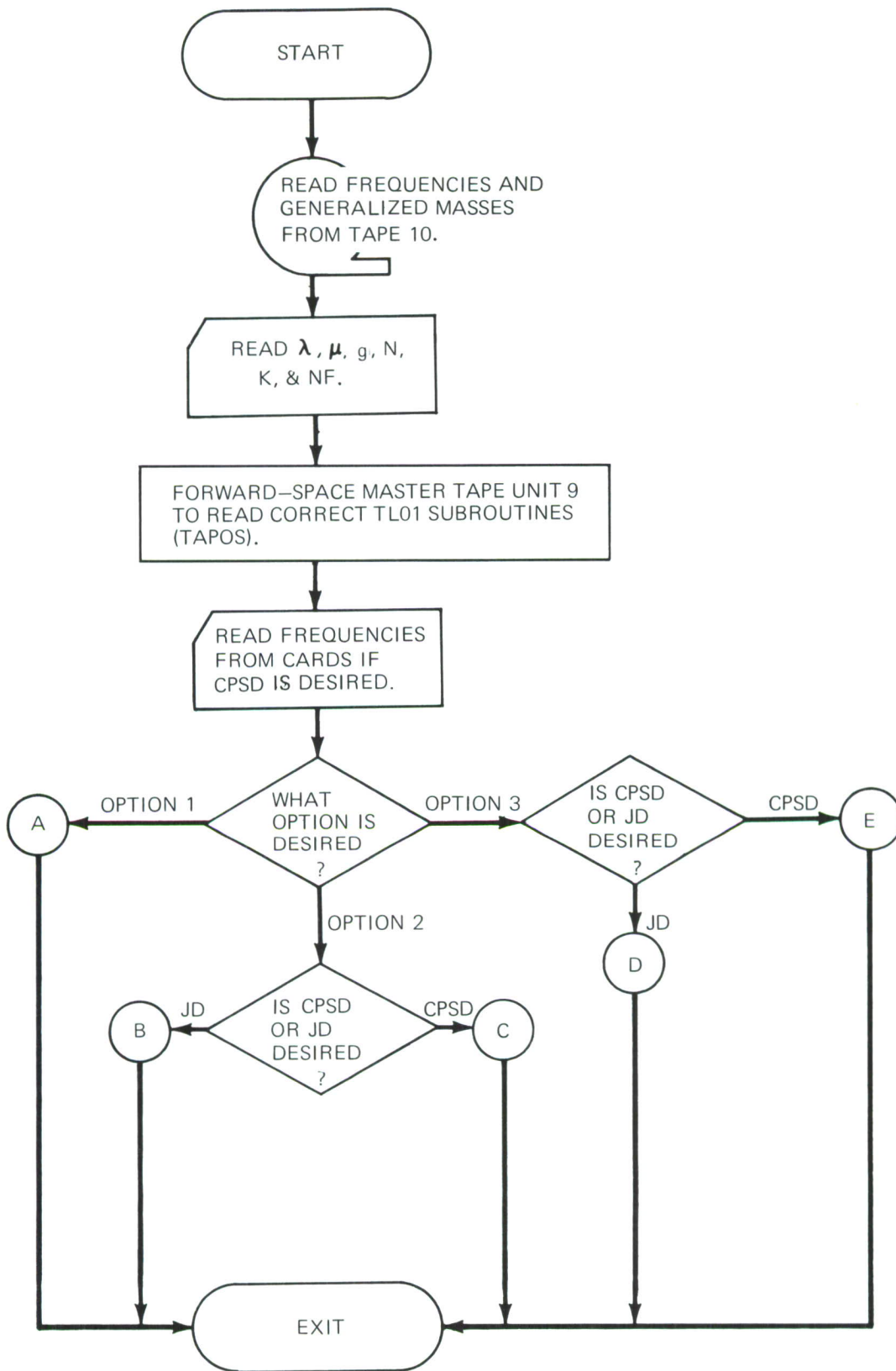


Figure 43. RANSO Flow Diagrams

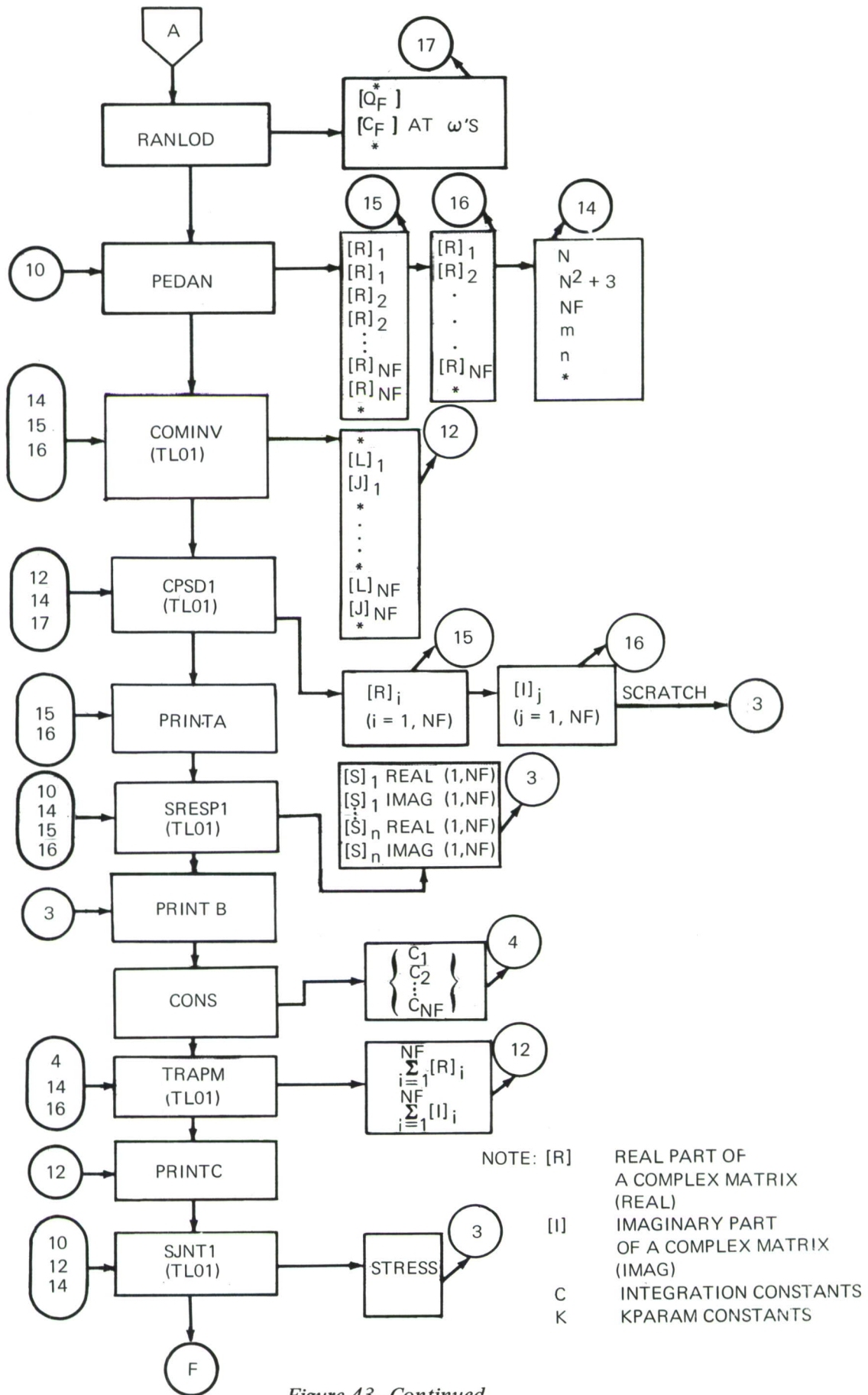


Figure 43-Continued

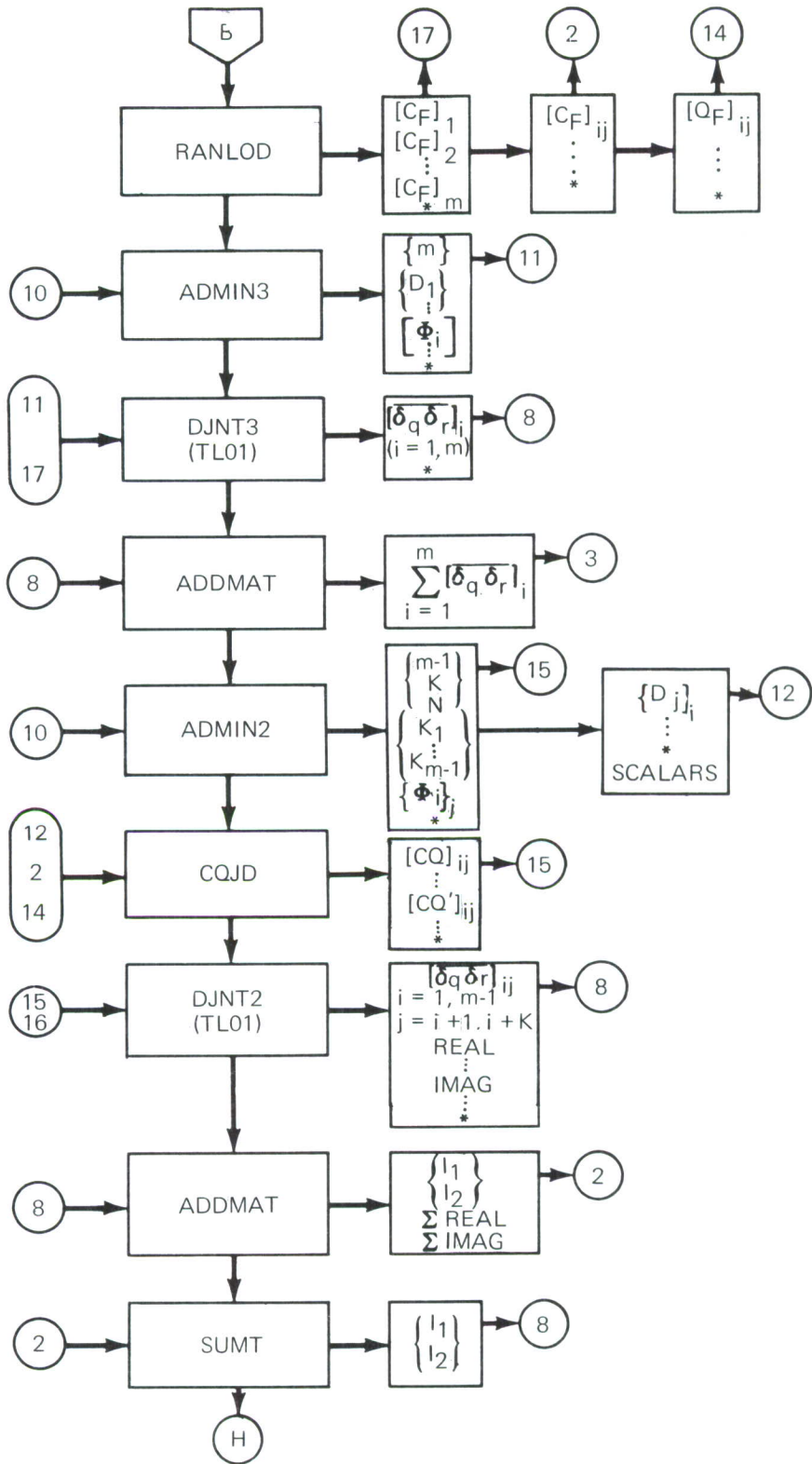


Figure 43—Continued

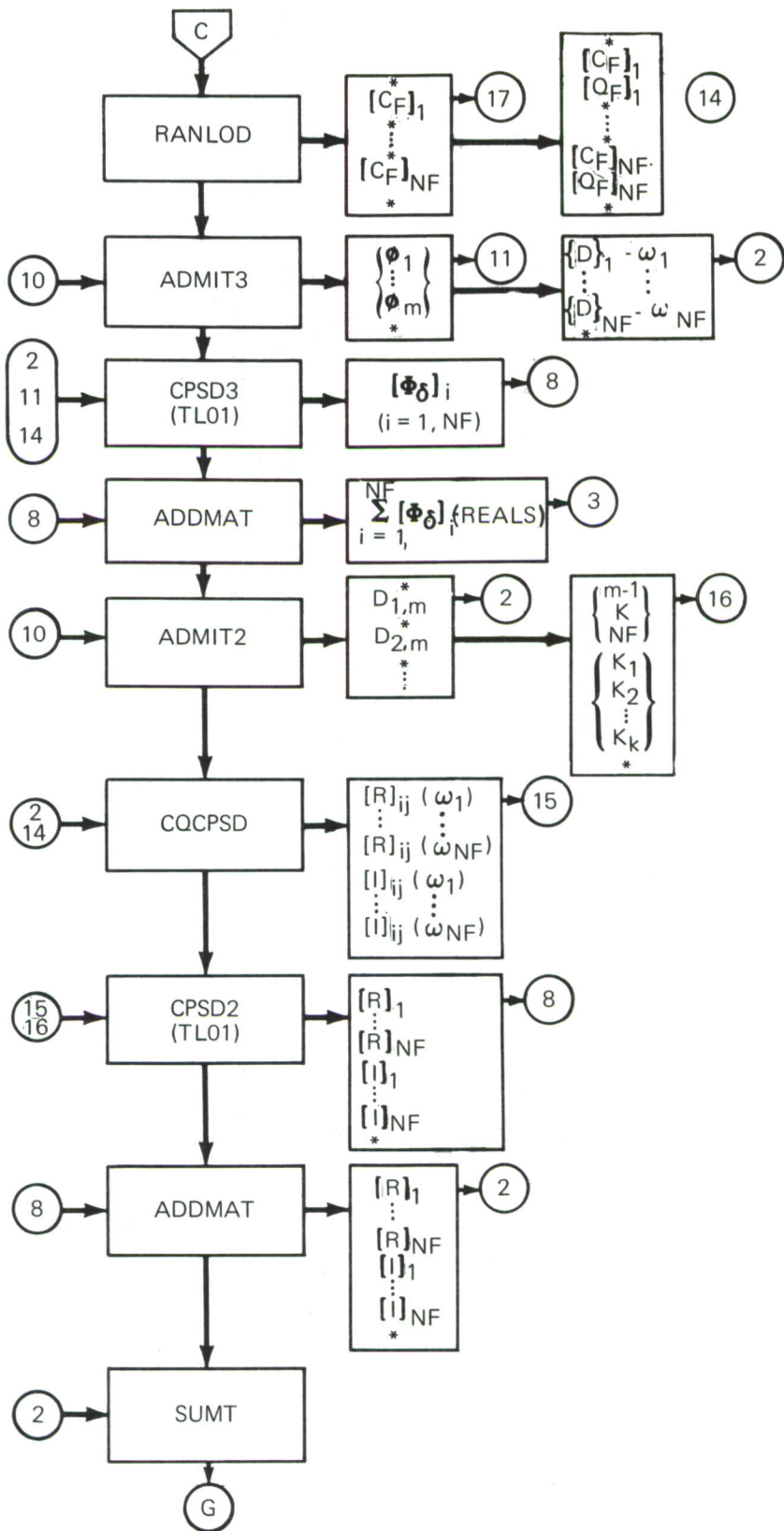


Figure 43-Continued

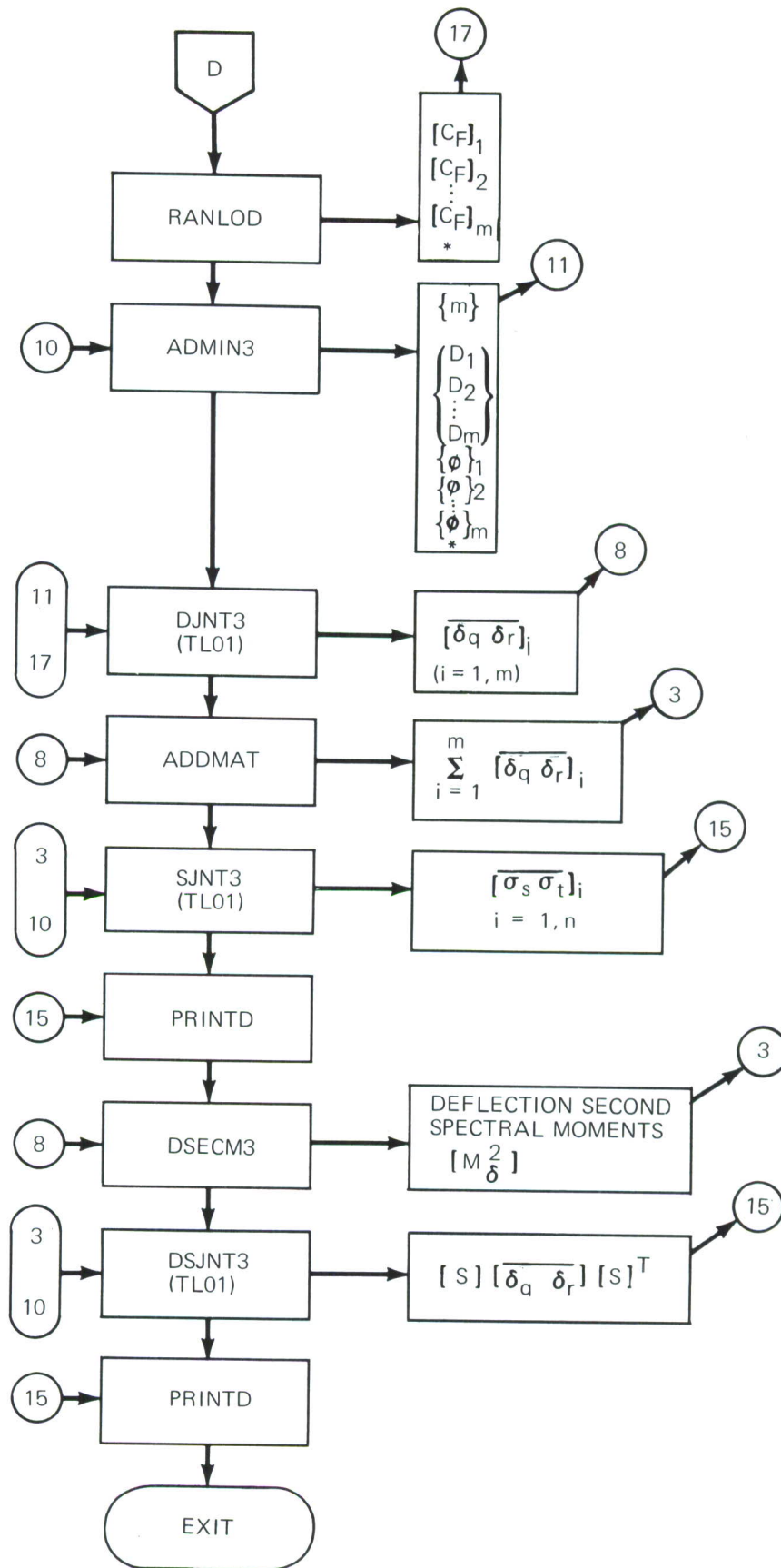


Fig. 43—Continued

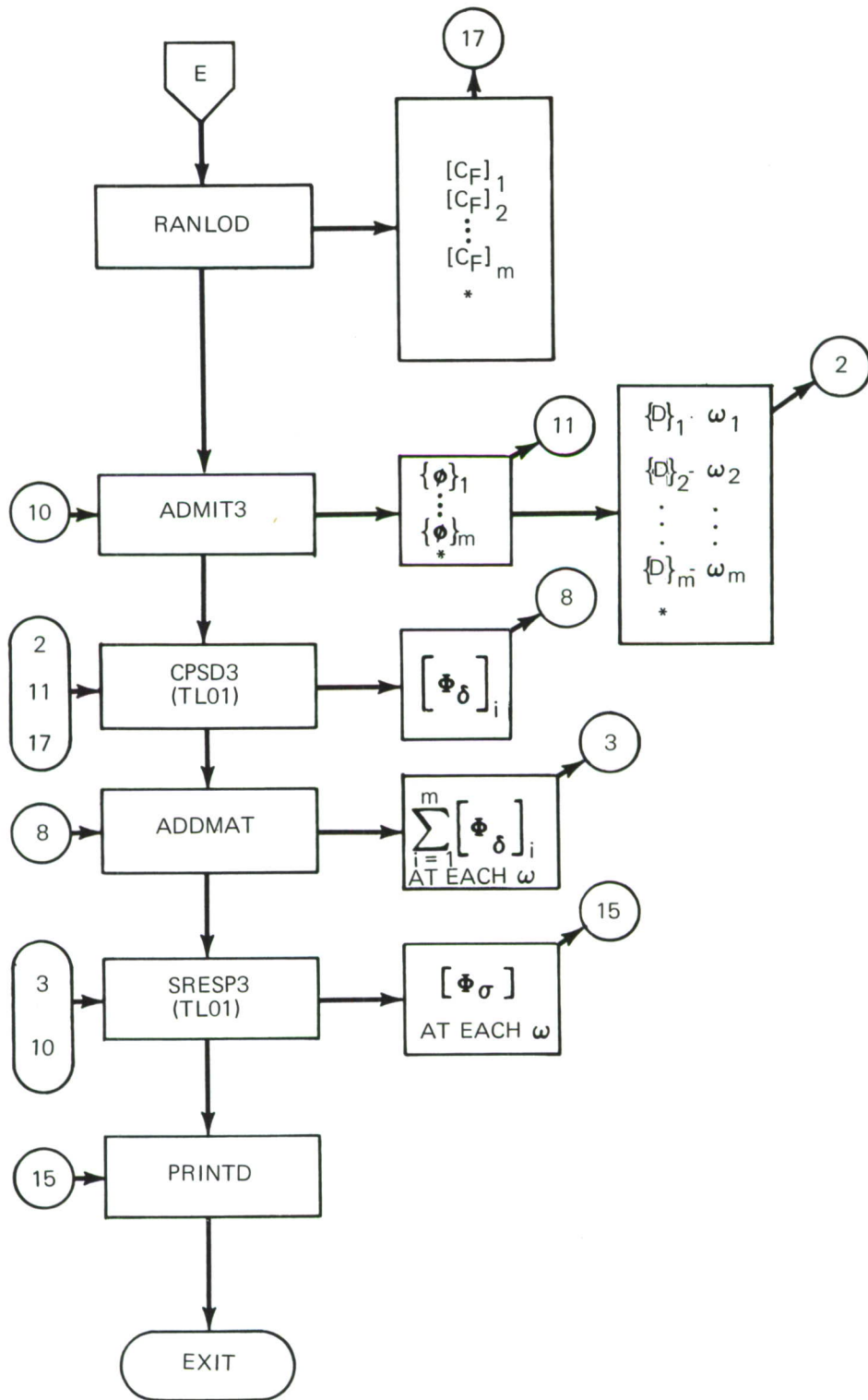


Figure 43-Continued

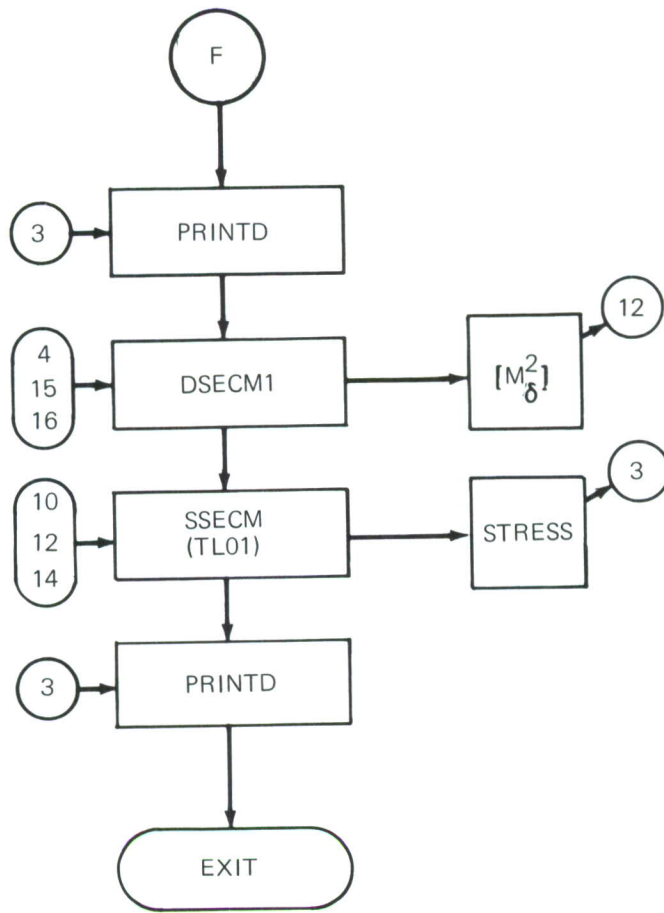


Figure 43—Continued

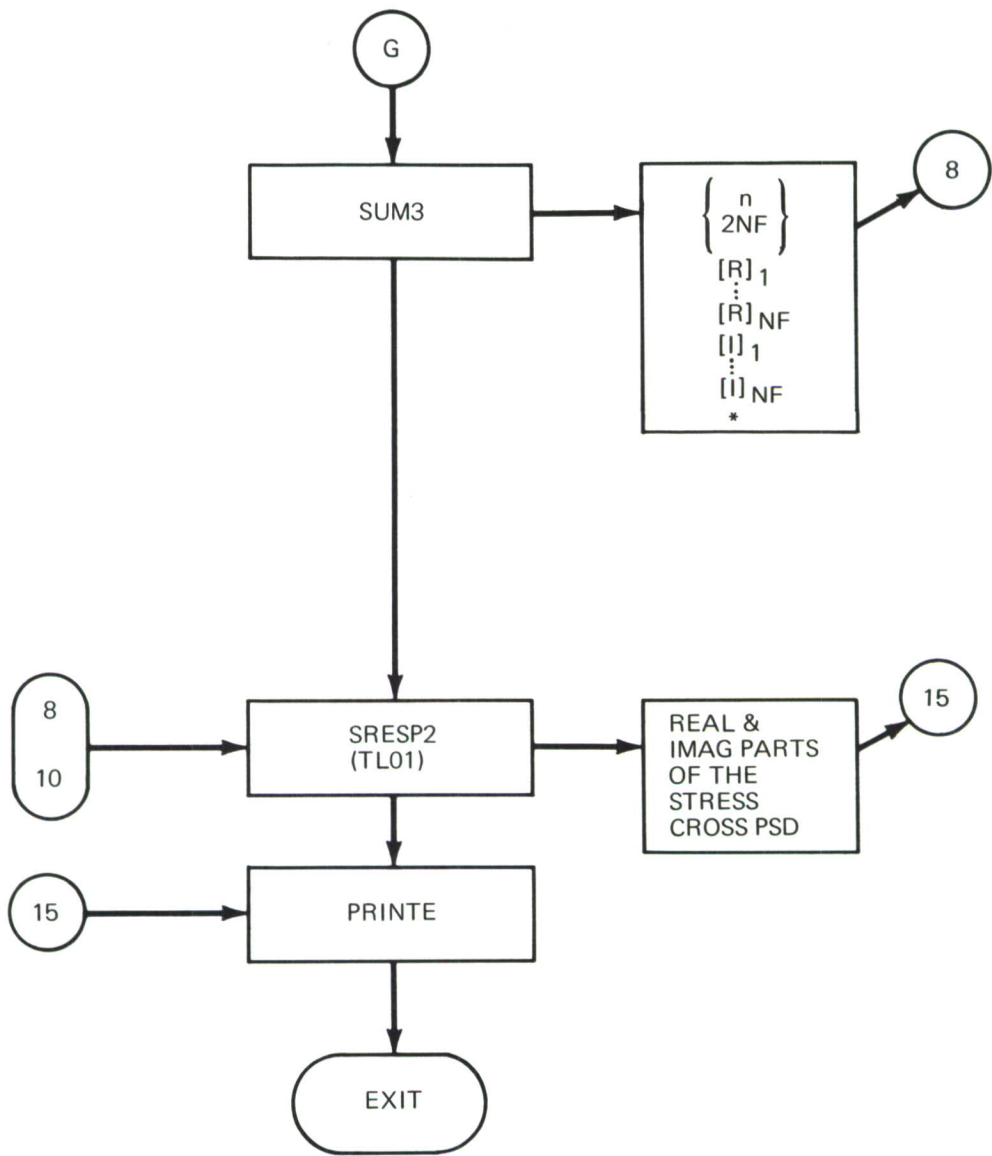


Figure 43-Continued

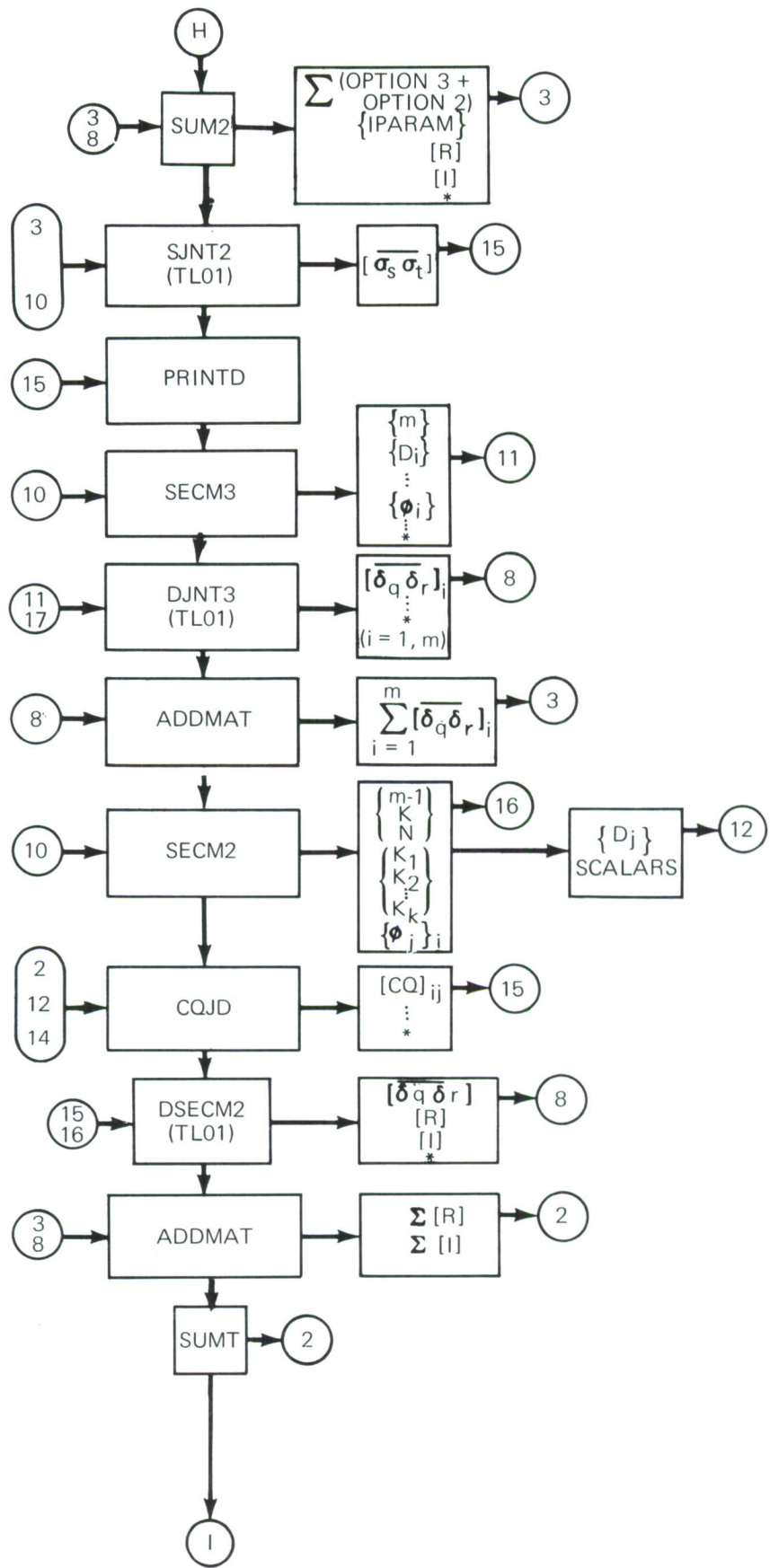


Figure 43—Continued

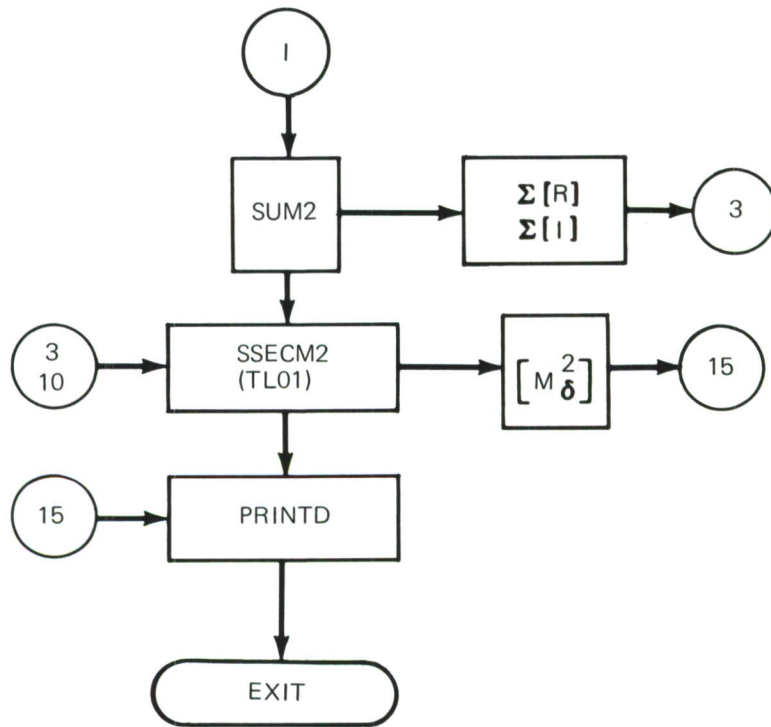


Figure 43—Concluded

(5) RANSO Subroutine Listing

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
PEDAN	Impedance matrix
CONS	Calculates the constants used in the complex matrix integration using the trapezoidal rule
ADMIN2	Admittance integral scalars used in option 2 deflection covariance calculations
CQJD	Multiplies the co-PSD and quad-PSD matrices by the admittance scalar integrals used in the deflection covariance calculations and sums the products
SECM3	Calculates the scalars in the deflection-spectral-moment equations for option 3

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
SECM2	Calculates the second-spectral-moment scalars for option 2 deflection covariance
DSECM3	Calculates the deflection second spectral moments for option 3
CQCPSD	Multiplies the co-PSD and quad-PSD matrices by the admittance scalars and sums the products for option 2
ADMIT2	Admittance scalars used in option 2 cross-PSD calculations
ADMIN3	Admittance integral scalars used in option 3 deflection covariance calculations
ADMIT3	Admittance scalars used in option 3 cross-PSD calculations
ADDMAT	Performs the matrix summation for option 2 and option 3 deflection covariance and cross-PSD calculations
TAPOS	Positions the master tape in proper positions to start reading TL01 data for all options
SUM2	Performs the matrix summation for option 2 deflection covariance and cross-PSD calculations
SUM3	Performs the matrix summation for option 3 deflection covariance and cross-PSD calculations
SUMT	Sums the option 2 and option 3 matrices
COMINV	Inverts a complex matrix
CPSD1	Calculates the deflection response cross PSD for option 1
SRESP1	Calculates stress response cross PSD for option 1
TRAPM	Performs the complex matrix integration over all frequencies to form the deflection covariance matrices for option 1
SJNT1	Calculates joint stress cross-PSD matrix for option 1
DSECM1	Calculates deflection second-spectral-moment matrix for option 1
SSECM	Calculates stress second spectral moments for option 1
DJNT3	Calculates deflection covariance matrix for option 3

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
DJNT2	Calculates deflection covariance matrix for option 2
SJNT2	Calculates stress covariance matrix for option 2
DSECM2	Calculates deflection second-spectral-moment matrix for option 2
CPSD3	Calculates deflection cross-PSD matrix for option 3
CPSD2	Calculates deflection cross PSD for option 2
SJNT3	Calculates stress covariance matrix for option 3
DSJNT3	Calculates stress second-spectral-moment matrix for option 3
SRESP3	Calculates stress cross PSD for option 3
PRINTA	Prints the deflection cross-PSD matrices (option 1)
PRINTB	Prints the stress cross-PSD matrices for plates and beams (option 1)
PRINTC	Prints the deflection covariance matrices (option 1)
PRINTD	Prints the stress cross-PSD matrices in option 3 and prints the stress covariance matrix in all options
PRINTE	Prints the stress cross-PSD matrices (option 2)

b. Option 1 Solution Program—General Viscous Damping

(1) Organization

Option 1 is time consuming, because there is a complex matrix inversion involved for each frequency. When the excitation is not broadband, the mean-square deflections and stresses are calculated by numerical integration.

The damping matrix [C] is card input. The stiffness matrix [K] and the mass matrix [M] come from the phase I output tape. The desired frequencies for which the responses are formed are card inputs.

The solution steps and their associated subroutine names are described below. The limitations are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 N &\leq 60 \\
 m &\leq 25 \\
 NF &\leq 60
 \end{aligned}$$

- Step 1: The excitation-force matrices co-power  $[C_F(\omega_i)]$  and quad-power  $[Q_F(\omega_i)]$  spectral densities for each desired frequency are generated using subroutine RANL0D.
- Step 2: The impedance matrix is calculated in subroutine PEDAN and is divided into a real part  $-\omega^2 [M] + [K]$  and an imaginary part  $\omega[C]$ . These matrices are used as inputs to the admittance-matrix formation.
- Step 3: The admittance matrix  $[H(i\omega)]$  is calculated for all frequencies using the impedance matrix as the input. A complex matrix-inversion process is used in the calculation for the admittance matrix at each specified frequency.

The TL01 subroutine COMINV is used to find the complex matrix inverse. See section IV 2. b. (2)(3) for the subroutine flow chart and a description of the method. Thus,

$$[H(i\omega)] = \left[ -\omega^2 [M] + i\omega [C] + [K] \right]^{-1}$$

The admittance matrix is divided into a real part  $[J(\omega)]$  and an imaginary part  $[L(\omega)]$  and is stored on a scratch tape for the cross-PSD solution. Hence,

$$[H(i\omega)] = [J(\omega)] - i [L(\omega)]$$

- Step 4: The deflection cross-PSD matrices  $[\Phi_\delta(\omega)]$  are calculated for all frequencies by TL01 subroutine CPSD1. See section IV 2. b. (2)(j). The real part is formed by use of the relationship:

$$[C_\delta(\omega)] = [J] \left( [C_F(\omega)] [J] + [Q_F(\omega)] [L] \right) \\ + [L] \left( [C_F(\omega)] [L] - [Q_F(\omega)] [J] \right)$$

The imaginary part is formed by use of the relationship:

$$[Q_\delta(\omega)] = [L] \left( [C_F(\omega)] [J] + [Q_F(\omega)] [L] \right) \\ - [J] \left( [C_F(\omega)] [L] - [Q_F(\omega)] [J] \right)$$

The cross PSD calculated at each frequency is stored on tape for later use in the deflection second-spectral-moment calculation.

Step 5: If the stress cross-PSD solution is desired, TL01 subroutine SRESP1 is used. Thus,

$$[\Phi_{\sigma}(\omega)] = [S] [\Phi_{\delta}(\omega)] [S]^T$$

The stress matrices [S] come from the phase I output tape and the cross PSD  $[\Phi_{\delta}(\omega)]$  are formed in step 4 above. See section IV 2. b. (2) (f).

Step 6: If the deflection covariances are desired, the cross PSD's are numerically integrated using the trapezoidal rule. To obtain a desired accuracy, an adequate number of cross PSD's should be defined over the frequency range. The constants used in the trapezoidal method are calculated in subroutine CONS, section IV 2. b. (2)(c), and stored on tape. These scalar constants are multiplied by the N-by-N cross-PSD matrices and summed over the frequency range to calculate the deflection covariance in TL01 subroutine TRAPM. See section IV 2. b. (2)(g).

Step 7: If the stress covariance matrices are desired, TL01 subroutine SJNT1 is used. See section IV 2. b. (2)(h). Thus,

$$[\overline{\sigma_s \sigma_t}] = [S] [\overline{\delta_q \delta_r}] [S]^T$$

Step 8: The deflection second spectral moments are obtained by multiplying the cross PSD formed in step 4 by the square of the frequency and by constants from CONS and then summing over all frequencies. This is accomplished in subroutine DSECM1. See section IV 2. b. (2)(d).

Step 9: The stress second spectral moments are calculated in TL01 subroutine SSECM, section IV 2. b. (2)(i), by using the N-by-N matrix calculation in step 8. This matrix is premultiplied by the stress matrix [S] and postmultiplied by  $[S]^T$ .

## (2) Subroutine Descriptions

(a) Subroutine RANLOD (Refer to section IV 1.)

(b) Subroutine PEDAN (figure 44)

Method: The impedance real and imaginary matrices are calculated for NF frequencies.

- Real part:  $-\omega^2 [M] + [K]$
- Imaginary part:  $\omega [C]$

Input: Mass matrix [M] and the stiffness matrix [K] come from the phase I output tape. The damping matrix [C] is card input.

Output: The impedance matrices (real part and imaginary part) are stored on a scratch tape.

Error: Standard READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: None

Length: 40526<sub>8</sub>

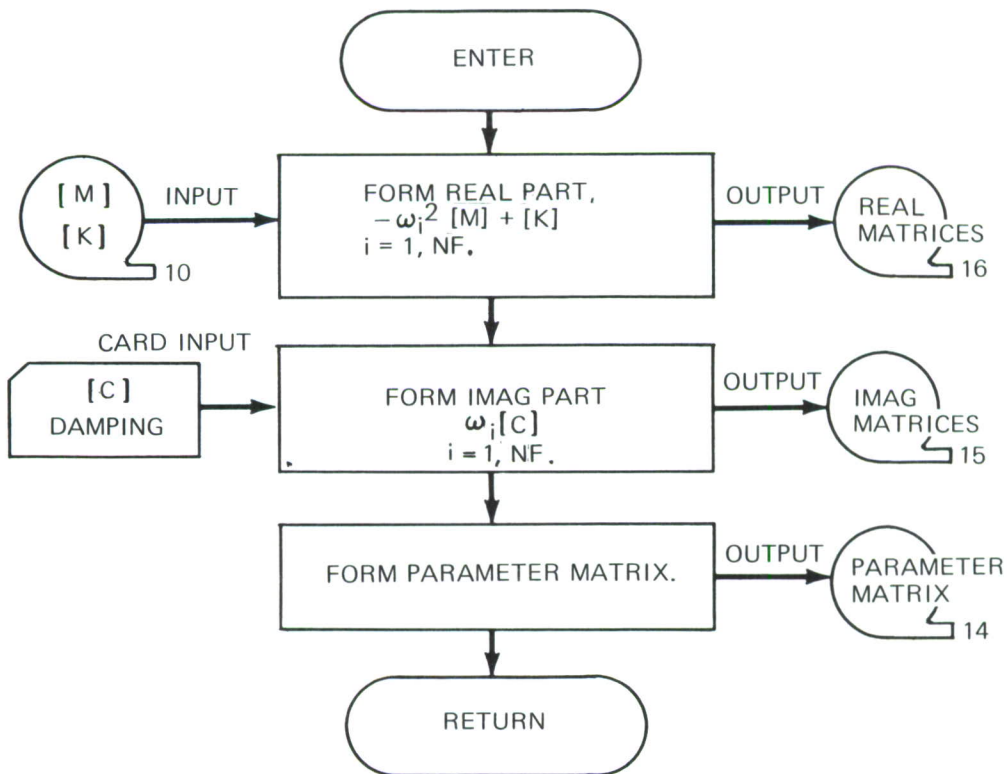


Figure 44. PEDAN Flow Chart

(c) Subroutine CONS (figure 45)

Method:

This subroutine calculates the constants  $C$  used in the trapezoidal TL01 subroutine TRAPM at  $NF$  frequencies  $(\omega_i)$  .

Form  $H_i = \omega_{i+1} - \omega_i$  , where  $i = 1, NF-1$

Hence,  $C_i = \frac{(H_{i-1} + H_i)}{2}$  , where  $i = 2, NF-1$

and  $C_1 = \frac{H_1}{2}$  ,  $C_{NF} = \frac{H_{(NF-1)}}{2}$

Input:

Frequencies  $\omega_i$  are stored in labeled common.

Output:

Constants  $C_i (i = 1, NF)$  are written on a scratch tape.

Error:

Standard WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: WRTETP

Argument list:

None

Length:

526<sub>8</sub>

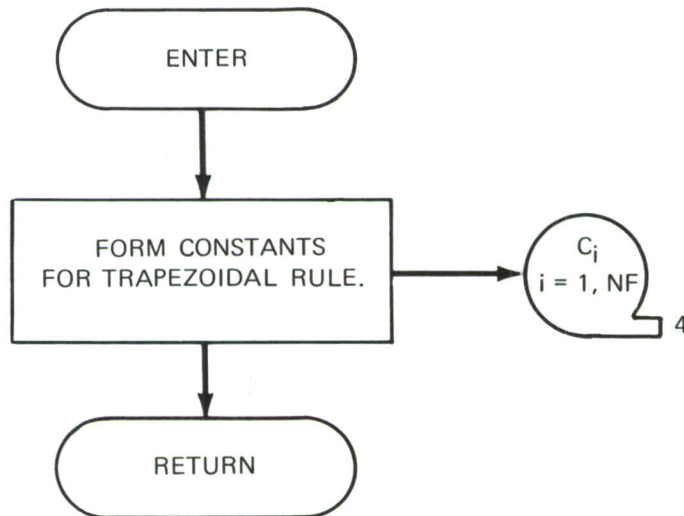


Figure 45. CONS Flow Chart

(d) Subroutine DSECM1 (figure 46)

Method: The deflection second spectral moments are calculated by multiplying the cross PSD found in subroutine CPSD1 by  $\omega_i^2 C_i$ . Thus,

$$[M_{\delta}^2] = \sum_{i=1}^m [\Phi_{\delta}(i\omega_i)] \omega_i^2 C_i$$

Input: Constants  $C_i$  and cross-PSD matrices  $[\Phi_{\delta}(i\omega_i)]$  come from a scratch tape.

Output: Deflection second spectral moments are stored on tape 12.

Error: Standard READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: None

Length: 40514<sub>8</sub>

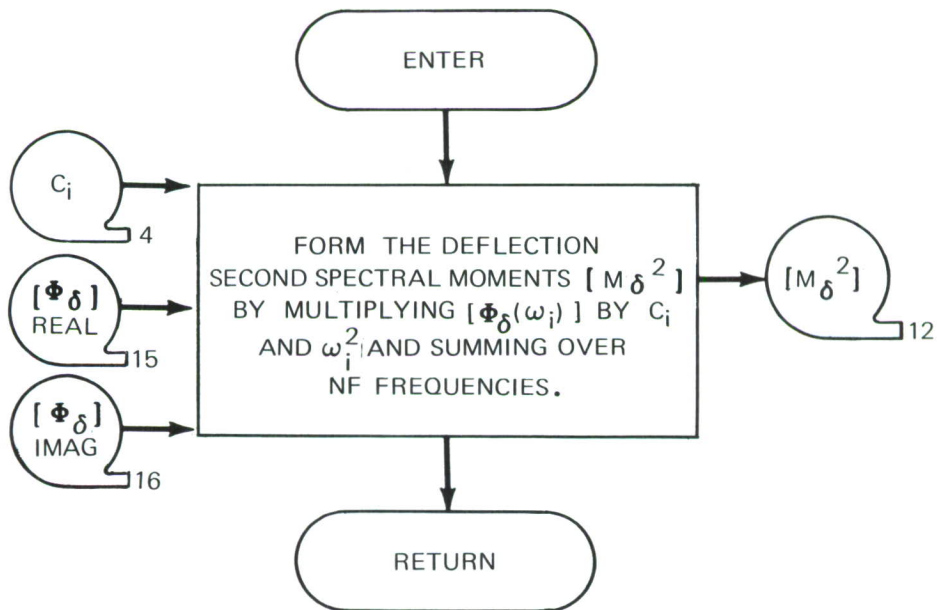


Figure 46. DSECM1 Flow Chart

(e) TL01 Subroutine COMINV

Solve for

$$[C] = ([A] - i [B])^{-1} .$$

The real part can be expressed as

$$([A] + [B] [A]^{-1} [B])^{-1}$$

and the imaginary part as

$$- [A]^{-1} [B] \left( [A] + [B] [A]^{-1} [B] \right)^{-1} .$$

where: A = real part of a complex matrix

B = imaginary part of a complex matrix

The flow chart for the complex matrix-inversion subroutine is shown in figure 47.

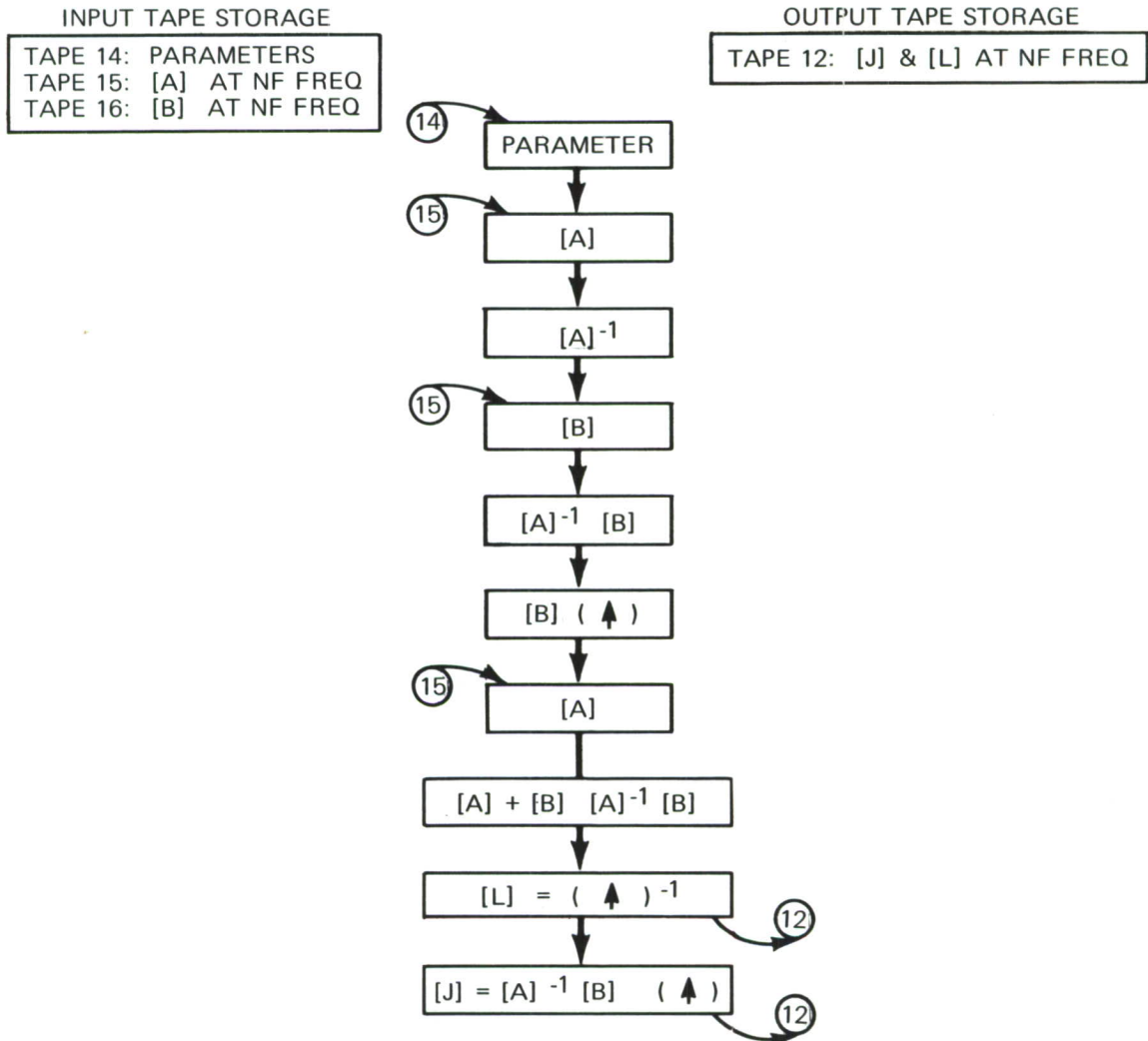


Figure 47. COMINV Flow Chart

(f) TL01 Subroutine SRESP1

The stress response cross-PSD matrices  $[\Phi_{\sigma}(i\omega)]$  are calculated as shown in figure 48.

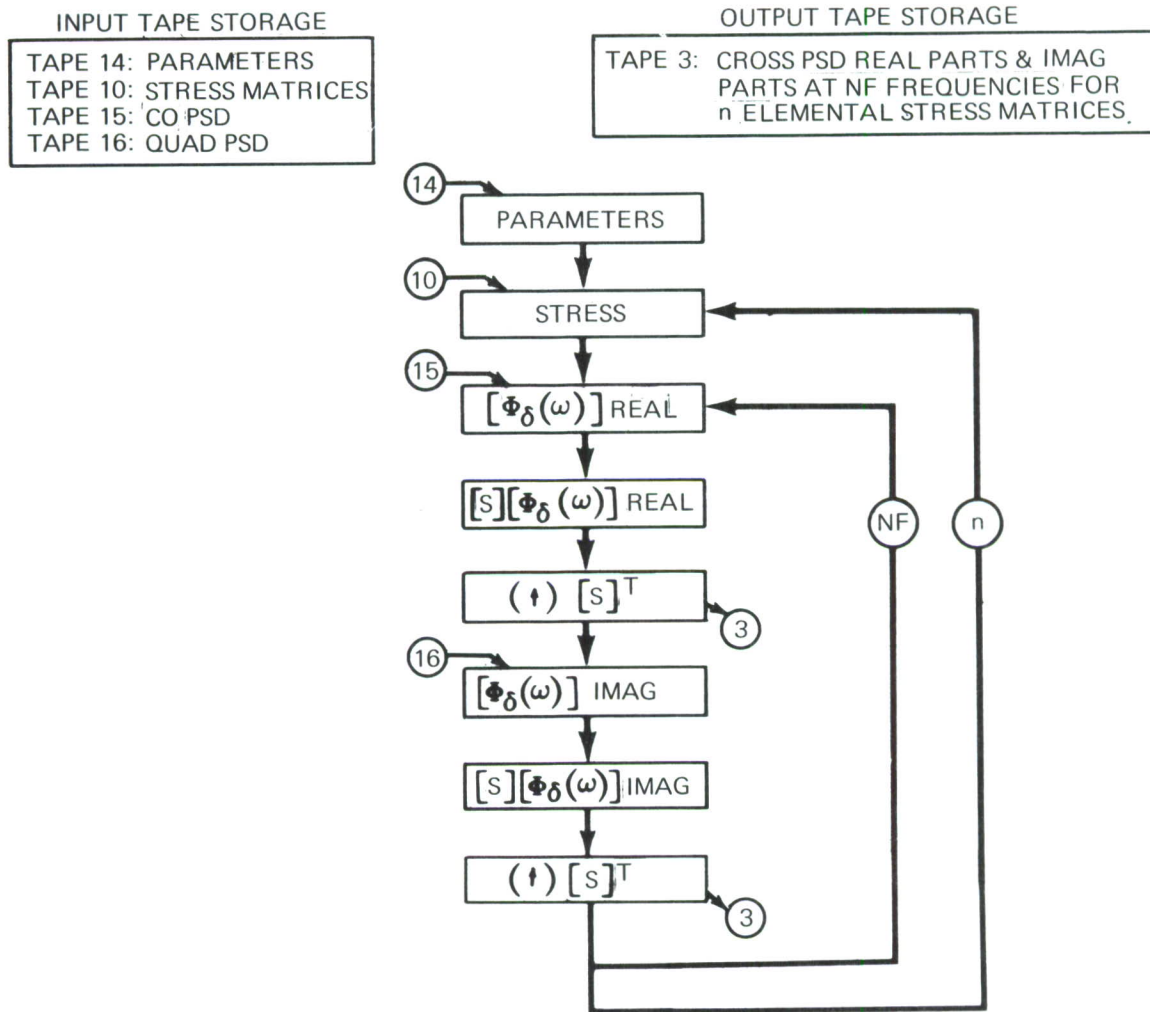


Figure 48. SRESP1 Flow Chart

(g) TL01 Subroutine TRAPM

The deflection covariance matrix  $[\overline{\delta_q \delta_r}]$  is found by integrating the cross-PSD  $[\Phi_\delta(i\omega)]$  matrices over NF frequencies by the trapezoidal method. Refer to figure 49.

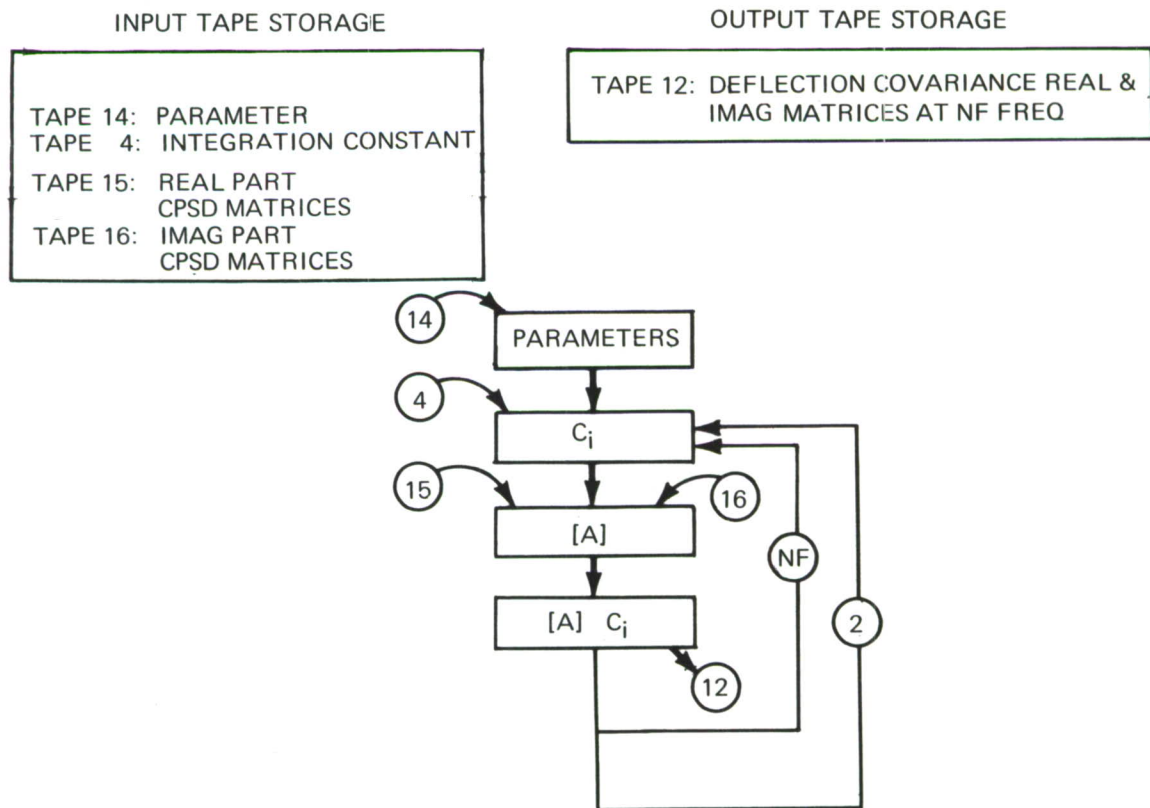


Figure 49. TRAPM Flow Chart

(h) TL01 Subroutine SJNT1

The stress covariance matrix  $[\overline{\sigma_s \sigma_t}]$  at NF frequencies is calculated as shown in figure 50.

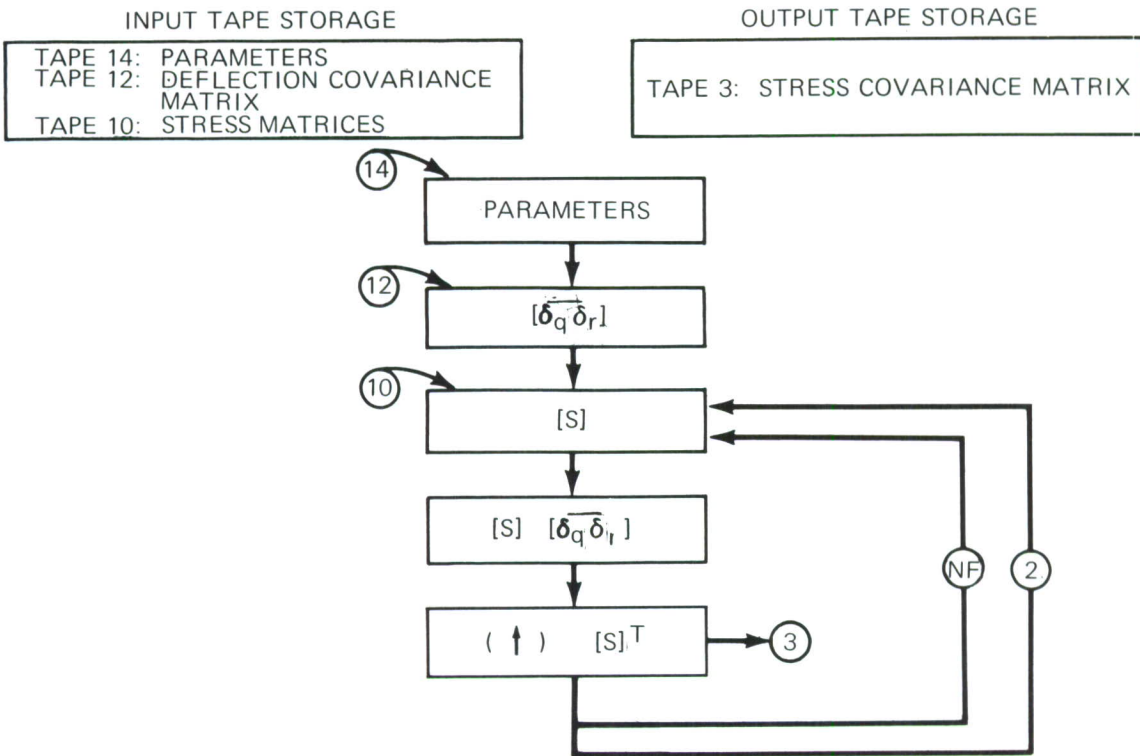


Figure 50. SJNT1 Flow Chart

(i) TL01 Subroutine SSECM

The stress second-spectral-moment matrix is calculated as shown in figure 51.

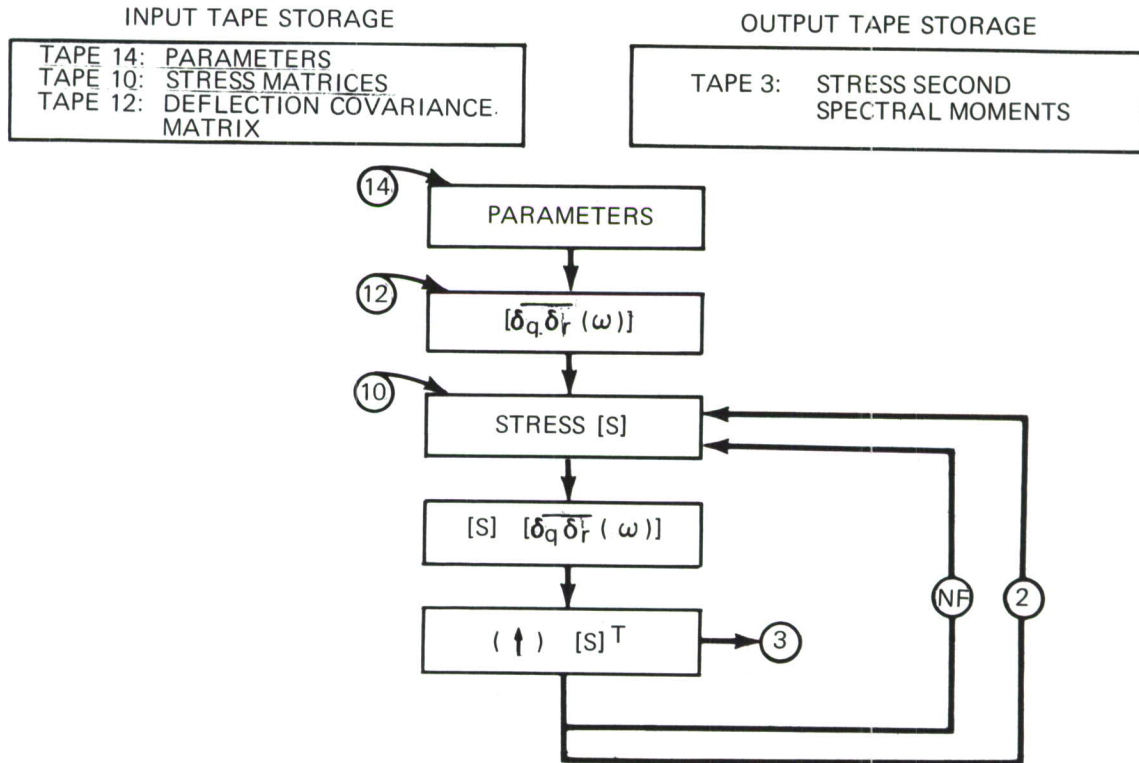


Figure 51. SSECM Flow Chart

(j) TL01 Subroutine CPSD1

The deflection response cross-PSD matrices are calculated for option 1.  
Refer to figure 52.

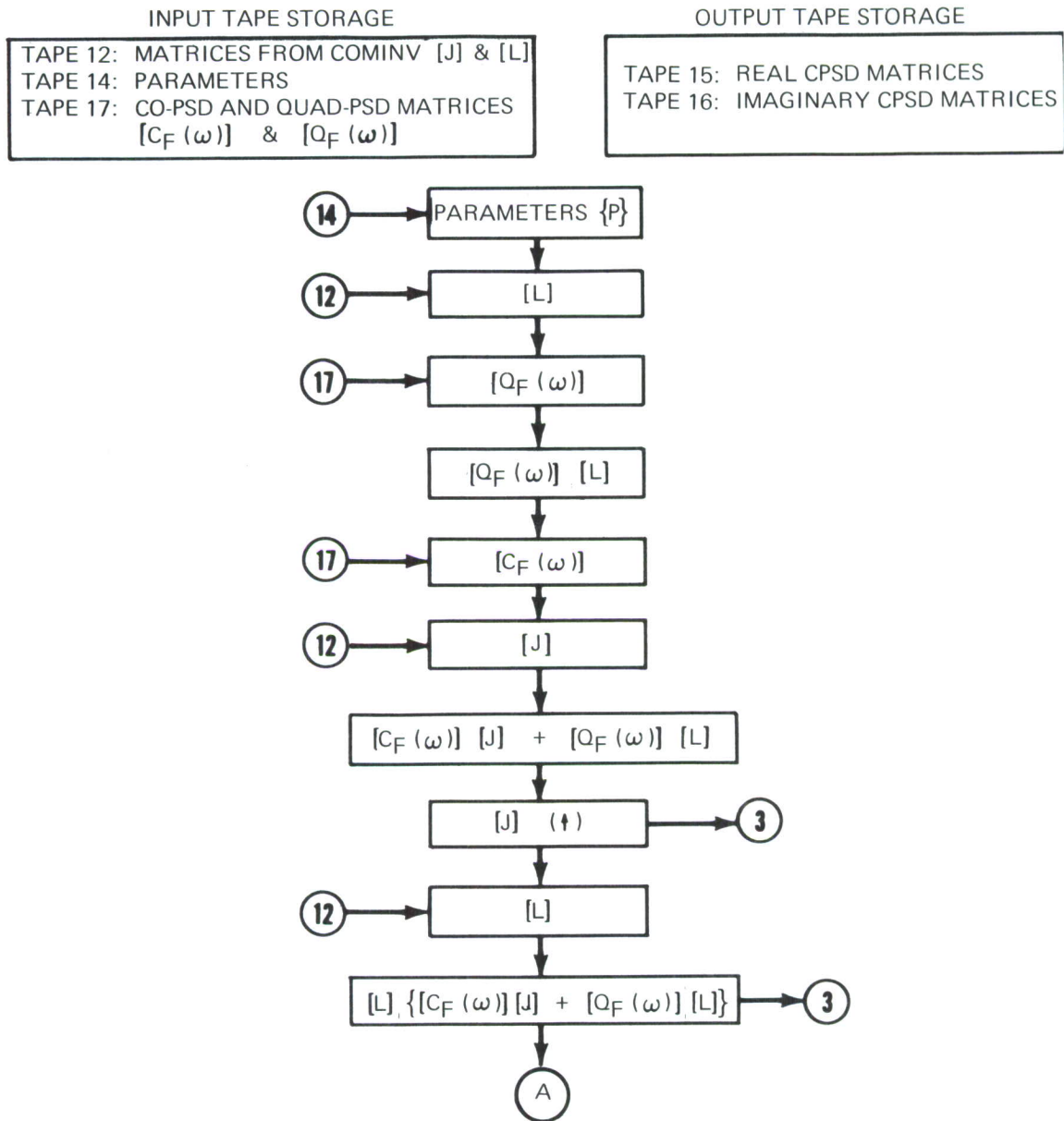


Figure 52. CPSD1 Flow Chart

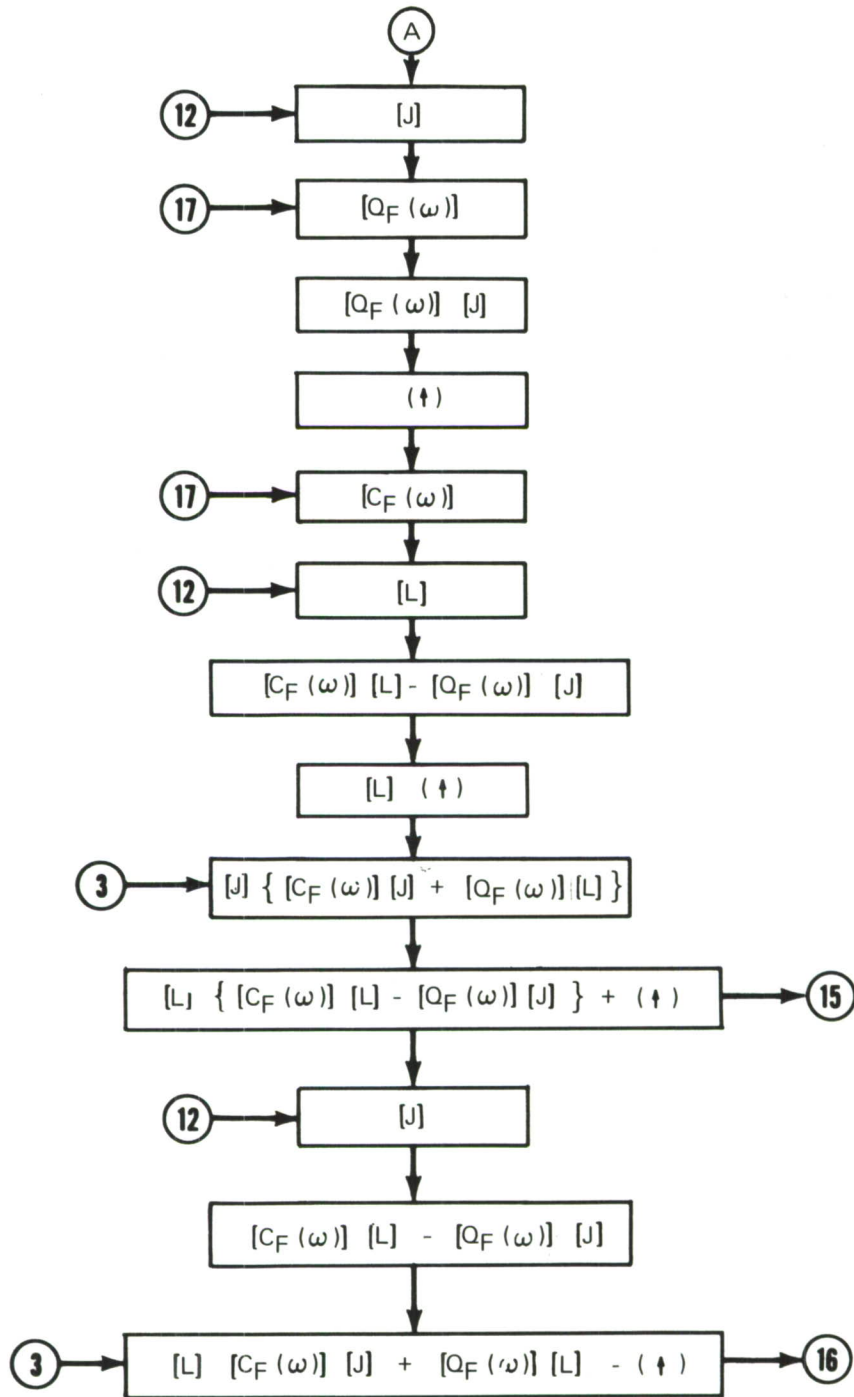


Figure 52. —Concluded

c. Option 2 Solution Program—Normal Modes

(1) Organization

The solution of option 2 is divided into two segments: (1) covariance, and (2) cross PSD. For simplicity, each segment is divided into a part that calculates contributions from like modes (same as option 3 and identified as option 3) and a part that calculates contributions from unlike modes. The summation of the like and unlike modal contributions results in the option 2 solution.

The effects of some of the cross modal terms are insignificant. A parameter  $K$  can be specified that limits the number of cross modal terms retained in the calculation of the solution. Cross PSD's are generated in two sets. The first set is for the natural frequencies and the second set is for the cross-modal terms. Frequencies for the cross modal term are in the order

$$\omega_{ij} = \frac{\omega_i + \omega_j}{2};$$

where:  $i = 1, 2, \dots, m - 1$

$j = i + 1, \dots, i + K \leq m$

$K$  = an input parameter defining the number of cross terms in the calculation

$m$  = number of natural frequencies

The limitations are as follows:

$$N \leq 90$$

$$m \leq 25$$

$$NF \leq 90$$

$$1 \leq K \leq m - 1$$

(a) Segment 1—Deflection Covariance

Step 1: The excitation co-PSD (real part) and quad-PSD (imaginary part) matrices are generated in subroutine RANL0D. The excitations are calculated for like and unlike modes.

Step 2: The admittance integral scalars for option 3 are calculated in subroutine ADMIN3. See section IV 2. d. (2)(b).

- Step 3: The deflection covariance matrices for like modes are generated in TL01 subroutine DJNT3, section IV 2. d. (2)(f), for each normal mode. In subroutine ADDMAT, section IV 2. d. (2)(c), the deflection covariance matrices are summed over  $m$  normal modes.
- Step 4: The admittance integral scalars are calculated in subroutine ADMIN2, section IV 2. c. (2)(c). If a parameter  $K$  is specified, there are  $K$  cross-product terms of the admittance integral scalars formed for each mode.
- Step 5: In subroutine CQJD, section IV 2. c. (2)(e), the excitations calculated in step 1 are combined with the admittance integral scalars calculated in step 4, and the resultant matrices are stored on a scratch tape that is used in deflection covariance subroutine DJNT2. See section IV 2. c. (2)(m).
- Step 6: The deflection covariance for  $K$  cross terms for each mode are calculated in TL01 subroutine DJNT2. Real and imaginary parts of the deflection covariance matrices are generated for each cross mode and stored on scratch tape. Subroutine ADDMAT sums all the cross-modal deflection covariance matrices for the real and imaginary parts.
- Step 7: The real part of the matrix calculated in step 6 is added to its transpose to form the real part of the deflection covariance matrix. The imaginary part of the matrix calculated in step 6 is added to its negative transpose to form the imaginary part of the deflection covariance matrix. This is done in subroutine SUMT. See section IV 2. c. (2)(f).
- Step 8: The deflection covariance matrices of like and unlike modes are calculated in subroutine SUM2, section IV 2. c. (2)(g). This subroutine adds contributions from like modes obtained in option 3 to contributions from the unlike modes obtained in option 2.
- Step 9: The stress covariance matrices are generated in TL01 subroutine SJNT2, section IV 2. c. (2)(n). The deflection covariance matrices (real and imaginary parts) are premultiplied by  $[S]$  and postmultiplied by  $[S]^T$ .
- Step 10: The second-spectral-moment scalars of option 3 are calculated in subroutine SECM3. See section IV 2. c. (2)(h).

- Step 11: The second-spectral-moment matrices for like modes (same as in option 3) are calculated in TL01 subroutine DJNT3, section IV 2. d. (2)(f), for each mode and stored on tape. Subroutine ADDMAT takes the  $m$  deflection second-spectral-moment matrices and sums for the normal modes.
- Step 12: The scalars from the integrals used in the second spectral moments are calculated in subroutine SECM2, section IV 2. c. (2)(i), for like and unlike modes.
- Step 13: The excitation matrices are combined with the scalars (same as in step 5 with different scalar values) in subroutine CQJD, and the resultant matrices are stored on scratch tape.
- Step 14: The deflection second spectral moments are generated in TL01 subroutine DSECM2, section IV 2. c. (2)(o), for each cross mode. Subroutine ADDMAT is used to sum the deflection second-spectral-moment matrices over  $m$  unlike modes.
- Step 15: The real matrix calculated in step 14 is added to its transpose to form the real part of the deflection second-spectral-moment matrix. The imaginary part of the matrix calculated in step 14 is added to its negative transpose to form the real part of the deflection second-spectral-moment matrix. This is done in subroutine SUMT.
- Step 16: The summation of the deflection second-spectral-moment matrix results from contributions from both like and unlike modes for the real and imaginary parts as done in subroutine SUM2.
- Step 17: The calculation of the stress second-spectral-moment matrix for real and imaginary parts is done in TL01 subroutine SSECM2. See section IV 2. c. (2)(p).

(b) Segment 2—Cross-PSD Solution

- Step 1: Excitation co-PSD and quad-PSD matrices are generated in subroutine RANLOD for each frequency. The option 3 excitation co-PSD matrices are also calculated for each frequency. The  $NF$  selected frequencies are card input.

- Step 2: The admittance scalars are calculated in subroutine ADMIT3 for each frequency. See section IV 2. d. (2)(e).
- Step 3: The like-mode contributions to the deflection cross-PSD matrix solutions are generated in TL01 subroutine CPSD3. See section IV 2. d. (2)(i).
- Step 4: The like-mode contributions to the deflection cross-PSD matrix solutions calculated in step 3 are summed in subroutine ADDMAT over  $m$  normal modes for each  $NF$  frequency.
- Step 5: The admittance scalars are calculated in subroutine ADMIT2, section IV 2. c. (2)(j), for each frequency. If a parameter  $K$  is specified, there are  $K$  cross-product scalars formed at each mode for each frequency.
- Step 6: In subroutine CQCPSD, section IV 2. c. (2)(k), the excitations calculated in step 1 are combined with the admittance scalars calculated in step 5 for each frequency, and the resultant matrices are stored on scratch tape.
- Step 7: A component of each of the deflection co- and quad-PSD matrices is calculated at each mode for  $NF$  frequencies in TL01 subroutine CPSD2. See section IV 2. c. (2)(q). The ADDMAT subroutine is used to sum the cross-modal matrices for each mode at  $NF$  frequencies.
- Step 8: The component co-PSD matrix calculated in step 7 is added to its transpose to form the deflection co-PSD matrix. The component quad-PSD matrix calculated in step 7 is added to its negative transpose to form the deflection quad-PSD matrix. There are  $NF$  co- and quad-PSD solutions for cross-modal contributions. This is done in subroutine SUMT.
- Step 9: Subroutine SUM3 sums matrices obtained in steps 4 and 8 to obtain the deflection cross-PSD matrices.
- Step 10: The stress cross PSD is generated in TL01 subroutine SRESP2. See section IV 2. c. (2)(v).

(2) Subroutine Descriptions

- (a) Subroutine RANLOD (Refer to section IV 1.)
- (b) Subroutines ADMIN3, ADDMAT, DJNT3, ADMIT3, and CPSD3 (See the subroutine descriptions for option 3, section IV 2. d. (2).)
- (c) Subroutine ADMIN2

This subroutine (figure 53) calculates and stores on tape the admittance integral scalars used in the calculation of deflection covariance.

Method: The admittance integral scalars

$$\int_0^{\infty} D_i E_i d\omega, \int_0^{\infty} D_j E_i d\omega$$

and

$$\int_0^{\infty} (D_i D_j + E_i E_j) d\omega$$

are combined in the following manner:

$$DE_{ij} = \int_0^{\infty} D_i E_j d\omega - \int_0^{\infty} D_j E_i d\omega$$

$$ED_{ij} = \int_0^{\infty} D_j E_i d\omega - \int_0^{\infty} D_i E_j d\omega$$

$$DDEE_{ij} = \int_0^{\infty} (D_i D_j + E_i E_j) d\omega$$

where:  $i = 1, m - 1$

$j = i + 1, i + K \leq m$

See the Engineering User's Guide, reference 3, for definitions of the integrals.

Input: Mode shapes from phase I output tape

Output: Admittance integral scalars are stored on tape.

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP, SCALE

Length: 15301<sub>8</sub>

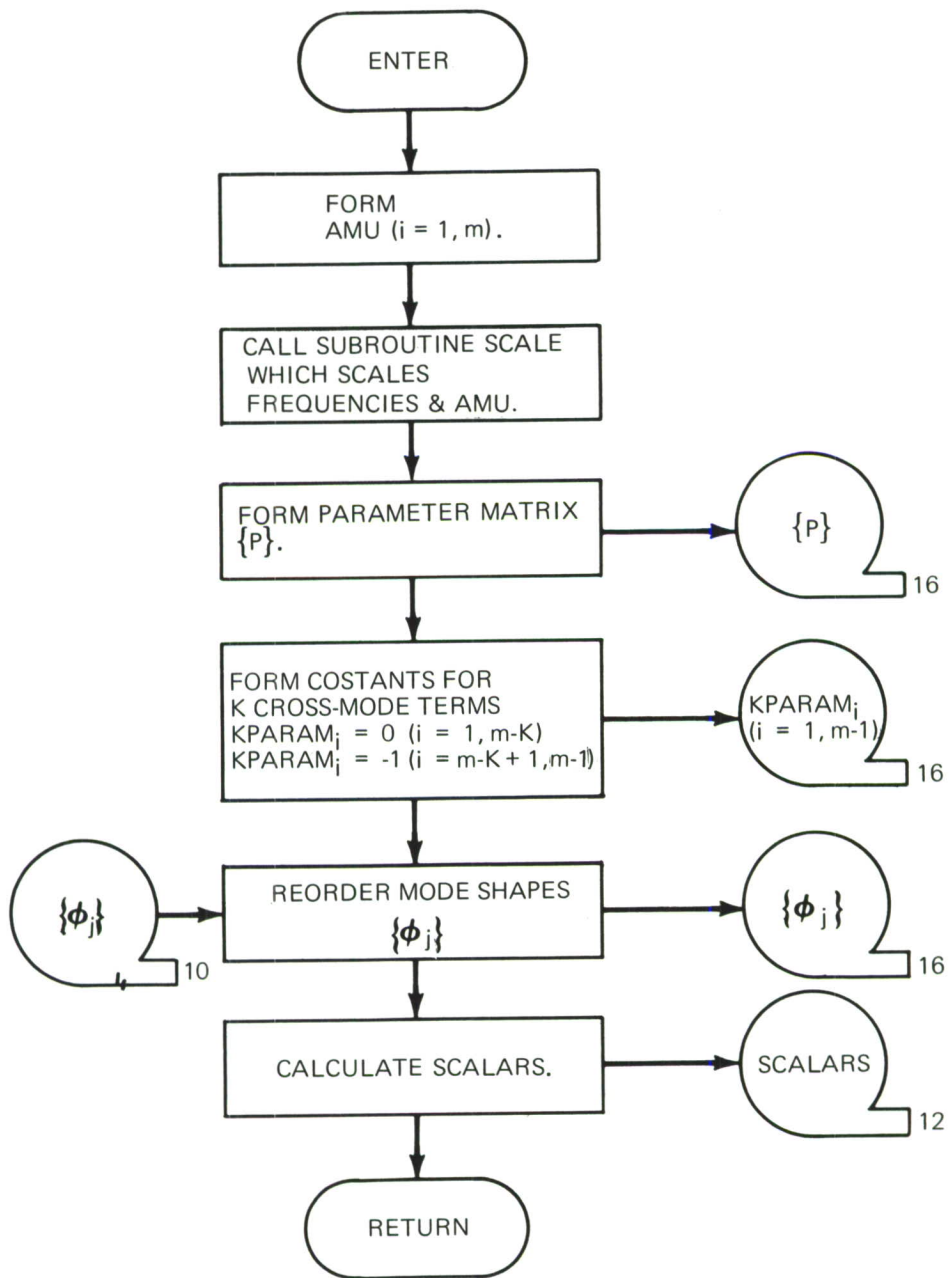


Figure 53. ADMIN2 Flow Chart

(d) Subroutine SCALE

This subroutine (figure 54) examines the magnitude of the first natural frequency and then uses an appropriate factor to scale frequencies.

Method: This subroutine will only scale frequencies  $\omega$  from 0 to 100,000 Hz. If  $0 \leq \omega \leq 100$   
 $100 < \omega \leq 1,000$   
 $1,000 < \omega \leq 10,000$   
 $10,000 < \omega \leq 100,000$   
the scale factors are  
10  
100  
1,000  
10,000 respectively.

Input: Frequencies and m

Output: Scale factor and the scaled frequencies

Argument list:  $FREQ$  = frequencies  
 $M$  = number of mode shapes  
 $SCAL$  = scale factor

Length:  $105_8$

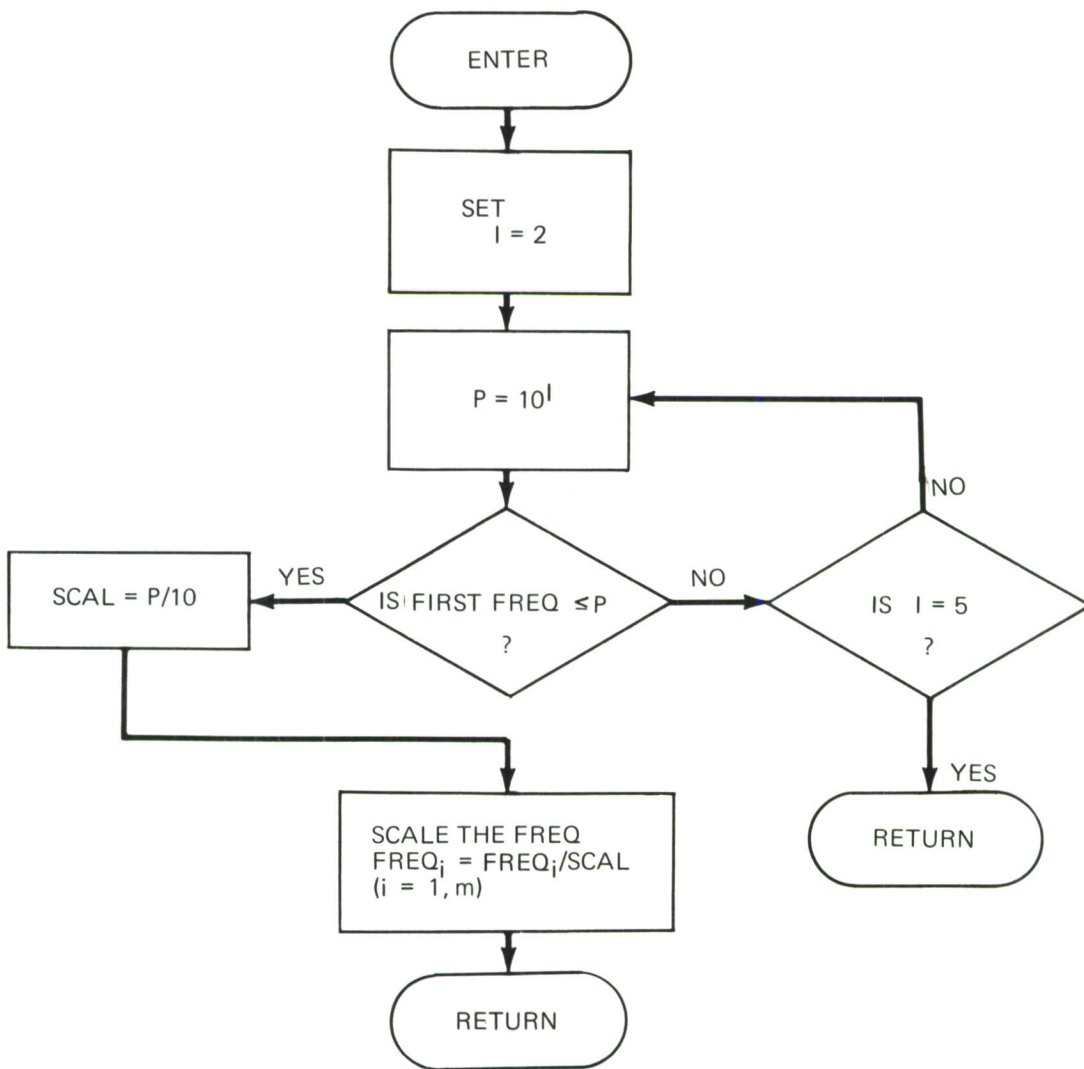


Figure 54. SCALE Flow Chart

(e) Subroutine CQJD

This subroutine (figure 55) combines the excitation co-power  $[C_F(\omega)]$  and quad-power  $[Q_F(\omega)]$  spectral density matrices and the admittance integral scalars when calculating the deflection covariance.

Method: A component of the deflection co-PSD is

$$[CQ]_{ij} = \alpha_{ij} [C_F]_{ij} + \gamma_{ij} [Q_F]_{ij}$$

A component of the deflection quad-PSD is

$$[CQ']_{ij} = -\gamma_{ij} [C_F]_{ij} + \alpha_{ij} [Q_F]_{ij}$$

where:  $\alpha_{ij} = \int_0^{\infty} (D_i D_j + E_i E_j) d\omega$

$$\gamma_{ij} = \int_0^{\infty} D_i E_j d\omega - \int_0^{\infty} D_j E_i d\omega$$

$$i = 1, m - 1$$

$$j = i + 1, i + K$$

Input: Admittance integral scalars and the excitation co- and quad-PSD matrices from tape

Output: The  $[CQ]_{ij}$  and  $[CQ']_{ij}$  matrices are outputs on tape

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Length: 40300<sub>8</sub>

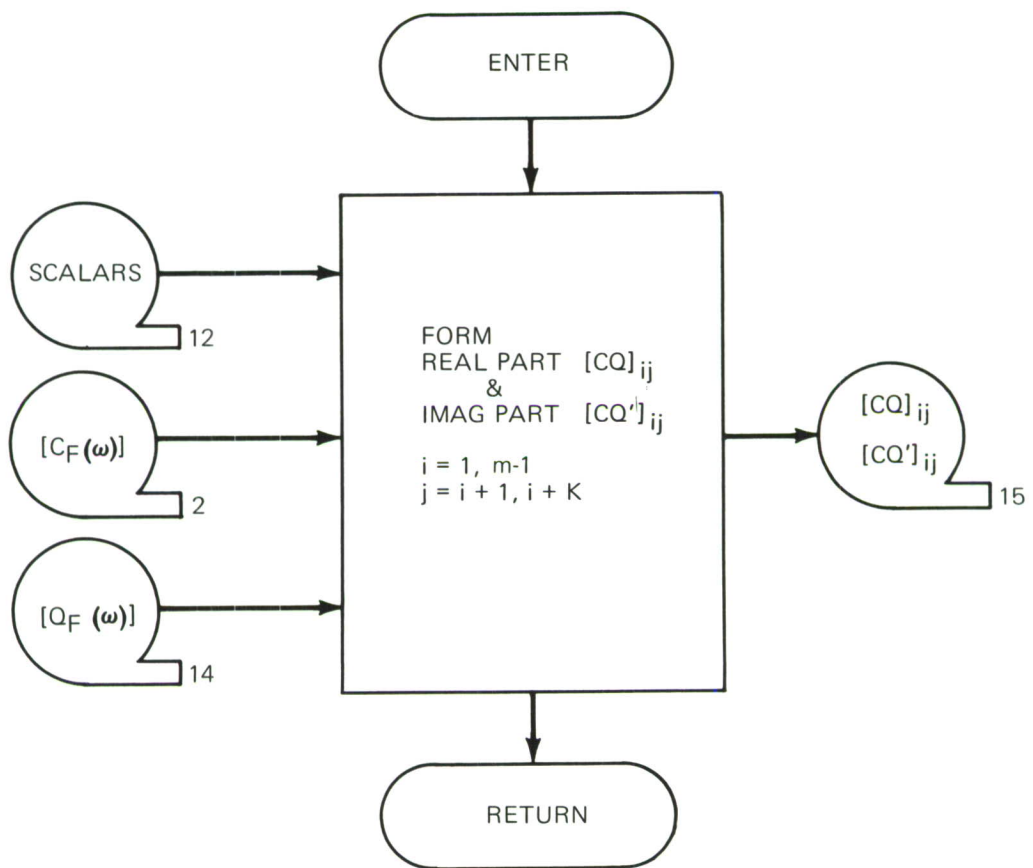


Figure 55. CQJD Flow Chart

(f) Subroutine SUMT

This subroutine (figure 56) sums a matrix with its transpose matrix.

Method: A matrix [A] is read from tape. The transpose of this matrix is added to itself, and the resultant matrix is the real part of the deflection covariance. To form the corresponding imaginary part, the transpose of this matrix is subtracted from itself. For the deflection cross-PSD calculations, this operation is repeated NF times, one for each frequency. For the real part,

$$[A] + [A]^T$$

and for the imaginary part,

$$[A] - [A]^T$$

Input: Tape input of matrices

Output: Tape output of the final deflection covariance or cross-PSD matrices

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Length: 40247<sub>8</sub>

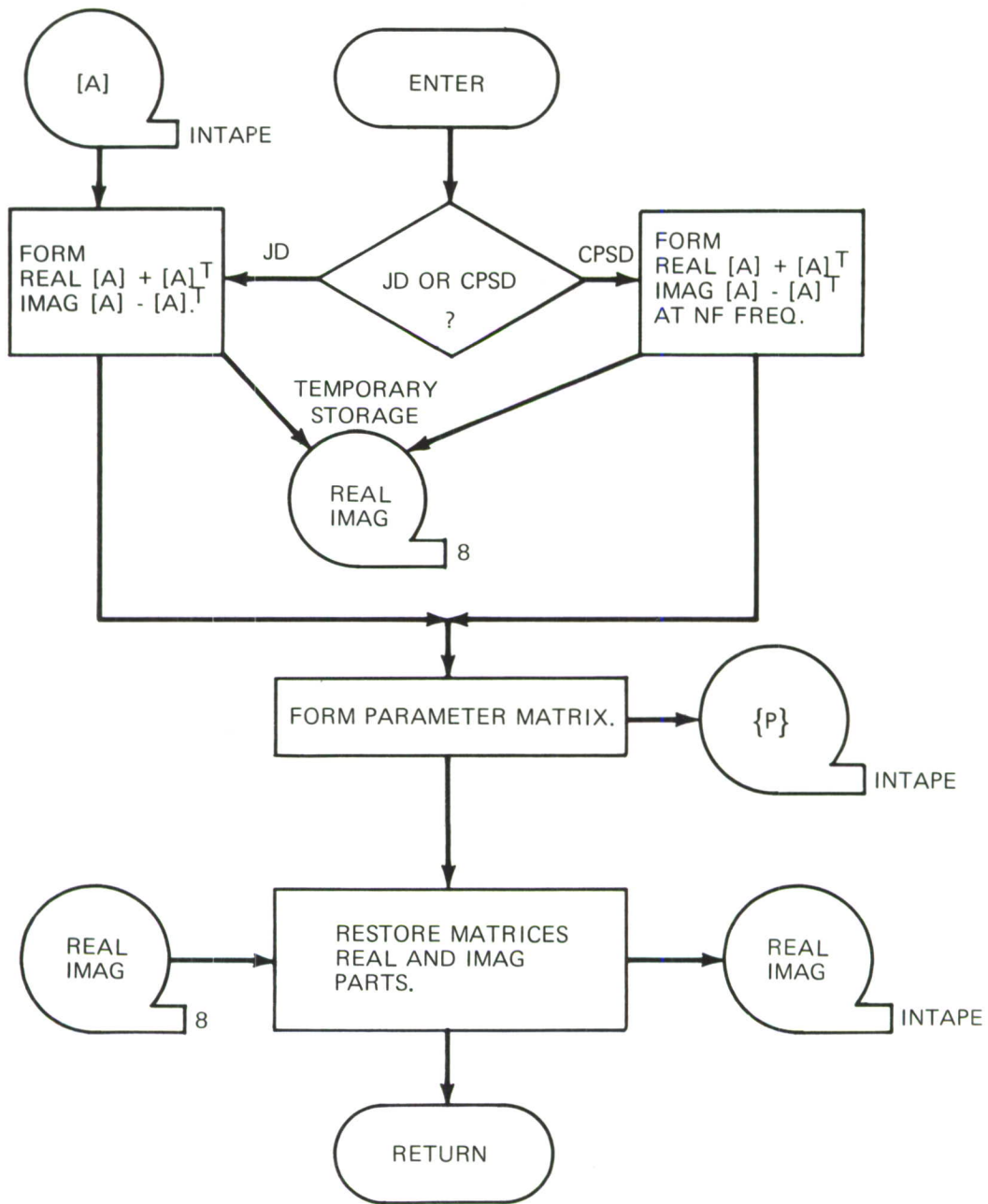


Figure 56. SUMT Flow Chart

(g) Subroutine SUM2

Method: This subroutine (figure 57) sums contributions to the real part of the deflection covariance matrix from like and unlike modes. The result is stored on an output tape. The imaginary part of the deflection covariance matrix is transferred from its input tape to the output tape. Contributions come from only the unlike modes.

Input: Deflection covariance matrices for like modes stored on ITP1

Output: The deflection covariance matrices including contributions from like and unlike modes. This is stored on tape ITP1.

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: ITP1—Option 3 like-mode contributions to the deflection covariance matrices are stored on tape ITP1.  
ITP2—Option 2 unlike-mode contributions to the deflection covariance matrices (real and imaginary parts) are stored on tape ITP2.  
NO—If NO = 1, then calculate option 3  
If NO = 2, then calculate option 2  
NCN—If NCN = 1, then sum the deflection covariance matrices  
If NCN = 2, then sum the deflection second spectral moment matrices

Length: 40370<sub>8</sub>

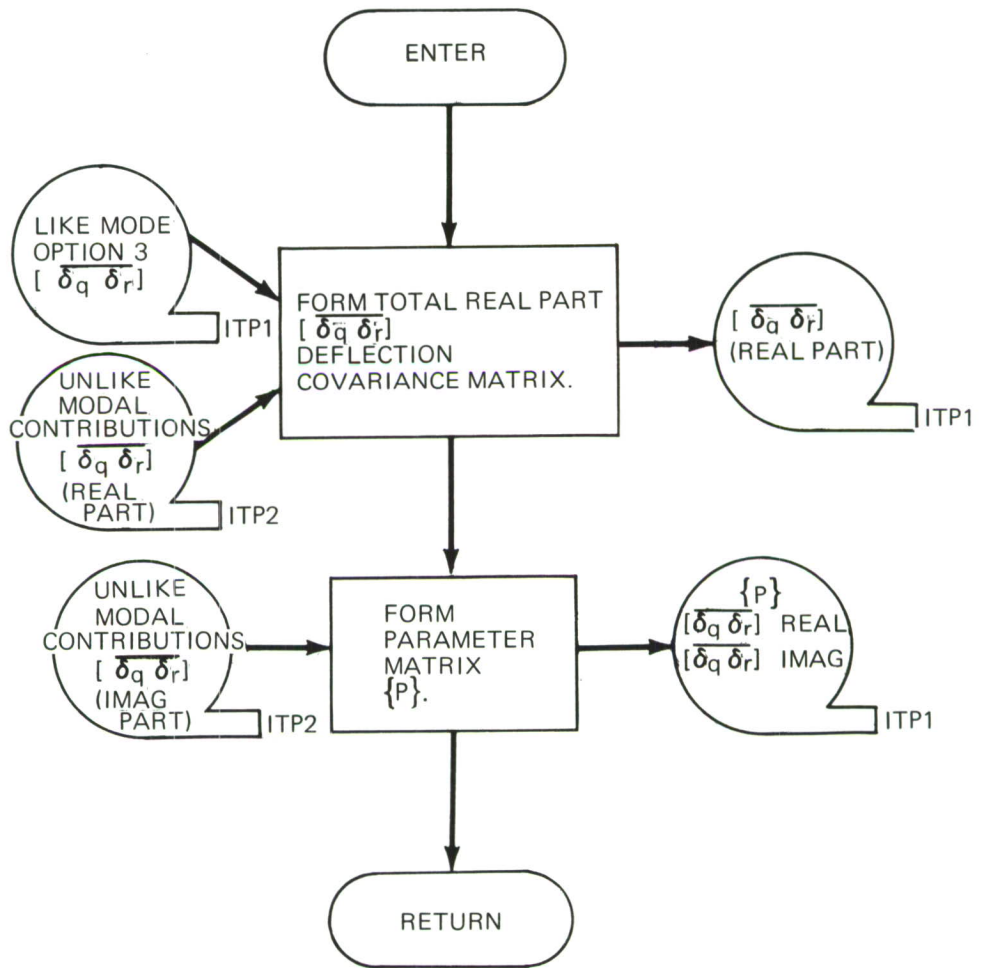


Figure 57. SUM2 Flow Chart

(h) Subroutine SECM3

This subroutine (figure 58) calculates the admittance integral scalars used in the deflection second spectral moments. The subroutine also reads mode shapes from the phase I output tape and restores them on another tape.

Method: 
$$[M_{\delta}^2] = \pi / (2\mu_i M_i^2)$$

where: 
$$\mu_i = \mu + \lambda\omega_i^2 + g\omega_i$$

$$i = 1, m$$

Input: Mode shapes  $\{\phi_i\}$  come from phase I output tape.

Output: A parameter matrix, admittance integral scalars, and modes stored on tape.

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Length: 5423<sub>8</sub>

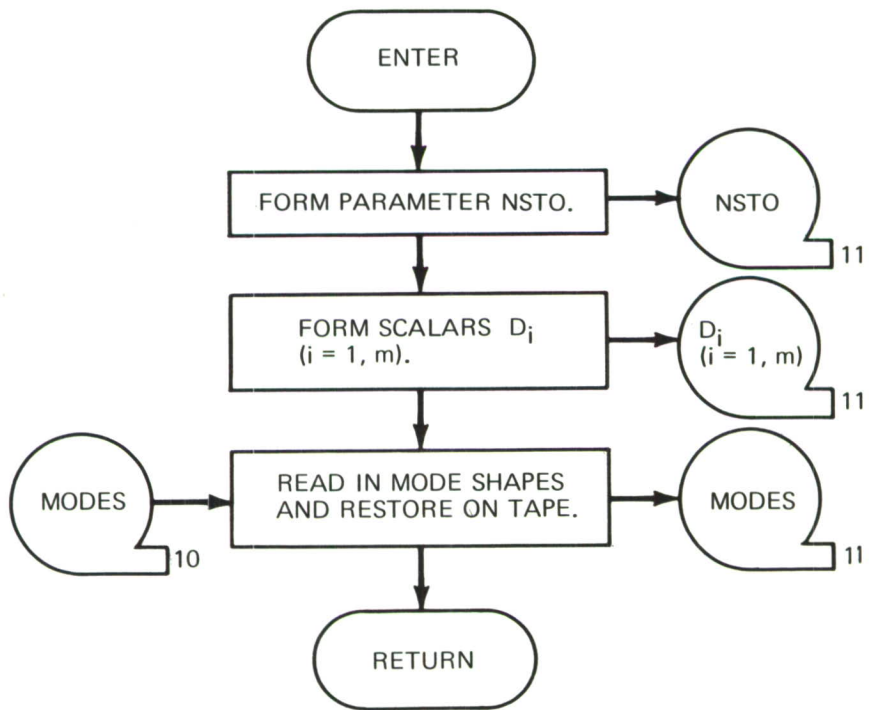


Figure 58. SECM3 Flow Chart

(i) Subroutine SECM2

The second-spectral-moment scalars for option 2 deflection covariance are calculated in subroutine SECM2 in the same manner as in subroutine ADMIN2, section IV 2. c. (2)(c).

(j) Subroutine ADMIT2

This subroutine (figure 59) calculates the admittance scalars used in the formation of cross PSD. The cross-modal constants and mode shapes are stored on tape.

Method: The admittance scalars are combined in the following manner:

$$DDEE_{ij} = D_i D_j + E_i E_j$$

$$DE_{ij} = D_i E_j - D_j E_i$$

$$ED_{ij} = D_j E_i - D_i E_j$$

where:  $i = 1, m - 1$

$j = i + 1, i + K$

See the Engineering User's Guide, reference 3, for a definition of  $D_i$  and  $E_i$ .

Input: Modes shapes from phase I output tape

Output: Admittance scalars on tape

Error: Standard READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Length: 14566<sub>8</sub>

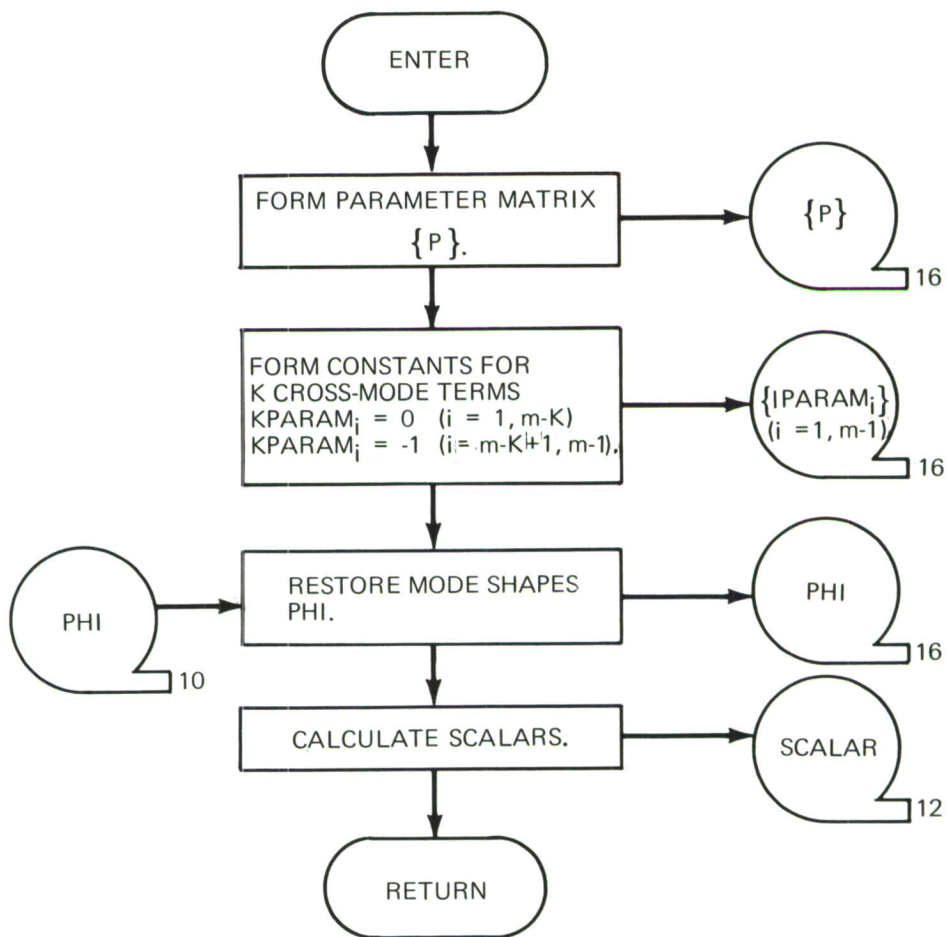


Figure 59. ADMIT2 Flow Chart

(k) Subroutine CQCPSD

This subroutine (figure 60) combines the excitation matrices and the admittance scalars for the real part and imaginary part in generating the cross-PSD matrices.

Method: For the real part,

$$[CQ]_{ij} = \alpha_{ij} [C_F]_{ij} + \gamma_{ij} [Q_F]_{ij}$$

For the imaginary part,

$$[CQ']_{ij} = -\gamma_{ij} [C_F]_{ij} + \alpha_{ij} [Q_F]_{ij}$$

where:  $\alpha_{ij} = D_i D_j + E_i E_j$

$$\gamma_{ij} = D_i E_j - D_j E_i$$

$$i = 1, m - 1$$

$$j = i + 1, i + K$$

Input: Admittance scalars and the excitation co- and quad-PSD matrices from tapes

Output: The resultant matrices are stored on tape.

Error: Standard READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Length: 15155<sub>8</sub>

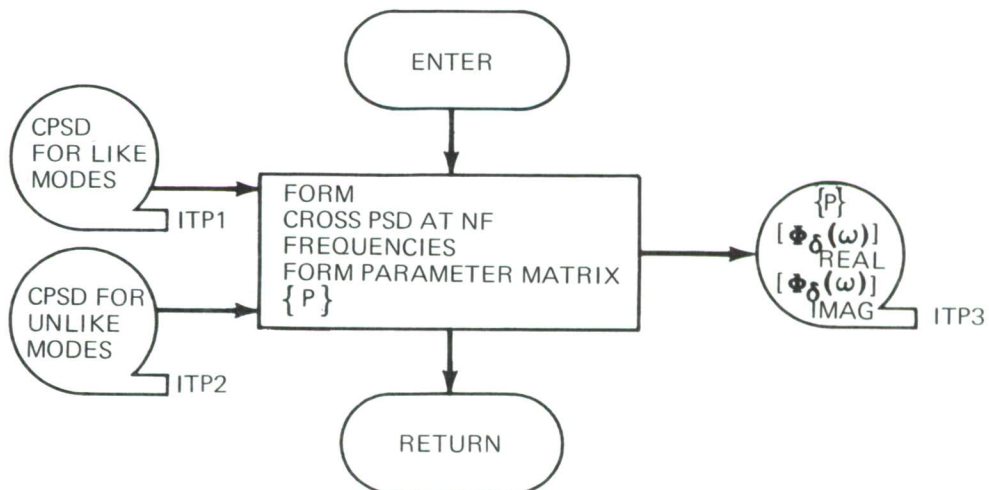


Figure 60. CQCPSD Flow Chart

(1) Subroutine SUM3

Method: This subroutine (figure 61) sums to obtain the deflection co-PSD matrices from like and unlike modal contributions. The deflection quad-PSD matrices are transferred from an input tape to an output tape.

Input: Cross-PSD matrices for like and unlike modes are stored on ITP1 and ITP2

Output: Deflection cross-PSD matrices for NF frequencies are stored on ITP3

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: ITP1—Option 3 deflection cross-PSD matrices (like modal contributions) are stored on this tape.  
 ITP2—Cross-PSD matrices (contributions from unlike modes only) are stored on this tape.  
 ITP3—Output tape of summation of all deflection cross-PSD matrices for NF frequencies.

Length: 40343<sub>8</sub>

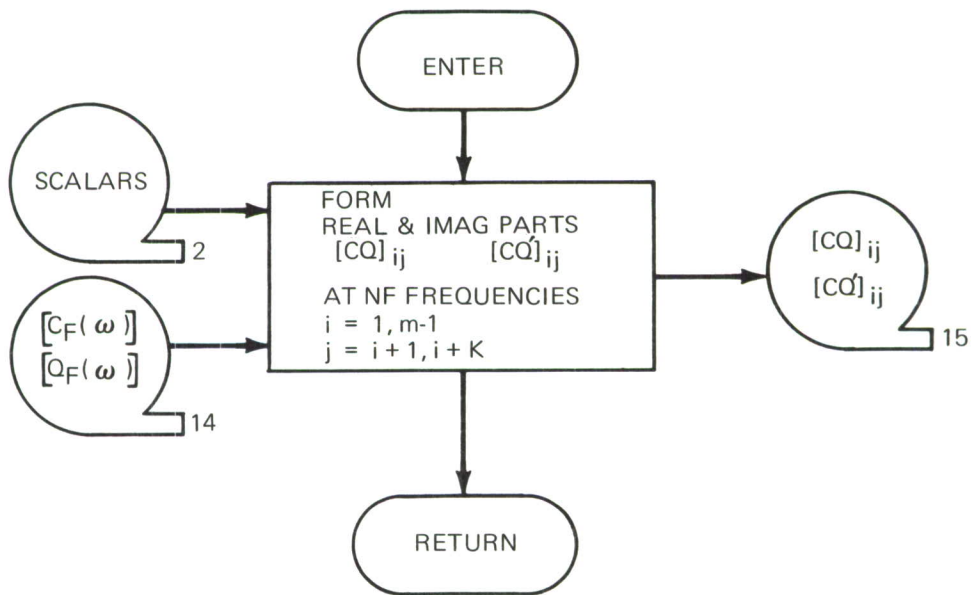


Figure 61. SUM3 Flow Chart



(n) TL01 Subroutine SJNT2

This subroutine (figure 63) calculates the joint stress  $[\overline{\sigma_s \sigma_t}]$ .

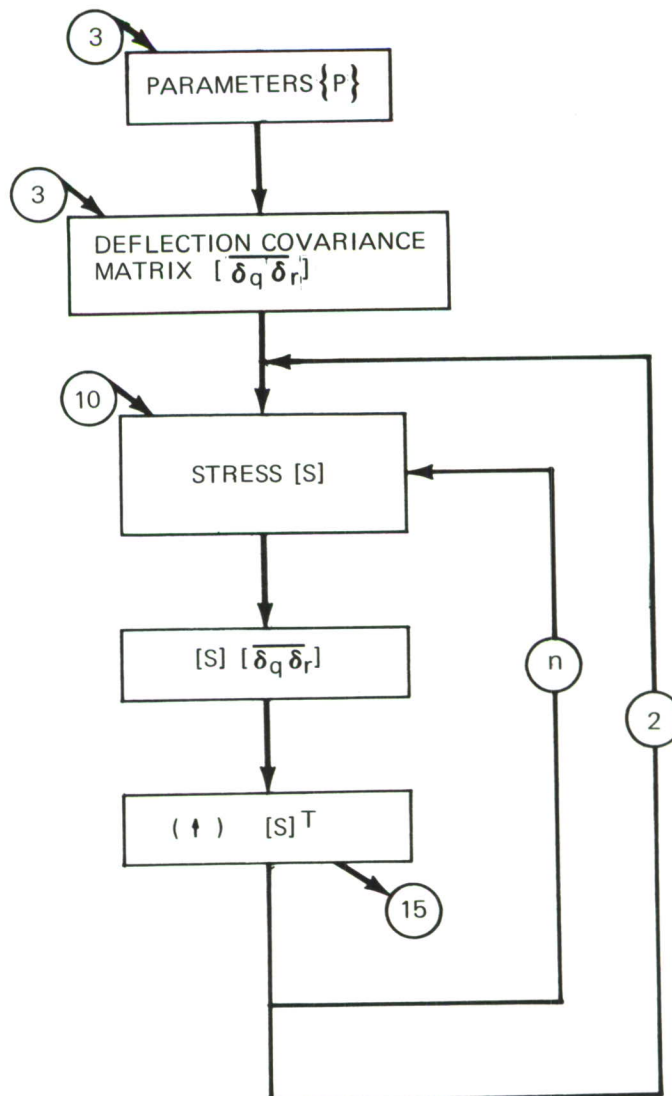
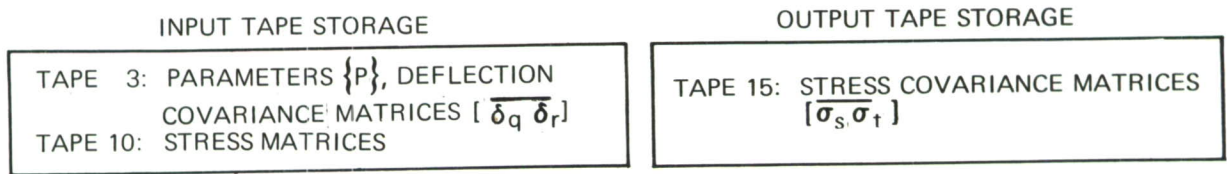


Figure 63. SJNT2 Flow Chart

(o) TL01 Subroutine DSECM2

This subroutine (figure 64) calculates the deflection second spectral moments.

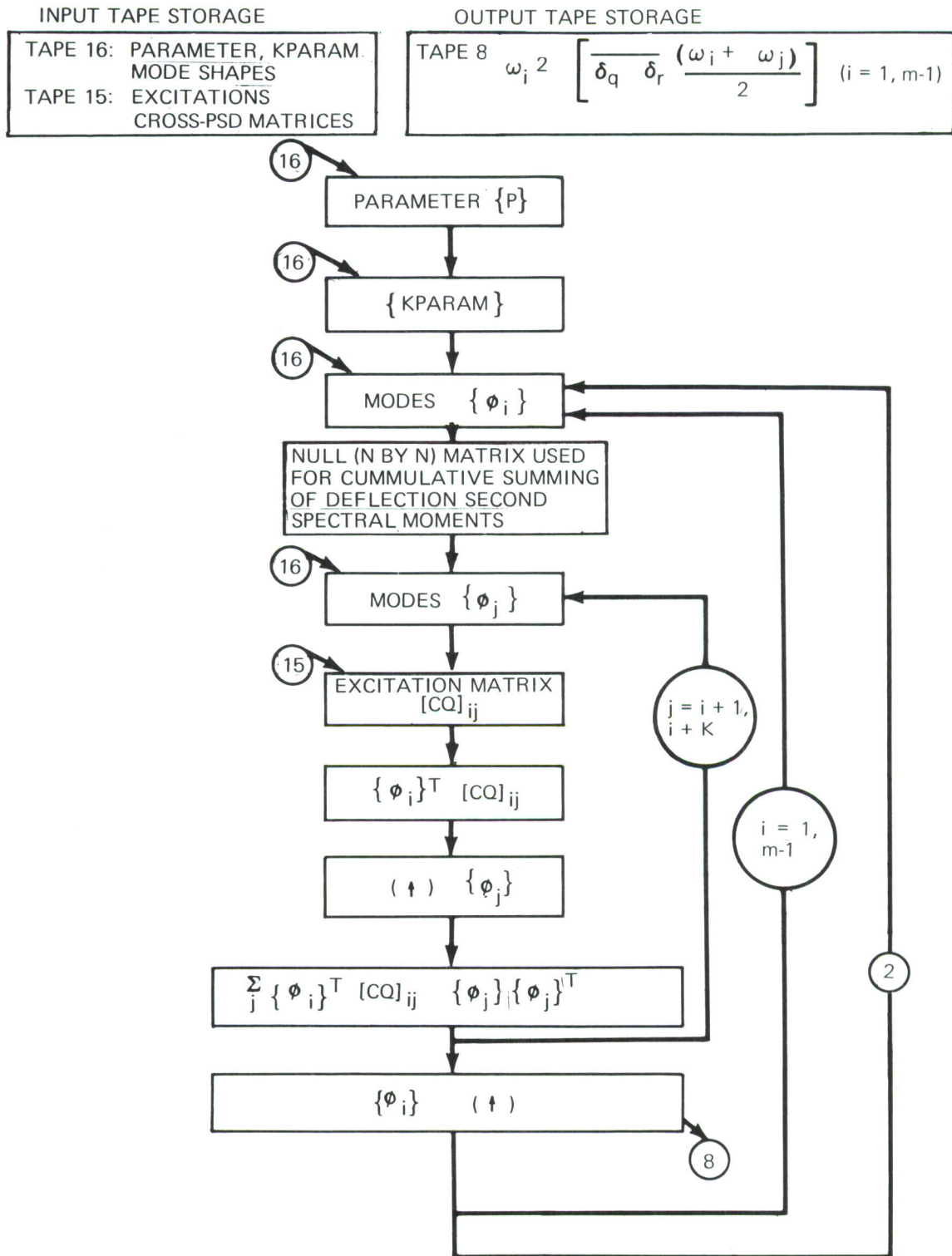


Figure 64. DSECM2 Flow Chart

(p) TL01 Subroutine SSECM2

This subroutine (figure 65) calculates the joint stress second spectral moments.

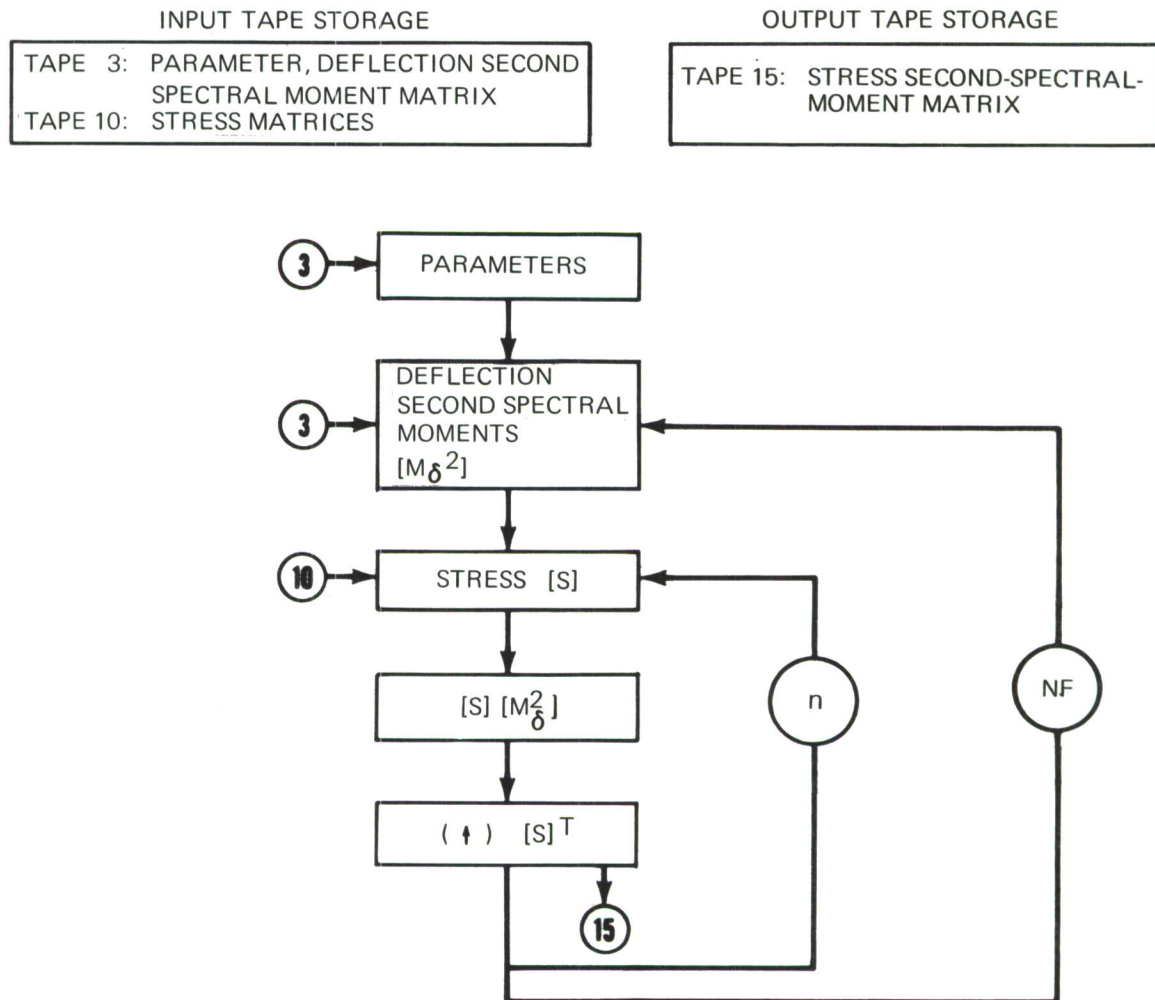


Figure 65. SSECM2 Flow Chart

(q) TL01 Subroutine CPSD2

This subroutine (figure 66) calculates the cross modal contributions to the deflection cross-PSD matrices at NF frequencies

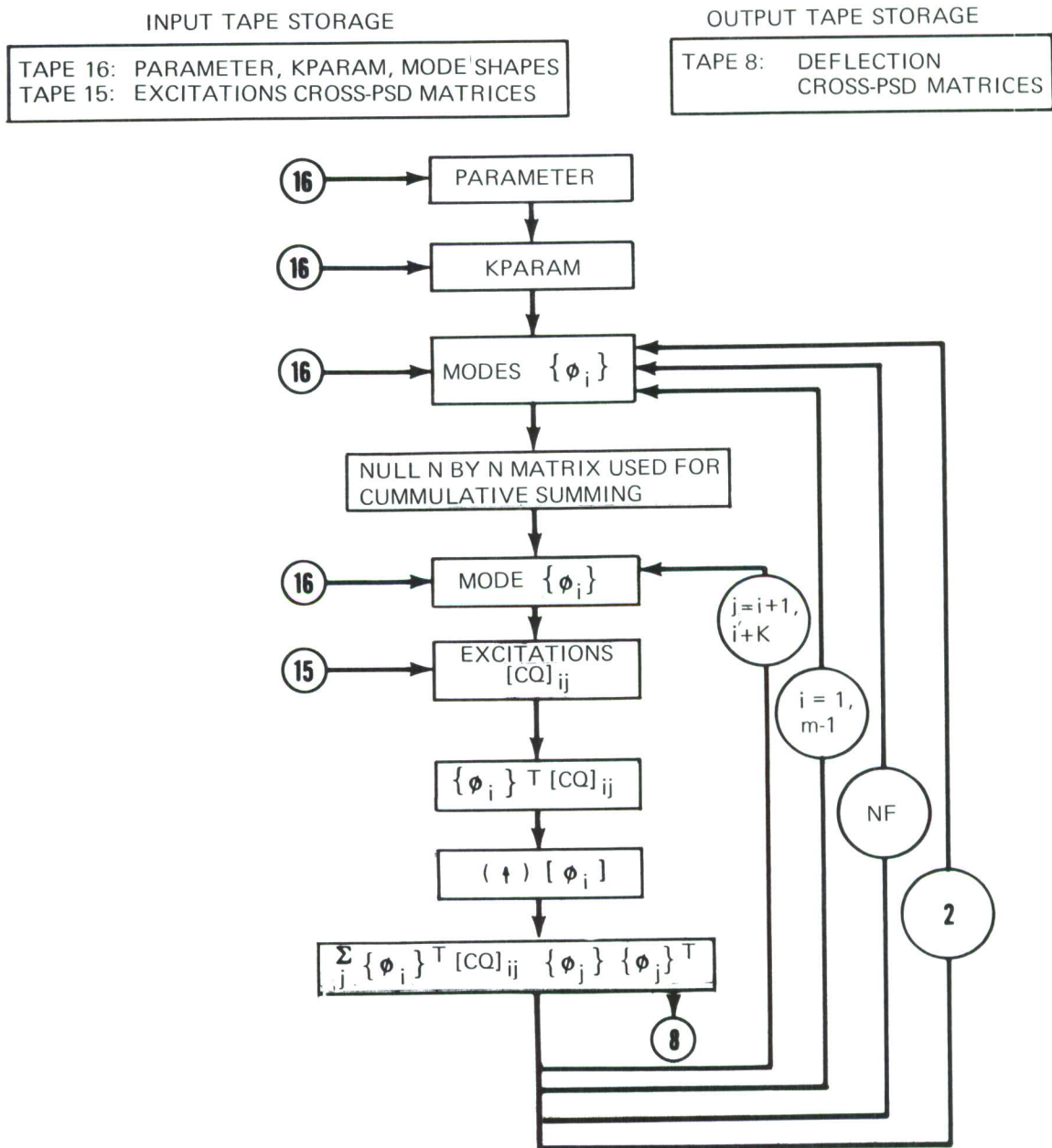


Figure 66. CPSD2 Flow Chart

(r) TL01 Subroutine SRESP2

This subroutine (figure 67) calculates the stress cross-PSD matrices for NF frequencies.

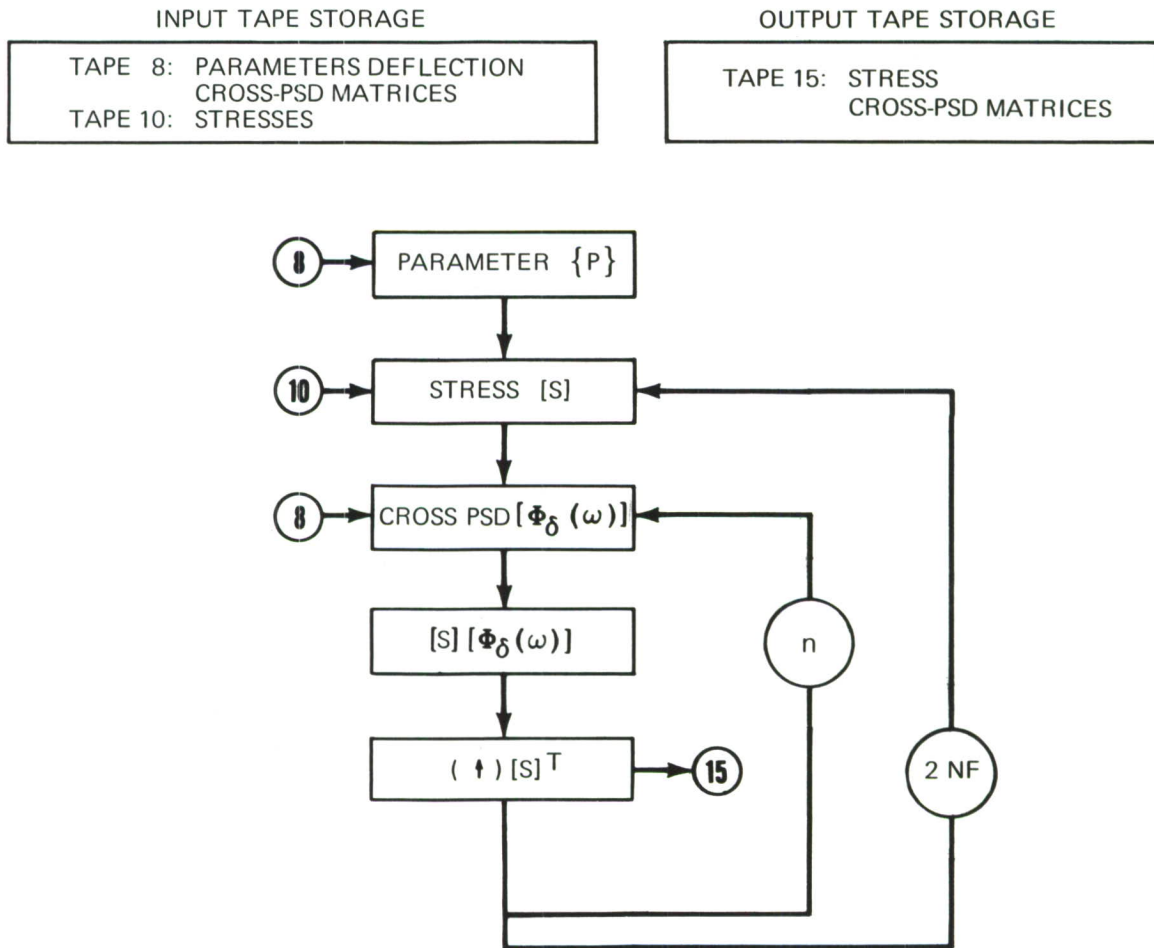


Figure 67. SRESP2 Flow Chart

d. Option 3 Solution Program—Normal Modes without Cross Terms

(1) Organization

Option 3 is in two segments: (1) deflection covariance and (2) deflection cross PSD. In this option, all modal cross-product terms are omitted. The solutions for the imaginary parts are null. The limitations are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} N &\leq 90 \\ m &\leq 25 \\ NF &\leq 90 \end{aligned}$$

(a) Segment 1—Deflection Covariance

Step 1: The excitation co-PSD matrices are calculated in subroutine RANLOD. See section IV 1.

Step 2: The admittance integral scalars are calculated in subroutine ADMIN3. See section IV 2. d. (2)(b).

Step 3: The deflection covariance matrix is calculated in TL01 subroutine DJNT3. See section IV 2. d. (2)(f). There are  $m$  (number of normal modes) deflection covariance matrices stored on a scratch tape. Subroutine ADDMAT, section IV 2. d. (2)(c), sums the deflection covariance matrices over  $m$  normal modes.

Step 4: The stress covariance matrices are calculated in TL01 subroutine SJNT3, section IV 2. d. (2)(g), using the stress matrices from the phase I output tape and the deflection covariance calculated in step 3. The deflection covariance is premultiplied by the stress matrices and postmultiplied by the transpose of these matrices.

Step 5: The deflection second-spectral-moment matrices are calculated in subroutine DSECM3. See section IV 2. d. (2)(d). The deflection covariance matrices calculated in step 3 are multiplied by  $\omega_i^2$  and summed over  $m$  normal modes.

Step 6: The stress second spectral moments are calculated in TL01 subroutine DSJNT3. See section IV 2. d. (2)(h). The deflection second-spectral-moment matrices calculated in step 5 are premultiplied by  $[S]$  and postmultiplied by  $[S]^T$ .

(b) Segment 2—Cross-PSD Solution

- Step 1: The excitation cross PSD's are calculated in subroutine RANLOD, section IV 1, for each frequency. The NF frequencies are card inputs.
- Step 2: The admittance scalars are calculated in subroutine ADMIT3, section IV 2. d. (2)(e), for each frequency.
- Step 3: The deflection cross-PSD solutions are calculated in TL01 subroutine CPSD3. See section IV 2. d. (2)(i).
- Step 4: The deflection cross-PSD matrices calculated in step 3 are summed in subroutine ADDMAT, section IV 2. d. (2)(c), over m normal modes for each of the NF frequencies.
- Step 5: The stress cross-PSD matrices are calculated in TL01 subroutine SRESP3. (See section IV 2. d. (2)(j).) The deflection cross-PSD matrices calculated in step 4 are premultiplied by the stress matrices and postmultiplied by the transpose of these matrices for each of the NF frequencies.

(2) Subroutine Descriptions

- (a) Subroutine RANLOD (section IV 1.)

(b) Subroutine ADMIN3 (figure 68)

The admittance integral scalars  $D_i$  are calculated and stored on tape. The mode shapes are read from the phase I output tape and re-stored on tape.

Method: 
$$D_i = \pi / (2 \mu_i \omega_i^2 M_i^2)$$

where

$$\mu_i = \mu + \lambda \omega_i^2 + g \omega_i \quad (i = 1, m)$$

Input: All inputs come from labeled common.

Output: The scalars and mode shapes are stored on tape.

Error: READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: None

Length: 5540<sub>8</sub>

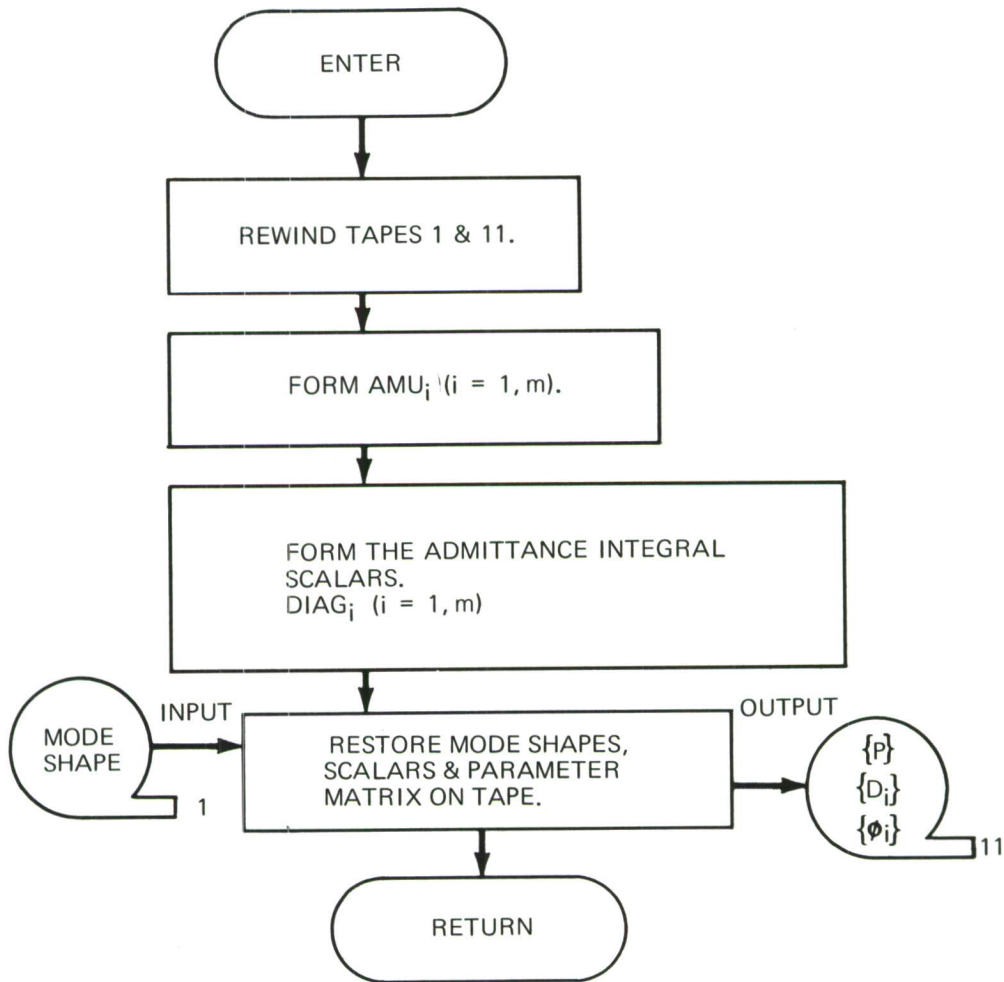


Figure 68. ADMIN3 Flow Chart

(c) Subroutine ADDMAT

This subroutine (figure 69) adds deflection covariance or cross-PSD matrices that are stored on tape.

Method: The matrices that are to be summed come from a tape (INTAPE). Each matrix is read into the core, summed, and stored on tape (OUTAPE).

Input: Matrices are input from INTAPE.

Output: The resultant matrix is stored on OUTAPE.

Error: Standard READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: INTAPE—Number of the tape that contains the matrices to be summed  
OUTAPE —Number of the tape that contains the summation of the matrices from INTAPE  
NO—For the cross-PSD calculation, this variable equals NF . For deflection covariance calculations, this variable equals 1.

Length: 40330<sub>8</sub>

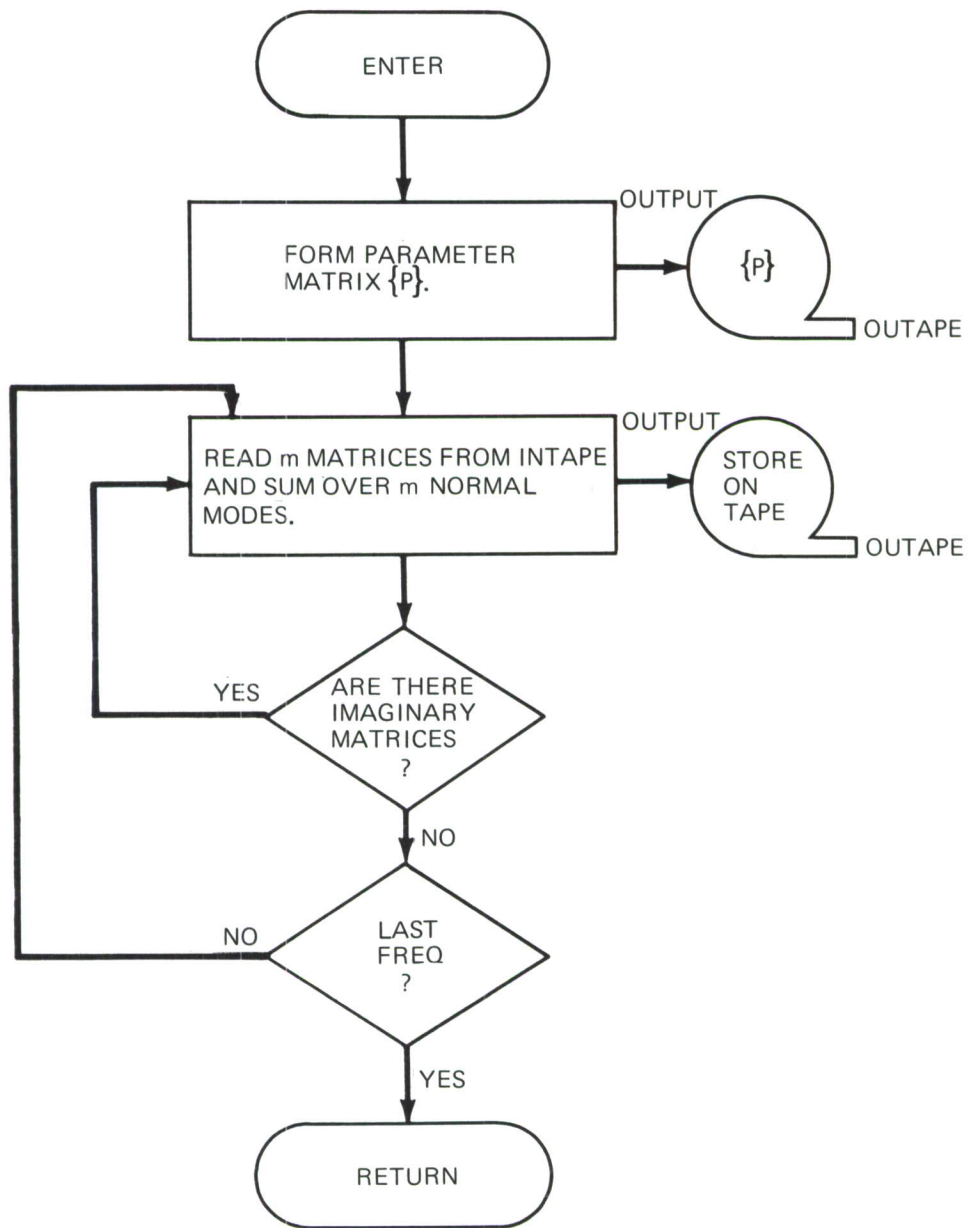


Figure 69. ADDMAT Flow Chart

(d) Subroutine DSECM3 (figure 70)

Method: The deflection covariance matrices that are calculated in subroutine DJNT3 are multiplied by the square of the frequency for each mode and summed to form the deflection second spectral moments.

$$[M_{\delta}^2] = \sum_{i=1}^m [\overline{\delta_q \delta_r}]_i \omega_i^2$$

Input: Deflection covariance matrices are from tape.

Output: Deflection second-spectral-moment matrix and a parameter matrix

Error: Standard READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutine required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list: None

Length: 40175<sub>8</sub>

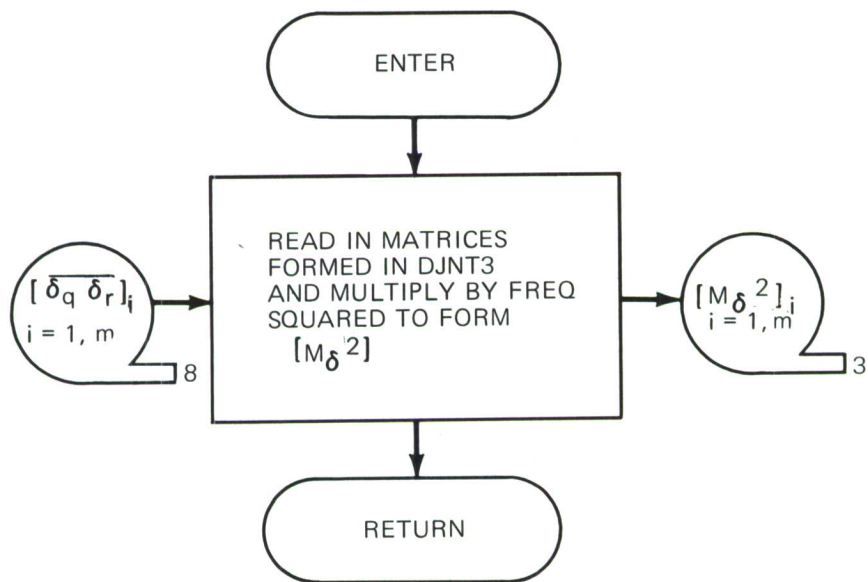


Figure 70. DSECM3 Flow Chart

(e) Subroutine ADMIT3 (figure 71)

Method:

This subroutine reads the mode shapes from the phase I output tape and re-stores them on another tape. The admittance scalars are calculated and stored on tape.

$$D_i = \frac{\omega_i^2 - \omega^2}{M_i \left[ (\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + \omega^2 (\mu_i)^2 \right]}$$

$$E_i = \frac{\omega \mu_i}{M_i \left[ (\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + \omega^2 (\mu_i)^2 \right]}$$

where

$$\mu_i = \mu + \lambda \omega_i^2 + \frac{g \omega_i^2}{\omega}$$

The admittance scalars are then squared and summed to form  $D_i^2 + E_i^2$  ( $i = 1, m$ ).

Input:

From phase I output tape

Output:

Mode shapes and the admittance scalars for each mode are stored on tape.

Error:

Standard READTP/WRTETP error messages

Subroutines required: READTP/WRTETP

Argument list:

None

Length:

6013<sub>8</sub>

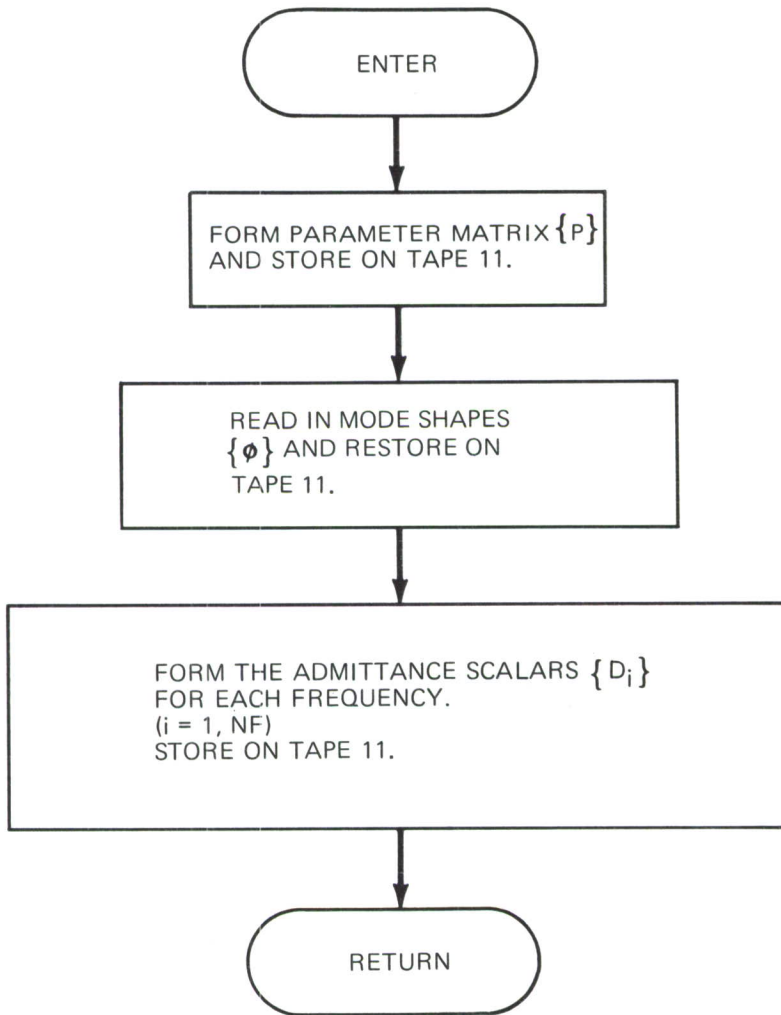


Figure 71. ADMIT3 Flow Chart

(f) TL01 Subroutine DJNT3 (figure 72)

The deflection covariance matrices are calculated.

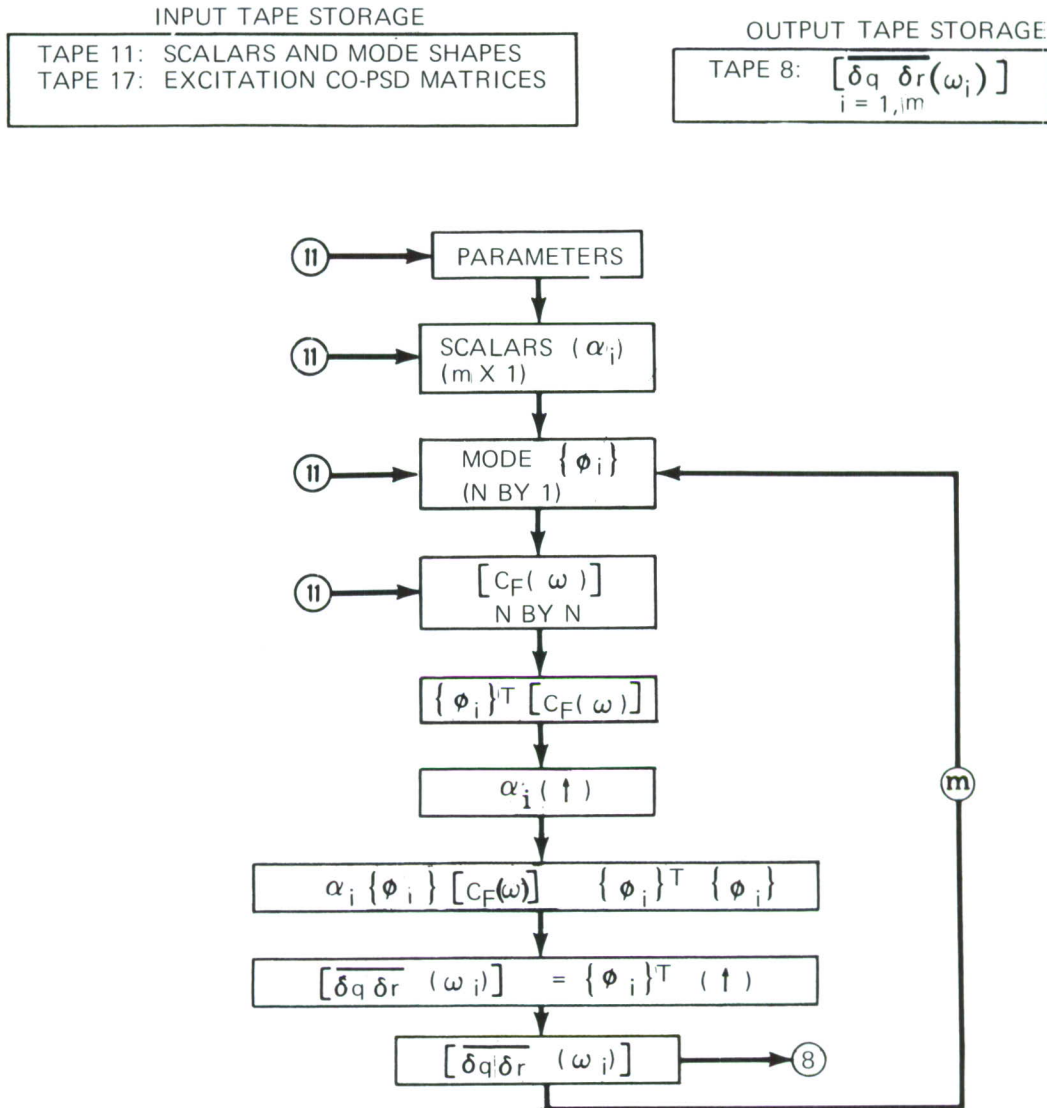


Figure 72. DJNT3 Flow Chart

(g) TL01 Subroutine SJNT3 (figure 73)

This subroutine calculates the stress covariance matrix.

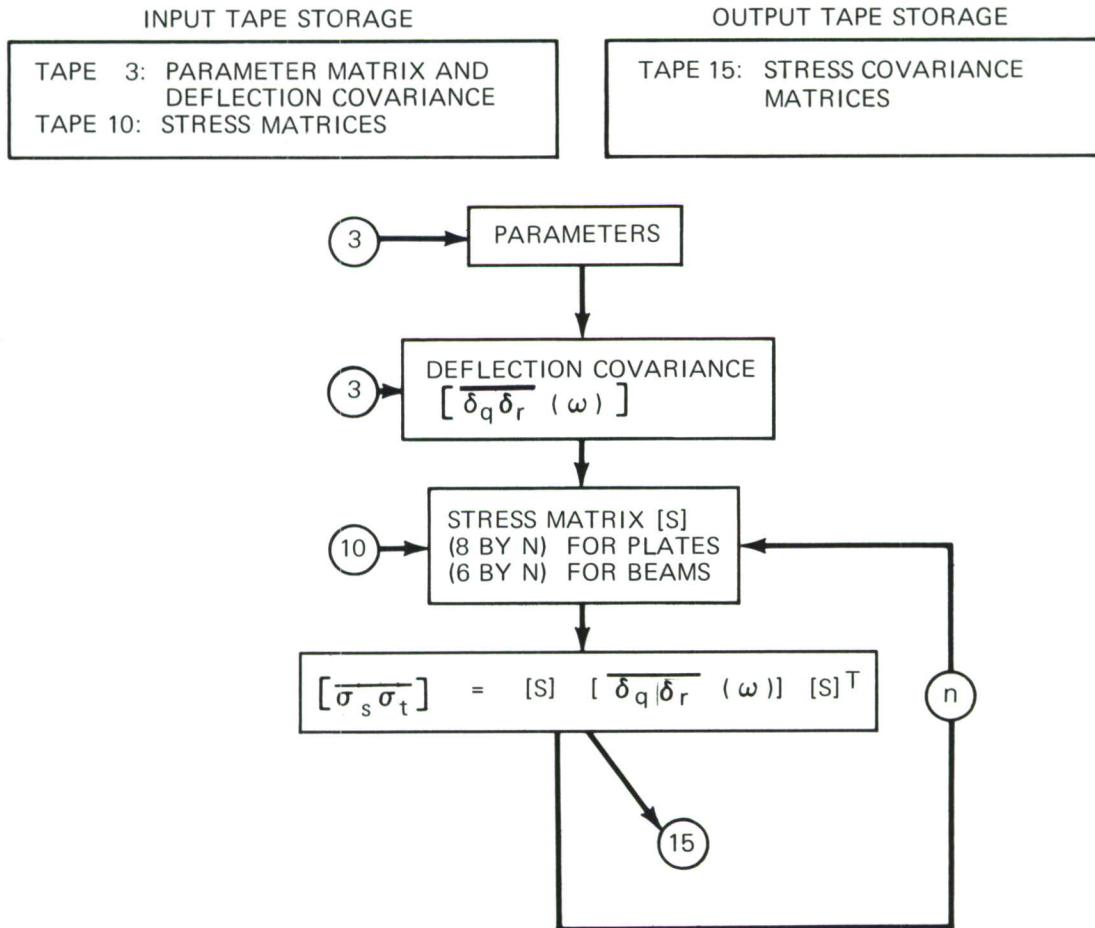


Figure 73. SJNT3 Flow Chart

(h) TL01 Subroutine DSJNT3 (figure 74)

This subroutine calculates the stress second-spectral-moment matrix.

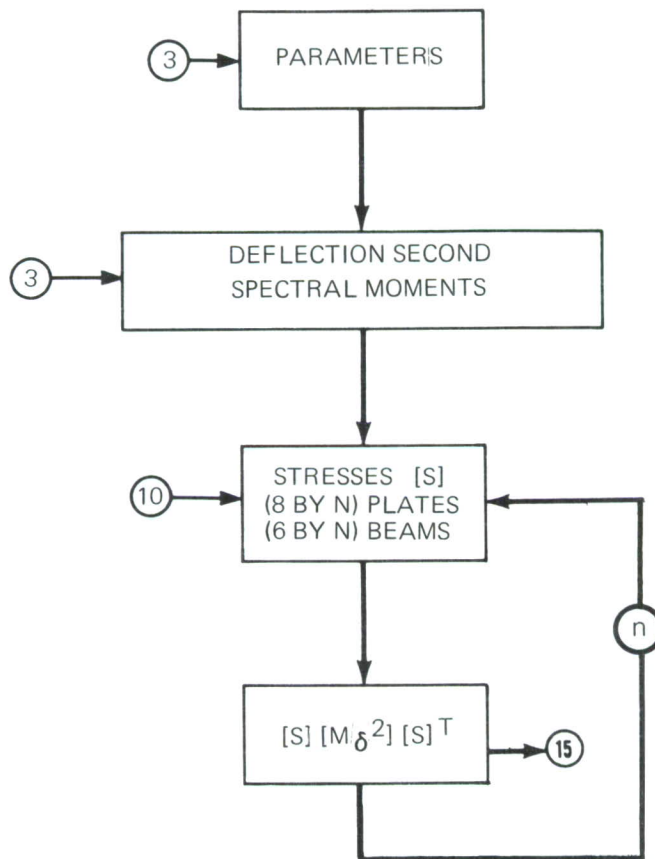


Figure 74. DSJNT3 Flow Chart

(i) TL01 Subroutine CPSD3 (figure 75)

This subroutine calculates the deflection cross-PSD matrices at NF frequencies.

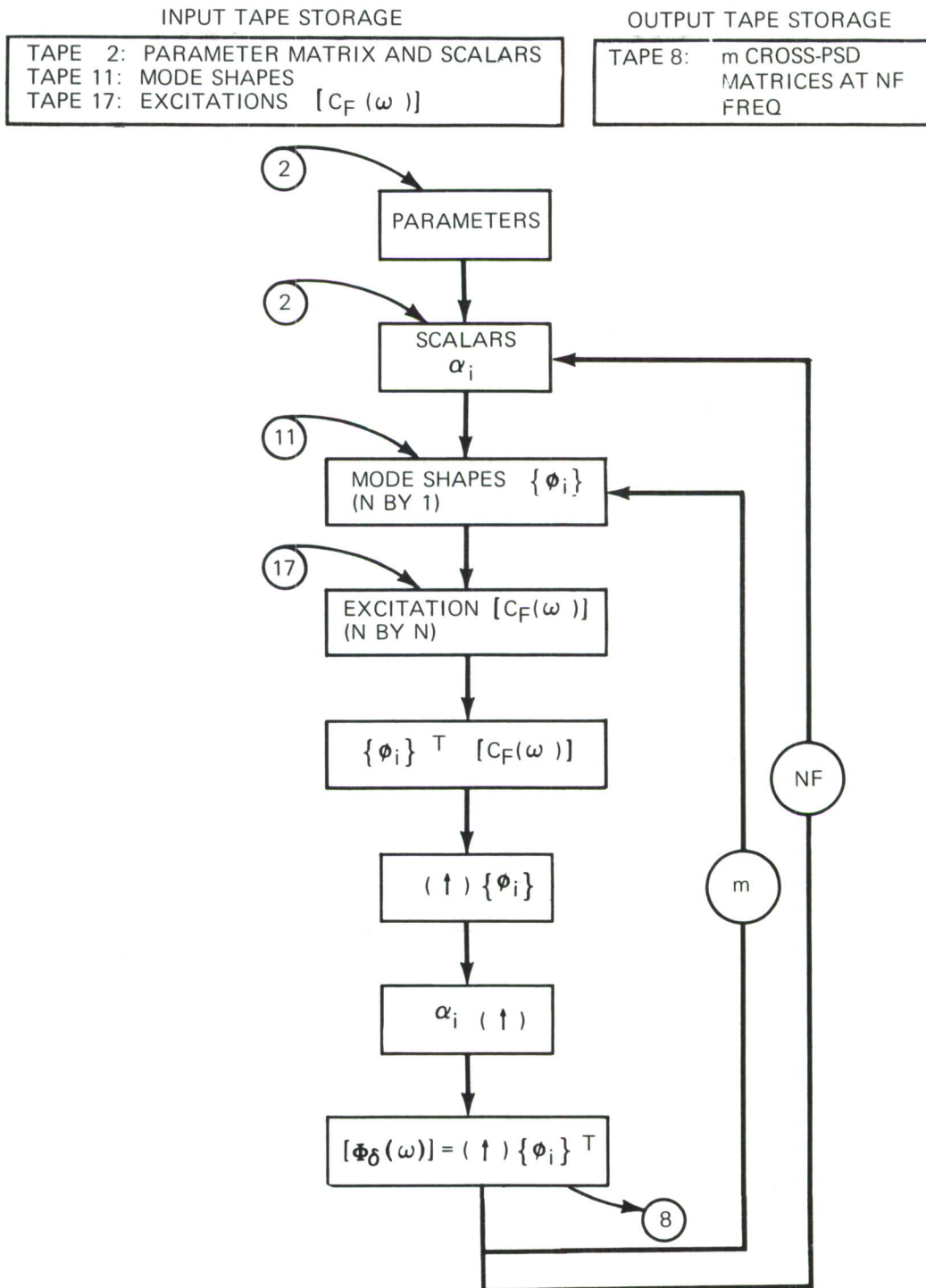


Figure 75. CPSD3 Flow Chart

(j) TL01 Subroutine SRESP3 (figure 76)

The stress cross-PSD matrices are calculated at NF frequencies.

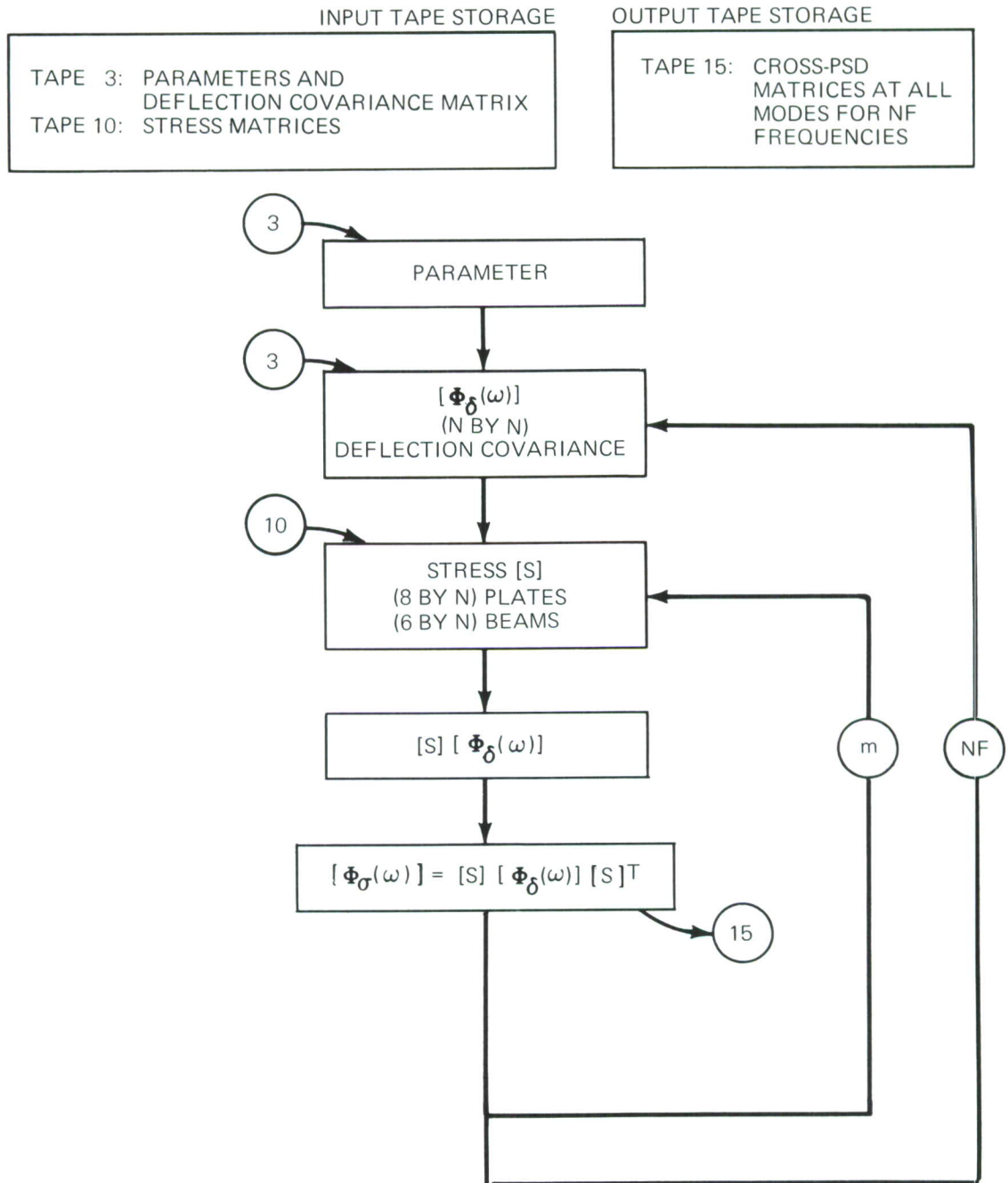


Figure 76. SRESP3 Flow Chart

## APPENDIX I

### TL01 DESCRIPTION AND LISTING

Matrix interpretive scheme TL01 is written in MAP assembly language. The program performs algebraic and manipulative operations on matrices.

The TL01 program instructions are executed from data inputs consisting of one data card for each TL01 instruction. Standard matrix storage is row-wise sequential as opposed to normal FORTRAN order.

The required subroutines are as follows:

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
KRD	Reads all card inputs
FSR	Controls forward tape record spacing
FSF	Controls forward tape file spacing
BSF	Controls backward tape file spacing
INV4DS	Calculates the inverse of a matrix
DATASB	Establishes data storage

The flow charts for the TL01 program are in figure 77.

This appendix contains the following listings:

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Page</u>
TL01 Listing . . . . .	160
INV4DS . . . . .	214
DATASB . . . . .	225
KRD . . . . .	226
BSF . . . . .	233
FSF . . . . .	235
FSR . . . . .	237

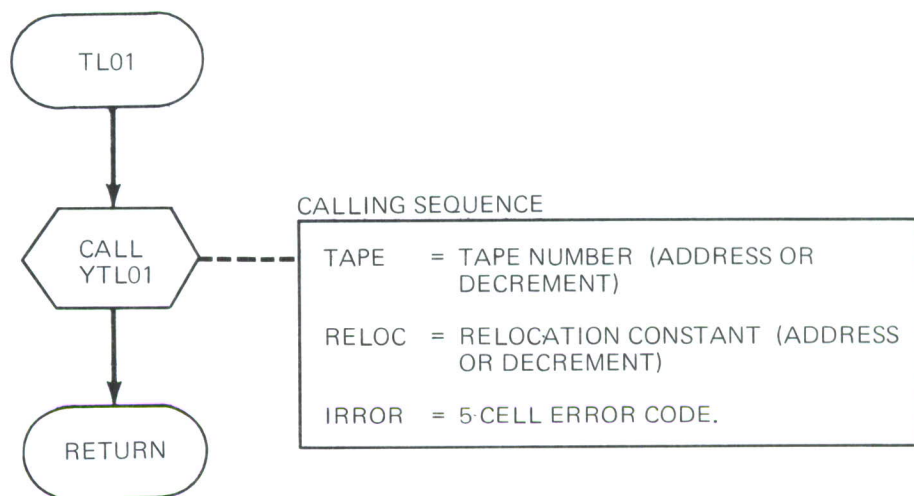


Figure 77. TL01 Flow Chart

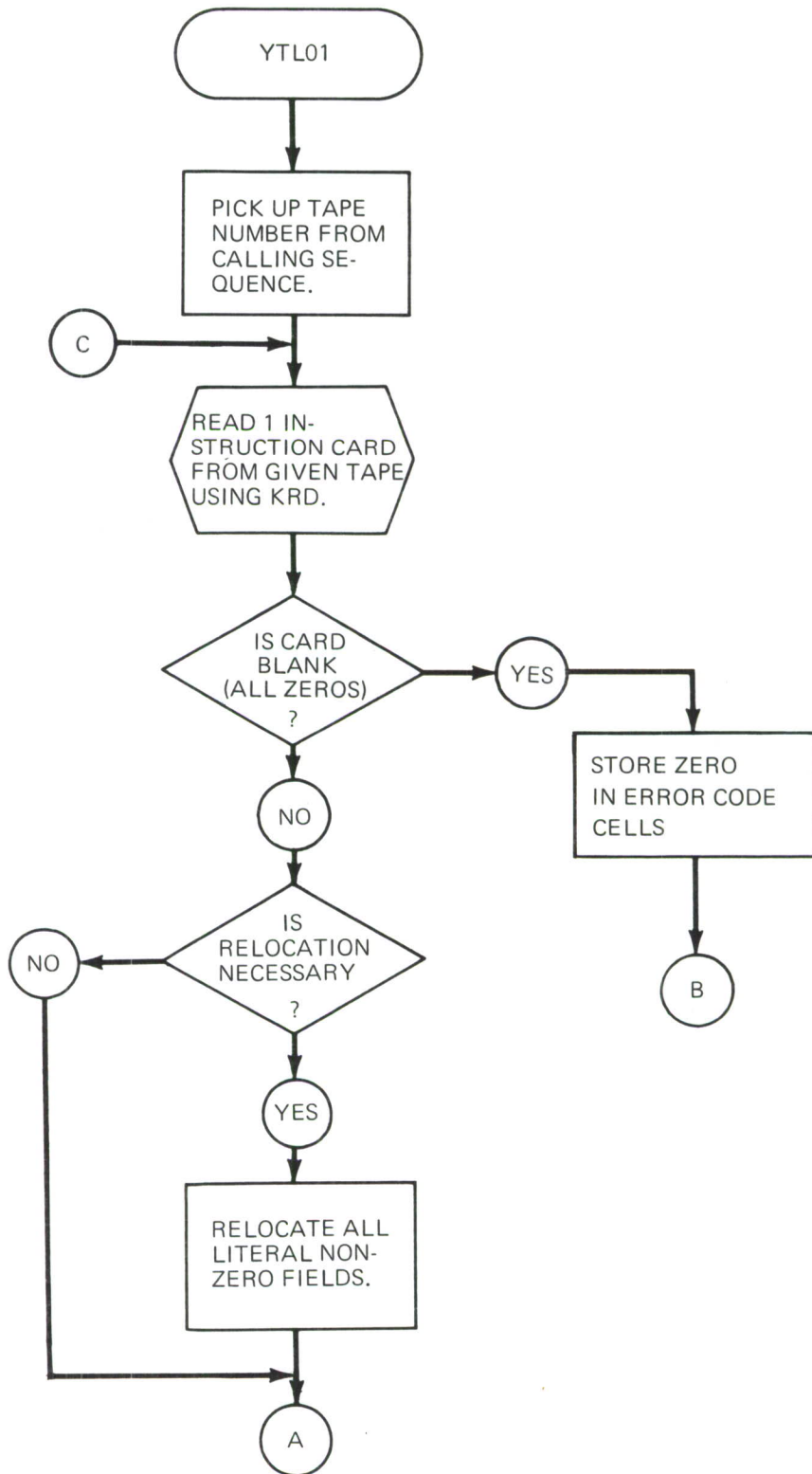


Figure 77-Continued

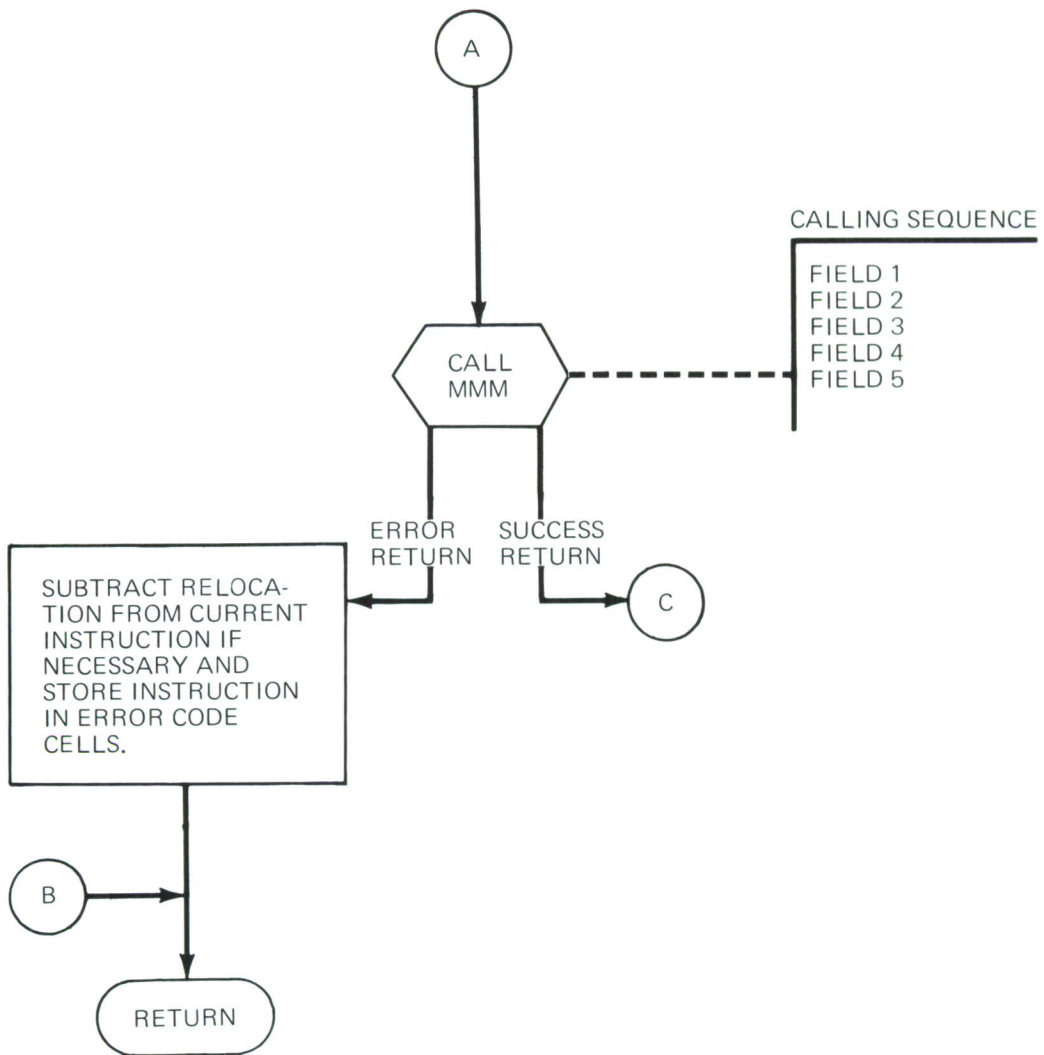


Figure 77—Continued

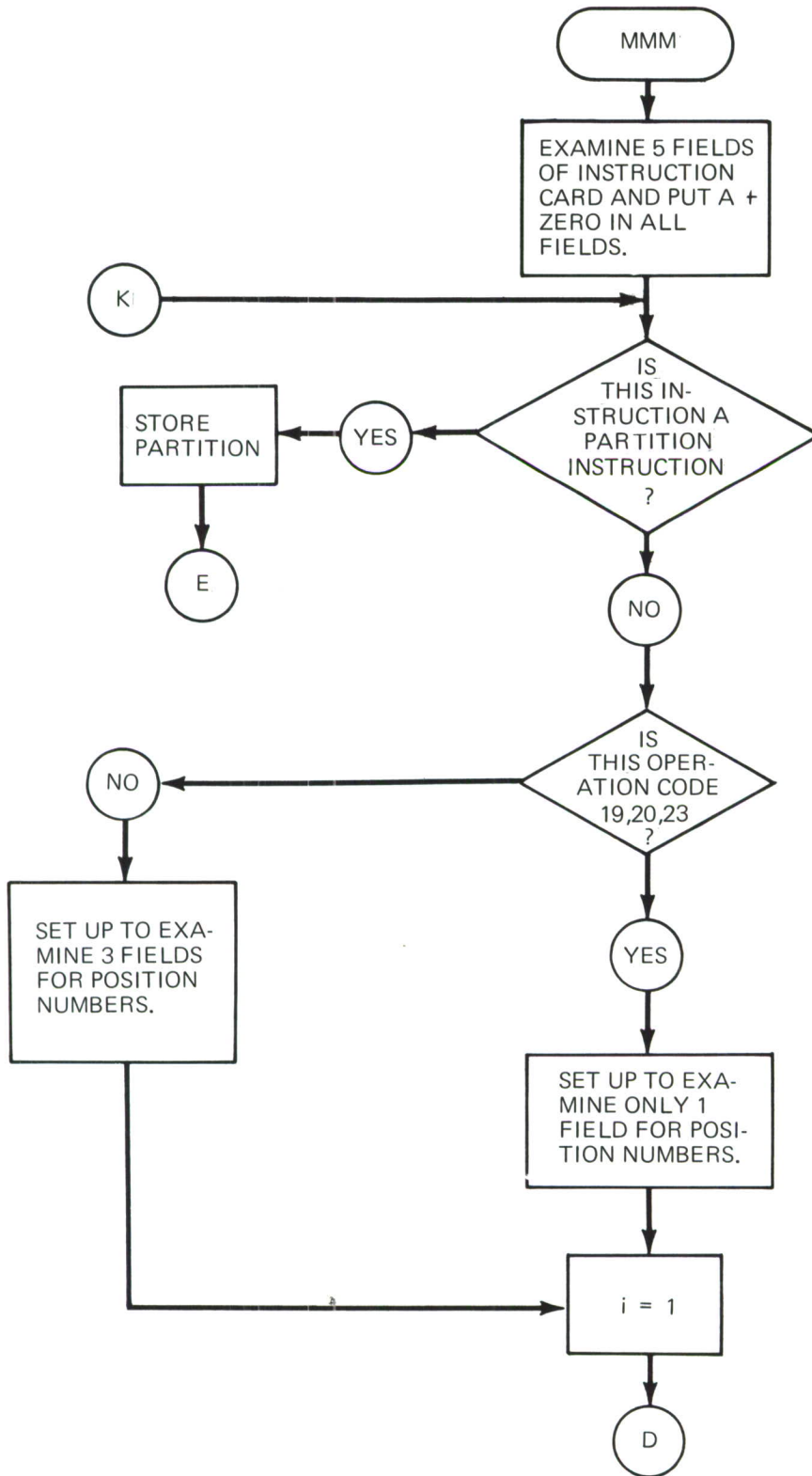


Figure 77—Continued

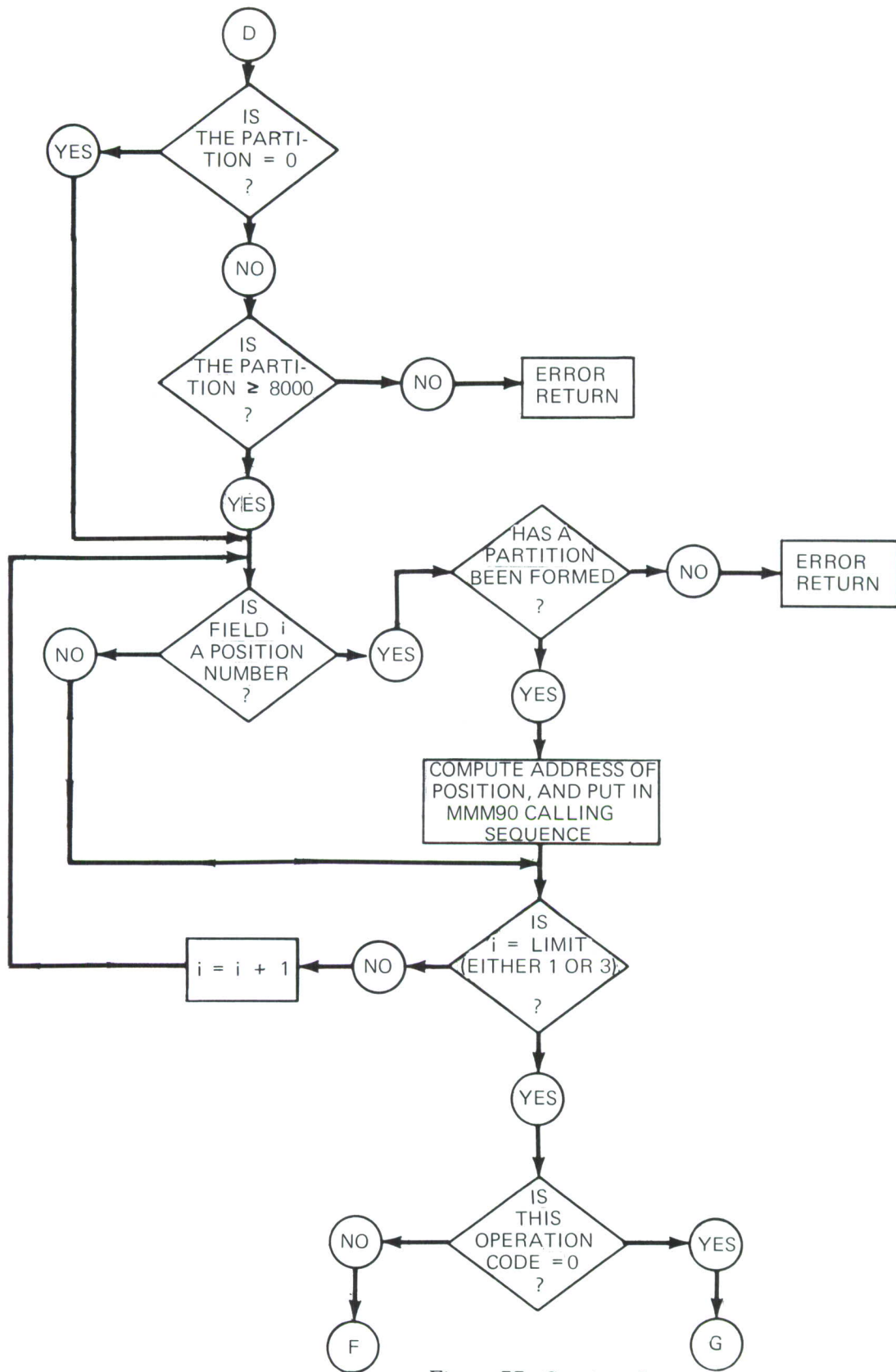


Figure 77—Continued

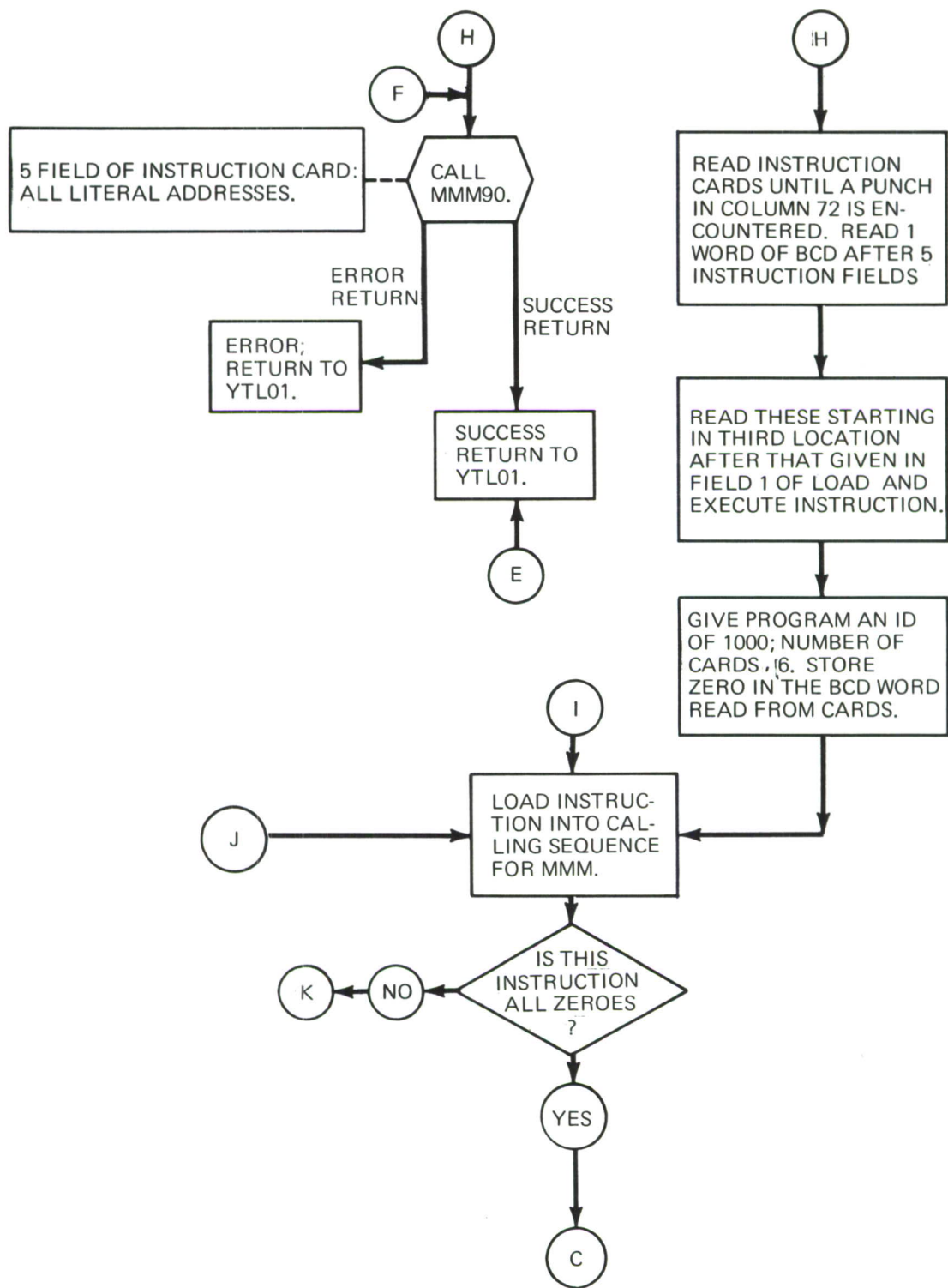


Figure 77-Continued

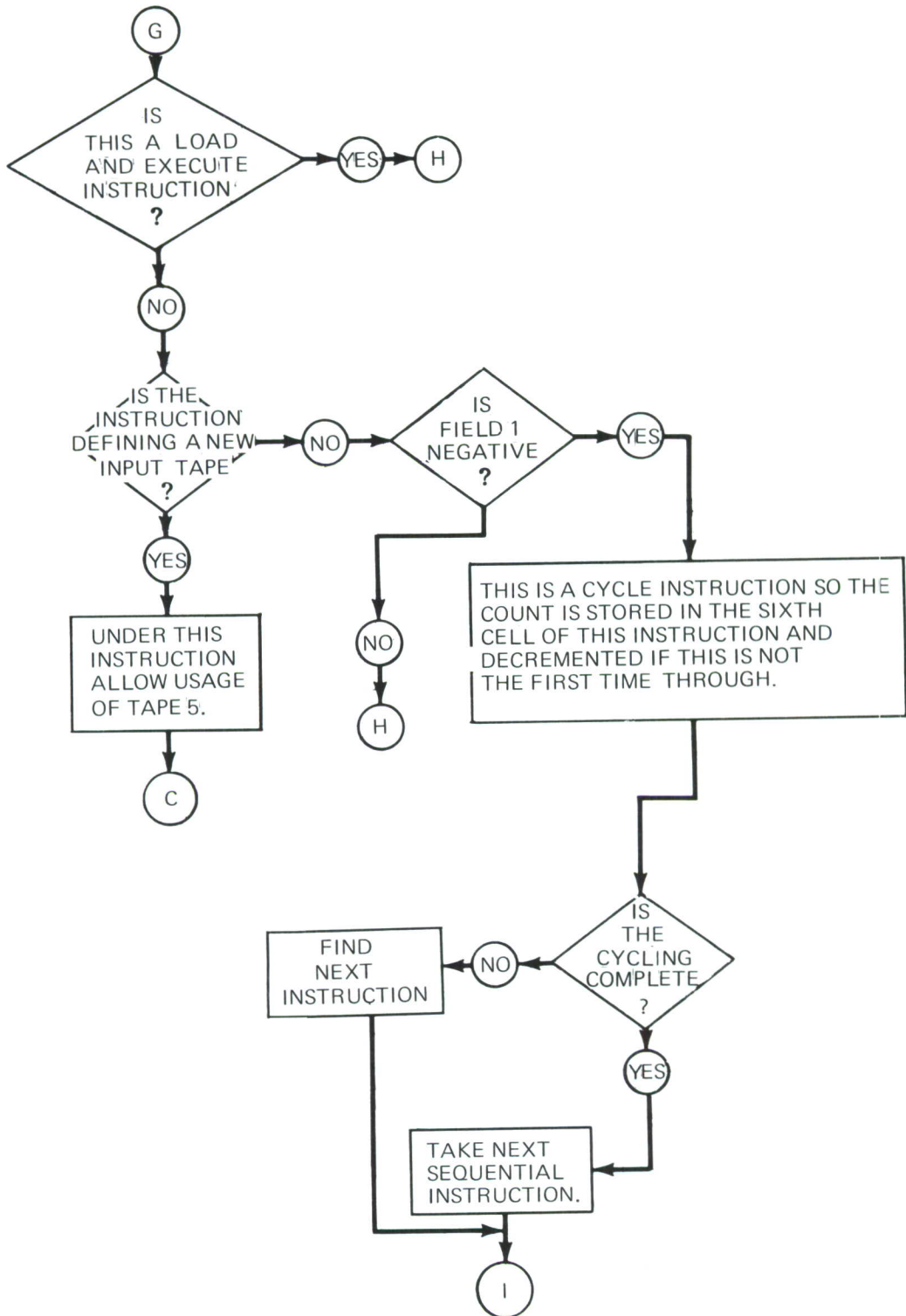


Figure 77—Continued

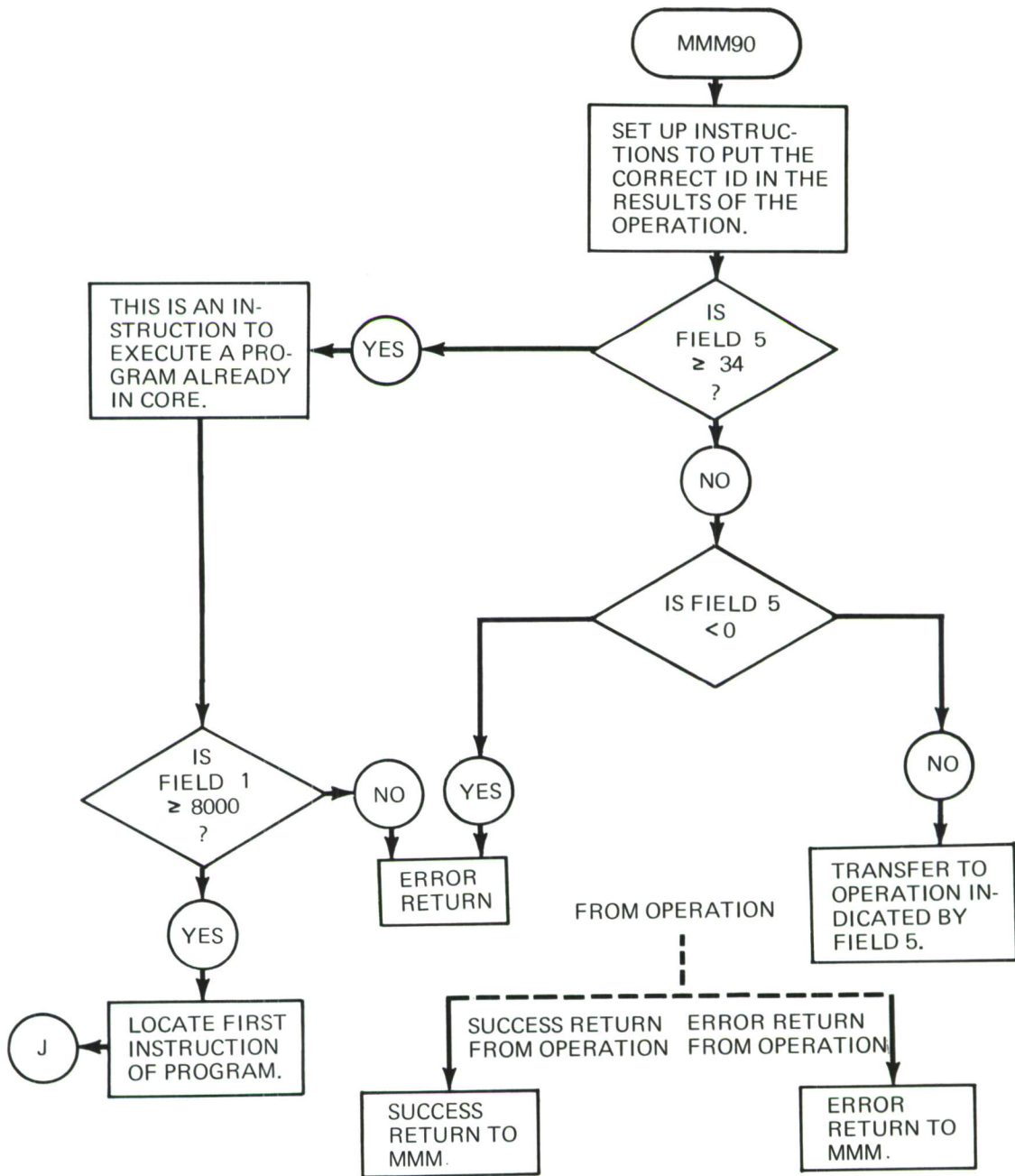


Figure 77—Concluded

## TLO1 LISTING

```
$IBMAP HELP      DECK
*                SUBROUTINE TO ACT AS TLO1MN
                TLO1
TLO1  SXA        SAVE4,4
      CLA        3,4
      STA        SUBR+3
      CLA        ADRSA
      SUB        RELOC1
      ADD*       4,4
      STO        RELOC
      CLA        5,4
      STA        SUBR+5
SUBR  CALL      YTLO1(0,RELOC,0)
SAVE4 AXT       0,4
      TRA        6,4
ADRSA PZE       DATA
RELOC1 PZE      8000
RELOC  PZE      0
      END
```



	TRA	YTER		YTL00570
TOBIG	CLA	=13	ILLEGAL TAPE NO	YTL00580
	TRA	*-3		YTL00590
*				YTL00600
YENT	CALL	KRD(LOC,=0,IRROR,=5,=10,=0,TAP)		YTL00610
	CLA	IRROR		YTL00620
	TZE	*+4		YTL00630
	ADD	=100	KRD READ CODE	YTL00640
	STO	ERRCDE		YTL00650
	TRA	YTER		YTL00660
	AXT	4,1		YTL00670
	CLA	LOC		YTL00680
	ADD	LOC+5,1		YTL00690
	TIX	*-1,1,1		YTL00700
	TZE	YTOUT	FINISHED	YTL00710
*				YTL00720
	LXD	XR4,4		YTL00730
	CLA*	4,4	RELOCATION	YTL00740
	TZE	YTEX		YTL00750
	STO	YSHIFT		YTL00760
*				YTL00770
*				YTL00780
YTEX	CALL	MMM(LOC,LOC+1,LOC+2,LOC+3,LOC+4)YTER		YTL00790
	TRA	YENT	NEXT CARD	YTL00800
*				YTL00810
YTOUT	AXT	5,2		YTL00820
	STZ*	INS	CLEAR ERROR AREA	YTL00830
	TIX	*-1,2,1		YTL00840
YEXIT	LXD	XR1,1		YTL00850
	LXD	XR2,2		YTL00860
	LXD	XR4,4		YTL00870
	CAL	TMPFPT	RESTORE CELL 8	YTL00880
	SLW	8		YTL00890
	TRA	6,4	SUCCESS RETURN	YTL00900
*				YTL00910
YTER	NZT	YSHIFT		YTL00920
	TTR	YTER3+1	TRANSFER ON NO RELOCATION	YTL00930
	AXT	3,1		YTL00940
YTER2	CLA	LOC+3,1		YTL00950
	TZE	YTER3	TRANSFER ON BLANK FIELD	YTL00960
	SSP			YTL00970
	SUB	SMLTAP		YTL00980
	TPL	YTER3	TRANSFER ON TAPE NUMBER	YTL00990
	CLA	LOC+3,1		YTL01000
	SSP			YTL01010
	SUB	LOCORE		YTL01020
	TMI	YTER3	TRANSFER ON POSITION NUMBER	YTL01030
	CAL	LOC+3,1		YTL01040
	SUB	YSHIFT		YTL01050
	STA	LOC+3,1	ORIGINAL ADDRESS	YTL01060
YTER3	TIX	YTER2,1,1		YTL01070
	CALL	•FWRD.(•UN06•,ERRPNT)	PRINT ERROR MESSAGE	YTL01080
	CLA	ERRCDE		YTL01090
	TSX	•FCNV•,4		YTL01100
	CLA	INSCNT		YTL01110
	TSX	•FCNV•,4		YTL01120
	CALL	•FFIL•		YTL01130
	CAL	KEY		YTL01140
	TZE	NOTPRG		YTL01150
	SUB	YSHIFT		YTL01160

	STO	YMAA		YTL01170
	CLA	INST	GET PHYSICAL INSTRUCTION	YTL01180
	SUB	KEY	IF ERROR DURING CORE PROG.	YTL01190
	XCA			YTL01200
	ZAC			YTL01210
	DVP	=6		YTL01220
	STQ	PHYSCT	PHYSICAL COUNT	YTL01230
	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,PROGER)	FOR CORE PROGRAM ONLY	YTL01240
	CLA	PHYSCT		YTL01250
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL01260
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL01270
NOTPRG	CLA	LOC		YTL01280
	ADM	LOC+1		YTL01290
	ADM	LOC+2		YTL01300
	ADM	LOC+3		YTL01310
	ADM	LOC+4		YTL01320
	TNZ	LDERR		YTL01330
	CLA	MILYN	PUT 1,000,000, IN FIELD 5 WHEN ERROR	YTL01340
	STO	LOC+4	WAS MADE WHEN THE CURRENT INSTR. IS ZERO	YTL01350
LDERR	AXT	5,1		YTL01360
	AXT	5,2		YTL01370
	CAL	LOC+5,1		YTL01380
	SLW*	INS	LOAD CARD IN ERROR	YTL01390
	TIX	*+1,1,1		YTL01400
	TIX	*-3,2,1		YTL01410
	NZT	KEY		YTL01420
	TRA	YEXIT		YTL01430
	STZ	ERRCDE		YTL01440
	STZ	KEY		YTL01450
PNTPRG	CALL	MMM(YMAA,=1,=0,=0,=20)PNTER		YTL01460
	TRA	YEXIT		YTL01470
PNTER	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,CORERR)		YTL01480
	CLA	ERRCDE		YTL01490
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL01500
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL01510
	TRA	YEXIT		YTL01520
*				YTL01530
	REM	MMM	GENERAL MATRIX ROUTINE	YTL01540
	REM		CALLING SEQUENCE	YTL01550
*			CALL MMM(LA,LB,LC,NC,CODE)ERRRET	YTL01560
	REM			YTL01570
	REM	CONTROL PACKAGE		YTL01580
	REM			YTL01590
*				YTL01600
MMM	LMTM			YTL01610
	EFTM			YTL01620
	NZT	FIRST		YTL01630
	TRA	REST		YTL01640
	CLA	ADRSDA		YTL01650
	STA	LOCORE		YTL01660
	ADD*	ADRSDA		YTL01670
	SUB	=1		YTL01680
	STA	HICORE		YTL01690
	CLA*	ADRSDA		YTL01700
	STA	MXDATA		YTL01710
	CLA	HICORE		YTL01720
	SUB	=63		YTL01730
	STA	HIPROG		YTL01740
	CLA	ADRSDA		YTL01750
	ADD	=1		YTL01760

	STA	**+1		YTL01770
	CLA	**	LOWEST ABSOLUTE CORE ADD. REFERENCED	YTL01780
	STA	PROGLO		YTL01790
	STZ	FIRST		YTL01800
REST	SXD	IR1,1		YTL01810
	SXD	IR2,2		YTL01820
	SXD	IR3,3		YTL01830
	SXD	IR4,4		YTL01840
	SXD	IR5,5		YTL01850
	SXD	IR6,6		YTL01860
	SXD	IR7,7		YTL01870
	STZ	MCROCT	COUNT FOR STORING RETURNS	YTL01880
	STZ	KEY		YTL01890
	CLA*	3,4	AA	YTL01900
	TNZ	**+2		YTL01910
	SSP			YTL01920
	STO	LOC		YTL01930
	STO	YMAA		YTL01940
	CLA*	4,4		YTL01950
	TNZ	**+2		YTL01960
	SSP			YTL01970
	STO	LOC+1		YTL01980
	STO	YMBB		YTL01990
	CLA*	5,4	CC	YTL02000
	TNZ	**+2		YTL02010
	SSP			YTL02020
	STO	LOC+2		YTL02030
	STO	YMCC		YTL02040
	CLA*	6,4	NAME OF C	YTL02050
	TNZ	**+2		YTL02060
	SSP			YTL02070
	STO	LOC+3		YTL02080
	STO	YMNC		YTL02090
	CLA*	7,4		YTL02100
	TNZ	**+2		YTL02110
	SSP			YTL02120
	STO	LOC+4		YTL02130
	STO	YMOP		YTL02140
				YTL02150
* YMIN	AXT	3,1		YTL02160
YTA	NZT	LOC+3,1	ZERO FIELD	YTL02170
	TTR	YTB		YTL02180
	CLA	LOC+3,1		YTL02190
	SSP			YTL02200
	SUB	SMLTAP		YTL02210
	TPL	YTB		YTL02220
	CLA	LOC+3,1		YTL02230
	SSP			YTL02240
	SUB	PROGLO		YTL02250
	TMI	YTB		YTL02260
	CAL	LOC+3,1	RELOCATE CORE ADDRESSES	YTL02270
	ADD	YSHIFT		YTL02280
	STA	LOC+3,1		YTL02290
	STA	YMAA+3,1		YTL02300
YTB	TIX	YTA,1,1		YTL02310
	CLA	YMOP		YTL02320
	TNZ	YMA	NOT OPERATION ZERO	YTL02330
	CLA	YMAA		YTL02340
	TNZ	YMA		YTL02350
	CLA	YMBB		YTL02360

	TMI	YMA		YTL02370
	SUB	SMLTAP		YTL02380
	TPL	YMA		YTL02390
	CLA	YMBB		YTL02400
	TZE	YMEEXEC		YTL02410
	STO	XMODE	FIELD 2 IS A PARTITION	YTL02420
	STZ	PARTON	ZERO PARTON WHEN A PARTITION IS FORMED	YTL02430
	TSX	CHKRNG,4	CHECK TO SEE IF NO. IS	YTL02440
	TRA	*+2	BETWEEN 8000 AND 32563	YTL02450
	TRA	WHERE	OK ON PARTITION ADDRESS	YTL02460
	CLA	=21		YTL02470
	TRA	YMERR	TOO LOW OK TOO HI PARTITION	YTL02480
*	YMA	AXT		YTL02490
	SXA	1,1		YTL02500
	CLA	TEMP-1,1	3 FIELDS	YTL02510
	SUB	YMOP		YTL02520
	TZE	=19		YTL02530
	CLA	YYY	CODE 19	YTL02540
	SUB	YMOP		YTL02550
	TZE	=20		YTL02560
	CLA	YYY	CODE 20	YTL02570
	SUB	YMOP		YTL02580
	TZE	=23		YTL02590
	AXT	3,1		YTL02600
	SXA	TEMP-1,1	1 FIELD FOR READ	YTL02610
*	YYY	LXA		YTL02620
	AXT	TEMP-1,1		YTL02630
	CLA	0,2		YTL02640
	STO	XMODE		YTL02650
YMB	CLA	TEMP	PARTITION	YTL02660
	TMI	YMAA,2	PARAMETER	YTL02670
	TZE	YMC		YTL02680
	SUB	YMC		YTL02690
	TPL	TOPPOS		YTL02700
	CLA	YMC	NOT A POS. NO.	YTL02710
	TZE	PARTON		YTL02720
	CLA	*+3		YTL02730
	TRA	=22	POSITION REFERENCED WITHOUT PARTITION	YTL02740
	CLA	YMERR		YTL02750
	SUB	YMAA,2		YTL02760
	TZE	=1		YTL02770
	PAX	YMD	POSITION NO. IS ONE	YTL02780
YME	CAL	0,4		YTL02790
	ADD	TEMP		YTL02800
	SLW	=1		YTL02810
	ADD	TEMP-1	ADDRESS OF M	YTL02820
	SLW	=1		YTL02830
	LDQ*	TEMP-2	ADDRESS OF N	YTL02840
	MPY*	TEMP-1		YTL02850
	TNZ	TEMP-2		YTL02860
	STQ	WAYTOB		YTL02870
	XCA	TEMP-1		YTL02880
	TZE	GOODDM		YTL02890
	TMI	*+5		YTL02900
	CAS	MXDATA		YTL02910
	TRA	*+3		YTL02920
	TRA	GOODDM		YTL02930
	TRA	GOODDM		YTL02940
				YTL02950
				YTL02960

WAYTOB	STZ	JEMP-1		YTL02970
	LDQ	YMAA,2		YTL02980
	MPY	THOUSN		YTL02990
	STQ	TEMP		YTL03000
	CLA	YMAA,2		YTL03010
	SXA	TEMP-1,4		YTL03020
	SUB	TEMP-1		YTL03030
	ADD	TEMP		YTL03040
	ADD	=2000000		YTL03050
	TRA	YMERR		YTL03060
GOODDM	CLA	TEMP-1		YTL03070
	ACL	=3		YTL03080
	ACL	TEMP		YTL03090
	SLW	TEMP	NEXT MATRIX	YTL03100
	TIX	YME,4,1		YTL03110
YMD	CLA	TEMP		YTL03120
	STO	YMAA,2	INSERT ADDRESS	YTL03130
YMC	TXI	*+1,2,-1		YTL03140
	CLA	XMODE		YTL03150
	TIX	YMB-1,1,1		YTL03160
*				YTL03170
*		SEPARATION OF ZERO OP. CODES		YTL03180
*				YTL03190
YSEP	CLA	YMOP		YTL03200
	TNZ	YMEEXEC	NOT OP. CODE 0	YTL03210
SEPA	CLA	YMBB		YTL03220
	SSP			YTL03230
	ADD	YMCC		YTL03240
	ADM	YMNC		YTL03250
	TNZ	SEPC		YTL03260
	CLA	YMAA		YTL03270
	SUB	SMLTAP		YTL03280
	TPL	SEPB	TRANSFER OF CONTROL	YTL03290
	TTR	MLOAD	LOAD PROGRAM	YTL03300
SEPB	CLA	YMAA		YTL03310
	TSX	TP,4		YTL03320
	STO	TAP		YTL03330
	XCA			YTL03340
	TZE	*+3		YTL03350
	CLA	=13		YTL03360
	TRA	YMERR		YTL03370
	XCA			YTL03380
	CAS	=5	ALLOW 5	YTL03390
	TRA	*+2		YTL03400
	TRA	WHERE		YTL03410
	STO	TAPE		YTL03420
	TSX	TPCK,4		YTL03430
	TRA	WHERE		YTL03440
SEPC	CLA	YMBB		YTL03450
	SSP			YTL03460
	ADD	YMCC		YTL03470
	TNZ	YMEEXEC		YTL03480
	CLA	YMAA		YTL03490
	TMI	CYCLE+2		YTL03500
	CAS	LOCORE		YTL03510
	TRA	MLOAD		YTL03520
	TRA	MLOAD		YTL03530
	TRA	CYCLE		YTL03540
*				YTL03550
MLOAD	CLA	YMAA		YTL03560

	CAS	LOCORE	PROGRAM MUST LOAD BETWEEN	YTL03570
	TRA	*+4	ADRSDA AND 32500, INCLUSIVE	YTL03580
	TRA	*+3		YTL03590
	CLA	=23		YTL03600
	TRA	YMERR		YTL03610
	CAS	HIPROG		YTL03620
	TRA	*-3		YTL03630
	TRA	*+1		YTL03640
	ADD	=3		YTL03650
	STA	SEPD+3		YTL03660
	CLA	TAP		YTL03670
	STA	SEPE	CURRENT TAPE	YTL03680
SEPD	CALL	KRD(**,=1, IRROR,=5,=10,=1, SEPE)		YTL03690
	STO	TEMP	CARD COUNT	YTL03700
	CLA	IRROR	KRD ERROR CODE	YTL03710
	TZE	CONT1		YTL03720
	XCA			YTL03730
	MPY	THOUSN		YTL03740
	XCA			YTL03750
	ADD	TEMP		YTL03760
	ADD	MILYN		YTL03770
	TRA	YMERR		YTL03780
CONT1	CLA	YMAA	STUFF ADDRESS OF DIMENSION	YTL03790
	ADD	=1		YTL03800
	STA	NOINST	ROW DIMENSION	YTL03810
	ADD	=1		YTL03820
	STA	ALWYS6		YTL03830
	CLA	TEMP		YTL03840
NOINST	STO	**		YTL03850
	CLA	=6		YTL03860
ALWYS6	STO	**		YTL03870
	CLA	YMNC		YTL03880
	TZE	*+3		YTL03890
	STO*	YMAA		YTL03900
	TRA	SEPF		YTL03910
	CLA	THOUSN		YTL03920
	STO*	YMAA		YTL03930
	CLA	SEPD+3		YTL03940
	STO	INST	NEXT INSTRUCTION	YTL03950
	CLA	INSCNT		YTL03960
	ADD	=1		YTL03970
	STO	INSCNT		YTL03980
	CLA	KEY		YTL03990
	STA	SAVKEY		YTL04000
	TNZ	*+4		YTL04010
	CLA	YMAA	FROM CARD PROGRAM	YTL04020
	STO	KEY		YTL04030
	TRA	SEPF	FROM CORE PROGRAM	YTL04040
	CLA	YMAA		YTL04050
	STO	KEY		YTL04060
	TRA	SUBLNK	STORE RETURN LOCATION	YTL04070
*	SEPF	LDQ*		YTL04080
	MPY	NOINST		YTL04090
	XCA	=6		YTL04100
	PAX	0,1		YTL04110
	ADD	SEPD+3		YTL04120
	STA	GETFLD		YTL04130
	AXT	5,2		YTL04140
GETFLD	CLA	** ,1		YTL04150
				YTL04160

	TNZ	**+2		YTL04170
	STZ*	GETFLD		YTL04180
	TXI	**+1,1,-1		YTL04190
	TIX	GETFLD,2,1		YTL04200
	STZ*	GETFLD		YTL04210
	TIX	GETFLD-1,1,1		YTL04220
	CLA	YMNC		YTL04230
	TNZ	WHERE		YTL04240
	STZ	INSCNT		YTL04250
*				YTL04260
	TTR	COREX		YTL04270
*				YTL04280
CYCLE	SUB	THOUSN		YTL04290
	STO	YMAA		YTL04300
	CLA	KEY		YTL04310
	TNZ	**+3		YTL04320
	CLA	=24		YTL04330
	TRA	YMERR	CANNOT CYCLE FROM TAPE	YTL04340
	CLA	YMNC	COUNT	YTL04350
	TZE	**+4	ZERO COUNT	YTL04360
	TPL	**+3		YTL04370
NEGCT	CLA	=25		YTL04380
	TRA	YMERR	NEGATIVE COUNT	YTL04390
	STO	TEMP		YTL04400
	SUB	PROGLO		YTL04410
	TMI	CYAT		YTL04420
	CLA	YMNC		YTL04430
	ADD	YSHIFT		YTL04440
	STA	YMNC		YTL04450
	CLA*	YMNC		YTL04460
	TZE	**+2	ZERO COUNT	YTL04470
	TMI	NEGCT		YTL04480
	STO	TEMP	COUNT IS IN TEMP	YTL04490
	SUB	THOUSN		YTL04500
	TMI	CYA		YTL04510
	CLA	=26		YTL04520
	TRA	YMERR	COUNT MUST BE LTE TO 1000	YTL04530
CYAT	CLA	YMNC		YTL04540
	SUB	THOUSN		YTL04550
	TMI	**+2		YTL04560
	TRA	CYAT-2		YTL04570
CYA	CLA	INST		YTL04580
	SUB	=1	ADDRESS OF SUB-COUNT	YTL04590
	STO	TEMP-1		YTL04600
	CAL*	TEMP-1		YTL04610
	ANA	=0077777000000		YTL04620
	TNZ	CYB	PRIMED	YTL04630
	CLA	TEMP		YTL04640
	STO*	TEMP-1	PRIME	YTL04650
	ALS	18	PUT TOTAL COUNT IN DECREMENT	YTL04660
	ORS*	TEMP-1		YTL04670
CYB	CLA*	TEMP-1		YTL04680
	ANA	=0000000077777		YTL04690
	TZE	COUT		YTL04700
	SUB	=1		YTL04710
	TZE	COUT		YTL04720
	STA*	TEMP-1	NEW SUB-COUNT	YTL04730
	CLA	YMAA		YTL04740
	SUB	=1		YTL04750
	XCA			YTL04760

	MPY	=6		YTL04770
	XCA			YTL04780
	ADD	INST		YTL04790
	STO	INST	NEXT CARD	YTL04800
	STO	SAVINS	INST. LOC. FOR RETURN ARRAY	YTL04810
	TRA	COUT+1		YTL04820
*				YTL04830
COUT	STZ*	TEMP-1		YTL04840
	CLA	INSCNT		YTL04850
	ADD	=1		YTL04860
	STO	INSCNT		YTL04870
	TTR	COREX		YTL04880
*				YTL04890
COREX	AXT	5,1		YTL04900
	CLA*	INST	LOAD CARD	YTL04910
	STO	YMAA+5,1		YTL04920
	STO	LOC+5,1	FOR ERROR TRACE	YTL04930
	CAL	INST		YTL04940
	ADD	=1		YTL04950
	SLW	INST		YTL04960
	TIX	COREX+1,1,1		YTL04970
	CAL	INST		YTL04980
	ADD	=1		YTL04990
	SLW	INST	NEXT CARD	YTL05000
	SLW	SAVINS		YTL05010
	AXT	5,1		YTL05020
	PXD	0,0		YTL05030
	ADM	YMAA+5,1		YTL05040
	TIX	*-1,1,1		YTL05050
	TNZ	YMIN		YTL05060
	CLA	MCROCT		YTL05070
	TNZ	*+3		YTL05080
	STZ	KEY		YTL05090
	TRA	WHERE+2	GO OUT OF CORE PROGRAM	YTL05100
	PAC	0,1	SET UP RETURN LOCATION	YTL05110
	CAL	RETURN-1,1		YTL05120
	STA	INST	NEXT INSTRUCTION	YTL05130
	ARS	18		YTL05140
	STA	XMODE	PARTITION	YTL05150
	CAL	PRGLOC-1,1	PROGRAM LOCATION	YTL05160
	STA	KEY		YTL05170
	ARS	18		YTL05180
	STA	INSCNT		YTL05190
	CAL	MCROCT		YTL05200
	SUB	=1		YTL05210
	SLW	MCROCT		YTL05220
	TRA	COREX		YTL05230
*				YTL05240
WHERE	CLA	INSCNT	INCREMENT COUNT OF	YTL05250
	ADD	=1	INSTRUCTIONS SUCCESSFULLY	YTL05260
	STO	INSCNT	COMPLETED	YTL05270
	CLA	KEY		YTL05280
	TZE	YMEXIT		YTL05290
	TTR	COREX		YTL05300
*				YTL05310
YMEXEC	TSX	MMM90,4		YTL05320
	YMAA	PZE		YTL05330
	YMBB	PZE		YTL05340
	YMCC	PZE		YTL05350
	YMNC	PZE		YTL05360

YMOP	PZE			YTL05370
	TTR	YMERR		YTL05380
	TTR	WHERE		YTL05390
*				YTL05400
YMEXIT	LXD	IR4,4		YTL05410
	LXD	IR2,2		YTL05420
	LXD	IR3,3		YTL05430
	LXD	IR1,1		YTL05440
	LXD	IR5,5		YTL05450
	LXD	IR6,6		YTL05460
	LXD	IR7,7		YTL05470
	TRA	9,4	SUCCESS	YTL05480
*				YTL05490
YMERR	NZT	ERRCDE	DO NOT STORE CODE IF PREVIOUSLY DONE	YTL05500
	STO	ERRCDE		YTL05510
	LXD	IR4,4		YTL05520
	TXI	YMEXIT+1,4,1	ERROR RETURN TO 6,4	YTL05530
*				YTL05540
*				YTL05550
MMM90	SXD	SPOT4,4	STORE PARAMETERS	YTL05560
	CLA	1,4		YTL05570
	ADD	=1		YTL05580
	STA	MMMA		YTL05590
	ADD	=1		YTL05600
	STA	MMMA+2		YTL05610
	ADD	=1		YTL05620
	STO	LA11		YTL05630
	CLA	2,4		YTL05640
	ADD	=1		YTL05650
	STA	MMMB		YTL05660
	ADD	=1		YTL05670
	STA	MMMB+2		YTL05680
	ADD	=1		YTL05690
	STO	LB11		YTL05700
	CLA	3,4		YTL05710
	STA	LOCC		YTL05720
	ADD	=1		YTL05730
	STA	LOCMC		YTL05740
	ADD	=1		YTL05750
	STA	LOCNC		YTL05760
	ADD	=1		YTL05770
	STO	LC11		YTL05780
	STZ	ANULL		YTL05790
	STZ	BNULL		YTL05800
	CLA	WDMNL		YTL05810
	CAS*	LA11		YTL05820
	TRA	*+2		YTL05830
	STO	ANULL	A IS NULL	YTL05840
	CAS*	LB11		YTL05850
	TRA	*+2		YTL05860
	STO	BNULL	B IS NULL	YTL05870
MMMA	CLA	0	LOC MA	YTL05880
	STO	MA		YTL05890
MMNA	CLA	0	LOC NA	YTL05900
	STO	NA		YTL05910
MMMB	CLA	0	LOC MB	YTL05920
	STO	MB		YTL05930
	CLA	0	LOC NB	YTL05940
	STO	NB		YTL05950
MMMT	CLA	5,4		YTL05960

PAX	0,1	CODE	YTL05970
TMI	*+3		YTL05980
SUB	HIPROG	FIELD 5 MUST BE POSTIVE AND	YTL05990
TMI	*+3	LESS THAN 32500	YTL06000
CLA	=20		YTL06010
TRA	MMME		YTL06020
TXH	MACRO,1,33		YTL06030
TRA	LYST,1		YTL06040
TRA	MMM33		YTL06050
TRA	MMM32		YTL06060
TRA	MMM31		YTL06070
TRA	MMM30		YTL06080
TRA	MMM29		YTL06090
TRA	MMM28		YTL06100
TRA	MMM27		YTL06110
TRA	MMM26		YTL06120
TRA	MMM25		YTL06130
TRA	MMM24		YTL06140
TRA	MMM23A		YTL06150
TRA	MMM22		YTL06160
TRA	MMM21		YTL06170
TRA	MMM20		YTL06180
TRA	MMM19		YTL06190
TRA	MMM18		YTL06200
TRA	MMM17		YTL06210
TRA	MMM16		YTL06220
TRA	MMM15		YTL06230
TRA	MMM14		YTL06240
TRA	MMM13		YTL06250
TRA	MMM12		YTL06260
TRA	MMM11		YTL06270
TRA	MMM10		YTL06280
TRA	MMM9		YTL06290
TRA	MMM8		YTL06300
TRA	MMM7		YTL06310
TRA	MMM6		YTL06320
TRA	MMM5		YTL06330
TRA	MMM4		YTL06340
TRA	MMM3		YTL06350
TRA	MMM2		YTL06360
TRA	MMM1		YTL06370
LYST	TRA	MMMO	YTL06380
*			YTL06390
*			YTL06400
MACRO	TXH	*+3,1,TSTMAC	YTL06410
	CLA	=20	YTL06420
	TRA	MMME	YTL06430
	PXA	0,1	YTL06440
	ADD	YSHIFT	YTL06450
	STO	YMOP	YTL06460
	ADD	=3	YTL06470
	STO	INST	YTL06480
	STA	SEPD+3	YTL06490
	SUB	=1	YTL06500
	STO	TEMP-1	YTL06510
	STA	*+1	YTL06520
	CLA	**	YTL06530
	SUB	=6	YTL06540
	TZE	*+3	YTL06550
	CLA	=6	YTL06560
		N	
		MUST HAVE N=6	

	TRA	MMME		YTL06570
	CAL	TEMP-1		YTL06580
	SUB	=1		YTL06590
	STA	NOINST		YTL06600
	CLA	KEY		YTL06610
	STA	SAVKEY		YTL06620
	TNZ	**+4	CORE PROGRAM	YTL06630
	CLA	YMOP		YTL06640
	STO	KEY		YTL06650
	TRA	SEPF		YTL06660
	CLA	YMOP		YTL06670
	STO	KEY		YTL06680
	CLA	INSCNT		YTL06690
	ADD	=1		YTL06700
	STO	INSCNT		YTL06710
SUBLNK	CLA	MCROCT		YTL06720
	CAS	=5	CHECK FOR FULL RETURN BUFFER	YTL06730
	TRA	**+3		YTL06740
	TRA	**+2		YTL06750
	TRA	NOTFUL		YTL06760
	LXA	=4,1		YTL06770
	CLA	PRGLOC+5,1		YTL06780
	STO	PRGLOC+4,1		YTL06790
	CLA	RETURN+5,1	MOVE RETURN+1 THRU RETURN+4	YTL06800
	STO	RETURN+4,1	INTO RETURN THRU RETURN+3	YTL06810
	TIX	**=4,1,1		YTL06820
	LAC	MCROCT,1		YTL06830
	TRA	**+5		YTL06840
NOTFUL	CAL	MCROCT		YTL06850
	ADD	=1		YTL06860
	SLW	MCROCT		YTL06870
	PAC	0,1		YTL06880
	CAL	SAVINS		YTL06890
	SLW	RETURN-1,1		YTL06900
	CAL	XMODE		YTL06910
	ALS	18		YTL06920
	STD	RETURN-1,1		YTL06930
	CLA	SAVKEY		YTL06940
	SLW	PRGLOC-1,1		YTL06950
	CLA	INSCNT		YTL06960
	ALS	18		YTL06970
	STD	PRGLOC-1,1		YTL06980
	TRA	SEPF		YTL06990
				YTL07000
*				YTL07010
*				YTL07020
	MMME	STO	ERRCDE	SAVE ERROR CODE
		LXD	SPOT4,4	YTL07030
		TRA	6,4	YTL07040
	MMMR	TSX	TAST,4	YTL07050
		LXD	SPOT4,4	YTL07060
		CLA	4,4	YTL07070
	LOCC	STO	0	LOC C
		CLA	MC	YTL07080
	LOC MC	STO	0	LOC MC
		CLA	NC	YTL07090
	LOC NC	STO	0	LOC NC
		TRA	7,4	YTL07100
				YTL07110
				YTL07120
				YTL07130
				YTL07140
*	TAST	ZET	SIGN	YTL07150
		TTR	TEST2	YTL07160

	CLA	=0077777000000		YTL07170
	STO	SIGN		YTL07180
	CLA	HICORE		YTL07190
	ADD	=1		YTL07200
	STA	**2		YTL07210
	CLA	COREND		YTL07220
	STO	**		YTL07230
	TTR	1,4		YTL07240
TEST2	CLA*	TEST2-2		YTL07250
	SUB	COREND		YTL07260
	TZE	TEST2-1		YTL07270
	CLA	=19	CORE LIMIT EXCEEDED	YTL07280
	TRA	MMME		YTL07290
	REM			YTL07300
	REM	PACKAGE 1	MMMO,1,2	YTL07310
	REM	MATRIX TRANSFER,	MATRIX ADD, MATRIX SUBTRACT	YTL07320
	REM			YTL07330
MMMO	CAL	2,4		YTL07340
	TNZ	POSIT		YTL07350
	CLA	3,4		YTL07360
	SUB	SMLTAP		YTL07370
	TPL	RITE		YTL07380
	CLA	1,4		YTL07390
	SUB	SMLTAP		YTL07400
	TPL	REDE		YTL07410
	TRA	MOVE		YTL07420
*				YTL07430
				YTL07440
				YTL07450
RITE	NZT	MA		YTL07460
	TRA	**5		YTL07470
	NZT	NA		YTL07480
	TRA	**3		YTL07490
	TSX	CKDM1,4		YTL07500
	LXD	SPOT4,4		YTL07510
	CLA*	1,4		YTL07520
	TNZ	**2		YTL07530
	CLA	=0		YTL07540
	STO	SAVE	NAME	YTL07550
	CLA	MA		YTL07560
	STO	SAVE+1	M	YTL07570
	CLA	NA		YTL07580
	STO	SAVE+2	N	YTL07590
	STZ	TESTC		YTL07600
*		SPMTC1=0	IF MATRIX IS NOT SPARSE,OTHERWISE,SPARSE	YTL07610
	STZ	SPMTC1		YTL07620
	STZ	SAVE+4		YTL07630
	LDQ	MA		YTL07640
	MPY	NA		YTL07650
	XCA			YTL07660
	PAX	0,2	M * N	YTL07670
	STO	MTN	SAVE M*N	YTL07680
	TNZ	NZRO		YTL07690
	CAL	SAVE		YTL07700
	ACL	SAVE+1		YTL07710
	ACL	SAVE+2		YTL07720
	SLW	SAVE+3		YTL07730
	TRA	WID		YTL07740
NZRO	ADD	=3		YTL07750
	PAX	0,1	M * N + 3	YTL07760
	ADD	1,4	A(1,1) + M * N	YTL07770
	STA	GTCSM		YTL07780

	STA	WRMAT		YTL07770
	SXA	MNP3,1		YTL07780
CKNUL1	CLA*	WRMAT	TEST FOR WORD M=NULL	YTL07790
	SUB	WDMNL		YTL07800
	TZE	NULLM	WORD M=NULL PRESENT	YTL07810
CKNUL2	ZET*	WRMAT	TEST FOR ALL ZEROS	YTL07820
	TRA	GETCKS	NON-ZERO ELEMENT	YTL07830
	TIX	*-2,2,1		YTL07840
NULLM	CAL	WDMNL	FORM CHECK SUM FOR NULL MATRIX	YTL07850
	ACL	SAVE		YTL07860
	ACL	SAVE+1		YTL07870
	ACL	SAVE+2		YTL07880
	SLW	TESTC		YTL07890
	TRA	STCKS		YTL07900
*			THE FOLLOWING SET OF INSTRUCTIONS	YTL07910
*			DETERMINE IF A MATRIX IS SPARSE. IF	YTL07920
*			THE MATRIX IS SPARSE, THE CHECKSUM IS	YTL07930
*			CALCULATED NEGLECTING NEGATIVE ZEROS.	YTL07940
*			THE CONTROL WORDS ARE FORMED AND PLACED	YTL07950
*			IN THE MATRIX BEFORE THE CHECKSUM IS	YTL07960
*			FORMED. AFTER THE MATRIX IS WRITTEN	YTL07970
*			ON TAPE, THE CONTROL WORDS WILL BE	YTL07980
*			REMOVED FROM THE MATRIX.	YTL07990
GETCKS	LXA	MTN,2		YTL08000
CKSP1	CLA*	WRMAT	TEST FOR SPARSE MATRIX	YTL08010
	TZE	*+3		YTL08020
	ANA	=0377400000000		YTL08030
	TZE	LDCKS	MATRIX NOT SPARSE	YTL08040
	TIX	*-4,2,1		YTL08050
	LXA	MTN,2		YTL08060
	SXA	SPMTC1,2		YTL08070
*				YTL08080
*			THE FOLLOWING FORMS THE CONTROL WORDS	YTL08090
	AXT	0,1	FIX CONTROL WORD	YTL08100
SPTST1	CLA*	WRMAT		YTL08110
	TNZ	SPTST2-1		YTL08120
	TXI	*+1,1,1	ADD 1 TO ZERO COUNT	YTL08130
	TIX	SPTST1,2,1		YTL08140
	PXA	0,1		YTL08150
	STO*	WRMAT	STORE CONTROL WO-D	YTL08160
	TRA	SPCKS	GO FORM CHECKSUM	YTL08170
	TXH	SPTST2+2,1,0		YTL08180
SPTST2	TIX	SPTST1,2,1		YTL08190
	TRA	SPCKS	GO FORM CHECKSUM	YTL08200
	TXI	*+1,2,1		YTL08210
	PXA	0,1		YTL08220
	STO*	WRMAT	STORE CONTROL WORD	YTL08230
	TIX	SPTST1-1,2,2		YTL08240
*				YTL08250
SPCKS	PXA	0,0	FORM SPARSE MATRIX CK SUM	YTL08260
	LXA	MNP3,1		YTL08270
CKSP2	ZET*	GTCSM		YTL08280
CKSP3	ACL*	GTCSM		YTL08290
	TIX	*-2,1,1		YTL08300
	ACL	SPARSE		YTL08310
	LDQ	SPARSE		YTL08320
	STQ	SAVE+4		YTL08330
	TRA	STCKS		YTL08340
*				YTL08350
LDCKS	PXA	0,0		YTL08360

GTC	SM	ACL	** , 1		YTL08370
		TIX	*=1,1,1		YTL08380
STCK	S	SLW	SAVE+3	CHECKSUM IN FOURTH WORD	YTL08390
		LXA	MTN,2		YTL08400
WID		CLA	3,4		YTL08410
		SSP			YTL08420
		TSX	TP,4	GET TAPE NUMBER	YTL08430
		STO	TAPE		YTL08440
		TSX	TPCK,4		YTL08450
		CALL	.FVIO.(TAPE,TAPEIB)		YTL08460
		CALL	.FWRB.(TAPEIB)		YTL08470
		CALL	.FBLO.(SAVE,=16)		YTL08480
		CALL	.FWLR.		YTL08490
		CALL	.FWRB.(TAPEIB)		YTL08500
		NZT	MTN		YTL08510
		TRA	MINR		YTL08520
		ZET	SPMTC1		YTL08530
		TRA	WRSPRS	SPARSE MATRIX	YTL08540
		ZET	TESTC		YTL08550
		TRA	WRNULL	NULL MATRIX	YTL08560
WRMAT		CLA	** , 2	WRITE MATRIX	YTL08570
		TSX	.FBLT.,,4		YTL08580
		TIX	*=2,2,1		YTL08590
MINR		CLA	=16		YTL08600
		SUB	MTN		YTL08610
WRMR		TMI	ENDWR		YTL08620
		TZE	ENDWR		YTL08630
		PAX	0,2	M*N LESS THAN 16. WRITE MORE	YTL08640
		ZAC			YTL08650
		TSX	.FBLT.,,4		YTL08660
		TIX	*=2,2,1		YTL08670
		TRA	ENDWR		YTL08680
*			WRITE SPARSE MATRIX		YTL08690
WRSPRS		AXT	0,1		YTL08700
		CLA*	WRMAT		YTL08710
		TZE	SPSZP1	ZERO ELEMENT, DO NOT WRITE	YTL08720
		TSX	.FBLT.,,4		YTL08730
		TXI	*+1,1,1		YTL08740
		LDQ*	WRMAT		YTL08750
		PXA	0,0		YTL08760
		LLS	9		YTL08770
		TNZ	*+2		YTL08780
SPSZ		STZ*	WRMAT	STORE ZERO OVER CONTROL WORD	YTL08790
SPSZP1		TIX	WRSPRS+1,2,1		YTL08800
		SXA	WDWC,1		YTL08810
		CLA	=16		YTL08820
		SUB	WDWC		YTL08830
		TRA	WRMR		YTL08840
WRNULL		CLA	WDMNL	M=NULL	YTL08850
		TSX	.FBLT.,,4		YTL08860
		AXT	15,2		YTL08870
		ZAC			YTL08880
		TSX	.FBLT.,,4		YTL08890
		TIX	*=2,2,1		YTL08900
ENDWR		CALL	.FWLR.		YTL08910
		TRA	DONE		YTL08920
REDE		CLA	1,4		YTL08930
		TSX	TP,4	GET TAPE NUMBER	YTL08940
		STO	TAPE		YTL08950
		TSX	TPCK,4		YTL08960

	CALL	.FVIO.(TAPE,TAPEIB)		YTL08970
	CALL	.FRDB.(TAPEIB)		YTL08980
	CALL	.FBLI.(SAVE,=16)		YTL08990
	CALL	.FRLR.		YTL09000
	LXD	SPOT4,4		YTL09010
	CLA	SAVE	NAME	YTL09020
	STO*	3,4		YTL09030
	NZT	4,4	IS CARD NAME =0	YTL09040
	TRA	*+5	YES	YTL09050
	SUB	4,4	NO	YTL09060
	TZE	*+3		YTL09070
	CLA	=17	NAME ON TAPE DOES NOT CHECK	YTL09080
	TRA	MMME		YTL09090
	CLA	SAVE+1	YES	YTL09100
	STO*	LOC MC		YTL09110
	STO	MC		YTL09120
	LDQ	SAVE+2		YTL09130
	STQ	NC		YTL09140
	STQ*	LOC NC		YTL09150
	MPY	SAVE+1		YTL09160
	TNZ	DIMOK-2		YTL09170
	XCA			YTL09180
	PAX	0,1	M * N	YTL09190
	STO	MTN		YTL09200
	TZE	DIMOK		YTL09210
	TMI	*+2		YTL09220
	CAS	MXDATA		YTL09230
	TRA	*+3		YTL09240
	TRA	DIMOK		YTL09250
	TRA	DIMOK		YTL09260
	CLA	=28		YTL09270
	TRA	MMME		YTL09280
DIMOK	ADD	=3		YTL09290
	PAX	0,2	M * N + 3	YTL09300
	ADD	3,4	A(1,1) + M * N	YTL09310
	STA	RDMAT		YTL09320
	STA	GTC SM1		YTL09330
	STA	FIXNM		YTL09340
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL09350
RZM	CALL	.FRDB.(TAPEIB)		YTL09360
	CLA	SAVE+4		YTL09370
	SUB	SPARSE		YTL09380
	TNZ	CKNUL3		YTL09390
	STZ	RSCKSM	SPARSE MATRIX CHECKSUM	YTL09400
	*			YTL09410
	*	THE FOLLOWING SET OF INSTRUCTIONS READ A		YTL09420
	*	SPARSE MATRIX AND FORMS ITS CHECKSUM		YTL09430
	*			YTL09440
SPRD	TSX	.FBLT,4		YTL09450
	STO	READTP	SAVE WORD FROM TAPE	YTL09460
	CAL	READTP		YTL09470
	ACL	RSCKSM	ADD TO CHECKSUM	YTL09480
	SLW	RSCKSM		YTL09490
	CAL	READTP		YTL09500
	ANA	=0377400000000		YTL09510
	TZE	KCW	CONTROL WORD	YTL09520
	CLA	READTP		YTL09530
	STO*	RDMAT		YTL09540
	TIX	SPRD,1,1		YTL09550
RLR1	CALL	.FRLR.		YTL09560

	CAL	RSCKSM	FORM CHECKSUM	YTL09570
	ACL	SPARSE		YTL09580
	ACL	SAVE		YTL09590
	ACL	SAVE+1		YTL09600
	ACL	SAVE+2		YTL09610
	TRA	RDCKS		YTL09620
KCW	LXA	READTP,2	STORE ZEROS	YTL09630
	STZ*	RDMAT		YTL09640
	TXI	*+1,1,-1		YTL09650
	TIX	*-2,2,1		YTL09660
	TXL	RLR1,1,0		YTL09670
	TRA	SPRD		YTL09680
CKNUL3	TSX	.FBLT,4		YTL09690
	NZT	MTN		YTL09700
	TRA	RDMAT+2		YTL09710
	STO	TESTC	M=NULL	YTL09720
	SUB	WDMNL		YTL09730
	TNZ	RDMAT-3		YTL09740
	CALL	.FRLR,		YTL09750
	TRA	NULLMR	MATRIX IS NULL	YTL09760
*				YTL09770
	CLA	TESTC	GET A(1,1) BACK	YTL09780
	TRA	*+2		YTL09790
	TSX	.FBLT,4		YTL09800
RDMAT	STO	**1	READ IN MATRIX	YTL09810
	TIX	*-2,1,1		YTL09820
	CALL	.FRLR,		YTL09830
	CAL	SAVE+3	IS CHECKSUM = 0	YTL09840
	TZE	DONE	YES, DONE	YTL09850
	ERA	=1.0	IS CHECKSUM = 1.0	YTL09860
	TZE	DONE	YES, DONE	YTL09870
	PXA	0,0	NO, COMPARE CHECKSUMS	YTL09880
GTCSM1	ACL	**2		YTL09890
	TIX	*-1,2,1		YTL09900
RDCKS	ERA	SAVE+3		YTL09910
	TZE	DONE	CHECKSUM ERROR	YTL09920
	CLA	=18		YTL09930
	TRA	MMME		YTL09940
NULLMR	LXA	MTN,2	STORE ZEROS FOR NULL MATRIX	YTL09950
FIXNM	STZ	**2		YTL09960
	TIX	*-1,2,1		YTL09970
	CAL	WDMNL		YTL09980
	SLW*	LC11	FORM NULL CHECKSUM	YTL09990
	ACL	SAVE		YTL10000
	ACL	SAVE+1		YTL10010
	ACL	SAVE+2		YTL10020
	TRA	RDCKS		YTL10030
POSIT	STZ	TAPE+2	SAVE SIGN OF TAPE INSTRUCTION	YTL10040
	STP	TAPE+2		YTL10050
	CLA	2,4		YTL10060
	SSP			YTL10070
	TSX	TP,4	GET TAPE NO. IN DECREMENT	YTL10080
	STO	TAPE		YTL10090
	STQ	TAPE+1	FILE IN ADDRESS, MATRICES IN DEC.	YTL10100
	TSX	TPCK,4		YTL10110
	CALL	.FVIO,(TAPE,TAPEIB)		YTL10120
	CLA	TAPE+1		YTL10130
	TNZ	SPACE1	IS TAPE POSITIONING REQUESTED	YTL10140
	CLA	TAPE+2		YTL10150
	TPL	EOF		YTL10160

	CALL	.FRWT,(TAPEIB)	REWIND	YTL10170
	TTR	DONE		YTL10180
EOF	CALL	.FEFT,(TAPEIB)	WRITE END OF FILE	YTL10190
	TTR	DONE		YTL10200
SPACE1	CLA	TAPE+2		YTL10210
	TPL	FST	FORWARD SPACING	YTL10220
	CAL	TAPE+1		YTL10230
	ANA	=0000000077777	LEAVE ONLY FILE COUNT	YTL10240
	SUB	=1		YTL10250
	SLW	TAPE+1		YTL10260
	CALL	BSF(TAPE+1,TAPE,ERR)		YTL10270
	CLA	ERR		YTL10280
	TZE	DONE		YTL10290
	ADD	THOUSN		YTL10300
	TRA	MMME		YTL10310
FST	CAL	TAPE+1		YTL10320
	ANA	=0000000077777		YTL10330
	TZE	RCDOLY	NO FILE SPACING	YTL10340
	SLW	TAPE+2		YTL10350
	CALL	FSF(TAPE+2,TAPE,ERR)		YTL10360
	CLA	ERR		YTL10370
	TZE	*+3		YTL10380
	ADD	=2000	FSF ERROR	YTL10390
	TRA	MMME		YTL10400
	CAL	TAPE+1		YTL10410
	ANA	=0077777000000		YTL10420
	TZE	DONE	FILE SPACE ONLY	YTL10430
	SLW	TAPE+1		YTL10440
RCDOLY	CLA	TAPE+1		YTL10450
	ARS	18		YTL10460
	STO	TAPE+1		YTL10470
	CALL	FSR(TAPE+1,TAPE,ERR)		YTL10480
	CLA	ERR		YTL10490
	TZE	DONE		YTL10500
	ADD	=3000	FSR ERROR	YTL10510
	TRA	MMME		YTL10520
*				YTL10530
	DONE	TSX	TAST,4	YTL10540
	LXD	SPOT4,4		YTL10550
	TRA	7,4		YTL10560
*				YTL10570
*			INTERPRET TAPE NUMBER	YTL10580
*				YTL10590
TP	SXD	TEMP,1	SAVE INDEX	YTL10600
	AXT	0,1		YTL10610
	SUB	SMLTAP		YTL10620
	TMI	TP2	TRANSFER IF BST OR FST	YTL10630
	TXI	*+1,1,1	COUNTER	YTL10640
	TNZ	*-3		YTL10650
	LDQ	=0	CLEAR MQ IF ONLY A TAPE NUMBER	YTL10660
	PXA	0,1	TAPE NUMBER IN AC(ADDRESS)	YTL10670
TP1	LXD	TEMP,1	LOAD INDEX	YTL10680
	TTR	1,4	RETURN	YTL10690
TP2	STZ	TEMP-1		YTL10700
	SXA	TEMP-1,1	SAVE TAPE NUMBER	YTL10710
	ADD	MILYN		YTL10720
	AXT	0,1		YTL10730
	SUB	THOUSN		YTL10740
	TMI	TP4	TRANSFER IF FST	YTL10750
	TXI	*+1,1,1	COUNTER	YTL10760

	TNZ	*-3		YTL10770
	PXD	0,0	CLEAR MQ AND AC	YTL10780
	XCA			YTL10790
	PXA	0,1	NO. OF FILES IN AC(ADDRESS)	YTL10800
	XCA		NOW IN MQ	YTL10810
TP3	CLA	TEMP-1	TAPE NUMBER	YTL10820
	TTR	TP1		YTL10830
TP4	STZ	TEMP-2		YTL10840
	SXA	TEMP-2,1	SAVE NO. OF FILES	YTL10850
	ADD	THOUSN		YTL10860
	ALS	19	2*NO. OF RECDs IN DECREMENT	YTL10870
	STD	TEMP-2		YTL10880
	LDQ	TEMP-2	FILES IN ADDR, RECDs IN DECRE.	YTL10890
	TTR	TP3		YTL10900
*				YTL10910
*			CHECK TAPE NUMBER	YTL10920
*				YTL10930
TPCK	LXA	TAPE,1		YTL10940
	TXL	*+3,1,MXTAPS		YTL10950
	CLA	=13		YTL10960
	TRA	MMME		YTL10970
	TTR	TPCK0,1		YTL10980
TPCK19	TTR	1,4		YTL10990
TPCK18	TTR	1,4		YTL11000
TPCK17	TTR	1,4		YTL11010
TPCK16	TTR	1,4		YTL11020
TPCK15	TTR	1,4		YTL11030
TPCK14	TTR	1,4		YTL11040
TPCK13	TTR	1,4		YTL11050
TPCK12	TTR	1,4		YTL11060
TPCK11	TTR	1,4		YTL11070
TPCK10	TTR	1,4		YTL11080
TPCK9	TTR	1,4		YTL11090
TPCK8	TTR	1,4		YTL11100
TPCK7	TTR	MMMTP	STACKED PUNCH OUTPUT	YTL11110
TPCK6	TTR	MMMTP	STACKED OUTPUT	YTL11120
TPCK5	TTR	MMMTP	STACKED INPUT ONLY	YTL11130
TPCK4	TTR	1,4		YTL11140
TPCK3	TTR	1,4		YTL11150
TPCK2	TTR	1,4		YTL11160
TPCK1	TTR	1,4		YTL11170
TPCK0	TRA	TPCK+2		YTL11180
MMMTP	CLA	=14	LEGAL TAPE, BUT NOT ACCESSIBLE	YTL11190
	TRA	MMME		YTL11200
*				YTL11210
*			THIS ROUTINE CHECKS THE LEGALITY OF	YTL11220
*			DIMENSIONS OF FIELD 1 OR 2, OR BOTH	YTL11230
*			M * N MUST BE LESS THAN 24561, NON-ZERO, AND POSITIVE	YTL11240
*				YTL11250
CKDM1	LDQ	MA	FIELD 1 CHECK	YTL11260
	MPY	NA		YTL11270
	TNZ	BADDM1		YTL11280
	XCA			YTL11290
	TZE	BADDM1		YTL11300
	TMI	BADDM1		YTL11310
	CAS	MXDATA		YTL11320
	TRA	BADDM1		YTL11330
	TRA	1,4		YTL11340
	TRA	1,4		YTL11350
CKDM2	LDQ	MB	FIELD 2 CHECK	YTL11360

	MPY	NB		YTL11370
	TNZ	BADDM2		YTL11380
	XCA			YTL11390
	TZE	BADDM2		YTL11400
	TMI	BADDM2		YTL11410
	CAS	MXDATA		YTL11420
	TRA	BADDM2		YTL11430
	TRA	1,4		YTL11440
	TRA	1,4		YTL11450
CKDM12	SXA	CKDMRT,4	CHECK BOTH FIELDS	YTL11460
	TSX	CKDM1,4		YTL11470
	TSX	CKDM2,4		YTL11480
CKDMRT	AXT	** ,4		YTL11490
	TRA	1,4		YTL11500
BADDM1	CLA	=3		YTL11510
	TRA	MMME		YTL11520
BADDM2	CLA	=4		YTL11530
	TRA	MMME		YTL11540
*				YTL11550
*		CHECK TO SEE IF A DIAGONAL MATRIX		YTL11560
*		IS A 1 X N OR A M X 1		YTL11570
*				YTL11580
CKDG1	CLA	=1		YTL11590
	CAS	MA		YTL11600
	TRA	BADDM1		YTL11610
	TRA	1,4		YTL11620
	CAS	NA		YTL11630
	TRA	BADDM1		YTL11640
	TRA	1,4		YTL11650
NOTDG	CLA	=5		YTL11660
	TRA	MMME		YTL11670
CKDG2	CLA	=1		YTL11680
	CAS	MB		YTL11690
	TRA	BADDM2		YTL11700
	TRA	1,4		YTL11710
	CAS	NB		YTL11720
	TRA	BADDM2		YTL11730
	TRA	1,4		YTL11740
	TRA	NOTDG		YTL11750
*		CHECK TO SEE IF RESULT MATRIX WILL OVERFLOW CORE		YTL11760
CHKCOR	LDQ	MC		YTL11770
	MPY	NC		YTL11780
	XCA			YTL11790
	ADD	LC11		YTL11800
	CAS	HICORE		YTL11810
	TRA	OVER		YTL11820
	TRA	1,4		YTL11830
	TRA	1,4		YTL11840
OVER	CLA	=19		YTL11850
	TRA	MMME		YTL11860
*		CHECK TO SEE IF AN ADDRESS IS BETWEEN		YTL11870
*		8000 AND 32563, INCLUSIVE		YTL11880
CHKRNQ	CAS	HICORE	THE RETURN IS MADE AS	YTL11890
	TRA	1,4	WITH A CAS INSTRUCTION	YTL11900
	TRA	2,4	ABOVE - 1,4	YTL11910
	CAS	LOCORE	INBETWEEN - 2,4	YTL11920
	TRA	2,4	BELOW - 3,4	YTL11930
	TRA	2,4		YTL11940
	TRA	3,4		YTL11950
*				YTL11960

*		FLOATING POINT TRAP ANALYSIS FOR ALL	YTL11970
*		OF THE OPERATION CODES	YTL11980
*			YTL11990
FPSPIL	STO	TEMPAC	YTL12000
	STQ	TEMPMQ	YTL12010
	CLA	0	YTL12020
	STD	CELLO	YTL12030
	CLA	CELLO	YTL12040
	CAS	=3B17	YTL12050
	TRA	TSTDIV	YTL12060
	TRA	ACMQUF	YTL12070
	CLA	TEMPAC	YTL12080
	LDQ	=0	YTL12090
	STZ	CELLO	YTL12100
	TRA*	0	YTL12110
ACMQUF	PXA	0,0	YTL12120
	TRA	*-4	YTL12130
TSTDIV	CAS	=9B17	YTL12140
	TRA	*+4	YTL12150
	TRA	ACMQUF	YTL12160
	CLA	=8	YTL12170
	TRA	MMME	YTL12180
	CAS	=11B17	YTL12190
	TRA	POSSTO	YTL12200
*		OVERFLOW ON DIVIDE OR IT	YTL12210
*		COULD ALSO BE DOUBLE PRECISION	YTL12220
		STORAGE TRAP	YTL12230
	TRA	ACMQUF	YTL12240
	PXA	0,0	YTL12250
	LDQ	TEMPMQ	YTL12260
	TRA	ACMQUF-2	YTL12270
POSSTO	CAS	=13B17	YTL12280
	TRA	*+4	YTL12290
	TRA	*+1	YTL12300
	CLA	=9	YTL12310
	TRA	MMME	YTL12320
	CLA	=27	YTL12330
	TRA	MMME	YTL12340
*		D.P. STORAGE TRAP.	YTL12350
*		THE FOLLOWING ARE ADDITIONS TO CONSIDER	YTL12360
*		ADDITION AND MULTIPLICATION OF NULL	YTL12370
*		MATRICES. MARCH 1963	YTL12380
NADD1	LDQ	FILL5	YTL12390
	STQ	LDMT	YTL12400
	STA	STMT	YTL12410
	SUB	LC11	YTL12420
	ADD	LA11	YTL12430
	STA	LDMT	YTL12440
LDMT		LA11+MNA	YTL12450
STMT	STO	** ,1	YTL12460
	TIX	*-2,1,1	YTL12470
	TRA	MMMR	YTL12480
*		A IS NULL FOR MMM3 OR MMM4	YTL12490
LDMT1		LB11+MNB	YTL12500
STMT1	STO	LC11+MNC	YTL12510
	TIX	STMT1+3,1,0	YTL12520
	TIX	STMT1+1,1,0	YTL12530
	TIX	LDMT1,2,1	YTL12540
	TRA	MMMR	YTL12550
*			YTL12560
NMPY1	SXA	NLP1,2	
	LXA	NLP1,4	

NMPY	STA	NLP1	NULL MATRIX MULTIPLY	YTL12570
NLP1	STZ	** , 4		YTL12580
	TIX	*-1 , 4 , 1		YTL12590
	CLA	WDMNL		YTL12600
	STO*	LC11		YTL12610
	TRA	MMMR		YTL12620
MMMCF	CLA	=1	NON CONFORMABLE MATRICES.	YTL12630
	TRA	MMME		YTL12640
*				YTL12650
MOVE	CLA	FILLO		YTL12660
	STO	STAL1		YTL12670
	LDQ	MA		YTL12680
	MPY	NA		YTL12690
	TNZ	*+3		YTL12700
	XCA			YTL12710
	TZE	*+2	ALLOW A MOVE OF 0 X 0, M X 0, 0 X N	YTL12720
	TSX	CKDM1 , 4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELD 1	YTL12730
	LDQ	MA		YTL12740
	STQ	MC		YTL12750
	CLA	NA		YTL12760
	STO	NC		YTL12770
	TRA	ELXEL		YTL12780
MMM1	LDQ	FILL5	MATRIX ADD	YTL12790
	CLA	FILL1		YTL12800
	TRA	*+3		YTL12810
MMM2	LDQ	FILL6	MATRIX SUB	YTL12820
	CLA	FILL2		YTL12830
	STQ	LDMT		YTL12840
	STO	STAL1		YTL12850
	TSX	CKDM12 , 4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2	YTL12860
	CLA	MA		YTL12870
	STO	MC		YTL12880
	SUB	MB		YTL12890
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL12900
	CLA	NA		YTL12910
	STO	NC		YTL12920
	SUB	NB		YTL12930
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL12940
ELXEL	LDQ	MA	LOOP CONTROL	YTL12950
	MPY	NA		YTL12960
	XCA			YTL12970
	PAX	0 , 1	MNA , B , C	YTL12980
	ADD	LA11		YTL12990
	STA	ITR81		YTL13000
	SUB	LA11		YTL13010
	ADD	LB11		YTL13020
	STA	STAL1		YTL13030
	STA	LDMT		YTL13040
	SUB	LB11		YTL13050
	ADD	LC11		YTL13060
	STA	STMT		YTL13070
	STA	STAL1+1		YTL13080
	TSX	CHKCOR , 4		YTL13090
	LXD	SPOT4 , 4		YTL13100
	NZT	5 , 4		YTL13110
	TRA	MOVEUP		YTL13120
	ZET	BNULL	B IS NULL	YTL13130
	TRA	NADD1		YTL13140
	ZET	ANULL	A IS NULL	YTL13150
	TRA	LDMT		YTL13160

ITR81	CLA	0,1	LA11+MNA	YTL13170
STAL1			LB11+MNB	YTL13180
	STO	0,1	LC11+MNC	YTL13190
	TIX	ITR81,1,1		YTL13200
	TRA	MMMR		YTL13210
MOVEUP	CLA	3,4		YTL13220
	SUB	1,4		YTL13230
	TMI	ITR81	MOVE DOWN	YTL13240
	CLA	ITR81	MOVE UP	YTL13250
	STA	MSPOT1		YTL13260
	CLA	STAL1+1		YTL13270
	STA	MSPOT2		YTL13280
	SXD	MSPOT3,1		YTL13290
	AXT	1,1		YTL13300
MSPOT1	CLA	0,1	LA11+MNA	YTL13310
MSPOT2	STO	0,1	LC11+MNC	YTL13320
	TXI	*+1,1,1		YTL13330
MSPOT3	TXL	MSPOT1,1,**	MNA	YTL13340
	TRA	MMMR		YTL13350
	REM	PACKAGE 2	MMM3,4	YTL13360
	REM	ADD AND SUBTRACT TRANSPOSE		YTL13370
	REM			YTL13380
MMM3	LDQ	FILL5	ADD TRANSPOSE	YTL13390
	CLA	FILL3		YTL13400
	TRA	*+3		YTL13410
MMM4	LDQ	FILL6	SUB TRANSPOSE	YTL13420
	CLA	FILL4		YTL13430
	STQ	LDMT1		YTL13440
	STO	STAL2		YTL13450
	TSX	CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS OF FIELDS 1,2	YTL13460
	CLA	MA		YTL13470
	STO	MC		YTL13480
	SUB	NB		YTL13490
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL13500
	CLA	NA		YTL13510
	STO	NC		YTL13520
	SUB	MB		YTL13530
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL13540
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL13550
	LDQ	MA	LOOP CONTROL	YTL13560
	MPY	NA		YTL13570
	XCA			YTL13580
	PAX	0,1	MNA,MNC	YTL13590
	PAX	0,2	MNB	YTL13600
	SUB	=1		YTL13610
	ALS	18		YTL13620
	STD	STAL2+3		YTL13630
	STD	STMT1+2		YTL13640
	ARS	18		YTL13650
	ADD	=1		YTL13660
	ADD	LA11		YTL13670
	STA	ITR82		YTL13680
	SUB	LA11		YTL13690
	ADD	LB11		YTL13700
	STA	STAL2		YTL13710
	STA	LDMT1		YTL13720
	SUB	LB11		YTL13730
	ADD	LC11		YTL13740
	STA	STMT1		YTL13750
	ZET	BNULL		YTL13760

	TRA	NADD1	B IS NULL	YTL13770
	STA	STAL2+1		YTL13780
	CLA	NB		YTL13790
	ALS	18		YTL13800
	STD	STMT1+1		YTL13810
	ZET	ANULL		YTL13820
	TRA	LDMT1		YTL13830
	STD	STAL2+2		YTL13840
ITR82	CLA	0,1	LA11+MNA	YTL13850
STAL2			LB11+NMB	YTL13860
	STO	0,1	LC11+MNC	YTL13870
	TIX	STAL2+4,2,0	NB	YTL13880
	TXI	STAL2+2,2,0	MN-1	YTL13890
	TIX	ITR82,1,1		YTL13900
	TRA	MMMR		YTL13910
	REM			YTL13920
	REM	PACKAGE 3	MMM5	YTL13930
	REM	SCALAR MULTIPLY		YTL13940
	REM			YTL13950
MMM5	TSX	CKDM2,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELD 2	YTL13960
	LDQ	MB		YTL13970
	STQ	MC		YTL13980
	CLA	NB		YTL13990
	STO	NC		YTL14000
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL14010
	LDQ	MB		YTL14020
	MPY	NB		YTL14030
	XCA			YTL14040
	PAX	0,1	MNB	YTL14050
	ADD	LB11		YTL14060
	STA	ITR83+1		YTL14070
	SUB	LB11		YTL14080
	ADD	LC11		YTL14090
	STA	ITR83+2		YTL14100
	XCA			YTL14110
	CLA	YMAA		YTL14120
	STA	ITR83		YTL14130
	PXA	0,1		YTL14140
	PAX	0,4		YTL14150
	XCA			YTL14160
	ZET	BNULL		YTL14170
	TRA	NMPY	B IS NULL	YTL14180
ITR83	LDQ	0	LOC A	YTL14190
	FMP	0,1	LOC BMN+1	YTL14200
	STO	0,1	LOC CMN+1	YTL14210
	TIX	ITR83,1,1		YTL14220
	TRA	MMMR		YTL14230
				YTL14240
*				YTL14250
*		PACKAGE 4,MMM6,MMM7,MMM8		YTL14260
*		THESE ARE THE THREE MULTIPLY ROUTINES		YTL14270
*		WHICH ARE WRITTEN FOR THE 7094		YTL14280
*		THEY USE COMMON MULTIPLY INSTRUCTIONS		YTL14290
*		AND A DFAD. INCLUDES A NULL MULTIPLY		YTL14300
*		ADDED 5/63		YTL14310
*				YTL14320
MMM6	CLA	NA	MULTIPLY	YTL14330
	SUB	MB		YTL14340
	TNZ	MMMCF	CONFORMABILITY CHECK	YTL14350
	TSX	CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS	YTL14360
	LXA	MA,3	TOTAL ROWS OF A	

LXA	NB,4	TOTAL COLUMNS OF B	YTL14370
SXA	NC,4	COLUMN DIMENSION OF PRODUCT	YTL14380
LDQ	MA		YTL14390
STQ	MC	ROW DIMENSION OF PRODUCT	YTL14400
MPY	NB		YTL14410
XCA			YTL14420
PAX	0,5	TOTAL NO. OF ELEMENTS IN PRODUCT	YTL14430
ADD	LC11		YTL14440
STA	ANSWER	STORAGE OF ANSWER	YTL14450
TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL14460
LXA	NB,4		YTL14470
CAL	ANULL	CHECK FOR A OR B NULL	YTL14480
ACL	BNULL		YTL14490
TNZ	ZROMPY		YTL14500
CLA	NA		YTL14510
STO	TOTA	NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN ROW OF A	YTL14520
STO	INCRMA	STORAGE INCREMENT FROM ROW TO ROW	YTL14530
ADD	LA11		YTL14540
STA	ELEMA	ADDRESS FOR A	YTL14550
LDQ	MB		YTL14560
MPY	NB		YTL14570
XCA			YTL14580
STO	TOTB	TOTAL NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN B	YTL14590
ADD	LB11		YTL14600
STA	ELEMB	ADDRESS FOR B	YTL14610
LXA	=1,1		YTL14620
SXD	MPTST1,1	DECREMENT FOR A	YTL14630
SXA	INCRMB,1	STORAGE INCREMENT FROM COL. TO COL.	YTL14640
LXA	NB,1		YTL14650
SXD	MPTST1+1,1	DECREMENT FOR B	YTL14660
TRA	MULTPY		YTL14670
			YTL14680
			YTL14690
		SET UP CONTROL NUMBERS FOR MMM7	YTL14700
			YTL14710
			YTL14720
MMM7	CLA	POST MULTIPLY BY TRANSPOSE	YTL14730
	SUB		YTL14740
	TNZ	CONFORMABILITY CHECK	YTL14750
	TSX	CHECK DIMENSIONS	YTL14760
	LXA	TOTAL ROWS IN A	YTL14770
	LXA	TOTAL ROWS IN B	YTL14780
	SXA	COLUMN DIMENSION OF PRODUCT	YTL14790
	LDQ		YTL14800
	STQ	ROW DIMENSION OF PRODUCT	YTL14810
	MPY		YTL14820
	XCA		YTL14830
	PAX	TOTAL NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN PRODUCT.	YTL14840
	ADD		YTL14850
	STA	STORAGE OF ANSWER	YTL14860
	TSX		YTL14870
	LXA		YTL14880
	CAL	CHECK FOR A OR B NULL	YTL14890
	ACL		YTL14900
	TNZ		YTL14910
	CLA		YTL14920
	STO	NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN ROW OF A	YTL14930
	STO	STORAGE INCREMENT FROM ROW TO ROW	YTL14940
	ADD		YTL14950
	STA	ADDRESS FOR A	YTL14960
	CLA		
	NB	NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN ROW OF B	
	STO		
	TOTB		

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				YTL15570
*				YTL15580
MULTPY	PXA	DOTPRD,0		YTL15590
	CLA	*-1		YTL15600
	LBT			YTL15610
	TRA	**+2		YTL15620
	ADD	=1		YTL15630
	STA	SUMPRD		YTL15640
	CLA	MAD		YTL15650
	TZE	NOADD		YTL15660
	CAL	MADYES	PUT IN ADD FOR MPY AND ADD	YTL15670
	SLW	ANSWER-2		YTL15680
	STZ	MAD		YTL15690
	TRA	**+3		YTL15700
NOADD	CAL	MADNO	MULTIPLY ONLY,USE DUMMY	YTL15710
	SLW	ANSWER-2		YTL15720
STRRLP	LXA	TOTA,1		YTL15730
	LXA	TOTB,2		YTL15740
	LDQ	=0		YTL15750
	PXA	0,0.		YTL15760
	DST*	SUMPRD	ZERO DOT PRODUCT	YTL15770
ZROTST	NZT*	ELEMA		YTL15780
	TRA	MPTST1		YTL15790
	NZT*	ELEMB		YTL15800
	TRA	MPTST1		YTL15810
ELEMA	LDQ	** ,1	ELEMENT OF A	YTL15820
ELEMB	FMP	** ,2	ELEMENT OF B	YTL15830
SUMPRD	DFAD	**	RUNNING PRODUCT	YTL15840
	DST*	*-1		YTL15850
MPTST1	TIX	*+1,1,**	DECREMENT FOR A	YTL15860
	TIX	ZROTST,2,**	DECREMENT FOR B	YTL15870
	HTR	MMMR	VARIABLE CELL FOR OP. CODES 30,31,32	YTL15880
	FRN			YTL15890
ANSWER	STO	** ,5	STORE DOT PRODUCT	YTL15900
	TIX	*+1,5,1		YTL15910
	TNX	NEWRCA,4,1	TRA IF A NEW ROW OR COLUMN OF A IS NEEDED	YTL15920
	CLA	ELEMB	GET NEW COLUMN OR ROW OF B.	YTL15930
	ADD	INCRMB		YTL15940
	STA	ELEMB		YTL15950
	TRA	STRRLP	NEXT ELEMENT OF ROW OF PRODUCT	YTL15960
NEWRCA	TNX	MMMR,3,1	COUNT OF ROWS OR COLUMNS OF A USED	YTL15970
	LXA	NC,4	RE-SET COUNT OF ROWS OR COLS OF B	YTL15980
	CLA	ELEMA	GET NEW ROW/COLUMN OF A	YTL15990
	ADD	INCRMA		YTL16000
	STA	ELEMA		YTL16010
	CLA	LB11	START OVER WITH STORAGE ACCESS TO B	YTL16020
	ADD	TOTB		YTL16030
	STA	ELEMB		YTL16040
	TRA	STRRLP		YTL16050
	REM			YTL16060
	REM	PACKAGE 5	MMM9	YTL16070
	REM	MATRIX TRANSPOSE		YTL16080
	REM			YTL16090
MMM9	TSX	CKDM1,4		YTL16100
	CLA	MA		YTL16110
	STO	NC		YTL16120
	ALS	18		YTL16130
	STD	ITR85+3		YTL16140
	LDQ	NA		YTL16150
	STQ	MC		YTL16160
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		

	LDQ	NA		YTL16170
	MPY	MA		YTL16180
	XCA			YTL16190
	PAX	0,1		YTL16200
	PAX	0,4		YTL16210
	ADD	LA11		YTL16220
	STA	ITR85		YTL16230
	SUB	LA11		YTL16240
	ADD	LC11		YTL16250
	ZET	ANULL		YTL16260
	TRA	NMPY	A IS NULL	YTL16270
	STA	ITR85+1		YTL16280
	SUB	LC11		YTL16290
	ALS	18		YTL16300
	CHS			YTL16310
	ADD	ITR85+3		YTL16320
	COM			YTL16330
	STD	ITR85+4		YTL16340
ITR85	CLA	0,1	LA11+MNA	YTL16350
	STO	0,4	LC11+MNC	YTL16360
	TXN	MMMR,1,1		YTL16370
	TIX	ITR85,4,0	NC	YTL16380
	TXI	ITR85,4,0	MNC-NC-1	YTL16390
	REM			YTL16400
	REM	PACKAGE 6	MMM10,11	YTL16410
	REM	ADD, SUBTRACT	DIAGONAL MATRIX	YTL16420
	REM			YTL16430
	REM			YTL16440
MMM10	CLA	FIL10	ADD DIAGONAL	YTL16450
	CAS	FIL10		YTL16460
MMM11	CLA	FIL11	SUB DIAGONAL	YTL16470
	STO	STAL6		YTL16480
	CLA	FILL5	INITIALIZE ITR86 WITH CLA 0,1	YTL16490
	STO	ITR86		YTL16500
	TSX	CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2	YTL16510
	TSX	CKDG2,4		YTL16520
	CLS	=1	LOOP CONTROL	YTL16530
	ADD	MB		YTL16540
	ADD	NB		YTL16550
	SUB	MA		YTL16560
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL16570
	ADD	MA		YTL16580
	ADD	LB11		YTL16590
	STA	STAL6		YTL16600
	SUB	LB11		YTL16610
	ALS	18		YTL16620
	STD	ITR86+3		YTL16630
	ARS	18		YTL16640
	PAX	0,2	NB	YTL16650
	SUB	NA		YTL16660
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL16670
	LDQ	MA		YTL16680
	STQ	MC		YTL16690
	STQ	NC		YTL16700
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL16710
	LDQ	MA		YTL16720
	MPY	NA		YTL16730
	XCA			YTL16740
	PAX	0,1	MNA	YTL16750
	ADD	LA11		YTL16760

	STA ITR86		YTL16770
	SUB LA11		YTL16780
	ADD LC11		YTL16790
	STA ITR86+5		YTL16800
	AXT 1,4		YTL16810
	ZET BNULL		YTL16820
	TRA NADD1	B IS NULL	YTL16830
	CLA FILL7		YTL16840
	ZET ANULL		YTL16850
	STO ITR86	A IS NULL	YTL16860
ITR86	CLA 0,1	LA11+MNA	YTL16870
	TIX ITR86+5,4,1		YTL16880
STAL6		LB11+NB	YTL16890
	TXI ITR86+4,4,0	MA	YTL16900
	TNX ITR86+5,2,1		YTL16910
	STO 0,1	LC11+MNC	YTL16920
	TIX ITR86,1,1		YTL16930
	TRA MMMR		YTL16940
	REM		YTL16950
	REM PACKAGE 7	MMM12,13,14,15,16	YTL16960
	REM MULTIPLY MATRIX OR TRANSPOSE PRE OR POST BY DIAGONAL		YTL16970
	REM MULTIPLY DIAGONAL BY DIAGONAL OR TWO MATRICES BY ELEMENT		YTL16980
	REM		YTL16990
	REM PACKAGE 7.1	MMM12	YTL17000
	REM POST MULTIPLY BY DIAGONAL		YTL17010
MMM12	TSX CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2	YTL17020
	TSX CKDG2,4		YTL17030
	CLA NA	POST MPY BY DIAGONAL	YTL17040
	STO NC		YTL17050
	PAX 0,2	NB	YTL17060
	ADD LB11		YTL17070
	STA SCAR1+1		YTL17080
	SUB LB11		YTL17090
	ADD =1		YTL17100
	SUB MB		YTL17110
	SUB NB		YTL17120
	TNZ MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL17130
	CLA NA		YTL17140
	SUB =1		YTL17150
	ALS 18		YTL17160
	STD SCAR1+5		YTL17170
	LDQ MA		YTL17180
	STQ MC		YTL17190
	TSX CHKCOR,4		YTL17200
	LDQ MA		YTL17210
	MPY NA		YTL17220
	XCA		YTL17230
	PAX 0,1	MNA	YTL17240
	PAX 0,4		YTL17250
	ADD LA11		YTL17260
	STA SCAR1		YTL17270
	SUB LA11		YTL17280
	ADD LC11		YTL17290
	ZET ANULL		YTL17300
	TRA NMPY	A IS NULL	YTL17310
	ZET BNULL		YTL17320
	TRA NMPY	B IS NULL	YTL17330
	STA SCAR1+2		YTL17340
SCAR1	LDQ 0,1	LA11+MNA	YTL17350
	FMP 0,2	LB11+NB	YTL17360

	STO 0,1	LC11+MNC	YTL17370
	TNX MMR,1,1		YTL17380
	TIX SCAR1,2,1		YTL17390
	TXI SCAR1,2,0	NB-1	YTL17400
	REM PACKAGE 7.2	MMM13	YTL17410
	REM PRE MULTIPLY BY DIAGONAL		YTL17420
MMM13	TSX CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2	YTL17430
	TSX CKDG1,4		YTL17440
	CLA MB	PRE MPY BY DIAGONAL	YTL17450
	STO MC		YTL17460
	PAX 0,1	NA	YTL17470
	ADD LA11		YTL17480
	STA SCAR2		YTL17490
	SUB LA11		YTL17500
	ADD =1		YTL17510
	SUB MA		YTL17520
	SUB NA		YTL17530
	TNZ MMMCF	NON CONFORMABLE	YTL17540
	CLA NB		YTL17550
	STO NC		YTL17560
	TSX CHKCOR,4		YTL17570
	CLA NB		YTL17580
	PAX 0,4	NB	YTL17590
	SUB =1		YTL17600
	ALS 10		YTL17610
	STD SCAR2+5		YTL17620
	LDQ MB		YTL17630
	MPY NB		YTL17640
	XCA		YTL17650
	PAX 0,2	MNB	YTL17660
	ADD LB11		YTL17670
	STA SCAR2+1		YTL17680
	SUB LB11		YTL17690
	ADD LC11		YTL17700
	ZET ANULL		YTL17710
	TRA NMPY1	A IS NULL	YTL17720
	ZET BNULL		YTL17730
	TRA NMPY1	B IS NULL	YTL17740
	STA SCAR2+2		YTL17750
SCAR2	LDQ 0,1	LA11+NA	YTL17760
	FMP 0,2	LB11+MNB	YTL17770
	STO 0,2	LC11+MNC	YTL17780
	TNX MMR,2,1		YTL17790
	TIX SCAR2,4,1		YTL17800
	TXI SCAR2+6,4,0	NB-1	YTL17810
	TIX SCAR2,1,1		YTL17820
	REM PACKAGE 7.3	MMM14	YTL17830
	REM POST MULTIPLY TRANSPOSE BY DIAGONAL		YTL17840
MMM14	TSX CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2	YTL17850
	TSX CKDG2,4		YTL17860
	CLA MA	POST MPY TRANSPOSE BY DIAGONAL	YTL17870
	STO NC		YTL17880
	ADD LB11		YTL17890
	STA SCAR3+2		YTL17900
	SUB LB11		YTL17910
	ADD =1		YTL17920
	SUB MB		YTL17930
	SUB NB		YTL17940
	TNZ MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL17950
	CLA NA		YTL17960

	STO MC			YTL17970
	ALS 18			YTL17980
	STD SCAR3+5			YTL17990
	ADD =1817			YTL18000
	STD PACH3			YTL18010
	TSX CHKCOR,4			YTL18020
	LDQ MA			YTL18030
	MPY NA			YTL18040
	XCA			YTL18050
	PAX 0,1			YTL18060
	PAX 0,4			YTL18070
	ADD LA11			YTL18080
	STA SCAR3+1			YTL18090
	SUB LA11			YTL18100
	PAX 0,2			YTL18110
	ADD LC11			YTL18120
	ZET ANULL			YTL18130
	TRA NMPY	A IS NULL		YTL18140
	ZET BNULL			YTL18150
	TRA NMPY	B IS NULL		YTL18160
	STA SCAR3+3			YTL18170
	TXI **+1,2,2			YTL18180
PACH3	TIX **+1,2,**	***=NA+1		YTL18190
	TXI **+1,2,-2			YTL18200
	SXD SCAR3+7,2			YTL18210
SCAR3	LXA NC,2	NB		YTL18220
	LDQ 0,1	LA11+NMA		YTL18230
	FMP 0,2	LB11+NB		YTL18240
	STO 0,4	LC11+MNC		YTL18250
	TNX MMMR,4,1			YTL18260
	TNX SCAR3+6,1,0	NA		YTL18270
	TIX SCAR3+1,2,1			YTL18280
	TXI SCAR3,1,0	NMA-NA-1		YTL18290
	REM PACKAGE 7,4	MMM15		YTL18300
	REM PRE MULTIPLY TRANSPOSE BY DIAGONAL			YTL18310
MMM15	TSX CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2		YTL18320
	TSX CKDG1,4			YTL18330
	CLA NB	PRE MPY TRANSPOSE BY DIAGONAL		YTL18340
	STO MC			YTL18350
	PAX 0,1	NB		YTL18360
	SXD SCAR4+4,1			YTL18370
	ADD LA11			YTL18380
	STA SCAR4			YTL18390
	SUB LA11			YTL18400
	ADD =1			YTL18410
	PAX 0,2	NB+1		YTL18420
	SXD PACH4,2			YTL18430
	SUB MA			YTL18440
	SUB NA			YTL18450
	TNZ MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE		YTL18460
	LDQ MB			YTL18470
	STQ NC			YTL18480
	TSX CHKCOR,4			YTL18490
	LDQ MB			YTL18500
	MPY NB			YTL18510
	XCA			YTL18520
	PAX 0,2	NMB		YTL18530
	TXI **+1,2,2			YTL18540
PACH4	TIX **+1,2,**	***=NB+1		YTL18550
	TXI **+1,2,-2			YTL18560

	SXD	SCAR4+5,2		YTL18570
	PAX	0,4	NMC	YTL18580
	PAX	0,2	NMB	YTL18590
	ADD	LB11		YTL18600
	STA	SCAR4+1		YTL18610
	SUB	LB11		YTL18620
	ADD	LC11		YTL18630
	ZET	ANULL		YTL18640
	TRA	NMPY	A IS NULL	YTL18650
	ZET	BNULL		YTL18660
	TRA	NMPY	B IS NULL	YTL18670
	STA	SCAR4+2		YTL18680
SCAR4	LDQ	0,1	LA11+NA	YTL18690
	FMP	0,2	LB11+NMB	YTL18700
	STO	0,4	LC11+MNC	YTL18710
	TNX	MMMR,4,1		YTL18720
	TIX	SCAR4,2,0	NB	YTL18730
	TXI	SCAR4+6,2,0	NMB-NB-1	YTL18740
	TIX	SCAR4,1,1		YTL18750
	REM	PACKAGE 7.5	MMM16	YTL18760
	REM	MULTIPLY DIAGONAL	BY DIAGONAL, OR TWO MATRICES BY ELEMENT	YTL18770
MMM16	TSX	CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2	YTL18780
	TSX	CKDG1,4		YTL18790
	TSX	CKDG2,4		YTL18800
	CLA	MA	MPY DIAGONAL BY DIAGONAL	YTL18810
	SUB	MB		YTL18820
	TNZ	XCHK1		YTL18830
	CLA	NA		YTL18840
	SUB	NB		YTL18850
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL18860
	TRA	XCHK2		YTL18870
XCHK1	CLA	MA		YTL18880
	SUB	NB		YTL18890
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL18900
	CLA	NA		YTL18910
	SUB	MB		YTL18920
	TNZ	MMMCF	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL18930
XCHK2	CLA	=1		YTL18940
	STO	MC		YTL18950
	LDQ	MA		YTL18960
	MPY	NA		YTL18970
	XCA			YTL18980
	STO	NC		YTL18990
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL19000
	CLA	NC		YTL19010
	PAX	0,1	NA,B,C	YTL19020
	PAX	0,4		YTL19030
	ADD	LA11		YTL19040
	STA	ITR87		YTL19050
	SUB	LA11		YTL19060
	ADD	LB11		YTL19070
	STA	ITR87+1		YTL19080
	SUB	LB11		YTL19090
	ADD	LC11		YTL19100
	ZET	ANULL		YTL19110
	TRA	NMPY	A IS NULL	YTL19120
	ZET	BNULL		YTL19130
	TRA	NMPY	B IS NULL	YTL19140
	STA	ITR87+2		YTL19150
ITR87	LDQ	0,1	LA11+NA	YTL19160

	FMP 0,1	LB11+NB	YTL19170
	STO 0,1	LC11+NC	YTL19180
	TIX ITR87,1,1		YTL19190
	TRA MMMR		YTL19200
	REM		YTL19210
	REM PACKAGE 8	MMM17	YTL19220
	REM ADD CONSTANT TIMES UNIT MATRIX		YTL19230
	REM		YTL19240
MMM17	CLA MA	ADD KI	YTL19250
	SUB NA		YTL19260
	TZE *+3		YTL19270
	CLA =2	MATRIX NOT SQUARE	YTL19280
	TRA MMME		YTL19290
	ZET ANULL		YTL19300
	STZ* LA11		YTL19310
	CLA MA	LOOP CONTROL	YTL19320
	STO MC		YTL19330
	STO NC		YTL19340
	ALS 18		YTL19350
	STD ITR88+3		YTL19360
	LDQ MA		YTL19370
	MPY NA		YTL19380
	XCA		YTL19390
	PAX 0,1		YTL19400
	ADD LA11		YTL19410
	STA ITR88		YTL19420
	SUB LA11		YTL19430
	ADD LC11		YTL19440
	STA ITR88+4		YTL19450
	CLA 2,4		YTL19460
	STA ITR88+2		YTL19470
	TSX CKDM1,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELD 1	YTL19480
	TSX CHKCOR,4		YTL19490
	CLA =1		YTL19500
	PAX 0,2	ONE	YTL19510
ITR88	CLA 0=1	TAL1+MNA	YTL19520
	TIX ITR88+4,2,1		YTL19530
	FAD 0	LOC B	YTL19540
	TXI ITR88+4,2,0	MA	YTL19550
	STO 0,1	LC11+MNC	YTL19560
	TIX ITR8 ,1,1		YTL19570
	CLA LA11		YTL19580
	SUB LC11		YTL19590
	TZE MMMR		YTL19600
	CLA WDMNL		YTL19610
	ZET ANULL		YTL19620
	STO* LA11		YTL19630
	TRA MMMR		YTL19640
			YTL19650
*			YTL19660
*		PACKAGE 9, MMM18 MATRIX INVERSION	YTL19670
*		USES INV4, 7094 INVERSION WHICH UTILIZES	YTL19680
*		THE HARDWARE DOUBLE PRECISION	YTL19690
*			YTL19700
*		FIELD 2 OPTION DESCRIPTION	YTL19710
*			YTL19720
*		FIELD 2 = -1, PRINT DETERMINANT	YTL19730
*		FIELD 2 = -2, HAVE CONDITIONING INFO. PRINTED	YTL19740
*		FIELD 2 = -3, DO BOTH	YTL19750
*			YTL19760
*			

MMM18	TSX	CKDM1,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS	YTL19770
	CLA	MA		YTL19780
	SUB	NA		YTL19790
	TZE	*+3		YTL19800
	CLA	=2	NOT SQUARE	YTL19810
	TRA	MMME		YTL19820
	CLA	ANULL		YTL19830
	TZE	NOTNUL		YTL19840
	CLA	=11		YTL19850
	TRA	MMME		YTL19860
NOTNUL	CLA	NA		YTL19870
	STO	MC		YTL19880
	STO	NC		YTL19890
	LDQ	NA		YTL19900
	MPY	NA		YTL19910
	STQ	NSQ		YTL19920
	RQL	1		YTL19930
	STQ	TWONSQ	2NSQ	YTL19940
	CLA	TWONSQ		YTL19950
	ADD	NA		YTL19960
	ADD	NA		YTL19970
	ADD	=6		YTL19980
	ADD	LC11	LC11+2*N**2+2*N+6	YTL19990
	CAS	HICORE		YTL20000
	TRA	OVER		YTL20010
	TRA	*+1		YTL20020
	CLA	LC11		YTL20030
	LBT			YTL20040
	TRA	*+2	MAKE SURE ADDRESS IS EVEN	YTL20050
	ADD	=1		YTL20060
	STA	GO+4		YTL20070
	CLA	LA11		YTL20080
	ADD	NSQ		YTL20090
	STA	GET1		YTL20100
	CLA	GO+4		YTL20110
	ADD	TWONSQ		YTL20120
	STA	STO1		YTL20130
	CLA	LC11		YTL20140
	CAS	LA11		YTL20150
	TRA	TOPFST	IF INVERTED FORWARDS, MOVE FROM TOP DOWN	YTL20160
	TRA	TOPFST	IF INVERTED OVER ITSELF, MOVE FROM TOP DOWN	YTL20170
BOTFST	LXA	NSQ,1	IF INVERTED BACKWARDS, MOVE FROM BOTTOM	YTL20180
	LXA	TWONSQ,2		YTL20190
GET1	CLA	** ,1	LA11 + NSQ	YTL20200
STO1	STO	** ,2	LC11(EVEN) + 2*N**2	YTL20210
	TIX	*+1,2,1		YTL20220
	STZ*	*-2		YTL20230
	TIX	*+1,2,1		YTL20240
	TIX	GET1,1,1		YTL20250
	TRA	INVERT		YTL20260
TOPFST	LXA	NSQ,1	EXPAND THIS WAY FOR INVERSION OVER ITSELF	YTL20270
	SXD	LPEND,1		YTL20280
	AXT	1,1		YTL20290
	AXT	1,2		YTL20300
GET2	CLA*	GET1		YTL20310
	STZ*	STO1		YTL20320
	TXI	*+1,2,1		YTL20330
	STO*	STO1		YTL20340
	TXI	*+1,2,1		YTL20350
	TXI	*+1,1,1		YTL20360

LPEND	TXL	GET2,1,**	N**2 IN DECREMENT	YTL20370
INVERT	CLA	YMBB	CHECK FOR OPTIONAL DIAGONAL TERM PRINT	YTL20380
	TZE	GO		YTL20390
	TMI	*+3		YTL20400
	CLA	=35	FIELD MUST BE NEGATIVE	YTL20410
	TRA	MMME		YTL20420
	PAX	0,7		YTL20430
	TXH	*-3,7,3	ONLY 1,2, OR 3	YTL20440
	TXL	GO+1,7,1	1 IS JUST DETERMINANT	YTL20450
	CLA	NA		YTL20460
	SSM			YTL20470
	STO	NA		YTL20480
	TRA	*+2		YTL20490
GO	LXA	=0,7	CLEAR XR7 IF FIELD 2=0	YTL20500
	CALL	INV4DS(**,NA,IRR1,IRR2,SCALE,DET,NDETXP)		YTL20510
	ZAC			YTL20520
	STP	NA		YTL20530
	CLA	IRR1		YTL20540
	TZE	GOOD		YTL20550
INVE	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,.INVFMT)	ERROR PRINT	YTL20560
	CLA	IRR1		YTL20570
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20580
	CLA	IRR2		YTL20590
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20600
	CLA	SCALE		YTL20610
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20620
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL20630
GOOD	LXA	NSQ,1		YTL20640
	LXA	TWONSQ,2		YTL20650
	CLA	LC11		YTL20660
	ADD	NSQ		YTL20670
	STA	STO2		YTL20680
SQEZE	CLA*	STO1		YTL20690
	TIX	*+1,2,1		YTL20700
	LDQ*	STO1		YTL20710
	FRN			YTL20720
STO2	STO	** ,1		YTL20730
	TIX	*+1,2,1		YTL20740
	TIX	SQEZE,1,1		YTL20750
	CLA	IRR1		YTL20760
	TZE	*+3		YTL20770
	CLA	=32		YTL20780
	TRA	MMME		YTL20790
	PXA	0,7	CHECK OPTION FOR DET PRINT	YTL20800
	TZE	MMMR		YTL20810
	TRA	*+4,7		YTL20820
	TRA	PNTDET	FIELD 2 = -3	YTL20830
	TRA	MMMR	FIELD 2 = -2	YTL20840
PNTDET	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,.DETPNT)		YTL20850
	CLA	MA		YTL20860
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20870
	CLA	NA		YTL20880
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20890
	CLA*	YMAA		YTL20900
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20910
	CLA	DET		YTL20920
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20930
	CLA	NDETXP		YTL20940
	TSX	.FCNV.,.4		YTL20950
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL20960

	TRA	MMMR		YTL20970
*				YTL20980
*				YTL20990
*				YTL21000
MMM19	ZET	2,4		YTL21010
	TRA	TRY3		YTL21020
	NZT	3,4		YTL21030
	TRA	RDBCD		YTL21040
	CLA	=16	FIELD 2 OR FIELD 3 =0	YTL21050
	TRA	MMME		YTL21060
TRY3	ZET	3,4		YTL21070
	TRA	RDDECM		YTL21080
	TRA	*=4		YTL21090
RDBCD	CLA	4,4	FIELDS 2 AND 3 ARE ZERO	YTL21100
	TZE	RDBCD1	READ 1 BCD CARD	YTL21110
	STO	TAP1		YTL21120
	CALL	•FVIO•(TAP1,TAPIB)		YTL21130
RDBCD1	CALL	•FRDD•(TAPIB,TLEIN)		YTL21140
	CLA	YMAA		YTL21150
	STA	IN+3		YTL21160
IN	CALL	•FSLI•(**,=14)		YTL21170
	CALL	•FRTN•		YTL21180
	TRA	DONE		YTL21190
RDDECM	CLA	4,4		YTL21200
	TNZ	*+2		YTL21210
	CLA	TAP	CURRENT TAPE	YTL21220
	STO	READ+7		YTL21230
	SUB	=5		YTL21240
	TZE	GOODTP	TAPE 5 IS PERMITTED	YTL21250
	CLA	READ+7		YTL21260
	STO	TAPE		YTL21270
	TSX	TPCK,4	CHECK TAPE NO.	YTL21280
	LXD	SPOT4,4		YTL21290
GOODTP	CLA	3,4		YTL21300
	STO	READ+5		YTL21310
	CLA	2,4		YTL21320
	STO	READ+4		YTL21330
	CLA	1,4		YTL21340
	STO	READ1+3		YTL21350
READ1	CALL	KRD(**,=1,ERROR,KRDP4,KRDP5,=0,KRDP7)		YTL21360
	STO	TEMP	CARD COUNT	YTL21370
	CLA	ERROR		YTL21380
	TZE	CK19NL-2		YTL21390
	XCA			YTL21400
	MPY	THOUSN		YTL21410
	XCA			YTL21420
	ADD	TEMP		YTL21430
	ADD	MILYN		YTL21440
	TRA	MMME		YTL21450
	NZT*	READ1+3		YTL21460
	STZ*	READ1+3		YTL21470
CK19NL	CLA*	LA11		YTL21480
	SUB	WDMNL	ARE WE READING IN TO A NULL MATRIX	YTL21490
	TNZ	DONE	IF NOT, ALLDONE	YTL21500
	LDG*	MMMA		YTL21510
	MPY*	MMNA		YTL21520
	XCA			YTL21530
	SUB	=1	M*N-1	YTL21540
	PAX	0,1		YTL21550
	ADD	=1		YTL21560

	ADD	LA11	LA11+M*N	YTL21570
	STA	*+1		YTL21580
	CLA	**+1		YTL21590
	TNZ	CLRWRD	IF NON-ZERO ELEMENT, CLEAR CODE WORD	YTL21600
	TIX	*-2,1,1		YTL21610
	TRA	DONE		YTL21620
CLRWRD	STZ*	LA11	CLEAR CODE WORD	YTL21630
	TRA	DONE		YTL21640
	REM			YTL21650
*		MMM20	- OUTPUT ROUTINE FOR YTL01	YTL21660
*			CONVERTED TO FORTRAN METHOD IN JUNE 1962	YTL21670
*			NEEDS (STH), (FIL), (TSH), (RTN)	YTL21680
*			INSTRUCTION CARD IS, FIELD 1 = LOCATION OF MATRIX	YTL21690
*			= 0 IF COMMENT IS TO BE	YTL21700
*			PRINTED ON LINE - WORKS	YTL21710
*			WITH CORE OR TAPE COMMENT	YTL21720
*		FIELD 2	= 0, FOR NEW PAGE	YTL21730
*			= 1 FOR NO SPACING	YTL21740
*		FIELD 3	= 0 TO PRINT MATRIX,CHKSUM	YTL21750
*			= 1 FOR CHECKSUM ONLY	YTL21760
*		FIELD 4	= 0, IF MATRIX NO. WANTED	YTL21770
*			= K, IF 1 FULL TITLE CARD	YTL21780
*			TO BE READ FROM TAPE K	YTL21790
*			= 8000 OR GREATER THE	YTL21800
*			COMMENT COMES FROM CORE	YTL21810
*			THIS IS CONNECTED WITH	YTL21820
*			NEW OPTION IN OP. CODE 19	YTL21830
*		FIELD 5	= OP. CODE 20	YTL21840
*		MMM23A	-ENTRY POINT TO ALLOW MMM23 TO UTILIZE THE	YTL21850
*			MATRIX IDENTIFICATION SECTION OF MMM20	YTL21860
*			FIRST PAGE HEADING AND NEW PAGE PRINT ARE	YTL21870
*			USED BY MMM23 ALSO	YTL21880
MMM23A	CLA	=1	MAP ROUTINE WAS CALLED	YTL21890
	STO	MAP		YTL21900
	TRA	MMM20+1		YTL21910
MMM20	STZ	MAP		YTL21920
	NZT	1,4	IS THIS AN ON LINE COMMENT	YTL21930
	TRA	NSPACE	YES, DO NOT CHECK DIMENSIONS	YTL21940
	CLA	MA		YTL21950
	ADD	NA		YTL21960
	TZE	*+2		YTL21970
	TSX	CKDM1,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELD 1	YTL21980
	CLA	YMBB		YTL21990
	STO	SPACE	IS FIELD 2 BLANK	YTL22000
	TNZ	NSPACE		YTL22010
	CALL	•FWRD.(•UN06.,NPAGE)		YTL22020
	CALL	•FFIL•		YTL22030
NSPACE	CLA	YMNC		YTL22040
	STO	TITLE		YTL22050
	TZE	PNTNO	IS FIELD 4 BLANK	YTL22060
	CAS	=22	IS IT A TAPE NO.	YTL22070
	TRA	*+3	NO	YTL22080
	TRA	TPTLE	YES	YTL22090
	TRA	TPTLE	YES	YTL22100
	AXT	14,1	CORE TITLE, COPY INTO TITLE	YTL22110
	ADD	=14		YTL22120
	ADD	YSHIFT		YTL22130
	STA	*+1		YTL22140
	CLA	**+1		YTL22150
	STO	TITLE+14,1		YTL22160

	TIX	*-2,1,1		YTL22170
	TRA	PNTTLE		YTL22180
TPTLE	CALL	.FVIO.(YMNC,TAP1IB)		YTL22190
	CALL	.FRDD.(TAP1IB,TLEIN)		YTL22200
	CALL	.FSLI.(TITLE,=14)		YTL22210
	CALL	.FRTN.		YTL22220
PNTTLE	CLA	YMAA	CHECK FOR ON LINE PRINT	YTL22230
	TNZ	WRTCMT		YTL22240
	CALL	.FPRN.(TLEOUT)		YTL22250
	CALL	.FSLO.(TITLE,=14)		YTL22260
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL22270
	TRA	DONE		YTL22280
WRTCMT	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,TLEOUT)		YTL22290
	CALL	.FSLO.(TITLE,=14)		YTL22300
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL22310
	CLA	=14	LINE 1 OF ROW 1 STARTS ON LINE 14	YTL22320
	STO	LINE		YTL22330
	TRA	PNTNO+2		YTL22340
PNTNO	CLA	=12	LINE 1 OF ROW 1 STARTS ON LINE 12	YTL22350
	STO	LINE		YTL22360
	NZT	YMAA		YTL22370
	TRA	NOTITL		YTL22380
	CLA	MA		YTL22390
	ADD	NA		YTL22400
	TNZ	PRNTFL	GO AHEAD AND PRINT IF M OR N IS NON-ZERO	YTL22410
	ZET	TTLE	DIMENSIONS ARE ZERO, WAS A TITLE PRINTED	YTL22420
	TRA	DONE	YES, 0 DIMENSIONS HERE CAUSE AN EXIT	YTL22430
NOTITL	CLA	=7		YTL22440
	TRA	MMME	NO, THEY ARE TRYING TO PRINT A 0 BY 0 MATRIX	YTL22450
PRNTFL	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,MATNO)		YTL22460
	CLA*	YMAA		YTL22470
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL22480
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL22490
CKSM	LDQ	MA		YTL22500
	MPY	NA		YTL22510
	XCA		LOAD INDEX FOR FORMAT CHECK	YTL22520
	PAX	0,2		YTL22530
	ADD	=3		YTL22540
	PAX	0,1		YTL22550
	ADD	YMAA		YTL22560
	STA	*+2		YTL22570
	PXA	0,0		YTL22580
	ACL	**,1	COMPUTE CHECK SUM OF MATRIX	YTL22590
	TIX	*-1,1,1		YTL22600
	SLW	CHKSUM		YTL22610
	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,ORDSUM)		YTL22620
	CLA	MA		YTL22630
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL22640
	CLA	NA		YTL22650
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL22660
	CLA	CHKSUM		YTL22670
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL22680
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL22690
	CLA	ANULL		YTL22700
	TZE	ANN20		YTL22710
	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,NULMAT)		YTL22720
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL22730
	NZT	MAP		YTL22740
	TRA	OUT20	NOT MAP	YTL22750
ANN20	ZET	MAP	WAS MAPPING CALLED	YTL22760

	TRA	MMM23	YES	YTL22770
	ZET	YMCC	IS ONLY CHECK SUM WANTED	YTL22780
	TRA	CSMOLY	YES	YTL22790
	PXA	0,2	NO	YTL22800
	ADD	LA11		YTL22810
	STA	FMTCK		YTL22820
	AXT	0,1		YTL22830
FMTCK	CLA	**2	EXAMINE MATRIX TO FIND 1	YTL22840
	TNZ	**2		YTL22850
	TXI	**3,1,1		YTL22860
	ANA	=0377400000000	FLOATING POINT ELEMENT	YTL22870
	TNZ	FLPPT	IF FL. PT , USE E FORMAT	YTL22880
	TIX	FMTCK,2,1		YTL22890
	LDQ	MA		YTL22900
	MPY	NA		YTL22910
	XCA			YTL22920
	STZ	CHKSUM		YTL22930
	SXA	CHKSUM,1		YTL22940
	SUB	CHKSUM		YTL22950
	TZE	FLPPT		YTL22960
	STZ	WHCHFT	0 IF INTEGER FORMAT	YTL22970
	TRA	FMTDEF		YTL22980
FLPPT	CLA	=1		YTL22990
	STO	WHCHFT	=1 IF FLOATING POINT FORMAT	YTL23000
FMTDEF	CLA	=1		YTL23010
	STO	I	COUNT OF ROWS	YTL23020
	CLA	LA11		YTL23030
	STA	PRNT		YTL23040
	STZ	CHKSUM	ZERO FOR NEW PAGE TRANSFER	YTL23050
LOOP	CLA	NA		YTL23060
	PAX	0,2	COLUMN COUNT	YTL23070
	AXT	7,1	START COUNT OF ELEMENTS ON ONE LINE	YTL23080
	ADD	PRNT	INCREMENT PRINT ADDRESS BY 1 ROW	YTL23090
	STA	PRNT		YTL23100
PRNT1	CLA	WHCHFT		YTL23110
	TZE	FIXPRT		YTL23120
	CALL	•FWRD.(•UN06.,FLPPNT)		YTL23130
	TRA	PRNT-2		YTL23140
FIXPRT	CALL	•FWRD.(•UN06.,INTPNT)		YTL23150
	CLA	I	ROW INDEX	YTL23160
	TSX	•FCNV.,4		YTL23170
PRNT	CLA	**2		YTL23180
	TSX	•FCNV.,4		YTL23190
	TIX	COLUMN,2,1	IS THIS ROW FINISHED	YTL23200
	CALL	•FFIL.		YTL23210
	CLA	I	YES, ARE ALL ROW FINISHED	YTL23220
	CAS	MA		YTL23230
	TRA	OUT20		YTL23240
	TRA	OUT20		YTL23250
	ADD	=1	MORE ROWS LEFT	YTL23260
	STO	I		YTL23270
	CLS	LINE	FIND OUT IF THERE ARE AT LEAST	YTL23280
	SUB	=1	3 LINES AVAILABLE FOR THIS NEW ROW	YTL23290
	ADD	=54		YTL23300
	LDQ	=3		YTL23310
	TLQ	KEPPNT		YTL23320
	XCA		3 OR LESS LINES AVAILABLE = K	YTL23330
	MPY	=7		YTL23340
	XCA			YTL23350
	CAS	NA	IS K SUFFICIENT TO HOLD 1 ROW	YTL23360

	TRA	KEPPNT		YTL23370
	TRA	KEPPNT		YTL23380
	CLA	=1		YTL23390
	STO	CHKSUM		YTL23400
	TRA	NEWPGE	NOT ENOUGH ,START NEW PAGE	YTL23410
COLUMN	TIX	PRNT,1,1	STILL PRINTING ROW I, SAME LINE	YTL23420
	AXT	7,1	START COUNT OF ELEMENTS IN A LINE	YTL23430
	CLA	SPACE	ARE WE SUPPRESSING NEW PAGES	YTL23440
	TNZ	PRNT	IGNORE LINE COUNT IF SPACE NOT ZERO	YTL23450
	CLA	LINE	START NEW LINE	YTL23460
	ADD	=1		YTL23470
	STO	LINE		YTL23480
	STZ	CHKSUM	ZERO CONTROL FOR NEW PAGE TRANSFER	YTL23490
	CLA	LINE		YTL23500
	CAS	=54	ARE WE ABOUT TO PRINT LINE 55	YTL23510
	TRA	CLOSIT		YTL23520
	TRA	PRNT		YTL23530
	TRA	PRNT		YTL23540
CLOSIT	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL23550
NEWPGE	CLA	TITLE	WHICH TITLE TO PRINT	YTL23560
	TNZ	CDTLE		YTL23570
	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,.NWPGE1)		YTL23580
	CLA*	YMAA		YTL23590
	TSX	.FCNV.,4		YTL23600
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL23610
	TRA	BACK		YTL23620
CDTLE	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,.NWPGE2)		YTL23630
	CALL	.FSLO.(TITLE,=14)		YTL23640
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL23650
BACK	CLA	=8	RESET LINE COUNT	YTL23660
	STO	LINE		YTL23670
	PXA	0,0		YTL23680
	CAS	CHKSUM		YTL23690
	TRA	STPGE	RETURN TO MMM23	YTL23700
	TRA	PRNT1	PRINT ROW INDEX AT START OF PAGE	YTL23710
	TRA	LOOP	NEW ROW AT START OF PAGE	YTL23720
KEPPNT	CLA	SPACE	DO NOT INCREMENT COUNT IF SPACING IGNORED	YTL23730
	TNZ	LOOP		YTL23740
	CLA	LINE	START NEW ROW ON CURRENT PAGE	YTL23750
	ADD	=2		YTL23760
	STO	LINE		YTL23770
	TRA	LOOP		YTL23780
CSMOLY	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,.CSMPT)		YTL23790
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL23800
	TRA	DONE		YTL23810
OUT20	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,.FINAL)		YTL23820
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL23830
	TRA	DONE		YTL23840
*		PACKAGE 12 MMM21		YTL23850
*		DIAGONAL INVERSE		YTL23860
MMM21	TSX	CKDM1,4		YTL23870
	TSX	CKDG1,4		YTL23880
	CLA	ANULL		YTL23890
	TZE	*+3		YTL23900
	CLA	=11	NULL MATRIX WILL NOT INVERT	YTL23910
	TRA	MMME		YTL23920
	LDQ	MA		YTL23930
	STQ	MC		YTL23940
	MPY	NA		YTL23950
	XCA			YTL23960

	PAX	0,1		YTL23970
	ADD	LA11		YTL23980
	STA	CORE+1		YTL23990
	SUB	LA11		YTL24000
	ADD	LC11		YTL24010
	STA	CORE+2		YTL24020
	CLA	NA		YTL24030
	STO	NC		YTL24040
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL24050
CORE	CLA	=1,0		YTL24060
	FDP	** ,1		YTL24070
	STQ	** ,1		YTL24080
	TIX	CORE,1,1		YTL24090
	DCT			YTL24100
	TRA	*+2		YTL24110
	TRA	MMMR		YTL24120
	CLA	=10		YTL24130
	TRA	MMME		YTL24140
*		PACKAGE 13 MMM22		YTL24150
*		FORM P1 MATRIX		YTL24160
MMM22	TSX	CKDM12,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELDS 1,2	YTL24170
	ZET	ANULL		YTL24180
	STZ*	LA11	A IS NULL	YTL24190
	ZET	BNULL		YTL24200
	STZ*	LB11	B IS NULL	YTL24210
	CLA	=25		YTL24220
	STO	NC		YTL24230
	LDQ	MA		YTL24240
	MPY	NA		YTL24250
	XCA			YTL24260
	STO	MC		YTL24270
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL24280
	CLA	MC		YTL24290
	PAX	0,4		YTL24300
	ADD	LA11		YTL24310
	STA	INNR+6		YTL24320
	SUB	LA11		YTL24330
	ADD	LB11		YTL24340
	STA	INNR+2		YTL24350
	CLA	LC11		YTL24360
	STA	INNR		YTL24370
	LDQ	NB		YTL24380
	MPY	MB		YTL24390
	XCA			YTL24400
	SUB	MC		YTL24410
	TZE	OUTR		YTL24420
	TRA	MMMCF		YTL24430
OUTR	AXT	25,2		YTL24440
	CAL	INNR		YTL24450
	ACL	=25		YTL24460
	SLW	INNR		YTL24470
	CLA	=1,0		YTL24480
MIDL	AXT	5,1		YTL24490
	STO	CELL1		YTL24500
INNR	STO	** ,2		YTL24510
	XCA			YTL24520
	FMP	** ,4		YTL24530
	TXI	*+1,2,-1		YTL24540
	TIX	INNR,1,1		YTL24550
	LDQ	CELL1		YTL24560

	FMP	** , 4		YTL24570
	TIX	MIDL, 2, 0		YTL24580
	TIX	OUTR, 4, 1		YTL24590
	CLA	WDMNL		YTL24600
	ZET	ANULL		YTL24610
	STO*	LA11		YTL24620
	ZET	BNULL		YTL24630
	STO*	LB11		YTL24640
	TRA	MMMR		YTL24650
		MMM23 - MATRIX MAPPING OR CHECKSUM ROUTINE		YTL24660
		ADDED TO YTL01 JUNE 1962		YTL24670
*		NEEDS (STH), (FIL), AND MMM20		YTL24680
*		INSTRUCTION CARD IS,	FIELD 1 = LOCATION OF MATRIX	YTL24690
*			FIELD 2 = 0 FOR NEW PAGE	YTL24700
*			= 1 FOR NO SPACING	YTL24710
*			FIELD 3 = ADDRESS OF NUMBER FOR	YTL24720
*			ZERO LEVEL CHECKING-	YTL24730
*			A(I,J) MAPPED AS ZERO IF	YTL24740
*			LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO	YTL24750
*			THIS NUMBER.	YTL24760
*			FIELD 4 = 0 IF MATRIX NO. WANTED	YTL24770
*			= K IF 1 FULL TITLE	YTL24780
*			CARD TO BE READ	YTL24790
*			FROM TAPE K	YTL24800
*			FIELD 5 = OP. CODE 23	YTL24810
*				YTL24820
*		PICK UP A NUMBER OF VARIABLES FROM MMM20 WHICH ARE		YTL24830
*		MARKED BY ASTRISK IN COL 73		YTL24840
	MMM23	ZET	ANULL	YTL24850
		TRA	THRU	YTL24860
			A IS NULL	YTL24870
		NZT	YMCC	YTL24880
		TRA	STOZE	YTL24890
		CLA*	YMCC	YTL24900
		SSP		YTL24910
		STO	LEVEL	YTL24920
			STORE NUMBER FOR ZERO LEVEL TESTING	YTL24930
		TRA	*+2	YTL24940
	STOZE	STZ	LEVEL	YTL24950
		CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,LVLPT)	YTL24960
		CLA	LEVEL	YTL24970
		TSX	.FCNV.,,4	YTL24980
		CALL	.FFIL.	YTL24990
		CLA	LINE	YTL25000
			INCREASE LINE COUNT FOR EXTRA TITLE	YTL25010
		ADD	=2	YTL25020
		STO	LINE	YTL25030
		STZ	SVCLPT	YTL25040
			ZERO COUNT FOR COLUMN I.D. COUNT	YTL25050
		STZ	NCLPT	YTL25060
			ZERO FLAG FOR NEW PAGE COLUMN I.D.	YTL25070
		CLA	=110	YTL25080
			GO AHEAD WITH MAPPING	YTL25090
		LDQ	NA	YTL25100
		TLQ	*+3	YTL25110
		CLA	=34	YTL25120
			TOO BIG TO MAP	YTL25130
		TRA	MMME	YTL25140
		CLA	=9	YTL25150
			NO, PROCEED WITH MAPPING	YTL25160
		TLQ	LESS10	
			LESS THAN 10 COLUMNS	
			MORE THAN 10 COLUMNS	
		XCA		
			FIND NUMBER OF COLUMN LABELS - LABEL	
		SUB	=10	
			TO GO AT EACH INCREMENT OF 10 COLUMNS	
		AXT	1,1	
		SUB	=10	
			IF N - K*10 = 0, IT WILL BE + 0	
		TMI	*+2	
			COUNT OF LABELS LEFT IN XR1	
		TXI	*-2,1,1	
		PXA	0,1	
		PAX	0,2	

	STO	SVCLPT	SAVE COUNT OF LABELS	YTL25170
CLPT	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,COLPT)		YTL25180
	PXA	0,0		YTL25190
PP1	ADD	=10		YTL25200
	PAX	0,5		YTL25210
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4	PRINT LABEL ON EACH 10 COLUMNS	YTL25220
	PXA	0,5		YTL25230
	TIX	PP1,1,1		YTL25240
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL25250
	CALL	.FWRD.(.UN06.,COLPT1)	PRINT TO IDENTIFY COLS.	YTL25260
	CLA	=0200000000000		YTL25270
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL25280
	TIX	*-2,2,1		YTL25290
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL25300
	CLA	NCLPT	IS THIS THE FIRST PAGE	YTL25310
	TNZ	NSPCE-2	NO, THIS WAS PRINT ON NEW PAGE	YTL25320
LESS10	CLA	=10		YTL25330
	STO	TESTI	COUNT FOR IDENTIFYING EVERY 10 TH ROW	YTL25340
	CLA	=1		YTL25350
	STO	I	ROW COUNT	YTL25360
	CLA	LAL1	ADDRESS OF MATRIX -	YTL25370
	STA	TESTIJ		YTL25380
	CLA	=-1		YTL25390
	STO	CHKSUM	SET UP RETURN FROM MMM20 NEW PAGE PRINT	YTL25400
MRR0WS	CLA	NA		YTL25410
	PAX	0,1	NUMBER OF COLUMNS	YTL25420
	ADD	TESTIJ	INCREMENT ADDRESS OF CURRENT ROW	YTL25430
	STA	TESTIJ		YTL25440
	CLA	=0606060606060		YTL25450
	AXT	19,2		YTL25460
	STO	ROW+19,2	FILL 1 ROW OF MAP WITH BLANKS	YTL25470
	TIX	*-1,2,1		YTL25480
	PXA	ROW,0		YTL25490
	CLA	*-1		YTL25500
	STA	RWCELL	SET UP ADDRESS OF 1 ST CELL OF ROW	YTL25510
	AXT	6,2		YTL25520
	CAL	ZERO+6,2		YTL25530
RWCELL	ANS	**	ZERO CURRENT COLUMN POSITION	YTL25540
TESTIJ	CLA	**,1		YTL25550
	SSP			YTL25560
	CAS	LLEVEL	IS ELEMENT (I,J) GREATER THAN GIVEN LEVEL	YTL25570
	TRA	*+3	YES	YTL25580
	TRA	NCHNG	EQUAL	YTL25590
	TRA	NCHNG	LESS THAN	YTL25600
	CAL	DOLSGN+6,2	GREATER THAN LEVEL	YTL25610
	ORS*	RWCELL	PUT \$ IN CURRENT POSITION	YTL25620
	TRA	*+3		YTL25630
NCHNG	CAL	POINT+6,2	PUT DECIMAL POINT IN IF NO. IS BELOW LEVEL	YTL25640
	ORS*	RWCELL		YTL25650
	TIX	KPGONG,1,1		YTL25660
	CLA	SPACE		YTL25670
	TNZ	NSPCE		YTL25680
	CLA	LINE		YTL25690
	CAS	=54		YTL25700
	TRA	NEWPGE	TO MMM20	YTL25710
	TRA	*+1		YTL25720
	ADD	=1		YTL25730
	STO	LINE		YTL25740
	TRA	NSPCE		YTL25750
KPGONG	TIX	RWCELL-1,2,1	HAVE WE USED A FULL CELL OF ROW	YTL25760

	CLA	RWCELL		YTL25770
	ADD	=1		YTL25780
	STA	RWCELL	WANT TO USE NEXT CELL OF ROW	YTL25790
	TRA	RWCELL-2		YTL25800
STPGE	NZT	SVCLPT	ARE THERE MORE THAN 10 COLUMNS	YTL25810
	TRA	NOID	NO	YTL25820
	CLA	=1	YES, PUT A 1 IN FLAG	YTL25830
	STO	NCLPT		YTL25840
	LXA	SVCLPT,1		YTL25850
	LXA	SVCLPT,2		YTL25860
	TRA	CLPT	PRINT NEW PAGE COLUMN I.D.	YTL25870
NOID	CLA	=7	COLUMN I.D. IS NOT NECESSARY	YTL25880
	STO	LINE		YTL25890
	TRA	NSPCE		YTL25900
	CLA	=9	RETURN FROM PRINTING COLUMN I.D.	YTL25910
	STO	LINE		YTL25920
NSPCE	CLA	I		YTL25930
	SUB	TESTI		YTL25940
	TZE	RWIDNT	DO WE PRINT ROW IDENTIFICATION	YTL25950
	CALL	.FWRD.(,UN06.,RWRPT)		YTL25960
	CALL	.FSLO.(ROW,=19)		YTL25970
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL25980
	TRA	TSTLMT		YTL25990
RWIDNT	CALL	.FWRD.(,UN06.,RWIDPT)	PRINT ROW WITH IDENT.	YTL26000
	CLA	TESTI		YTL26010
	TSX	.FCNV.,,4		YTL26020
	CALL	.FSLO.(ROW,=19)		YTL26030
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL26040
	CLA	TESTI		YTL26050
	ADD	=10		YTL26060
	STO	TESTI		YTL26070
TSTLMT	CLA	I		YTL26080
	CAS	MA	ARE WE DONE	YTL26090
	TRA	THRU	YES	YTL26100
	TRA	THRU		YTL26110
	ADD	=1	NO	YTL26120
	STO	I		YTL26130
	TRA	MRROWS		YTL26140
THRU	CALL	.FWRD.(,UN06.,FINLPT)		YTL26150
	CALL	.FFIL.		YTL26160
OUT	TRA	DONE		YTL26170
*		MMM24 - UNLOAD TAPE UNIT		YTL26180
*		FIELD 2 = TAPE NUMBER X 10**6		YTL26190
*		NEEDS LIBRARY ROUTINE UNLOAD		YTL26200
MMM24	CLA	2,4		YTL26210
	SSP			YTL26220
	TSX	TP,4	GET TAPE NUMBER	YTL26230
	STO	TAPE		YTL26240
	TSX	TPCK,4	IS IT A VALID NUMBER	YTL26250
	CALL	UNLOAD(TAPE)		YTL26260
	TRA	DONE		YTL26270
*		PACKAGE 16 MMM25		YTL26280
*		SQUARE ROOT OF A DIAGONAL		YTL26290
MMM25	TSX	CKDM1,4	CHECK DIMENSIONS IN FIELD 1	YTL26300
	TSX	CKDG1,4		YTL26310
	CLA	MA		YTL26320
	STA	MC		YTL26330
SR1	LDQ	NA		YTL26340
	STQ	NC		YTL26350
	TSX	CHKCOR,4		YTL26360

	LDQ	NA		YTL26370
	MPY	MA		YTL26380
	XCA			YTL26390
	PAX	0,4		YTL26400
	STA	SR4		YTL26410
	ACL	LA11		YTL26420
	STA	SR5		YTL26430
	PXA	0,4		YTL26440
	ACL	LC11		YTL26450
	ZET	ANULL		YTL26460
	TRA	NMPY	A IS NULL	YTL26470
	STA	SR6		YTL26480
SR4	AXT	** ,1	** IS MN	YTL26490
SR5	CLA	** ,1	** IS LA11+MN	YTL26500
	STO	SQROOT		YTL26510
	TZE	SR6		YTL26520
	TPL	**+3		YTL26530
	CLA	=12	NEGATIVE ELEMENT	YTL26540
	TRA	MMME		YTL26550
	CALL	SQRT(SQROOT)		YTL26560
SR6	STO	** ,1	** IS LC11+MN	YTL26570
	TIX	SR5,1,1		YTL26580
	TTR	MMMR		YTL26590
*		MMM26	- CALL IN NEW LINK OF CHAIN	YTL26600
*			FIELD 1 = TAPE NUMBER, MUST BE	YTL26610
*			1,2, OR 3	YTL26620
*			FIELD 4 = LINK NUMBER	YTL26630
MMM26	TRA	DONE		YTL26640
*				YTL26650
*			OPERATION CODE 27 - FIXED POINT INCREMENT	YTL26660
*			OR DECREMENT OF A SINGLE CORE LOCATION	YTL26670
			OR IN A CORE PROGRAM IT CAN BE	YTL26680
			1000 + 10I + J, WHERE I IS THE NUMBER	YTL26690
			OF CARDS FORWARD OR BACKWARDS FROM	YTL26700
			THIS INSTRUCTION, AND J IS THE	YTL26710
			FIELD WITHIN THE INSTRUCTION. IF	YTL26720
			NEGATIVE, COUNT IS BACKWARDS.	YTL26730
*			FIELD 1 = CORE LOCATION TO BE INCREM./DECREM.	YTL26740
*			FIELD 2 BLANK IF FIELD 4 IS THE INCREMENT	YTL26750
*			FIELD 2 NON-ZERO IF FIELD 4 IS THE INCREMENT LOCATION	YTL26760
*			FIELD 3 BLANK IF RESULT GOES INTO FIELD 1 LOCATION	YTL26770
*			OTHERWISE, RESULT GOES INTO LOCATION OF FIELD 3	YTL26780
*			FIELD 4 = NUMBER TO BE ADDED TO CONTENTS OF FIELD 1	YTL26790
*			OR LOCATION OF NUMBER TO BE ADDED	YTL26800
*			FIELD 5 = 27	YTL26810
*				YTL26820
*			FIELD 3 IS NEGATIVE (OR CONTENTS IS NEGATIVE)	YTL26830
*			FOR A DECREMENT OF CELL IN FIELD 1	YTL26840
*				YTL26850
MMM27	CLA	FXADD		YTL26860
	SLW	ADDSUB		YTL26870
STRT27	CLA	YMAA		YTL26880
	TSX	CHKRNG,4		YTL26890
	TRA	ZROER		YTL26900
	TRA	CORLOC		YTL26910
	TSX	RELADR,4		YTL26920
	STO	YMAA		YTL26930
CORLOC	CLA	YMCC		YTL26940
	TZE	NOCHK3		YTL26950
	TSX	CHKRNG,4		YTL26960

	TRA	ZROER	YTL26970
	TRA	NOCHK3	YTL26980
	TSX	RELADR,4	YTL26990
	STO	YMCC	YTL27000
NOCHK3	CLA	YMBB	YTL27010
	TNZ	USEFLD	YTL27020
	CLA	YMNC	YTL27030
	CAS	PROGLO	YTL27040
	TRA	*+3	YTL27050
	TRA	*+2	YTL27060
	TRA	USEFLD	YTL27070
	CLA	YMNC	YTL27080
	ADD	YSHIFT	YTL27090
	STO	YMNC	YTL27100
	CLA*	YMNC	YTL27110
	TRA	*+2	YTL27120
USEFLD	CLA	YMNC	YTL27130
ADDSUB	PZE	0	YTL27140
	ADD*	YMAA	YTL27150
	ZET	YMCC	YTL27160
	TRA	*+3	YTL27170
	STO*	YMAA	YTL27180
	TRA	DONE	YTL27190
	STO*	YMCC	YTL27200
	TRA	DONE	YTL27210
RELADR	STO	SAVEF	YTL27220
	CLA	KEY	YTL27230
	TNZ	*+3	YTL27240
	CLA	=24	YTL27250
	TRA	MMME	YTL27260
	CLA	SAVEF	YTL27270
	SSP		YTL27280
	SUB	TOPPOS	YTL27290
	XCA		YTL27300
	ZAC		YTL27310
	DVP	=10	YTL27320
	CAS	=6	YTL27330
	TRA	FLDERR	YTL27340
	TRA	*+1	YTL27350
	STO	FLDSKP	YTL27360
	MPY	=6	YTL27370
	STQ	CELSKP	YTL27380
	CLA	SAVEF	YTL27390
	TMI	BACKSK	YTL27400
	CLA	CELSKP	YTL27410
	SUB	=7	YTL27420
	ADD	FLDSKP	YTL27430
	TRA	FINDCL	YTL27440
BACKSK	CLA	CELSKP	YTL27450
	ADD	=7	YTL27460
	SUB	FLDSKP	YTL27470
	SSM		YTL27480
FINDCL	ADD	INST	YTL27490
	TRA	1,4	YTL27500
FLDERR	CLA	=33	YTL27510
	TRA	MMME	YTL27520
*			YTL27530
*		OPERATION CODE 28 - MERGE OF MATRIX A	YTL27540
*		AND MATRIX A+1	YTL27550
*			YTL27560

*				YTL27570
*				YTL27580
*		FIELD 1 =	POSITION NUMBER N. MATRIX IN	YTL27590
*			POSITION N+1 MERGED WITH MATRIX IN POSITION	YTL27600
*			N. RESULTING MATRIX IN POSITION N	YTL27610
*				YTL27620
*		FIELD 2 =	BLANK	YTL27630
*				YTL27640
*		FIELD 3 =	BLANK	YTL27650
*				YTL27660
*		FIELD 4 =	MAME OF MERGED MATRIX	YTL27670
*				YTL27680
*		FIELD 5 =	28	YTL27690
*				YTL27700
MMM28	LDQ	MA		YTL27710
	MPY	NA		YTL27720
	XCA			YTL27730
	ADD	LA11		YTL27740
	ADD	=1	L(MB)	YTL27750
	STA	GETMB		YTL27760
	ADD	=1	L(NB)	YTL27770
	STA	GETNB		YTL27780
GETNB	CLA	**	NB	YTL27790
	STO	NB		YTL27800
	SUB	NA		YTL27810
	TNZ	MMMCF	COLUMN NUMBERS INCOMPATIBLE	YTL27820
GETMB	CLA	**	MB	YTL27830
	STO	MB		YTL27840
	ADD	MA		YTL27850
	STO*	MMMA	NEW NUMBER OF ROWS	YTL27860
	XCA			YTL27870
	MPY	NA		YTL27880
	XCA			YTL27890
	ADD	LA11		YTL27900
	STA	STMA		YTL27910
	TSX	CKDM12,4		YTL27920
	LDQ*	GETNB		YTL27930
	MPY*	GETMB		YTL27940
	XCA			YTL27950
	PAX	0,1	NUMBER OF WORDS TO MOVE	YTL27960
	ADD	GETNB		YTL27970
	ADD	=1		YTL27980
	STA	LDMB		YTL27990
	CLA	GETNB		YTL28000
	ADD	=1		YTL28010
	STA	*+1		YTL28020
	CLA	**	LB11	YTL28030
	SUB	WDMNL	IS POSITION N+1 NULL	YTL28040
	TNZ	*+3	NO	YTL28050
	STZ*	*-3	CLEAR OUT CODE WORD	YTL28060
	TRA	LDMB		YTL28070
	CLA	ANULL	IS POSITION N NULL, N+1 NOT NULL	YTL28080
	TZE	LDMB	NO	YTL28090
	STZ*	LA11	CLEAR CODE WORD WHEN POS. N NULL, N+1 NOT	NYTL28100
LDMB	CLA	** ,1	LB11+MB*NB	YTL28110
STMA	STO	Q ,1	LA11+(MA+MB)*NA	YTL28120
	TIX	LDMB ,1,1		YTL28130
	AXT	3,1		YTL28140
	STZ*	LDMB		YTL28150
	TIX	*-1,1,1		YTL28160

	CLA	YMNC		YTL28170
	STO*	YMAA		YTL28180
	TRA	DONE		YTL28190
*				YTL28200
*		MMM29-CLEAR CORE		YTL28210
*				YTL28220
*		FIELD 1 IS THE STARTING ADDRESS OF CLEAR		YTL28230
*		FIELD 4 IS THE NUMBER OF LOCATIONS		YTL28240
*		IF ZERO,CORE IS CLEARED TO 32563		YTL28250
MMM29	CLA	YMAA		YTL28260
	TSX	CHKRNG,4		YTL28270
	TRA	ZROER		YTL28280
	TRA	*+2		YTL28290
	TSX	RELADR,4		YTL28300
	ADD	YMNC	INCREMENT,IF ANY	YTL28310
	CAS	HICORE		YTL28320
	TRA	*+3		YTL28330
	TRA	LIMOK		YTL28340
	TRA	LIMOK		YTL28350
	SUB	YSHIFT		YTL28360
	CAS	HICORE		YTL28370
	TRA	TEST2+3		YTL28380
	TRA	*+1		YTL28390
LIMOK	STA	ZROSRT		YTL28400
	CLA	YMNC	INCREMENT	YTL28410
	PAX	0,1		YTL28420
	TZE	*+4		YTL28430
	TPL	ZROSRT		YTL28440
	CLA	=30	NEGATIVE INCREMENT	YTL28450
	TRA	MMME		YTL28460
	CLA	HICORE		YTL28470
	ADD	=1		YTL28480
	STA	ZROSRT		YTL28490
	SUB	YMAA		YTL28500
	PAX	0,1		YTL28510
ZROSRT	STZ	** ,1		YTL28520
.	TIX	*-1,1,1		YTL28530
	TRA	DONE		YTL28540
ZROER	CLA	=29		YTL28550
	TRA	MMME		YTL28560
*				YTL28570
*		MMM30,MMM31,MMM32,ARE THE MULTIPLY		YTL28580
*		AND ADD ROUTINES CORRESPONDING TO MMM6,		YTL28590
*		MMM7,ANDMMM8.A CHECK IS MADE TO SEE		YTL28600
*		THAT THERE IS A CONFORMABLE MATRIX IN		YTL28610
*		THE POSITION OF FIELD 3,AND THEN IT		YTL28620
*		TRANSFERS CONTROL TO MMM6,MMM7,OR		YTL28630
*		MMM8. THE INITIALIZING OF THE SUMMING		YTL28640
*		MATRIX IS LEFT UP TO THE USER		YTL28650
*				YTL28660
MMM30	CLA	=1		YTL28670
	STO	MAD		YTL28680
	CLA	MA		YTL28690
	SUB*	LOCMC		YTL28700
	TZE	*+3		YTL28710
NCNFBS	CLA	=31	SUMMING MATRIX NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL28720
	TRA	MMME		YTL28730
	CLA	NB		YTL28740
	SUB*	LOCNC		YTL28750
	TNZ	NCNFBS	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL28760

	CLA	WDMNL		YTL28770	
	SUB*	LC11		YTL28780	
	TNZ	*+2		YTL28790	
	STZ	MAD		YTL28800	
	TRA	MMM6		YTL28810	
*				YTL28820	
MMM31	CLA	=1		YTL28830	
	STO	MAD		YTL28840	
	CLA	MA		YTL28850	
	SUB*	LOCMC		YTL28860	
	TNZ	NCNFBS	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL28870	
	CLA	MB		YTL28880	
	SUB*	LOCNC		YTL28890	
	TNZ	NCNFBS	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL28900	
	CLA	WDMNL		YTL28910	
	SUB*	LC11		YTL28920	
	TNZ	*+2		YTL28930	
	STZ	MAD		YTL28940	
	TRA	MMM7		YTL28950	
*				YTL28960	
MMM32	CLA	=1		YTL28970	
	STO	MAD		YTL28980	
	CLA	NA		YTL28990	
	SUB*	LOCMC		YTL29000	
	TNZ	NCNFBS	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL29010	
	CLA	NB		YTL29020	
	SUB*	LOCNC		YTL29030	
	TNZ	NCNFBS	NON-CONFORMABLE	YTL29040	
	CLA	WDMNL		YTL29050	
	SUB*	LC11		YTL29060	
	TNZ	*+2		YTL29070	
	STZ	MAD		YTL29080	
	TRA	MMM8		YTL29090	
*				YTL29100	
*		AS MMM 27 BUT SUB IS USED		YTL29110	
*				YTL29120	
*				YTL29130	
MMM33	CLA	FXSUB		YTL29140	
	SLW	ADDSUB		YTL29150	
	TRA	STRT27		YTL29160	
*				YTL29170	
*		FOLLOWING ARE ALL YTL01 CONSTANTS AND FORMATS		YTL29180	
*				YTL29190	
*				YTL29200	
*		THE FOLLOWING IS A SET OF CELLS THAT		YTL29210	
*		ARE SET UP TO FACILITATE DUMPING IN		YTL29220	
*		CHARET.		YTL29230	
ERRCDE	PZE	0	ERROR CODE	YTL29240	
	BCI	1,ERRCDE		YTL29250	
TAPE	BSS	3	TAPE NO,ALSO FILE,MATRIX SPACING	YTL29260	
	BCI	1,TAPE		YTL29270	
*		LAST INS	• TAPE+1 • TAPE+2	YTL29280	
*			• •	YTL29290	
*		FSF	•FILE COUNT IN DECR.	0	YTL29300
*		BSF	•FILE COUNT -1 IN DECR.	0	YTL29310
*		FSR	•2*MATRIX COUNT IN DECR.	0	YTL29320
*		FSF,FSR	•2*MATRIX COUNT IN DECR.	FILE COUNT IN DECR	YTL29330
*					YTL29340
SAVE	BSS	16	MATRIX ID		YTL29350
MATID	EQU	SAVE			YTL29360

	BCI	1,MATID		YTL29370
KEY	PZE			YTL29380
CORPRG	EQU	KEY		YTL29390
	BCI	1,CORPRG		YTL29400
*		THESE ARE CELLS WHICH MAY BE USEFUL		YTL29410
PHYSCT	PZE	0	PHYSICAL COUNT OF INSTRUCTIONS	YTL29420
INSCNT	PZE	0	COUNT OF EXECUTED INSTRUCTIONS	YTL29430
XMODE	PZE		PARTITION ADDRESS	YTL29440
INST	PZE		ADDRESS OF NEXT CORE EXECUTED INSTRUCTION	YTL29450
SAVKEY	PZE			YTL29460
MCROCT	PZE			YTL29470
RETURN	BSS	5		YTL29480
PRGLOC	BSS	5		YTL29490
MA			PARAMETERS	YTL29500
NA				YTL29510
LA11				YTL29520
MB				YTL29530
NB				YTL29540
LB11				YTL29550
MC				YTL29560
NC				YTL29570
LC11				YTL29580
TEMPAC	PZE	0		YTL29590
TEMPMQ	PZE	0	SAME FOR MQ	YTL29600
CELLO	PZE	0	SAVE OF LAST NON-ZERO CELL 0	YTL29610
*			MISCELLANEOUS	YTL29620
WHCHFT	PZE	0	CONSTANTS	YTL29630
TAP1IB	PZE	0	FORMAT INDICATOR FOR 20	YTL29640
TAPIB	PZE	0	TAPE NUMBER FOR TITLE IN 20 AND 23	YTL29650
READ	BSS	8	CALLING PARAMETERS FOR OP. CODE 19	YTL29660
KRDP1	EQU	READ+1	STARTING ADDRESS	YTL29670
KRDP4	EQU	READ+4	NUMBER 4F FIELDS	YTL29680
KRDP5	EQU	READ+5	NUMBER OF DIGITS PER FIELD	YTL29690
KRDP7	EQU	READ+7	TAPE NO.	YTL29700
TAPEIB	PZE	0	TAPE UNIT SPECIFICATION FOR IOCS	YTL29710
ADRSDA	PZE	DATA	ADD. FOR LOWER LIMIT OF AVAILABLE CORE	YTL29720
SEPE	PZE	0	TAPE NOTFOR LOAD PROGRAM	YTL29730
LOC	BSS	5	THESE ARE THE 5 OPERATION FIELDS	YTL29740
TAP	PZE	0	TAPE UNIT FOR PROGRAM CARDS	YTL29750
SQROOT	PZE	0	STORAGE FOR MMM25	YTL29760
TAP1	PZE			YTL29770
FPTTRA	TRA	FPSPIL	TRA TO GO INTO CELL 8	YTL29780
TMPFPT	PZE	0	SAVE CELL FOR LOCATION 8	YTL29790
XR1	PZE		XR STORAGE FOR YTL01	YTL29800
XR2	PZE			YTL29810
XR4	PZE			YTL29820
YSHIFT	PZE		RELOCATION CONSTANT	YTL29830
IRROR	PZE		KRD ERROR CODE FOR ALL KRD CALLS	YTL29840
INS	PZE	**2	ADDRESS OF ERROR CODE CELLS	YTL29850
*				YTL29860
*			XR STORAGE FOR MMM	YTL29870
IR1	PZE			YTL29880
IR2	PZE			YTL29890
IR3	PZE	0		YTL29900
IR4	PZE			YTL29910
IR5	PZE	0		YTL29920
IR6	PZE	0		YTL29930
IR7	PZE	0		YTL29940
PARTON	OCT	7777777777	SET TO ZERO AFTER A PARTITION IS FORMED	YTL29950
FIRST	PZE	1		YTL29960

*		CONSTANTS FOR VARIOUS DIAGNOSTICS	YTL29970
PROGLO	PZE	LOWEST CORELOC. FROM CARDS NORMALLY 8000	YTL29980
SMLTAP	DEC	1000000 SMALLEST TAPE NUMBER	YTL29990
LOCORE	PZE	LOWEST LEGAL CORE ADDRESS	YTL30000
HICORE	PZE	HIGHEST POSSIBLE CORE ADDRESS	YTL30010
TOPPOS	PZE	1000 LARGER THAN ANY LEGAL POSITION NUMBER	YTL30020
MXDATA	PZE	MAXIMUM SIZE OF ANY MATRIX	YTL30030
HIP-OG	PZE	MAXIMUM LOAD ADDRESS OF A PROGRAM	YTL30040
TSTMACH	EQU	7999 TEST CONSTANT FOR MACRO INSTRUCTION	YTL30050
MXTAPS	EQU	19 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TAPES	YTL30060
*		THESE TWO CONSTANTS ARE EQUATED TO ABOVE ONES,	YTL30070
*		AND MUSTBE PRESERVED IF SMLTAP, TOPPOS, CHANGE	YTL30080
*			YTL30090
THOUSN	EQU	TOPPOS MUST BE 1000(DECIMAL)	YTL30100
MILYN	EQU	SMLTAP MUST BE 1000000(DECIMAL)	YTL30110
*			YTL30120
SIGN	PZE	SET TO NON-ZERO IF 32564 HAS BEEN STUFFED	YTL30130
COREND	BCI	1, COREND CODE WORD PUT IN 32564	YTL30140
*		XR4 STORAGE FOR MMM90	YTL30150
SPOT4			YTL30160
*		PARAMATERS FOR 3 WORKING MATRICES	YTL30170
*		CELLS FOR READ/WRITE BINARY TAPE	YTL30180
MTN	PZE	M*N	YTL30190
TESTC	PZE	TEMPORARY	YTL30200
WDMNL	BCI	1, M=NULL	YTL30210
SPARSE	BCI	1, SPARSE	YTL30220
SPMTC1	PZE	TEST CELL FOR SPARSE MATRIX	YTL30230
*		WDWC IS THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS AND CONTROL	YTL30240
*		WORDS NEEDED TO WRITE A SPARSE MATRIX. NEEDED	YTL30250
*		TO INSURE A MINIMUM RECORD ON TAPE OF 16 WORDS.	YTL30260
WDWC	PZE		YTL30270
MNP3	PZE	M*N+3 +LA11	YTL30280
RSCKSM	PZE	USED FOR SPARSE CHECKSUM TEMP	YTL30290
READTP	PZE	TEMP FOR WORD FROM TAPE IN SPARSE READ	YTL30300
ERR	PZE	ERROR CODE FOR BSF,FSR,FSF	YTL30310
*		4 TEMPORARY STORAGE CELLS	YTL30320
BSS		3	YTL30330
TEMP	PZE		YTL30340
*		NULL MATRIX COTEMP AC FORFPT ANALYSIS	YTL30350
ANULL			YTL30360
BNULL			YTL30370
FILL5	CLA	0,1	YTL30380
FILL6	CLS	0,1	YTL30390
FILL7	CLA	=0	YTL30400
*			YTL30410
FILL0	NOP	FOR MATRIX MOVE	YTL30420
FILL1	FAD 0,1	FOR MMM1	YTL30430
FILL2	FSB 0,1	FOR MMM2	YTL30440
FILL3	FAD 0,2	FOR MMM3	YTL30450
FILL4	FSB 0,2	FOR MMM4	YTL30460
DOTPRD	BSS 3	CELLS USED FOR DOUBLE PRECISION	YTL30470
*		DOT PRODUCT - NEED 3 TO INSURE	YTL30480
*		AN EVEN LOCATION ALWAYS	YTL30490
TOTA	PZE 0	MA * NA	YTL30500
TOTB	PZE 0	MB*NB	YTL30510
INCRMA	PZE 0	STORAGE INCREMENT FOR A	YTL30520
INCRMB	PZE 0	STORAGE INCREMENT FOR B	YTL30530
MADYES	FAD*	ANSWER USED FOR MMM30,31,32	YTL30540
MADNO	TRA	ANSWER-1 USED FOR MMM6,7,8	YTL30550
FIL10	FAD 0,2	FOR MMM10	YTL30560

FIL11	FSB	0,2	FOR MMM11	YTL30570
*			CONSTANT STORAGE FOR MMM18	YTL30580
	IRR1	PZE	0 ERROR CODE 1	YTL30590
	IRR2	PZE	0 ERROR CODE 2	YTL30600
	SCALE	PZE	0 CELL FOR SCALE FACTOR	YTL30610
	DET	PZE	0 FRACTIONAL PART OF DETERMINANT	YTL30620
		PZE	0	YTL30630
	NDETXP	PZE	0 EXPONENT PART OF DETERMINANT	YTL30640
	NSQ	PZE	0 N**2	YTL30650
	TWONSQ	PZE	0 2*N**2	YTL30660
*			MMM20 CONSTANTS	YTL30670
	TITLE	BSS	14 TITLE STORAGE	YTL30680
	CHKSUM	PZE	0 PRINT CHECKSUM	YTL30690
	LINE	PZE	0 LINE COUNT	YTL30700
	SPACE	PZE	0 TEST CELL FOR INITIAL SPACING TO NEW PAGE	YTL30710
	TITLE	PZE	0 FIELD 4 INDICATOR	YTL30720
	MAP	PZE	0 TEST CELL FOR MAP ROUTINE	YTL30730
	I	PZE	0 ROW COUNT	YTL30740
	CELL1	PZE	0 SCRATCH FOR MMM22	YTL30750
*			MMM23 CONSTANTS	YTL30760
	LEVEL	PZE	0 FL.PT. NUMBER FOR TESTING	YTL30770
	TESTI	PZE	0 COUNT FOR FINDING EVERY 10TH ROW	YTL30780
	ROW	BSS	19 STORAGE FOR 1 PRINTED ROW	YTL30790
	SVCLPT	PZE	0 COUNT FOR COLUMN ID	YTL30800
	NCLPT	PZE	0 FLAG FOR NEW PAGE COLUMN HEADING	YTL30810
*			MAP PARAMETERS	YTL30820
	ZERO	OCT	007777777777	YTL30830
		OCT	770077777777	YTL30840
		OCT	777700777777	YTL30850
		OCT	777777007777	YTL30860
		OCT	777777770077	YTL30870
		OCT	777777777700	YTL30880
	DOLSGN	OCT	530000000000	YTL30890
		OCT	005300000000	YTL30900
		OCT	000053000000	YTL30910
		OCT	000000530000	YTL30920
		OCT	000000005300	YTL30930
		OCT	000000000053	YTL30940
	POINT	OCT	330000000000	YTL30950
		OCT	003300000000	YTL30960
		OCT	000033000000	YTL30970
		OCT	000000330000	YTL30980
		OCT	000000003300	YTL30990
		OCT	000000000033	YTL31000
	FLDSKP	PZE	0 COUNT OF FIELDS -MMM27	YTL31010
	CELSKP	PZE	0 COUNT OF CELLS FOR CARDS TO SKIP	YTL31020
	SAVEF	PZE	0	YTL31030
	FXSUB	CHS		YTL31040
	FXADD	TRA	ADDSUB+1	YTL31050
	MAD	PZE	0 TEST CELL FOR MMM30,31,32	YTL31060
	SAVINS	PZE		YTL31070
*			NON ZERO FOR 30,31,32,OTHERWISE 0	YTL31080
*				YTL31090
*			FORMAT FOR ERROR PRINT IN CONTROL SECTION	YTL31100
	CORERR	BCI	8,(1H,10X,51H)UNABLE TO PRINT CURRENT CORE PROGRAM	YTL31110
		BCI	4,- ERROR CODE = 110)	YTL31120
	ERRPNT	BCI	7,(1H1,10X,43H)AN ERROR HAS OCCURRED IN TL-01	YTL31130
		BCI	7,- THE CODE = 110/1H0,9X,11HA TOTAL OF 16,	YTL31140
		BCI	7,60H INSTRUCTIONS WERE SUCCESSFULLY EXECUTE	YTL31150
		BCI	5,D PRIOR TO THE ERROR./1H )	YTL31160

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PROGER BCI      6,(11X,58HTHE ABOVE COUNT WAS STARTED
BCI            6,WITH THE CORE PR-GRAM BELOW. /1H0,
BCI            6,10X,49HTHE ERROR OCCURRED AT PHYSICA
BCI            5,L INSTRUCTION NUMBER I6/1H0)
*
*              INVERSION FORMATS
INVFMT BCI      9,(1H1,10X,26HINVERSION ERROR - CODE1 = I5,9H CODE2 =
BCI            5,I5,16H SCALE FACTOR = E18.8)
DETPNT BCI      9,(1H1/1H0/1H0,4X,4HTHE I5,4H BY I5,15H MATRIX NUMBER
BCI            6,I12,22H HAS A DETERMINANT OF F10.7,
BCI            6,17H TIMES 10 TO THE I12,7H POWER.)
*
*              MMM20 FORMATS
*
NPAGE BCI       3,(1H1/1H0/1H )
TLEIN BCI       2,(13A6,A2)
TLEOUT BCI      4,(1H ,10X,13A6,A2/1H )
MATNO BCI       6,(1H ,10X,14HMATRIX NUMBER I11/1H )
ORDSUM BCI      6,(1H ,10X,6HORDER I4,4H BY I4/1H0,10X
BCI            4,12HCHECK SUM = O12/1H )
NWPGE1 BCI      6,(1H1/1H0,10X,14HMATRIX NUMBER I11/1H
BCI            1,0/1H )
NWPGE2 BCI      5,(1H1/1H0,10X,13A6,A2/1H0/1H )
FINAL BCI       6,(1H0/1H0,10X,20HEND OF MATRIX PRINT.
BCI            2,/1H0/1H0)
INTPNT BCI      6,(1H0,4X,I4,2X,6(I12,1HB,3X),I12,1HB/
BCI            7,( I23,1HB,3X,I12,1HB,3X,I12,1HB,3X,
BCI            7,I12,1HB,3X,I12,1HB,3X,I12,1HB,3X,I12,1HB))
FLPPNT BCI      6,(1H0,4X,I4,2X,6(1PE13.6,3X),E13.6/(
BCI            4, E24.6,6E16.6))
CSMPT BCI       8,(1H0/1H0,10X,24HREQUESTED CHECKSUM ONLY./1H0
BCI            1,/1H0)
NULMAT BCI      6,(1H ,10X,18HTHE MATRIX IS NULL)
*              MMM23 FORMATS
*
LVLPT BCI       7,(11X,53HMATRIX ELEMENTS WITH MAGNITUDE LES
BCI            6,S THAN OR EQUAL TO 1PE16.6,31H ARE M
BCI            5,APPED AS A DECIMAL POINT./1H )
COLPT BCI       4,(1H ,16X,I3,10(7X,I3))
COLPT1 BCI      4,(1H ,18X,A1,10(9X,A1))
RWRPNT BCI      3,(1H ,9X,18A6,A2)
RWIDPT BCI      4,(1H ,5X,I3,1H+,18A6,A2)
FINLPT BCI      8,(1H0/1H0,10X,18HEND OF MATRIX MAP./1H0/1H0)
*
END

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YTL31170
YTL31180
YTL31190
YTL31200
YTL31210
YTL31220
YTL31230
YTL31240
YTL31250
YTL31260
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YTL31280
YTL31290
YTL31300
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YTL31490
YTL31500
YTL31510
YTL31520
YTL31530
YTL31540
YTL31550
YTL31560
YTL31570
YTL31580
YTL31590
YTL31600
YTL99990

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SUBROUTINE INV4DS

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$IBMAP INVERT 650,DECK,M94/2
*INV4DS 7094 DOUBLE PRECISION INVERSION ROUTINE
*
* CALL INV4DS,A,N,ERR1,ERR2,SCALE,DET,NDETXP
* A = STARTING ADDRESS OF MATRIX - MUST BE EVEN
* N = NUMBER OF ROWS (COLUMNS) OF MATRIX
* IF NEGATIVE, PIVOT TERMS ARE PRINTED
*
* ERR1 = 0 IF INVERSION SUCCESSFUL
* = 1 IF OVERFLOW OCCURS
* = 2 IF MATRIX IS SINGULAR
* = 3 IF SCALED INVERSE CANNOT BE RE-SCALED
* = 4 IF ROWS AND COLUMNS CANNOT BE RE-ARRANGED
* THIS IS BASICALLY A MACHINE ERROR
* = 5 IF (1,1) ELEMENT IS IN AN ODD LOCATION
* = 6 IF ODD STORAGE TRAP DURING REDUCTION
* THIS MUST BE A MACHINE ERROR
* = 10 + I IF ERROR CODE 3 OCCURED SUBSEQUENT
* TO ERROR CODE I
* = 20 + I IF ERROR CODE 4 OCCURED SUBSEQUENT
* TO ERROR CODE I
*
* ERR2 = CURRENT REDUCTION STAGE IF ERR1=1
* = RANK OF MATRIX IF ERR1 = 2
* = 0 OTHERWISE
*
* SCALE = 0 IF ERR1 NOT = 3
* = SCALING FACTOR IF ERR1=3
*
* DET = DECIMAL PART OF DETERMINANT IF ERR1.
* NOT = 2 - A NUMBER GT OR E TO 1. AND LT 10.
* = 0 IF ERR1=2
*
* DETXP = EXPONENT PART OF DETERMINANT IF ERR1
* NOT = 2 - AN ADDRESS INTEGER GIVING
* POWER OF TEN FOR DETERMINANT
* DETERMINANT = DET*10.**DETXP
*
* ENTRY INV4DS
*
* SET UP CONSTANTS AND INITIALIZE CELLS
*
* INV4DS LMTM
* EFTM
* SXA XR1,1
* SXA XR2,2
* SXA XR3,3
* SXA XR4,4
* SXA XR5,5
* SXA XR6,6
* SXA XR7,7
* STZ 0 CLEAR CELL 0 FOR FPT
* STZ CHRCNG CLEAR CELL FOR CHARACTERISTIC SCALING
* STZ ERRCD1 CLEAR ERROR CODE CELLS
* STZ ERRCD2
* CAL 8 SAVE CELL 8 FOR (FPT)
* SLW TEMP8
* CAL FPTTRA STORE TRANSFER FOR FPT ANALYSIS.
* SLW 8
* STZ* 7,4 ZERO SCALING CELL
* STZ DETXP ZERO DETERMINANT EXPONENT
* CLA* 4,4
* STO PRINT SET INDICATOR FOR PRINT

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SSP			INV00570
XCA			INV00580
STQ	N		INV00590
MPY	N		INV00600
XCA			INV00610
ALS	1		INV00620
STO	TWONSQ	2*N**2	INV00630
ACL	3,4		INV00640
STA	AP2NSQ	A+2*N**2	INV00650
ACL	N		INV00660
STA	ADRINT	ADDRESS OF ROW INTEGERS +N	INV00670
ACL	N		INV00680
STA	ADCINT	ADDRESS OF COLUMN INTEGERS +N	INV00690
STA	MULTPL	ADDRESS OF REDUCTION FACTOR	INV00700
ADD	=2		INV00710
STA	DET	ADDRESS OF DETERMINANT	INV00720
ADD	=1		INV00730
STA	DETP1	ADDRESS OF DETERMINANT LEAST SIG.	INV00740
ADD	=1		INV00750
STA	TEN	ADDRESS OF FLOATING POINT 10	INV00760
CLA	3,4		INV00770
LBT		TEST TO SEE IF STORAGE IS EVEN	INV00780
TRA	*+2	EVEN STORAGE	INV00790
TRA	ERR5	ODD STORAGE - ERROR	INV00800
STA	ADA	ADDRESS OF A	INV00810
STA	ADPVEL	ADDRESS OF CURRENT PIVOT ELEMENT	INV00820
ACL	N		INV00830
ACL	N		INV00840
STA	ADPVRW	ADDRESS OF CURRENT PIVOT ROW + 2*N	INV00850
SUB	ADA		INV00860
STA	TWON	2*N	INV00870
PAX	0,1		INV00880
SXD	REDUC4,1	STUFF LOOP CONTROL FOR REDUCE	INV00890
CLA	=1.		INV00900
LDQ	=0		INV00910
DST*	DET	START DET OFF AT 1.	INV00920
CLA	=10.		INV00930
DST*	TEN	LOAD 10 IN DOUBLE PRECISION CELL	INV00940
CLA	PRINT		INV00950
TPL	NPRNT1		INV00960
CALL	•FWRD.(•UN06.,•TITLE)		INV00970
NPRNT1	N,7		INV00980
LXA	RDLPED,7	TEST AT END OF REDUCTION LOOP	INV00990
SXD	STOINT,7	PUT INTEGERS INTO ROW AND COLUMN	INV01000
PXA	0,0		INV01010
AXT	1,1	INTERCHANGE ARRAYS	INV01020
PXA	0,1		INV01030
STO*	ADCINT	ADCINT HAS A TAG OF 1	INV01040
STO*	ADRINT	ADRINT HAS A TAG OF 1	INV01050
TXI	*+1,1,1	INTEGERS ARE STORRED BACKWARDS	INV01060
STOINT	*-4,1,**	N IN DECREMENT	INV01070
*			INV01080
*		START OF REDUCTION LOOP	INV01090
*		REDUCTION STAGE IS KEPT IN XR1	INV01100
*		AT THE END OF THIS LOOP ALL INVERSION	INV01110
*		ARITHMETIC IS DONE	INV01120
*			INV01130
AXT	1,1	INITIALIZE REDUCTION STAGE	INV01140
RDLPST	TSX	FIND LARGEST ELEMENT IN N-XR1+1 SUB MATRIX	INV01150
SXA	FINDLE,4		INV01160
	TEMPXR,1		

	PXA	0,1		INV01170
	SUB	LGSTRW		INV01180
	TZE	COLTST		INV01190
	CLA*	DET		INV01200
	CHS			INV01210
	STO*	DET		INV01220
	TSX	INRCHR,4		INV01230
	TSX	TEMPXR		INV01240
	TSX	LGSTRW		INV01250
	CLA	ADRINT		INV01260
	SUB	LGSTRW		INV01270
	STA	*+2		INV01280
	STA	*+3		INV01290
	CLA	**		INV01300
	LDQ*	ADRINT		INV01310
	STQ	**		INV01320
	STO*	ADRINT		INV01330
COLTST	PXA	0,1		INV01340
	SUB	LGSTCL		INV01350
	TZE	PRNTPV		INV01360
	CLA*	DET		INV01370
	CHS			INV01380
	STO*	DET		INV01390
	TSX	INRCHC,4		INV01400
	TSX	TEMPXR		INV01410
	TSX	LGSTCL		INV01420
	CLA	ADCINT		INV01430
	SUB	LGSTCL		INV01440
	STA	*+2		INV01450
	STA	*+3		INV01460
	CLA	**		INV01470
	LDQ*	ADCINT		INV01480
	STQ	**		INV01490
	STO*	ADCINT		INV01500
PRNTPV	CLA	PRINT		INV01510
	TPL	STRTSC		INV01520
	LFTM			INV01530
	PXA	0,1		INV01540
	TSX	.FCNV,4		INV01550
	CLS	CHRCNG		INV01560
	ADM*	ADPVEL		INV01570
	LDQ	ADPVEL		INV01580
	LLS	0		INV01590
	TSX	.FCNV,4		INV01600
	CLA*	ADRINT		INV01610
	TSX	.FCNV,4		INV01620
	CLA*	ADCINT		INV01630
	TSX	.FCNV,4		INV01640
	EFTM			INV01650
				INV01660
*				INV01670
*				INV01680
STRTSC	TXH	SCLOOP+1,1,1		INV01690
	CAL*	ADPVEL	LARGEST ELEMENT = PIVOT ELEMENT	INV01700
	ANA	=03770000000000	MASK OUT ALL BUT CHARACTERISTIC	INV01710
	SUB	=01770000000000	FIND DIFFERENCE FROM 177	INV01720
	CHS			INV01730
	STO	CHRCNG	SAVE CHARACTERISTIC SCALING	INV01740
	TZE	SCLOOP+1	BY-PASS SCALING IF NOT NEEDED	INV01750
	LXA	TWONSQ,7		INV01760
FSTSC	NZT*	AP2NSQ	AP2NSQ HAS A TAG OF 7	INV01770

	TRA	SCLOOP	NUMBER IS ZERO, DO NOT SCALE	INV01770
	CLA	CHRCNG	SCALE NUMBER	INV01780
	ADM*	AP2NSQ		INV01790
	TPL	*+3		INV01800
	STZ*	AP2NSQ	IF NEGATIVE, UNDERFLOW OCCURRED	INV01810
	TRA	SCLOOP		INV01820
	LDQ*	AP2NSQ	SCALING SUCCESSFUL, RESTORE SIGN	INV01830
	LLS	0		INV01840
	STO*	AP2NSQ	STORE IN ORIGINAL LOCATION	INV01850
SCLOOP	TIX	FSTSC,7,1	END OF SCALING LOOP	INV01860
	TSX	REDUCE,4	PERFORM CURRENT REDUCTION STAGE	INV01870
	DLD*	ADPVEL		INV01880
	TSX	SCALE,4	SCALE PIVOT ELEMENT	INV01890
	DFMP*	DET		INV01900
	TSX	SCALE,4	SCALE PRODUCT	INV01910
	DST*	DET	RUNNING PRODUCT OF PIVOT ELEMENTS	INV01920
	LXA	TWON,7		INV01930
	DLD*	ADPVEL		INV01940
	DST*	MULTPL	KEEP PIVOT ELEMENT TEMP. IN MULTPL	INV01950
ADJUST	DLD*	ADPVRW	ADPVRW HAS TAG OF 7	INV01960
	DFDP*	MULTPL		INV01970
	DST*	ADPVRW	DIVIDE PIVOT ROW BY PIVOT ELEMENT	INV01980
	TIX	ADJUST,7,2		INV01990
	CLA	=1.		INV02000
	LDQ	=0		INV02010
	DFDP*	MULTPL		INV02020
	DST*	ADPVEL	PUT 1/(PIV. ELEM) INTO PIVOT POSITION	INV02030
	TXI	*+1,1,1	INCREMENT TO NEW REDUCTION STAGE	INV02040
RDLPED	TXH	REDOVR,1,**	N IN DECREMENT-LOOP EXIT	INV02050
	CLA	ADPVEL		INV02060
	ADD	=2		INV02070
	ADD	TWON		INV02080
	STA	ADPVEL	INCREMENT BY 2*N+2	INV02090
	CLA	ADPVRW		INV02100
	ADD	TWON		INV02110
	STA	ADPVRW	INCREMENT BY 2*N	INV02120
	TRA	RDLPE	ANOTHER REDUCTION STAGE	INV02130
				INV02140
*				INV02150
*			ALL ARITHMETIC IS OVER NOW REARRANGE ROWS	INV02160
*			AND COLUMNS	INV02170
*				INV02180
*			FIRST, INTERCHANGE COLUMNS ACCORDING TO ROW TABLE	INV02190
*				INV02200
REDOVR	LXA	N,7		INV02210
	STZ	TEMP1	CLEAR FOR XR USE	INV02220
	PXA	0,7		INV02230
	PAX	0,1		INV02240
RWSRCH	PXA	0,7		INV02250
	SUB*	ADRINT	ADRINT HAS A TAG OF 1	INV02260
	TZE	FOUNDR		INV02270
	TIX	RWSRCH,1,1		INV02280
	TRA	ERR4		INV02290
FOUNDR	PXA	0,7		INV02300
	SXA	TEMP1,1		INV02310
	SUB	TEMP1		INV02320
	TZE	RWLPED	COLUMN IS IN CORRECT PLACE	INV02330
	SXA	TEMPXR,7		INV02340
	TSX	INRCH,4		INV02350
	TSX	TEMPXR	ROW INTEGER FOUND	INV02360
	TSX	TEMP1	LOCATION OF ROW INTEGER	

*		INTERCHANGE ROW INTEGERS.		INV02370
	LXA	TEMPXR,7		INV02380
	CLA	ADRINT		INV02390
	SUB	TEMPXR		INV02400
	STA	**1		INV02410
	CLA	**		INV02420
	STO*	ADRINT	ADRINT HAS A TAG OF 1	INV02430
	CLA	TEMPXR		INV02440
	STO*	*=3		INV02450
RWLPED	TIX	RWSRCH-2,7,1	LOOP FOR N ROWS.	INV02460
*				INV02470
*		NOW INTERCHANGE ROWS ACCORDING TO COLUMN TABLE		INV02480
*				INV02490
	LXA	N,7		INV02500
	PXA	0,7		INV02510
	PAX	0,1		INV02520
CLSRCH	PXA	0,7		INV02530
	SUB*	ADCINT	ADCINT HAS A TAG OF 1	INV02540
	TZE	FOUNDC		INV02550
	TIX	CLSRCH,1,1		INV02560
	TRA	ERR4		INV02570
FOUNDC	PXA	0,7		INV02580
	SXA	TEMP1,1		INV02590
	SUB	TEMP1		INV02600
	TZE	CLLPED	ROW IS IN CORRECT PLACE	INV02610
	SXA	TEMPXR,7		INV02620
	TSX	INRCHR,4		INV02630
	TSX	TEMPXR		INV02640
	TSX	TEMP1		INV02650
*		INTERCHANGE COLUMN INTEGERS		INV02660
	LXA	TEMPXR,7		INV02670
	CLA	ADCINT		INV02680
	SUB	TEMPXR		INV02690
	STA	**1		INV02700
	CLA	**		INV02710
	STO*	ADCINT	ADCINT HAS A TAG OF 1	INV02720
	CLA	TEMPXR		INV02730
	STO*	*=3		INV02740
CLLPED	TIX	CLSRCH-2,7,1	LOOP FOR N COLUMNS	INV02750
*				INV02760
*		INVERSE IS NOW IN THE CORRECT FORM - TIME TO		INV02770
*		RESCALE THE SCALED INVERSE		INV02780
*				INV02790
	CLA	CHRCNG		INV02800
	TZE	DSLPE+1	IF CHRCNG=0, RESCALING UNNECESSARY	INV02810
	TMI	RESCAL	IF NEGATIVE, NO OVERFLOW PROBLEMS	INV02820
	AXT	1,1	SET UP XR1 FOR FINDLE	INV02830
	CLA	ADA	SET UP TO PIVOT ROW 1 FOR FINDLE	INV02840
	ADD	TWON		INV02850
	STA	ADPVRW		INV02860
	TSX	FINDLE,4	FIND LARGEST ELEMENT IN SCALED INVERSE	INV02870
	CLA	CHRCNG		INV02880
	ADM	TEMP1	FINDLE STORES LARGEST IN TEMP1	INV02890
	PBT		WAS THERE OVERFLOW	INV02900
	TRA	**2	NO	INV02910
	TRA	ERR3	YES	INV02920
RESCAL	LXA	TWONSQ,7		INV02930
	CLA	CHRCNG		INV02940
	ADM*	AP2NSQ	AP2NSQ HAS A TAG OF 7	INV02950
	ZET*	AP2NSQ		INV02960

	TPL	*+3	NO UNDERFLOW IF POSITIVE	INV02970
	STZ*	AP2NSQ	UNDERFLOW, STORE ZERO	INV02980
	TRA	RSCLED		INV02990
	LDQ*	AP2NSQ		INV03000
	LLS	0		INV03010
	STO*	AP2NSQ		INV03020
RSCLED	TIX	RESCAL+1,7,1	LOOP FOR 2*N**2 NUMBERS	INV03030
*				INV03040
*				INV03050
*			NOW RESCALE THE DETERMINANT	INV03060
	NZT*	DET	IS MATRIX SINGULAR	INV03070
	TRA	DSLPE+1	IF SINGULAR, RETURN	INV03080
	CLA	CHRCNG		INV03090
	CHS			INV03100
	STO	CHRCNG		INV03110
	LXA	N,7		INV03120
STDSC	CLA	CHRCNG		INV03130
	ADM*	DET		INV03140
	PBT			INV03150
	TRA	*+2	NO OVERFLOW	INV03160
	TRA	DIVDET	OVERFLOW, DIVIDE BY 10	INV03170
	TMI	MLTDET	UNDERFLOW, MULTIPLY BY 10	INV03180
	LDQ*	DET		INV03190
	LLS	0		INV03200
	STO*	DET		INV03210
	CLA	CHRCNG	SCALE LEAST HALF	INV03220
	ADM*	DETP1		INV03230
	TPL	*+2	POSITIVE IF NO UNDERFLOW	INV03240
	PXA	0,0	ZERO LEAST HALF IF UNDERFLOW	INV03250
	LLS	0	RESTORE SIGN TO LEAST HALF	INV03260
	STO*	DETP1		INV03270
	DLD*	DET		INV03280
	TSX	SCALE,4		INV03290
	DST*	DET		INV03300
	TRA	DSLPE	GO TO END OF LOOP	INV03310
DIVDET	DLD*	DET	DIVIDE DET BY TEN	INV03320
	DFDP*	TEN		INV03330
	DST*	DET		INV03340
	TRA	STDSC		INV03350
MLTDET	DLD*	DET	MULTIPLY DET BY TEN	INV03360
	DFMP*	TEN		INV03370
	DST*	DET		INV03380
	TRA	STDSC		INV03390
DSLPE	TIX	STDSC,7,1	LOOP N TIMES FOR COMPLETE SCALING	INV03400
*				INV03410
*			END OF ALL ARITHMETIC NOW TIME TO ARRANGE	INV03420
*			ERROR CODES AND SUCH THEN RETURN	INV03430
	CLA	PRINT	DID WE P-INT	INV03440
	TPL	XR1		INV03450
	CALL	.FFIL.		INV03460
	XR1 AXT	**1		INV03470
	XR2 AXT	**2		INV03480
	XR3 AXT	**3		INV03490
	XR4 AXT	**4		INV03500
	XR5 AXT	**5		INV03510
	XR6 AXT	**6		INV03520
	XR7 AXT	**7		INV03530
	CAL	TEMP8	RESTORE CELL 8	INV03540
	SLW	8		INV03550
	DLD*	DET		INV03560

	DST*	8,4		INV03570	
	CLA	DETXP		INV03580	
	STO*	9,4		INV03590	
	CLA	ERRCD1		INV03600	
	STO*	5,4		INV03610	
	CLA	ERRCD2		INV03620	
	STO*	6,4		INV03630	
	TRA	10,4		INV03640	
*				INV03650	
*		FOLLOWING ARE ALL THE ERROR STOPS		INV03660	
*				INV03670	
ERR1	CLA	=1	OVERFLOW RETURN	INV03680	
	STO	ERRCD1		INV03690	
	SXA	ERRCD2,1	SAVE REDUCTION STAGE	INV03700	
	STZ*	DET	ZERO DETERMINANT	INV03710	
	STZ*	DETP1		INV03720	
	STZ	DETXP		INV03730	
	TRA	REDOVR	TRANSFER BACK TO INTERCHANGE ROWS AND COLUMNS, AND RESCALE	INV03740	
*				INV03750	
ERR2	CLA	=2		INV03760	
	STO	ERRCD1		INV03770	
	PXA	0,1		INV03780	
	SUB	=1		INV03790	
	STO	ERRCD2	RANK OF MATRIX =XR1-1	INV03800	
	TRA	ERR1+3	TRANSFER BACK TO INTERCHANGE ROWS AND COLUMNS, AND RESCALE	INV03810	
*				INV03820	
ERR3	CLA	ERRCD1		INV03830	
	TNZ	ERR3PL		INV03840	
	CLA	=3		INV03850	
	STO	ERRCD1		INV03860	
	CLA	=1.	=0201400000000	INV03870	
	ADD	CHRCNG		INV03880	
	LXA	XR4,4		INV03890	
	STO*	7,4	STORE SCALING FACTOR	INV03900	
	TRA	RSCLED+1	GO BACK AND SCALE DETERMINANT	INV03910	
ERR4	CLA	ERRCD1	CANNOT RE-ARRANGE ROWS,COLUMNS -MACH. ERROR	INV03920	
	TNZ	ERR4PL		INV03930	
	CLA	=4		INV03940	
	STO	ERRCD1	CANNOT RE-ORDER ROWS AND COLUMNS	INV03950	
	TRA	DSLPEd+1	RETURN IMMEDIATELY	INV03960	
ERR5	CLA	=5	A(1,1) NOT IN EVEN CELL	INV03970	
	STO	ERRCD1		INV03980	
	TRA	DSLPEd+1	RETURN IMMEDIATELY	INV03990	
ERR6	CLA	=6		INV04000	
	TRA	ERR5+1		INV04010	
ERR3PL	ADD	=10		INV04020	
	TRA	ERR3+3		INV04030	
ERR4PL	ADD	=20		INV04040	
	TRA	ERR4+3		INV04050	
*				INV04060	
*		STORAGE FOR PROGRAM CONSTANTS		INV04070	
*				INV04080	
TEMP8	PZE	0	STORAGE FOR CORE LOCATION 8 (DEC)	INV04090	
FPTTRA	TRA	FLPSPL		INV04100	
CELL0	PZE	0	STORAGE FOR FLPSPL CODE	INV04110	
	DET	PZE	0	ADDRESS OF DETERMINANT	INV04120
	DETP1	PZE	0	ADDRESS OF LEAST SIG. PART OF DET.	INV04130
MULTPL	PZE	0	ADDRESS OF REDUCTION FACTOR	INV04140	
	TEN	PZE	0	ADDRESS OF FLOATING POINT 10.	INV04150
	DETXP	PZE	0	CELL FOR DETERMINANT EXPONENT	INV04160

N	PZE	0		INV04170
TWON	PZE	0	2*N	INV04180
TWONSQ	PZE	0	2*N**2	INV04190
ADA	PZE	0	ADDRESS OF MATRIX	INV04200
ADPVEL	PZE	0	ADDRESS OF CURRENT PIVOT ELEMENT	INV04210
ADPVRW	PZE	0,7	ADDRESS OF CURRENT PIVOT ROW +2N	INV04220
ADOPEL	PZE	0,6	ADDRESS OF ELEMENT BEING REDUCED	INV04230
ADOPRW	PZE	0,7	ROW OF ADOPEL	INV04240
AP2NSQ	PZE	0,7	ADDRESS OF 1ST CELL BEYOND MATRIX	INV04250
ADRINT	PZE	0,1	ADDRESS OF ROW INTEGERS + N	INV04260
ADCINT	PZE	0,1	ADDRESS OF COLUMN INTEGERS + N	INV04270
LGSTRW	PZE	0	ROW INDEX OF LARGEST ELEMENT IN SUB-MATRIX	INV04280
LGSTCL	PZE	0	COLUMN INDEX OF LARGEST ELEM. IN SUB-MATRIX	INV04290
CHRCNG	PZE	0	CHARACTERISTIC SCALE FACTOR	INV04300
ERRCD1	PZE	0	ERROR CODE 1	INV04310
ERRCD2	PZE	0	ERROR CODE 2	INV04320
TEMP1	PZE	0		INV04330
TEMP2	PZE	0		INV04340
TEMPXR	PZE	0	TEMPORARY FOR ADDRESS ONLY	INV04350
TEMPAC	PZE	0	TEMPORARY STORAGE FOR FLPSPL	INV04360
TITLE	BCI	6,(1H1,10X,93H	BELOW ARE THE PIVOT TERM	INV04370
	BCI	7,S	DERIVED DURING INVERSION AND THEIR ORIGI	INV04380
	BCI	6,NAL	ROW - COLUMN LOCATIONS./1H0,22X,	INV04390
	BCI	6,9H	REDUCTION,8X,5HPIVOT,9X,3HROW,5X,	INV04400
	BCI	6,6H	COLUMN/24X,5HSTAGE,11X,4HTERM,9X,	INV04410
	BCI	6,6H	NUMBER,3X,6HNUMBER/(1H0,24X,I3,6X,	INV04420
	BCI	4,1PE	14.6,6X,I3,6X,I3))	INV04430
PRINT	PZE	0		INV04440
*			CLOSED SUBROUTINE TO INTERCHANGE ROWS	INV04450
*			TWO ARGUMENTS -I,J=ROWS TO BE MOVED	INV04460
*				INV04470
*				INV04480
INRCHR	LDQ*	1,4		INV04490
	MPY	TWON		INV04500
	XCA			INV04510
	ADD	ADA	ADDRESS OF ROW I + 2N	INV04520
	STA	INR1		INV04530
	STA	INR1+3		INV04540
	LDQ*	2,4		INV04550
	MPY	TWON		INV04560
	XCA			INV04570
	ADD	ADA	ADDRESS OF ROW I + 2 N	INV04580
	STA	INR1+1		INV04590
	STA	INR1+2		INV04600
	LXA	TWON,7		INV04610
INR1	CLA	** ,7	ROW I	INV04620
	LDQ	** ,7	ROW J	INV04630
	STO	** ,7	ROW J	INV04640
	STQ	** ,7	ROW I	INV04650
	TIX	INR1,7,1		INV04660
	TRA	3,4	DONE	INV04670
*				INV04680
*			CLOSED SUBROUTINE TO INTERCHANGE COLUMNS	INV04690
*			TWO ARGUMENTS -I,J = COLUMNS TO BE MOVED	INV04700
*				INV04710
INRCHC	CLA	ADA		INV04720
	SUB	=1		INV04730
	ADD	TWONSQ		INV04740
	STO	TEMP2	A-1+2*N**2	INV04750
	CLA*	1,4		INV04760

	ALS	1		INV04770
	ADD	TEMP2	ADDRESS OF COLUMN I+2N**2+1	INV04780
	STA	INC1		INV04790
	STA	INC1+3		INV04800
	CLA*	2,4		INV04810
	ALS	1		INV04820
	ADD	TEMP2	ADDRESS OF COLUMN J + 2N**2+1	INV04830
	STA	INC1+1		INV04840
	STA	INC1+2		INV04850
	LXA	TWONSQ,7		INV04860
	LXA	TWON,6		INV04870
	SXD	INC2,6		INV04880
	LXA	=2,6		INV04890
INC1	CLA	** ,7	COLUMN I	INV04900
	LDQ	** ,7	COLUMN J	INV04910
	STO	** ,7	COLUMN J	INV04920
	STQ	** ,7	COLUMN I	INV04930
	TXI	*+1,7,1	SMALL LOOP TO EXCHANGE LEAS. SIG.	INV04940
	TIX	INC1,6,1		INV04950
	TXI	*+1,7,-2		INV04960
INC2	TIX	INC1-1,7,0	MAIN LOOP -2N IN DECREMENT	INV04970
	TRA	3,4	DONE	INV04980
				INV04990
*				INV05000
*				INV05010
*				INV05020
*				INV05030
*				INV05040
*				INV05050
FINDLE	PXA	0,1		INV05060
	SUB	N		INV05070
	SUB	=1		INV05080
	PAX	0,3	COUNT OF ROWS IN XR3=N+1-XR1	INV05090
	ALS	1		INV05100
	STA	TEMPXR	TEMPXR=2(N+1-XR1)-TO GO INTO XR7	INV05110
	SXA	LGSTRW,1	START LOCATION AT PIVOT ELEMENT	INV05120
	SXA	LGSTCL,1		INV05130
	CLA	ADPVRW		INV05140
	STA	FLE1+1		INV05150
	STZ	TEMP1	KEEP LARGEST IN TEMP1	INV05160
	LXA	TEMPXR,7		INV05170
FLE1	PXA	0,0		INV05180
	ADM	** ,7		INV05190
	CAS	TEMP1		INV05200
	TRA	*+3	GREATER - EXCHANGE	INV05210
	TRA	*+5		INV05220
	TRA	*+4		INV05230
	STO	TEMP1		INV05240
	SXA	LGSTRW,3		INV05250
	SXA	LGSTCL,7		INV05260
	TIX	FLE1,7,2	LOOP BACK IF ROW NOT DONE	INV05270
	CAL	FLE1+1		INV05280
	ADD	TWON		INV05290
	STA	FLE1+1	INCREMENT TO NEW ROW	INV05300
	TIX	FLE1-1,3,1	LOOP BACK IF MORE ROWS	INV05310
	NZT	TEMP1	DONE, IS LARGEST ELEMENT = 0	INV05320
	TRA	ERR2	SINGULAR MATRIX ERROR RETURN	INV05330
*			ADJUST LGSTRW, CL	INV05340
	CLS	LGSTRW		INV05350
	ADD	N		INV05360

	ADD	=1		INV05370
	STA	LGSTRW		INV05380
	CLS	LGSTCL		INV05390
	ARS	1		INV05400
	ADD	N		INV05410
	ADD	=1		INV05420
	STA	LGSTCL		INV05430
	TRA	1,4		INV05440
				INV05450
*				INV05460
*				INV05470
*				INV05480
*				INV05490
*				INV05500
*				INV05510
*				INV05520
*				INV05530
REDUCE	LXA	TWONSQ,6		INV05540
	SXA	TEMPXR,1		INV05550
	CLA	ADA		INV05560
	ADD	TWON		INV05570
	STA	ADOPRW	2N + ADDRESS OF ROW BEING REDUCED	INV05580
	SUB	TWON		INV05590
	ADD	TEMPXR		INV05600
	ADD	TEMPXR		INV05610
	SUB	=2		INV05620
	ADD	TWONSQ	2N**2 + ADDRESS OF ELEMENT BEING ZEROED	INV05630
	STA	ADOPEL		INV05640
	AXT	1,5	COUNT OF ROWS BEING REDUCED	INV05650
REDUC1	PXA	0,5		INV05660
	SUB	TEMPXR		INV05670
	TZE	REDUC3	DO NOT OPERATE ON PIVOT ROW	INV05680
	DLD*	ADOPEL	ADOPEL HAS A TAG OF 6	INV05690
	TZE	REDUC3	IF ALREADY ZERO, NO REDUCTION NECESSARY	INV05700
	DFDP*	ADPVEL		INV05710
	CHS		USE NEGATIVE RATIO	INV05720
	DST*	MULTPL	REDUCTION FACTOR	INV05730
	LXA	TWON,7		INV05740
REDUC2	DLD*	ADPVRW	ADPVRW HAS A TAG OF 7	INV05750
	DFMP*	MULTPL		INV05760
	DFAD*	ADOPRW	ADOPRW HAS A TAG OF 7	INV05770
	DST*	ADOPRW		INV05780
	TIX	REDUC2,7,2		INV05790
	DLD*	MULTPL	PUT REDUCTION FACTOR WHERE	INV05800
	DST*	ADOPEL	ZERO WAS PRODUCED	INV05810
REDUC3	CLA	ADOPRW		INV05820
	ADD	TWON		INV05830
	STA	ADOPRW	GO TO NEXT ROW	INV05840
	TXI	*+1,5,1	XR5 = ROW ABOUT TO BE REDUCED	INV05850
REDUC4	TIX	REDUC1,6T**	2N IN DECREMENT	INV05860
	TRA	1,4	DONE	INV05870
*				INV05880
*				INV05890
*				INV05900
*				INV05910
*				INV05920
*				INV05930
*				INV05940
SCALE	STO	TEMPAC		INV05950
	SSP			INV05960
	LRS	0		

SCALE1	CAS*	TEN		INV05970
	TRA	DIVIDE		INV05980
	TRA	DIVIDE		INV05990
TSTONE	CAS	=1.		INV06000
	TRA	CHKSGN		INV06010
	TRA	CHKSGN		INV06020
	DFMP*	TEN		INV06030
	DST*	MULTPL	TEMPORARY STORAGE	INV06040
	CLA	DETXP		INV06050
	SUB	=1		INV06060
	STO	DETXP		INV06070
	DLD*	MULTPL		INV06080
	TRA	TSTONE		INV06090
DIVIDE	DFDP*	TEN		INV06100
	DST*	MULTPL		INV06110
	CLA	DETXP		INV06120
	ADD	=1		INV06130
	STO	DETXP		INV06140
	DLD*	MULTPL		INV06150
	TRA	SCALE1		INV06160
CHKSGN	DST*	MULTPL		INV06170
	CLA	TEMPAC		INV06180
	LRS	0		INV06190
	CLA*	MULTPL		INV06200
	LLS	0		INV06210
	TRA	1,4		INV06220
*				INV06230
*		FLOATING POINT SPILL ROUTINE TO ANALYZE		INV06240
*		OVER/UNDER FLOW DURING DOUBLE PRECISION		INV06250
*		OPERATIONS		INV06260
*				INV06270
FLPSPL	STO	TEMPAC		INV06280
	CLA	0		INV06290
	STD	CELLO		INV06300
	CLA	CELLO		INV06310
	CAS	=3B17		INV06320
	TRA	TSTSTO	CHECK TO BE SURE IT IS NOT A STORAGE TRAP	INV06330
	TRA	**+4	UNDERFLOW IN AC AND MQ	INV06340
	CLA	TEMPAC	UNDERFLOW IN MQ ONLY	INV06350
	LDQ	=0		INV06360
	TRA*	0	RETURN	INV06370
	PXA	0,0		INV06380
	TRA	*-3		INV06390
TSTSTO	CAS	=7B17		INV06400
	TRA	ERR6	ODD STORAGE TRAP	INV06410
	TRA	ERR1	OVERFLOW IN AC OR AC AND MQ	INV06420
	TRA	ERR1		INV06430
*				INV06440
	END			INV99990

## SUBROUTINE DATASB

```
$IBMAP DATASB 4,DECK,M94/2
      ENTRY DATA
DATA PZE 12000
      PZE 8000
      BSS 11999
      END
```

```
DAT00000
DAT00010
DAT00020
DAT00030
DAT00040
DAT99990
```

SUBROUTINE KRD

```

$IBMAP FKRD      100,DECK,XR7,M94
*KRD  7090 FORTRAN LIBRARY / BCD TAPE INPUT ROUTINE
*****
*
*   M = KRD (A,NZ,IRROR,NFC,NCOL,NWT,LOGIC)
*
*       A - BEGINNING STORAGE LOCATION.
*       NZ - IF ZERO, WILL EXIT AFTER EACH CARD.
*           IF ONE, WILL EXIT AFTER END-FILE-CODE(12 PCH-COL 72)
*       IRROR - LOCATION WHERE ERROR CODES ARE STORED.
*           0 SUCCESSFUL.
*           1 PHYISCAL END-OF-FILE ON TAPE.
*           2 NFC*NCOL GREATER THAN 72.
*           3 IMPROPER NUMBER FOLLOWING B.
*           4 ILLEGAL CHARACTER IN DATA FIELD.
*           5 DIVIDE CHECK IN CONVERTING TO FX PT.
*           6 OVERFLOW CONVERTING TO FLOATING BINARY.
*           7 EFFECTIVE POWER GREATER THAN 38.
*           8 FIELD VALUE GREATER THAN 34,359,738,367.
*           9 ILLEGAL CHARACTER IN COLUMN 72.
*          10 MACHINE FAILURE.
*          11 END OF BUFFER ERROR READING
*       NFC - NUMBER OF FIELDS TO CONVERT.
*       NCOL - NUMBER OF COLUMNS PER FIELD.
*       NWT - NUMBER OF WORDS FOLLOWING THE CONVERSION FIELDS TO
*           TRANSFER AS UNCONVERTED BCD WORDS.
*       LOGIC - LOGICAL TAPE NUMBER
*       M - NUMBER OF CARDS SUCCESSFULLY CONVERTED.
*
* CONVERSION OF BCD CARD IMAGES IN CORE
*   CALL KRDG (A,B,IRROR,NFC,NCOL)
*
*       B - LOCATION OF 1ST WORD OF BCD FIELDS
*           TO BE CONVERTED.
*           2ND WORD AT B+1, ETC.
*****
*
*   REM
*   ENTRY  KRD
*   ENTRY  KRDG
*   LDIR
*   KRD    STZ    CLAUDE
*         TRA    CART
*   KRDG   STL    CLAUDE
*   CART   SAVE  4,1,2,1
*   PRE    TXI   *+1,4,-2
*         SXA    IR4,4
*         SXA    IR2,2
*         SXA    IR1,1
*         STZ    CDCT
*         NZT    CLAUDE
*         TRA    *+3
*         CLA    2,4
*         TRA    LOCATE+5
*         CLA*   7,4
*         STO    ALPHA+4
*         CALL   .FVIO.(ALPHA+4,ALPHA+5)

```

	CLA	ALPHA+5	KRD00420
	STA	ROPEN+1	KRD00430
	STA	LOCATE+1	KRD00440
	STA	LOCTWO+1	KRD00450
	PAC	0,4	KRD00460
	LDI	1,4	KRD00470
	LFT	040000	KRD00480
	TRA	LOCATE	KRD00490
ROPEN	TSX	.OPEN,4	KRD00500
	MZE	**	KRD00510
LOCATE	TSX	.READ,4	KRD00520
	PZE	**,ER11	KRD00530
	PZE	ER1,ER10	KRD00540
	IORTN	**,**	KRD00550
	CLA	*-1	KRD00560
	STA	LDQ	KRD00570
	STA	ALOOP	KRD00580
	ADD	=11	KRD00590
	STA	SETAD	KRD00600
	STA	LAST-2	KRD00610
	LXA	IR4,4	KRD00620
	CLA*	2,4	KRD00630
	STO	TEST	KRD00640
	CLA	BFILL	KRD00650
	STD	BDEC	KRD00660
	CLA	SWONE	KRD00670
KRDA	STA	SW	KRD00680
	AXT	10,1	KRD00690
SWALT	PXA	0,1	KRD00700
	STA*	3,4	KRD00710
	CLA	1,4	KRD00720
	STA	STORE	KRD00730
	CLA*	4,4	KRD00740
	STA	NFC	KRD00750
	XCA		KRD00760
	CLA*	5,4	KRD00770
	STO	NCOL	KRD00780
	MPY	NCOL	KRD00790
	XCA		KRD00800
	LXA	ZERO,4	KRD00810
	CAS	=72	KRD00820
	TRA	ER2	KRD00830
	TXI	*+1,4,-1	KRD00840
	SXA	LAST,4	KRD00850
AGAIN	LXA	=077777,4	KRD00860
	TOV	*+1	KRD00870
	LXA	NCOL,2	KRD00880
	SXD	NFCC,4	KRD00890
	CAL	=017	KRD00900
	STD	WDCT	KRD00910
	STZ	PWR	KRD00920
	ANA	**	KRD00930
	LAC	NFC,4	KRD00940
LAST	AXT	**,1	KRD00950
	TZE	*+3	KRD00960
	AXT	0,1	KRD00970
	PAC	**,4	KRD00980
	TXL	IR4,4,0	KRD00990
	SXD	ALL-1,1	KRD01000
	SXD	NFT,4	KRD01010

	TXL	*+2,4,-2		KRD01020
	STD	NFCC		KRD01030
BACK	CLA	*		KRD01040
	STD	STAR1		KRD01050
CLS	CLS	=0		KRD01060
	STO	ALPHA+1		KRD01070
	STO	ALPHA+2		KRD01080
LOOP	LXD	WDCT,4		KRD01090
LDQ	LDQ	** ,4		KRD01100
	AXT	6,1		KRD01110
BDEC	TXI	*+1,4,-1		KRD01120
	SXD	WDCT,4		KRD01130
ZERO	PXD	0,0		KRD01140
	LGL	6		KRD01150
SWONE	PAX	SW+1,4		KRD01160
	TXL	NUM,4,9		KRD01170
	TXL	ER4,4,15		KRD01180
	TXL	NEXT,4,16		KRD01190
	TXL	ER4,4,17		KRD01200
	TXL	FIXED,4,18		KRD01210
	TXL	ER4,4,20		KRD01220
	TXL	FLOAT,4,21		KRD01230
	TXL	ER4,4,26		KRD01240
	TXL	POINT,4,27		KRD01250
	TXL	ER4,4,31		KRD01260
	TXL	MINUS,4,42		KRD01270
	TXL	ER4,4,47		KRD01280
	TXL	NEXT,4,48		KRD01290
ER4	AXT	4,4	ILLEGAL CHARACTER	KRD01300
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01310
ER1	AXT	1,4	END OF FILE	KRD01320
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01330
ER2	AXT	2,4	CF 772	KRD01340
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01350
ER5	AXT	5,4	SCALING TOO LARGE	KRD01360
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01370
ER6	AXT	6,4	FL. PT. OVERFLOW	KRD01380
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01390
ER7	AXT	7,4	FL. EXP. OUT OF RANGE	KRD01400
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01410
ER9	AXT	9,4	ILLEGAL CHAR. COL. 72	KRD01420
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01430
ER10	AXT	10,4		KRD01440
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01450
ER11	AXT	11,4		KRD01460
SCRAM	PXA	0,4		KRD01470
	LXA	IR4,4		KRD01480
	STO*	3,4		KRD01490
	PXD	0,0		KRD01500
	TRA	IR2		KRD01510
POINT	STZ	ALPHA+2		KRD01520
	TRA	NEXT		KRD01530
MINUS	TXL	NOTL,4,34		KRD01540
	TXH	NOTL,4,35		KRD01550
	TXH	NOTL,2,1		KRD01560
	LXA	IR4,4		KRD01570
	CLA	1,4		KRD01580
	ADD	=1B17		KRD01590
	ADD	ALPHA+1		KRD01600
	STA	STORE		KRD01610

	TRA	NF		KRD01620
NOTL	SUB	=040		KRD01630
	TXL	*+2,4,42		KRD01640
	SUB	=10		KRD01650
	LXD	CLS,4		KRD01660
	SXD	STAR1,4		KRD01670
NUM	STO	ALPHA		KRD01680
	CLA	ALPHA+1		KRD01690
	ALS	3		KRD01700
	ADD	ALPHA+1		KRD01710
	ADD	ALPHA+1		KRD01720
	ADD	ALPHA		KRD01730
	SSP			KRD01740
	TNO	*+3		KRD01750
	AXT	8,4	CONVERSION OVERFLOW	KRD01760
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD01770
	STO	ALPHA+1		KRD01780
	CLA	ALPHA+2		KRD01790
	TMI	NEXT		KRD01800
	CLA	PWR		KRD01810
	SUB	=1		KRD01820
	STO	PWR		KRD01830
NEXT	TNX	ENDFD,2,1		KRD01840
	TIX	ZERO,1,1		KRD01850
	TRA	LOOP		KRD01860
FIXED	BSS	0		KRD01870
FLOAT	SSM			KRD01880
	STO	ALPHA+2		KRD01890
	XEC	STAR1		KRD01900
	STO	ALPHA+3		KRD01910
	CLA	PT2		KRD01920
	STA	NEXT		KRD01930
	CLA	*		KRD01940
	STD	STAR1		KRD01950
	CLS	=0		KRD01960
	STO	ALPHA+1		KRD01970
	TRA	NEXT		KRD01980
PT2	PZE	ENDEX		KRD01990
PT1	PZE	ENDFD		KRD02000
ENDEX	CLA	PT1		KRD02010
	STA	NEXT		KRD02020
	LXA	ALPHA+2,4		KRD02030
	XEC	STAR1		KRD02040
	TIX	ERTN,4,19		KRD02050
BRTN	TNZ	*+3		KRD02060
	TPL	*+2		KRD02070
	CLA	=35		KRD02080
	SUB	=35		KRD02090
	TMI	*+4		KRD02100
	TZE	*+3		KRD02110
ER3	AXT	3,4	NEGATIVE SCALING	KRD02120
	TRA	SCRAM		KRD02130
	STA	SHIFT		KRD02140
	STQ	ALPHA+2		KRD02150
	LDQ	ALPHA+3		KRD02160
	PXD	0,0		KRD02170
SHIFT	LLS	**		KRD02180
	LXA	PWR,4		KRD02190
	DCT			KRD02200
	TRA	*+1		KRD02210

	DVP	10T,4	KRD02240
	DCT		KRD02230
	TRA	ER5	KRD02240
	TOV	ER3	KRD02250
	ALS	1	KRD02260
	STQ	ALPHA	KRD02270
	LDQ	*	KRD02280
	LAS	10T,4	KRD02290
	NOP		KRD02300
	LDQ	MINUS	KRD02310
	CLA	ALPHA	KRD02320
	RND		KRD02330
	TRA	STORE	KRD02340
ERTN	ADD	PWR	KRD02350
	STO	PWR	KRD02360
	CLA	ALPHA+3	KRD02370
	TRA	**2	KRD02380
ENDFD	BSS	0	KRD02390
STAR1	CLA	ALPHA+1	KRD02400
	STQ	ALPHA+2	KRD02410
	TZE	STORE	KRD02420
	LFTM		KRD02430
	LRS	8	KRD02440
	TNZ	**3	KRD02450
	ORA	=0232000000000	KRD02460
	TRA	**2	KRD02470
	ORA	=0243000000000	KRD02480
	STO	ALPHA	KRD02490
	CLA	=04660000000	KRD02500
	LLS	8	KRD02510
	FAD	ALPHA	KRD02520
	FRN		KRD02530
	LXA	PWR,4	KRD02540
	TXL	SAVE,4,0	KRD02550
	XCA		KRD02560
	CLA	PWR	KRD02570
	TXH	ER7,4,38	KRD02580
	TMI	DIV	KRD02590
	FMP	PWR10,4	KRD02600
	TRA	OUT	KRD02610
DIV	XCA		KRD02620
	FDP	PWR10,4	KRD02630
	STQ	ALPHA	KRD02640
	FDH	PWR10,4	KRD02650
	PXA	0,0	KRD02660
	TQO	**2	KRD02670
	XCA		KRD02680
	FAD	ALPHA	KRD02690
OUT	FRN		KRD02700
	TOV	ER6	KRD02710
SAVE	EFTM		KRD02720
STORE	STO	**	KRD02730
	CLA	STORE	KRD02740
	ADD	INCR	KRD02750
	STA	STORE	KRD02760
	LDQ	ALPHA+2	KRD02770
NF	LXD	NFCC,4	KRD02780
	TNX	ALL,4,1	KRD02790
	SXD	NFCC,4	KRD02800
	CLA	*	KRD02810

	STD	STAR1	KRD02820
	CLS	=0	KRD02830
	STO	ALPHA+1	KRD02840
	STO	ALPHA+2	KRD02850
	STZ	PWR	KRD02860
	LXA	NCOL,2	KRD02870
NFT	TXH	NEXT+1,4,**	KRD02880
	STD	NFCC	KRD02890
	TXI	NEXT+1,2,-1	KRD02900
ALL	BSS	0	KRD02910
IR4	AXT	**,4	KRD02920
SW	TRA	**	KRD02930
	CLA	CDCT	KRD02940
	ADD	=1	KRD02950
	STO	CDCT	KRD02960
	ZET	CLAUDE	KRD02961
	TRA	EXIT	KRD02962
	CLA*	6,4	KRD02970
	PAX	0,1	KRD02980
	TXL	BLOOP,1,0	KRD02990
	LXD	WDCT,2	KRD03000
ALOOP	CLA	0,2	KRD03010
	XEC	STORE	KRD03020
	CLA	STORE	KRD03030
	ADD	INCR	KRD03040
	STA	STORE	KRD03050
BFILL	TXI	*+1,2,-1	KRD03060
	TIX	ALOOP,1,1	KRD03070
BLOOP	CLA	TEST	KRD03080
	TZE	EXIT	KRD03090
SETAD	CLA	0	KRD03100
	ALS	9	KRD03110
	PAX	0,2	KRD03120
	TXH	MTEST,2,8191	KRD03130
LOCTWO	TSX	,READ,4	KRD03140
	PZE	**,ER11	KRD03150
	PZE	ER1,,ER10	KRD03160
	IORTN	**,**	KRD03170
	CLA	*-1	KRD03180
	STA	LDQ	KRD03190
	STA	ALOOP	KRD03200
	ADD	=11	KRD03210
	STA	SETAD	KRD03220
	STA	LAST-2	KRD03230
	TRA	AGAIN	KRD03240
MTEST	TXH	ER9,2,24576	KRD03250
	TXH	LOCTWO,2,24575	KRD03260
	TXH	ER9,2,13312	KRD03270
EXIT	PXD	0,0	KRD03280
	STO*	3,4	KRD03290
IR2	AXT	**,2	KRD03300
IR1	AXT	**,1	KRD03310
	CLA	CDCT	KRD03320
	TRA	CART+1	KRD03330
			KRD03340
*			KRD03350
* * * * *			KRD03360
*			KRD03370
INCR	PZE	1	KRD03380
ALPHA	BSS	6	KRD03381
CLAUDE	DEC	0	

TEST	BSS	1		KRD03390
NFC	BSS	0		KRD03400
NFCC	BSS	1		KRD03410
NCOL	BSS	0		KRD03420
WDCT	BSS	1		KRD03430
CDCT	BSS	1		KRD03440
PWR	BSS	1		KRD03450
DEC		1000000000	,10000*000*,100000000,10000000	KRD03460
DEC		1000000	,100000,10000,1000,100,10	KRD03470
10T	PZE	1		KRD03480
ZPWR10	OCT	377454732313	,373741367021,370601137164	KRD03490
	OCT	365464114135	,361755023373,356612334311	KRD03500
	OCT	353473426555	,347770675742,344623713116	KRD03510
	OCT	341503074077	,336402374714,332635456171	KRD03520
	OCT	327512676456	,324410545213,320647410336	KRD03530
	OCT	315522640262	,312417031702,306661534466	KRD03540
	OCT	303532743536	,300425434430,274674055532	KRD03550
	OCT	271543212741	,266434157116,262706576512	KRD03560
	OCT	257553630410	,254443023471,250721522450	KRD03570
	OCT	245564416672	,242452013710,236734654500	KRD03580
	OCT	233575360400	,230461132000,224750220000	KRD03590
	OCT	221606500000	,216470400000,212764000000	KRD03600
	OCT	207620000000	,204500000000,201400000000	KRD03610
END	BSS	0		KRD03620
PWR10	SYN	END-1		KRD03630
*				KRD03640
* * * * *				KRD03650
	REM			KRD03660
	END			KRD03670

# SUBROUTINE BSF

```

$IBMAP FBSF      100,LIST,DECK,M94
*      BACK-SPACE FILE SUBROUTINE / BSF
*
* * * * *
*      CALL BSF (NFILE,LTAPE,LERROR)
*
*      NFILE  = NUMBER OF FILES TO BE SPACED.  THE TAPE IS ALWAYS
*              LEFT POSITIONED AT THE BEGINNING OF SOME FILE.
*              0 MEANS BACKSPACE TO BEGINNING OF CURRENT FILE.
*              1 MEANS BACKSPACE TO BEGINNING OF PRECEDING FILE,
*              ETC.
*      LTAPE  = LOGICAL TAPE UNIT TO BE USED.
*      LERROR = LOCATION IN WHICH ERROR CODE IS TO BE STORED.
*              0 INDICATES SUCCESS.
*              N INDICATES NUMBER OF FILES NOT SPACED WHEN
*              BEGINNING OF TAPE WAS REACHED.
* * * * *
*      REM
*      LDIR
*      REM
*      REM
* * * * *
BSF  SAVE      4,2,1,I
    CLA*      4,4
    STO      TEMP
    CALL     .FVIO.(TEMP,TEMP+1)
    CLA      TEMP+1
    STA      SETA
    STA      SETB
    LXA      .,0001,4
    CLA*     3,4
    PAX      0,1
    TXI      *+1,1,1
    LAC      TEMP+1,2
    LDI      1,2
    LNT      040000
    TRA      SETA+1
    TSX      .CLOSE,4
SETA  MON      **
CONT  TSX      .NDSEL,4
    PZE      0,2,6
    AXC      2,4
    NZT*     0,2
    TRA      SETN
    TIX      CONT,1,1
    AXT      WAIT,4
    SXA      WAIT,4
    CLA      0,2
    PAC      0,1
    ZET      1,1
    TRA      *-1
    LDQ      SETWD
    STQ      1,1
    TSX      .ACTV,4
    MZE      0,2
BSF00010
BSF00020
BSF00050
BSF00060
BSF00070
BSF00080
BSF00090
BSF00100
BSF00110
BSF00120
BSF00130
BSF00140
BSF00150
BSF00160
BSF00170
BSF00180
BSF00190
BSF00200
BSF00210
BSF00220
BSF00230
BSF00240
BSF00250
BSF00260
BSF00270
BSF00280
BSF00290
BSF00300
BSF00310
BSF00320
BSF00330
BSF00340
BSF00350
BSF00360
BSF00370
BSF00380
BSF00390
BSF00400
BSF00410
BSF00420
BSF00430
BSF00440
BSF00450
BSF00460
BSF00470
BSF00480
BSF00490
BSF00500
BSF00510
BSF00520
BSF00530
BSF00540
BSF00550
BSF00560
BSF00570
BSF00580
BSF00590

```

WAIT	TRA	*	BSF00600
SETWD	TWO	COM,,SELRT	BSF00610
COM	IORT	TEMP+4,,10	BSF00620
MPC	LXA	..0001,4	BSF00630
	STZ*	5,4	BSF00640
MPCA	TSX	.OPEN,4	BSF00650
SETB	MON	**	BSF00660
	RETURN	BSF	BSF00670
SETN	TXI	*+1,1,-1	BSF00680
	PXA	0,1	BSF00690
	LXA	..0001,4	BSF00700
	STO*	5,4	BSF00710
	TRA	MPCA	BSF00720
SELRT	TPL	SELPL	BSF00730
	AXT	MPC,2	BSF00740
	SXA	WAIT,2	BSF00750
	PAC	0,2	BSF00760
	STZ	1,2	BSF00770
	TRA	1,4	BSF00780
SELPL	PAC	0,2	BSF00790
	CLA	1,2	BSF00800
	STA*	.RCHX	BSF00810
	TRA	1,4	BSF00870
	REM		BSF00880
	LORG		BSF00890
* * * * *			BSF00900
*			BSF00910
ERASE	CONTRL	ER	BSF00920
	USE	ER	BSF00930
TEMP	BSS	20	BSF00940
	END		BSF00950

SUBROUTINE FSF

```

$IBMAP FFSF      50,DECK,M94
*FSF      709/90 FORTRAN LIBRARY / FORWARD SPACE FILE
*
* * * * *
*
*      CALL FSF (NFILE,LTAPE,LERROR)
*
*      NFILE - NUMBER OF END-OF-FILE MARKS TO SPACE PASS.
*              ZERO IS EQUIVALENT TO ONE.
*      LTAPE - LOGICAL TAPE NUMBER.
*      LERROR - LOCATION IN WHICH THE ERROR CODE IS STORED.
*              0 INDICATES SUCCESS.
*              N INDICATES NUMBER OF UNSPACED FILES WHEN
*              END-OF-TAPE SIGNAL WAS REACHED (SEE MM-23).
*
* * * * *
      REM
      LDIR
      REM
      REM
* * * * *
FSF  SAVE      (4,2,1)I
      CLA*     4,4
      STO      TEMP          LOGICAL UNIT
      CLA*     3,4
      PAX      0,1          CTR TO XR1
      CALL     .FVIO.(TEMP,TEMP+1)
      LAC      TEMP+1,2
      LDI      1,2
      CLA      TEMP+1
      STA      SETA
      STA      SETX
      LFT      040000
      TRA      LOOP
      TSX      .OPEN,4
SETX MON      **
LOOP  TSX      .READ,4          READ TO EOF
SETA  PZE      **,0
      PZE      EOF,,ERR
      IOCP     SKIM,0,2
      IORTN    **,0,-1
ERR   CAL      SKIM+1
      LAS      CODE          IF TAPEND
      TRA      LOOP
      TRA      ERRA
      TRA      LOOP
EOF   TIX      LOOP,1,1
      LXA      ..0001,4
      STZ*     5,4          SET N=0
      RETURN   FSF
ERRA  PXA      0,1          SET N TO CTR OF
      LXA      ..0001,4          UNSKIPPED FILES
      STO*     5,4
      TRA      ERRA-1
CODE  BCI      1,TAPEND
      LORG
ERASE CONTRL  ER
FFSF0010
FFSF0020
FFSF0050
FFSF0060
FFSF0070
FFSF0080
FFSF0090
FFSF0100
FFSF0110
FFSF0120
FFSF0130
FFSF0140
FFSF0150
FFSF0160
FFSF0170
FFSF0180
FFSF0190
FFSF0200
FFSF0210
FFSF0220
FFSF0230
FFSF0240
FFSF0250
FFSF0260
FFSF0270
FFSF0280
FFSF0290
FFSF0300
FFSF0310
FFSF0320
FFSF0330
FFSF0340
FFSF0350
FFSF0360
FFSF0370
FFSF0380
FFSF0390
FFSF0400
FFSF0410
FFSF0420
FFSF0430
FFSF0440
FFSF0450
FFSF0460
FFSF0470
FFSF0480
FFSF0490
FFSF0500
FFSF0510
FFSF0520
FFSF0530
FFSF0540
FFSF0550
FFSF0560
FFSF0570
FFSF0580
FFSF0590

```

SUBROUTINE FSR

```

$IBMAP FFSR      50,LIST,DECK,M94
*      FORWARD SPACE RECORD / FSR
*
* * * * *
*      CALL FSR (NREC,LTAPE,LERROR)
*
*      NREC - NUMBER OF FORTRAN LOGICAL RECORDS TO SPACE FORWARD.
*      LTAPE - LOGICAL TAPE NUMBER.
*      LERROR - LOCATION IN WHICH THE ERROR CODE IS STORED.
*              0 INDICATES SUCCESS.
*              N INDICATES NUMBER OF UNSPACED RECORDS WHEN AN
*                END-OF-FILE MARK WAS FOUND. TAPE LEFT SPACED IN
*                FRONT OF EOF.
*
*      CALL      FSPR(NPREC,LTAPE,LERROR)
*
*      NPREC - NUMBER PHYSICAL RECORDS TO SPACE FORWARD.
*
* * * * *
*      REM
*      ENTRY  FSR
*      ENTRY  FSPR
*      REM
*      REM
* * * * *
*      LDIR
* FSPR  STZ    CODE
*      TRA    **2
* FSR   STL    CODE
* TURN  SAVEN  4,2,1,I
*      CLA*   4,4
*      STO    TEMP
*      CLA*   3,4
*      PAX    0,1
*      TZE    WIND
*      CALL   ,FVIO,(TEMP,TEMP+1)
*      LAC    TEMP+1,2
*      SCA    SETA,2
*      SCA    SETB,2
*      LDI    1,2
*      LFT    040000
*      TRA    READL
*      TSX    ,OPEN,4
* SETB  MON    **
* READL TSX    ,READ,4
* SETA  PZE    **,0
*      PZE    EOF,,ERR
*      IOCP   SKIM,0,2
*      IORTN  **,0,-1
* ERR   LXA    SKIM,4
*      ZET    CODE
*      TXL    READL,4,0
*      TIX    READL,1,1
*      PXD    0,0
* DONE  LXA    ,0001,4
*      STO*   5,4

```

FSR00010  
FSR00020  
FSR00060  
FSR00070  
FSR00080  
FSR00090  
FSR00100  
FSR00110  
FSR00120  
FSR00130  
FSR00140  
FSR00150  
FSR00160  
FSR00170  
FSR00180  
FSR00190  
FSR00200  
FSR00210  
FSR00220  
FSR00230  
FSR00240  
FSR00250  
M3 FSR00260  
FSR00270  
FSR00280  
FSR00290  
FSR00300  
FSR00310  
FSR00320  
FSR00330  
FSR00340  
FSR00350  
FSR00360  
FSR00370  
FSR00380  
FSR00390  
FSR00400  
FSR00410  
FSR00420  
FSR00430  
FSR00440  
FSR00450  
FSR00460  
FSR00470  
FSR00480  
FSR00490  
FSR00500  
FSR00510  
FSR00520  
FSR00530  
FSR00540  
FSR00550  
FSR00560  
FSR00570  
FSR00580  
FSR00590  
FSR00600

	RETURN	TURN	FSR00610
EOF	TSX	NDSEL,4	FSR00620
	PZE	0,2,5	FSR00630
	NOP		FSR00640
WIND	PXA	0,1	FSR00650
	TRA	DONE	FSR00660
*			FSR00670
* * * * *			FSR00680
*			FSR00690
ERASE	CONTRL	ER	FSR00700
	USE	ER	FSR00710
TEMP	BSS	2	FSR00720
SKIM	BSS	2	FSR00730
CODE	BSS	1	FSR00740
	BSS	15	FSR00750
*			FSR00760
* * * * *			FSR00770
	REM		FSR00780
	END		FSR00790

## APPENDIX II

### SUBROUTINES READTP, WRTE TP, FVIO, FILE, INRPRD, AND FRUN

#### 1. SUBROUTINE READTP DESCRIPTION

Subroutine READTP reads a binary tape in the format of the 7094 matrix interpretive scheme (TL01).

Subroutine READTP has the following restrictions:

- The matrix on tape must be written by subroutine WRTE TP, a TL01 program, or its equivalent.
- Tape spacing subroutines FSF, FSR, and BSF are used by READTP.
- Tape reading is done by FORTRAN IV I/O subroutines.
- Only one- or two-dimensional arrays can be written on tape.

##### a. Calling Sequence

The calling sequence and descriptions of the READTP arguments are as follows:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Function</u>
A	(1, 1) element of the matrix to be read from tape. If this is not A(1, 1), the designated submatrix is read. (This is a method of partitioning matrices as they are read from tape.)
K	Row DIMENSION statement entry for A. This must be 1 if A is a singular dimensioned variable.
NAME	Name of matrix as it is read from tape. If NAME is nonzero upon entry to READTP, the name coming from the tape is compared to the incoming NAME and, if there is no agreement, an error return occurs. If the two names are the same, the name from the tape is stored in NAME.
M	Number of rows in the matrix
N	Number of columns in the matrix
B	Words 5 through 16 of the 16 <sub>10</sub> -word matrix identification

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Function</u>
NFILE	Number of file marks to be passed before reading starts. If 0, no file spacing takes place. If negative, backspacing occurs and NFILE end-of-file marks are passed. Then, the tape is spaced forward and past the last file mark encountered. The tape is always at the beginning of a file after any file spacing.
NMAT	Number of matrices to be passed before reading starts. If 0, no matrix spacing takes place. A negative value is illegal, because backward spacing of matrices is not allowed. All matrix spacing takes place after file spacing is complete.
NTAPE	Logical tape number
IRRROR	0 if successfully read; 1 if file spacing error; 2 if matrix spacing is negative; 3 if matrix spacing error; 4 if checksum error; 5 if name on tape is wrong

b. Space Required

Subroutine READTP requires 330 cells. Also, 134 cells of storage are required for subroutines FSR, FSF, and BSF.

c. Tape Format

The matrix must be written in two FORTRAN logical records. This is automatically satisfied if the tape is written by WRTE TP or TL01.

## 2. SUBROUTINE WRTE TP DESCRIPTION

Subroutine WRTE TP writes a matrix on binary tape in a format consistent with the 7094 matrix interpretive scheme (TL01).

This subroutine has the following restrictions:

- The matrix must be in the core in normal FORTRAN IV order.
- Tape spacing subroutines FSF, FSR, and BSF are used by subroutine WRTE TP.
- Tape writing is done by FORTRAN IV I/O subroutines.
- Only one- or two-dimensional arrays can be written on tape.

a. Calling Sequence

The calling sequence and descriptions of the READTP arguments are as follows:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Function</u>
A	(1, 1) element of the matrix to be written on tape. If this is not A(1, 1), then the designated submatrix is put on tape.
K	Row DIMENSION statement entry for A. This is 1 if A is a singular dimensioned variable.
NAME	Name of the matrix; a fixed-point number
M	Number of rows in the matrix
N	Number of columns in the matrix
B	Words 11 through 16 of 16 <sub>10</sub> -word matrix identification
NFILE	Number of end-of-file marks to be passed before writing starts. If 0, no file spacing takes place. If negative, backspacing occurs and NFILE end-of-file marks will be passed. Then, the tape will be spaced forward and past the last file mark encountered. The tape is always at the beginning of a file after any file spacing.
NMAT	Number of matrices to be passed before writing occurs. If 0, no matrix spacing takes place. A negative value is illegal, because backward spacing of matrices is not allowed. All matrix spacing takes place after file spacing is complete.
NTAPE	Logical tape number
IRROR	0 if successfully written; 1 if error occurs during file spacing; 2 if matrix spacing is negative; 3 if error occurs during matrix spacing

b. Space Required

Subroutine WRTEP requires 431 cells. Also, 134 cells of storage are required for subroutines FSR, FSF, and BSF.

### c. Tape Format

The matrix consists of two FORTRAN logical records. The first of these is the 16<sub>10</sub>-word identification, and the second consists of the matrix elements. The matrix may be written in fixed point, sparse, or null forms.

### 3. SUBROUTINE LISTINGS

This section contains the following subroutine listings.

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Page</u>
READTP . . . . .	243
WRTETP . . . . .	247
FVIO . . . . .	252
FILE . . . . .	254
INRPRD . . . . .	255
FRUN . . . . .	257

The following is a description of subroutines FVIO, FILE, INRPRD, and FRUN:

<u>Subroutine</u>	<u>Function</u>
FVIO	This subroutine is the input/output statement specifying variable-output units 1 through 17.
FILE	The FILE definitions of units 1 through 17 are computed by this subroutine.
INRPRD	This subroutine computes the interproducts of two matrices.
FRUN	This is the subroutine that rewinds and unloads tapes.

SUBROUTINE READTP

```

SIBMAP READTP 300,M94/2,DECK 00000000
*READTP SUBROUTINE TO READ A TL-01 BINARY TAPE 00000001
* FROM A FORTRAN PROGRAM 00000002
* CALL READTP (A,K,NAME,M,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR) 00000003
* A = ADDRESS WHERE MATRIX IS TO BE STORED 00000004
* K = ROW DIMENSION STATEMENT ENTRY FOR A 00000005
* NAME = NAME OF MATRIX 00000006
* M = ROW SIZE OF MATRIX 00000007
* N = COLUMN SIZE OF MATRIX 00000008
* B = WORDS 5 THROUGH 16 OF TAPE ID 00000009
* NFILE = NUMBER OF FILES TO BE SPACED 00000010
* FROM CURRENT POSITION 00000011
* POSITIVE CAUSES FORWARD SPACE 00000012
* NEGATIVE CAUSES BACKWARD SPACE 00000013
* NMAT = NUMBER OF MATRICES TO BE SPACED 00000014
* FROM CURRENT POSITION 00000015
* NTAPE = LOGICAL TAPE NUMBER 00000016
* IRR = 0 IF READ IS SUCCESSFUL 00000017
* = 1 IF FILE SPACING ERROR 00000018
* = 2 IF MATRIX SPACING IS NEG. 00000019
* = 3 IF MATRIX SPACING ERROR 00000020
* = 4 IF CHECKSUM ERROR 00000021
* = 5 IF NAME ON TAPE IS WRONG 00000022
* 00000023
READTP SAVE (1,2,4)I 00000024
SXA XR4,4 00000025
STZ TESTC2 00000026
CLA* 5,4 00000027
STO TEMP1 00000028
CLA* 11,4 00000029
STO TAPE 00000030
CLA* 9,4 00000031
TZE RCDSP 00000032
TPL FSFILE 00000033
SSP BACKSPACE 00000034
SUB =1 00000035
STO MFILE 00000036
CALL BSF(MFILE,TAPE,IRR1) 00000037
TRA TESTFL 00000038
FSFILE STO MFILE 00000039
CALL FSF(MFILE,TAPE,IRR1) 00000040
TESTFL ZET IRR1 00000041
TRA FILEER FILE SPACING ERROR 00000042
RCDSP LXAXR4,4 00000043
CLA* 10,4 00000044
TZE READID 00000045
TMI RCDER1 00000046
ALS 1 00000047
STO MMAT NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS. 00000048
CALL FSR(MMAT,TAPE,IRR1) 00000049
ZET IRR1 00000050
TRA RCDER2 RECORD SPACING ERROR 00000051
READID CALL FVIO.(TAPE,TAPIB) 00000052
CALL FRDB.(TAPIB) 00000053
TSX FBLT.,,4 00000054
STO CNAME 00000055
LXA XR4,2 00000056

```

	STO*	5,2	NAME	00000057
	TSX	.FBLT,4		00000058
	STO	CM		00000059
	STO*	6,2	M	00000060
	TSX	.FBLT,4		00000061
	STO	CN		00000062
	STO*	7,2	N	00000063
	TSX	.FBLT,4		00000064
	STO	CSUM	CHECKSUM	00000065
	AXT	12,1		00000066
	CLA	8,2	B	00000067
	ADD	=12		00000068
	STA	**2		00000069
PNT1	TSX	.FBLT,4		00000070
	STO	**1	LAST 12 NOS. INTO B	00000071
	TIX	PNT1,1,1		00000072
	LDQ	CM		00000073
	MPY	CN		00000074
	STQ	MTN		00000075
	CALL	.FRLR.		00000076
	CLA	TEMP1	NAME SUPPLIED BY CALLING PROGRAM	00000077
	TZE	NULOSP	IF IT IS ZERO, DO NOT CHECK	00000078
	SUB*	5,2	DO THE NAMES AGREE	00000079
	TNZ	NAMEER	NO	00000080
NULOSP	CLA*	8,2		00000081
	CAS	WDMSP		00000082
	TRA	*+2		00000083
	STO	TESTC2	MATRIX SPARSE	00000084
READ	CALL	.FRDB.(TAPIB)		00000085
	AXT	1,2		00000086
	LXA	XR4,4		00000087
	CLA	3,4	A	00000088
	STA	REDE		00000089
	CLA*	6,4		00000090
	ALS	18		00000091
	STD	TEST2	M	00000092
	STD	TEST4		00000093
	STD	TEST6		00000094
	CLA*	4,4	K	00000095
	PAC	0,1		00000096
	SXD	TEST1-1,1		00000097
	SXD	TEST3-1,1		00000098
	SXD	TEST5-1,1		00000099
	XCA			00000100
	MPY*	7,4	N	00000101
	XCA			00000102
	PAC	0,1		00000103
	SXD	TEST1,1	-K*N	00000104
	SXD	TEST3,1		00000105
	SXD	TEST5,1		00000106
	AXT	0,1		00000107
	PXA	0,0		00000108
*			START CHECKSUM OFF WITH NAME AND DIMENSIONS	00000109
	ACL	CNAME	NAME IN ADDRESS	00000110
	ACL	CM	M IN ADDRESS	00000111
	ACL	CN	N IN ADDRESS	00000112
	SLW	TEMP	STORE SUM IN CELL FOR UPCOMING CHECKSUM	00000113
	NZT	TESTC2		00000114
	TRA	REDEN		00000115
	ACL	WDMSP		00000116

	SLW	TEMP		00000117
REDES	TSX	•FBLT,•,4	SPARSE MATRIX	00000118
	STO*	REDE		00000119
	PDX	0,4		00000120
	XCA		GET LOGICAL VERSION FOR CKSUM	00000121
	XCL			00000122
	ACL	TEMP		00000123
	SLW	TEMP		00000124
	TXL	*+3,4,0		00000125
	AXT	0,4	STORE NO ZEROS	00000126
	TRA	TEST3-1		00000127
	CLA*	REDE		00000128
	PAX	0,4		00000129
STZRO	STZ*	REDE	STORE ZEROS	00000130
	TXI	*+1,1,**	-K	00000131
TEST3	TXH	TIR4,1,**	-K*N	00000132
	PXD	0,2		00000133
	PDC	0,1		00000134
	TXI	*+1,2,1		00000135
TEST4	TXL	TIR4,2,**	M	00000136
	TRA	RLR	TR TO RLR	00000137
TIR4	TIX	STZRO,4,1		00000138
	TRA	REDES	READ NEXT WORD	00000139
REDEN	TSX	•FBLT,•,4	TEST FOR NULL MATRIX	00000140
	NZT	MTN		00000141
	TRA	RLR		00000142
	STO*	REDE		00000143
	LDQ*	REDE		00000144
	SUB	WDMNL		00000145
	TZE	*+3	NULL	00000146
	XCL		NOT NULL	00000147
	TRA	REDE1		00000148
	XCL			00000149
	ACL	TEMP		00000150
	SLW	TEMP		00000151
STZN	STZ*	REDE		00000152
	TXI	*+1,1,**	-K	00000153
TEST5	TXH	STZN,1,**	-K*N	00000154
	PXD	0,2		00000155
	PDC	0,1		00000156
	TXI	*+1,2,1		00000157
TEST6	TXL	STZN,2,**	M	00000158
	TRA	RLR		00000159
	TSX	•FBLT,•,4		00000160
REDE	STO	** ,1	A	00000161
	XCA		GET LEGICAL VERSION FOR CKSUM	00000162
	XCL			00000163
REDE1	ACL	TEMP		00000164
	SLW	TEMP		00000165
	TXI	*+1,1,**	-K	00000166
TEST1	TXH	REDE-1,1,**	-K*N	00000167
	SXD	TEMP1,2		00000168
	LDC	TEMP1,1		00000169
	TXI	*+1,2,1		00000170
TEST2	TXL	REDE-1,2,**	M	00000171
RLR	CALL	•FRLR•		00000172
	CLA	CSUM		00000173
	TZE	XR4	IF CSUM=0, DO NOT CHECK	00000174
	SUB	=1•		00000175
	TZE	XR4		00000176

	CAL	CSUM		00000177
	ERA	TEMP		00000178
	TNZ	CSUMER		00000179
XR4	AXT	**94		00000180
	STZ*	1294	ZERO ERROR CODE	00000181
	RETURN	READTP		00000182
FILEER	CLA	=1	FILE SPACING ERROR	00000183
	LXA	XR494		00000184
	STO*	1294		00000185
	RETURN	READTP		00000186
RCDER1	CLA	=2	NEGATIVE MATRIX SPACING	00000187
	TRA	FILEER+1		00000188
RCDER2	CLA	=3	MATRIX SPACING ERROR	00000189
	TRA	FILEER+1		00000190
CSUMER	CLA	=4	CHECKSUMS DO NOT AGREE	00000191
	TRA	FILEER+1		00000192
NAMEER	CLA	=5	NAMES DO NOT AGREE	00000193
	TRA	FILEER+1		00000194
WDMNL	BCI	1,M=NULL		00000195
WDMSP	BCI	1,SPARSE		00000196
TESTC2	PZE			00000197
MTN	PZE			00000198
TAPE	HTR	0		00000199
IRR1	HTR	0		00000200
TEMP	HTR	0		00000201
TEMP1	HTR	0		00000202
CSUM	HTR	0		00000203
MFILE	HTR	0		00000204
MMAT	HTR	0		00000205
CNAME	PZE	0		00000206
CM	PZE	0		00000207
CN	PZE	0		00000208
TAPIB	PZE		TAPE FOR IBSYS	00000209
	END			00000210

# SUBROUTINE WRTETP

```

SIBMAP WRTETP 400,M94/2,DECK 00000000
*WRTETP SUBROUTINE TO WRITE A TL-01 BINARY TAPE 00000001
* FROM A FORTRAN PROGRAM. 00000002
* CALL WRTETP (A,K,NAME,M,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR) 00000003
* A = ADDRESS OF MATRIX (1,1) ELEMENT 00000004
* K= ROW DIMENSION STATEMENT ENTRY FOR A 00000005
* NAME = NAME OF MATRIX 00000006
* M = ROW SIZE OF MATRIX 00000007
* N=COLUMN SIZE OF MATRIX 00000008
* B=WORDS 11 THROUGH 16 OF ID 00000009
* NFILE=NUMBER OF FILES TO BE SPACED 00000010
* FROM CURRENT POSITION 00000011
* POSITIVE CAUSES FORWARD SPACE 00000012
* NEGATIVE CAUSES BACKWARD SPACE 00000013
* NMAT=NUMBER OF MATRICES TO BE SPACED 00000014
* FROM CURRENT POSITION 00000015
* NTAPE=LOGICAL TAPE NUMBER 00000016
* IRR= 0 IF SUCCESSFUL WRITE 00000017
* = 1 IF ERROR ON FILE SPACE 00000018
* = 2 IF MATRIX SPACING IS NEGATIVE 00000019
* = 3 IF ERROR ON MATRIX SPACE 00000020
* 00000021
* 00000022
WRTETP SAVE (1,2,4)I 00000023
SXA XR4,4 00000024
CLA* 11,4 NTAPE 00000025
STO TAPE 00000026
CLA* 9,4 NFILE 00000027
TZE RCDSP 00000028
TPL FSFILE 00000029
SSP BACKSPACE 00000030
SUB =1 00000031
STO MFILE 00000032
CALL BSF(MFILE,TAPE,IRR1) 00000033
TRA TESTFL 00000034
FSFILE STO MFILE 00000035
CALL FSF(MFILE,TAPE,IRR1) 00000036
TESTFL ZET IRR1 00000037
TRA FILEER FILE SPACING ERROR 00000038
RCDSP LXAXR4,4 00000039
CLA* 10,4 NMAT 00000040
TZE CALCSM 00000041
TMI RCDER1 00000042
ALS 1 00000043
STO MMAT NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS. 00000044
CALL FSR(MMAT,TAPE,IRR1) 00000045
ZET IRR1 00000046
TRA RCDER2 RECORD SPACING ERROR 00000047
CALCSM LXAXR4,4 00000048
STZ TESTC1 00000049
STZ TESTC2 00000050
CLA WDSPSE 00000051
STO TESTC3 00000052
* TESTC3=SPARSE,MATRIX SPARSE 00000053
* TESTC3=0,MATRIX NOT SPARSE 00000054
CLA* 3,4 00000055
CAS WDMNL TEST ELEMENT A(1,1) 00000056
TRA **2

```

	STO	TESTC1	ELEMENT A(1,1) =M=NULL	00000057
	CLA	3,4		00000058
	STA	CSM1		00000059
	CLA*	6,4		00000060
	SLW	CM	SAVE M IN ADDRESS	00000061
	ALS	18		00000062
	STD	TST2		00000063
	STD	TST4		00000064
	STD	TST6		00000065
	STD	TST8		00000066
	CLA*	4,4	K	00000067
	PAC	0,1		00000068
	SXD	TST1-1,1		00000069
	SXD	TST3-1,1		00000070
	SXD	TST5-1,1		00000071
	SXD	TST7-1,1		00000072
	XCA			00000073
	MPY*	7,4	K*N	00000074
	XCA			00000075
	PAC	0,1		00000076
	SXD	TST1,1		00000077
	SXD	TST3,1		00000078
	SXD	TST5,1		00000079
	SXD	TST7,1		00000080
	AXT	0,1		00000081
	AXT	1,2		00000082
	CLA*	5,4	NAME	00000083
	STO	CNAME	NAME IN ADDRESS	00000084
	CAL*	7,4	N	00000085
	SLW	CN	N IN ADDRESS	00000086
	ACL	CNAME	START CHECKSUM OFF WITH NAME AND DIMENSIONS	00000087
	ACL	CM		00000088
	SLW	TEMP		00000089
	LDQ	CN		00000090
	MPY	CM		00000091
	STQ	MTN		00000092
	NZT	MTN		00000093
	TRA	PTWT1-1		00000094
	ZET	TESTC1	IS A(1,1) = M=NULL	00000095
	TRA	NULLCS	NULL MATRIX	00000096
	CAL	TEMP		00000097
CSM1	ACL	** ,1	A	00000098
	XCL			00000099
	CLA*	CSM1		00000100
	TZE	GCKSMB		00000101
	STO	TESTC2	MATRIX NOT NULL	00000102
	ANA	=0377400000000		00000103
	TNZ	*+2		00000104
	STZ	TESTC3	MATRIX NOT SPARSE	00000105
GCKSMB	XCL			00000106
	TXI	*+1,1,**	-K	00000107
TST1	TXH	CSM1,1,**	-K*N	00000108
	SXD	TEMP,2		00000109
	LDC	TEMP,1		00000110
	TXI	*+1,2,1		00000111
TST2	TXL	CSM1,2,**	M	00000112
	SLW	TEMP		00000113
	CLA	TESTC2		00000114
	TMI	PTWT		00000115
	TNZ	PTWT		00000116

NULLCS	CAL	WDMNL	NULL MATRIX	00000117
	SLW	TESTC1		00000118
	ACL	CN		00000119
	ACL	CM		00000120
	ACL	CNAME		00000121
	SLW	TEMP	NULL MATRIX CHECK SUM	00000122
	STZ	TESTC3		00000123
	TRA	PTWT1		00000124
PTWT	NZT	TESTC3		00000125
	TRA	PTWT1		00000126
	AXT	0,1	SPARSE MATRIX	00000127
	AXT	1,2		00000128
	AXT	0,4	0 COUNT	00000129
	PXA	0,0		00000130
FIXSP	ZET*	GSM1		00000131
	TRA	CKWC		00000132
	TXI	*+1,4,1	ADD 1 TO ZERO COUNT	00000133
	SXA	SPIR,1	ELEMENT LOC.	00000134
	TXI	*+1,1,**	-K	00000135
TST5	TXH	FIXSP,1,**	-K*N	00000136
	SXD	TEMP,2		00000137
	LDC	TEMP,1		00000138
	TXI	*+1,2,1		00000139
TST6	TXL	FIXSP,2,**	M	00000140
	SLW	TEMP		00000141
	PXA	0,4		00000142
	TZE	*+3		00000143
	LXA	SPIR,1		00000144
	STO*	CSM1	STORE 0 COUNT	00000145
	ACL	TEMP	FORM SPARSE CHECK SUM	00000146
	ACL	CN		00000147
	ACL	CNAME		00000148
	ACL	CM		00000149
	ACL	WDSPSE		00000150
	SLW	TEMP		00000151
	TRA	PTWT1		00000152
CKWC	ACL*	CSM1		00000153
	TXH	*+2,4,0	ANY ZEROES YET	00000154
	TRA	TST5-2		00000155
	SLW	TEMP		00000156
	SXD	SPIR,1	LOC. NON-ZERO TERM AFTER COUNT	00000157
	LXA	SPIR,1	LAST ZERO ELEM. LOC.	00000158
	PXA	0,4		00000159
	STO*	CSM1	STORE CONTROL WORD	00000160
	ACL	TEMP	UPDATE CHECKSUM	00000161
	LXD	SPIR,1		00000162
	AXT	0,4	ZERO COUNT=0	00000163
	TRA	TST5-2		00000164
	STZ	TESTC3		00000165
PTWT1	CALL	.FVIO.(TAPE,TAPIB)		00000166
	CALL	.FWRB.(TAPIB)		00000167
	CLA	CNAME		00000168
	TSX	.FBLT.,,4	NAME	00000169
	CLA	CM		00000170
	TSX	.FBLT.,,4	M	00000171
	CLA	CN		00000172
	TSX	.FBLT.,,4	N	00000173
	CLA	TEMP		00000174
	TSX	.FBLT.,,4	CHECKSUM	00000175
	CLA	TESTC3		00000176

	TSX	.FBLT,4	SPARSE OR 0	00000177
	AXT	5,1		00000178
	CLA	=0		00000179
	TSX	.FBLT,4	5 CONSECUTIVE ZEROES	00000180
	TIX	*-2,1,1		00000181
	LXA	XR4,4		00000182
	AXT	6,1		00000183
	CLA	8,4	B	00000184
	ADD	=6		00000185
	STA	*+1		00000186
	CLA	**1	ADDRESS B+6	00000187
	TSX	.FBLT,4	6 NUMBERS OF B	00000188
	TIX	*-2,1,1		00000189
	CALL	.FWLR		00000190
	CALL	.FWRB.(TAPIB)		00000191
	NZT	MTN		00000192
	TRA	CKWZR		00000193
	NZT	TESTC1		00000194
	TRA	NWRTE	MATRIX NOT NULL	00000195
	CLA	TESTC1	M=NULL	00000196
	TSX	.FBLT,4		00000197
	AXT	15,1		00000198
	CLA	=0		00000199
	TSX	.FBLT,4		00000200
	TIX	*-2,1,1		00000201
	TRA	WLR		00000202
	NWRTE	AXT		00000203
		1,2		00000204
	NZT	TESTC3		00000205
	TRA	WRTE	MATRIX NOT SPARSE	00000206
	AXT	0,4	NUMBER OF WORDS COUNT	00000207
	SPWRTE	CLA*		00000208
		CSM1		00000209
	TZE	TST7-1		00000210
	ANA	=0377400000000		00000211
	LDQ*	CSM1		00000212
	TNZ	*+2	NOT CONTROL WORD	00000213
	STZ*	CSM1	ZERO OUT CONTROL WORD	00000214
	XCA			00000215
	SXD	TEMP,4		00000216
	TSX	.FBLT,4		00000217
	LXD	TEMP,4		00000218
	TXI	*+1,4,1		00000219
	TXI	*+1,1,**	-K	00000220
	TST7	TXH	SPWRTE,1,**	-K*N
		SXD	TEMP,2	
		LDC	TEMP,1	
		TXI	*+1,2,1	
	TST8	TXL	SPWRTE,2,**	M
		PXA	0,4	
		SUB	=16	
		TPL	WLR	MORE THAN 16 WORDS
		SSP		
		TRA	WRZR	
	*	WRTE	WRITE FIXED POINT MATRIX	
		CLA*	CSM1	CHECKSUM CORRECT
		TSX	.FBLT,4	
		TXI	*+1,1,**	-K
	TST3	TXH	WRTE,1,**	-K*N
		SXD	TEMP,2	
		LDC	TEMP,1	

	TXI	*+1,2,1		00000237
TST4	TXL	WRTE,2,**	M	00000238
CKWZR	CLA	=16		00000239
	SUB	MTN		00000240
	TMI	WLR		00000241
	TZE	WLR		00000242
WRZR	PAX	0,1	M*N LESS THAN 16	00000243
	CLA	=0		00000244
	TSX	.FBLT,.,4		00000245
	TIX	*-2,1,1		00000246
WLR	CALL	.FWLR.		00000247
XR4	AXT	**,4		00000248
	STZ*	12,4		00000249
	RETURN	WRTETP		00000250
FILEER	CLA	=1	FILE SPACING ERROR	00000251
	LXA	XR4,4		00000252
	STO*	12,4		00000253
	RETURN	WRTETP		00000254
RCDER1	CLA	=2	NEGATIVE MATRIX SPACING	00000255
	TRA	FILEER+1		00000256
RCDER2	CLA	=3	MATRIX SPACING ERROR	00000257
	TRA	FILEER+1		00000258
WDMNL	BCI	1,M=NULL		00000259
WDSPSE	BCI	1,SPARSE		00000260
TESTC1	PZE			00000261
TESTC2	PZE			00000262
TESTC3	PZE			00000263
SPIR	PZE			00000264
MTN	PZE			00000265
TEMP	HTR	0		00000266
MFILE	HTR	0		00000267
MMAT	HTR	0		00000268
IRR1	HTR	0		00000269
TAPE	HTR	0		00000270
CNAME	PZE	0		00000271
CM	PZE	0		00000272
CN	PZE	0		00000273
TAPIB	PZE		TAPE FOR IOCS	00000274
END				00000275

## SUBROUTINE FVIO

```

$IBMAP FVIO      50,( )OK,DECK
              TTL      FVIO - FORTRAN VARIABLE I/O LOGICAL UNIT          3FA00020
              REM      3FA00030
              REM      CALLING SEQUENCE IS CALL .FVIO.(LN,ERAS) WHERE LN IS 3FA00040
              REM      LOCATION OF VARIABLE LOGICAL UNIT AND ERAS WILL CONTAIN 3FA00050
              REM      CONTENTS OF APPROPRIATE .UNXX. (.UNXX. CONTAINS      3FA00060
              REM      PZE UNITXX WHERE XX CORRESPONDS TO LOGICAL UNIT N). 3FA00070
              REM      FVIO IS CALLED FOR ANY I/O STATEMENT SPECIFYING      3FA00080
              REM      A VARIABLE LOGICAL UNIT.                            3FA00090
              REM      3FA00100
.FVIO.  SAVE      (2)          (1)3FA00110
        CLA*     3,4          PICK UP LOGICAL UNIT NUMBER          (1)3FA00120
        PAC      ,2          (1)3FA00130
        TXL      ERROR,2,-NUNITS-1  IS UNIT ZERO, OR TOO LARGE  (1)3FA00140
        CLA*     TABLE,2      SAVE ADDRESS OF                (1)3FA00150
        STO*     4,4          FILE CONTROL BLOCK                (1)3FA00160
        RETURN   .FVIO.       (1)3FA00170
ERROR   CLA*     3,4          LOGICAL UNIT IN ERROR            (1)3FA00250
        ANA      ADMSK       DEFINED FOR THIS UNIT VALUE.      3FA00260
        XCA      CONVERT THIS ILLEGAL VALUE                    3FA00270
        AXT      0,4         TO DECIMAL FOR ERROR MESSAGE.     3FA00280
        STZ      TEMP       3FA00290
CNVT    PXA      0,0        3FA00300
        DVP      L(10)      3FA00310
        ALS      0,4        3FA00320
        ORS      TEMP       3FA00330
        CLA      =1         3FA00340
        TLQ      *+2        3FA00350
        TXI      CNVT,4,-6  3FA00360
        CAL      BLANKS     3FA00370
        ALS      6,4        3FA00380
        ORA      TEMP       3FA00390
        SLW      E47MES+6   3FA00400
UNERR   CALL    .FXEM.(CODE)  EXIT FOR EXECUTION ERROR.  3FA00410
        TRA      .LXERR     NO OPTIONAL EXIT.                  3FA00420
        PZE      47         3FA00430
CODE    ER47MS  PZE      E47MES,,7  3FA00440
        ER47OP  PZE      NOOPXT,,7  3FA00450
        E47MES  BCI      7,0LOGICAL UNIT NOT DEFINED FOR VALUE 3FA00460
        NOOPXT  BCI      7,0NO OPTIONAL EXIT - EXECUTION TERMINATED 3FA00470
        ADMSK  OCT      000000077777 3FA00480
        TEMP   PZE      **          3FA00490
        L(10)  DEC      10         3FA00500
        BLANKS BCI      1,         3FA00510
        TABLE PZE      NUNITS     3FA00550
        PZE     .UN01.     3FA00560
        PZE     .UN02.     3FA00570
        PZE     .UN03.     3FA00580
        PZE     .UN04.     3FA00590
        PZE     .UN05.     3FA00600
        PZE     .UN06.     3FA00610
        PZE     .UN07.     3FA00620
        PZE     .UN08.     3FA00630
        PZE     .UN09.
        PZE     .UN10.
        PZE     .UN11.
        PZE     .UN12.

```

```
PZE      .UN13.
PZE      .UN14.
PZE      .UN15.
PZE      .UN16.
PZE      .UN17.
*        ADDITIONAL UNITS MAY BE INSERTED HERE. FOR EACH UNIT
*        INSERTED, A CORRESPONDING ROUTINE MUST BE INSERTED TO
*        PRODUCE A $FILE CARD FOR THE ADDITIONAL UNIT,
NUNITS  EQU      *-TABLE-1
END
```

3FA00640  
3FA00650  
3FA00660  
3FA00670  
3FA00680

## SUBROUTINE FILE

```
$IBMAP FILE DECK
      ENTRY  .UN01.
      ENTRY  .UN02.
      ENTRY  .UN03.
      ENTRY  .UN04.
      ENTRY  .UN07.
      ENTRY  .UN08.
      ENTRY  .UN09.
      ENTRY  .UN10.
      ENTRY  .UN11.
      ENTRY  .UN12.
      ENTRY  .UN13.
      ENTRY  .UN14.
      ENTRY  .UN15.
      ENTRY  .UN16.
      ENTRY  .UN17.
. UN01. PZE UNIT01
. UN02. PZE UNIT02
. UN03. PZE UNIT03
. UN04. PZE UNIT04
. UN07. PZE UNIT07
. UN08. PZE UNIT08
. UN09. PZE UNIT09
. UN10. PZE UNIT10
. UN11. PZE UNIT11
. UN12. PZE UNIT12
. UN13. PZE UNIT13
. UN14. PZE UNIT14
. UN15. PZE UNIT15
. UN16. PZE UNIT16
. UN17. PZE UNIT17
UNIT01 FILE ,UT1,READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT02 FILE ,UT2,READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT03 FILE ,UT3,READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT04 FILE ,UT4,READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT07 FILE ,PP1,READY,OUTPUT,BLK=14,BCD,PUNCH
UNIT08 FILE ,C(1),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT09 FILE ,LB4,READY,INOUT,MXBCD,SCRATCH
UNIT10 FILE ,C(2),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT11 FILE ,C(3),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT12 FILE ,C(4),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT13 FILE ,C(5),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT14 FILE ,B(1),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT15 FILE ,B(2),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT16 FILE ,A(1),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
UNIT17 FILE ,A(2),READY,INOUT,BIN,SCRATCH
      END
```

# SUBROUTINE INRPRD

```

SIBMAP INRPRD 60,M94,DECK                                00000000
*INRPRD      SUBROUTINE TO COMPUTE AN INNER PRODUCT      (7094/2 ONLY)00000001
*                                                    00000002
*                                                    00000003
* CALL INRPRD (A,INCRMA,B,INCRMB,PROD,N)                00000004
* A = STARTING ADDRESS OF ROW                            00000005
* INCRMA = STORAGE INCREMENT FOR ELEMENTS OF A          00000006
* B = STARTING ADDRESS OF COLUMN                         00000007
* INCRMB = STORAGE INCREMENT FOR ELEMENTS OF B          00000008
* PROD = LOCATION WHERE PRODUCT IS TO BE STORED         00000009
* PRDSUM ENTRY ADDS THE RESULT TO THE PROD CELL        00000010
* N = NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN ROW OR COLUMN               00000011
*
* ENTRY PRDSUM                                          00000012
*
INRPRD SAVE (1,2,4)I                                    00000013
CAL IN FIND OUT WHERE TO GO                             00000014
TNZ PRDSUM+2 IF NON-ZERO, ENTRY WAS AT PRDSUM           00000015
TRA BEGIN-2                                           00000016
PRDSUM STL IN SAVE ENTRY LOCATION                      00000017
TRA INRPRD                                            00000018
CAL ADD STUFF FOR SUMMING WITH RESULT CELL            00000019
SLW SUM1                                             00000020
TRA BEGIN                                            00000021
CAL NOADD STUFF FOR SIMPLE INNER PRODUCT              00000022
SLW SUM1                                             00000023
BEGIN SXA XR4,4                                       00000024
CAL 3,4 PRE-MULT                                       00000025
STA OVER                                             00000026
CAL 5,4 POST-MULT                                     00000027
STA OVER+1                                           00000028
CLA* 4,4 PRE-MULT. INCREMENT                          00000029
PAC 0,2 NEGATIVE OF INCREMENT FOR A                   00000030
SXD LOOPND-2,2                                       00000031
CLA* 6,4 POST-MULT. INCREMENT                         00000032
PAC 0,2 NEGATIVE OF INCREMENT FOR B                   00000033
SXD LOOPND-1,2                                       00000034
AXT 0,1 CONTROL FOR A                                00000035
AXT 0,2 CONTROL FOR B                                00000036
CLA* 8,4 N                                            00000037
PAX 0,4 CONTROL FOR NUMBER OF ELEMENTS                00000038
START STZ TEMPAD CLEAR SUMMING CELL                   00000039
OVER LDQ **,1 A                                       00000040
FMP **,2 B                                            00000041
DFAD TEMPAD                                          00000042
DST TEMPAD                                          00000043
TXI **+1,1,** -INCRMA IN DECREMENT                    00000044
TXI **+1,2,** -INCRMB IN DECREMENT                    00000045
LOOPND TIX OVER,4,1                                  00000046
XR4 AXT **,4                                         00000047
SUM1 HTR 9,4 THIS SHOULD ALWAYS BE STUFFED            00000048
FRN                                                  00000049
STO* 7,4 INNER PRODUCT                                00000050
STZ IN                                               00000051
RETURN INRPRD                                        00000052
IN PZE 0 FLAG FOR ENTRY POINT                         00000053
TEMPAD BSS 2 TEMPORARY STORAGE FOR D.P. SUMMING       00000054

```

NOADD TRA  
ADD FAD\*  
END

SUM1+1  
7,4

USED FOR INRPRD ENTRY  
USED FOR PRDSUM ENTRY

00000057  
00000058  
00000059



## APPENDIX III

### PHASE I PROGRAM LISTING

This appendix contains the following listings:

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PHASE I PROGRAM LISTING  
PHASE I - MAIN PROGRAM

SUBROUTINE PHASE1

5IBFTC PHASE1 DECK

```

C *****
C *
C *RANDOM VIBRATION ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR COMPLEX STRUCTURES*
C *
C * ( R A N V I B )
C *****

```

P H A S E 1

MAIN PROGRAM - THE EIGENVALUE EIGENVECTORS (FREM0D ROUTINE) AND THE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS PROGRAM (MAST) IS CALLED IN THIS PROGRAM.

\*\*\*TAPE USAGE\*\*\*

NTAP10-OUTPUT TAPE. THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE STORED ON THIS TAPE.

```

* * * * *
* STIFFNESS *
* FLEXIBILITY *
* *EOF *
* STRESS(PLATES) *
* * *
* STRESS(BEAMS) *
* *EOF *
* FREQUENCIES *
* MODE SHAPES *
* GENERALIZED MASS *
* *EOF *
* MASS(CARD INPUT) *
* *EOF *
* * *
* * * * *

```

NTAP2- MAST OUTPUT. THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE STORED ON THIS TAPE.

```

* * * * *
* PARAMETER MATRIX *
* *EOF *
* STIFFNESS MATRIX *
* *EOF *
* FLEXIBILITY MATRIX *
* *EOF *
* * * * *

```

NTAP8- MAST OUTPUT. THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE STORED ON THIS TAPE.

```

* * * * *
* PARAMETER MATRIX *
* *EOF *

```



```

C      NFILE = 2
C      *****
C      CALL AMERGE( NTAP2, NTAP1, NFILE )
C      END FILE NTAP1
C
C      IF ( FLG2 .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 45
C      GO TO (10,20,10), FLG2
C
C*** MERGE THE STRESS MARICES FOR PLATES AND REPARTITION TO 8XN
10  ITYPE = 8
C      *****
C      CALL SMERGE( NTAP8,NTAP1,ITYPE )
C      IF( FLG2 .EQ. 3 ) GO TO 20
C      GO TO 45
C
C*** MERGE THE STRESS MATRICES FOR BEAMS AND REPARTITION TO 6XN
20  ITYPE = 6
C      *****
C      CALL SMERGE( NTAP12,NTAP1,ITYPE )
C
C***FREMOD PROGRAM IS CALLED TO FIND THE EIGENVALUES(FREQUENCIES),
C      EIGENVECTORS(MODE SHAPES) AND GENERALIZED MASSES.
C
C
C      45  END FILE NTAP1
C
C      *****
C      50  CALL FREMOD
C
C      9000 FORMAT(5I10)
C      RETURN
C      END

```

```
SIBFTC BLK      DECK
BLOCK DATA
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
DATA MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,MT13,MT14,
* MT15,MT16,MT17/1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17/
COMMON/REDUC/NTEST,NTEST2
DATA NTEST/6HAND ST/,NTEST2/6HONLY /
END
```

021

029

# SUBROUTINE MAST

```

$IBFTC MAST*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE MAST
C
C
C
C
C   PROGRAM CONTROL PARAMETERS
C   0 NO EXECUTION
C   1 EXECUTION
C   2 PRINT
C
C   NP=0 (60*60 PARTITIONS)
C   IF NVIB EQUALS 1 PARTITIONS ARE PRINTED
C
COMMON/RENT/NRENT,KRENT
COMMON/MAPSTR/IPTOT,IBTOT
COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)
COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)
COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP,NOPT(4)
COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB,IF88
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/TITL/TITLE(13)
COMMON/PAGE/NPAGE
COMMON/REDUC/NTEST,NTEST2
DIMENSION IERROR(5)
INTEGER FRPR,SRP,SRB,FR
C
C SET ALL OPTIONS JO ZERO
  NDEFL = 0
  NKSP = 0
  NREX = 0
  NNF = 0
  NBSTR = 1
  NPSTR = 1
  IF88 = 0
  NCOND = 0
1  NPS=0
  NTOL=0
  NPAGE=0
  DO 5 I=1,5
  IERROR(I) = 0
5  CONTINUE
  REWIND MT2
  REWIND MT4
  REWIND MT8
  REWIND MT11
  REWIND MT12
  REWIND MT1
  REWIND MT3
  REWIND MT16
  IN = MT5
  IOUT = MT6
C
C   READ(IN,9000)TITLE
C
C   READ (IN,9101) NOPT,NVIB,KRPR,FRPR,SRP,SRB,FR

```

```

041
043
067
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101
104

```

```

CALL PAGHED
WRITE (IOUT,9001) NOPT
READ(IN,9100)NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NP
WRITE(IOUT,9002)NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NP
IF (NOPT(3) .EQ. NTEST) GO TO 10
IF (NOPT(3) .EQ. NTEST2) GO TO 10
GO TO 99
C
10 CONTINUE
CALL SUBM1
C
CALL SOLN
C
C***** THIS SECTION CONTROLS THE EXECUTION OF THE TLO1 DATA PHASES.
C
REWIND MT9
AREA = 1.0
C SPACE TAPE PAST FIRST FILE CONTAINING FORTRAN GENERATION ROUTINES
I=1
50 CONTINUE
CALL FSF(1,MT9,IER)
IF(IER .NE. 0) GO TO 900
C EXECUTE A.TLO1 PHASE (WHEN I=1, KR WILL BE COMPUTED)
CALL TLO1(MT9,0,IERORR)
DO 55 ICELL=1,5
IF(IERROR(ICELL) .NE. 0) GO TO 999
55 CONTINUE
C TRANSFER TO APPROPRIATE TEST TO DETERMINE NEXT TLO1 PHASE TO BE EXECUTED.
GO TO (100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800),I
100 CONTINUE
C IS PRINTING OF KR DESIRED
IF(KRPR .EQ. 0) GO TO 150
C PRINT KR
I = 2
GO TO 50
C NO PRINT OF KR
150 CONTINUE
AREA = 2.0
CALL FSF(1,MT9,IER)
IF(IER .NE. 0) GO TO 900
C IS FR DESIRED
200 CONTINUE
IF(FR .NE. 0) GO TO 250
I = 3
GO TO 50
C NO FR DESIRED
250 CONTINUE
AREA = 3.0
CALL FSF(2,MT9,IER)
IF(IER .NE. 0) GO TO 900
GO TO 400

```

107  
108  
109  
111

```

C IS PRINT OF FR DESIRED
300 CONTINUE
  IF(FRPR .EQ. 0) GO TO 350
  I = 4
  GO TO 50

C NO PRINT OF FR DESIRED
350 CONTINUE
  AREA = 4.0
  CALL FSF(1,MT9,IER)
  IF(IER .NE. 0) GO TO 900

C ARE STRESSES DESIRED
400 CONTINUE
  IF(NOPT(3) .NE. NTEST) GO TO 800
  IF(NPLATE .EQ. 0) GO TO 450
  I = 5
  GO TO 50

C NO PLATES
450 CONTINUE
  AREA = 5.0
  CALL FSF(2,MT9,IER)
  IF(IER .NE. 0) GO TO 900
  GO TO 600

C IS PRINT OF PLATE STRESS DESIRED
500 CONTINUE
  IF(SRP .EQ. 0) GO TO 550
  I = 6
  GO TO 50

C NO PRINT OF PLATE STRESSES
550 CONTINUE
  AREA = 6.0
  CALL FSF(1,MT9,IER)
  IF(IER .NE. 0) GO TO 900

C ANY BEAMS
600 CONTINUE
  IF(NBEAM .EQ. 0) GO TO 800
  I = 7
  GO TO 50

C IS PRINT OF BEAM STRESSES DESIRED
700 CONTINUE
  IF(SRB .EQ. 0) GO TO 800
  I = 8
  GO TO 50
800 CONTINUE
  REWIND MT9
  RETURN

C ERROR COMMENT
900 CONTINUE
  WRITE(IOUT,9902) IER,MT9,AREA
  STOP
99 CONTINUE
  WRITE (IOUT,9900) NOPT

```

```

STOP
999 CONTINUE
WRITE (IOUT,9901) IERROR
STOP
9900 FORMAT(//49H ILLEGAL OPTION CONTROL CARD. CARD READ WAS.....4A6,
*/104H IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING.....DEFLECTIONS ONL
*Y.....OR.....DEFLECTIONS AND STRESSES)
9901 FORMAT (//54H TL01 ERROR WHILE TRYING TO EXECUTE THE FOLLOWING CAR
*D/5(5X,I10))
9902 FORMAT(//31H FSF ERROR IN MAIN. THE CODE = 15,5X,7HTAPE = 15,5X,
* 7HAREA = F2.0)
C
9000 FORMAT(13A6)
9001 FORMAT(//11H CALCULATE ,4A6)
9002 FORMAT(//15H STRUCTURE SIZE 7X,5HBEAMS 5X,6HPLATES 4X,
1 5HNODES 3X,10HPARTITIONS/16X,4I10)
9100 FORMAT(3I4,4X,I4)
9101 FORMAT(4A6,3X,I1,2X,I1,2X,I1,2X,I1,2X,I1,2X,I1)
C
END
112
116
118

```

## SUBROUTINE PAGED

```
$IBFTC PAGED*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE PAGED
  COMMON /TITL/TITLE(13)
  COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
  COMMON/PAGE/NPAGE
  IOUT = MT6
  NPAGE=NPAGE+1
  WRITE(IOUT,100)TITLE,NPAGE
100 FORMAT(1H1,23X,13A6,5X,5HPAGE ,I6)
  RETURN
  END
```

## SUBROUTINE UNPACK

```
$IBFTC UNPAC* DECK
      SUBROUTINE UNPACK(IJKLMN,I,J,K,L,M,N)
C
C      ROUTINE UNPACKS BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
C
      I=IJKLMN/100000
      JP=IJKLMN-100000*I
      J=JP/10000
      KP=JP-10000*J
      K=KP/1000
      LP=KP-1000*K
      L=LP/100
      MP=LP-100*L
      M=MP/10
      N=MP-10*M
C
      RETURN
      END
```

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	136

## SUBROUTINE PRINT

```

$IBFTC PRINT* DECK
SUBROUTINE PRINT (A,NROW,NCOL,CASE,TITLE,PAGE,NIZ)
C
C
C PRINTS ONE OR TWO DIMENSIONAL ARRAYS
C LIST OF ARGUMENTS FOR PRINT ROUTINE
C NROW(I5),NCOL(I5),CASE(I6),TITLE(A6),PAGE(A1)
C
C DIMENSION A(NIZ,1),FMT (4)
C INTEGER FMT,H8
C DATA IOUT/6/,NPRNT/8/,H8/1H8/
C DATA FMT(1)/24H(1X2I3,1P E14.5)/
C
C IF(NROW.LE.24) WRITE(IOUT,9101)PAGE
C N2=0
C IF(NCOL.LT.NPRNT) GO TO 160
C M=1
C 95 FMT(3)=H8
C 100 N1=N2+1
C N2=N2+NPRNT
C IF(NROW.GT.24) GO TO 120
C IF(M*(NROW+6 ).LT.60) GO TO 130
C 120 M=1
C WRITE(IOUT,9102)
C 130 IF(N2.GT.NCOL) GO TO 170
C 150 WRITE(IOUT,9103)TITLE,CASE,NROW,NCOL,N1,N2
C WRITE(IOUT,FMT)(I,N1,(A(I,J),J=N1,N2),I=1,NROW)
C M=M+1
C IF(N2.NE.NCOL) GO TO 100
C
C RETURN
C
C 160 N1=1
C 170 N2=NCOL
C FMT(3)=N2-N1+1
C GO TO 150
C
C 9101 FORMAT(A1)
C 9102 FORMAT(1H1)
C 9103 FORMAT(/1X,7HMATRIX A6,10H IDENT NO,I6,I5,6H ROWS
C 1 I5,6H COLS 3X,7H1ST COL,I4,3X,8HLAST COL,I4//)
C
C END

```

## SUBROUTINE SUBM1

```
$IBFTC SUBM1* DECK
      SUBROUTINE SUBM1
C
C ROUTINE CALLS FOR GENERATION AND MERGER
C INER=1 IF A QUADRILATERAL PLATE FAILS
C COPLANARITY TEST (SEE COPLAN SUBROUTINE)
C
      COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)
      COMMON/CONT2/KPART(800)
      COMMON/CONT3/LPART(800)
      COMMON/RENT/NRENT,KRENT
      COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)
      COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
      COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP
      COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB
      COMMON/SKIP/NBSP,NBSB,NBSPI,NBSBI
      COMMON/NOMERG/INER
C
      INER=0
      NRENT=0
      CALL GENRAT
C
      IF(NRENT.NE.0)GO TO 1000
      IF(INER.EQ.1)GO TO 1000
      CALL MERGE
C
1000 RETURN
      END
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169

## SUBROUTINE GENRAT

\$IBFTC	GENRA* DECK	215
	SUBROUTINE GENRAT	216
C		217
C	CONTROL FOR GENERATION OF ELEMENT MATRICES	218
C		219
	COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)	220
	COMMON/CONT2/KPART(800)	221
	COMMON/CONT3/LPART(800)	222
	COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)	223
	COMMON/CORD/XN(2000),YN(2000),ZN(2000)	224
	COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB	225
	COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP	226
	COMMON/ADPRO/EM,G,RC,ALFA,DARC,DL	227
	COMMON/SSTR/EMM,GG	228
	COMMON/CHECK/ACPT,GROSS	
	COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,	
	* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17	
	COMMON/FLAG/NFLAG	232
	COMMON/TITL/TITLE(13)	233
C		
	IN = MT5	
	IOUT = MT6	
C		241
	NFLAG=0	242
	CALL INFO	243
C		244
C		245
	IF(NPLATE.EQ.0)GO TO 100	246
	ACPT=0.1	
	GROSS=1.0	
	READ(IN,9000) EMM,GG	
	CALL PAGHED	
	CALL PLATE	248
100	CONTINUE	249
C		250
	IF(NBEAM.EQ.0)GO TO 200	251
	READ(IN,9000)EMM,GG	252
	CALL PAGHED	
	CALL BEAM	253
200	CONTINUE	254
C		255
	IF(NFLAG.NE.0)STOP	263
C		264
9000	FORMAT(6E12.4)	265
	RETURN	266
	END	267

## SUBROUTINE REDUCE

```

$IBFTC REDUC* DECK
      SUBROUTINE REDUCE(A,N,K)
C
      DIMENSION A(N,N)
C
      DO 100 I=1,N
      DO 100 J=1,N
      IF((I.EQ.K).OR.(J.EQ.K))GO TO 100
      A(I,J)=A(I,J)-A(K,J)*A(I,K)/A(K,K)
100 CONTINUE
C
      DO 500 L=1,N
      A(L,K)=0.0
500 A(K,L)=0.0
C
      RETURN
      END

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## SUBROUTINE INFO

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$IBFTC INFO*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE INFO                                314
C                                                       315
C  ROUTINE READS IN BOUNDARY CONDITIONS           316
C  AND WRITES BOUNDARY DATA ON TWO TAPES       317
C  TAPE IKDF CONTAINS SPECIFIED DEFLECTIONS     318
C  TAPE IKBC CONTAINS NODAL,B.C. AND SPRING DATA 319
C  N18 = TAPE CONTAINING REDUCTION INFORMATION
C                                                       320
COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)                          321
COMMON/CONT2/KPART(800)                          322
COMMON/CONT3/LPART(800)                          323
COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)                            324
COMMON/CORD/XN(2000),YN(2000),ZN(2000)          325
COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB 326
COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NUM1,IUM2,NP
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/TITL/TITLE(13)
COMMON/REDUC/NTEST
DIMENSION FKK(6),JKK(6)                          331
DIMENSION KFIX(6)                                333
DIMENSIONMAPD(200)
DIMENSION IRETAN(6)
EQUIVALENCE(MAPD,JPART)

IN = MT5
IOUT = MT6
IKDF = MT4
IKBC = MT3
N18 = MT1
DO 30 I=1,200
30 LN(I)=0
C                                                       334
C                                                       335
C                                                       336
C                                                       337
DO 40 I=1,800
  JPART(I)=0
  KPART(I)=0
  LPART(I)=0
C                                                       338
C                                                       339
C                                                       340
C                                                       341

```

	INFO
C***** SET UP PARTITIONS	342
IF(NP.NE.0)GO TO 100	343
C	344
NP=NNODE/10	345
DO 20 I=1,NP	346
20 LN(I)=10*I	347
IF((NNODE-NP*10).EQ.0)GO TO 99	348
NP=NP+1	349
LN(NP)=NNODE	350
99 CONTINUE	351
NUM1=NP	352
GO TO 101	353
100 NUM1=NP	354
READ(IN,9080)(LN(I),I=1,NP)	355
101 CONTINUE	356
C	
WRITE(IOUT,9000)(I,LN(I),I=1,NP)	
CALL PAGHED	
LINE=0	
WRITE(IOUT,9001)	361
C	
C***** LOOP FOR EACH NODE	362
DO 500 I=1,NNODE	363
C	
C***** DETERMINE WHICH PARTITION THIS NODE IS IN	
DO 250 K=1,NP	364
210 IF(I.GT.LN(K))GO TO 250	365
NI=K	366
GO TO 251	367
250 CONTINUE	368
251 CONTINUE	369
C***** READ IN NODAL DATA	
45 READ(IN,9021) M,JKK,XN(M),YN(M),ZN(M),(IRETAN(IO),IO=1,6)	
DO 47 IO=1,6	
47 IRETAN(IO) = IABS(IRETAN(IO))	
WRITE(N18) M	
WRITE(N18) (IRETAN(IO),IO=1,6)	
46 CONTINUE	
IF(I.NE.M)WRITE(IOUT,9070)M	371
DO 51 K=1,6	
51 JKK(K)=IABS(JKK(K))	
IJKLMN=100000*JKK(1)+10000*JKK(2)+1000*JKK(3)+100*JKK(4)+10*JKK(5)	372
1+JKK(6)	373
WRITE(IKBC)M,IJKLMN	374
IF(LINE.LT.50)GO TO 1	
LINE=0	
CALL PAGHED	
WRITE(IOUT,9001)	
1 CONTINUE	
LINE=LINE+1	
60 WRITE(IOUT,9012) M,JKK,XN(M),YN(M),ZN(M),(IRETAN(IO),IO=1,6)	
C	375
65 K=0	376
DO 300 N=1,6	377
300 IF(JKK(N).EQ.3)K=1	378
IF(K.NE.1)GO TO 350	379
READ(IN,9030)(FKK(JJ),JJ=1,6)	380
WRITE(IKBC)(FKK(JJ),JJ=1,6)	381
C***** READ SPRING DATA	

WRITE(IOUT,9003)(FKK(JJ),JJ=1,6)	
LINE=LINE+1	
IF(LINE,LT,50)GO TO 2	
CALL PAGED	
LINE=0	
WRITE(IOUT,9001)	
2 CONTINUE	
350 CONTINUE	382
C	383
C***** COUNT FIXED DEGREES OF FREEDOM	
K=0	385
DO 102 N=1,6	386
IF((JKK(N).EQ.0).OR.(JKK(N).EQ.3))GO TO 102	387
K=K+1	388
KFIX(K)=N	389
102 CONTINUE	392
C	417
500 CONTINUE	418
C	419
C	420
9000 FORMAT(//25H LAST NODES IN PARTITIONS/(1X,10(I3,1H,I4,5X)))	
9001 FORMAT(//41X,10HNODAL DATA//6X,4HNODE,9X,2HBC,14X,1HX,18X,1HY,18X,	
1 1HZ,7X,17HRETAINED FREEDOMS//)	
9002 FORMAT(6X,I4,7X,6I1,6X,1PE12.4,7X,1PE12.4,7X,1PE12.4)	
9003 FORMAT(9H SPRINGS 6E12.4)	
9012 FORMAT(6X,I4,7X,6I1,6X,1PE12.4,7X,1PE12.4,7X,1PE12.4,7X,6I1)	
9020 FORMAT(I4,6X,6I1,8X,3E12.4)	
9021 FORMAT(I4,6X,6I1,8X,3E12.4,4X,6I1)	
9030 FORMAT(6E12.4)	422
9040 FORMAT(I4)	
9050 FORMAT(6E12.4)	
9070 FORMAT(6H NODE ,I4,16H OUT OF SEQUENCE )	424
9080 FORMAT(18I4)	425
REWIND N18	
RETURN	426
END	427

## SUBROUTINE PLATE

\$IBFTC PLATE* DECK	
SUBROUTINE PLATE	431
C	432
COMMON/RENT/NRENT,KRENT	433
COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)	434
COMMON/CONT3/LPART(800)	435
COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)	436
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,	
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17	
COMMON/CORD/XN(2000),YN(2000),ZN(2000)	440
COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,IPT,NPS ,IUM2	441
C	442
COMMON/ADPRO/EM,G,RC,ALFA,DARC,DL	443
COMMON/SSSTR/EMM,GG	444
COMMON/PSTIF2/H,TS	445
COMMON/PSTIF1/SK(18,18)	446
COMMON/PSTIF8/SKQ(30,30)	447
COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N5	448
COMMON/PSTIFC/TIBX,TIBY,TIBS	449
COMMON/PSTIFD/TX,TY,TO	450
COMMON/PSTIFG/XS1,YS1,ZS1,XS2,YS2,ZS2,XS3,YS3,ZS3,XS4,YS4,ZS4	451
COMMON/PMTR1/PT(3,3)	
COMMON/STRAN/GT(8,24)	453
COMMON/FLAG/NFLAG	454
COMMON/PSTIFL/ISWAP	455
COMMON/SWAP/KSWAP	456
COMMON/PSTIFH/XL1,YL1,XL2,YL2,XL3,YL3,XL4,YL4	457
COMMON/TITL/TITLE(13)	
COMMON/BUCK/IBUC	
COMMON/THRST/TRS1,TRS2,TRS3,TRS4,TRS5,TRS6,TRS7	
COMMON/PSTRSS/SKQSS(30,30)	
C	459
DIMENSION NN(10),F(24,24),PI(8,40)	
EQUIVALENCE(F,SK)	
C	463
C	464
C N4 - NODE NUMBER FOR NODE 4 ON QUADRILATERAL PLATE	466
C IO - OUTPUT PARAMETER (1 PRINT)	467
C TIBX - MOMENT OF INERTIA FOR OUT OF PLANE STIFFNESS IN X-DIRECTION	468
C NP - PLATE NUMBER	465
C TIBY - MOMENT OF INERTIA FOR OUT OF PLANE STIFFNESS IN Y-DIRECTION	469
C TX - THICKNESS FOR IN-PLANE LOADING IN X-DIRECTION	471
C TIBS - MOMENT OF INERTIA FOR OUT OF PLANE STIFFNESS IN SKIN DIRECTION	470
C TY - THICKNESS FOR IN-PLANE LOADING IN Y-DIRECTION	472
C TO - THICKNESS FOR IN-PLANE SHEAR	473
C TS - THICKNESS FOR SKIN	474
C E - YOUNGS MODULUS	475
C GAMMA - POISSON,S RATIO	476
C SK66 - STIFFNESS MATRIX FOR (INPST) AND (OUTPM)	477
C SK99 - STIFFNESS MATRIX FOR (INP) AND (OUTP)	478
C XS1,YS1,ZS1 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATE AT NODE 1 TRIANULAR OR QUADRILATER	479
C XS2,YS2,ZS2 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATE AT NODE 2 TRIANULAR OR QUADRILATER	480
C XS3,YS3,ZS3 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATE AT NODE 3 TRIANULAR OR QUADRILATER	481
C XS4,YS4,ZS4 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATE AT NODE 4 QUADRILATERAL PLATE	482
C XL1,YL1 - LOCAL COORDINATES AT NODE 1 TRIANGULAR OR QUADRILATERAL PLA	483
C XL2,YL2 - LOCAL COORDINATES AT NODE 2 TRIANGULAR OR QUADRILATERAL PLA	484
C XL3,YL3 - LOCAL COORDINATES AT NODE 3 TRIANGULAR OR QUADRILATERAL PLA	485
C XL4,YL4 - LOCAL COORDINATES AT NODE 4 QUADRILATERAL PLATE	486
C	487
C	488
C	489

C	ICON(I,J)=1000*MAX0(I,J)+MIN0(I,J)	490
	IN = MT5	491
	IOUT = MT6	
	KSOLN = MT8	
	ISTRS = MT16	
	K1=1	492
	ICC=0	493
	LINE=0	
	WRITE(IOUT,9000)(II,II=1,4)	
1000	NT=0	494
1001	NT=NT+1	495
C	READ PLATE DATA	496
	READ(IN,9500)NP,N1,N2,N3,N4,IIN,IO,IBUC,T,EM,G	
	IF(IBUC.NE.0)READ(IN,9502)TRS1,TRS2,TRS3,TRS4,TRS5,TRS6,TRS7	
	IF(EM)1060,1070,1080	499
1060	WRITE(IOUT,9560)NP	500
	EM=ABS(EM)	501
	GO TO 1080	502
1070	EM=EMM	503
1080	IF(G)1090,1100,1110	504
1090	WRITE(IOUT,9570)NP	505
	G=ABS(G)	506
	GO TO 1110	507
1100	G=GG	508
1110	IF(NP-NT)1120,1125,1120	509
1120	WRITE(IOUT,9580)NP,NT	510
	CALL EXIT	511
C		512
1125	CONTINUE	513
	KSWAP=0	514
	IF(IIN=1)1050,2,3	515
2	TO=T	516
	TS=T	517
	TIBS=T**3/12.	518
	TX=0.	519
	TY=0.	520
	TIBX=0.	521
	TIBY=0.	522
	GO TO 1035	523
3	READ(IN,9501)TX,TIBX,TY,TIBY,TS,TIBS	524
	TO=T	525
	IF(TS.EQ.0.) TS=TO	526
	IF(TIBS.EQ.0.) TIBS=TO**3/12.	527
	IF(IIN.EQ.2) GO TO 4	528
	T=1.-G**2	529
	TX=-TO*(1.-TX)*T	530
	TY=-TO*(1.-TY)*T	531
	TIBX=-TO*(1.-TIBX)*T	532
	TIBY=-TO*(1.-TIBY)*T	533
	GO TO 1035	534
4	CONTINUE	535
C	CHECK VALIDITY OF PLATE INPUT	536
C	POSITIVE MOMENTS OF INERTIA AND THICKNESSES	537
	IF(NNODE=N1)1020,1005,1005	538
1005	IF(NNODE=N2)1020,1010,1010	539
1010	IF(NNODE=N3)1020,1015,1015	540
1015	IF(NNODE=N4)1020,1025,1025	541
1020	WRITE(IOUT,9550)NP	542
	NFLAG=1	543
1025	CONTINUE	544

	IF(TIBX.GE.0.)GO TO 1027	545
	WRITE(IOUT,9590)NP	546
	TIBX=ABS(TIBX)	547
1027	IF(TIBY.GE.0.)GO TO 1029	548
	WRITE(IOUT,9590)NP	549
	TIBY=ABS(TIBY)	550
1029	IF(TIBS.GE.0.)GO TO 1031	551
	WRITE(IOUT,9600)NP	552
	TIBS=ABS(TIBS)	553
1031	IF(TX.GE.0.)GO TO 1033	554
	WRITE(IOUT,9600)NP	555
	TX=ABS(TX)	556
1033	IF(TY.GE.0.)GO TO 1035	557
	WRITE(IOUT,9600)NP	558
	TY=ABS(TY)	559
1035	IF(TO.GE.0.)GO TO 1037	560
	WRITE(IOUT,9600)NP	561
	TO=ABS(TO)	562
1037	IF(TS.GE.0.)GO TO 1050	563
	WRITE(IOUT,9600)NP	564
	TS=ABS(TS)	565
1050	CONTINUE	566
	WRITE(IOUT,9001)NP,N1,N2,N3,N4,TO,TX,TIBX,TY,TIBY,TS,TIBS,EM,G	
	IF(IBUC.NE.0) WRITE(IOUT,6000) TRS1,TRS2,TRS3	
	LINE=LINE+2	
	IF(LINE.LT.50)GO TO 10	
	CALL PAGHED	
	LINE=0	
	WRITE(IOUT,9000)(II,II=1,4)	
10	CONTINUE	
	M=N1	567
	XS1=XN(M)	568
	YS1=YN(M)	569
	ZS1=ZN(M)	570
C		571
	M=N2	572
	XS2=XN(M)	573
	YS2=YN(M)	574
	ZS2=ZN(M)	575
C		576
	M=N3	577
	XS3=XN(M)	578
	YS3=YN(M)	579
	ZS3=ZN(M)	580
C		581
	N5=N4	582
	IF(N5.EQ.0)GO TO 1127	583
	XS4=XN(N5)	584
	YS4=YN(N5)	585
	ZS4=ZN(N5)	586
1127	CONTINUE	587
C		588
C		589
	DO 1 I=1,30	590
	DO 1 J=1,30	591
	SKQSS(I,J)=0.0	
1	SKQ(I,J)=0.0	592
C		593
C	CALL THE GENERATION OF THE STIFFNESS AND FIXED END FORCES	594
	CALL PSTIF(LINE)	
706	CONTINUE	

	IF(LINE.LT.50)GO TO 21	
	LINE=0	
	CALL PAGHED	
	WRITE(IOUT,9000)(II,II=1,4)	
21	CONTINUE	
	IF(KRENT.NE.0) GO TO 1002	596
	IF(ISWAP.EQ.0) GO TO 1251	597
	NSAVE=N3	598
	N3=N4	599
	N4=NSAVE	600
	KSWAP=1	601
	GO TO 10	
1251	CONTINUE	603
C		604
1002	CONTINUE	605
C	CONNECTIVITY INFO FOR PLATE	606
C		607
C		608
	MPT=IPT-1	609
	DO 1129 I=1,MPT	610
	IF((N1.LE.LN(I+1)).AND.(N1.GT.LN(I)))NI=I+1	611
	IF((N2.LE.LN(I+1)).AND.(N2.GT.LN(I)))NJ=I+1	612
	IF((N3.LE.LN(I+1)).AND.(N3.GT.LN(I)))NK=I+1	613
	IF((N4.LE.LN(I+1)).AND.(N4.GT.LN(I)))NL=I+1	614
	IF(N1.LE.LN(1))NI=1	615
	IF(N2.LE.LN(1))NJ=1	616
	IF(N3.LE.LN(1))NK=1	617
	IF(N4.LE.LN(1))NL=1	618
1129	CONTINUE	619
	LL=6	620
	NN(1)=1001*NI	621
	NN(2)=ICON(NJ,NI)	622
	NN(3)=1001*NJ	623
	NN(4)=ICON(NK,NI)	624
	NN(5)=ICON(NK,NJ)	625
	NN(6)=1001*NK	626
	IF(N4.EQ.0)GO TO 1132	627
	NN(7)=ICON(NL,NI)	628
	NN(8)=ICON(NL,NJ)	629
	NN(9)=ICON(NL,NK)	630
	NN(10)=1001*NL	631
	LL=10	632
1132	CONTINUE	633
	DO 1135 J=1,LL	634
	DO 1134 I=1,K1	635
	II=I	636
	IF(JPART(I).EQ.NN(J))GO TO 1135	637
1134	CONTINUE	638
	II=K1	639
	K1=K1+1	640
	JPART(II)=NN(J)	641
	LPART(II)=10001*NP	642
1135	LPART(II)=(LPART(II)/10000)*10000+NP	643
	NPS=K1-1	644
C		645
C	CALL FOR 6X6 TRANSFORMATION	646
	CALL PMTR	647
C		648
C	CALL FOR STRESS TRANSFORMATION	649
	CALL SMTR	650
C		651

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C
LIM=18
IF(N4.NE.0)LIM=24
* * * TRANSFORMATION= K(LAMBDA-T) * * *
C
CALL KLAMT(SKQSS,PT)
C
* * * GENERATE STRESS MATRIX * * *
C
DO 1275 I=1,8
DO 1275 J=1,24
1275 PI(I,J)=0.0
C
CALL MUL1(GT,SKQSS,PI,1,8,LIM,LIM,8,30,8)
IF(IBUC)1276,1277,1276
1276 CALL KLAMT(SKQ,PT)
GO TO 1279
1277 DO 1278 I=1,30
DO 1278 J=1,30
1278 SKQ(I,J)=SKQSS(I,J)
C
* * * COMPLETE COORD. TRANSFORMATION = LAMBDA(K*LAMDA-T) * * *
1279 CALL LAMK(SKQ,PT)
C
WRITING STIFFNESS
C
WRITE(KSOLN)N1,N2,N3,N4
C
WRITE(KSOLN)((SKQ (J,I),J=1,6),I=1,6),
1((SKQ(J,I),J= 1, 6),I= 7,12),((SKQ(J,I),J= 1, 6),I=13,18),
2((SKQ(J,I),J= 1, 6),I=19,24),((SKQ(J,I),J= 7,12),I= 1, 6),
3((SKQ(J,I),J= 7,12),I= 7,12),((SKQ(J,I),J= 7,12),I=13,18),
4((SKQ(J,I),J= 7,12),I=19,24),((SKQ(J,I),J=13,18),I= 1, 6),
5((SKQ(J,I),J=13,18),I= 7,12),((SKQ(J,I),J=13,18),I=13,18),
6((SKQ(J,I),J=13,18),I=19,24),((SKQ(J,I),J=19,24),I= 1, 6),
7((SKQ(J,I),J=19,24),I= 7,12),((SKQ(J,I),J=19,24),I=13,18),
8((SKQ(J,I),J=19,24),I=19,24)
C
WRITING STRESS
C
WRITE(ISTRN)NP,N1,N2,N3,N4
WRITE(ISTRN)((PI(I,J),I=1,8),J=1,24)
C
IF(IO.NE.1)GO TO 1280
C
PRINT OPTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL PLATE
CALL PRINT(GT,8,LIM,1,4HSMTR,1,8)
CALL PRINT(SKQ,LIM,LIM,1,4HSTIF,1,30 )
CALL PRINT(PI,8,LIM,1,4HSTRS,1,8)
1280 CONTINUE
C
C
C
C
C
C
C
IF(NPLATE=NT)2003,2003,1001
C
2003 CONTINUE
C
6000 FORMAT(15X,10HSIGMA-X = ,E12.5,3X,10HSIGMA-Y = ,E12.5,3X,9HTAU-XY
*= ,E12.5)
9000 FORMAT(/56X,10HPLATE DATA//

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1 1X, 6H PLATE,4(5H NODE ),4X,4HT(O),7X,4HT(X),7X,4HI(X),7X,
2 4HT(Y),7X,4HI(Y),7X,4HT(S),7X,4HI(S),9X,1HE,7X,5HGAMMA//5X,4I5//)
9001 FORMAT(1X,5I5,9(1PE11.3))
9500 FORMAT(7I4,4X,I2,2X,3E12.4)
9501 FORMAT(6E12.4)
9502 FORMAT (7E10.4)
9550 FORMAT(34H1INCORRECT NODE NUMBER, PLATE NO. I4) 819
9560 FORMAT(43H1NEGATIVE MODULUS OF ELASTICITY, PLATE NO. I4) 820
9570 FORMAT(35H1NEGATIVE POISSON RATIO, PLATE NO. I4) 821
9580 FORMAT(41H1INPUT NOT IN PROPER SEQUENCE, PLATE NO. I4, 822
111H SHOULD BE I4) 823
9590 FORMAT(38H1NEGATIVE MOMENT OF INERTIA,PLATE NO. I4) 824
9600 FORMAT(31H1NEGATIVE THICKNESS, PLATE NO. I4) 825
C 826
RETURN 827
END

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## SUBROUTINE MUL1

```
$IBFTC MUL1*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE MUL1(A,B,C,NT,N1,N2,N3,ID1,ID2,ID3)      831
C                                                     832
C   NT=1      C=A*B                                  833
C   LIMITS OF MULTIPLY  A(N1,N2)  B(N2,N3)  C(N1,N3)  834
C                                                     835
C   DIMENSION A(ID1,1),B(ID2,1),C(ID3,1)            836
C                                                     837
C   DO 100 I=1,N1                                     838
C   DO 100 J=1,N3                                     839
C   C(I,J)=0.0                                        840
C   DO 100 K=1,N2                                     841
100 C(I,J)=C(I,J)+A(I,K)*B(K,J)                      842
400 RETURN                                           843
END                                                  844
```

## SUBROUTINE MUL2

```
SIBFTC MUL2* DECK 847
SUBROUTINE MUL2(A,B,C,NT,N1,N2,N3, ID1, ID2, ID3) 848
C 849
C NT=2 C=A(TRANSPPOSE)*B 850
C LIMITS OF MULTIPLY A(N1,N2) B(N2,N3) C(N1,N3) 851
C 852
C DIMENSION A(ID1,1),B(ID2,1),C(ID3,1) 853
C 854
C DO 300 I=1,N1 855
DO 300 J=1,N3 856
C(I,J)=0.0 857
DO 300 K=1,N2 858
300 C(I,J)=C(I,J)+A(K,I)*B(K,J) 859
C 860
400 RETURN 861
END
```

## SUBROUTINE PSTIF

```
SIBFTC PSTIF* DECK
      SUBROUTINE PSTIF(LINE)
      COMMON/RENT/NRENT,KRENT
      COMMON/TPLN1/NERR
      COMMON/PSTIFL/ISWAP
      COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
C
C
C FORM LOCAL COORDINATES FROM STRUCTURAL COORDINATES
C FOR TRIANGULAR OR QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C
      CALL LOCAL
      IF(KRENT.NE.0)GO TO 2
      IF(ISWAP.NE.0)GO TO 150
      2 CONTINUE
C
C FOR ANALYSIS OF TRIANGULAR PLATE, N4=0
C
      IF(N4.NE.0)GO TO 130
      10 CALL TRI
      GO TO 150
C
C FOR ANALYSIS OF QUADRILATERAL PLATE, N4 DOES NOT EQUAL 0
C
C CHECK COPLANARITY OF QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C
      130 CALL COPLAN(NERR)
      CALL QUAD(LINE)
      150 RETURN
      END
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## SUBROUTINE QUAD

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$IBFTC QUAD*   DECK
      SUBROUTINE QUAD(LINE)
C
C GENERATE STIFFNESS AND TEMPERATURE LOADS FOR QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C
      COMMON/PSTIF2/H,TS
      COMMON/ADPRO/E,GAMMA,DUM1,DUM2,DUM3,DUM4
      COMMON/PSTIF3/X1,Y1,X2,Y2,X3,Y3
      COMMON/PSTIF5/TLOAD(18),DEFL(18)
      COMMON/PSTIF8/SKQ(30,30)
      COMMON/PSTIFH/XL1,YL1,XL2,YL2,XL3,YL3,XL4,YL4
      COMMON/PSTIFK/NQUA
      COMMON/PSTIFL/ISWAP
      COMMON/TEMP2/A(9,40)
      COMMON/TPLN1/NERR
      COMMON/RENT/NRENT
      COMMON/SWAP/KSWAP
      COMMON/LOAD/LDPT
      COMMON/PSTRSS/SKQSS(30,30)
      COMMON/BUCK/IBUC
      EQUIVALENCE(XYL(1),XL1),(XY(1),X2)
      DIMENSION XYL(8),XY(4)
C
C FIND FIFTH NODE
C
      XL23=XL2-XL3
      P34=XL4*YL3+YL4*XL23
      X1=(XL4+XL3+(XL2*YL4*XL23/P34))/3.0
      Y1=(YL4+YL3-(XL2*YL4*YL3/P34))/3.0
C
C ZERO THE ELEMENTS OF SKQ(30,30)
C
      DO 10 J=1,30
      DO 10 I=1,30
      10 SKQ(I,J)=0.0
C
C SUBDIVIDED TRIANGULAR PLATES OF THE QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C
      19 DO 240 NQUA=1,4
      DO 90 I=1,4
      GO TO(50,20,30,40),NQUA
      20 GO TO(60,60,70,70),I
      30 GO TO(80,80,60,60),I
      40 GO TO(70,70,81,81),I
      50 I1=I
      GO TO 85
      60 I1=I+2
      GO TO 85
      70 I1=I+4
      GO TO 85
      80 I1=I+6
      GO TO 85
      81 I1=I-2
      85 XY(I)=XYL(I1)
      90 CONTINUE
      CALL TRI
      240 CONTINUE
C
C REDUCE OUT FIFTH NODE FROM STIFFNESS MATRIX SKQ(30,30)
C
      DO 246 K=25,30

```

```
246 CALL REDUCE(SKQSS,30,K)
      IF(IBUC.EQ.0)GO TO 280
      DO 245 K=25,30
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```
C 245 CALL REDUCE(SKQ,30,K)
```

```
280 RETURN
      END
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## SUBROUTINE LAMK

```
SIBFTC LAMK*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE LAMK(SK,PT)
  DIMENSION SK(3,300),PT(3,3),P(3)
  DO 50 I=1,300
  DO 25 IR=1,3
  P(IR)=0.
  DO 25 IC=1,3
  P(IR)=P(IR)+PT(IR,IC)*SK(IC,I)
25 CONTINUE
  DO 50 IC=1,3
  SK(IC,I)=P(IC)
50 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
```

## SUBROUTINE KLAMT

```
$IBFTC KLAMT* DECK
SUBROUTINE KLAMT(SK,PT)
DIMENSION SK(30,3,10),PT(3,3),P(3)
DO 50 I=1,10
DO 50 J=1,30
DO 25 IR=1,3
P(IR)=0.0
DO 25 IC=1,3
P(IR)=P(IR)+PT(IR,IC)*SK(J,IC,I)
25 CONTINUE
DO 50 IC=1,3
SK(J,IC,I)=P(IC)
50 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

## SUBROUTINE TRI

```

$IBFTC TRI*    DECK
      SUBROUTINE TRI
C
C TRIANGULAR PLATE STIFFNESS GENERATION SK(18,18)
C
C
      COMMON/PSTIF1/SK(18,18)
      COMMON/PSTIF3/X1,Y1,X2,Y2,X3,Y3
      COMMON/PSTIF7/X21,X31,X32,Y21,Y31,Y32
      COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
      COMMON/PSTIFH/XL1,YL1,XL2,YL2,XL3,YL3,XL4,YL4
      COMMON/PSTIFD/TX,TY,TO
      COMMON/BUCK/IBUC
      COMMON/THRST/TRS1,TRS2,TRS3,TRS4,TRS5,TRS6,TRS7
      COMMON/PREST/SKPRE(6)
C
C
C ***** DEFINITION OF ARGUMENTS *****
C
C X1,Y1 - LOCAL COORDINATES AT NODE 1 OF TRIANGULAR PLATE
C X2,Y2 - LOCAL COORDINATES AT NODE 2 OF TRIANGULAR PLATE
C X3,Y3 - LOCAL COORDINATES AT NODE 3 OF TRIANGULAR PLATE
C
C
      EQUIVALENCE(XLOCAL,XL1)
      DIMENSION XLOCAL(8)
      T = TO
C
      IF(N4.NE.0)GO TO 5
1  X1=XL1
   Y1=YL1
   X2=XL2
   Y2=YL2
   X3=XL3
   Y3=YL3
C
C THE FOLLOWING PROJECTIONS, (LENGTHS), ARE USED IN ROUTINES
C INPST,OUTSH,INPM AND PTEMP
C
5  X21 = X2-X1
   X31 = X3-X1
   X32 = X3-X2
   Y21 = Y2-Y1
   Y31 = Y3-Y1
   Y32 = Y3-Y2
C
C THE FOLLOWING ZERO'S THE SK ARRAY
C
      DO 10 J=1,18
      DO 10 I=1,18
10  SK(I,J)=0.0
C
C GENERATE K1 FOR TRIANGULAR ELEMENT
      IF(IBUC.EQ.0)GO TO 20
      IF(N4.EQ.0) GO TO 40
      XT2=SQRT(X21**2 + Y21**2)
      XT3=(X21*X31 + Y21*Y31)/XT2
      YT3=SQRT(X31**2 + Y31**2 - XT3**2)

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XT32 = XT3 - XT2
CES = X21/XT2
SEN = Y21/XT2
T4A=T/(2.*XT2*YT3)
TS1T=T4A*TRS1
TS2T=T4A*TRS2
TS3T=T4A*TRS3
TS1=((CES**2)*TS1T + (SEN**2)*TS2T + 2.*(SEN*CES)*TS3T)
TS2=((SEN**2)*TS1T + (CES**2)*TS2T - 2.*(SEN*CES)*TS3T)
TS3=((SEN*CES)*(TS2T-TS1T) + (CES**2-SEN**2)*TS3T)
GO TO 19
40 XT2=X2
   XT3=X3
   YT3=Y3
   XT32=X32
   T4A=T/(2.*XT2*YT3)
   TS1=T4A*TRS1
   TS2=T4A*TRS2
   TS3=T4A*TRS3
19 SKPRE(1)=TS1*YT3*YT3+TS2*XT32*XT32-TS3*2.*XT32*YT3
   SKPRE(2)=-TS1*YT3*YT3-TS2*XT32*XT3+TS3*YT3*(XT3+XT32)
   SKPRE(3) =TS1*YT3*YT3+TS2*XT3*XT3-TS3*2.*XT3*YT3
   SKPRE(4) =TS2*XT32*XT2-TS3*XT2*YT3
   SKPRE(5) =-TS2*XT3*XT2+TS3*XT2*YT3
   SKPRE(6) =TS2*XT2*XT2
20 CONTINUE
C
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE EFFECTS (INP)
C
C   CALL INP
C   CALL STORE(2)
C
C
C
C
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR OUT OF PLANE EFFECTS (OUTP)
C
C   CALL OUTP
C   CALL STORE(0)
C
C
100 RETURN
END

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```

## SUBROUTINE INP

```
$IBFTC INP*   DECK
      SUBROUTINE INP
      COMMON/PSTIFA/SK66(6,6)/PSTIFB/SK99(9,9)
C
C *****
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE EFFECTS (INP) FOR TRIANGULAR PLATE
C *****
C
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE STRETCHING (INPS)
C
C   CALL INPST(1)
C
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE MOMENTS (INPM)
C
C   CALL INPM
C
C COMBINE (INPST) AND (INPM) STIFFNESS INTO (INP) STIFFNESS
C
C   CALL COMBIN(1)
      RETURN
      END
```

	1210
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C *****	1213
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE EFFECTS (INP) FOR TRIANGULAR PLATE	1214
C *****	1215
C	1216
C	1217
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE STRETCHING (INPS)	1218
C	1219
C   CALL INPST(1)	1220
C	1221
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE MOMENTS (INPM)	1222
C	1223
C   CALL INPM	1224
C	1225
C COMBINE (INPST) AND (INPM) STIFFNESS INTO (INP) STIFFNESS	1226
C	1227
C   CALL COMBIN(1)	1228
RETURN	1229
END	1230

## SUBROUTINE INPM

```

$IBFTC INPM*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE INPM
C
C GENERATE THE STIFFNESS CONTRIBUTION DUE TO
C IN-PLANE MOMENTS IN THE ELEMENTS OF UPPER TRIANGLE OF SK99
C
COMMON/PSTIF2/H,TS
COMMON/ADPRO/E,GAMMA,DUM1,DUM2,DUM3,DUM4
COMMON/PSTIF7/X21,X31,X32,Y21,Y31,Y32
COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
COMMON/PSTIFB/SK99(9,9)
COMMON/PSTIFD/TX,TY,TO
C
DIMENSION XY(3,2),D(3),SC(3,2),SC2(3,2),E2AI(3),
* AD(3),ID(3),ID2(3),ID3(3),ID2SC(3,2),ID3SC2(3,2),ADSC2(3,2),AI(3)
C
EQUIVALENCE (X21,XY(1,1))
REAL ID, ID2, ID3, ID2SC, ID3SC2
TXY(A)=0.5*((TX+TO)*(1.0+(A))+(TX+TO)*(1.0-(A)))*A2
C
A2=(X21*Y31-Y21*X31)/6.0
TO1=(TO/12.0)*A2**3
C
E2=E
E4=2.*E
E8=4.*E
E12=6.*E
E24=12.*E
C
C
C D(1) IS D12, ETC.
C
DO 10 I=1,3
  10 D(I)=SQRT(XY(I,1)**2+XY(I,2)**2)
C
C SC(1,1) IS SIN12, SC(1,2) IS COS12, ETC.
C
DO 20 J=1,2
  DO 20 I=1,3
    20 SC(I,J)=XY(I,J)/D(I)
    SC(2,1)=-SC(2,1)
    SC(2,2)=-SC(2,2)
C
C SC2(1,1) IS SIN12**2, ETC.
C
DO 30 J=1,2
  DO 30 I=1,3
    30 SC2(I,J)=SC(I,J)**2
C
C AD(1) IS A12/D12, ETC.
C
DO 50 I=1,3
  50 AD(I)=0.
C
C ID(1) IS I12/D12, ETC.
C
DO 60 I=1,3

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60	ID(I)=T01/(D(I)**4)	1289
C		1290
C	ID2(1) IS I12/(D12**2), ETC.	1291
C		1292
	DO 70 I=1,3	1293
	70 ID2(I)=ID(I)/D(I)	1294
C		1295
C	ID3(1) IS I12/(D12**2), ETC.	1296
C		1297
	DO 80 I=1,3	1298
	80 ID3(I)=ID2(I)/D(I)	1299
C		1300
C	ID2SC(1,1) IS I12*SIN12/(D12**2), ETC.	1301
C		1302
	DO 90 J=1,2	1303
	DO 90 I=1,3	1304
	90 ID2SC(I,J)=ID2(I)*SC(I,J)	1305
C		1306
C	ID3SC2(1,1) IS I12*SIN12**2/(D12**3), ETC.	1307
C		1308
	DO 100 J=1,2	1309
	DO 100 I=1,3	1310
	100 ID3SC2(I,J)=ID3(I)*SC2(I,J)	1311
C		1312
C	ADSC2(1,1) IS A12*SIN12**2/D12, ETC.	1313
C		1314
	DO 110 J=1,2	1315
	DO 110 I=1,3	1316
	110 ADSC2(I,J)=AD(I)*SC2(I,J)	1317
C		1318
C	E2AI(1) IS 2*E*(SIN12*COS12*(A12/D12-I12/(D12**3))), ETC.	1319
C		1320
	DO 120 I=1,3	1321
	120 E2AI(I)=SC(I,1)*SC(I,2)*(AD(I)-12.0*ID3(I))*E2	1322
C		1323
C	ROW1	1324
C		1325
	SK99(1,1) = E8*(ID(1) + ID(2))	1326
	SK99(1,2) = - E12*(ID2SC(1,2) - ID2SC(2,2))	1327
	SK99(1,3) = E12*(ID2SC(1,1) - ID2SC(2,1))	1328
	SK99(1,4) = E4*ID(1)	1329
	SK99(1,5) = E12*ID2SC(1,2)	1330
	SK99(1,6) = - E12*ID2SC(1,1)	1331
	SK99(1,7) = E4*ID(2)	1332
	SK99(1,8) = - E12*ID2SC(2,2)	1333
	SK99(1,9) = E12*ID2SC(2,1)	1334
C		1335
C	ROW2	1336
C		1337
	SK99(2,2) = E2*(ADSC2(1,1) + ADSC2(2,1)) +	1338
*	E24*(ID3SC2(1,2) + ID3SC2(2,2))	1339
	SK99(2,3) = E2AI(1) + E2AI(2)	1340
	SK99(2,4) = - SK99(1,5)	1341
	SK99(2,5) = - E2*(ADSC2(1,1) + 12.0*ID3SC2(1,2))	1342
	SK99(2,6) = - E2AI(1)	1343
	SK99(2,7) = - SK99(1,8)	1344
	SK99(2,8) = - E2*(ADSC2(2,1) + 12.0*ID3SC2(2,2))	1345
	SK99(2,9) = - E2AI(2)	1346
C		1347
C	ROW3	1348

C		1349
	SK99(3,3) = E2*(ADSC2(1,2) + ADSC2(2,2)) +	1350
	* E24*(ID3SC2(1,1) + ID3SC2(2,1))	1351
	SK99(3,4) = - SK99(1,6)	1352
	SK99(3,5) = - E2AI(1)	1353
	SK99(3,6) = - E2*(ADSC2(1,2) + 12.0*ID3SC2(1,1))	1354
	SK99(3,7) = - SK99(1,9)	1355
	SK99(3,8) = - E2AI(2)	1356
	SK99(3,9) = - E2*(ADSC2(2,2) + 12.0*ID3SC2(2,1))	1357
		1358
C		1359
C	ROW4	1360
C		1361
	SK99(4,4) = E8*(ID(1) + ID(3))	1362
	SK99(4,5) = - E12*(ID2SC(3,2) - ID2SC(1,2))	1363
	SK99(4,6) = E12*(ID2SC(3,1) - ID2SC(1,1))	1364
	SK99(4,7) = E4*ID(3)	1365
	SK99(4,8) = E12*ID2SC(3,2)	1366
	SK99(4,9) = - E12*ID2SC(3,1)	1367
		1368
C		1369
C	ROW5	1370
C		1371
	SK99(5,5) = E2*(ADSC2(1,1) + ADSC2(3,1)) +	1372
	* E24*(ID3SC2(1,2) + ID3SC2(3,2))	1373
	SK99(5,6) = E2AI(1) + E2AI(3)	1374
	SK99(5,7) = - SK99(4,8)	1375
	SK99(5,8) = - E2*(ADSC2(3,1) + 12.0*ID3SC2(3,2))	1376
	SK99(5,9) = - E2AI(3)	1377
		1378
C		1379
C	ROW6	1380
C		1381
	SK99(6,6) = E2*(ADSC2(1,2) + ADSC2(3,2)) +	1382
	* E24*(ID3SC2(1,1) + ID3SC2(3,1))	1383
	SK99(6,7) = - SK99(4,9)	1384
	SK99(6,8) = - E2AI(3)	1385
	SK99(6,9) = - E2*(ADSC2(3,2) + 12.0*ID3SC2(3,1))	1386
		1387
C		1388
C	ROW7	1389
C		1390
	SK99(7,7) = E8*(ID(2) + ID(3))	1391
	SK99(7,8) = - E12*(ID2SC(2,2) - ID2SC(3,2))	1392
	SK99(7,9) = -E12*(ID2SC(3,1) - ID2SC(2,1))	1393
		1394
C		1395
C	ROW8	1396
C		1397
	SK99(8,8) = E2*(ADSC2(3,1) + ADSC2(2,1)) +	1398
	* E24*(ID3SC2(3,2) + ID3SC2(2,2))	1399
	SK99(8,9) = E2AI(2) + E2AI(3)	1400
		1401
C		1402
C	ROW9	1403
C		
	SK99(9,9) = + E2*(ADSC2(2,2) + ADSC2(3,2)) +	
	* E24*(ID3SC2(2,1) + ID3SC2(3,1))	
C	200 RETURN	
	END	

# SUBROUTINE INPST

```

$IBFTC INPST* DECK
SUBROUTINE INPST(N)
C
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR IN-PLANE STRETCHING IN UPPER TRIANGLE
C OF SK66(I,J) ELEMENTS.
C
C N=1, GENERATE (INPST)
C N=0, GENERATE (OUTPM)
C
COMMON/PSTIF2/H,TS
COMMON/ADPRO/E,GAMMA,DUM1,DUM2,DUM3,DUM4
COMMON/PSTIF7/X21,X31,X32,Y21,Y31,Y32
COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
COMMON/PSTIFA/SK66(6,6)
COMMON/PSTIFC/TIBX,TIBY,TIBS
COMMON/PSTIFD/TX,TY,TO
C
PHI = E/(ABS(X21*Y31-Y21*X31)*(1.0-GAMMA**2)*2.0)
IF(N,EQ.0) GO TO 10
T1 = (0.5*TO*(1.0-GAMMA))*PHI
T2 = (0.5*TO*(1.0+GAMMA))*PHI
GAT = GAMMA*TO*PHI
TPX = (TO+TX*(1.0-GAMMA**2))*PHI
TPY = (TO+TY*(1.0-GAMMA**2))*PHI
GO TO 20
10 TOX=TIBS
T1 = (0.5*TOX*(1.0-GAMMA))*PHI
T2 = (0.5*TOX*(1.0+GAMMA))*PHI
GAT = GAMMA*TOX*PHI
TPX = (TOX+TIBX*(1.0-GAMMA**2))*PHI
TPY = (TOX+TIBY*(1.0-GAMMA**2))*PHI
C
C ROW 1
C
20 SK66(1,1) = TPX*Y32**2 + T1*X32**2
SK66(1,2) = - T2*X32*Y32
SK66(1,3) = - TPX*Y31*Y32 - T1*X31*X32
SK66(1,4) = GAT*X31*Y32 + T1*Y31*X32
SK66(1,5) = TPX*Y21*Y32 + T1*X21*X32
SK66(1,6) = - GAT*X21*Y32 - T1*Y21*X32
C
C ROW 2
C
SK66(2,2) = TPY*X32**2 + T1*Y32**2
SK66(2,3) = GAT*Y31*X32 + T1*X31*Y32
SK66(2,4) = - TPY*X31*X32 - T1*Y31*Y32
SK66(2,5) = - GAT*Y21*X32 - T1*X21*Y32
SK66(2,6) = TPY*X21*X32 + T1*Y21*Y32
C
C ROW 3
C
SK66(3,3) = TPX*Y31**2 + T1*X31**2
SK66(3,4) = - T2*X31*Y31
SK66(3,5) = - TPX*Y21*Y31 - T1*X21*X31
SK66(3,6) = GAT*X21*Y31 + T1*Y21*X31
C
C ROW 4

```

C				1462
	SK66(4,4)	=	TPY*X31**2 + T1*Y31**2	1463
	SK66(4,5)	=	GAT*X31*Y21 + T1*X21*Y31	1464
	SK66(4,6)	=	- TPY*X21*X31 - T1*Y21*Y31	1465
C				1466
C	ROW 5			1467
C				1468
	SK66(5,5)	=	TPX*Y21**2 + T1*X21**2	1469
	SK66(5,6)	=	-T2*X21*Y21	1470
C				1471
C	ROW 6			1472
C				1473
	SK66(6,6)	=	TPY*X21**2 + T1*Y21**2	1474
C				1475
	200 RETURN			1476
	END			1477

## SUBROUTINE OUTP

```
$IBFTC OUTP*   DECK                                1480
  SUBROUTINE OUTP                                  1481
  COMMON/PSTIFA/SK66(6,6)/PSTIFB/SK99(9,9)         1482
C                                                     1483
C *****                                           1484
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR OUT OF PLANE EFFECTS (OUTP) FOR TRIANGULAR PLAT 1485
C *****                                           1486
C                                                     1487
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR OUT OF PLANE MOMENTS (OUTPM) 1488
C                                                     1489
C   CALL OUTPM                                     1490
C                                                     1491
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR OUT OF PLANE SHEAR (OUTPSH) 1492
C                                                     1493
C   CALL OUTPSH                                    1494
C                                                     1495
C COMBINE (OUTPM) AND (OUTPSH) STIFFNESS INTO (OUTP) STIFFNESS 1496
C                                                     1497
C   CALL COMBIN (0)                                1498
C   RETURN                                         1499
C   END                                            1500
```

## SUBROUTINE OUTPM

```

$IBFTC OUTPM* DECK
SUBROUTINE OUTPM
C
C GENERATE STIFFNESS FOR OUT OF PLANE MOMENTS BY TRANSFORMATION
C OF IN=PLANE STRETCHING STIFFNESS MATRIX, (SEE SUBROUTINE (INPST)),
C OTHER CHANGES AS INDICATED BELOW
C
COMMON/PSTIFA/SK66(6,6)
COMMON/PSTIFC/TIBX,TIBY,TIBS
COMMON/PSTIFD/TX,TY,TO
C
C
CALL INPST(0)
I=1
10 SAVE=SK66(I,I)
SK66(I,I)=SK66(I+1,I+1)
SK66(I+1,I+1)=SAVE
SK66(I,I+1)=-SK66(I+1,I+1)
I=I+2
IF(I.LE.5) GO TO 10
J=3
20 I=1
30 SAVE=SK66(I,J)
SK66(I,J)=SK66(I+1,J+1)
SK66(I+1,J+1)=SAVE
SAVE=-SK66(I+1,J)
SK66(I+1,J)=-SK66(I,J+1)
SK66(I,J+1)=SAVE
I=I+2
IF(I.LT.J)GO TO 30
J=J+2
IF(J.LE.5)GO TO 20
RETURN
END

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# SUBROUTINE OUTPSH

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$IBFTC OUTPS* DECK
SUBROUTINE OUTPSH
C
C GENERATE THE STIFFNESS CONTRIBUTION DUE TO OUT OF PLANE
C SHEAR (OUTPSH) IN THE ELEMENTS OF SKQ(I,J,22),SKQ(I,J,23),
COMMON/PSTIF2/H,TS
COMMON/ADPRO/E,GAMMA,DUM1,DUM2,DUM3,DUM4
COMMON/PSTIF7/X21,X31,X32,Y21,Y31,Y32
COMMON/PSTIFB/SK99(9,9)
C
C
G = E/(2.0*(1.0 + GAMMA))
ALP = (G*TS)/(8.0*ABS(Y21*X31-Y31*X21))
ALP12 = ALP*ABS(Y31*Y32+X31*X32)
ALP13 = ALP*ABS(Y21*Y32+X21*X32)
ALP23 = ALP*ABS(Y21*Y31+X21*X31)
C
C ROW1
C
SK99(1,1) = ALP12*Y21**2 + ALP13*Y31**2
SK99(1,2) = - (ALP12*X21*Y21 + ALP13*X31*Y31)
SK99(1,3) = 2.0*(ALP12*Y21 + ALP13*Y31)
SK99(1,4) = ALP12*Y21**2
SK99(1,5) = - ALP12*X21*Y21
SK99(1,6) = - 2.0*ALP12*Y21
SK99(1,7) = ALP13*Y31**2
SK99(1,8) = - ALP13*X31*Y31
SK99(1,9) = - 2.0*ALP13*Y31
C
C ROW2
C
SK99(2,2) = ALP12*X21**2 + ALP13*X31**2
SK99(2,3) = - 2.0*(ALP12*X21 + ALP13*X31)
SK99(2,4) = - ALP12*X21*Y21
SK99(2,5) = ALP12*X21**2
SK99(2,6) = 2.0*ALP12*X21
SK99(2,7) = - ALP13*X31*Y31
SK99(2,8) = ALP13*X31**2
SK99(2,9) = 2.0*ALP13*X31
C
C ROW3
C
SK99(3,3) = 4.0*(ALP12+ALP13)
SK99(3,4) = 2.0*ALP12*Y21
SK99(3,5) = - 2.0*ALP12*X21
SK99(3,6) = - 4.0*ALP12
SK99(3,7) = 2.0*ALP13*Y31
SK99(3,8) = - 2.0*ALP13*X31
SK99(3,9) = - 4.0*ALP13
C
C ROW4
C
SK99(4,4) = ALP12*Y21**2 + ALP23*Y32**2
SK99(4,5) = - (ALP12*X21*Y21 + ALP23*X32*Y32)
SK99(4,6) = - 2.0*(ALP12*Y21-ALP23*Y32)
SK99(4,7) = ALP23*Y32**2

```

	SK99(4,8) = - ALP23*X32*Y32	1594
	SK99(4,9) = - 2.0*ALP23*Y32	1595
C		1596
C	ROW5	1597
C		1598
	SK99(5,5) = ALP12*X21**2+ALP23*X32**2	1599
	SK99(5,6) = 2.0*(ALP12*X21-ALP23*X32)	1600
	SK99(5,7) = - ALP23*X32*Y32	1601
	SK99(5,8) = ALP23*X32**2	1602
	SK99(5,9) = 2.0*ALP23*X32	1603
		1604
C		1605
C	ROW6	1606
C		1607
	SK99(6,6) = 4.0*(ALP12 + ALP23)	1607
	SK99(6,7) = 2.0*ALP23*Y32	1608
	SK99(6,8) = - 2.0*ALP23*X32	1609
	SK99(6,9) = - 4.0*ALP23	1610
		1611
C		1612
C	ROW7	1613
C		1614
	SK99(7,7) = ALP13*Y31**2+ALP23*Y32**2	1614
	SK99(7,8) = -(ALP13*X31*Y31 + ALP23*X32*Y32)	1615
	SK99(7,9) = -2.0*(ALP13*Y31 + ALP23*Y32)	1616
		1617
C		1618
C	ROW8	1619
C		1620
	SK99(8,8) = ALP13*X31**2 + ALP23*X32**2	1620
	SK99(8,9) = 2.0*(ALP13*X31 + ALP23*X32)	1621
		1622
C		1623
C	ROW9	1624
C		1625
	SK99(9,9) = 4.0*(ALP13 + ALP23)	1625
		1626
C		1627
	RETURN	1627
	END	1628

## SUBROUTINE COMBIN

```

SIBFTC COMBI* DECK
SUBROUTINE COMBIN(N)
C
C N=1, WILL COMBINE IN-PLANE STRETCHING STIFFNESS (INPST) AND
C IN-PLANE MOMENT STIFFNESS (INPM) IN UPPER TRIANGLE OF SK99
C N=0, WILL COMBINE OUT OF PLANE MOMENT STIFFNESS (OUTPM) AND
C OUT OF PLANE SHEAR STIFFNESS
C
COMMON/PSTIFA/SK66(6,6)
COMMON/PSTIFB/SK99(9,9)
C
C DO 40 I=1,6
I1=I+N
GO TO (20,20,10,10,25,25),I
10 I1=I+N+1
GO TO 20
25 I1=I+N+2
20 DO 40 J=1,6
J1=J+N
GO TO (40,40,30,30,35,35),J
30 J1=J+N+1
GO TO 40
35 J1=J+N+2
40 SK99(I1,J1) = SK99(I1,J1) + SK66(I,J)
C
C PLACE UPPER TRIANGLE OF SK99 IN LOWER TRIANGLE OF SK99
C
DO 50 I=1,8
K=I+1
DO 50 J=K,9
50 SK99(J,I)=SK99(I,J)
RETURN
END

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## SUBROUTINE STORE

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$IBFTC STORE* DECK
SUBROUTINE STORE(NTEST)
C TRANSFER ELEMENTS OF (INP) OR (OUTP) STIFFNESS IN THERE
C INTERMEDIATE MATRIX TO THEIR PROPER ELEMENTS IN SK(18,18)
C FOR THE QUADRILATERAL PLATE ANALYSIS, TRANSFER ELEMENTS
C OF SK(18,18) TO PROPER ELEMENTS OF SKQ(30,30).
COMMON/PSTIF1/SK(18,18)
COMMON/PSTIF8/SKQ(30,30)
COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
COMMON/PSTIFB/SK99(9,9)
COMMON/PSTIFK/NQUA
COMMON/PSTRSS/SKQSS(30,30)
COMMON/BUCK/IBUC
COMMON/PREST/SKPRE(6)
C NTEST=2, FOR (INP)
C NTEST=0, FOR (OUTP)
DO 70 I=1,9
M=I/4
IF(I,EQ,7)M=2
I1=I+3*M+NTEST
IF(NTEST)30,10,30
10 GO TO(30,30,20,30,30,20,30,30,20),I
20 I1=I1+3
30 DO 70 J=1,9
N=J/4
IF(J,EQ,7)N=2
J1=J+3*N+NTEST
IF(NTEST)60,40,60
40 GO TO(60,60,50,60,60,50,60,60,50),J
50 J1=J1+3
60 SK(I1,J1)=SK99(I,J)
70 CONTINUE
IF(NTEST,EQ,2) GO TO 200
C TRANSFER OF ELEMENTS FOR QUADRILATERAL
IF(N4,NE,0)GO TO 80
CALL MOVE(SK(1,1),SKQSS(1,1),18,18,18,30)
GO TO 300
80 CALL MOVE(SK(1,1),SKQSS(25,25),6,6,18,30)
GO TO(90,110,130,150),NQUA
C 1ST SUBDIVIDED PLATE OF QUADRILATERAL
90 CALL MOVE(SK(7,7),SKQSS(1,1),12,12,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK(1,7),SKQSS(25,1),6,12,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK(7,1),SKQSS(1,25),12,6,18,30)
GO TO 300
C 2ND SUBDIVIDED PLATE OF QUADRILATERAL
110 CALL MOVE(SK( 7, 7),SKQSS( 7, 7),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK(13, 7),SKQSS(19, 7),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 1, 7),SKQSS(25, 7),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 7,13),SKQSS( 7,19),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK(13,13),SKQSS(19,19),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 1,13),SKQSS(25,19),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 7, 1),SKQSS( 7,25),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK(13, 1),SKQSS(19,25),6,6,18,30)
GO TO 300
C 3RD SUBDIVIDED PLATE OF QUADRILATERAL
130 CALL MOVE(SK(13,13),SKQSS(13,13),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 7,13),SKQSS(19,13),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 1,13),SKQSS(25,13),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK(13, 7),SKQSS(13,19),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 7, 7),SKQSS(19,19),6,6,18,30)
CALL MOVE(SK( 1, 7),SKQSS(25,19),6,6,18,30)

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	CALL MOVE(SK(13, 1),SKQSS(13,25),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK( 7, 1),SKQSS(19,25),6,6,18,30)	
	GO TO 300	
C 4TH	SUBDIVIDED PLATE OF QUADRILATERAL	1741
150	CALL MOVE(SK(13,13),SKQSS( 1, 1),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK( 7,13),SKQSS(13, 1),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK( 1,13),SKQSS(25, 1),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK(13, 7),SKQSS( 1,13),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK( 7, 7),SKQSS(13,13),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK( 1, 7),SKQSS(25,13),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK(13, 1),SKQSS( 1,25),6,6,18,30)	
	CALL MOVE(SK( 7, 1),SKQSS(13,25),6,6,18,30)	
300	IF(1BUC.EQ.0)GO TO 200	
	SK( 6, 6)=SK( 6, 6)+SKPRE(1)	
	SK(12, 6)=SK(12, 6)+SKPRE(2)	
	SK(12,12)=SK(12,12)+SKPRE(3)	
	SK(18, 6)=SK(18, 6)+SKPRE(4)	
	SK(18,12)=SK(18,12)+SKPRE(5)	
	SK(18,18)=SK(18,18)+SKPRE(6)	
	SK(6,12) = SK(12,6)	
	SK(6,18) = SK(18,6)	
	SK(12,18) = SK(18,12)	
	IF(N4.NE.0)GO TO 310	
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,1),SKQ(1,1),18,18,18,30)	1704
	GO TO 200	1705
310	CALL MOVE(SK(1,1),SKQ(25,25),6,6,18,30)	1706
	GO TO(320,330,340,350),NQUA	
320	CALL MOVE(SK(7,7),SKQ(1,1),12,12,18,30)	1712
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,7),SKQ(25,1),6,12,18,30)	1713
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,1),SKQ(1,25),12,6,18,30)	1714
	RETURN	1715
330	CALL MOVE(SK(7,7),SKQ(7,7),6,6,18,30)	1719
	CALL MOVE(SK(13,7),SKQ(19,7),6,6,18,30)	1720
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,7),SKQ(25,7),6,6,18,30)	1721
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,13),SKQ(7,19),6,6,18,30)	1722
	CALL MOVE(SK(13,13),SKQ(19,19),6,6,18,30)	1723
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,13),SKQ(25,19),6,6,18,30)	1724
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,1),SKQ(7,25),6,6,18,30)	1725
	CALL MOVE(SK(13,1),SKQ(19,25),6,6,18,30)	1726
	RETURN	1727
340	CALL MOVE(SK(13,13),SKQ(13,13),6,6,18,30)	1731
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,13),SKQ(19,13),6,6,18,30)	1732
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,13),SKQ(25,13),6,6,18,30)	1733
	CALL MOVE(SK(13,7),SKQ(13,19),6,6,18,30)	1734
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,7),SKQ(19,19),6,6,18,30)	1735
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,7),SKQ(25,19),6,6,18,30)	1736
	CALL MOVE(SK(13,1),SKQ(13,25),6,6,18,30)	1737
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,1),SKQ(19,25),6,6,18,30)	1738
	RETURN	1739
350	CALL MOVE(SK(13,13),SKQ(1,1),6,6,18,30)	1743
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,13),SKQ(13,1),6,6,18,30)	1744
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,13),SKQ(25,1),6,6,18,30)	1745
	CALL MOVE(SK(13,7),SKQ(1,13),6,6,18,30)	1746
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,7),SKQ(13,13),6,6,18,30)	1747
	CALL MOVE(SK(1,7),SKQ(25,13),6,6,18,30)	1748
	CALL MOVE(SK(13,1),SKQ(1,25),6,6,18,30)	1749
	CALL MOVE(SK(7,1),SKQ(13,25),6,6,18,30)	1750
200	RETURN	1751
	END	1752

## SUBROUTINE MOVE

\$IBFTC MOVE* DECK	1755
SUBROUTINE MOVE(A,B,N1,N2,N3,N4)	1756
C	1757
C ADD ELEMENTS OF A TO B AND STORE IN B	1758
C	1759
DIMENSION A(N3,1),B(N4,1)	1760
C	1761
DO 10 J=1,N2	1762
DO 10 I=1,N1	1763
10 B(I,J)=B(I,J)+A(I,J)	1764
RETURN	1765
END	

# SUBROUTINE PMTR

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$IBFTC PMTR*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE PMTR
C
C COORDINATE TRANSFORMATION MATRIX FOR TRIANGULAR PLATE AND QUADRILATERA
C
C
C   COMMON/PMTR1/PT
C   COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
C   COMMON/PSTIFG/XS1,YS1,ZS1,XS2,YS2,ZS2,XS3,YS3,ZS3,XS4,YS4,ZS4
C
C
C           **** DEFINITION OF ARGUMENTS ****
C
C XS1,YS1,ZS1 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATES AT NODE 1
C               FOR TRIANGULAR AND QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C XS2,YS2,ZS2 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATES AT NODE 2
C               FOR TRIANGULAR AND QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C XS3,YS3,ZS3 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATES AT NODE 3
C               FOR TRIANGULAR AND QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C XS4,YS4,ZS4 - STRUCTURAL COORDINATES AT NODE 4 FOR QUADRILATERAL PLAT
C PT - TRANSFORMATION MATRIX IN PARTITION FORM FOR
C     TRIANGULAR OR QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C
C   DIMENSION PT(3,3),XX(3),YY(3),ZZ(3),D(3)
C
C THE FOLLOWING PROJECTIONS (LENGTHS) ARE USED TO COMPUTE
C DISTANCES BETWEEN NODES.
C
C   XX(1) = XS2-XS1
C   YY(1) = YS2-YS1
C   ZZ(1) = ZS2-ZS1
C
C
C   IF(N4.NE.0)GO TO 1
C   XX(2) = XS3-XS1
C   XX(3) = XS3-XS2
C   YY(2) = YS3-YS1
C   YY(3) = YS3-YS2
C   ZZ(2) = ZS3-ZS1
C   ZZ(3) = ZS3-ZS2
C   GO TO 4
C 1  XA = (XS4+XS3)/2.0
C   YA = (YS4+YS3)/2.0
C   ZA = (ZS4+ZS3)/2.0
C   XX(2) = XA-XS1
C   YY(2) = YA-YS1
C   ZZ(2) = ZA-ZS1
C
C D(1) IS L21,ETC. WHERE L21 IS DISTANCE BETWEEN NODES 1 AND 2,ETC.
C
C   4 DO 10 I=1,3
C     IF(N4.EQ.0)GO TO 8
C     IF(I.EQ.3) GO TO 20
C     8 D(I) = SQRT(XX(I)**2 + YY(I)**2 + ZZ(I)**2)
C   10 CONTINUE
C
C FORM UPPER LEFT PARTITION OF PT. (SHOWN ABOVE)
C

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C *****
C
C PT(1,1) IS L1, PT(1,2) IS L2, PT(1,3) IS L3
C PT(2,1) IS M1, PT(2,2) IS M2, PT(2,3) IS M3
C PT(3,1) IS N1, PT(3,2) IS N2, PT(3,3) IS N3
C
C *****
C
C 20 PT(1,1) = XX(1)/D(1)
C PT(2,1) = YY(1)/D(1)
C PT(3,1) = ZZ(1)/D(1)
C
C DD IS (L31 X L32)
C
C IF(N4,NE,0)GO TO 40
C DD = D(2)*D(3)
C DL3 = (YY(2)*ZZ(3) - YY(3)*ZZ(2))/DD
C DM3 = (XX(2)*ZZ(3) - XX(3)*ZZ(2))/DD
C DN3 = (XX(2)*YY(3) - XX(3)*YY(2))/DD
C GO TO 50
C 40 DL3 = (PT(2,1)*ZZ(2) - PT(3,1)*YY(2))/D(2)
C DM3 = (PT(1,1)*ZZ(2) - PT(3,1)*XX(2))/D(2)
C DN3 = (PT(1,1)*YY(2) - PT(2,1)*XX(2))/D(2)
C 50 SQD=SQRT(DL3**2+DM3**2+DN3**2)
C PT(1,3) = DL3/SQD
C PT(2,3) = - DM3/SQD
C PT(3,3) = DN3/SQD
C
C PT(1,2) = PT(2,3)*PT(3,1) - PT(2,1)*PT(3,3)
C PT(2,2) = PT(1,1)*PT(3,3) - PT(3,1)*PT(1,3)
C PT(3,2) = PT(2,1)*PT(1,3) - PT(1,1)*PT(2,3)
C
C *****
C
C RETURN
C END

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## SUBROUTINE SMTR

\$IBFTC SMTR* DECK	
SUBROUTINE SMTR	1957
COMMON /PSTIF9/ NP,N4	1958
COMMON /PSTIFH/ XL1,YL1,XL2,YL2,XL3,YL3,XL4,YL4	1959
COMMON/STRAN/GQUAD(8,24)	1960
DIMENSION X(4),Y(4),XI(4),YI(4),NR(4),NU(4)	1961
DIMENSION Z(16)	1962
X(1)=XL1	1963
X(2)=XL2	1964
X(3)=XL3	1965
X(4)=XL4	1966
Y(1)=YL1	1967
Y(2)=YL2	1968
Y(3)=YL3	1969
Y(4)=YL4	1970
DO 3 I=1,8	1971
DO 1 J=1,24	1972
1 GQUAD(I,J)=0.0	1973
3 CONTINUE	1974
IF(N4.LE.0)GO TO 4	1975
XB=3.0*(X(4)*Y(3)-X(3)*Y(4)+X(2)*Y(4))	1976
XG=(X(4)+X(3))/3.0+(X(2)*Y(4)*(X(2)-X(3)))/XB	1977
YG=(Y(4)+Y(3))/3.0-X(2)*Y(4)*Y(3)/XB	1978
IF(X(2).EQ.X(4))GO TO 35	1979
YI(2)=Y(4)*(XG-X(2))/(X(4)-X(2))	1980
GO TO 36	1981
35 YI(2)=1.0E 20	1982
36 IF(X(4).EQ.X(3))GO TO 37	1983
YI(3)=(Y(4)-Y(3))*(XG-X(3))/(X(4)-X(3))+Y(3)	1984
GO TO 38	1985
37 YI(3)=1.0E+20	1986
38 IF(X(3).EQ.0.)GO TO 39	1987
YI(4)=Y(3)*XG/X(3)	1988
GO TO 40	1989
39 YI(4)=1.0E+20	1990
40 NT=4	1991
GO TO 5	1992
4 XG=(X(2)+X(3))/3.0	1993
YG=Y(3)/3.0	1994
IF(X(2).EQ.X(3))GO TO 45	1995
YI(2)=Y(3)*(XG-X(2))/(X(3)-X(2))	1996
GO TO 46	1997
45 YI(2)=1.0E 21	1998
46 IF(X(3).EQ.0.)GO TO 47	1999
YI(3)=Y(3)*XG/X(3)	2000
GO TO 48	2001
47 YI(3)=1.0E+20	2002
48 NT=3	2003
5 CONTINUE	2004
YT=1.0E 20	2005
YB=0	2006
DO 8 I=2,NT	2007
IF(YI(I).GT.YG)GO TO 6	2008
IF(YI(I).LE.YB)GO TO 8	2009
YB=YI(I)	2010
GO TO 8	2011
6 IF(YI(I).GT.YT)GO TO 8	2012

	YT=YI(I)	2013
8	CONTINUE	2014
	WY=YT-YB	2015
	YC=(YT+YB)/2.0	2016
	EIY=(WY**3)/12.0	2017
	ELY=YC-YG	2018
	JR=0	2019
	DO 10 I=1,NT	2020
	IF(X(I).LE.XG)GO TO 10	2021
	JR=JR+1	2022
	NR(JR)=I	2023
10	CONTINUE	2024
	IF(N4.GT.0)GO TO 11	2025
	XL=X(3)*YG/Y(3)	2026
	XR=(X(3)-X(2))*YG/Y(3)+X(2)	2027
	GO TO 15	2028
11	XI(1)=(X(4)-X(2))*YG/Y(4)+X(2)	2029
	IF(Y(3).EQ.Y(4))GO TO 110	2030
	XI(2)=(YG-Y(3))*(X(4)-X(3))/(Y(4)-Y(3))+X(3)	2031
	GO TO 111	2032
110	XI(2)=1.0E 21	2033
111	XI(3)=X(3)*YG/Y(3)	2034
	XR=1.0E 20	2035
	XL=-1.0E 20	2036
	DO 14 I=1,3	2037
	IF(XI(I).GT.XG)GO TO 12	2038
	IF(XI(I).LE.XL)GO TO 14	2039
	XL=XI(I)	2040
	GO TO 14	2041
12	IF(XI(I).GE.XR)GO TO 14	2042
	XR=XI(I)	2043
14	CONTINUE	2044
15	CONTINUE	2045
	WX=XR-XL	2046
	XC=(XR+XL)/2.0	2047
	EIX=(WX**3)/12.0	2048
	ELX=XG-XC	2049
	JT=0	2050
	DO 16 I=3,NT	2051
	IF(Y(I).LE.YG)GO TO 16	2052
	JT=JT+1	2053
	NU(JT)=I	2054
16	CONTINUE	2055
	DO 17 J=1,JR	2056
	K=(NR(J)-1)*6+3	2057
	NJ=NR(J)	2058
	GQUAD(1,K)=ELY/EIY	2059
	GQUAD(1,K+1)=-(Y(NJ)-YC)*ELY/EIY+1.0/WY	2060
	GQUAD(1,K+2)=(X(NJ)-XG)*ELY/EIY	2061
	K=(NR(J)-1)*6+5	2062
	GQUAD(3,K)=1.0/WY	2063
	K=(NR(J)-1)*6+6	2064
	GQUAD(4,K)=-1.0/WY	2065
	K=(NR(J)-1)*6+2	2066
	GQUAD(7,K)=-1.0/WY	2067
	GQUAD(7,K+4)=(X(NJ)-XG)/WY	2068
17	CONTINUE	2069
	DO 18 J=1,JT	2070
	K=(NU(J)-1)*6+3	2071
	NJ=NU(J)	2072

GQUAD(2,K)=ELX/EIX	2073
GQUAD(2,K+1)=- (Y(NJ)-YG)*ELX/EIX	2074
GQUAD(2,K+2)=(X(NJ)-XC)*ELX/EIX+1.0/WX	2075
K=(NU(J)-1)*6+6	2076
GQUAD(5,K)=-1.0/WX	2077
K=(NU(J)-1)*6+1	2078
GQUAD(6,K)=1.0/WX	2079
GQUAD(6,K+5)=(Y(NJ)-YG)/WX	2080
K=(NU(J)-1)*6+2	2081
GQUAD(8,K)=1.0/WX	2082
GQUAD(8,K+4)=- (X(NJ)-XG)/WX	2083
18 CONTINUE	2084
30 RETURN	2085
END	2086

## SUBROUTINE LOCAL

```

sIBFTC LOCAL* DECK
      SUBROUTINE LOCAL
C
C FORM LOCAL COORDINATES FROM STRUCTURAL COORDINATES
C FOR TRIANGULAR OR QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C
      COMMON/RENT/NRENT,KRENT
      COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
      COMMON/PSTIFG/XS1,YS1,ZS1,XS2,YS2,ZS2,XS3,YS3,ZS3,XS4,YS4,ZS4
      COMMON/PSTIFH/XL1,YL1,XL2,YL2,XL3,YL3,XL4,YL4
      COMMON/PSTIFL/ISWAP
      COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
      * MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
C
      D(D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6)=(D1-D2)**2+(D3-D4)**2+(D5-D6)**2
C
C GENERATION OF LOCAL COORDINATES FOR FIRST THREE NODES IS THE
C SAME FOR TRIANGULAR AND QUADRILATERAL PLATES
C
C D21 IS THE DISTANCE SQUARED BETWEEN NODES 2 AND 1 FOUND FROM
C STRUCTURAL COORDINATES, ETC.
C
      IOUT = MT6
      D21 = D(XS2,XS1,YS2,YS1,ZS2,ZS1)
      D31 = D(XS3,XS1,YS3,YS1,ZS3,ZS1)
      D32 = D(XS3,XS2,YS3,YS2,ZS3,ZS2)
      ISWAP =0
      KRENT=0
C
C NODE 1
C
      XL1=0.0
      YL1=0.0
C
C NODE 2
C
      XL2=SQRT(D21)
      YL2=0.0
C
C NODE 3
C
      XL3=(D31-D32+D21)/(2.0*XL2)
      YL3=SQRT(D31-XL3**2)
C
C NODE 4
C
      IF(N4.EQ.0)GO TO 50
40 D41 = D(XS4,XS1,YS4,YS1,ZS4,ZS1)
      D42 = D(XS4,XS2,YS4,YS2,ZS4,ZS2)
      D43=D(XS4,XS3,YS4,YS3,ZS4,ZS3)
      XL4=(D41-D42+D21)/(2.0*XL2)
      YL4=SQRT(D41-XL4**2)
      D43L= ((XL4-XL3)**2+(YL4-YL3)**2)
      IF(ABS(D43-D43L).GE.10*D43)GO TO 44
C
C CHECK SEQUENCE OF LOCAL COORDINATES OF QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C

```

IF ((XL4*YL3)-(XL3*YL4)) 42,4,4	2150
C	
C SWAP COORDINATES FOR NODES 3 AND 4	2151
C	
42 ISWAP=1	2152
RETURN	2153
C	
C CHECK FOR REENTRANT CORNER	2154
C	
4 CONTINUE	2155
X32 = XL3 - XL2	
X42 = XL4 - XL2	
IF ((X42*YL3)-(X32*YL4)) 44,50,50	
44 WRITE(IOUT,1000)NP,XL1,XL2,XL3,XL4,YL1,YL2,YL3,YL4	2156
NRENT =1	2163
KRENT=1	2164
50 RETURN	2165
1000 FORMAT(25H QUADRILATERAL PLATE NO. ,I4,	2166
*23H HAS A REENTRANT CORNER/23H0LOCAL COORDINATES ARE,/	2167
*14HOX-COORDINATES,4(3X,E15.8)/14HOY-COORDINATES,4(3X,E15.8))	2168
END	2169
	2170

## SUBROUTINE COPLAN

```

SIBFTC COPLA* DECK
SUBROUTINE COPLAN(NERR)
C
C DETERMINE THE DEGREE OF COPLANARTY
C
COMMON/PSTIF9/NP,N4
COMMON/PSTIFG/XS1,YS1,ZS1,XS2,YS2,ZS2,XS3,YS3,ZS3,XS4,YS4,ZS4
COMMON/PSTIFH/XL1,YL1,XL2,YL2,XL3,YL3,XL4,YL4
COMMON/NO:MERG/INER
COMMON/CHECK/ACPT,GROSS
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
C
C ACPT - ACCEPTABLE PERCENT OF NONCOPLANARITY OF QUADRILATERAL PLATE
C GROSS - NOT ACCEPTABLE PERCENT OF NONCOPLANARITY OF QUADRILATERAL PLAT
C
IOUT = MT6
NERR=0
RTD43=SQRT((XS4-XS3)**2+(YS4-YS3)**2+(ZS4-ZS3)**2)
PERCT=(100.0*(RTD43-SQRT((XL4-XL3)**2+(YL4-YL3)**2)))/RTD43
C
C TEST FOR EXCEPTABLE ERROR WITH NO COMMENT
C
IF(ABS(PERCT).LE.ACPT) GO TO 50
C
C TEST FOR MINOR OR GROSS ERROR WITH COMMENT
C
IF(ABS(PERCT).GE.GROSS) GO TO 40
C
C MINOR ERROR - CONTINUE ANALYSIS
C
WRITE(IOUT,1000)NP,PERCT
GO TO 50
C
C GROSS ERROR - DELETE ANALYSIS
C
40 NERR=1
INER=1
WRITE(IOUT,1001)NP,PERCT
50 RETURN
1000 FORMAT(25HQUADRILATERAL PLATE NO. ,I4/
*9X,25HDEGREE OF NONCOPLANARITY ,F6.3,8H PERCENT/
*9X,31HACCEPTABLE - ANALYSIS CONTINUED)
1001 FORMAT(25HQUADRILATERAL PLATE NO. ,I4/
*9X,25HDEGREE OF NONCOPLANARITY ,F8.3,8H PERCENT/
*9X,33HNOT ACCEPTABLE - ANALYSIS DELETED)
END

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## SUBROUTINE BEAM

```

$IBFTC BEAM*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE BEAM                                222
  COMMON/TITL/TITLE(13)                          222
C
  DIMENSION XL(50),TEMP(50)
  DIMENSION PROP(600),FLX(6,6),SKAB(6,6),GAM1(6,6),GAM2(6,6),
  2AK(12,12),Q(12,12),BK(12,12),TLAM(12,12),GAMMA(12,12),QG(12,12),
  3OFSET(6),JFIX(6),ALAM(6,6),ALAMA(6,6),ALAMB(6,6),ALSL(6,6),
  4XKG(12,12)
C
  COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)                        223
  COMMON/CONT2/KPART(800)                        223
  COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)                          223
  COMMON/CORD/XN(2000),YN(2000),ZN(2000)         223
  COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,IPT,NPS ,IUM2 223
  COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
  * MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
C
  COMMON/PROPT/YI(100),ZA(100),XA(100),ZI(100),YA(100),GJ(100) 224
  COMMON/ADPRO/EM,G,RC,ALFA,DARC,DL             224
  COMMON/SSTR/EMM,GG                             224
  COMMON/VAR/NPTS,FNPTS                           224
  COMMON/N3N3/N3                                  224
  COMMON/FLAG/NFLAG                               224
C
  EQUIVALENCE (PROP,YI)                          224
C
  IN = MT5
  IOUT = MT6
  ISTRS = MT16
  ISTIF = MT2
  NPTS=100
  FNPTS=100.0
  K1=NPS+1
C
C
C
  1999 CONTINUE
  NB=0
  LINE=0
  WRITE(IOUT,9011)(II,II=1,3)
C*****NB COUNTS BEAMS
  2001 NB=NB+1
  ILOAD=0
C
C***** READ BEAM DATA
  RC=0.
  READ(IN,9030)KB,N1,N2,N3,ISP,NSP,IOC,IOFSET,
  1IFRC,(JFIX(K),K=1,6),IBUC,EM,G
  IF(IBUC.NE.0)READ(IN,9090)SK,SSK
  IF((IBUC.NE.0) .AND. (SK .NE. 0.0)) WRITE(IOUT,9351) SK
  IF((IBUC .NE. 0) .AND. (SSK .NE. 0.0)) WRITE(IOUT,9351) SSK
  IF(IFRC.NE.0) READ(IN,9090) RC

```

```

      DO 16 K=1,6
      15 JFIX(K)=IABS(JFIX(K))
C -
C*****CHECK RANGE OF NODES
      IF(NNODE=N1      )25,20,20
      20 IF(NNODE=N2      )25,30,30
      25 WRITE (IOUT,9050)KB
      NFLAG=1
C***** CHECK VALIDITY OF DATA
      30 IF(EM)35,40,45
      35 WRITE(IOUT,9060)KB
      EM=ABS(EM)
      GO TO 45
      40 EM=EMM
      45 IF(G)50,55,60
      50 WRITE(IOUT,9070)KB
      G=ABS(G)
      GO TO 60
      55 G=GG
      60 IF(KB      -NB)54,70,54
      54 WRITE(IOUT,9080)KB      ,NB
      CALL EXIT
C
C      OFFSET NODES
C
      70 IF(IOFSET)56,57,56
C
      56 READ (IN,9090)(OFSET(I),I=1,6)
C
      GO TO 59
      57 DO 58 I=1,6
      58 OFSET(I)=0.0
      59 M=N1
      X1=XN(M)+OFSET(1)
      Y1=YN(M)+OFSET(2)
      Z1=ZN(M)+OFSET(3)
      XA1=ABS(XN(M))
      YA1=ABS(YN(M))
      ZA1=ABS(ZN(M))
      M=N2
      X2=XN(M)+OFSET(4)
      Y2=YN(M)+OFSET(5)
      Z2=ZN(M)+OFSET(6)
      XA2=ABS(XN(M))
      YA2=ABS(YN(M))
      ZA2=ABS(ZN(M))
      M=N3
      X3=XN(M)
      Y3=YN(M)
      Z3=ZN(M)
C
C*****COMPUTE OFFSET TRANSFORMATION MATRIX
      IF(IOFSET.NE.0) CALL OFST(OFSET,GAMMA,GAM1,GAM2)
C

```

C		232
C	CONNECTIVITY INFO FOR BEAM	232
C		232
C		232
	MPT=IPT-1	232
	DO 65 I=1,MPT	232
	IF((N1.LE.LN(I+1)).AND.(N1.GT.LN(I)))NI=I+1	233
	IF((N2.LE.LN(I+1)).AND.(N2.GT.LN(I)))NJ=I+1	233
	C*****N1 IS IN THE NI-TH PARTITION	
	C*****N2 IS IN THE NJ-TH PARTITION	
	IF(N1.LE.LN(1))NI=1	233
	IF(N2.LE.LN(1))NJ=1	233
	65 CONTINUE	233
C		233
	IF(NI.GE.NJ)NINJ=NI*1000+NJ	233
	IF(NJ.GT.NI) NINJ=NJ*1000+NI	233
	NINI=1001*NI	233
	NJNJ=1001*NJ	234
C		234
C		234
	K11=K1-1	234
	KC=0	234
	KC1=0	234
	KC2=0	234
C		234
	C*****K1 COUNTS PARTITIONS	
	C*****FIRST DIGIT OF KPART = FIRST BEAM IN THE PARTITION	
	C***** LAST DIGIT OF KPART = LAST BEAM IN THE PARTITION	
	DO 66 I=1,800	234
	IF(JPART(+).EQ.NINJ)KC=I	234
	IF(JPART(I).EQ.NINI)KC1=I	234
	IF(JPART(I).EQ.NJNJ)KC2=I	235
	66 CONTINUE	235
C		235
	IF(KC.EQ.0)GO TO 81	235
	C*****UPDATE KPART	
	IF(KPART(KC ).EQ.0) KPART(KC )=10001*KB	235
	KPART(KC )=(KPART(KC )/10000)*10000+KB	235
	GO TO 82	235
	81 CONTINUE	235
	C*****NEW PARTITION - COMPUTE JPART, KPART	
	JPART(K1)=NINJ	235
	KPART(K1 )=10001*KB	235
	K1=K1+1	236
	82 IF(KC1.EQ.0)GO TO 83	236
	C*****UPDATE KPART	
	IF(KPART(KC1).EQ.0) KPART(KC1)=10001*KB	236
	KPART(KC1)=(KPART(KC1)/10000)*10000+KB	236
	GO TO 84	236
	83 CONTINUE	236

```

C*****DON'T COUNT PARTITION AGAIN IF ALREADY COUNTED
      IF(NINJ.EQ.NINI)GO TO 67
      236
C*****NEW PARTITION - COMPUTE JPART, KPART
      JPART(K1)=NINI
      KPART(K1 )=10001*KB
      K1=K1+1
      67 CONTINUE
      84 IF(KC2.EQ.0)GO TO 85
      236
      236
      237
      237
C*****UPDATE KPART
      IF(KPART(KC2).EQ.0) KPART(KC2)=10001*KB
      KPART(KC2)=(KPART(KC2)/10000)*10000+KB
      GO TO 86
      85 CONTINUE
      237
      237
      237
      237
C*****DON'T COUNT PARTITION AGAIN IF ALREADY COUNTED
      IF((NUNJ.EQ.NINI).OR.(NUNJ.EQ.NINJ))GO TO 71
      237
C*****NEW PARTITION - COMPUTE JPART, KPART
      JPART(K1)=NUNJ
      KPART(K1 )=10001*KB
      K1=K1+1
      71 CONTINUE
      86 CONTINUE
      237
      237
      238
      238
      238
      238
      238
      238
      238
      238
      239
C
      SECTION PROPERTIES
C
      IF(ISP)75,810,75
C
      75 NCT=0
      NI=0
      GO TO(80,90,130),ISP
C
      238
      238
      238
      238
      239
C***** UNIFORM PROPERTIES
      80 READ (IN,9090)YI(1),ZA(1),XA(1),ZI(1),YA(1),GJ(1)
      810 WRITE(IOUT,9012)KB,N1,N2,N3,JFIX,YI(1),ZA(1),XA(1),ZI(1),YA(1),
      1 GJ(1),EM,G
      LINE=LINE+1
      IF(LINE.LT.50)GO TO 803
      LINE=0
      CALL PAGHED
      WRITE(IOUT,9011)(II,II=1,3)
      803 CONTINUE
      IF(IOFSET.EQ.0) GO TO 802
      WRITE(IOUT,9014)(OFSET(I),I=1,6)
      LINE=LINE+1
      IF(LINE.LT.50)GO TO 802
      LINE=0
      CALL PAGHED
      WRITE(IOUT,9011)(II,II=1,3)
      802 CONTINUE
      239

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```

      IF(ISP.EQ.0) GO TO 190
C
      DO 89 I=2,100
      PROP(I)=YI(1)
      PROP(I+100)=ZA(1)
      PROP(I+200)=XA(1)
      PROP(I+300)=ZI(1)
      PROP(I+400)=YA(1)
89  PROP(I+500)=GJ(1)
      GO TO 190
C
C***** PROPERTIES VARY ACCORDING TO FORMULA
      90 DO 125 I=1,6
      LL=100*I
      KK=LL-99
      IF(NI-I)95,100,115
C
      95 READ (IN,9150)NI,K,L,M,N,A,B,C
      WRITE(IOUT,9016)KB,N1,N2,N3,JFIX,NI,K,L,M,N,A,B,C
      LINE=LINE+1
      IF(LINE.LT.50)GO TO 804
      LINE=0
      CALL PAGHED
      WRITE(IOUT,9011)(II,II=1,3)
804  CONTINUE
C
      IF(NI-I)126,100,115
100  AJ=-.005
      NCT=NCT+1
      DO 105 J=KK,LL
      AJ=AJ+.01
      PROP(J)=C*(1.0+A*(AJ)**K)**M*(1.0+B*(AJ)**L)**N
105  CONTINUE
      IF(NCT=NSP)125,110,125
110  NI=7
      GO TO 125
115  DO 120 J=KK,LL
      PROP(J)=0.0
120  CONTINUE
125  CONTINUE
C
      GO TO 190
126  WRITE (IOUT,9160)NI
      CALL EXIT
C
C***** PROPERTIES VARY ACCORDING TO TABLE
      130 DO 185 K=1,6
      LL=100*K
      KK=LL-99
      IF(NI-K)135,140,175
C
      135 READ (IN,9010)NI,LTBL,BL
C
      IF(NI-K)126,140,175
C
      140 READ (IN,9090)(XL(J),TEMP(J),J=1,LTBL)

```



	IF(JFIX(I),NE,1)GO TO 208	248
	M=I	248
	IF(I,GT,3)M=I+3	248
	CALL REDUCE(AK,12,M)	
208	CONTINUE	248
710	CONTINUE	280
	IF(IOFSET)210,209,210	248
C		248
209	CONTINUE	249
	CALL MULT(AK,TLAM,Q,12,12,12,1,0)	249
	CALL MULT(TLAM,Q,BK,12,12,12,2,0)	249
	GO TO 211	249
C		249
210	CONTINUE	249
	CALL MULT(TLAM,GAMMA,QG,12,12,12,1,0)	2 9
	CALL MULT(AK,QG,Q,12,12,12,1,0)	249
	CALL MULT(QG,Q,BK,12,12,12,2,0)	249
C		249
211	CONTINUE	250
C		250
C	ENGINEERING SIGN CONVENTION	250
	DO 213 I=1,12	250
	Q(1,I)=-Q(1,I)	250
	Q(3,I)=-Q(3,I)	250
	Q(4,I)=-Q(4,I)	250
	Q(8,I)=-Q(8,I)	250
	Q(11,I)=-Q(11,I)	250
	Q(12,I)=-Q(12,I)	250
213	CONTINUE	251
C		251
C		251
C		251
C	WRITING STRESS MATRIX	251
C		251
	WRITE(ISTR)KB,N1,N2	251
	WRITE(ISTR)((Q(I,J),I=1,12),J=1,12)	251
C		251
C		251
C		252
C	WRITING STIFFNESS MATRIX	252
C		252
	WRITE(ISTIF)N1,N2	252
C		252
	WRITE(ISTIF)((BK(J,I),J=1,6),I=1,6) ,	252
	1((BK(J,I),J=1,6),I=7,12),((BK(J,I),J=7,12),I=1,6) ,	252
	2((BK(J,I),J=7,12),I=7,12)	252
C		252
C		281
C		281
	IF(IOC,EQ,0)GO TO 1950	281
C		281
	WRITE(IOUT,9320)	281
	CALL PRINT(TLAM,12,12,1,4HTLAM,1,12)	281
	WRITE (IOUT,9270)	281
	CALL PRINT(AK,12,12,1,4HAK ,1,12)	281
	WRITE (IOUT,9310)	281
	CALL PRINT(Q,12,12,1,4HQ ,1,12)	281
	WRITE (IOUT,9300)	282
	CALL PRINT(BK,12,12,1,4HBK ,1,12)	282
1950	CONTINUE	282

C		282
	2000 IF(NBEAM-NB)2002,2002,2001	282
C		283
C	2002 CONTINUE	283
	NPS=K1-1	283
C		284
C	9010 FORMAT(2I4,4X,E12.4)	
	9011 FORMAT(/56X,9HBEAM DATA//	
	1 1X,    5H BEAM,3(5H NODE ),4X,6HFIXITY,4X,4HI(Y),8X,5HA(XY),9X,	
	21HA,9X,4HI(Z),8X,5HA(XZ),9X,1HJ,9X,6HYG MOD,6X,6HSH MOD//4X,3I5//)	
	9012 FORMAT(4I5,4X,6I1,8(1PE12.3))	
	9013 FORMAT(9H RADIUS =E14.4)	
	9014 FORMAT(9H OFFSETS 6E12.4)	
	9016 FORMAT(4I5,4X,6I1,10H PROPERTY I1,16H    CONSTANTS K=I5,3H L=I5,	
	1 3H M=I5,3H N=I5,3H A=1PE11.3,3H B=1PE11.3,3H C=1PE11.3)	
	9017 FORMAT(4I5,4X,6I1,10H PROPERTY I1,3(3H X=E12.4,5H VAL=E12.4))	
	9030 FORMAT(8I4,4X,I4,6I1,I2,2E12.4)	
	9050 FORMAT(33H1INCORRECT NODE NUMBER, BEAM NO. I3)	284
	9060 FORMAT(42H1NEGATIVE MODULUS OF ELASTICITY, BEAM NO. I3)	284
	9070 FORMAT(40H1NEGATIVE MODULUS OF RIGIDITY, BEAM NO. I3)	284
	9080 FORMAT(40H1INPUT NOT IN PROPER SEQUENCE, BEAM NO. I3,	285
	111H SHOULD BE I3)	285
	9090 FORMAT(6E12.4)	285
	9150 FORMAT(5I4,4X,3E12.4)	
	9160 FORMAT(1H117HSECTION PROPERTY I1,18HIS OUT OF SEQUEN3E)	285
	9170 FORMAT(3I4,5E12.4)	285
	9190 FORMAT(E12.4,4I4)	285
	9270 FORMAT(23H1LOCAL STIFFNESS MATRIX)	285
	9290 FORMAT(29H1OFFSET TRANSFORMATION MATRIX)	286
	9300 FORMAT(28H1STRUCTURAL STIFFNESS MATRIX)	286
	9310 FORMAT(14H1STRESS MATRIX)	286
	9320 FORMAT(22H1TRANSFORMATION MATRIX)	286
	9350 FORMAT(1H I4,6E12.4)	286
	9351 FORMAT(20H0INITIAL BEAM THRUST,F10.2,5H LBS.//)	
C		286
	RETURN	286
	END	286

## SUBROUTINE TINVR

SIBFTC TINVR* DECK		3700
SUBROUTINE TINVR (ELEM,N,IND)		3701
DIMENSION ELEM(6,6)		3702
CALL OVERFL(K000FX)		3703
GO TO(99,99),K000FX		3704
99  CALL DVCHK (K000FX)		3705
GO TO(100,100),K000FX		3706
C  COMPUTE EQUIVALENT TRIANGULAR MATRIX		3707
100 DO 111 I=1,N		3708
IF (ELEM(I,I)) 107,107,108		3709
107 IND=-1		3710
GO TO 310		3711
108 ELEM(I,I)=SQRT(ELEM(I,I))		3712
L=I+1		3713
IF (L=N) 103,103,116		3714
103 DO 102 J=L,N		3715
102 ELEM(J,I)=ELEM(I,J)/ELEM(I,I)		3716
CALL DVCHK (K000FX)		3717
GO TO(107,106),K000FX		3718
106 DO 111 K=L,N		3719
IF (ELEM(K,I))112,111,112		3720
112 DO 110 J=K,N		3721
110 ELEM(K,J)=ELEM(K,J)-ELEM(K,I)*ELEM(J,I)		3722
111 CONTINUE		3723
C  INVERT TRIANGULAR MATRIX		3724
116 M=N-1		3725
DO 198 J=1,M		3726
L=J+1		3727
DO 198 K=L,N		3728
198 ELEM(J,K)=0.0		3729
DO 199 I=1,N		3730
199 ELEM(I,I)=1.0/ELEM(I,I)		3731
DO 206 I=1,M		3732
L=I+1		3733
DO 206 J=L,N		3734
M=J-1		3735
DO 204 K=I,M		3736
204 ELEM(I,J)=ELEM(I,J)-ELEM(J,K)*ELEM(I,K)		3737
206 ELEM(I,J)=ELEM(J,J)*ELEM(I,J)		3738
CALL OVERFL(K000FX)		3739
GO TO(200,207),K000FX		3740
200 IND=-2		3741
GO TO 310		3742
C  EXPAND TRIANGULAR INVERSE		3743
207 DO 299 I=2,N		3744
L=I-1		3745
DO 299 J=1,L		3746
299 ELEM(I,J)=0.0		3747
DO 306 I=1,N		3748
DO 306 J=I,N		3749
E=0.0		3750
DO 305 K=J,N		3751
305 E=E+ELEM(I,K)*ELEM(J,K)		3752
306 ELEM(J,I)=E		3753
DO 307 I=2,N		3754
L=I-1		3755
DO 307 J=1,L		

307	ELEM(J,I)=ELEM(I,J)	3756
	CALL OVERFL(K000FX)	3757
	GO TO(300,308),K000FX	3758
300	IND=-3	3759
	GO TO 310	3760
308	IND=+1	3761
310	RETURN	3762
	END	3763

## SUBROUTINE SMULT

```
SIBFTC SMULT* DECK
SUBROUTINE SMULT(A,B,C,N1,N2,N3)
C
C   DIMENSION A(N1,N2),B(N2,N3),C(N1,N3)
C
C   C=C-A*B
C   WHERE C IS AN N1*N3
C         A IS AN N1*N2
C         B IS AN N2*N3
C
C   DO 100 I=1,N1
C   DO 100 J=1,N3
C   C(I,J)=0.0
C   DO 100 K=1,N2
C   C(I,J)=C(I,J)-A(I,K)*B(K,J)
100 CONTINUE
C
C   RETURN
C   END
```

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100	3780
C	3781
	3782
	3783

## SUBROUTINE MULT

SIBFTC	MULT*	DECK		3785
			SUBROUTINE MULT(A,B,C,N1,N2,N3,N4,IM )	3786
C			N1,N2,AND N3 MUST BE IN THEIR ORDER AFTER TRANSPOSITION	3787
			DIMENSION A(N1,N2),B(N2,N3),C(N1,N3)	3788
C			N4=1...NORMAL	3789
C			N4=2...(A(TRANPOSE))*B	3790
C			C=C+A*B	3791
C			WHERE C IS AN N1*N3	3792
C			A IS AN N1*N2	3793
C			B IS AN N2*N3	3794
C				3795
C			IM=0 NORMAL	3796
C			=1 MOVE C TO B	3797
C				3798
			GO TO(1,2),N4	3799
C				3800
	2		CONTINUE	3801
			DO 10 I=1,N1	3802
			DO 10 J=1,N3	3803
			C(I,J)=0.0	3804
			DO 10 K=1,N2	3805
			C(I,J)=C(I,J)+A(K,I)*B(K,J)	3806
	10		CONTINUE	3807
			GO TO 98	3808
	1		CONTINUE	3809
			DO 100 I=1,N1	3810
			DO 100 J=1,N3	3811
			C(I,J)=0.0	3812
			DO 100 K=1,N2	3813
			C(I,J)=C(I,J)+A(I,K)* B(K,J)	3814
	100		CONTINUE	3815
	98		CONTINUE	3816
			IF(IM)300,200,300	3817
	200		RETURN	3818
	300		DO 320 I=1,N1	3819
			DO 320 J=1,N3	3820
			B(I,J)=C(I,J)	3821
	320		CONTINUE	3822
			GO TO 200	3823
			END	3824

## SUBROUTINE SBMTR

```

$IBFTC SBMTR* DECK
SUBROUTINE SBMTR(XI,YI,ZI,XF,YF,ZF,XC,YC,ZC,ALAM,SLAM)
C
C STRAIGHT BEAM TRANSFORMATION MATRIX
C
C DIMENSION ALAM(6,6),SLAM(12,12)
C
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/VAR/NPTS, FNPTS
COMMON/ADPRO/EM,G,RC,ALFA,DARC,DL
COMMON/N3N3/N3
C
XFI=XF-XI
YFI=YF-YI
ZFI=ZF-ZI
DS=SQRT(XFI**2+YFI**2)
DL=SQRT(XFI**2+YFI**2+ZFI**2)
DARC=DL/FNPTS
C
IOUT = MT6
IF(N3.EQ.0)GO TO 5
XCI=XC-XI
YCI=YC-YI
ZCI=ZC-ZI
F=(XCI*XFI+YCI*YFI)/DS
B=-(XCI*YFI-YCI*XFI)/DS
D=(-F*ZFI+ZCI*DS)/DL
DIV=SQRT(D*D+B*B)
DIVR=SQRT(XCI**2+YCI**2)
5 CONTINUE
C
DO 10 I=1,6
DO 10 J=1,6
10 ALAM(I,J)=0.0
C
DO 15 I=1,12
DO 15 J=1,12
15 SLAM(I,J)=0.0
C
IF(DS)20,40,60
C
20 WRITE(IOUT,9000)XI,YI,ZI,XF,YF,ZF
9000 FORMAT(19H1LENGTH IS NEGATIVE///(6E10.3))
C
40 CONTINUE
IF(N3.NE.0)GO TO 41
SINB=0.
COSB=1.
GO TO 42
41 SINB=YCI/DIVR
COSB=XCI/DIVR
42 ALAM(1,3)=ZFI/DL
ALAM(2,1)=SINB*(ZFI/DL)
ALAM(2,2)=-COSB*(ZFI/DL)
ALAM(3,1)=COSB
ALAM(3,2)=SINB

```

	GO TO 65	3366
C		3367
	60 CONTINUE	3368
	IF(N3.NE.0) GO TO 61	3369
	SINB=0.	3370
	COSB=1.	3371
	GO TO 62	3372
	61 COSB=D/DIV	3373
	SINB=B/DIV	3374
	62 ALAM(1,1)=XFI/DL	3375
	ALAM(1,2)=YFI/DL	3376
	ALAM(1,3)=ZFI/DL	3377
	ALAM(2,1)=-COSB*(YFI/DS)+SINB*(ZFI/DL)*(XFI/DS)	3378
	ALAM(2,2)=COSB*(XFI/DS)+SINB*(ZFI/DL)*(YFI/DS)	3379
	ALAM(2,3)=-SINB*(DS/DL)	3380
	ALAM(3,1)=-SINB*(YFI/DS)-COSB*(ZFI/DL)*(XFI/DS)	3381
	ALAM(3,2)=SINB*(XFI/DS)-COSB*(ZFI/DL)*(YFI/DS)	3382
	ALAM(3,3)=COSB*(DS/DL)	3383
C		3384
	65 CONTINUE	3385
C		3386
	DO 90 I=1,3	3387
	DO 90 J=1,3	3388
	ALAM(I+3,J+3)=ALAM(I,J)	3389
	90 CONTINUE	3390
C		3391
	DO 110 I=1,6	3392
	DO 110 J=1,6	3393
	SLAM(I,J)=ALAM(I,J)	3394
	SLAM(I+6,J+6)=ALAM(I,J)	3395
	110 CONTINUE	3396
C		3397
	RETURN	3398
	END	3399

# SUBROUTINE SSTIF

```

$IBFTC SSTIF* DECK
  SUBROUTINE SSTIF(AK)
C
C   STRAIGHT BEAM STIFFNESS
C
C   DIMENSIONAK(12,12)
C
C   COMMON/VAR/NPTS, FNPTS
COMMON/ADPRO/EM,G,RC,ALFA,DARC,DL
COMMON/PROPT/YI(100),ZA(100),XA(100),ZI(100),YA(100),GJ(100)
C
C
C   YSUM1=0.0
C   YSUM2=0.0
C   YSUM3=0.0
C   YSUM4=0.0
C   ZSUM1=0.0
C   ZSUM2=0.0
C   ZSUM3=0.0
C   ZSUM4=0.0
C   SUM5=0.0
C   SUM6=0.0
C   A=0.0
C   B=201.0
C   C=-1.0
C   S=DL
C
C   DO 100 I=1,12
C   DO 100 J=1,I
100 AK(I,J)=0.0
C
C   DO 200 I=1,NPTS
C   A=A*1.0
C   B=B-2.0
C   C=C+2.0
C   YSUM1=YSUM1+B**2/ZI(I)
C   YSUM2=YSUM2+1.0/YA(I)
C   YSUM3=YSUM3+C**2/ZI(I)
C   YSUM4=YSUM4+C*B/ZI(I)
C   ZSUM1=ZSUM1+B**2/YI(I)
C   ZSUM2=ZSUM2+1.0/ZA(I)
C   ZSUM3=ZSUM3+C**2/YI(I)
C   ZSUM4=ZSUM4+C*B/YI(I)
C   SUM5=SUM5+1.0/XA(I)
C   SUM6=SUM6+1.0/GJ(I)
200 CONTINUE
C
C   PARTC2=YSUM2/(G*S*FNPTS)
C   B=S/(EM*(4.0*FNPTS**3))
C   PARTC1=B*ZSUM1
C1 = PARTC1 + PARTC2
C2=B*ZSUM3+PARTC2
C3=B*ZSUM4-PARTC2
C4 = C1*C2 - C3**2
C   AK(2,2)=C2/C4
C   AK(8,2)=C3/C4
C   AK(8,8)=C1/C4

```

	AK(6,6)=(AK(2,2)+2.0*AK(8,2)+AK(8,8))/S**2	3125
	AK(4,4)=FNPTS*EM/(S*SUM5)	3126
	B=S/(EM*(4.0*FNPTS**3))	3127
	PARTC1=B*YSUM1	3128
	PARTC2=ZSUM2/(G*S*FNPTS)	3129
	C1=PARTC1+PARTC2	3130
	C2=B*YSUM3+PARTC2	3131
	C3=B*YSUM4-PARTC2	3132
	C4=C1*C2-C3**2	3133
C		3134
	AK(3,3)=C2/C4	3135
	AK(9,3)=C3/C4	3136
	AK(9,9)=C1/C4	3137
	AK(12,2)=(AK(2,2)+AK(8,2))/S	3138
	AK(9,5)=(AK(9,3)+AK(9,9))/S	3139
	AK(1,1)=FNPTS*G/(S*SUM6)	3140
	AK(5,5)=(AK(3,3)+2.0*AK(9,3)+AK(9,9))/S**2	3141
	AK(8,6)=-AK(8,2)+AK(8,8))/S	3142
	AK(11,9)=-AK(9,3)+AK(9,9))/S	3143
	AK(12,8)=(AK(8,2)+AK(8,8))/S	3144
	AK(7,1)=-AK(1,1)	3145
	AK(10,4)=-AK(4,4)	3146
	AK(11,5)=-AK(5,5)	3147
	AK(12,6)=-AK(6,6)	3148
	AK(6,2)=-AK(12,2)	3149
	AK(5,3)=(AK(3,3)+AK(9,3))/S	3150
	AK(11,3)=-AK(5,3)	3151
	AK(7,7)=AK(1,1)	3152
	AK(10,10)=AK(4,4)	3153
	AK(11,11)=AK(5,5)	3154
	AK(12,12)=AK(6,6)	3155
C		3156
	DO 300 I=1,11	3157
	IDIAG=I+1	
	DO 300 J=IDIAG,12	3158
300	AK(I,J)=AK(J,I)	3159
C		3160
C		3166
	RETURN	3167
	END	3168

## SUBROUTINE MAD

```
SIBFTC MAD*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE MAD(A,B)
  DIMENSION A(144),B(144)
  DO 10 I=1,144
  A(I)=A(I)+B(I)
10 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
```

## SUBROUTINE SBGS

```
SIBFTC SBGS*   DECK
      SUBROUTINE SBGS(SK,SSK,S,XKG)
      DIMENSION XKG(12,12)
C
C *** COMPUTES STRAIGHT BEAM GEOMETRIC STIFFNESS MATRIX-XKG
C   **CLEAR ARRAY**
      DO 10 I=1,12
      DO 10 J=1,I
      XKG(I,J)=0.0
10 CONTINUE
C
C   **COMPUTE ELEMENTS OF LOWER TRIANGLE**
      SK= -SK
C
      XKG(6,6)=-1.2/S*SK
      XKG(12,12)=XKG(6,6)
      XKG(12,6)=-XKG(6,6)
      XKG(12,2)=-.1*SK
      XKG(12,8)=XKG(12,2)
      XKG(6,2)=-XKG(12,2)
      XKG(8,6)=XKG(6,2)
      XKG(8,2) =S/30.*SK
      XKG(2,2)=-4.*XKG(8,2)
      XKG(8,8)=XKG(2,2)
C
      SSK=-SSK
      XKG(5,5)=-1.2/S*SSK
      XKG(11,11)=XKG(5,5)
      XKG(11,5)=-XKG(5,5)
      XKG(11,3)=-.1*SSK
      XKG(11,9)=XKG(11,3)
      XKG(5,3)=-XKG(11,3)
      XKG(9,5)=XKG(5,3)
      XKG(9,3)=S/30.*SSK
      XKG(3,3)=-4.*XKG(9,3)
      XKG(9,9)=XKG(3,3)
C   **FILL UPPER TRIANGLE**
C
      DO 20 I=1,11
      IDIAG=I+1
      DO 20 J=IDIAG,12
      XKG(I,J)=XKG(J,I)
20 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
      END
```

## SUBROUTINE OFST

SIBFTC OFST* DECK		
	SUBROUTINE OFST(OFSET,GAMMA,GAM1,GAM2)	3586
C		3587
C	OFFSET BEAM TRANSFORMATION	3588
C		3589
	DIMENSION OFSET(6),GAMMA(12,12),GAM1(6,6),GAM2(6,6)	3590
C		3591
	DO 100 I=1,12	3592
	DO 100 J=1,12	3593
	GAMMA(I,J)=0.0	3594
100	GAMMA(I,I)=1.0	3595
C		3596
	GAMMA(5,1)=-OFSET(3)	3597
	GAMMA(6,1)=OFSET(2)	3598
	GAMMA(4,2)=OFSET(3)	3599
	GAMMA(6,2)=-OFSET(1)	3600
	GAMMA(4,3)=-OFSET(2)	3601
	GAMMA(5,3)=OFSET(1)	3602
C		3603
	GAMMA(11,7)=-OFSET(6)	3604
	GAMMA(12,7)=OFSET(5)	3605
	GAMMA(10,8)=OFSET(6)	3606
	GAMMA(12,8)=-OFSET(4)	3607
	GAMMA(10,9)=-OFSET(5)	3608
	GAMMA(11,9)=OFSET(4)	3609
C		3610
	DO 500 I=1,6	3611
	DO 500 J=1,6	3612
	GAM1(I,J)=GAMMA(I,J)	3613
500	GAM2(I,J)=GAMMA(I+6,J+6)	3614
C		3615
	RETURN	3616
	END	3617

## SUBROUTINE CSTIF

```

SIBFTC CSTIF* DECK
SUBROUTINE CSTIF (AK,FLX,SKAB)
C
C CURVED BEAM STIFFNESS
C
DIMENSION AK(12,12),FLX(6,6),SKAA(6,6),SKAB(6,6),S(22),
1TMAB(6,6),TMABT(6,6)
C
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/VAR/NPTS, FNPTS
COMMON/ADPRO/EM,G,RC,ALFA,DARC,DL
COMMON/PROPT/YI(100),ZA(100),XA(100),ZI(100),YA(100),GJ(100)
C
IOUT = MT6
DO 10 I=1,22
10 S(I)=0.0
C
REM=DARC/EM
RG=DARC/G
RDE=RC*DARC/EM
DSIN=SIN(ALFA/FNPTS)
DCOS=COS(ALFA/FNPTS)
FLEXIBILITY MATRIX AT B
C
DO 40 I=1,NPTS
C
IF(I.NE.1)GO TO 20
C
SSIN=SIN(ALFA/(2.0*FNPTS))
SCOS=COS(ALFA/(2.0*FNPTS))
GO TO 30
C
20 SSIN=ESIN*DCOS+ECOS*DSIN
SCOS=ECOS*DCOS-ESIN*DSIN
C
30 CONTINUE
SINSQ=SSIN**2
COSSQ=SCOS**2
SICO=SSIN*SCOS
SCOS1=(1.0-SCOS)
C
S(1)=S(1)+COSSQ/XA(I)
S(2)=S(2)+SINSQ/YA(I)
S(3)=S(3)+SCOS1**2/ZI(I)
S(4)=S(4)+SICO/XA(I)
S(5)=S(5)+SICO/YA(I)
S(6)=S(6)+(SCOS1*SSIN)/ZI(I)
S(7)=S(7)+SCOS1/ZI(I)
S(8)=S(8)+SINSQ/XA(I)
S(9)=S(9)+COSSQ/YA(I)
S(10)=S(10)+SINSQ/ZI(I)
S(11)=S(11)+SSIN/ZI(I)
S(12)=S(12)+1.0/ZA(I)
S(13)=S(13)+SCOS1**2/GJ(I)
S(14)=S(14)+SINSQ/YI(I)
S(15)=S(15)+(SCOS1*SCOS)/GJ(I)

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	S(16)=S(16)+(SCOS1*SSIN)/GJ(I)	3227
	S(17)=S(17)+SICO/YI(I)	3228
	S(18)=S(18)+COSSQ/GJ(I)	3229
	S(19)=S(19)+SICO/GJ(I)	3230
	S(20)=S(20)+SINSQ/GJ(I)	3231
	S(21)=S(21)+COSSQ/YI(I)	3232
	S(22)=S(22)+1.0/ZI(I)	3233
C		3234
	ESIN=SSIN	3235
	ECOS=SCOS	3236
C		3237
40	CONTINUE	3238
C		3239
	DO 50 I=1,6	3240
	DO 50 J=1,6	3241
	FLX(J,I)=0.0	3242
	SKAA(J,I)=0.0	3243
	SKAB(J,I)=0.0	3244
	TMAB(J,I)=0.0	3245
	TMABT(J,I)=0.0	3246
50	CONTINUE	3247
C		3248
	FLX(1,1)=S(18)*RG+S(14)*REM	3249
	FLX(1,2)=S(19)*RG-S(17)*REM	3250
	FLX(1,6)=-S(15)*RC*RG+S(14)*RDE	3251
	FLX(2,2)=S(20)*RG+S(21)*REM	3252
	FLX(2,6)=-S(16)*RC*RG-S(17)*RDE	3253
	FLX(3,3)=S(22)*REM	3254
	FLX(3,4)=-S(7)*RDE	3255
	FLX(3,5)=S(11)*RDE	3256
	FLX(4,4)=S(1)*REM+S(2)*RG+S(3)*RC*RDE	3257
	FLX(4,5)=S(4)*REM-S(5)*RG-S(6)*RC*RDE	3258
	FLX(5,5)=S(8)*REM+S(9)*RG+S(10)*RC*RDE	3259
	FLX(6,6)=S(12)*RG+S(13)*RC**2*RG+S(14)*RC*RDE	3260
C		3261
	DO 60 I=1,6	3262
	DO 60 J=I,6	3263
60	FLX(J,I)=FLX(I,J)	3264
C		3265
C	INVERT FLX TO GET STIFFNESS AT B	3266
C		3267
C	CALL TINVR(FLX,6,IND)	3268
C		3269
	IF(IGD.NE.0)GO TO 80	
	WRITE(IOUT,9000)	3271
9000	FORMAT(31H1FLEXIBILITY MATRIX IS SINGULAR)	3272
80	CONTINUE	3273
C		3274
	SSIN=SIN(ALFA)	3275
	SCOS=COS(ALFA)	3276
	TMAB(1,1)=SCOS	3277
	TMAB(1,2)=SSIN	3278
	TMAB(1,6)=-RC*(1.0-SCOS)	3279
	TMAB(2,1)=-SSIN	3280
	TMAB(2,2)=SCOS	3281
	TMAB(2,6)=-RC*SSIN	3282
	TMAB(3,3)=1.0	3283
	TMAB(3,4)=TMAB(1,6)	3284
	TMAB(3,5)=-TMAB(2,6)	3285
	TMAB(4,4)=SCOS	3286

	TMAB(4,5)=SSIN	3287
	TMAB(5,4)=-SSIN	3288
	TMAB(5,5)=SCOS	3289
	TMAB(6,6)=1.0	3290
C		3291
	CALL SMULT(TMAB,FLX,SKAB,6,6,6)	3292
C		3293
	DO 90 I=1,6	3294
	DO 90 J=1,6	3295
	90 TMABT(J,I)=TMAB(I,J)	3296
C		3297
	CALL SMULT(SKAB,TMABT,SKAA,6,6,6)	3298
C		3299
	DO 100 I=1,6	3300
	DO 100 J=1,6	3301
	AK(I,J)=SKAA(I,J)	3302
	AK(I,J+6)=SKAB(I,J)	3303
	AK(I+6,J)=SKAB(J,I)	3304
	AK(I+6,J+6)=FLX(I,J)	3305
	100 CONTINUE	3306
C		3307
	RETURN	3308
	END	3309

## SUBROUTINE CBMTR

```

$IBFTC CBMTR* DECK
SUBROUTINE CBMTR(XI,YI,ZI,XF,YF,ZF,XC,YC,ZC,ALAMA,ALAMB,CLAM)
C
C CURVE BEAM TRANSFORMATION MATRIX
C
C DIMENSION ALAM(3,3),ALAMA(6,6),ALAMB(6,6),CLAM(12,12),
1RCP(3,3),RCN(3,3),RCF(3,3)
C
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/VAR/NPTS, FNPTS
COMMON/ADPRO/EM,G,RC,ALFA,DARC,DL
COMMON/LTRAN/L1,M1,N1,L2,M2,N2,L3,M3,N3
REAL L1,M1,N1,L2,M2,N2,L3,M3,N3
C
IOUT = MT6
XFI=XF-XI
YFI=YF-YI
ZFI=ZF-ZI
XCI=XC-XI
YCI=YC-YI
ZCI=ZC-ZI
DS=SQRT(XFI**2+YFI**2)
DL=SQRT(XFI**2+YFI**2+ZFI**2)
F=(XCI*XFI+YCI*YFI)/DS
B=- (XCI*YFI-YCI*XFI)/DS
D=(-F*ZFI+ZCI*DS)/DL
DIV=SQRT(D*D+B*B)
DIVR=SQRT(XCI**2+YCI**2)
C
DO 5 I=1,3
DO 5 J=1,3
10 ALAM(I,J)=0.0
RCN(I,J)=0.0
5 RCP(I,J)=0.0
C
RCN(1,1)=1.0
RCN(2,3)=1.0
RCN(3,2)=-1.0
C
RCP(1,1)=1.0
RCP(2,3)=-1.0
RCP(3,2)=1.0
C
IF(DS)20,40,60
C
20 WRITE(IOUT,9000)XI,YI,ZI,XF,YF,ZF
9000 FORMAT(19H1LENGTH IS NEGATIVE///(6E10.3))
C
40 CONTINUE
SINB=YCI/DIVR
COSB=XCI/DIVR
ALAM(1,3)=ZFI/DL
ALAM(2,1)=SINB*(ZFI/DL)
ALAM(2,2)=COSB*(ZFI/DL)

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	ALAM(3,1)=COSB	3458
	ALAM(3,2)=SINB	3459
	GO TO 65	3460
C		3461
60	CONTINUE	3462
	COSB=D/DIV	3463
	SINB=B/DIV	3464
	ALAM(1,1)=XFI/DL	3465
	ALAM(1,2)=YFI/DL	3466
	ALAM(1,3)=ZFI/DL	3467
	ALAM(2,1)=-COSB*(YFI/DS)+SINB*(ZFI/DL)*(XFI/DS)	3468
	ALAM(2,2)=COSB*(XFI/DS)+SINB*(ZFI/DL)*(YFI/DS)	3469
	ALAM(2,3)=-SINB*(DS/DL)	3470
	ALAM(3,1)=-SINB*(YFI/DS)-COSB*(ZFI/DL)*(XFI/DS)	3471
	ALAM(3,2)=SINB*(XFI/DS)-COSB*(ZFI/DL)*(YFI/DS)	3472
	ALAM(3,3)=COSB*(DS/DL)	3473
C		3474
65	CONTINUE	3475
C		3476
	IF(RC.LT.0.0)GO TO 80	3477
	CALL MULT (RCP,ALAM,RCF,3,3,3,1,0)	3478
	GO TO 85	3479
80	CALL MULT(RCN,ALAM,RCF,3,3,3,1,0)	3480
85	CONTINUE	3481
C		3482
	L1=RCF(1,1)	3483
	L2=RCF(2,1)	3484
	L3=RCF(3,1)	3485
	M1=RCF(1,2)	3486
	M2=RCF(2,2)	3487
	M3=RCF(3,2)	3488
	N1=RCF(1,3)	3489
	N2=RCF(2,3)	3490
	N3=RCF(3,3)	3491
C		3492
	DO 110 I=1,6	3493
	DO 110 J=1,6	3494
	ALAMA(I,J)=0.0	3495
110	ALAMB(I,J)=0.0	3496
C		3497
	DO 115 I=1,12	3498
	DO 115 J=1,12	3499
115	CLAM(I,J)=0.0	3500
C		3501
	RC=ABS(RC)	3502
	ALFA = DL/(2.0*RC)	3503
	ALFA=ASIN(ALFA)	3504
	CALFA=COS(ALFA)	3505
	SALFA=SIN(ALFA)	3506
	DARC=2.0*(RC*ALFA/FNPTS)	3507
	DL=DARC*FNPTS	3508
	ALFA=2.0*ALFA	3509
C		3510
C		3511
	ALAMA(1,1)=L1*CALFA+L2*SALFA	3512
	ALAMA(1,2)=M1*CALFA+M2*SALFA	3513
	ALAMA(1,3)=N1*CALFA+N2*SALFA	3514
	ALAMA(2,1)=-L1*SALFA+L2*CALFA	3515
	ALAMA(2,2)=-M1*SALFA+M2*CALFA	3516
	ALAMA(2,3)=-N1*SALFA+N2*CALFA	3517

	ALAMA(3,1)=L3	3518
	ALAMA(3,2)=M3	3519
	ALAMA(3,3)=N3	3520
C		3521
	ALAMB(1,1)=L1*CALFA-L2*SALFA	3522
	ALAMB(1,2)=M1*CALFA-M2*SALFA	3523
	ALAMB(1,3)=N1*CALFA-N2*SALFA	3524
	ALAMB(2,1)=L1*SALFA+L2*CALFA	3525
	ALAMB(2,2)=M1*SALFA+M2*CALFA	3526
	ALAMB(2,3)=N1*SALFA+N2*CALFA	3527
	ALAMB(3,1)=L3	3528
	ALAMB(3,2)=M3	3529
	ALAMB(3,3)=N3	3530
C		3531
	DO 120 I=1,3	3532
	DO 120 J=1,3	3533
	ALAMA(I+3,J+3)=ALAMA(I,J)	3534
	ALAMB(I+3,J+3)=ALAMB(I,J)	3535
120	CONTINUE	3536
C		3537
	DO 130 I=1,6	3538
	DO 130 J=1,6	3539
	CLAM(I,J)=ALAMA(I,J)	3540
	CLAM(I+6,J+6)=ALAMB(I,J)	3541
130	CONTINUE	3542
C		3543
	RETURN	3544
	END	3545

## SUBROUTINE MERGE

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$IBFTC MERGE* DECK
SUBROUTINE MERGE
C CONTROL SECTION FOR MERGE AND BOUNDARY
COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)
COMMON/CONT2/KPART(800)
COMMON/CONT3/LPART(800)
COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)
COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB
COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP,NOPT(4)
COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
COMMON/SKIP/NBSP,NBSB,NBSPI,NBSBI
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/REDUC/NTEST,NTEST2
C
C
C IOUT = MT6
C ISTIF = MT2
C IKBC = MT3
C IKDF = MT4
C KFF = MT11
C KSTRES = MT8
C
C SPACING FOR TAPES LOGIC 2 AND LOGIC 15
C NBSP=NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS FOR PLATE STRESS
C NBSP=NPLATE*8
C NBSPI=NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS FOR PLATE INTERNAL LOADS
C NBSPI=NPLATE*2
C NBSB=NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS FOR BEAM STRESS
C NBSB=NBEAM*4
C NBSBI=NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS FOR BEAM INTERNAL LOADS
C NBSBI=NBEAM*3
C
C REWIND ISTIF
C REWIND IKBC
C REWIND IKDF
C REWIND KFF
C REWIND KSTRES
C
C CALL SOR (JPART,KPART,LPART,800)
C
C CALL MERGBC
C IF (NOPT(3) .NE. NTEST2) CALL STRESS
C
C REWIND ISTIF
C REWIND IKBC
C REWIND IKDF
C REWIND KFF
C REWIND KSTRES
C
C 1000 RETURN
END

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## SUBROUTINE SOR

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$IBFTC SOR*   DECK
SUBROUTINE SOR (JPART,KPART,LPART,NPS)
C
C   SORTS THE CONNECTIVITY DATA SO THAT JPART
C   ARRAY STARTS WITH THE FIRST PARTITION
C   AND GOES THRU EVERY ROW OF PARTITIONS
C   CONSECUTIVELY***1001,2001,2002,3001,ETC.***
C
  DIMENSION JPART(1),KPART(1),LPART(1)
  NPS1=NPS-1
  DO 40 I=1,NPS1
  IF(JPART(I).EQ.0)GO TO 40
  MIN=JPART(I)
  K=I
  DO 20 M=I,NPS1
  IF(JPART(M+1).EQ.0)GO TO 20
  IF(MIN.LT.JPART(M+1))GO TO 20
  MIN=JPART(M+1)
  K=M+1
20 CONTINUE
  JPART(K)=JPART(I)
  JPART(I)=MIN
  MIN1=KPART(K)
  KPART(K)=KPART(I)
  KPART(I)=MIN1
  MIN2=LPART(K)
  LPART(K)= LPART(I)
  LPART(I)=MIN2
  K=I +1
40 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
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## SUBROUTINE MERGBC

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$IBFTC MERGB* DECK
SUBROUTINE MERGBC
C
C MERGE AND BOUNDARY OF STIFFNESS
C
COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)
COMMON/CONT2/KPART(800)
COMMON/CONT3/LPART(800)
COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)
COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP
COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB,IF88
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
C
DIMENSION TEMP( 60),ID(60),SPRING(60),
1NNI1(3),NNJ1(3),NDIAG(3)
2,FKK(6),JKK(6),IDD(60),MNN(4)
DIMENSION NT(3),NB(3),NR(3),NL(3),ELEM(60,60,3),A(6,6,4),
1B(6,6,16),JPAR(3),KPAR(3),LPAR(3),ICODE(200,10)
DIMENSION ARRAYB(144),ARRAYP(576),IDRRY(12)
EQUIVALENCE (ARRAYB,A), (ARRAYP,B)
C
C 0 FREE
C 1 ZERO DEFLECTION
C 2 SPECIFIED DEFLECTION
C 3 SPRUNG
C
NVIB IS A PRINT OPTION
INTEGER QZ,QP
LOGICAL NFIND,NSPR
C
IOUT = MT6
QP = MT8
QZ = MT2
KFF = MT11
IKBC = MT3
REWIND QP
REWIND QZ
REWIND KFF
REWIND IKBC
PRINT 6969
C
ZERO=0.0
DO 2 I=1,200
2 NSIZE(I)=0
C
IDI=0
NPM=0
IMK=0
L1=1
L2=2
L3=3
C
C 4 CONTINUE
C

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C		3975
C	WORK WITH THREE PARTITIONS	3976
C	***** DETERMINE FIRST AND LAST BEAMS AND PLATES IN THIS SET.	
	JPAR(1)=JPART(L1)	3977
	JPAR(2)=JPART(L2)	3978
	JPAR(3)=JPART(L3)	3979
C	***** KPART(K)=I00J MEANS THE I-TH BEAM IS THE FIRST	
C	***** BEAM CONNECTED TO A NODE IN THE K-TH PARTITION,	
C	***** AND THE J-TH BEAM IS THE LAST BEAM IN THE K-TH	
C	***** PARTITION. LPART IS A SIMILAR ARRAY FOR PLATES.	
	KMIN=KPART(L1)/10000	3980
	LMIN=LPART(L1)/10000	3981
	KMAX=KPART(L1)-10000*KMIN	3982
	LMAX=LPART(L1)-10000*LMIN	3983
	DO 20 I=L2,L3	3984
	KF=KPART(I)/10000	3985
	KL=KPART(I)-10000*KF	3986
	LF=LPART(I)/10000	3987
	LL=LPART(I)-10000*LF	3988
	IF(KL.GT.KMAX)KMAX=KL	3989
	IF(LL.GT.LMAX)LMAX=LL	3990
	IF((KF.NE.0).AND.(KF.LT.KMIN))KMIN=KF	3991
	IF((LF.NE.0).AND.(LF.LT.LMIN))LMIN=LF	3992
	IF(KMIN.EQ.0)KMIN=KF	3993
	IF(LMIN.EQ.0)LMIN=LF	3994
	20 CONTINUE	3995
C		3996
C	***** ZERO OUT AND SIZE THE THREE PARTITIONS	MERGB C
	DO 8 K=1,3	3998
C		3999
	NI=JPAR (K)/1000	4000
	NJ=JPAR (K)-NI*1000	4001
	NNI1(K)=NI	4002
	NNJ1(K)=NJ	4003
	IF(NI.NE.0)GO TO 7	4004
	NB(K)=0	4005
	NT(K)=0	4006
	NR(K)=0	4007
	NL(K)=0	4008
	GO TO 9	4009
	7 CONTINUE	4010
	IF(NI.NE.1)NT(K)=LN(NI-1)+1	4011
	IF(NI.EQ.1)NT(K)=1	4012
	NB(K)=LN(NI)	4013
	IF(NJ.NE.1)NL(K)=LN(NJ-1)+1	4014
	IF(NJ.EQ.1)NL(K)=1	4015
	NR(K)=LN(NJ)	4016
	NRL=(NR(K)-NL(K)+1)*6	4017
	NBT=(NB(K)-NT(K)+1)*6	4018
	DO 8 J=1,NRL	4019
	DO 8 M=1,NBT	4020
	ELEM(M,J,K)=0.	4021
	8 CONTINUE	4022
	9 CONTINUE	4023
C		4025
	IF(NVIB.NE.1)GO TO 8100	4026
	WRITE(IOUT,9600)(NT(K),NB(K),NR(K),NL(K),K=1,3)	4027
	8100 CONTINUE	4028
C		4029
C		4030

	IF(NBEAM.EQ.0)GO TO 1004	4031
C		4032
C		4033
C	***** SPACE TO FIRST BEAM IN THIS SET OF PARTITIONS	
	KB=0	4034
	IF(KMIN-1)1004,22,23	4035
23	KMIN1=(KMIN-1)*2	4036
	DO 21 ISPA=1,KMIN1	4037
	KB=KB+1	4038
21	READ(QZ)DUMMY	4039
	KB=KB/2	4040
22	CONTINUE	4041
	PRINT 6971,(JPAR(IMT),IMT=1,3),KMIN,KMAX	4042
C	READING BEAM STIFFNESS	4043
15	READ(QZ)N1,N2	4044
	NFIND=.FALSE.	4045
	KB=KB+1	4046
C		4047
C	***** TEST ALL COMBINATIONS OF NODES	
	DO 1000 I=1,4	4048
	GO TO(100,200,300,400),I	4049
100	M1=N1	4050
	M2=N1	4051
	GO TO 500	4052
200	M1=N1	4053
	M2=N2	4054
	GO TO 500	4055
300	M1=N2	4056
	M2=N1	4057
	GO TO 500	4058
400	M1=N2	4059
	M2=N2	4060
500	CONTINUE	4061
C		4062
	DO 800 L=1,3	4063
	IF((M1.GT.NB(L)).OR.(M1.LT.NT(L))) GO TO 800	4064
	IF((M2.GT.NR(L)).OR.(M2.LT.NL(L))) GO TO 800	4065
C		4066
C	***** READ STIFFNESS, IF NECESSARY	
	IF(NFIND) GO TO 501	4067
	NFIND=.TRUE.	4068
	READ(QZ)(ARRAYB(MJ),MJ=1,144)	4069
501	CONTINUE	4070
C	ADDING IN BEAM STIFFNESSES	4071
	DO 700 N=1,6	4072
	KROW=(M1-NT(L))*6+N	4073
	DO 700 M=1,6	4074
	KCOL=(M2-NL(L))*6+M	4075
700	ELEM(KROW,KCOL,L)=ELEM(KROW,KCOL,L)+A(N,M,I)	4076
	GO TO 1000	4077
800	CONTINUE	4078
C		4079
1000	CONTINUE	4080
	IF(.NOT.NFIND) READ(QZ)DUMMY	4081
C		4082
C	***** LOOP FOR ALL BEAMS IN THIS SET	
	IF(KB.LT.KMAX)GO TO 15	4085
C		4086
	REWIND QZ	4087
C		4088

1004	CONTINUE	4089
	IF(NPLATE.EQ.0)GO TO 4000	4090
C		4091
C		4092
C*****	SPACE DOWN TAPE TO FIRST PLATE IN THIS SET.	
	NQ=0	4093
	IF(LMIN-1)4000,25,24	4094
24	LMIN1=(LMIN-1)*2	4095
	DO 26 ISPA=1,LMIN1	4096
	NQ=NQ+1	4097
26	READ(QP)DUMMY	4098
	NQ=NQ/2	4099
25	CONTINUE	4100
	PRINT 6972,LMIN,LMAX	4101
C	READING PLATE STIFFNESS	4102
1005	READ(QP){MNN(I),I=1,4}	4103
C*****	TEST ALL COMBINATIONS OF NODES.	
	NFIND=.FALSE.	4104
	NQ=NQ+1	4105
C		4106
	MLT=4	4107
	IF(MNN(4).EQ.0)MLT=3	4108
C		4109
	DO 2900 I=1,MLT	4110
	M1=MNN(I)	4111
	DO 2900 J=1,MLT	4112
	M2=MNN(J)	4113
C		4114
	DO 2800 L=1,3	4115
	IF((M1.GT.NB(L)).OR.(M1.LT.NT(L)))GO TO 2800	4116
	IF((M2.GT.NR(L)).OR.(M2.LT.NL(L))) GO TO 2800	4117
C*****	READ PLATE STIFFNESS, IF NECESSARY.	
	IF(NFIND) GO TO 2901	4118
	NFIND=.TRUE.	4119
	READ(QP) (ARRAYP(MJ),MJ=1,576)	4120
2901	CONTINUE	4121
C		4122
C	ADDING IN PLATE STIFFNESSES	4123
	DO 2700 N=1,6	4124
	KROW=(M1-NT(L))*6+N	4125
	DO 2700 M=1,6	4126
	KCOL=(M2-NL(L))*6+M	4127
	NII=4*(I-1)+J	4128
2700	ELEM(KROW,KCOL,L)=ELEM(KROW,KCOL,L)+B(N,M,NII)	4129
	GO TO 2900	4130
2800	CONTINUE	4131
C		4132
2900	CONTINUE	4133
	IF(.NOT.NFIND) READ (QP) DUMMY	4134
C		4135
C*****	LOOP FOR ALL PLATES IN THIS SET.	
	IF(NQ.LT.LMAX) GO TO 1005	4138
C		4139
	REWIND QP	4140
C		4141
4000	CONTINUE	4142
C		4143
C		4145
C		4146
C	PRINT 6973	4147

C	BOUNDARY CONDITIONS	4148
C		4149
C		4150
C		4151
C	***** LOOP FOR 3 PARTITIONS.	
	DO 7300 N=1,3	4152
C		4153
	IF(JPAR(N).EQ.0) GO TO 7300	4154
	NDIAG(N)=0	4155
	NUNC=0	4156
	NUNR=0	4157
	NBOT=NB(N)-NT(N)+1	4158
	NBOTF=NBOT*6	4159
	NBOTF1=NBOTF-1	4160
	NRL=NR(N)-NL(N)+1	4161
	NRLF=NRL*6	4162
	NRLF1=NRLF-1	4163
	IF(IMK.EQ.NNI1(N))GO TO 7008	4164
	K=1	4165
	NI=NNI1(N)	4166
C		4167
	DO 7007 I=1,NBOT	4168
	READ(IKBC)M,IJKLMN	4169
	CALL UNPACK(IJKLMN,JKK(1),JKK(2),JKK(3),JKK(4),JKK(5),JKK(6))	4170
	ICODE(NI,I)=IJKLMN	4171
	NSPR = .FALSE.	4172
	DO 7005 L=1,6	4174
	IF(JKK(L).NE.3) GO TO 7005	4175
	NSPR = .TRUE.	4176
	READ(IKBC)(FKK(JJ),JJ=1,6)	4177
	GO TO 7006	4178
7005	CONTINUE	4179
7006	CONTINUE	4180
	DO 107 L=1,6	4181
	M=L+K-1	4182
	IF (.NOT.NSPR) GO TO 107	4183
	SPRING(M)=FKK(L)	4184
107	ID(M)=JKK(L)	4185
	K=K+6	4186
7007	CONTINUE	4187
C		4188
C		4190
	7008 CONTINUE	4191
C		4192
	DO 7009 L=1,60	4193
	7009 IDD(L)=ID(L)	4194
C	***** NDIAG(N)=1, IF THE N-TH PARTITION IN THIS SET	
C	***** IS A DIAGONAL ONE.	
C		4195
	IF(NNI1(N).EQ.NNJ1(N))NDIAG (N)=1	4196
	IK=0	4197
	IFIX=0	4198
	DO 7010 I=1,NBOTF	4199
	IF((ID(I).EQ.1).OR.(ID(I).EQ.2))IK=IK+1	4200
7010	CONTINUE	4201
	IF(IK.EQ.NBOTF)IFIX=1	4202
	IF(NDIAG(N).NE.1)GO TO 7030	4203
	IDI=IDI+1	4204
	NSIZE(IDI)=NBOTF-IK	4205
	IF(.NOT. NSPR) GO TO 7030	

C	ADD SPRING CONSTANTS TO DIAGONAL TERMS	4207
	DO 7025 I=1,NBOTF	4208
	IF(ID(I),NE,3)GO TO 7025	4209
	ELEM(I,I,N)=ELEM(I,I,N)+SPRING(I)	4210
7025	CONTINUE	4211
7030	CONTINUE	4212
C		4213
C	***** SORT CONSTRAINED ELEMENTS TO BOTTOM.	
	DO 7035 I=1,NBOTF	4214
	II=NBOTF-I+1	4215
	IF((ID(II),EQ,1).OR.(ID(II),EQ,2))GO TO 7038	4216
7035	CONTINUE	4217
7038	ILAST=II	4218
	JJJ=0	4219
C		4220
C		4221
	DO 7150 I=1,ILAST	4222
C		4223
	IJK=0	4224
	IF((ID(I),NE,1).AND.(ID(I),NE,2))GO TO 7150	4225
	IJK=1	4226
	IF(JJJ,EQ,0)IJK=0	4227
	JJJ=JJJ+1	4228
	KK=I-JJJ+1	4229
	NUNR=NUNR+1	4230
	IF(NDIAG(N),NE,1)GO TO 7044	4231
	NUNC=NUNR	4232
	GO TO 7050	4233
7044	CONTINUE	4234
	ITR=NNJ1(N)	4235
	NUN1=NSIZE(ITR)	4236
	NUNC=NRLF-NUN1	4237
7050	CONTINUE	4238
C		4239
	DO 7060 L=1,NRLF	4240
	TEMP(L)=ELEM(KK,L,N)	4241
7060	CONTINUE	4242
C		4243
	DO 7080 K=KK,NBOTF1	4244
	DO 7080 M=1,NRLF	4245
	ELEM(K,M,N)=ELEM(K+1,M,N)	4246
7080	CONTINUE	4247
C		4248
C	***** SORT CONSTRAINED ELEMENTS TO RIGHT.	
	DO 7090 II=1,NRLF	4249
	ELEM(NBOTF,II,N)=TEMP(II)	4250
7090	CONTINUE	4251
7150	CONTINUE	4252
C		4253
	NJ=NNJ1(N)	4254
	K=1	4255
	DO 108 I=1,NRL	4256
	CALL UNPACK(ICODE(NJ,I),ID(K),ID(K+1),ID(K+2),ID(K+3),ID(K+4),	4257
	1 ID(K+5))	4258
108	K=K+6	4259
	DO 101 I=1,NRLF	4260
	ILAST=NRLF-I+1	4261
	IF((ID(ILAST),EQ,1).OR.(ID(ILAST),EQ,2)) GO TO 102	4262
101	CONTINUE	4263
102	JJJ=0	4264

DO 103 I=1,ILAST	4265
IF((ID(I).NE.1).AND.(ID(I).NE.2)) GO TO 103	4266
JJJ=JJJ+1	4267
KK=I-JJJ+1	4268
DO 104 L=1,NBOTF	4269
104 TEMP(L)=ELEM(L,KK,N)	4270
DO 105 K=KK,NRLF1	4271
DO 105 M=1,NBOTF	4272
105 ELEM(M,K,N)=ELEM(M,K+1,N)	4273
DO 106 L=1,NBOTF	4274
106 ELEM(L,NRLF,N)=TEMP(L)	4275
103 CONTINUE	4276
C	4277
IF((IK.NE.0).OR.(NDIAG(N).EQ.1))GO TO 7155	4278
ITR=NNJ1(N)	4279
NUN1=NSIZE(ITR)	4280
NUNC=NRLF-NUN1	4281
7155 CONTINUE	4282
IF((IFIX.NE.1).OR.(NDIAG(N).EQ.1))GO TO 7165	4283
ITR=NNJ1(N)	4284
NUN1=NSIZE(ITR)	4285
NUNC=NRLF-NUN1	4286
7165 CONTINUE	4287
C	4288
C	4289
NROW=NBOTF-NUNR	4290
NCOL=NRLF-NUNC	4291
NBR=NROW+1	4292
NBC=NCOL+1	4293
C	4294
C	4298
C***** WRITE STIFFNESS PARTITIONS ON TAPE.	
IF((IK.EQ.0).AND.(NDIAG(N).EQ.1))GO TO 7280	4299
IF((IK.EQ.0).AND.(NDIAG(N).NE.1))GO TO 7168	4300
IF((IFIX.NE.1).OR.(NDIAG(N).NE.1))GO TO 7162	4301
C	4302
K8=JPAR(N)+1000000	
K8COL=NRLF	4307
K8ROW=NBOTF	4308
8200 CONTINUE	4321
GO TO 7296	4322
C	4323
7162 CONTINUE	4324
IF((IFIX.NE.1).OR.(NDIAG(N).EQ.1))GO TO 7164	4325
ITR=NNJ1(N)	4326
NUN1=NSIZE(ITR)	4327
IF(NUN1.NE.NRLF) GO TO 7163	4328
K8=JPAR(N)+2000000	
K8COL=NRLF	4333
K8ROW=NBOTF	4334
8300 CONTINUE	4347
GO TO 7296	4348
7163 CONTINUE	4349
7164 CONTINUE	4350
C	4351
IF(NBC.GT.NRLF) GO TO 8400	4352
K88=K88+1	4355
K8=JPAR(N)+1000000	
K8ROW=NBOTF-NBR+1	
K8COL=NRLF-NBC+1	4358

8400	CONTINUE	4371
	IF(NCOL.EQ.0)GO TO 8500	
	K8=JPAR(N)+2000000	4376
	K8COL=NCOL	4377
	K8ROW=NBOTF=NBR+1	4390
8500	CONTINUE	4391
	IF((IFIX.EQ.1).AND.(NDIAG(N).NE.1))GO TO 7296	4392
C		4393
7168	CONTINUE	4394
	IF(NN11(N).EQ.NNJ1(N))GO TO 7200	4395
	IF((IK.NE.0).OR.(NDIAG(N).EQ.1))GO TO 7178	4396
	ITR=NNJ1(N)	4397
	NUN1=NSIZE(ITR)	4398
	IF(NUN1.NE.NRLF)GO TO 7176	
	CALL WRTEP(ELEM(1,1,N),60,JPAR(N),NBOTF,NRLF,IDRRY,0,0,KFF,ERROR)	
	K8=JPAR(N)+4000000	4403
	K8COL=NRLF	4404
	K8ROW=NBOTF	4415
	IF(NVIB.NE.1)GO TO 8600	4416
	CALL PRINT(ELEM(1,1,N),K8ROW,K8COL,1,5HSTIFF,0,60)	4417
8600	CONTINUE	4418
	GO TO 7296	4419
7176	CONTINUE	4420
C		4421
7178	CONTINUE	4422
	IF(NBC.GT.NRLF) GO TO 8700	4423
	IFPAR=NNJ1(N)*1000+NN11(N)	4424
C	KCF TERM FOR OFF DIAGONAL PARTITION	
	K8=JPAR(N)+3000000	4429
	K8COL=NRLF-NBC+1	4430
	K8ROW=NROW	4443
8700	CONTINUE	4444
7200	CONTINUE	4445
C		4446
7280	CONTINUE	4447
	IF(NCOL.EQ.0)GO TO 8800	
	CALL WRTEP(ELEM(1,1,N),60,JPAR(N),NROW,NCOL,IDARRY,0,0,KFF,ERROR)	
	K8=JPAR(N)+4000000	4452
	K8COL=NCOL	4453
	K8ROW=NROW	4464
	IF(NVIB.NE.1)GO TO 8800	4465
	CALL PRINT(ELEM(1,1,N),K8ROW,K8COL,1,5HSTIFF,0,60)	4466
8800	CONTINUE	4467
C		4468
7296	CONTINUE	4469
C		4470
	DO 7298 L=1,60	4471
7298	ID(L)=IDD(L)	4472
	IMK=NN11(N)	4473
C		4474
C		4475
C		4476
7300	CONTINUE	4477
C		4478
C		4479
C		4480
	NPM=NPM+3	4481
	L1=L1+3	4482
	L2=L2+3	4483
	L3=L3+3	

C		4484
C	TEST FOR TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTITIONS	4485
	PRINT 6974	4486
	IF(NPM.LT,NTOL)GO TO 4	4487
	REWIND KFF	4489
	REWIND IKBC	4492
	C***** CONVERT KPART AND LPART ARRAYS TO FORM COMPATIBLE WITH	
	C***** SUBROUTINE MFORCE.	
	DO 30 I=1,NTOL	4496
	KPART(I)=KPART(I)-(KPART(I)/10000)*10000	4497
	30 LPART(I)=LPART(I)-(LPART(I)/10000)*10000	4498
	PRINT 6970	4499
		4500
C	9001 FORMAT(16H JR88 IDENT NO. I6,10X,I2,4H BY I2)	
	9600 FORMAT(24H1NT NB NR NL///(4I8))	4507
	6969 FORMAT(1H ,11HBEGIN MERGE)	4508
	6970 FORMÅT(1H ,09HEND MERGE)	4509
	6971 FORMAT(1H ,7HJPÀR = ,3(I6,1H,),7HKMIN = ,I6,7HKMAX = ,I6)	4510
	6972 FORMAT(1H ,7HLMIN = ,I6,7HLMAX = ,I6)	4511
	6973 FORMAT(1H ,8HSTART BC)	4512
	6974 FORMAT(1H ,6HEND BC)	4513
		4514
C	7400 RETURN	4515
	END	4516

## SUBROUTINE STRESS

\$IBFTC	STRES* DECK	4849
	SUBROUTINE STRESS	4850
C		4851
C	CONTROL SECTION FOR STRESS CALCULATIONS	4852
C		4853
	COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP	4854
	COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB	4855
	COMMON/SKIP/NBSP,NBSB,NBSPI,NBSBI	
	COMMON/PBSIZE/IPB,IPBL,IPBN,NELEM,NOD	
	COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,	
	* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17	
	COMMON/LOADS/BIG1(96,60)	4860
C		4861
C	LIST OF ARGUMENTS FOR PLATES AND BEAM MERGER	4862
C		4866
C	NELEM= NPLATE NBEAM	4867
	IOUT = MT6	
	ISTRS = MT16	
	REWIND ISTRS	
	IF(NPLATE .EQ. 0) GO TO 10	4869
C		
	IPB = 12	
	IPBL = 96	4872
	IPBN=8	4873
	NELEM=NPLATE	
	NOD=4	
	PRINT 91	
	PRINT 92	
	CALL MSTRES	4876
10	CONTINUE	4877
C		
	IF(NBEAM .EQ. 0) GO TO 20	4879
C		
	IPB = 8	
	IPBL = 96	4882
	IPBN=12	4883
	NELEM=NBEAM	
	NOD=2	4884
C		
	PRINT 93	
	PRINT 94	
	CALL MSTRES	4887
20	CONTINUE	4888
C		4889
	RETURN	
91	FORMAT(12H CALL IPLATE)	
92	FORMAT(12H CALL PSTRES)	
93	FORMAT(12H CALL IBEAM)	
94	FORMAT(12H CALL BSTRES)	4890
	END	

## SUBROUTINE MSTRES

```

$IBFTC MSTRE* DECK
SUBROUTINE MSTRES
COMMON/CONTRL/NDEFL,NKSP,NREX,NNF,NPSTR,NBSTR,NVIB
COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)
COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP
COMMON/SKIP/NBSP,NBSB,NBSPI,NBSBI
COMMON/PBSSIZE/IPB,IPBL,IPBN,NELEM,NOD
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/MAPSTR/IPTOT,IBTOT
C NOD=2 FOR BEAMS, 4 FOR PLATES.
DIMENSION BIG(96,60),A(68,8,6),NN(68)
EQUIVALENCE(A,B)
DIMENSION B(22,12,6)
COMMON/LOADS/BIG
LOGICAL LAST

      IOUT = MT6
      ISTRS = MT16
      KSTRES = MT8
C INITIALIZE
      NTOT = 0
      IF((NPLATE.EQ.0).OR.(NPSTR.NE.0)) GO TO 11
      DO 10 I=1,NBSPI
10 READ(ISTRS) NDUM
11 CONTINUE
      NTIM=NELEM/IPB
      NTIML=NELEM-NTIM*IPB
      NLIM=NTIM
      IF(NTIML.NE.0)NLIM=NLIM+1
      LAST=.FALSE.
C LOOP FOR SETS OF ELEMENTS
      DO 2000 LPL=1,NLIM
      IF(LPL.GT.NTIM) LAST=.TRUE.
2001 MLIM=IPB
      IF(LAST)MLIM=NTIML
C READ IN STRESSES
      DO 3100 K=1,MLIM
      KN1=K+MLIM
      KN2=KN1+MLIM
      KN3=KN2+MLIM
      IF(NOD.EQ.2) GO TO 2002
      READ(ISTRS) NB ,NN(K),NN(KN1),NN(KN2),NN(KN3)
      READ(ISTRS)((A(K,I,J),I=1,IPBN),J=1,6),((A(KN1,I,J),I=1,IPBN),J=1
1,6),((A(KN2,I,J),I=1,IPBN),J=1,6),((A(KN3,I,J),I=1,IPBN),J=1,6)
      GO TO 3100
2002 READ(ISTRS) NB ,NN(K),NN(KN1)
      READ(ISTRS)((B(K,I,J),I=1,IPBN),J=1,6),((B(KN1,I,J),I=1,IPBN),J=1
1,6)
3100 CONTINUE
      LLIM=KN3
      IF(NOD.EQ.2) LLIM=KN1
C LOOP FOR PARTITIONS
      DO 4100 K=1,NPS
      IRITE=0
      DO 300 I=1,IPBL

```

5195  
5196  
5197  
5198

5306  
5307

```

DO 300 J=1,60
300 BIG(I,J)=0.0
DO 3800 L=1,LLIM
C   CHECK TO SEE IF NODE IS IN THIS PARTITION
IF(K.NE.1)GO TO 3450 5312
IF(NN(L).EQ.0) GO TO 3800
IF(NN(L).GT.LN(1))GO TO 3800 5313
GO TO 3400
3450 CONTINUE 5314
IF((NN(L).GT.LN(K)).OR.(NN(L).LE.LN(K-1)))GO TO 3800 5316
3400 CONTINUE 5317
IRITE=1 5318
C 5319
C   ADD IN STRESSES
DO 3700 N=1,IPBN
L1=L-1
KROW=(MOD(L1,MLIM))*IPBN+N
DO 3700 M=1,6 5322
IF(K.NE.1)GO TO 3460 5323
KCOL=(NN(L)-1)*6+M 5324
GO TO 3480 5325
3460 CONTINUE 5326
KCOL=(NN(L)-LN(K-1)-1)*6+M 5327
3480 CONTINUE 5328
IF(NOD.EQ.4) GO TO 3701
BIG(KROW,KCOL)=B(L,N,M)
GO TO 3700
3701 BIG(KROW,KCOL)=A(L,N,M)
3700 CONTINUE
NN(L)=0 5330
3800 CONTINUE 5331
C 5332
IF(IRITE.NE.1)GO TO 4000 5333
NTOT=NTOT+1
C   WRITE STRESS PARTITION ON TAPE
MAP=1000*LPL+K
WRITE(KSTRES)MAP
NSIZE=LN(1)*6 5336
IF(K.GT.1)NSIZE=(LN(K)-LN(K-1))*6 5337
KNN=IPBL
IF(LAST)KNN=IPBN*NTIML
WRITE(KSTRES)((BIG(I,J),I=1,KNN),J=1,NSIZE)
IF(NVIB.NE.1)GO TO 3900 5340
IF(NOD.EQ.2) WRITE(IOUT,9001) MAP
IF(NOD.EQ.4)WRITE(IOUT,9002) MAP
CALL PRINT(BIG,KNN,NSIZE,1,4H BIG,1,48)
3900 CONTINUE 5343
4000 CONTINUE 5347
C 5348
4100 CONTINUE 5349
C 5350
2000 CONTINUE
IF(NOD.EQ.2) GO TO 5000
IPTOT=NTOT
GO TO 5001
5000 IBTOT=NTOT
9001 FORMAT(22H MERGED BEAM STRESSES,I8,15HWRITTEN ON TAPE)
9002 FORMAT(23H MERGED PLATE STRESSES,I8,15HWRITTEN ON TAPE)
5001 RETURN
END

```

## SUBROUTINE SOLN

```
$IBFTC SORCON DECK
      SUBROUTINE SOLN
      COMMON/SORT/NSAVE(7000),NZ(200),NPART(200),NPART2(200)
      COMMON/TERMS/NBEAMS,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP,NOPT(4)
      COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
      *MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
      COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
      COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)
      COMMON/RSIZE/ISIZE(500),NROW,JSIZE(200)
      COMMON/MAPSTR/IPTOT,IBTOT
      COMMON/CONTEM/NPRR,NPR
      COMMON/REDUC/NTEST,NTEST2
      CALL FKSORT
      CALL KFFSRT
      CALL CONECT
      IF (NOPT(3) .EQ. NTEST2) GO TO 20
      NELEM = 12
      NSTRS = 8
      IF (NPLATE .EQ. 0) GO TO 10
C SORT PLATE STRESS MATRIX
      REWIND MT8
      CALL DELETE (0,NELEM,NSTRS)
      CALL SSORT (0,NELEM,NSTRS)
10 CONTINUE
      IF (NBEAM .EQ. 0) GO TO 20
      NELEM = 8
      NSTRS = 12
C SORT BEAM STRESS MATRIX
      CALL DELETE (1,NELEM,NSTRS)
      CALL SSORT(1,NELEM,NSTRS)
20 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

## SUBROUTINE TEST

```
SIBFTC TEST*   DECK
SUBROUTINE TEST(M,N,MAT,NPR,ITEST)
C*** TESTS MATRIX MAP MAT(I) TO SEE IF PARTION 1000*M+N
C   APPEARS IN STIFFNESS MATRIX
DIMENSION MAT(1)
NUM=1000*M+N
DO 1 I=1,NPR
IF(NUM.EQ.MAT(I))GO TO 2
1 CONTINUE
NUM=1000*N+M
DO 10 I=1,NPR
IF(NUM.EQ.MAT(I))GO TO 2
10 CONTINUE
ITEST=0
GO TO 3
2 ITEST=1
3 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

	5493
	5494
	5498
	5499
	5500
	5501
	5502
	5503
	5504
	5505
	5506
	5507
	5508
	5509
	5510
	5511

## SUBROUTINE FKSORT

```

$IBFTC FKSRT  DECK
      SUBROUTINE FKSORT
C
C THIS SUBROUTINE CREATES THE NSAVE ARRAY WHICH CONTAINS THE LIST OF ELEMENT
C NUMBERS THAT ARE TO BE RETAINED AND THE NZ ARRAY WHICH CONTAINS THE NUMBER
C OF RETAINED ELEMENTS IN EACH PARTITION.
C
      COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)
      COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NMAX,NP
      COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
      * MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
      COMMON/SORT/NSAVE( 7000),NZ(200)
      COMMON/CONT1/JPART(800)
      COMMON/CONTEM/NPRR,NPR
      COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
      DIMENSION IR(60),NTEMP(800),IC(60)
C *** NOMENCLATURE ***
C NTOL = TOTAL NUMBER OF RETAINED FREEDOMS
C NNZ COUNTS RETAINED FREEDOMS FOR THIS PARTITION
C NZ = ARRAY CONTAINING THE NUMBER OF RETAINED FREEDOMS FOR EACH PARTITION
C NSAVE = ARRAY OF ELEMENT NUMBERS OF THE STIFFNESS MATRIX WHICH ARE TO BE
C RETAINED
C IR = ARRAY CONTAINING REDUCTION INFORMATION FOR THIS PARTITION
C IR(N) = 1 IF THE NTH FREEDOM IS TO BE RETAINED, AND ZERO IF IT IS TO BE
C REDUCED.
C LN = ARRAY CONTAINING LAST NODES FOR EACH PARTITION.
C NMAX = TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTITIONS (ELEMENTS IN JPART ARRAY)
C NPR = NUMBER OF KFF PARTITIONS (ELEMENTS IN NTEMP)
C
C THE NSAVE ARRAY IS CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN BELOW
C NSAVE(1) = FIRST RETAINED ELEMENT NUMBER****
C NSAVE(2) = 2ND   RETAINED ELEMENT NUMBER      *
C      *                *                *
C      *                *                *FIRST PARTITION
C      *                *                *
C      *                *                *
C NSAVE(NZ(1)) = LAST RETAINED ELEM. NUMBER***
C NSAVE(NZ(1)+1) = 1ST RET. ELEM. NUMBER      *
C NSAVE(NZ(1)+2)  2ND RET. ELEM. NUMBER      *
C      *                *                *SECOND PARTITION
C      *                *                *
C      *                *                *
C      *                *                *ETC.
C NSAVE(NZ(1)+NZ(2))*****
C      *                *                *
C      *                *                *
C      *                *                *LAST PARTITION
C      *                *                *
C NSAVE(NTOL) = LAST RET. ELEM. NUMBER*****
C
C INITIALIZE ALL ARRAYS AND COUNTERS.
      IOUT = MT6
      N18 = MT1
      ISTIF = MT2
      IKBC = MT3

```

C

```
REWIND N18  
REWIND ISTIF  
REWIND IKBC
```

```
NPR = 0  
DO 4 K=1,NPS  
IF (NSIZE(K) .EQ. 0) GO TO 4  
NPR = NPR + 1  
NTEMP(NPR) = K*1000 + K  
IF (K .EQ. 1) GO TO 4  
NEND = K-1  
DO 3 I=1,NEND  
IF (NSIZE(I) .EQ. 0) GO TO 3  
CALL TEST (K,I,JPART,NMAX,ITEST)  
IF (ITEST .EQ. 0) GO TO 3  
NPR = NPR + 1  
NTEMP(NPR) = K*1000 + I  
3 CONTINUE  
4 CONTINUE
```

```
DO 6 I=1,NPR  
JPART(I) = NTEMP(I)  
6 CONTINUE
```

```
NTOL = 0  
DO 5 J=1,200  
5 NZ(J) = 0
```

C LOOP FOR EACH PARTITION

C

```
DO 100 I=1,NP
```

C CALCULATE FIRST AND LAST NODE NUMBERS FOR THIS PARTITION

C

```
IF(I .EQ. 1) GO TO 7  
N1 = LN(I-1) + 1  
N2 = LN(I)  
GO TO 8  
7 CONTINUE  
N1 = 1  
N2 = LN(1)  
8 CONTINUE  
NROW = 6*(N2-N1+1)  
M = 1
```

C READ RETAINED FREEDOMS FROM TAPE FOR ONE NODE AND ADD TO LIST FOR THIS PART.

C

```
DO 10 N=N1,N2  
READ (N18) NCODE  
IF(NCODE .NE. N) GO TO 9990  
READ (N18) IR(M),IR(M+1),IR(M+2),IR(M+3),IR(M+4),IR(M+5)
```

C READ BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

```
READ(IKBC) NODE,IJKLMN  
IF(NODE .NE. N) GO TO 9991  
CALL UNPACK(IJKLMN,IC(M),IC(M+1),IC(M+2),IC(M+3),IC(M+4),IC(M+5))  
ISP = 0  
M6 = M+5  
DO 9 IT=M,M6
```

```

      IF(IC(IT) .EQ. 3) ISP = 1
9    CONTINUE
      IF(ISP .EQ. 1) READ(IKBC) D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
      M = M+6
10   CONTINUE
20   CONTINUE
      NNZ = 0

C START SORTING LOOP
C
      J = 0
      DO 50 JJ=1,NROW
      IF((IC(JJ) .EQ. 0) .OR. (IC(JJ) .EQ. 3)) J = J + 1

C TEST FOR RETAINED FREEDOM
C
      IF(IR(JJ) .NE. 1) GO TO 50

C UPDATE COUNT OF RETAINED ELEMENTS AND ADD J TO ARRAY OF RETAINED ELEMENT NO.S
C
      NTOL = NTOL + 1
      NNZ = NNZ + 1
      NSAVE(NTOL) = J
50   CONTINUE

C SAVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF RETAINED FREEDOMS FOR THIS PARTITION
C
      NZ(I) = NNZ

100  CONTINUE
      REWIND IKBC
      RETURN

9990 WRITE (IOUT,9000) NCODE,N
      STOP
9991 WRITE (IOUT,9001) NODE,N
      STOP

9000 FORMAT(103H1ERROR IN SUBROUTINE FKSORT. THE PARTITION NUMBER READ
      *FROM TAPE DOES NOT AGREE WITH WHAT WAS EXPECTED.//27H PARTITION NU
      *MBER READ WAS I3,14H IT SHOULD BE I3)
9001 FORMAT(//52H NODE NUMBER READ FROM IKBC IN FKSORT WAS INCORRECT./
      *16H NUMBER READ WAS,I8,5X,19HIT SHOULD HAVE BEEN,I8)
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE KFFSRT

```

$IBFTC KFSRT  DECK
  SUBROUTINE KFFSRT
  COMMON/SORT/NSAVE( 7000),NZ(200),NPART(200),NPART2(200)
  COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
  * MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
  COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP
  COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
  COMMON/CONT1/MAT(800)
  COMMON/CONTEM/NPRR,NPR
  DIMENSION STIFF(60,60),SORTED(60,60),B(12)
C
C THIS SUBROUTINE SORTS THE KFF MATRIX INTO RETAINED (K11), DELETED (K22), AND
C DELETED-RETAINED (K21) PARTITIONS. IT THEN WRITES THEM ON TAPE IN TL01 FORMAT.
C
C*** NOMENCLATURE ***   ***   ***   ***   ***   ***   ***   ***   ***   ***
C  NP = TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTITIONS
C  NZ = ARRAY CONTAINING TOTAL NUMBER OF RETAINED FREEDOMS FOR EACH PARTITION
C  NSAVE = ARRAY OF RETAINED ELEMENT NUMBERS
C  ISIZE = SIZE OF THE PARTITION BEING PROCESSED.
C  STIFF = UNSORTED STIFFNESS MATRIX READ IN FROM TAPE
C  SORTED = SORTED STIFFNESS MATRIX WRITTEN OUT ON TAPE IN TL01 FORMAT
C
  IOUT = MT6
  KFF11 = MT16
  KFF12 = MT12
  KFF21 = MT2
  KFF22 = MT1
  KFF = MT11
C
  REWIND KFF11
  REWIND KFF12
  REWIND KFF21
  REWIND KFF22
  NFILE = 0
  NMAT = 0
  REWIND KFF
  DO 205 K=1,NP
  NCNT = 0
  NCOUNT = 0
  NCNT1 = 0
  NCNT2 = 0
  DO 200 L=1,K
  DO 5 I=1,60
  DO 5 J=1,60
  SORTED(I,J) = 0.0
  STIFF(I,J) = 0.0
5 CONTINUE
  N12 = 0
  N11 = 0
  ID = 1000*K + L
  CALL TEST (K,L,MAT,NPR,ITEST)
C
C IF THERE IS NO KOOL PARTITION, NULL MATRICES WILL BE WRITTEN ON TAPE
  ISIZEN = NSIZE(K)
  ISIZEM = NSIZE(L)
  IF (ITEST .NE. 1) GO TO 160
  N22 = NZ(K)
  N21 = NZ(K)
  IF(NSIZE(K) .EQ. 0) GO TO 201
  IF(NSIZE(L) .EQ. 0) GO TO 200

```

```

C
C CALCULATE LOCATION OF RETAINED FREEDOMS FOR THIS PARTITION
  IF (K .EQ. 1) GO TO 10
  NFIRST = 0
  DO 7 N1=2,K
  NFIRST = NFIRST + NZ(N1-1)
  7 CONTINUE
  NFIRST = NFIRST + 1
  GO TO 13
 10 NFIRST = 1
 13 NLAST = NFIRST + NZ(K) - 1
  IF(L .EQ. 1) GO TO 16
  MFIRST = 0

  DO 15 N2=2,L
  MFIRST = MFIRST + NZ(N2-1)
 15 CONTINUE
  MFIRST = MFIRST + 1
  GO TO 17
 16 MFIRST = 1
 17 MLAST = MFIRST + NZ(L) - 1
C
C READ STIFFNESS PARTITION (KFF) FROM TAPE.
  NAME = K*1000 + L
  CALL READTP(STIFF,60,NAME,NSIZE(K),NSIZE(L),B,0,0,KFF,IERR)
  IF (IERR .EQ. 1) GO TO 900
C
C IF NUMBER OF RETAINED FREEDOMS = 0, PLACE ALL ELEMENTS IN K22
  IF((NZ(K) .EQ. 0).AND.(NZ(L) .EQ. 0)) GO TO 150
C IF ALL FREEDOMS ARE RETAINED, PLACE ALL ELEMENTS IN K11
  IF((NZ(K) .EQ. ISIZEN) .AND. (NZ(L) .EQ. ISIZEM)) GO TO 140

  DO 100 N=1,ISIZEN
  M12 = NZ(L)
  M22 = NZ(L)
  M21 = 0
  M11 = 0
  IF (NZ(K) .EQ. 0) GO TO 21

  DO 20 NTEST=NFIRST,NLAST
  IF (NSAVE(NTEST) .EQ. N) GO TO 50
 20 CONTINUE

 21 CONTINUE
  N21 = N21+1
  N22 = N22+1

  DO 40 M=1,ISIZEM
  IF (NZ(L).EQ. 0) GO TO 31

  DO 30 MTEST=MFIRST,MLAST
  IF (NSAVE(MTEST) .EQ. M) GO TO 35
 30 CONTINUE

 31 CONTINUE
C PLACE THE N,M ELEMENT OF KFF INTO THE K22 PARTITION
  M22 = M22+1
  SORTED(N22,M22) = STIFF(N,M)

```

```

      GO TO 40
    35 CONTINUE
  C PLACE THE N,M ELEMENT OF KFF INTO THE K21 PARTITION
      M21 = M21+1
      SORTED(N21,M21) = STIFF(N,M)
    40 CONTINUE
      GO TO 100

    50 CONTINUE
      N11 = N11+1
      N12 = N12+1

      DO 90 M=1,ISIZEM
        IF (NZ(L) .EQ. 0) GO TO 71

      DO 70 MTEST=MFIRST,MLAST
        IF (NSAVE(MTEST) .EQ. M) GO TO 75
    70 CONTINUE

    71 CONTINUE
  C PLACE THE N,M ELEMENT OF KFF INTO THE K12 PARTITION
      M12 = M12+1
      SORTED(N12,M12) = STIFF(N,M)
      GO TO 90
    75 CONTINUE
  C PLACE THE N,M ELEMENT OF KFF INTO THE K11 PARTITION
      M11 = M11+1
      SORTED(N11,M11) = STIFF(N,M)
    90 CONTINUE

    100 CONTINUE
      GO TO 160

  C ALL FREEDOMS RETAINED. ALL ELEMENTS OF KFF GO INTO K11.
    140 CONTINUE
      ISIZEN = NSIZE(K)
      ISIZEM = NSIZE(L)
      NCNT1 = NCNT1 + 1
      CALL WRTEP(STIFF,60, ID,ISIZEN,ISIZEM,B,0,0,KFF11,IERROR)
      GO TO 200

  C NO RETAINED FREEDOMS. ALL ELEMENTS OF KFF GO INTO K22.
    150 CONTINUE
      ISIZEN = NSIZE(K)
      ISIZEM = NSIZE(L)
      NCNT2 = NCNT2 + 1
      CALL WRTEP (STIFF,60, ID,ISIZEN,ISIZEM , B,NFILE,NMAT,KFF22,
      *IERROR)
      GO TO 200
    160 CONTINUE

  C WRITE OUT K22 PARTITION ONTO TAPE
      N = NZ(K) + 1
      M = NZ(L) + 1
      IROW = ISIZEN - NZ(K)
      ICOL = ISIZEM - NZ(L)
      IF ((IROW .EQ. 0) .OR. (ICOL .EQ. 0)) GO TO 170
      WRITE (IOUT,6500) ID,IROW,ICOL,KFF22
      NCNT2 = NCNT2 + 1
      CALL WRTEP (SORTED(N,M),60, ID ,IROW,ICOL,B,NFILE,NMAT,KFF22

```

```

*,IERROR)
170 CONTINUE

C WRITE OUT K21 PARTITION ONTO TAPE
  ICOL = NZ(L)
  IF ((IROW .EQ. 0) .OR. (ICOL .EQ. 0)) GO TO 180
  NCOUNT = NCOUNT+1
  CALL WRTEP (SORTED(N,1),60, ID ,IROW,ICOL,B,NFILE,NMAT,KFF21
*,IERROR)
180 CONTINUE

C WRITE OUT K12 PARTITION ONTO TAPE
  IROW = NZ(K)
  ICOL = ISIZEM - NZ(L)
  IF ((IROW .EQ. 0) .OR. (ICOL .EQ. 0)) GO TO 190
  NCNT = NCNT + 1
  CALL WRTEP(SORTED(1,M),60,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,KFF12,IERROR)
190 CONTINUE

C WRITE OUT K11 PARTITION ONTO TAPE
  ICOL = NZ(L)
  IF ((IROW .EQ. 0) .OR. (ICOL .EQ. 0)) GO TO 200
  NCNT1 = NCNT1 + 1
  CALL WRTEP (SORTED(1,1),60, ID ,IROW,ICOL,B,NFILE,NMAT,KFF11
*,IERROR)
200 CONTINUE
201 CONTINUE
  NPART2(K) = NCNT
  NPART(K) = NCOUNT

C
C WRITE END OF FILES ON ALL TAPES INDICATING THE END OF A ROW
  IF (NCOUNT .NE. 0) END FILE KFF21
  IF (NCNT .NE. 0) END FILE KFF12
  IF (NCNT1 .NE. 0) END FILE KFF11
  IF (NCNT2 .NE. 0) END FILE KFF22
205 CONTINUE
  REWIND KFF22
  REWIND KFF21
  REWIND KFF12
  REWIND KFF11
  RETURN
900 WRITE (IOUT,9000)
9000 FORMAT(///48H ERROR IN READ THE KFF TAPE IN SUBROUTINE KFSORT)
  STOP
  END

```

## SUBROUTINE CONECT

```

SIBFTC CNCT*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE CONECT
    COMMON/SORT/ NSAVE( 7000),NZ(200),NPART(200),NPART2(200)
    COMMON/TERMS/DUMMY(6),NP
    COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
*   MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
    COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
    DIMENSION ISIZE(200),JSIZE(200),NPARA(50),B(12),PARA(50)
    EQUIVALENCE (PARA,NPARA)

    IOUT = MT6
    NTAPE4 = MT4
    NTP11 = MT11
    KFF11 = MT16
    KFF22 = MT1
    K21 = MT16
    KFF21 = MT2
    KFF12 = MT12

    N = 0
    DO 10 I=1,NP
      IF(NZ(I) .EQ. 0) GO TO 10
      N = N+1
      ISIZE(N) = NZ(I)
10  CONTINUE
    NUMBER = N
    N = 0

C SET JSIZE ARRAY
    DO 20 I=1,NP
      IF(NZ(I) .EQ. NSIZE(I)) GO TO 20
      N = N+1
      JSIZE(N) = NSIZE(I) - NZ(I)
20  CONTINUE
    NUMB = N

C WRITE PARAMETERS IN FILE 1 OF NTAPE4
    REWIND NTAPE4
    NPARA(1) = NUMB
    NPARA(2) = 2*NUMB
    NPARA(3) = NUMBER
    PARA(4) = 1.0
    NPARA(5) = NUMBER
    DO 30 I=6,50
      NPARA(I) = 0.0
30  CONTINUE
    NAME = 0
    CALL WRTEP(NPARA,1,NAME,50,1,B,0,0,NTAPE4,IERR)
    END FILE NTAPE4

C
C EXPAND KFF11 TAPE ONTO TAPE NTAPE4 (2ND FILE)
    CALL EXPAND(ISIZE,NUMBER,KFF11,NTAPE4)
    END FILE NTAPE4

C
C EXPAND KFF22 TAPE ONTO TAPE NTP11
    REWIND NTP11

```

```

        CALL EXPAND(JSIZE,NUMB,KFF22,NTP11)
        END FILE NTP11
        REWIND NTP11
        N = 0
C SET UP ARGUMENTS FOR EXTRAN

C ELIMINATE ZEROS FROM THE NPART ARRAY ONLY IF THE FIRST NON-ZERO
C ELEMENT IS NOT EQUAL TO THE CORRESPONDING ELEMENT IN NPART2.
        INC = 0
        NZERO = 0
50    INC = INC + 1
        IF(NPART(INC) .NE. 0) GO TO 60
        NZERO = NZERO + 1
        GO TO 50
60    CONTINUE
        IF ((NZERO .NE. 0) .AND. (NPART(INC) .NE. NPART2(INC))) GO TO 110
        DO 70 I=1,NUMB
        NSUB = I + NZERO
        NPART(I) = NPART(NSUB)
70    CONTINUE

C ELIMINATE ZEROS FROM THE NPART2 ARRAY
        INC = 0
        NZERO = 0
80    INC = INC + 1
        IF(NPART2(INC) .NE. 0) GO TO 90
        NZERO = NZERO + 1
        GO TO 80
90    CONTINUE
        DO 100 I=1,NUMBER
        NSUB = I + NZERO
        NPART2(I) = NPART2(NSUB)
100   CONTINUE
110   CONTINUE

        CALL EXTRAN(NPART,NPART2,NUMBER,NUMB,NTAPE4,K21,KFF21,KFF12)
        REWIND NTAPE4
        RETURN
        END

```

## SUBROUTINE EXPAND

```

$IBFTC EXPND*  DECK
      SUBROUTINE EXPAND(ISIZE,NUMBER,KTAPE,ITAPE)
      DIMENSION TRANSP(60,60),TEMP(60,60),ISIZE(1),B(12)
C
C THIS SUBROUTINE EXPANDS THE K11 AND K22 PARTITIONS INTO FULL MATRIX FORM.
C **** TAPE USAGE ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****
C KTAPE CONTAINS INPUT IN LOWER TRIANGULAR FORM
C ITAPE CONTAINS OUTPUT IN FULL FORM
C ITAPE MUST BE POSITIONED PROPERLY BY CALLING ROUTINE
C *** NOMENCLATURE ***      ***      ***      ***      ***      ***      ***      ***      ***
C   NROW = ROW OF PARTITIONS BEING FORMED
C   ISIZE = ARRAY CONTAINING SIZES OF THE PARTITIONS
C   NROWR = ROW OF PARTITIONS IN WHICH WE READ THE PARTITION THAT WILL BE
C   TRANSPOSED AND WRITTEN IN THE PARTITION ROW BEING FORMED
C   ID = THE IDENTIFYING WORD THAT IS ASSOCIATED WITH A GIVEN PARTITION
C   N = INDICATES THE NUMBER OF ROWS THAT HAVE ALREADY BEEN FORMED
C   NUMBER = NUMBER OF ROWS (AND COLUMNS) OF PARTITIONS

      REWIND KTAPE
      N = 0
      L = 0
      NFILE = 1
      NZERO = 0
5     CONTINUE
      IF(N .NE. 0) CALL FSF(N,KTAPE,IERRA)
      NROW = N+1
      NROWR = NROW
      IF(ISIZE(NROW).EQ. 0) GO TO 40
C
C READ ROW OF PARTITIONS AND ADD THEM TO THE NEW TAPE
      DO, 10 I=1,NROW
      NCOL = I
      ID = 0
      CALL READTP(TEMP,60,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,KTAPE,IERROR)
      IF(IERROR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
      CALL WRTEP(TEMP,60,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,ITAPE,IERR)
      IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 991
10    CONTINUE
      IF (NROW .GE. NUMBER) GO TO 50
C FORWARD SPACE TO READ TRANSPOSE OF NEXT PARTITION TO BE WRITEN
15    CONTINUE
      NROWR = NROWR + 1
      ID = 0
      CALL READTP(TEMP,60,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,NFILE,N,KTAPE,IERROR)
      IF(IERROR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
C
C FORM TRANSPOSE
      DO 20 I=1,IROW
      DO 20 J=1,ICOL
      TRANSP(J,I) = TEMP(I,J)
20    CONTINUE
      IDT = (ID - (ID/1000)*1000)*1000 + ID/1000
      CALL WRTEP(TRANSP,60,IDT,ICOL,IROW,B,0,0,ITAPE,IERR)
      IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 991
      IF(NROWR .GE. NUMBER) GO TO 30

```

```
      GO TO 15
30  CONTINUE
    IF(NROW .GE. NUMBER) GO TO 50
    REWIND KTAPE
40  N = N + 1
    GO TO 5
50  CONTINUE
    REWIND KTAPE
    RETURN
990 WRITE(6,9000) IERROR
9000 FORMAT(1H1,23HREADTP ERROR IN EXPAND.,13H ERROR CODE =,15)
    STOP
991 WRITE(6,9001) IERR
9001 FORMAT(1H1,23HWRTETP ERROR IN EXPAND.,13H ERROR CODE =,15)
    STOP
    END
```

## SUBROUTINE EXTRAN

```

SIBFTC EXTRN* DECK
SUBROUTINE EXTRAN(NP21, NP12, NP11, NP22, NTAPE4, K21, KFF21, KFF12)
C THIS SUBROUTINE CREATES A FULL K21 MATRIX USING BOTH K21 AND K12 TAPES OUTPUT
C FROM THE KFSORT AND ALSO A FULL K12 MATRIX (BY TRANSPOSING K21).
C**** TAPE USAGE ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****
C NTAPE4 IS THE OUTPUT FOR K21 AND K12 IN FULL FORM. IT MUST BE POSITIONED AT
C THE BEGINING OF FILE 3 AT THE START OF THIS ROUTINE AND K12 WILL BE WRITTEN
C AS FILE 3 WITH K21 FOLLOWING IN FILE 4.
C**** NOMENCLATURE ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****
C NP21 = ARRAY GIVING THE NUMBER OF PARTITIONS IN EACH ROW OF K21
C NP12 = ARRAY GIVING THE NUMBER OF PARTITIONS IN EACH ROW OF K12
C NP11 = NUMBER OF PARTITIONS IN K11
C NP22 = NUMBER OF PARTITIONS IN K22
C N = NUMBER OF ROWS OF PARTITIONS WRITTEN ON K21
C M = NUMBER OF ROWS OF PARTITIONS WRITTEN FOR K12 (ON NTAPE4)
C NMOD = NUMBER OF ROWS OF PARTITIONS READ FROM KFF21

DIMENSION TEMP(60,60),TRANSP(60,60),B(12),NP21(1),NP12(1)

IERR = 0
IOUT = 6
REWIND K21
REWIND KFF21
REWIND KFF12
N = 0
NMOD = 0

5 CONTINUE
AREA = 0.0
IF (NMOD .GT. 0) CALL FSF(NMOD,KFF21,IERR)
IF ((NMOD .GT. 0) .AND. (IERR .NE. 0)) GO TO 992
NPART = NP21(N+1)
IF (NPART .EQ. 0) GO TO 12

C COPY NPART PARTITIONS FROM KFF21 TAPE TO K21 TAPE
DO 10 I=1,NPART
ID = 0
AREA = 1.0
CALL READTP(TEMP,60,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,KFF21,IERR)
IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
AREA = 2.0
CALL WRITTP(TEMP,60,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,K21,IERR)
IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
10 CONTINUE
NMOD = NMOD + 1
12 CONTINUE
IF (NPART .GE. NP11) GO TO 25

C SKIP NSKIP ROWS OF PARTITIONS ON KFF12 TAPE

NSKIP = NPART - 1
IF (NSKIP .GT. 0) CALL FSF(NSKIP,KFF12,IERR)
AREA = 3.0
IF ((NSKIP .GT. 0) .AND. (IERR .NE. 0)) GO TO 992

NFILE = 1
IF (NSKIP .LT. 0) NFILE = 0

```

```

        NSTART = NPART + 1
        DO 20 I=NSTART, NP11
            ID = 0
            AREA = 4.0
            CALL READTP(TEMP,60, ID, IROW, ICOL, B, NFILE, N, KFF12, IERR)
            IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990

C FORM TRANSPOSE
        DO 15 J=1, IROW
            DO 15 K=1, ICOL
                TRANSP(K, J) = TEMP(J, K)
            15 CONTINUE

C WRITE OUT ON TAPE K21
        IDT = (ID - (ID/1000)*1000)*1000 + ID/1000
        AREA = 5.0
        CALL WRTEP(TRANSP,60, IDT, ICOL, IROW, B, 0, 0, K21, IERR)
        IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
        NFILE = 1
        20 CONTINUE

C UPDATE COUNT OF ROWS ALREADY FORMED
        25 CONTINUE
        N=N+1
        REWIND KFF21
        REWIND KFF12
        END FILE K21
        IF (N .GE. NP22) GO TO 30
        GO TO 5

C K21 COMPLETED
        30 CONTINUE
        REWIND K21

C FORM K12 ON TAPE 4
        M = 0
        32 CONTINUE
        NFILE = 0

        DO 40 I=1, NP22
            ID = 0
            AREA = 6.0
            CALL READTP(TEMP,60, ID, IROW, ICOL, B, NFILE, M, K21, IERR)
            IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990

C FORM TRANSPOSE
        DO 35 J=1, IROW
            DO 35 K=1, ICOL
                TRANSP(K, J) = TEMP(J, K)
            35 CONTINUE
            IDT = (ID - (ID/1000)*1000)*1000 + ID/1000
            AREA = 7.0
            CALL WRTEP(TRANSP,60, IDT, ICOL, IROW, B, 0, 0, NTAPE4, IERR)
            IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
            NFILE = 1
            40 CONTINUE

        M = M+1
        IF (M .GE. NP11) GO TO 50

```

```

REWIND K21
GO TO 32

C K12 COMPLETED
50 CONTINUE
REWIND K21
END FILE NTAPE4

C WRITE K21 ONTO NTAPE4
DO 60 I=1, NP22
DO 55 J=1, NP11
ID = 0
AREA = 8.0
CALL READTP(TEMP,60, ID, IROW, ICOL, B, 0, 0, K21, IERR)
IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
AREA = 9.0
CALL WRTEP(TEMP,60, ID, IROW, ICOL, B, 0, 0, NTAPE4, IERR)
IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 990
55 CONTINUE
IF (I .LT. NP22) CALL FSF(1, K21, IERR)
IF ((I .LT. NP22) .AND. (IERR .NE. 0)) GO TO 992
60 CONTINUE

C NTAPE4 COMPLETED
END FILE NTAPE4
REWIND K21
RETURN

C ERROR COMMENTS
990 WRITE (6,9000) AREA, IERR
STOP
992 WRITE (6,9002) AREA, IERR
STOP
9000 FORMAT(// 7H AREA =, F5.0, 10X, 13HERROR CODE = I5)
9002 FORMAT(// 18H FSF ERROR. AREA =, F5.0, 13H ERROR CODE =, I3)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE DELETE

```

SIBFTC DELET*  DECK
  SUBROUTINE DELETE(ITYPE,NELEM,NSTRS)
  COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
  * MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
  COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP
  COMMON/RSIZE/ISIZE(500),NROW,JSIZE(200)
  COMMON/LASTND/LN(200)
  COMMON/MAPSTR/IPTOT,IBTOT
  COMMON/TEMPO/STRESS(96,60)
  DIMENSION SAVE(96),IC(60)

C THIS SUBROUTINE DELETES THE COLUMNS OF THE STRESS MATRIX THAT CORRESPOND TO
C CONSTRAINED DEGREES OF FREEDOM

C **** NOMENCLATURE ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****
C ITYPE = TYPE OF ELEMENT IN STRESS MATRIX. 1 FOR BEAMS, 0 FOR PLATES
C NELEM = THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ELEMENTS PER PARTITION
C NSTRS = THE NUMBER OF STRESSES PER ELEMENT
C ISIZE = THE ARRAY OF ROW DIMENSIONS FOR THE STRESS PARTITIONS
C NROW = NUMBER OF ROWS OF PARTITIONS IN STRESS MATRIX BEING PROCESSED
C JSIZE = COLUMN DIMENSIONS FOR STRESS PARTITIONS (SORTED)
C ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****      ****

  NSTRES = MT12
  KSTRES = MT8
  IKBC = MT3
  IOUT = MT6
  REWIND NSTRES

C CALCULATE PARTITION COLUMN SIZE ARRAY
  DO 10 I=1,NP
  IF(I .EQ. 1) GO TO 5
  JSIZE(I) =(LN(I) - LN(I-1))*6
  GO TO 10
  5 CONTINUE
  JSIZE(I) = LN(I) *6
  10 CONTINUE

  IF (ITYPE .EQ. 1) NUMBER = NBEAM
  IF (ITYPE .EQ. 0) NUMBER = NPLATE
  IF(ITYPE .EQ. 1) NTOT = IBTOT
  IF(ITYPE .EQ. 0) NTOT = IPTOT
  NTOT2 = NTOT
  IREM = 0

C CALCULATE NUMBER OF ROWS OF PARTITIONS AND ROW DIMENSIONS
  NROW = NUMBER/NELEM
  IF (NUMBER - NROW*NELEM .EQ. 0) GO TO 15
  NROW = NROW + 1
  IREM = 1
  15 DO 20 I=1,NROW
  ISIZE(I) = NELEM*NSTRS
  20 CONTINUE
  IF (IREM .EQ. 1) ISIZE(NROW) =(NUMBER - (NROW - 1)*NELEM)*NSTRS

```

```

C BEGIN SORTING PROCESS

      NCOUNT = 0
C LOOP ON PARTITION ROWS
      DO 200 I=1,NROW
      REWIND IKBC

C LOOP ON PARTITION COLUMNS
      DO 190 J=1,NP
      IMAX = ISIZE(I)
      DO 25 I2=1,IMAX
      DO 25 J2=1,60
      STRESS(I2,J2) = 0.0
      25 CONTINUE

      ID = 1000*I + J
      IF(NCOUNT .GE. NTOT) GO TO 210
      READ (KSTRES) NCODE

C READ IN BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FROM IKBC
      IF (J .EQ. 1) GO TO 32
      N1 = LN(J-1) + 1
      N2 = LN(J)
      GO TO 33
      32 CONTINUE
      N1 = 1
      N2 = LN(J)
      33 CONTINUE
      M = 1

      DO 35 NN=N1,N2
      READ (IKBC) NODE,IJKLMN
      IF (NODE .NE. NN) GO TO 990
      CALL UNPACK(IJKLMN,IC(M),IC(M+1),IC(M+2),IC(M+3),IC(M+4),IC(M+5))
      ISP = 0
      M6 = M+5
      DO 34 IT=M,M6
      IF(IC(IT) .EQ. 3) ISP = 1
      34 CONTINUE
      IF(ISP .EQ. 1) READ(IKBC) D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
      M = M + 6
      35 CONTINUE

      IF (NCODE .NE. ID) GO TO 180

C SORT THIS PARTITION (NCODE = ID)
      NCOUNT = NCOUNT + 1

C READ IN STRESS PARTITION FROM KSTRES
      IROW = ISIZE(I)
      ICOL = JSIZE(J)
      READ (KSTRES) ((STRESS(M,N),M=1,IROW),N=1,ICOL)

      ICON = 0

C COUNT FREEDOMS TO BE DELETED
      DO 40 NN=1,ICOL
      IF((IC(NN) .EQ. 1) .OR. (IC(NN) .EQ. 2)) ICON = ICON + 1
      40 CONTINUE

```

```

C TEST FOR NO CONSTRAINED FREEDOMS OR FOR ALL CONSTRAINED FREEDOMS
  IF (ICON .EQ. 0) GO TO 120
  IF(ICON .EQ. ICOL) NTOT2 = NTOT2 - 1
  IF (ICON .EQ. ICOL) GO TO 190

C BEGIN SORTING
  JS = 0
  JS1 = 0
  JS2 = 0
  50 JS = JS + 1

      IF((IC(JS) .NE. 1) .AND. (IC(JS) .NE. 2)) GO TO 100

C DELETE THIS COLUMN
  N1 = JS1 + 2
  N2 = ICOL
  DO 66 JNC1=N1,N2
  DO 65 INC1=1,IMAX
  STRESS(INC1,JNC1-1) = STRESS(INC1,JNC1)
  65 CONTINUE

  66 CONTINUE
  IF (JS .LT. ICOL) GO TO 50

  100 CONTINUE

C UPDATE COUNT OF RETAINED COLUMNS
  JS1 = JS1 + 1
  IF (JS .LT. ICOL) GO TO 50

C WRITE OUT THE NEW PARTITION ON TAPE NSTRES
  WRITE(NSTRES) NCODE
  WRITE(NSTRES)((STRESS(M,N),M=1,IROW),N=1,N2)
  GO TO 190

  120 CONTINUE

C ALL FREEDOMS RETAINED. NO SORTING NEEDED
  WRITE(NSTRES) NCODE
  WRITE(NSTRES)((STRESS(M,N),M=1,IROW),N=1,ICOL)
  GO TO 190
  180 CONTINUE
  BACKSPACE KSTRES
  190 CONTINUE

  200 CONTINUE

  210 CONTINUE
  IF(ITYPE .EQ. 0) IPTOT = NTOT2
  IF(ITYPE .EQ. 1) IBTOT = NTOT2
  REWIND IKBC
  REWIND NSTRES
  RETURN

C ERROR COMMENT
  990 WRITE (IOUT,9000) NODE,NN
  STOP

```

9000 FORMAT(/87H NODE NUMBER READ FROM TAPE IN SUBROUTINE DELETE DOES  
\*NOT AGREE WITH WHAT WAS EXPECTED./ 6H READ ,I8,5X,10H EXPECTED I8)  
END

## SUBROUTINE SSORT

```
SIBFTC SSORT* DECK
SUBROUTINE SSORT(ITYPE,NELEM,NSTRS)
COMMON/SORT/NSAVE(7000),NZ(200),NPART(200)
COMMON/TAPES/MT1,MT2,MT3,MT4,MT5,MT6,MT7,MT8,MT9,MT10,MT11,MT12,
* MT13,MT14,MT15,MT16,MT17
COMMON/TERMS/NBEAM,NPLATE,NNODE,NCOND,NPS,NTOL,NP
COMMON/RSIZE/ISIZE(500),NROW,JSIZE(200)
COMMON/COMS/NSIZE(200)
COMMON/MAPSTR/IPTOT,IBTOT
COMMON/TEMPO/STRESS(96,60)
DIMENSION SAVE(96),NPARA(50),PARA(50),SORTED(96,60),B(12)
EQUIVALENCE(STRESS,SORTED),(NPARA,PARA)
C THIS SUBROUTINE SORTS THE STRESS MATRIX FOR EITHER BEAMS OR PLATES INTO TWO
C PARTS = S1 (RETAINED) AND S2 (REDUCED)
C*****NOMENCLATURE*****
C ITYPE = TYPE OF STRESS MATRIX. 1 FOR BEAMS, 0 FOR PLATES
C NELEM = THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ELEMENTS PER PARTITION
C NSTRS = THE NUMBER OF STRESSES PER ELEMENT
C NSIZE = ARRAY OF COLUMN DIMENSION FOR THE STRESS PARTITIONS
IOUT = MT6
KSTRES = MT12
KS2 = MT16

IF(ITYPE .EQ. 1) NTOT = IBTOT
IF(ITYPE .EQ. 0) NTOT = IPTOT
IF(ITYPE .EQ. 1) NUMBER = NBEAM
IF(ITYPE .EQ. 0) NUMBER = NPLATE
C CALCULATE NUMBER OF ROWS OF PARTITIONS AND ROW DIMENSIONS

NSTAPE = MT3
IF (ITYPE .EQ. 0) NSTAPE = MT1
REWIND NSTAPE
REWIND KS2

C COUNT NUMBER OF S1 AND S2 PARTITIONS
NS1 = 0
NS2 = 0
DO 4 I=1,NP
IF (NZ(I) .NE. 0) NS1 = NS1 + 1
IF (NZ(I) .NE. NSIZE(I)) NS2 = NS2 + 1
4 CONTINUE

C SET PARAMETER MATRIX AND WRITE OUT AS FIRST FILE OF TAPE NSB OR NSP
NPARA(1) = NS2
NPARA(2) = 2*NS2
NPARA(3) = NS1
PARA(4) = 1.0
NPARA(5) = NROW
DO 6 I =6,50
6 NPARA(I) = 0.0
NAME = 0
CALL WRTEP(NPARA,1,NAME,50,1,B,0,0,NSTAPE,IERROR)
END FILE NSTAPE
NCOUNT = 0

C LOOP ON PARTITION ROWS
```

```

DO 200 I=1,NROW
C LOOP ON PARTITION COLUMNS
DO 190 J=1,NP
IMAX = ISIZE(I)
DO 5 INC=1,IMAX
DO 5 JNC=1,60
STRESS(INC,JNC) = 0.0
5 CONTINUE
ID = 1000*I + J
IF(NCOUNT .GE. NTOT) GO TO 150
READ (KSTRES) NCODE
IF (NCODE .NE. ID) GO TO 150
C THIS PARTITION IS TO BE SORTED BY COLUMNS.
NCOUNT = NCOUNT + 1
JS1 = 0
JS2 = NZ(J)
C CALCULATE LOCATION OF RETAINED FREEDOMS FOR THIS PARTITION
IF (J .EQ. 1) GO TO 20
NFIRST = 0
DO 15 N1=2,J
NFIRST = NFIRST + NZ(N1-1)
15 CONTINUE
NFIRST = NFIRST + 1
GO TO 23
20 CONTINUE
NFIRST = 1
23 CONTINUE
NLASt = NFIRST + NZ(J) - 1
C READ STRESS PARTITION FROM TAPE
IROW = ISIZE(I)
ICOL = NSIZE(J)
READ (KSTRES) ((STRESS(IS,JS),IS=1,IROW),JS=1,ICOL)

C IF NO FREEDOMS ARE RETAINED, PLACE ELEMENTS IN S2.
IF (NZ(J) .EQ. 0) GO TO 100
C IF ALL FREEDOMS ARE RETAINED, PLACE ELEMENTS IN S1
IF (NZ(J) .EQ. NSIZE(J)) GO TO 90

C BEGIN SORTING LOOP
JS = 0
JS1 = 0
JS2 = 0
30 JS = JS + 1
DO 40 NTEST=NFIRST,NLAST
IF (NSAVE(NTEST) .EQ. JS) GO TO 60
40 CONTINUE
C PLACE COLUMN IN S2
JS2 = JS2 + 1
N1 = JS1 + 1
DO 50 IS2=1,IROW
SAVE(IS2) = STRESS(IS2,N1)
50 CONTINUE
N2 = NZ(J)
N3 = NZ(J) + JS2
N4 = JS1 + 2

DO 56 JNC1=N4,N2
DO 55 INC1=1,IMAX
STRESS(INC1,JNC1-1) = STRESS(INC1,JNC1)
55 CONTINUE

```

```

56 CONTINUE
    DO 57 INC1=1,IMAX
      STRESS(INC1,N2) = STRESS(INC1,N3)
57 CONTINUE

    DO 58 INC2=1,IMAX
      STRESS(INC2,N3 ) = SAVE(ING2)
58 CONTINUE

    GO TO 70

60 CONTINUE
C PLACE COLUMN IN S1
  JS1 = JS1 + 1

70 CONTINUE
  IF (JS .LT. NSAVE(NLAST)) GO TO 30
  GO TO 120

C ALL FREEDOMS RETAINED. PLACE ALL COLUMNS IN THE S1 PART
90 CONTINUE
  CALL WRTETP(STRESS,96,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,NSTAPE,IERROR)
  *INTO S1)
  GO TO 190

C NO RETAINED FREEDOMS. PLACE ALL COLUMNS IN THE S2 PART.
100 CONTINUE
  CALL WRTETP(STRESS,96,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,KS2,IERROR)
  GO TO 190

C WRITE OUT S1 AND S2 PARTS
120 CONTINUE
  IROW = ISIZE(I)
  ICOL = NZ(J)
  J1 = NZ(J) + 1
  CALL WRTETP(STRESS(1,1),96,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,NSTAPE,IERROR)
  ICOL = NSIZE(J) - NZ(J)
  CALL WRTETP(STRESS(1,J1),96,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,KS2,IERROR)
  GO TO 190

C WRITE NULL PARTITIONS FOR S1 AND S2 ONTO TAPE
150 CONTINUE
  IROW = ISIZE(I)
  ICOL = NZ(J)
  IF (NZ(J) .EQ. 0) GO TO 160
  CALL WRTETP(STRESS,96,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,NSTAPE,IERROR)
160 CONTINUE
  IF (NZ(J) .EQ. NSIZE(J)) GO TO 170
  ICOL = NSIZE(J) - NZ(J)
  CALL WRTETP(STRESS,96,ID,IROW,ICOL,B,0,0,KS2,IERROR)
170 CONTINUE
  BACKSPACE KSTRES
190 CONTINUE
200 CONTINUE

  REWIND KS2
  END FILE NSTAPE

C COPY S2 FROM KS2 TO FILE 3 OF NSTAPE
DO 300 I=1,NROW

```

```
DO 300 J=1,NS2
  ID = 0
  CALL READTP(STRESS,96, ID, IROW, ICOL, B, 0, 0, KS2, IERR)
  CALL WRTETP(STRESS,96, ID, IROW, ICOL, B, 0, 0, NSTAPE, IERROR)
300 CONTINUE
  END FILE NSTAPE
  REWIND NSTAPE
  REWIND KS2
  RETURN
```

```
END
```

## SUBROUTINE FREMOD

```

$IBFTC FREMO* DECK
      SUBROUTINE FREMOD
C
C   FORMULA NUMBERS 1 TO 5999 ARE NORMAL PROGRAM
C   FORMULA NUMBERS 6000 TO 7499 ARE DIAGNOSTICS
C   FORMULA NUMBER 7500 IS THE CALL EXIT STATEMENT
C   FORMULA NUMBERS 8000 TO 8999 ARE INPUT FORMATS
C   FORMULA NUMBERS 9000 TO 9999 ARE OUTPUT FORMATS
C
      DIMENSION DYNMAT(100,100), AMASS(100), CURNTD(100,100),
1CMAT(100,3), FLEXIB(100,100), GUESS(100), TEMP1(100), VECMAT(100,
225), TEMP(100), TEMPRY(100), TMPRY(100,3), DIAG(100), B(12),
3NORMEL(25), FREQ(25), ITER(25), PCTBIG(25), CTMC(3,3), NTAPE(10),
4BMASS(100), EVAL(100)
C
      EQUIVALENCE (DYNMAT,FLEXIB,CURNTD,BMASS),(AMASS,VECMAT),
1(DIFF,IDIFF), (IERNOW,ERRNOW), (ERROR,IERR), (ERLGST,IERLG),
2      (DIFSML,IDFSML),      (TMPRY(1,1),TEMP),
3(TMPRY(1,2),TEMPRY),(TMPRY(1,3),TEMP1)
C
      INTEGER T6,T5
      T5 = 5
      T6 = 6
      ITP=0
      PCTLMT=10.0
      MAXITR=1500
      NTAPED=3
      SF=1.0
C
      10 READ (T5,8000) N, MODES
C
      140 DO 145 I=1,N
          AMASS(I) = 0.0
          DO 145 J=1,N
              FLEXIB (I,J) = 0.0
      145 CONTINUE
C
      READ FLEXIBILITY MATRIX
C
      150 NSTART=0
          NEND=0
          NSTART=NEND+1
          ITEMP = 10
          IPART=1
          NAME=0
          NFILE=0
          NMAT = 1
      175 REWIND ITEMP
          CALL READTP(FLEXIB(NSTART,NSTART),100,NAME,K,K,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITEMP
1,IRR)
          IF(IRR.NE.0)GO TO 6015
      225 NEND=NEND+K
C
      READ DIAGONAL MASS MATRIX
C
      READ(T5,8005) (AMASS(I),I=NSTART,NEND)
C

```

```

450 WRITE(T6,9000)SF
DO 475 I=1,N
475 WRITE(T6,9005)I,(FLEXIB(I,J),J=1,N)
C
C SCALE FLEXIBILITY MATRIX
C
495 DO 500 I=1,N
DO 500 J=1,N
500 FLEXIB(I,J)=FLEXIB(I,J)*SF
C
C FORM DYNAMIC MATRIX FROM FLEXIB AND AMASS
C
DO 550 I=1,N
DO 550 J = 1,N
550 DYNMAT(I,J) = FLEXIB(I,J)*AMASS(J)
C
C PUT ORIGINAL DYNAMIC MATRIX ON SCRATCH TAPE
C
551 REWIND NTAPED
CALL WRTEP(DYNMAT,100,0,N,N,B,0,0,NTAPED,IRR)
IF(IRR.NE.0) GO TO 6055
575 WRITE(T6,9010)
DO 600 I=1,N
600 WRITE(T6,9005)I,(DYNMAT(I,J),J=1,N)
C
C WRITE OUT MASS MATRIX
C
605 WRITE(6,9015) (I,AMASS(I),I=1,N)
CALL WRTEP(AMASS,1,0,1,N,B,0,0,NTAPED,IRR)
IF(IRR.NE.0)GO TO 6040
ENDFILE NTAPED
REWIND NTAPED
C
C GET VALUES AND VECTORS.
C
CALL VALVCT(DYNMAT,N,MODES,EVAL,VECMAT)
C
C LOOP TO EXAMINE ROOTS 1 BY 1
C
REWIND NTAPED
CALL READTP(DYNMAT,100,0,N,N,B,0,0,NTAPED,IRR)
IF (IRR.NE.0) GO TO 6060
DO 1350 MODE=1,MODES
C
C FORM D V AND EVAL V TO SEE IF THIS MODE IS A
C GOOD ONE.
C
DIFSML=1.0E38
DO 1250 I=1,N
IF (ABS(VECMAT(I,MODE) - 0.01))1250,1175,1175
1175 TEMPRY(I) = EVAL(MODE)*VECMAT(I,MODE)
CALL INRPRD( DYNMAT(I,1),100,VECMAT(1,MODE),1,TEMP(I),N )
DIFF = ABS(TEMP(I)-TEMPRY(I))*2.0/(ABS(TEMP(I))+TEMPRY(I)))
1200 IF (IDFSML=IDIFF) 1250,1250,1225
1225 DIFSML=DIFF
1250 CONTINUE
PCTBIG(MODE)=(1.0-DIFSML)*100.0
1260 IF(PCTBIG(MODE).GE.0.0)GO TO 1270
1265 PCTBIG(MODE)= 0.0
C
C IS THE BEST PERCENTAGE GOOD ENOUGH

```

```

C
1270 IF (PCTBIG(MODE)-PCTLMT) 1275,1325,1325
C
C   THIS MODE SHAPE IS NO GOOD, PRINT OUT ERROR
C
1275 WRITE(T6,9055)MODE,PCTBIG(MODE),PCTLMT,(TEMPRY(I),I,TEMP(I),I=1,N)
C
C   MODE IS FOUND CORRECTLY -ARE MORE REQUESTED
C
1325 IF (EVAL(MODE).LT.0.0) GO TO 6500
IF(EVAL(MODE).EQ.0.0)GO TO 1330
EVAL(MODE)=SQRT(1.0/EVAL(MODE))
1330 FREQ(MODE)=EVAL(MODE)/6.28318530
1350 CONTINUE
C
C   ALL DONE WITH FINDING VECTORS,FORM ORTHOGONALITY
C   MATRIX VT M V
C
TMINDG=1.0E38
TMAXDG=-TMINDG
TMAXQD=TMAXDG
CALL READTP(BMASS,1,0,NR,NC,B,0,0,NTAPED,IRR)
IF (IRR .NE. 0) GO TO 6066
WRITE(T6,9001)
DO 1400 I=1,MODES
DO 1360 J = 1,N
1360 TEMP1(J) = VECMAT(J,I)*BMASS(J)
DO 1375 J=1,MODES
1375 CALL INRPRD (TEMP1 , 1 ,VECMAT(1,J),1,TEMP(J),N)
C
C   PRINT VT M V = ONE ROW
C
WRITE(T6,9065)I,(TEMP(J),J=1,MODES)
TEMPRY(I)=TEMP(I)
DO 1400 J=1,MODES
IF (I=J) 1380,1385,1380
1380 TMAXOD=AMAX1(ABS(TEMP(J)),TMAXOD)
GO TO 1400
1385 TMAXDG=AMAX1(TEMP(J),TMAXDG)
TMINDG=AMIN1(TEMP(J),TMINDG)
1400 CONTINUE
WRITE(T6,9060)TMAXDG,TMINDG,TMAXOD
C
C   PRINT INERTIA MATRIX
C
WRITE(T6,9070)(I,TEMPRY(I),I=1,MODES)
C
C   PRINT MODE SHAPES
C
K=MODES
K1=1
K2=6
IF (K=6) 1430,1435,1435
1430 K2=MODES
1435 WRITE(T6,9075)K1,K2
DO 1440 I=1,N
1440 WRITE(T6,9076)(I,VECMAT(I,J),J=K1,K2)
K=K-6
IF (K) 1550,1550,1450
1450 K1=K2+1

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      IF (K=6) 1430,1430,1525
1525 K2=K1+5
      GO TO 1435
C
C   WRITE OUT TABLE OF RESULTS
C
1550 WRITE(T6,9080)(I,EVAL(I),FREQ(I),PCTBIG(I),I,I=1,MODES)
C
C   WRITE RESULTS ON TAPE IF DESIRED
C
1575 NTAPOT = 10
      NAME=0
      NFILE = 2
      NMAT=0
C
C   WRITE FREQUENCIES, MODE SHAPES, INERTIA MATRIX, AND MASS MATRIX.
C
      CALL WRTEP (FREQ,1,NAME,MODES,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPOT,IRR)
      IF(IRR.NE.0)GO TO 6030
1600 CALL WRTEP(VECMAT,100,NAME+1,N,MODES,B,0,0,NTAPOT,IRR)
      IF(IRR.NE.0)GO TO 6030
C
      CALL WRTEP(TEMPRY,1,NAME+2,1,MODES,B,0,0,NTAPOT,IRR)
      IF(IRR.NE.0)GO TO 6030
      END FILE NTAPOT
C
      CALL WRTEP(BMASS,1,NAME+3,1,N,B,0,0,NTAPOT,IRR)
      IF(IRR.NE.0)GO TO 6030
      END FILE NTAPOT
C
1640 GO TO 7500
C
C   THE FOLLOWING ARE ALL DIAGNOSTIC PRINT EXITS
C
6015 WRITE(T6,9100)
6016 NTAPDG=ITEMP
      GO TO 7000
6030 WRITE(T6,9115)NFILE,NMAT
      NTAPDG=NTAPOT
      GO TO 7000
6040 WRITE(T6,9210)
      NTAPDG=NTAPED
      GO TO 7000
6055 WRITE (T6,9200)
6056 NTAPDG = NTAPED
      GO TO 7000
6060 WRITE (T6,9205)
      GO TO 6056
6066 WRITE (T6,9215)
      GO TO 6056
7000 WRITE(T6,9125)NTAPDG,IRR
      GO TO 7500
6500 WRITE (T6,9155) EVAL,MODE
7500 CALL UNLOAD (ITEMP)
      RETURN
8000 FORMAT(5I10)
8001 FORMAT(5I10/4I10,E20.0)
8005 FORMAT (7E10.0)
8010 FORMAT (110,E10.0)

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8015 FORMAT (I10/(7E10.0))
9000 FORMAT (1H1,5X,70HBELOW IS THE COMPLETE FLEXIBILITY MATRIX UNSCALE
1D. THE SCALE FACTOR = 1PE16.6/1H0)
9001 FORMAT(1H1)
9005 FORMAT (1H0,15,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6))
9010 FORMAT (1H1,5X,28HBELOW IS THE DYNAMIC MATRIX./1H0)
9015 FORMAT(1H1,5X,25HBELOW IS THE MASS MATRIX./1H0/(10X,15,F20.7) )
9055 FORMAT (1H1,5X,5HMODE 15,9HHAD ONLY F7.2,53H PERCENT ACCURACY, WHI
1CH IS UNDER THE GIVEN LIMIT OF F7.2/1H0,5X,58HTHE TWO VECTORS WHIC
2H SHOULD BE IDENTICAL ARE GIVEN BELOW./1H0/(20X,1PE16.7,3X,15,2X,E
316.7))
9060 FORMAT (1H0,5X,77HABOVE IS THE MATRIX V TRANSPOSE M V ,WHERE V
1IS THE MATRIX OF MODE SHAPES./1H0,5X,44HTHE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM DI
2AGONAL VALUES ARE F15.3,5H AND F15.3/1H0,5X,37HTHE MAXIMUM OFF DIA
3GONAL MAGNITUDE = F15.8)
9065 FORMAT(1H0,15,3X,1P9E12.2/(9X,1P9E12.2))
9070 FORMAT (1H1,5X,28HBELOW IS THE INERTIA MATRIX./1H0/(10X,15,3X,F20.
17))
9075 FORMAT (1H1,5X,31HBELOW ARE THE SHAPES FOR MODES 15,8H THROUGH15/1
1H0)
9076 FORMAT (6(3X,13,F14.7))
9080 FORMAT (1H1,50X,22HTABLE OF FINAL RESULTS
1/1H0,74X,10HPERCENTAGE
2/33X,4HMODE,6X,7HRADIANS,10X,9HFREQUENCY,6X,8HACCURACY,7X,4HMODE
3/33X,6HNUMBER,4X,10HPER SECOND,7X,6HIN CPS,9X,12HOF FREQUENCY,3X
4,6HNUMBER/(1H0,32X,13,5X,F14.7,4X,F14.7,4X,F8.3,4X,13))
9100 FORMAT(1H1,38HFLEXIBILITY MATRIX COULD NOT BE FOUND.)
9115 FORMAT (1H1,65HSPACING ERROR OCCURED WHILE TRYING TO WRITE BINARY
1TAPE. NFILE = 15,7HNMAT = 15)
9125 FORMAT (1H0,22HCURRENT TAPE IN USE = 15,14H ERROR CODE = 15)
9155 FORMAT(1H1,14H EIGENVALUE = E13.6,11H FOR MODE 13,71H HAS A NEGAT
1IVE VALUE, WHICH DOES NOT DESCRIBE A PROPER PHYSICAL SYSTEM)
9200 FORMAT(1H0,43HERROR WHILE WRITING DYNAMIC MATRIX ON TAPE.)
9205 FORMAT(1H0,45HERROR WHILE READING DYNAMIC MATRIX FROM TAPE.)
9210 FORMAT(1H0,40HERROR WHILE WRITING MASS MATRIX ON TAPE.)
9215 FORMAT(1H0,42HERROR WHILE READING MASS MATRIX FROM TAPE.)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE VALVCT

```

$IBFTC WDVALV DECK
  SUBROUTINE VALVCT(D,N,MODES,EVALS,VECTRS)
  DIMENSION CN(100),SN(100),D(100,100),IR(100),ORDER(100),
1 EVALS(100),VECTRS(100,25),X(100)
  INTEGER ORDER
  KR=100
C
C  SUBROUTINE HESSEN TRANSFORMS THE DYNAMIC MATRIX TO UPPER HESSENBERG
C  SUBROUTINE HESSEN USES TAPE 4
C  CALL HESSEN(D,KR,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
C
C  SUBROUTINE QRITER TRANSFORMS THE HESSENBERG MATRIX TO TRIANGULAR,
C  THE EIGENVALUES ARE THE DIAGONAL ELEMENTS.
C  SUBROUTINE QRITER USES TAPE 2
C  CALL QRITER(D,KR,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
C
C  SUBROUTINE SORTRT ORDERS THE ROOTS ACCORDING TO ABSOLUTE VALUE, LGST FIRST
C  CALL SORTRT(D,KR,L,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
  ITMO=L-JL+1
  IF(ITMO,LT,MODES)MODES=ITMO
C
C  SUBROUTINE VECTOR COMPUTES THE VECTORS FOR THE TRIANGULAR MATRIX.
C  CALL VECTOR(D,KR,L,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
C
C  SUBROUTINE TRANS1 TRANSFORMS THE VECTORS TO CORRESPOND TO THE
C  HESSENBERG MATRIX.
C  SUBROUTINE TRANS1 USES TAPE 2
C  CALL TRANS1(D,KR,L,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,X)
C
C  SUBROUTINE TRANS2 TRANSFORMS THE VECTORS TO CORRESPOND TO THE
C  ORIGINAL MATRIX.
C  SUBROUTINE TRANS2 USES TAPE 4
C  CALL TRANS2(D,KR,L,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,X)
7500 RETURN
  END
```

## SUBROUTINE HESSEN

```

$IBFTC WDHES  DECK
      SUBROUTINE HESSEN(D,KR,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
      DIMENSION CN(KR),SN(KR),D(KR,KR),IR(KR),ORDER(KR),
1  EVALS(KR),VECTRS(KR,1),X(KR)
      INTEGER ORDER,R,R2,R3

C
C   TRANSFORM ORIGINAL MATRIX TO UPPER HESSENBERG FORM.
      IH = 4
      REWIND IH
      N2 =N-2
      DO 100 R=1,N2
      R2= R+1
      XR = 0.0
      DO 50 I=R2,N
      XR2 = ABS(D(I,R))
      IF(XR2.LE.XR)GO TO 50
      XR = XR2
      K = I
50  CONTINUE
      IR(R) = 0
      IF(XR.EQ.0.0 )GO TO 100
      IF(K.EQ.R2)GO TO 65
      IR(R)=K
      DO 55 J=R,N
      XR = D(R2,J)
      D(R2,J) = D(K,J)
55  D(K,J) =XR
      DO 60 I=1,N
      XR = D(I,R2)
      D(I,R2) = D(I,K)
60  D(I,K) =XR
65  R3 =R+2
      DO 80 I=R3,N
      IF(D(I,R).EQ.0.0 )GO TO 80
      XR =-D(I,R)/D(R2,R)
      DO 70 J=R2,N
70  D(I,J) = D(I,J)+XR*D(R2,J)
      DO 75 J=1,N
75  D(J,R2 )=D(J,R2 )-XR*D(J,I)
      D(I,R) = -XR
80  CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE

C
C   STORE UPPER HESSENBERG MATRIX ON TAPE,
C   USED TO TRANSFORM VECTORS TO CORRESPOND TO ORIGINAL MATRIX.
      WRITE(IH)((D(I,J),J=1,I),I=1,N)
      ENDFILE IH
      REWIND IH
      RETURN
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE QRITER

```

SIBFTC WDQRIT DECK
SUBROUTINE QRITER(D,KR,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
DIMENSION CN(KR),SN(KR),D(KR,KR),IR(KR),ORDER(KR),
1 EVALS(KR),VECTRS(KR,1),X(KR)
INTEGER ORDER

C
C TRANSFORM UPPER HESSENBERG MATRIX TO TRIANGULAR FORM,
C EIGENVALUES WILL BE THE DIAGONAL ELEMENTS.
C
TOL = 1.E-14
JSI = 0
JS2 = 0
JCTR = 0
IQ = 2
LIMIT = 10
REWIND IQ
IDUM = 1
IDUM2 = 0
N1 = N-1
J1 = 1
ITER = 0
40 ITER = ITER+1
DO 50 I=1,N1
IF( ABS(D(I+1,I)).GT. ABS(D(I+1,I+1))*TOL)GO TO 55
50 CONTINUE

C
C WRITE ZEROS ON TAPE TO INDICATE END OF DATA.
C
52 WRITE(IQ,IDUM,IDUM,(IDUM2,I=1,4)
REWIND IQ
GO TO 7500
55 I1=I .
J1P=J1+1
DO 60 I=J1P,N1
IF( ABS(D(I+1,I)).LE. ABS(D(I+1,I+1))*TOL) GO TO 65
60 CONTINUE
J2 = N
GO TO 70
65 J2 = I
DO 75 I=1,N
IF(D(I,I).NE.0.0 )GO TO 80
WRITE(6,1100)I
75 CONTINUE
PRINT 1
WRITE(6,1)
CALL EXIT
80 JL=I
85 M = J2-1
B = -D(M,M)-D(J2,J2)
C = D(M,M)*D(J2,J2)-D(J2,M)*D(M,J2)
RAD = B**2-4.0 *C
IF(RAD.LT.0.0 )GO TO 90
RAD = SQRT(RAD)
SHIFT = .50 *(-B+RAD)
T = .50 *(-B-RAD)
IF( ABS(SHIFT-D(J2,J2)).GT. ABS(T-D(J2,J2)))SHIFT = T
GO TO 95
90 SHIFT =-.50 *B
95 DO 100 I=J1,J2

```

```

100 D(I,I) = D(I,I)-SHIFT
C
C DO QR PRE-MULT.
DO 120 J= J1,M
115 RAD = SQRT(D(J+1,J)**2+D(J,J)**2)
CN(J) = D(J,J)/RAD
SN(J) = D(J+1,J)/RAD
DO 120 I=J,N
B = CN(J)*D(J,I)+SN(J)*D(J+1,I)
D(J+1,I) = -SN(J)*D(J,I)+CN(J)*D(J+1,I)
120 D(J,I) = B
C
C DO QR POST-MULT.
DO 140 J=J1,M
JP = J+1
135 DO 140 I=1,JP
B = CN(J)*D(I,J)+SN(J)*D(I,J+1)
D(I,J+1) = -SN(J)*D(I,J)+CN(J)*D(I,J+1)
140 D(I,J) = B
DO 150 I= J1,J2
150 D(I,I) = D(I,I)+SHIFT
C
C STORE ELEMENTS USED TO TRANSFORM VECTORS TO CORRESPOND TO HESSENBERG MTX.
WRITE(IQ)J1,M,(SN(I),CN(I),I=J1,M)
IF( JS1 .EQ. J1.AND. JS2 .EQ. J2 ) GO TO 200
JCTR = 1
JS1 = J1
JS2 = J2
IF( ITER .LT. 500 ) GO TO 40
WRITE(6,1150)
GO TO 52
200 JCTR = JCTR + 1
IF( JCTR .GE. LIMIT ) GO TO 250
GO TO 40
250 D(J2,J2-1)=0.
GO TO 40
7500 RETURN
1 FORMAT(1H0,39HDIAGONAL OF TRANSFORMED MATRIX IS ZERO.)
1100 FORMAT(1H0,16HDIAGONAL ELEMENT, I5, 9H IS ZERO.)
1150 FORMAT(1H0,32HITERATION LIMIT OF 500 EXCEEDED.)
1200 FORMAT(1H0,10I10)
1300 FORMAT(1H0,8E16.8)
1400 FORMAT(1H0,I5,(7E16.8))
END

```

## SUBROUTINE SORTRT

```
SIBFTC WDSORT DECK
SUBROUTINE SORTRT(D,KR,L,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
DIMENSION CN(KR),SN(KR),D(KR,KR),IR(KR),ORDER(KR),
1 EVALS(KR),VECTRS(KR,1),X(KR)
INTEGER ORDER

C
DO 20 I= 1,N
20 X(I) = D(I,I)
C
C ORDER THE ROOTS ACCORDING TO ABS.VALUE.
DO 80 I= JL,N
A = 0.0
DO 60 J=JL,N
IF( ABS(X(J)).LE.A)GO TO 60
A = ABS(X(J)!
ORDER(I) = J
60 CONTINUE
IF(A.EQ.0.0 )GO TO 85
J = ORDER(I)
80 X(J) = 0.0
L = N
GO TO 86
85 L = I-1
C
C MOVE THE ROOTS BACK INTO ARRAY X IN CORRECT ORDER.
86 DO 90 I = JL,L
M = ORDER(I)
90 X(I) = D(M,M)
M = JL+MODES-1
IF(M.GT.L)M=L
C
C CHECK FOR NEGATIVE ROOTS AMONG THE FREQUENCIES.
DO 100 I=JL,M
IF(X(I).GE.0.0)GO TO 100
WRITE(6,1300)I,X(I)
100 CONTINUE
M2=0
DO 130 I=JL,L
M2=M2+1
130 EVALS(M2) = X(I)
7500 RETURN
1300 FORMAT(1H0,I5,21H NEGATIVE EIGENVALUE= ,E16.8)
END
```

## SUBROUTINE VECTOR

```
$IBFTC WDVECT DECK
  SUBROUTINE VECTOR(D,KR,L,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,ORDER,X)
  DIMENSION CN(KR),SN(KR),D(KR,KR),IR(KR),ORDER(KR),
1 EVALS(KR),VECTRS(KR,1),X(KR)
  INTEGER ORDER
C
C  COMPUTE VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO THE TRIANGULAR MATRIX.
  M = JL+MODES-1
  IF(M.GT.L)M=L
  DO 120 L5 = JL,M
  K = ORDER(L5)
  DO 50 I=JL,N
50 X(I) = 0.0
  CURRT = D(K,K)
  DO 60 I = JL,K
60 D(I,I) = D(I,I)-CURRT
  X(K) = 1.0
  J = K
65 IF(J.EQ.JL) GO TO 80
  IF(D(J-1,J-1).EQ.0.0 ) GO TO 130
  SUM = 0.0
  DO 70 I = J,K
70 SUM = SUM+D(J-1,I)*X(I)
  X(J-1) = -SUM/D(J-1,J-1)
  J = J-1
  GO TO 65
80 DO 90 I = JL,K
90 D(I,I) = D(I,I)+CURRT
  SUM = 0.0
  DO 100 I = JL,K
  CURRT = ABS(X(I))
  IF(CURRT.GT.SUM)SUM = CURRT
100 CONTINUE
  DO 110 I = JL,K
110 VECTRS(I,L5)=X(I)/SUM
  K1=K+1
  DO 115 I=K1,N
115 VECTRS(I,L5)=X(I)
120 CONTINUE
  GO TO 7500
130 PRINT 1
  MODES=L5-1
7500 RETURN
1 FORMAT(38HVECTOR SOL. FAILS DUE TO ZERO ON DIAG)
  END
```

## SUBROUTINE TRANS1

```
SIBFTC WOTRN1 DECK
SUBROUTINE TRANS1(D,KR,L,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,X)
DIMENSION CN(KR),SN(KR),D(KR,KR),IR(KR),
1 EVALS(KR),VECTRS(KR,1),X(KR)

C
C TRANSFORM VECTORS TO CORRESPOND TO THE HESSENBERG MATRIX.
IQ = 2
DO 50 I = 1,N
DO 50 J = 1,N
50 D(I,J) = 0.0
DO 60 I = 1,N
60 D(I,I) = 1.00
70 READ(IQ)J1,M,(SN(I),CN(I),I = J1,M)
IF(SN(J1).EQ.0.0 .AND. CN(J1).EQ.0.0 ) GO TO 150
DO 140 J = J1,M
DO 140 I = 1,N
SUM = CN(J)*D(I,J)+SN(J)*D(I,J+1)
D(I,J+1) = -SN(J)*D(I,J)+CN(J)*D(I,J+1)
140 D(I,J) = SUM
GO TO 70
150 REWIND IQ
DO 170 I = 1,N
170 X(I) = 0.0
M = JL+MODES-1
IF(M.GT.L)M=L
DO 250 K = JL,M
DO 200 I=JL,N
200 X(I)=VECTRS(I,K)
DO 240 I = 1,N
VECTRS(I,K)=0.0
240 CALL INRPRD(D(I,1),KR,X,1,VECTRS(I,K),N)
250 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

## SUBROUTINE TRANS2

```
SIBFTC WDTRN2 DECK
      SUBROUTINE TRANS2(D,KR,LIN,N,MODES,CN,SN,VECTRS,EVALS,JL,IR,X)
      DIMENSION CN(KR),SN(KR),D(KR,KR),IR(KR),
1     EVALS(KR),VECTRS(KR,1),X(KR)
      INTEGER R,R2
C
C     TRANSFORM VECTORS TO CORRESPOND TO THE ORIGINAL MATRIX.
      IH = 4
      READ(IH)((D(I,J),J = 1,I),I = 1,N)
      N2 = N-2
      DO 300 K = 1,MODES
      JLK=JL+K-1
      IF(JLK.GT.LIN)GO TO 500
      DO 100 I=1,N
100  X(I)=VECTRS(I,JLK)
      R=N2
      DO 175 I1=JL,N2
160  R2 = R+2
      J=N
      DO 170 I2=R2,N
      X(J)=X(J)+D(J,R)*X(R+1)
170  J=J-1
      L = IR(R)
      IF(L.EQ.0)GO TO 175
      SUM = X(L)
      X(L) = X(R+1)
      X(R+1) = SUM
175  R=R-1
      SUM = 0.0
      DO 180 I = 1,N
      IF( ABS(X(I)).GT. ABS(SUM)) SUM=X(I)
180  CONTINUE
      DO 190 I = 1,N
190  X(I) = X(I)/SUM
200  DO 250 I=1,N
250  VECTRS(I,K)=X(I)
300  CONTINUE
500  RETURN
      END
```

## SUBROUTINE AMERGE

```

SIBFTC AMERG* DECK
SUBROUTINE AMERGE( ITAPE, NTAPE, NF1 )
C**** SUBROUTINE TO FORM FULL STIFFNESS AND FLEXIBILITY MATRIX FROM
C      SUB-MATRICES
C
C      *
C      * S U B R O U T I N E   M E R G E
C      *
C      * MERGES THE STIFFNESS/FLEXIBILITY MATRIX
C      **
C
NT          FINAL STIFFNESS/FLEXIBILITY MATRIX SIZE
NROW        NO OF ROW PARTITIONS TO MERGE
NCOL        NO OF COL PARTITIONS TO MERGE
SMAT(I,J)  FINAL MERGED NT X NT MATRIX
NPRNTK = 0 NO PRINTOUT OF STIFFNESS MATRIX
           = NOT 0 PRINTOUT THE STIFFNESS MATRIX
ITAPE = A PARAMETR MATRIX, STIFFNESS MATRIX AND THE FLEXIBILITY
        MATRIX IS STORED ON THIS TAPE.
NTAPE = THE MERGED MATRIX IS STORED ON THIS TAPE
NF1=1 IF THE STIFFNESS MATRIX IS DESIRED
NF1=2 IF THE FLEXIBILITY MATRIX IS DESIRED
THE FLEX MATRIX IS USED AS INPUT TO EIGENVALUE-EIGENVECTOR ROUTINE TV-105W
THE MAX SIZE OF THE STIFFNESS AND FLEX MATRIX IS (100X100)
COMMON /PRNT/ NPRNTK
DIMENSION SMAT(100,100), SCRAT(60,60),B(16), PARAM(50), IPARAM(50)
EQUIVALENCE (PARAM,IPARAM)
REWIND ITAPE
ISUM=0
JK=0
IJ=0
NT=0
NST = NF1
NAME=0
NFILE = 0
NMAT = 0
CALL READTP(PARAM,1,NAME,M,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITAPE,IRR)
IF(IRR .NE. 0) GO TO 1010
NROW=IPARAM(5)
NCOL=IPARAM(3)
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
M=0
DO 500 II=1,NROW
JSUM=0
ISUM=ISUM+M
N=0
NT=NT+M

```

```

DO 500 I=1,NCOL
JSUM=JSUM+N
NAME=0
CALL READTP(SCRAT,60,NAME,M,N,B,NF1,NMAT,ITAPE,IRR)
IF(IRR .NE. 0)GO TO 1010
NF1 = 0
DO 200 J=1,M
IJ=ISUM+J
DO 100 K=1,N
JK=JSUM+K
100 SMAT(IJ,JK)=SCRAT(J,K)
200 CONTINUE
500 CONTINUE
C
C
NT=NT+M
NAME = 0
NFILE = 0
NMAT = 0
CALL WRTEP(SMAT,100,NAME,NT,NT,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
IF(IRR .NE. 0)GO TO 1020
IF( NST .NE. 1 ) GO TO 7500
IF( NPRNTK .EQ. 0 ) RETURN
WRITE(6,9600) NT,NT
C
DO 9800 I = 1,NT
WRITE(6,9720)I,(SMAT(I,J),J=1,NT )
9800 CONTINUE
C
GO TO 7500
1010 WRITE (6,6001) IRR
GO TO 7500
1020 WRITE (6,6002) IRR
6001 FORMAT(22H1ERROR CODE IN READTP=,I3)
6002 FORMAT(22H1ERROR CODE IN WRTEP=,I3)
9600 FORMAT(1H1,40X,17H STIFFNESS MATRIX ,8X,I3,4H BY I3/1H0 )
9720 FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )
7500 RETURN
END

```

## SUBROUTINE SMERGE

```

SIBFTC SMERG* DECK
SUBROUTINE SMERGE ( ITAPE,NTAPE,ITEST )
C*** SUBROUTINE TO MERGE AND REPARTITION THE STRESS MATRIX
C
C      *
C      * M E R G E   R O U T I N E   T O   M E R G E
C      *
C      * A N D   R E P A R T I T I O N   S T R E S S E S
C      *
C      * F O R   P L A T E S   A N D   B E A M S
C      *
C
C      ITEST = 8   PLATES
C            = 6   BEAMS
C
C      NSTRSP = 0   DONT MERGE THE STRESS FOR PLATES
C            NOT 0   MERGE THE STRESS FOR PLATES
C
C      NSTRSB = 0   DONT MERGE THE STRESS FOR BEAMS
C            NOT 0   MERGE THE STRESS FOR BEAMS
C
C      ITAPE = THE PARAMETER AND STRESS MATRIX IS STORED ON THIS TAPE
C      NTAPE = THE MERGED MATRIX IS STORED ON THIS TAPE
C
C***ICNT1      COUNT OF END 1 OR END 2
C***ICNT2      COUNT OF NUMBER OF BEAM ELEMENTS
C
C      COMMON/PRNT/NPRNTK,NSTRSP,NSTRSB
C      DIMENSION SMAT(96,100),SCRAT(96,60),B(16),IPARAM(50),PARAM(50),
C      1 DMAT(8,100)
C      EQUIVALENCE ( PARAM,IPARAM )
C      REWIND ITAPE
C      JK = 0
C      NT = 0
C      NAME = 0
C      NFILE = 0
C      NMAT = 0
C      CALL READTP( PARAM,1,NAME,M,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITAPE,IRR )
C      IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 1010
C*** THE NO. OF COL. PARTITIONS IS NCOL AND ROW PARTITIONS IS NROW
C
C      NROW = IPARAM(5)
C      NCOL = IPARAM(2)
C      NMAT = 0
C      NFILE = 0
C      M = 0
C
C      NF1 = 1
C      IF( ITEST .EQ. 8 ) GO TO 50
C      IF ( NSTRSB .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 60
C      WRITE(6,9000)
C      GO TO 60

```

```

50  IF( NSTRSP .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 60
    WRITE(6,9001)
60  CONTINUE
C***  INITIALIZE ICNT1 AND ICNT2
    ICNT1 = 1
    ICNT2 = 0
    DO 600 II = 1,NROW

C
C
    JSUM = 0
    N = 0
    NC = 0

C
    DO 500 I = 1,NCOL
    JSUM = JSUM + N
    NAME = 0
    CALL READTP(SCRAT,96,NAME,M,N,B,NF1,NMAT,ITAPE,IRR )
    IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 1010
    NF1 = 0
    DO 200 J = 1,M
    DO 100 K = 1,N
    JK = JSUM + K
    NK = JK
100  SMAT(J,JK) = SCRAT(J,K)
200  CONTINUE
    NC = NC + N

C
500  CONTINUE

C
C***  RE-PARTITION FOR EACH ELEMENT OF BEAM OR PLATE
    JJ = 0
C***  SET ITEST = 8 FOR PLATES
C***  SET ITEST = 6 FOR BEAMS
    NT = NT + M
    IJ = 0
    DO 550 I = 1,M
    JJ = JJ + 1
    IJ = IJ + 1
    DO 505 J = 1,NC
    DMAT(JJ,J) = SMAT(IJ,J)
505  CONTINUE
    NMAT = 0
    NAME = 0
    IF( JJ .LT. ITEST ) GO TO 550
    JJ = 0
    CALL WRTEP( DMAT,8,NAME,ITEST,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR )
    IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 1020

C
C
    IF( ITEST .EQ. 8 ) GO TO 510
    IF( NSTRSB .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 550
C***  P R I N T   O U T   B E A M   S T R E S S E S ( 6 X N )
    IF( ICNT2 .NE. 0 ) GO TO 506
    ICNT2 = ICNT2 + 1
    WRITE(6,9002) ICNT2
    GO TO 508
506  IF( ICNT1 .EQ. 2 ) GO TO 508
    ICNT1 = 1
    ICNT2 = ICNT2 + 1
    WRITE(6,9002) ICNT2

```

```

508 WRITE(6,9006) ICNT1
DO 509 LL = 1,ITEST
WRITE(6,9003) LL,( DMAT(LL,MM),MM=1,NC )
509 CONTINUE
ICNT1 = ICNT1 + 1
GO TO 550
510 IF( NSTRSP .EQ. 0) GO TO 550
C*** PRINT OUT PLATE STRESSES ( 8 X N )
ICNT2 = ICNT2 + 1
WRITE(6,9004) ICNT2
DO 520 LL = 1,ITEST
520 WRITE(6,9005) LL, ( DMAT(LL,MM),MM = 1,NC )
C
C
550 CONTINUE
C
C
600 CONTINUE
C
C
C
GO TO 7500
1010 WRITE(6,6001)IRR
GO TO 7500
1020 WRITE(6,6002)IRR
GO TO 7500
6001 FORMAT(22H ERROR CODE IN READTP= I3 )
6002 FORMAT(22H ERROR CODE IN WRTETP= I3 )
9000 FORMAT(1H1,40X,21H BEAM STRESS MATRICES /1H0 )
9001 FORMAT(1H1,40X,22H PLATE STRESS MATRICES /1H0 )
9002 FORMAT(1H0,5HBEAM I3 )
9003 FORMAT(1H0,13X,I3,1P7E16.6/(17X,7E16.6) )
9004 FORMAT(1H0,5HPLATEI3)
9005 FORMAT(1H0,8X,I3,1P7E16.6/(12X,7E16.6) )
9006 FORMAT(1H0,8X,3HENDI2)
7500 RETURN
END

```

# PHASE I TLO1 DATA LISTING

8000B			200B	29B	CLEAR	
8200B				0B	LOAD AND EXEC.	
	9000B			0B		
	-4000000B			0B		
	-8000000B			0B		
	-11000000B			0B		
	-12000000B			0B		
4000000B		8000B		0B		
8003B		8004B	8005B	27B		
	4003000B			0B		
1008B			8003B	0B	IS K22 UNPARTITIONED	
11000000B		1B		0B		
1B		1B		18B		
4000000B		2B		0B		
1B	2B	3B		6B		
3B		8000000B		0B		
-3B			8005B	0B		
1079B			999B	0B		
11000000B		1B		0B		
1B		8000000B		0B		
-2B			8003B	0B		
4000000B		1B		0B		
1B		8000000B		0B		
-2B			8005B	0B		
-6B			8003B	0B		
	-4000000B			0B		
	-8000000B			0B		
	-11000000B			0B		
8005B			4B	29B		
8003B		8006B	0B	27B	SAVE N FOR LOOPING	
8003B			-1B	27B	DECREMENT N	
8004B			-1B	27B	DECREMENT K	
8000000B		1B		0B	PIVOT PARTITION	VT1
1B		1B		18B	INVERT	
-1014B	-1B		1000B	27B		
8000000B		2B		0B	REST OF PIVOT ROW	VT2
1B	2B	3B		6B	NEW PIVOT ROW	
-1014B			100B	27B	CHANGE NAME	
3B		11000000B		0B	ON TAPE 2	
-4B			8004B	0B	ALL OF PIVOT ROW	
	11000000B			0B		
	-11000000B			0B		
8000000B		1B		0B	PART. TO BE ZEROED	VT3
11000000B		2B		0B	PIVOT ROW	
1B	2B	3B	22B	6B	MULTIPLY	
3B			23B	0B	COPY	
8000000B		3B		0B	ROW OF ZERO	VT4
3B	2B	3B	0B	2B	NEW TERM OF ROW	
-1014B			10B	27B	CHANGE NAME	
3B		12000000B		0B	TO TAPE 1 OR 3	VT5
-7B			8004B	0B	ALL TERMS OF ROW	
-10B			8003B	0B	FOR N-1 ROWS	
	-8000000B			0B		VT6
	-11000000B			0B		
11000000B		1B		0B	PIVOT ROW	
1B		12000000B		0B	TO TAPE 3 OR 1	VT7
-2B			8004B	0B	ALL OF THE ROW	
	12000000B			0B		VT8
	-12000000B			0B		VT9
	-11000000B			0B		

1013B		8005B	0B	EVERY OTHER TIME
-1291B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT1 TO 3
-1271B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT2 TO 3
-1211B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT3 TO 3
-1181B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT4 TO 3
-1163B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT5 TO 1
-1142B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT6 TO 3
-1123B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT7 TO 1
-1112B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT8 TO 1
-1112B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT9 TO 1
8005B		1B	29B	CLEAR
8005B		2B	27B	SET UP FOR NEXT
1011B		255B	0B	TO END POINT
-1411B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT1 TO 1
-1391B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT2 TO 1
-1331B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT3 TO 1
-1301B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT4 TO 1
-1283B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT5 TO 3
-1262B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT6 TO 1
-1243B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT7 TO 3
-1232B	-1B	4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT8 TO 3
-1232B	-1B	-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT9 TO 3
8005B		1B	29B	CLEAR
-52B		8006B	0B	
1007B		8004B	0B	
1002B		8005B	0B	IF 8005=0 SOLUTION ON 8
1004B		999B	0B	LEAVE ON TP 8
12000000B	1B		0B	
1B	8000000B		0B	COPY ONTO TP 8
-2B		8006B	0B	
1006B		999B	0B	
1005B		8005B	0B	IF 8005=0 SOLUTION IS ON 8
8000000B	1B		0B	
1B	12000000B		0B	COPY ONTO 12
-2B		8004B	0B	
-3B		8006B	0B	
	-4000000B		0B	
	-8000000B		0B	
	-11000000B		0B	
	-12000000B		0B	
	-12000000B		0B	
8175B	1B	9B	20B	
				+
	PHASE 1.1 IS COMPLETE			
8000B		200B	29B	CLEAR 200 CELLS
8200B			0B	LOAD+EXECUTE
	-4000000B		0B	REW 4
	-2000000B		0B	
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	-12000000B		0B	
	-16000000B		0B	
	9000B		0B	PARTITION
4000000B	8000B		0B	READ PARAMETERS
8000B	2000000B		0B	COPY PARAMETERS
	2000000B		0B	EOF T2
1082B		8005B	27B	
1002B		8003B	0B	ONE ROW PARTITION
1013B		999B	0B	
1004B		8005B	0B	ONE COL PARTITION
1011B		999B	0B	

1012B		1B	27B	
	12000000B		0B	FS T12/F0/M(I)
1002B		999B	0B	
	11999999B		0B	
12000000B		1B	0B	
1B		8000000B	0B	X=(K22)INV*K21
-3B		8003B	0B	FORM A COLUMN
	-12000000B		0B	
-8B		8005B	0B	
	8000000B		0B	EOF
	-8000000B		0B	INITIAL REWINDS
	4002000B		0B	
4000000B		1B	0B	READ K12
1B		11000000B	0B	STORE K12
-2B		8003B	0B	CYCLE N TIMES
	11000000B		0B	EOF
-4B		8005B	0B	CYCLE M TIMES
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	-4000000B		0B	
11000000B		1B	0B	READ K12
8000000B		2B	0B	READ K22-1*K21
1B	2B	3B	6B	MULTIPLY
3B		1B	0B	COPY
1004B		999B	0B	
11000000B		2B	0B	READ K12
8000000B		3B	0B	K22-1 * K21
2B	3B	1B	30B	MULTIPLY
-3B		8003B	0B	CYCLE N-1
1001B		999B	0B	
	4001000B		0B	
-1021B		2B	27B	
4000000B		2B	0B	READ K11
2B	1B	2B	2B	SUBTRACT
2B		2000000B	0B	
	-11001000B		0B	BS T11/F1/M0
-16B		8005B	0B	
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
	11001000B		0B	FS T11/F1/M0
-19B		8005B	0B	
	2000000B		0B	
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	-2000000B		0B	
8000000B		1B	0B	
1B		16000000B	0B	
-2B		8003B	0B	
-3B		8005B	0B	
	16000000B		0B	
	-16000000B		0B	
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
	-4000000B		0B	REW 4
8160B	1B	9B	20B	PRINT COMMENT
				EXIT
PHASE 1.2 IS COMPLETE				
8000B		100B	29B	
8100B			0B	LOAD
	-4000000B		0B	
	-2000000B		0B	
	9000B		0B	PARTITION

+

4000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAMETERS
	-4000000B		0B	REW 4
	2001000B		0B	
8075B			19B	PRINT TITLE
2000000B		1B	0B	READ K INV
1014B			27B	PREPARE NAME
1B		1B	0B	
1B			8075B	PRINT K INV
-4B			8005B	CYCLE M
-1034B			-1B	27B
-1B			8005B	0B
-1054B	-1B		1000B	27B
-8B			8005B	0B
	-2000000B			0B
8055B	1B	9B	20B	COMMENT
				EXIT

K RED -- MATRIX NUMBER = I\*1000 + J  
 PRINTING OF K RED IS COMPLETE

8000B			200B	29B	CLEAR
8200B				0B	LOAD+EXECUTE
	-4000000B			0B	REW 4
	-8000000B			0B	REW 8
	-11000000B			0B	REW 11
	-2000000B			0B	REW 2
	9000B			0B	PARTITION
4000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAMETERS
	-4000000B			0B	
	2001000B			0B	FS T2/F1/M0
1009B			999B	0B	
2000000B		1B		0B	READ K
1B	1B	2B		2B	SUBTRACT
2B	8006B	2B		17B	ADD 1.0 TO DIAOGNAL
2B		11000000B		0B	STORE IDENTITY MAT
2000000B		1B		0B	READ K
1B	1B	2B		2B	SUBTRACT
2B		11000000B		0B	
-3B			8005B	0B	CYCLE M
-8B			8005B	0B	
2000000B		1B		0B	READ K
1B	1B	2B		2B	NULL MATRIX
2B	8006B	2B		17B	ADD 1.0 TO DIA
2B		11000000B		0B	
	11000000B			0B	
	-11000000B			0B	REW 11
	-2001000B			0B	BS T2/F1/M0
2000000B		1B		0B	READ K L.HS
1B		8000000B		0B	
-2B			8005B	0B	
11000000B		1B		0B	READ R.H.S
1B		8000000B		0B	
-2B			8005B	0B	CYCLE M
-6B			8005B	0B	CYCLE M
	8000000B			0B	EOF
	11000000B			0B	REW 11
	-8000000B			0B	REW 8
	2001000B			0B	FS T2/F1/M0
8003B			2B	29B	
8003B			8005B	27B	8003=M

8003B		8004B	8005B	27B	8004=2M	
8160B	1B		9B	20B	PRINT	
					EXIT	+
		PHASE 3 -- PART 1 IS COMPLETE				
8200B				0B	LOAD+EXECUTE	
1014B			8003B		SKIP IF N NOT 1	
	9000B			0B	PARTITION	
8000000B		1B		0B	D11	
1B		1B		18B	INVERT	
1004B			999B			
8000000B		2B		0B	D10	
1B	2B	3B		6B	MULTIPLY	
3B		2000000B		0B	COPY K INV	
-3B			8004B			
	2000000B			0B	END OF FILE	
	-8000000B			0B		
	-2000000B			0B	REW 2	
1073B			999B	0B		
8200B			5B	20B		
	9000B			0B	PARTITION	
	-8000000B				INITIAL REWINDS	
	-11000000B			0B		
	-12000000B			0B		
	-11000000B					
	-12000000B					
8005B			4B	29B		
8003B		8006B	0B	27B	SAVE N FOR LOOPING	
8003B			-1B	27B	DECREMENT N	
8004B			-1B	27B	DECREMENT K	
8000000B		1B		0B	PIVOT PARTITION	VT1
1B		1B		18B	INVERT	
-1014B	-1B		1000B	27B		
8000000B		2B		0B	REST OF PIVOT ROW	VT2
1B	2B	3B	0B	6B	NEW PIVOT ROW	
-1014B			100B	27B	CHANGE NAME	
3B		11000000B		0B	ON TAPE 11	
-4B			8004B	0B	ALL OF PIVOT ROW	
	11000000B			0B		
	-11000000B			0B		
8000000B		1B		0B	PART. TO BE ZEROED	VT3
11000000B		2B		0B	PIVOT ROW	
1B	2B	3B	22B	6B	MULTIPLY	
3B		2B	23B	0B	COPY	
8000000B		3B		0B	ROW OF ZERO	VT4
3B	2B	3B	0B	2B	NEW TERM OF ROW	
-1014B			10B	27B	CHANGE NAME	
3B		12000000B		0B	TO TAPE 1 OR 3	VT5
-7B			8004B	0B	ALL TERMS OF ROW	
-10B			8003B	0B	FOR N-1 ROWS	
	-8000000B			0B		VT6
	-11000000B			0B		
11000000B		1B		0B	PIVOT ROW	
1B		12000000B		0B	TO TAPE 3 OR 1	VT7
-2B			8004B	0B		
	12000000B			0B		VT8
	-12000000B			0B		VT9
	-11000000B			0B		
1013B			8005B	0B	EVERY OTHER TIME	
-1291B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT1 TO 3	
-1271B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT2 TO 3	

-1211B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT3 TO 3
-1181B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT4 TO 3
-1163B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT5 TO 1
-1142B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT6 TO 3
-1123B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT7 TO 1
-1112B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT8 TO 1
-1112B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT9 TO 1
8005B			1B	29B	CLEAR
8005B			2B	27B	SET UP FOR NEXT
1011B			255B	0B	TO END POINT
-1411B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT1 TO 1
-1391B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT2 TO 1
-1331B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT3 TO 1
-1301B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT4 TO 1
-1283B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT5 TO 3
-1262B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT6 TO 1
-1243B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT7 TO 3
-1232B	-1B		4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT8 TO 3
-1232B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	CHANGE VT9 TO 3
8005B			1B	29B	CLEAR
-52B			8006B	0B	
1002B			8005B	0B	IF 8005=0.0UT
1011B	-1B		-4000000B	27B	
12000000B		1B		0B	READ
1B		2000000B		0B	
-2B			8004B	0B	NO OF COL PARTS
-3B			8006B	0B	NO OF ROW PARTS
	2000000B			0B	END OF FILE
	-2000000B			0B	REW 2
	-8000000B			0B	
8160B	1B		9B	20B	PRINT COMMENT

PHASE 3 IS COMPLETE

8000B			100B	29B	
8100B				0B	LOAD
	-4000000B			0B	
	-2000000B			0B	
	9000B			0B	PARTITION
4000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAMETERS
	-4000000B			0B	REW 4
	2002000B			0B	FS T7/F2/M0
8075B			9B	19B	PRINT TITLE
2000000B		1B		0B	READ K INV
1014B			1B	27B	PREPARE NAME
1B		1B	1000B	0B	
1B			8075B	20B	PRINT K INV
-4B			8005B	0B	CYCLE M
-1034B			-1B	27B	DECREMENT NAME
-1B			8005B	0B	
-1054B	-1B		1000B	27B	INCREMENT NAME
-8B			8005B	0B	CYCLE M
	-2000000B			0B	REW 7-B1
8055B	1B		9B	20B	COMMENT
					EXIT

K INV -- MATRIX NUMBER = I\*1000 + J  
 PRINTING OF K INV IS COMPLETE

8000B		200B	29B	CLEAR 200 CELLS
8200B			0B	LOAD+EXECUTE
	-1000000B		0B	REW 1
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	9000B		0B	PARTITION
1000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAMETERS
8000B		8000000B	0B	COPY PARAMETERS
	8000000B		0B	EOF
	1002000B		0B	FS/F2/M0 TO READ S2
1000000B		1B	0B	READ S2
1B		11000000B	0B	STORE S2
-2B			0B	CYCLE N TIMES
	11000000B	8003B	0B	EOF
-4B		8007B	0B	CYCLE J TIMES
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	-1002000B		0B	BS/F2/M0 TO READ S1
11000000B	1B		0B	READ S2
16000000B	2B		0B	READ K22-1*K21
1B	2B	3B	6B	MULTIPLY
3B		1B	0B	COPY
1004B		999B	0B	
11000000B		2B	0B	READ S2
16000000B		3B	0B	READ K22-1*K21
2B	3B	1B	30B	MULTIPLY
-3B		8003B	0B	CYCLE N-1 TIMES
1000000B		2B	0B	READ S1
2B	1B	2B	2B	SUBTRACT
2B		8000000B	0B	STORE SR
	-11001000B		0B	BS/F1/M0
-13B		8005B	0B	CYCLE M TIMES
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16
	11001000B		0B	FS/F1/M0
-16B		8007B	0B	CYCLE J TIMES
	8000000B		0B	EOF
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
	-1000000B		0B	REW 1
8160B	1B	9B	20B	PRINT COMMENT
				EXIT

PHASE P IS COMPLETE

+

8000B		100B	29B	
8100B			0B	LOAD
	-8000000B		0B	
	9000B		0B	PARTITION
8000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAMETERS
	8001000B		0B	
8075B		9B	19B	PRINT TITLE
8000000B		1B	0B	READ S REDUCED
1014B		1B	27B	PREPARE NAME
1B		1000B	0B	
1B		8075B	20B	PRINT S REDUCED/
-4B		8005B	0B	CYCLE M
-1034B		-1B	27B	DECREMENT NAME
-1B		8005B	0B	
-1054B	-1B	1000B	27B	INCREMENT NAME
-8B		8007B	0B	CYCLE J

8055B	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
	1B	9B	20B	COMMENT
				EXIT

S RED -- MATRIX NUMBER = I\*1000 + J  
 PRINTING OF S RED IS COMPLETE

8000B		200B	29B	CLEAR 200 CELLS
8200B			0B	LOAD+EXECUTE
	-3000000B		0B	REW 3
	-12000000B		0B	REW 12
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	9000B		0B	PARTITION
3000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAMETERS
8000B		12000000B	0B	COPY PARAMETERS
	12000000B		0B	EOF
	3002000B		0B	FS/F2/MO TO READ S2
3000000B		1B	0B	READ S2
1B		11000000B	0B	STORE S2
-2B			0B	CYCLE N TIMES
	11000000B	8003B	0B	EOF
-4B		8007B	0B	CYCLE J TIMES
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	-3002000B		0B	BS/F2/MO TO READ S1
11000000B		1B	0B	READ S2
16000000B		2B	0B	READ K22-1*K21
1B	2B	3B	6B	MULTIPLY
3B		1B	0B	COPY
1004B			0B	
11000000B		2B	0B	READ S2
16000000B		3B	0B	READ K22-1*K21
2B	3B	1B	30B	MULTIPLY
-3B			0B	CYCLE N-1 TIMES
3000000B		2B	0B	READ S1
2B	1B	2B	2B	SUBTRACT
2B		12000000B	0B	STORE SR
	-11001000B		0B	BS/F1/MO
-13B		8005B	0B	CYCLE M TIMES
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16
	11001000B		0B	FS/F1/MO
-16B		8007B	0B	CYCLE J TIMES
	12000000B		0B	EOF
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11
	-12000000B		0B	REW 12
	-3000000B		0B	REW 3
8160B	1B	9B	20B	PRINT COMMENT
				EXIT

PHASE B IS COMPLETE

8000B		100B	29B	
8100B			0B	LOAD
	-12000000B		0B	
	9000B		0B	PARTITION
12000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAMETERS
8075B		9B	19B	PRINT TITLE
12000000B		1B	0B	READ S REDUCED
1014B		1B	27B	PREPARE NAME
1B	1B	1000B	0B	

1B		8075B	20B	PRINT S REDUCED
-4B		8005B	0B	CYCLE M
-1034B		-1B	27B	DECREMENT NAME
-1B		8005B	0B	
-1054B	-1B	1000B	27B	INCREMENT NAME
-8B		8007B	0B	CYCLE J
	-12000000B		0B	REW 12
8055B	1B	9B	20B	COMMENT
				EXIT

+

S RED -- MATRIX NUMBER = I\*1000 + J  
 PRINTING OF S RED IS COMPLETE

\$EOF

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        IF( IRROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
        CALL PRINTA
C
        IF ( FLG3 .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 110
        IF ( FLG2 .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 110
C*SUBROUTINE SRESP1 IS CALLED
        CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,IRROR )
        IF( IRROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
        WRITE(6,9020)
        CALL PRINTB
110    IF ( FLG2 .NE. 1 ) GO TO 1000
        NFILE = 0
        CALL FSF(NFILE,ITAPE,LERR)
C
C
C
C***          FORM THE INTEGRATION CONSTANTS FOR THE
C              TRAPEZOIDAL METHOD ROUTINE
C
        CALL CONS
C
C***          FORM THE JOINT DEFLECTION BY INTEGRATING
C              OVER NF FREQUENCIES-COMPLEX MATRIX
C              TRAPEZOIDAL INTEGRATION ROUTINE.
C
C*SUBROUTINE TRAPM IS CALLED
        CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,IRROR )
        IF( IRROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
        CALL PRINTC
        IF ( FLG3 .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 1000
C
C***          TEST TO SEE IF THE JOINT STRESS CPSD IS
C              CALCULATED
C*SUBROUTINE SJNT1 IS CALLED
        CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,IRROR )
C
        IF( IRROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
        WRITE(6,9010)
        NL = 2
        NFF = 1
        CALL PRINTD(NL,NTAP3,NFF)
C***          TEST TO SEE IF THE DEFLECTION SECOND
C              MOMENT IS DESIRED.
C
        IF ( FLG4 .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 1000
        CALL DSECM1
C*SUBROUTINE SSECM IS CALLED
        CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,IRROR )
        WRITE(6,9011)
        NL = 2
        NFF = 1
C
C***THE STRESS SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRICES ARE PRINTED IN PRINTD
        CALL PRINTD(NL,NTAP3,NFF)
        GO TO 1000
C
C
C
C
C              *
C              *
C              *

```





```

C***          SUM OPTION 2 EFFECT TO OPTION 3
      NO = 2
      NCN = 1
      CALL SUM2(NTAP3,NTAP2,NO,NCN)
C***          TEST TO SEE IF THE SECOND MOMENT SCALARS
C          IN THE FATIGUE LIFE CALC ARE TO BE
C          COMPUTED.
      IF ( FLG3 .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 1000
C*SUBROUTINE SJNT2 IS CALLED
      CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,ERROR )
      IF ( ERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
      WRITE(6,9015)
      NL = 2
      NFF = 1
      CALL PRINTD(NL,NTAP15,NFF)
      IF ( FLG4 .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 1000
      CALL SECM3
      CALL TLO1(ITAPE,IRELOC,ERROR)
      IF ( ERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
      NRI = 1
      NO = 1
      MF = M
      CALL ADDMAT(NTAP8,NTAP3,NO)
C
C***          FORM THE SEC MOM ADM INT SCALARS
      CALL SECM2
C***          CALCULATE THE EXCITATIONS
      CALL CQJD
C***          FORM THE DEFLECTION SECOND MOMENTS
C*SUBROUTINE DSECM2 IS CALLED
      CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,ERROR )
      IF( ERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
      NRI = 2
      NO = 1
      MF = M-1
      CALL ADDMAT(NTAP8,NTAP2,NO)
      NO = 1
      CALL SUMT(NO,NTAP2)
      NO = 2
      NCN = 2
      CALL SUM2(NTAP3,NTAP2,NO,NCN)
C
C*SUBROUTINE SECM2 IS CALLED
      CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,ERROR )
      IF ( ERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
      WRITE(6,9016)
      NL = 2
      NFF = 1
      CALL PRINTD(NL,NTAP15,NFF)
      GO TO 1000
400  CONTINUE
C          *** OPTION 2=CPSD ***
C***          CALC THE CO- AND QUAD-(PSD OPTION 2)
      CALL RANLGD
      CALL ADMIT3
      CALL TLO1(ITAPE,IRELOC,ERROR)
      IF ( ERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
      NRI = 1
      MF = M
      CALL ADDMAT(NTAP8,NTAP3,NF)

```

```

C***          FORM THE ADMITTANCE SCALARS
C***          CALL ADMIT2
C***          CALC THE EXCITATIONS FOR OPTION 2-CPSD
C***          CALL CQCPSD
C***          CALC THE DEFLECTION RESPONSE CPSD
C*SUBROUTINE DRESP2 IS CALLED
  CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IREL=C,ERROR )
  IF( ERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
C***          SUM OVER ALL CROSS-MODE EFFECTS
  NRI = 1
  NO = 2*NF
  MF = M=1
  CALL ADDMAT(NTAP8,NTAP2,NO)
  NO = NF
  CALL SUMT(NO,NTAP2)
C***          SUM THE CROSS-MODE EFFECTS TO OPTION 3
C          LIKE MODES TO GET THE TOTAL DEFLECTION
C          RESPONSE CPSD
  WRITE(6,9018)
  CALL SUM3(NTAP3,NTAP2,NTAP8)
C
C
C***          TEST TO SEE IF THE STRESSES ARE DESIRED
C***          IF ( FLG3 .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 1000
C***          CALCULATE THE STRESS RESPONSE CPSD
C*SUBROUTINE SRESP2 IS CALLED
  CALL TLO1( ITAPE,IRELOC,ERROR )
  IF( ERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
  WRITE(6,9017)
  CALL PRINTE
C
  GO TO 1000
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
  RETURN
9997 WRITE(6,9998)
  WRITE(6,9999) ERROR
1000 CONTINUE
  WRITE(6,9019)
  CALL UNLOAD(NTAP1)
  RETURN
7000 FORMAT(1H0,16HOPTION CONTROLS 7HFLAG 1=12,5X,7HFLAG 2=12,5X,
17HFLAG 3=12,5X,7HFLAG 4=12,5X,7HNPLATE=14,5X,7HNBEAMS=14///)
7001 FORMAT(10X,32HNATURAL FREQUENCIES(RADIANS/SEC),10X,18HGENERALIZED
1MASSES//)
7002 FORMAT(20X,15,5X,E14.7,10X,E14.7)
7003 FORMAT(1H0,7HLAMBDA=F12.6,5X,3HMU=F12.6,5X,2HG=F12.6,5X,2HN=15,
15X,2HK=15,5X,3HNF=15////)
7004 FORMAT(1H1,31HCROSS-PSD FREQUENCIES(RAD/SEC) ///)
7005 FORMAT(1X,15,5X,E14.7)
8888 FORMAT(6I10)
8999 FORMAT(1H1,25X,74HRANDOM VIBRATION ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR COMPLEX STR
1UCTURES ( R A N V I B ) //// )
9000 FORMAT( 3F10.0,3I10 )
9001 FORMAT(7F10.0)
9010 FORMAT(1H1,40X,26HSTRESS COVARIANCE MATRICES ////)
9011 FORMAT(1H1,40X,38HSTRESS SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRICES ////)
9012 FORMAT(1H1,40X,38HSTRESS COVARIANCE MATRICES (REAL PART) ///)
9013 FORMAT(1H1,40X,49HSTRESS SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRIX (REAL PART)
1 ////)
9014 FORMAT(1H1,40X,25HSTRESS CROSS PSD MATRICES ///)

```

```
9015 FORMAT(1H1,40X,26HSTRESS COVARIANCE MATRICES ////)
9016 FORMAT(1H1,40X,39HSTRESS SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRICES ////)
9017 FORMAT(1H1,40X,25HSTRESS CROSS-PSD MATRICES ////)
9018 FORMAT(1H1,40X,30HDEFLECTION CROSS PSD MATRICES ////)
9019 FORMAT(1H0,30X,58H R A N V I B   P R O G R A M   I S   C O M P
1L E T E D )
9020 FORMAT(1H1,40X,25HSTRESS CROSS-PSD MATRICES ////)
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP=ERROR CODE=I5)
9998 FORMAT(104H 5 INSTRUCTION FIELDS OF THE CARD THAT TL01 WAS TRYING
1TO INTERPRET AT THE TIME AN ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED )
9999 FORMAT( 5(5X,I10) )
END
```

## SUBROUTINE SCALE

```

$IBFTC SCALE* DECK
      SUBROUTINE SCALE(FREQ,NFREQ,SCAL)
C***  SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE THE ADMITTANCE INTEGRAL SCALE FACTOR
C      AND SCALE THE FREQUENCIES
C***  FREQ=THE SCALED FREQUENCIES
C***  NFREQ=NO OF FREQUENCIES
C***  SCALE=THE SCALE FACTOR
C  SCAL  SCALING FACTOR, DETERMINED BY EXAMINING THE MAGNITUDE
C        OF THE FIRST NATURAL FREQUENCY. THIS ROUTINE WILL ONLY
C        SCALE FREQUENCIES IN THE RANGE OF ( 0 TO 100,000 ). AFTER
C        THE SCALING FACTOR IS FOUND ALL FREQ. WILL BE SCALED.
C        ****(FREQUENCY RANGE)* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *SCALE FACTOR
C          0 TO 100 INCLUSIVE                               10
C          GREATER THAN 100 AND LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 1,000 100
C          GREATER THAN 1,000 AND LESS THAN OR EQ TO 10,000 1,000
C          GREATER THAN 10,000 AND LESS THAN OR EQ TO 100,000 10,000
C
C
C        AFTER THE QUOTIENT HAS BEEN FOUND THE RESULT IS DIVIDED
C        BY THE SCALE FACTOR CUBED TO OBTAIN THE CORRECT RESULTS.
C        THIS ROUTINE WILL SCALE THE FREQUENCIES. THERE WILL BE
C        AN OVERFLOW IN THE CALCULATIONS OF THE ADMITTANCE
C        INTEGRALS IF THE FREQUENCIES ARE NOT SCALED.
C
C
      DIMENSION FREQ(1)
      DO 100 I=2,5
      P=10**I
      IF(FREQ(1)-P)20,20,100
20    SCAL = P/10.
      GO TO 200
100   CONTINUE
200   DO 300 I=1,NFREQ
300   FREQ(I) = FREQ(I)/SCAL
      RETURN
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE TAPOS

```
SIBFTC TAPOS* DECK
SUBROUTINE TAPOS
COMMON /BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
INTEGER FLG1, FLG2, FLG3, FLG4

C
C
C      SUBROUTINE TO POSITION TO THE START OF THE TLO1 ROUTINES
C      ON THE MASTER TAPE UNIT 9 FOR THE JOINT DEFLECTIONS AND
C      CROSS POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY CALCULATIONS FOR OPTIONS 1, 2,
C      AND 3 .
C
C
C      FLG1 = 1   OPTION 1
C            = 2   OPTION 2
C            = 3   OPTION 3
C
C
C      FLG2 = 1   JOINT DEFLECTIONS
C            = 2   CROSS PSD
C
C
C      FLG3 = 0   NO STRESSES
C            = 1   STRESSES
C
C
C      FLG4 = 0   NO DEFLECTION SECOND MOMENTS
C            = 1   DEFLECTION SECOND MOMENTS
C
C
C      ROUTINE FSF IS USED TO DO THE FORWARD SPACING OF THE NUMBER
C      OF FILE MARKS .
C
C
C      ITAPE = 9
C      GO TO ( 100, 200, 300 ), FLG1
C
C*** O P T I O N   1
C
100 GO TO ( 10, 20 ), FLG2
10  NFILE = 5
   GO TO 500
20  NFILE = 5
   GO TO 500
C
C*** O P T I O N   2
C
200 GO TO ( 210, 220 ), FLG2
210 NFILE = 3
   GO TO 500
220 NFILE = 4
   GO TO 500
C
C
C*** O P T I O N   3
C
300 GO TO ( 310, 320 ), FLG2
```

```
310 NFILE = 1  
    GO TO 500  
320 NFILE = 2  
500 CALL FSF ( NFILE, ITAPE, LERR )  
    RETURN  
    END
```

## SUBROUTINE RANLOD

```

SIBFTC RANLO* DECK
SUBROUTINE RANLOD
C          FORCE CROSS POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY GENERATION PROGRAM
C
C          DEFINITION OF OPTION FLAGS IN COMMON BLK3
C          FLG1 = 1 SOLUTION OPTION 1
C          = 2 SOLUTION OPTION 2
C          = 3 SOLUTION OPTION 3
C          FLG2 = 1 JOINT DEFLECTIONS
C          = 2 CPSD
C          FLG3 AND FLG4 ARE NOT USED IN THIS PROGRAM
C          MISCELLANEOUS
C          NFREQ = NO. OF NATURAL FREQUENCIES
C          NRTNDS= NO. OF D.O.F. (RETAINED NODES)
C          KDIG = NO. OFF DIAGONAL TERMS DESIRED
C          NF = NO. OF SELECTED CPSD FREQUENCIES
COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
COMMON/BLK2/NFREQ,NSIZE ,G,ALAM,CM,KDIG,NF
COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
COMMON/BLK4/IT5,IT6,ITAPE,JTAPE,IFILE,IMAT,IRR,NAME,NDIM,C
COMMON/BLK5/N1,N2,CRD1,CRD2,AREA,IPT
COMMON/BLK6/PHI,CF,QF
INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100)
C
C          DIMENSION IPT(4),CRD1(100),CRD2(100),AREA(100),PHI(100)
C          DIMENSION CF(85,85),QF(85,85),C(12)
C          DIMENSION TITLE(14)
C***** TAPE AND I/O INITIALIZATION SECTION *****
C          I3FLG = 0
C          IT5 = 5
C          IT6 = 6
C          ITAPE = 17
C          JTAPE = 14
C          IFG = FLG2
C          IF ( FLG1 .EQ. 1 ) FLG2 = 2
C
C          IFILE = 0
C          IMAT = 0
C          IRR = 0
C          NAME = 0
C          NDIM = 85
C***** SPECIAL HANDLING IS REQUIRED FOR OPT. 2
C          ASK QUESTION - IS THIS OPTION 2
C          IF (FLG1.NE.2) GO TO 19
C
C          I3FLG = 2
C          FLG1 = 3
C***** OPTION 3 IS DONE FIRST, THEN OPTION 2 ,DIFFERENT TAPE
C          SETUP REQUIRED FOR J.D. AND CPSD
19 IF (FLG1-1) 40,40,20
20 IF (FLG1-2) 30,30,40
30 REWIND JTAPE
IF (FLG2-1) 40,40,50
40 REWIND ITAPE
50 IF (I3FLG-2) 55,55,53
53 IF (FLG2-2) 80,210,210

```

```

55  READ(IT5,1000) TITLE
C
C***** INPUT DATA SECTION *****
C
      READ(IT5,1001) (IPT(I),I=1,4)
      READ(IT5,1002) D,CX,CY
      READ(IT5,1001) N1,N2
      READ(IT5,1002) (CRD1(I),I=1,N1)
      READ(IT5,1002) (CRD2(I),I=1,N2)
      IT= IPT(1)
      GO TO (60,70), IT
C
C  READ AREAS
C
60  READ(IT5,1002) (AREA(I),I=1,NSIZE)
      GO TO 80
C
C  CALCULATE AREAS
C
70  CALL ARIA
C
C  COMPUTE NO. OF FREQS FOR LIMIT ON READING PHI,S
C
80  GO TO (100,90), FLG2
C
C  CPSD SOLUTION-NO. OF FREQUENCIES EQUAL  NF
C
90  ILIM = NF
      GO TO 130
C
C  JOINT DEFLECTION SOLUTION
C
100 GO TO (110,110,120),FLG1
C
110 ILIM = (NFREQ-1)*KDIG - (KDIG*(KDIG-1))/2
      GO TO 130
120 ILIM = NFREQ
C
130 READ(IT5,1002) (PHI(I),I=1,ILIM)
      IF (I3FLG = 2) 131,131,135
C
C*****M***** PRINT INPUT SECTION *****
131 WRITE(IT6,2000)
      WRITE(IT6,2001)
      WRITE(IT6,2002) TITLE
      WRITE(IT6,2003)
      WRITE(IT6,2004) (IPT(I),I=1,4)
      WRITE(IT6,2005) D,CX,CY
      WRITE(IT6,2006) N1,N2
      WRITE(IT6,2007)
      WRITE(IT6,2008) (CRD1(I),I=1,N1)
      WRITE(IT6,2009)
      WRITE(IT6,2008) (CRD2(I),I=1,N2)
      WRITE(IT6,2010)
      WRITE(IT6,2008) (AREA(I),I=1,NSIZE)
135 WRITE(IT6,2011)
      WRITE(IT6,2008) (PHI(I),I=1,ILIM)
C***** CALCULATE CT AND THETA *****
C  FOR PROGRESSIVE WAVE

```

```

C
  IF(I3FLG=2) 136,136,134
134 WRITE(IT6,2014)
    GO TO 210
136 IF (IPT(2)=1) 160,160,140
140 CALL CONST(CX,CY,CT,THETA)
    WRITE(IT6,2012)
    WRITE(IT6,2013) CT,THETA
C
  REARRANGE COORDINATES FOR SEPERATION CALCULATION IN NOISOR
C
160 DO 170 I=1,N1
    CRD1(I)=CRD1(I+1)
170 CONTINUE
    DO 180 I=1,N2
    CRD2(I)=CRD2(I+1)
180 CONTINUE
    N1 = N1 - 2
    N2 = N2 - 2
C
C
  ASSURE THE FREQUENCIES ARE STORED IN OMEGA
C
  IF(FLG2=1) 190,190,210
190 DO 200 I=1,NFREQ
    OMEGA(I)= FREQ(I)
200 CONTINUE
C
C
  SET UP TO CALL GENERATION ROUTINE - NOISOR
C
C
  IS THIS A JOINT DEFLECTION OPTION 2 SOLUTION
210 GO TO(220,240), FLG2
C
  YES - JOINT DEFLECTION
220 GO TO(240,230,250), FLG1
C
C
  YES - OPTION 2
230 ILIM = NFREQ - 1
    KLIM = 0
    GO TO 260
240 KLIM = NF
    ILIM = 1
    GO TO 260
250 ILIM = 1
    KLIM = NFREQ
C
260 WRITE (IT6,2016)
    CALL NOISOR(ILIM,KLIM,D,CT,THETA,CX,CY)
C
C*****CLOSE OFF TAPES *****
C
  GO TO (280, 270, 280),FLG1
270 END FILE JTAPE
    REWIND JTAPE
    GO TO (280,290), FLG2
280 END FILE ITAPE
    REWIND ITAPE
290 IF (I3FLG=2)320,310,320
C
C***** IF THIS IS AN OPT 2 SOLUTION, THE PROGRAM MUST BE RECYCLED
310 FLG1 = 2
    ITAPE = 2
    I3FLG = 3

```

```

GO TO 19
320 IF ( FLG1 .EQ. 1 ) FLG2 = IFG
WRITE(IT6,2015)
RETURN

C
C***** INPUT FORMATS *****
C
1000 FORMAT(14A6)
1001 FORMAT(7I10)
1002 FORMAT(7F10.0)
C***** OUTPUT FORMATS *****
C
2000 FORMAT(1H1,50X,28HRANDOM LOADING MODULE OUTPUT///)
2001 FORMAT(1H0,86HFORCE CROSS POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY FOR DECAYED PROGR
1ESSIVE WAVES FOR USE WITH PANEL - )
2002 FORMAT(1H ,14A6///)
2003 FORMAT(1H0,55X,18HI N P U T D A T A//)
2004 FORMAT(1H0,104HTHE FOLLOWING FOUR OPTIONS HAVE BEEN SELECTED (THEY
1 APPEAR IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY WERE CARD INPUT) -//1X,16HOPTIO
2N(S) (1) = ,I2, 8H (2) = ,I2,8H (3) = ,I2,8H (4) = ,I2//)
2005 FORMAT(1H0,28HPARAMETER VALUES ARE - D = ,E15.8/24X, 5HCX = ,E15.
18/24X, 5HCY = ,E15.8//)
2006 FORMAT(1H0, 66HNUMBER OF COORDINATES IN THE DIRECTION OF CYCLIC NO
1DE NUMBERING - ,I3/1X, 94HNUMBER OF COORDINATES IN THE DIRECTION -
2ERPENDICULAR.TO THE CYCLIC NODE NUMBERING DIRECTION - ,I3//)
2007 FORMAT(1H0, 60HORIGIN-TO-NODE LINE DISTANCES IN THE CYCLIC DIRECTI
1ON ARE - )
2008 FORMAT(1H0,6E16.7/(E17.7,5E16.7))
2009 FORMAT(1H0, 74HORIGIN-TO-NODE LINE DISTANCES PERPENDICULAR TO THE
1CYCLIC DIRECTION ARE - )
2010 FORMAT(1H0,42HAREA ASSOCIATED WITH EACH RETAINED NODE - )
2011 FORMAT(1H0,40HPRESSURE POWER SPECTRAL DENSITIES ARE - )
2012 FORMAT(//1H0,28H*****COMPUTED CONSTANTS*****)
2013 FORMAT(1H0,38HTRACE VELOCITY OF PRESSURE WAVE, CT = ,E15.8/1X,66HA
1NGLE BETWEEN TRACE WAVE PROPAGATION DIRECTION AND X-AXIS, THETA =
2,E15.8)
2014 FORMAT(//1H0,102H***** THIS IS AN OPTION 2 SOLUTION - RESULTS OF
1OPTION 3 APPEAR ABOVE FOLLOWED BY OPTION 2 BELOW ***** )
2015 FORMAT(1H0, 29H***** GENERATION COMPLETE *****)
2016 FORMAT(1H0,75HTHE FOLLOWING FORCE CROSS POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY MAT
1RICES WERE GENERATED - )
END

```

## SUBROUTINE ARIA

```
sIBFTC ARIA** DECK
SUBROUTINE ARIA
C      THIS ROUTINE CALCULATES THE NODAL AREAS FOR THE RETAINED
C      NODES IN A RECTANGULAR PANEL CONFIGURATION. THE GRID CAN
C      HAVE UNEQUALLY SPACED COORDINATES IN EITHER OR BOTH THE
C      X AND Y DIRECTION. THE COORDINATE ORIGIN CAN BE (0,0) OR
C      (X0,Y0).
C
C      DESCRIPTION OF CALLING SEQUENCE
C      1.  X-ARRAY  THE SET OF X-COORDINATES FOR THE RETAINED
C            CRD1   NODES, WHERE X(1) AND X(LAST) ARE THE
C                   BOUNDARY VALUES -INPUT
C      2.  Y-ARRAY  THE SET OF Y-COORDINATES CORRESPONDING -INPUT
C            CRD2   WITH X - INPUT
C      3.  NX=N1    THE NUMBER OF RETAINED NODES IN THE X-DIRECTION
C      4.  NY=N2    THE NUMBER OF RETAINED NODES IN THE Y-DIRECTION
C      5.  AREA     THE SET OF AREAS FOR RETAINED NODES - OUTPUT
C
C      L IS A COUNTER  L=1,NO. OF RETAINED NODES = NX*NY
COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
COMMON/BLK2/NFREQ,NSIZE ,G,ALAM,CM,KDIG,NF
COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
COMMON/BLK4/IT5,IT6,ITAPE,JTAPE,IFILE,IMAT,IRR,NAME,NDIM,C
COMMON/BLK5/N1,N2,CRD1,CRD2,AREA,IPT
COMMON/BLK6/PHI,CF,QF
INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100)
C
C      DIMENSION IPT(4),CRD1(100),CRD2(100),AREA(100),PHI(100)
C      DIMENSION CF(85,85),QF(85,85),C(12)
C      L = 0
C      M = N1 - 1
C      N = N2 - 1
C
C      DO 100 I=2,N
C
C      DELY = (CRD2(I+1)- CRD2(I-1))/4.0
C      DO 100 J= 2,M
C
C      L = L + 1
C
C      AREA(L) =(CRD1(J+1)- CRD1(J-1))*DELY
100 CONTINUE
RETURN
E=D
```

## SUBROUTINE CONST

```
SIBFTC CONST* DECK
SUBROUTINE CONST(CX,CY,CT,THETA)
C   THIS ROUTINE CALCULATES THE TRACE VELOCITY (CT) AND
C   THETA - THE ANGLE BETWEEN DIRECTION OF SOUND PROPAGATION
C   AND X AND Y AXIS OF PANEL IN THE CASE OF A PROGRESSIVE
C   WAVE.CX IS THE PHASE VELOCITY ALONG PANEL IN X-DIRECTION
C   CY IN Y-DIRECTION.
C   CALCULATE CT.
C
C   IF (CX) 20,10,20
C
10  CT = CY
    THETA = 1.57079
    GO TO 100
20  IF (CY) 40,30,40
C
30  CT = CX
    THETA = 0.0
    GO TO 100
40  THETA = ASIN( 1.0/(SQRT(1.0 + (CY/CX)**2)))
    IF (THETA - 0.2) 50,50,60
C
50  CT = CX*COS(THETA)
    GO TO 100
C
60  CT = CY*SIN(THETA)
100 RETURN
    END
```

## SUBROUTINE NOISOR

```

$IBFTC NOISO* DECK
      SUBROUTINE NOISOR(ILIM,KLIM,D,CT,THETA,CX,CY)
C      SUBROUTINE NOISOR SIMULATES TWO DIFFERENT NOISE SOURCE
C      CONDITIONS. (1) NORMAL INCIDENCE WAVES - OCCURS WHEN THE
C      TRAIN OF WAVE FRONTS ARE PARLLEL TO THE PANEL.
C      (2) PROGRESSIVE WAVE - OCCURS WHEN THE TRAIN
C      OF INCIDENT PLANE WAVE FRONTS ARE NOT PARALLEL TO THE
C      PANEL FACE.
      COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
      COMMON/BLK2/NFREQ,NSIZE ,G,ALAM,CM,KDIG,NF
      COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      COMMON/BLK4/IT5,IT6,ITAPE,JTAPE,IFILE,IMAT,IRR,NAME,NDIM,C
      COMMON/BLK5/N1,N2,CRD1,CRD2,AREA,IPT
      COMMON/BLK6/PHI,CF,QF
      INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100)

C      DIMENSION IPT(4),CRD1(100),CRD2(100),AREA(100),PHI(100)
      DIMENSION CF(85,85),QF(85,85),C(12)
      CSTHET = COS(THETA)
      SNTHET = SIN(THETA)
      IF (CX) 1,2,2
1      CSTHET = -COS(THETA)
2      IF (CY) 3,4,4
3      SNTHET = -SIN(THETA)
4      IF (IPT(4)-1) 5,5,6
5      DUM = SNTHET
      SNTHET = CSTHET
      CSTHET = DUM
6      NPHI = 0
      DO 600 L=1,ILIM
      IF (ILIM-1) 20,20,10
C      IF ILIM = 1, THEN THIS IS NOT JOINT DEFLECTION OPT 2 .
C
C      JOINT DEFL. OPT. 2
10     LL = L + 1
      KLIM = L + KDIG
      IF(KLIM.GT.NFREQ) KLIM=NFREQ
      GO TO 30
C     OUTER LOOP = 1
20     LL = 1
30     DO 500 K = LL,KLIM
      NPHI = NPHI + 1
      OMEGL = OMEGA(L)
      IF (ILIM-1) 50,50,40
40     OMCT = (OMEGL + OMEGA(K))/2.0
      GO TO 60
50     OMCT = OMEGA(K)
60     PHIO = PHI(NPHI)
      OMG = OMCT
      OMCT = OMCT/CT
C     BEGIN ELEMENT BY ELEMENT MATRIX GENERATION - FORMED IN THE
C     UPPER TRIANGULAR AND TLACE IN THE LOWER
      DO 400 += 1,NSIZE
      ARI = AREA(I)
      DO 300 J=I,NSIZE
      AR = ARI*AREA(J)

```

```

C*****M*****SEPARATION CALCULATION*****
      N1J = MOD(J,N1)
      N1I = MOD(I,N1)
      IF (N1J) 80,70,80
70    N2J = J/N1
      N1J = N1
      GO TO 90
80    N2J = J/N1 + 1
90    IF (N1I) 110,100,110
100   N2I = I/N1
      N1I = N1
      GO TO 120
110   N2I = I/N1 + 1
120   SEP2 = CRD2(N2J) - CRD2(N2I)
      SEP1 = CRD1(N1J) - CRD1(N1I)
C*****
C     CHECK IF A DIAGONAL ELEMENT
      IF (I - J) 150,130,150
C
130   CF(I,J) = AR*PHIO
C     CHECK IF QF(I,J) IS NEEDED
      IF (FLG1-3) 140,300,140
140   QF(I,J) = 0.0
      GO TO 300
150   EXYSQ = SQRT(SEP1**2 + SEP2**2)
      EXPON = EXP(-D*EXYSQ)
C     CHECK IF NORMAL INCIDENCE OR PROGRESSIVE WAVE
160   IF (IPT(2)-1) 180,170,180
C     NORMAL INCIDENCE
170   CP2 = 1.0
      GO TO 190
C     PROGRESSIVE WAVE
180   P2 = OMCT*(SEP1*CSTHET + SEP2*SNTHET)
      CP2 = COS(P2)
190   CF(I,J) = AR*PHIO*EXPON*CP2
      CF(J,I) = CF(I,J)
C     CHECK IF QF(I,J) IS NEEDED
      IF (FLG1 = 3) 200,300,200
C     CHECK IF NORMAL INCIDENCE OR PROGRESSIVE WAVE
200   IF (IPT(2)-1) 220,210,220
C     NORMAL INCIDENCE
210   QF(I,J) = 0.0
      QF(J,I) = QF(I,J)
      GO TO 300
C     PROGRESSIVE WAVE
220   QP2 = SIN(P2)
      QF(I,J) = AR*PHIO*EXPON*QP2
      QF(J,I) = -QF(I,J)
C
300   CONTINUE
400   CONTINUE
      CALL OUTPUT(NPHI,OMG)
500   CONTINUE
600   CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE OUTPT

```

SIBFTC OUTPUT DECK
  SUBROUTINE OUTPT(NPHI,OMG)
C     THIS SUBROUTINE HANDLES THE OUTPUT FOR EACH FREQUENCY,
C     BOTH THE PRINTED OUTPUT AND THE BINARY TAPES.
C     NPHI IS THE CURRENT FREQUENCY NUMBER
COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
COMMON/BLK2/NFREQ,NSIZE ,G,ALAM,CM,KDIG,NF
COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
COMMON/BLK4/IT5,IT6,ITAPE,JTAPE,IFILE,IMAT,IRR,NAME,NDIM,C
COMMON/BLK5/N1,N2,CRD1,CRD2,AREA,IPT
COMMON/BLK6/PHI,CF,QF
INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100)

C
  DIMENSION IPT(4),CRD1(100),CRD2(100),AREA(100),PHI(100)
  DIMENSION CF(85,85),QF(85,85),C(12)
C*****PRINT SECTION*****
C
  IF (IPT(3)=NPHI) 200,10,10
C
  10 WRITE(IT6,2000) NPHI, OMG
C
  PRINT CF(OMEGA(NPHI))
C
  DO 20 IROW=1,NSIZE
  WRITE(IT6,2001) IROW,(CF(IROW,J),J=1,NSIZE)
  20 CONTINUE
C
  TEST IF QF(OMEGA) IS NEEDED-IE YES IF EITHER OPTION 1 OR 2
  IF(FLG1-2) 30,30,200
C
  30 WRITE(IT6,2002) NPHI, OMG
C
  PRINT QF(OMEGA(NPHI))
C
  DO 40 IROW =1,NSIZE
  WRITE(IT6,2001) IROW,(QF(IROW,J),J=1,NSIZE)
  40 CONTINUE
C*****TAPE GENERATION SECTION*****
C
  FIRST DETERMINE WHETHER JOINT DEFLECTIONS OR CPSD
C
  200 IF(FLG2-1) 210,210,300
C
C***** JOINT DEFLECTIONS
C
  TEST FOR OPTION 2 OR 3
C
  210 IF (FLG1-2) 220,220,250
C
C***** OPTION 2
C
  220 IFILE = 0
  IMAT = 0
  CALL WRTEP(CF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,ITAPE,IRR)
  CALL WRTEP(QF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,JTAPE,IRR)
  GO TO 500

```

```

C***** OPTION 3
250 CALL WRTEP(CF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,ITAPE,IRR)
GO TO 500
C
C***** CPSD
C
C TEST FOR OPTION 1,2,OR 3
C
300 GO TO (310,330,350), FLG1
C
C***** OPTION 1
C
310 END FILE ITAPE
CALL WRTEP(QF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,ITAPE,IRR)
CALL WRTEP(CF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,ITAPE,IRR)
GO TO 500
C
C***** OPTION 2
C
330 END FILE JTAPE
CALL WRTEP(CF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,JTAPE,IRR)
CALL WRTEP(QF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,JTAPE,IRR)
GO TO 500
C
C***** OPTION 3
C
350 END FILE ITAPE
CALL WRTEP(CF,NDIM,NAME,NSIZE,NSIZE,C,IFILE,IMAT,ITAPE,IRR)
C
C TAPE WRITING COMPLETE - TAPE CLOSEOFF DONE IN MAIN PROGRAM
C
C TEST IF ERROR FLAG IRR HAS BEEN SET
C
500 IF (IRR) 510,520,510
510 WRITE(IT6,2003) IRR, FLG1,FLG2,NPHI
CALL EXIT
520 RETURN
C
C***** F O R M A T S *****
C
2000 FORMAT(1H1,2X,14HFREQUENCY NO. ,I3,3X,14HCF(I,J) MATRIX,3X,
1 8HOMEGA = ,E15.8//)
2001 FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P6E16.7/(E22.7,5E16.7))
2002 FORMAT(1H1,2X,14HFREQUENCY NO. ,I3,3X,14HQF(I,J) MATRIX,3X,
1 8HOMEGA = ,E15.8//)
2003 FORMAT(1H0,2X,33HERROR RETURN FROM WRTEP , IRR = ,I3,2X,
1 7HFLG1 = ,I3,2X, 7HFLG2 = ,I3,2X, 7HNPHI = ,I3)
END

```



```

150 CONTINUE
C
  CALL WRTEP( AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR )
  IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
C
200 CONTINUE
C
C
C***READ IN THE DAMPING MATRIX C(NXN)
  READ(5,9002) ((C(I,J),J=1,N),I=1,N)
  WRITE(6,9003)
  DO 250 I = 1,N
    WRITE(6,9004) I,( C(I,J),J=1,N )
250 CONTINUE
C
C***FORM THE IMAGINARY PART OF THE IMPEDANCE MATRIX
      OMEGA*C(I,J)
C
  NAME = 0
  NMAT = 0
  NFILE = 0
C***
C  START LOOP
C
  DO 400 II = 1,NF
C
C
  DO 300 I = 1,N
    DO 300 J = 1,N
300 AMAT(I,J) = OMEGA(II)*C(I,J)
C
  CALL WRTEP( AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP15,IRR)
  CALL WRTEP( AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP15,IRR)
  IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
C
400 CONTINUE
C
C
C
  END FILE NTAP15
  END FILE NTAP16
  REWIND NTAP15
  REWIND NTAP16
  IF ( N .LE. 50 ) GO TO 500
  IPARAM(1) = 4
  GO TO 510
500 IPARAM(1) = N
510 IPARAM(2) = N*N + 3
  IPARAM(3) = NF
  IPARAM(4) = M
  IPARAM(5) = NPLATE + 2*NBEAMS
  NAME = 0
  NMAT = 0
  NFILE = 0
  CALL WRTEP( IPARAM,1,NAME,1,5,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP14,IRR )
  IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
  END FILE NTAP14
  RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
  CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR

```

```
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9002 FORMAT(7F10.0)
9003 FORMAT(1H1,40X,14HDAMPING MATRIX //// )
9004 FORMAT(1H0,15,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=15)
END
```

## SUBROUTINE PRINTA

SIBFTC PRNTA\* DECK  
SUBROUTINE PRINTA

C  
C  
C  
C  
C  
C  
C

THE DEFLECTION CROSS-PSD MATRICES FOR OPTION 1  
ARE PRINTED.

COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA  
COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS  
DIMENSION A(90,90),FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100),B(16)  
NTAPE = 15  
ITAPE = 16  
REWIND NTAPE  
REWIND ITAPE  
NAME = 0  
NMAT = 0  
NFILE = 0  
WRITE(6,9000)

C  
C  
C

C\*\*\*CYCLE ON NUMBER OF FREQUENCIES

DO 1000 II = 1,NF  
WRITE(6,9005)  
WRITE(6,9001) OMEGA(II)  
CALL READTP(A,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)  
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985

C

DO 100 I = 1,N  
WRITE(6,9002)I,(A(I,J),J=1,N)  
100 CONTINUE  
WRITE(6,9005)  
WRITE(6,9003) OMEGA(II)  
CALL READTP(A,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITAPE,IRR)  
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985

C

DO 200 I = 1,N  
WRITE(6,9002)I,(A(I,J),J=1,N)  
200 CONTINUE  
1000 CONTINUE

C  
C

REWIND NTAPE  
REWIND ITAPE  
RETURN  
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR  
CALL EXIT  
RETURN  
9000 FORMAT(1H1,50X,29HDEFLECTION CROSS PSD MATRICES ////)  
9001 FORMAT(1H0,10X,26HDEFLECTION CO-POWER, FREQ=E14.7,12H (RAD/SEC) /  
1// )  
9002 FORMAT(1H0,15,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )  
9003 FORMAT(1H0,10X,28HDEFLECTION QUAD-POWER, FREQ=E14.7,12H (RAD/SEC)  
1 /// )  
9005 FORMAT(1H0)

```
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)  
END
```

## SUBROUTINE PRINTB

```
$IBFTC PRNTB* DECK
      SUBROUTINE PRINTB
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C***
```

```
      THE STRESS CROSS-PSD MATRICES ARE PRINTED FOR
      PLATES AND BEAMS FOR OPTION 1.
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
      COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
      COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
      COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100),S(8,8),B(16),SB(6,6)
      NTAPE = 3
      REWIND NTAPE
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
```

```
C
```

```
C***IF NPLATE EQUALS 0 - SKIP PLATE PRINTOUT
      IF( NPLATE .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 200
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
      DO 100 II = 1,NPLATE
      WRITE(6,9000) II
```

```
C
```

```
      DO 50 IJ = 1,NF
      WRITE(6,9001) OMEGA(IJ)
      WRITE(6,9002)
      CALL READTP(S,8,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
```

```
C
```

```
      DO 10 I = 1,8
      WRITE(6,9003)I,(S(I,J),J=1,8)
10    CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
      WRITE(6,9004)
      CALL READTP(S,8,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      DO 20 I = 1,8
      WRITE(6,9003)I,(S(I,J),J=1,8)
20    CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
50    CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
100   CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C***IF NBEAMS EQUALS 0 - SKIP BEAM PRINTOUT
200   IF(NBEAMS .EQ. 0 ) RETURN
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```

DO 1000 II = 1,NBEAMS
WRITE(6,9005) II
C
DO 150 IJ = 1,NF
WRITE(6,9001) OMEGA(IJ)
DO 140 I1 = 1,2
CALL READTP(SB,6,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
WRITE(6,9010) I1
WRITE(6,9002)
C
DO 80 I = 1,6
WRITE(6,9011) I,(SB(I,J),J=1,6)
80 CONTINUE
C
CALL READTP(SB,6,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
WRITE(6,9004)
C
DO 90 I=1,6
WRITE(6,9012) I,(SB(I,J),J=1,6)
90 CONTINUE
C
140 CONTINUE
C
150 CONTINUE
C
C
C
1000 CONTINUE
C
C
C
REWIND NTAPE
RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H0,6HPLATE I3 )
9001 FORMAT(5X,10HFREQUENCY=E14.7)
9002 FORMAT(1H0,15X,9HREAL PART///)
9003 FORMAT(1H0,14X,I5,8E14.5/(20X,8E14.5) )
9004 FORMAT(1H0,15X,9HIMAG PART///)
9005 FORMAT(1H0,6H BEAM I3//)
9010 FORMAT(10X,4HEND I3///)
9011 FORMAT(1H0,20X,I5,6E14.5/(26X,6E14.5) )
9012 FORMAT(1H0,20X,I5,6E14.5/(26X,6E14.5) )
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE CONS

```
SIBFTC CONS*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE CONS
C
C
C***           ROUTINE TO CALCULATE THE CONSTANTS USED IN THE
C               TRAPEZOIDAL INTEGRATION FORMULA.
C
C
C
COMMON /BLK1/  FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
COMMON /BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100),X(100),H(100),C(100)
1   ,B(16)
EQUIVALENCE ( OMEGA,X )
C THE CONSTANTS ARE C0, C1,AND C2 CALCULATED OVER THE TOTAL INTERVAL.
  NTAPE = 4
  REWIND NTAPE
  N2 = NF - 2
  NN = NF - 1
C
  DO 10 I=1,NN
10  H(I) = X(I+1)-X(I)
C
  C(1) = H(1)/2.0
  C(NF) = H(NN)/2.0
C
  DO 150 I = 2,NN
  C(I)=(H(I-1)+H(I))/2.0
150 CONTINUE
C
  NAME = 0
  NMAT = 0
  NFILE = 0
  CALL WRTETP(C,1,NAME,NF,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
  IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
  END FILE NTAPE
  RETURN
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR
  CALL EXIT
  RETURN
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=15)
  END
```

## SUBROUTINE PRINTC

```
$IBFTC PRNTC* DECK
SUBROUTINE PRINTC
```

```
C
C
C***          THE DEFLECTION CO-VARIANCE MATRICES ARE PRINTED FOR
C              OPTION 1.
C
C
C
COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
DIMENSION A(90,90),B(16)
NTAPE = 12
REWIND NTAPE
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
WRITE(6,9000)
WRITE(6,9001)
CALL READTP(A,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
C
DO 100 I = 1,N
WRITE(6,9002) I,(A(I,J),J=1,N )
100 CONTINUE
C
WRITE(6,9005)
WRITE(6,9003)
CALL READTP(A,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
C
DO 200 I = 1,N
WRITE(6,9002)9,(A(I,J),J=1,N)
200 CONTINUE
C
REWIND NTAPE
RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H1,30X,30HDEFLECTION CO-VARIANCE MATRIX ///)
9001 FORMAT(1H0,10X,9HREAL PART ///)
9002 FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )
9003 FORMAT(1H0,10X,14HIMAGINARY PART ///)
9005 FORMAT(1H0)
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)
END
```

## SUBROUTINE PRINTD

```

$IBFTC PRNTD* DECK
      SUBROUTINE PRINTD(IR,NTAPE,NFF)
C
C
C***          THE STRESS MATRICES ARE PRINTED FOR
C              OPTIONS  1, 2 AND 3
C
C
C
      COMMON /BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
      COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
      COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      DIMENSION S(8,8),B(16),SB(6,6)
      DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100)
      INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      REWIND NTAPE
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
C
C
C
      DO 800 III = 1,IR
      IF ( III .EQ. 2 ) GO TO 80
      WRITE(6,9001)
      GO TO 90
80    WRITE(6,9010)
90    IF ( NPLATE .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 200
C
      DO 500 INF = 1,NFF
      IF ( NFF .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 99
      WRITE(6,9020) OMEGA(INF)
99    CONTINUE
C
C
      DO 100 II = 1,NPLATE
      CALL READTP(S,8,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      WRITE(6,9002)II
      DO 110 I = 1,8
      WRITE(6,9003)I,(S(I,J),J=1,8)
110   CONTINUE
100   CONTINUE
200   IF ( NBEAMS .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 500
C
      DO 400 II = 1,NBEAMS
      WRITE(6,9004) II
      DO 380 IJ = 1,2
      WRITE(6,9005)IJ
      CALL READTP(SB,6,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      DO 360 I = 1,6
      WRITE(6,9006)I,(SB(I,J),J=1,6 )
C
360   CONTINUE
C
380   CONTINUE

```

```

C
400 CONTINUE
C
500 CONTINUE
C
C
C
800 CONTINUE
C
C
C
      REWIND NTAPE
      RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
      CALL EXIT
      RETURN
9001 FORMAT(1H0,10X,9HREAL PART ///)
9002 FORMAT(1H0,6HPLATE I3)
9003 FORMAT(1H0,5X,I5,8E14.5/(11X,8E14.5) )
9004 FORMAT(1H0,6H BEAM I3 )
9005 FORMAT(11X,4HEND I3 )
9006 FORMAT(20X,I5,6E14.5/(25X,6E14.5) )
9010 FORMAT(1H0,10X,14HIMAGINARY PART ///)
9020 FORMAT(1H0,27HSTRESS CO-POWER, FREQUENCY=E14.7,9H(RAD/SEC) )
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE DSECM1

```

SIBFTC DSEC1* DECK
      SUBROUTINE DSECM1
C
C
C***      THE DEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENTS ARE
C          CALCULATED FOR OPTION 1.
C          THE JOINT DEFLECTION MATRICES FORMED IN SUBROUTINE
C          DJNT1 ARE MULTIPLIED BY ITS APPROPRIATE FREQ**2
C          AND CONSTANTS AND SUMMED TOGETHER TO FORM THE
C          DEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENTS MAYRIES
C          DEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRICES
C          ( REAL PART AND IMAGINARY PART ).
C
C
C
      COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
      COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
      DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100),AMAT(90,90),SMAT(90,90)
1      ,B(16)
      DIMENSION C(100)
      NTAP12 = 12
      NTAP4 = 4
      NTAP15 = 15
      NTAP16 = 16
      REWIND NTAP12
      REWIND NTAP4
      REWIND NTAP15
      REWIND NTAP16
C
C***PRINT TITLE HEADINGS
      WRITE(6,9000)
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL READTP(C,1,NAME,NF,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP4 ,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
C
      DO 5 I = 1,N
      DO 5 J = 1,N
5      SMAT(I,J) = 0.
C
      NTAPE = NTAP15
C
C***LOOP ON REAL AND IMAGINARY
      DO 50 III = 1,2
      IF ( III .EQ. 2 ) NTAPE = NTAP16
      DO 40 II = 1,NF
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      DO 20 I = 1,N
      DO 20 J = 1,N
20      SMAT(I,J) = SMAT(I,J) + AMAT(I,J)*OMEGA(II)**2*C(II)
40      CONTINUE
      NAME = 0

```

```

      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL WRTEP(SMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP12,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      IF ( III .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 45
      WRITE(6,9005)
      WRITE(6,9001)
      DO 42 I = 1,N
      WRITE(6,9002)I,(SMAT(I,J),J=1,N)
42    CONTINUE
      GO TO 50
45    WRITE(6,9003)
      DO 48 I = 1,N
      WRITE(6,9002)I,(SMAT(I,J),J=1,N)
48    CONTINUE
50    CONTINUE
C
C
      END FILE NTAP12
      REWIND NTAP12
      RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
      CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR
      CALL EXIT
      RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H1,30X,41HDEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRIX  ////)
9001 FORMAT(1H0,10X,14HIMAGINARY PART  ///)
9002 FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )
9003 FORMAT(1H0,10X,9HREAL PART  ///)
9005 FORMAT(1H0)
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTEP-ERROR CODE=I5)
      END

```



```

WRITE(6,9001) ( I,DIAG(I),I=1,M )
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
CALL WRTETP(DIAG,1,NAME,1,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
NAME = 0
NMAT = 1
NFILE = 2
C
C***
C                                     THE MODE SHAPES ARE READ IN.
C
CALL READTP(PHI,100,NAME,N,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
NAME = 0
NFILE = 0
NMAT = 0
C
DO 50 J=1,M
DO 40 I=1,N
40 PHIM(I) = PHI(I,J)
CALL WRTETP(PHIM,1,NAME,N,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
50 CONTINUE
C
END FILE NTAP1
REWIND NTAP1
REWIND NTAP1
RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H1,40X,20HADMITTANCE INTEGRALS //// )
9001 FORMAT(10X,I5,5X,E14.7 )
9002 FORMAT(1H1,40X,38HADMITTANCE INTEGRALS (NO CROSS TERMS) /// )
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=15)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE ADDMAT

```

$IBFTC ADDMA* DECK
      SUBROUTINE ADDMAT( INTAPE, OUTAPE, NO )
C
C          * * *
C          *           M A T R I X           *
C          * A D D I T I O N   R O U T I N E *
C          * * *
C
C          (MATRIX SIZE IS NXN)
C
C*** INTAPE -          THERE ARE M NO. OF MATRICES STORED ON THIS TAPE.
C*** OUTAPE -         THE SUM OF M MATRICES ARE STORED ON THIS TAPE.
C
      COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
      COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
      COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4,MF,NRI
      DIMENSION SUM(90,90),AMAT(90,90),B(16),IPARAM(2)
      DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100)
      INTEGER OUTAPE
      INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      REWIND INTAPE
      REWIND OUTAPE
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
C
C***FORM PARAMETER MATRIX IPARAM
      IPARAM(1) = NPLATE + 2*NBEAMS
      IPARAM(2) = NO
      CALL WRTEP(IPARAM,1,NAME,1,2,B,NFILE,NMAT,OUTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      IF ( FLG1 .EQ. 3 ) GO TO 5
      GO TO 8
5     IF ( FLG2 .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 6
      GO TO 7
6     WRITE(6,9001)
      GO TO 8
7     WRITE(6,9002)
8     CONTINUE
C
C          DO 500 III = 1,NO
          IF ( FLG1 .EQ. 2 ) GO TO 11
          IF ( FLG2 .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 9
          WRITE(6,9003) OMEGA(III)
9     CONTINUE
C
C***LOOP ON REAL AND IMAGINARY
11   DO 400 IR = 1,NRI
C
          DO 10 I=1,N
          DO 10 J=1,N
10   SUM(I,J) = 0.
C
C***BEGINNING OF LOOP TO SUM M MATRICES.

```

```

C
C
C
DO 300 II = 1,MF
NAME = 0
NFILE = 0
NMAT = 0
CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,INTAPE,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
C***READ IN A MATRIX FROM INTAPE
C
DO 100 I = 1,N
DO 100 J = 1,N
100 SUM(I,J) = SUM(I,J) + AMAT(I,J)
300 CONTINUE
C
C***END OF LOOP TO SUM M MATRICES.
C
C
IF ( FLG1 .EQ. 2 ) GO TO 360
DO 350 I = 1,N
WRITE(6,9000)I,(SUM(I,J),J=1,N)
350 CONTINUE
C
360 NAME = 0
NFILE = 0
NMAT = 0
C***WRITE THE SUMMATION MATRIX ON OUTAPE.
CALL WRTETP(SUM,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE ,NMAT,OUTAPE ,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
400 CONTINUE
500 CONTINUE
C
C
END FILE OUTAPE
REWIND INTAPE
REWIND OUTAPE
RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )
9001 FORMAT(1H1,30X,37HDEFLECTION CO-VARIANCE MATRIX (REAL) ///)
9002 FORMAT(1H1,30X,39HBELOW ARE DEFLECTION CROSS-PSD MATRICES /// )
9003 FORMAT(1H0,31HDEFLECTION CO-POWER, FREQUENCY=F12.6,11H (RAD/SEC) ,
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=15)
END

```

SUBROUTINE ADMIN2

SIBFTC ADMN2\* DECK  
SUBROUTINE ADMIN2

```

C          *
C          * ADMITTANCE INTEGRALS *
C          *
C          * USED IN FORMING THE *
C          *
C          * JOINT DEFLECTIONS *
C          *
C          *
C OPTION 2  BROAD BAND EXCITATION, DAMPING COEFFICIENTS PROPORTIONAL
C           TO A LINEAR COMBINATION OF THE MASS INERTIA AND STIFFNESS
C           COEFFICIENTS. ( CROSS MODAL COUPLING IS INCLUDED )
C
C M        NUMBER OF FREQUENCIES, MASS AND MODE SHAPES
C
C           THE FREQUENCIES(FREQ), GENERALIZED MASS(AMASS) AND
C           MODE SHAPES(PHI) COME FROM THE EIGENVECTOR-EIGENVALUE
C           ROUTINE TV-105W.
C
C N        NUMBER OF RETAINED DEGREES OF FREEDOM
C NF       NUMBER OF FREQUEUNCIES TO CALCULATE THE CPSD
C G        STRUCTURAL DAMPING
C ALAM     A DAMPING PROPORTIONALITY FACTOR PROP. TO STIFFNESS
C CMU     A DAMPING PROPORTIONALITY FACTOR FOR DAMPING PROPORTIONAL
C          TO MASS.
C
C ***TAPE OUTPUT STORAGE - TAPE 16
C          *****
C MATRIX 1  *M-1* PARAMETER MATRIX(3X1)
C           *K *
C           *N *
C           *****
C
C MATRIX 2  0   PARAMETER K MATRIX USED FOR OFF-DIAG TEST
C           OR -1 ( M-1 BY 1 )
C
C MATRIX 3  PHI(I,J)   I=1,M-1
C                J=I,I+K
C
C DIMENSION DE(25,25), ED(25,25), DDEE(25,25), AMU(25), AMASS(25),
C 1FREQ(25),OM4(25),X7(25),FREQ4(25),X8(25),SC1(25,25),
C 2SC2(25,25),SMAT(3),B(16),PHI(100,25),PHIM(100),NSTO(3),KPARAM(24)
C COMMON /BLK1/ FREQ,AMASS
C COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS,NLOOP
C PI = 3.14159265
C NTAP1 = 10
C NTAP12 = 12
C NTAP16=16
C REWIND NTAP1
C REWIND NTAP12
C REWIND NTAP16
C
C DO 20 I=1,M

```

```

20  AMU(I)=CMU+ALAM*FREQ(I)**2+G*FREQ(I)
C
C   THE FREQUENCIES AND MU ARE SCALED
   CALL SCALE( FREQ, M, SCAL )
C
   DO 25 I = 1,M
25  AMU(I) = AMU(I)/SCAL
C
   MM=M-1
C
C****FORM PARAMETER MATRIX NSTO
   NSTO(1) = MM
   NSTO(2) = K
   NSTO(3) = N
   NAME = 0
   NMAT = 0
   NFILE = 0
   CALL WRTETP(NSTO,1,NAME,3,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
   IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
C****FORM PARAMETER K MATRIX TO TEST FOR NUMBER OF OFF-DIAGONAL TERMS
C   ARE DESIRED
C
   MK = M-K
   DO 30 I=1,MK
30  KPARAM(I) = 0
   MK = MK+1
   IF ( MK .GT. MM ) GO TO 50
   DO 40 I = MK,MM
40  KPARAM(I) = -1
50  NAME = 0
   NMAT = 0
   NFILE = 0
   IF ( K .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 55
   GO TO 58
55  KPARAM(M) = -1
   MM = M
58  CONTINUE
   CALL WRTETP(KPARAM,1,NAME,MM,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
   IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
   IF ( K .EQ. 1 ) MM = M-1
   NAME = 0
   NMAT=1
   NFILE = 2
   CALL READTP(PHI,100,NAME,N,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
   IF(IRR .NE. 0)GO TO 9998
   NAME = 0
   NMAT=0
   NFILE = 0
C   THE MODE SHAPES PHI ARE STORED ON TAPE
C****
   DO 90 II=1,MM
   J1 = II
   ML = II+K
   IF( ML .GT. M ) ML = M
   DO 90 J = J1,ML
   DO 80 I=1,N
80  PHIM(I)=PHI(I,J)
   CALL WRTETP(PHIM,1,NAME,N,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
   IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
90  CONTINUE

```

```

C****
C****
C      THE ADMITTANCE INTEGRALS FOR OPTION 2 ARE FORMED AT M
C      NUMBER OF FREQUENCIES.
C****
      DO 100 I=1,M
      FREQ4(I)=FREQ(I)**4
      X7(I)=AMU(I)**2-2.*FREQ(I)**2
100   X8(I)=SQRT(4.*FREQ(I)**2-AMU(I)**2)*AMU(I)
C
C
      DO 130 I=1,M
      DO 120 J=1,M
      IF(I .NE. J)GO TO 110
      DE(I,J) = 0.
      ED(J,I) = 0.
      GO TO 120
110   X2=FREQ(I)**2-FREQ(J)**2
      X3 = FREQ4(I) - FREQ4(J)
      X4 = AMU(J)*FREQ(I)**2
      X5 = AMU(I)**2 - AMU(J)**2
      X6 = FREQ(J)**4/FREQ(I)**4
      BMAT = ( X3*(-X4*X7(I)-AMU(J)*FREQ4(I) )+X4*(FREQ4(I)*X7(J)-FREQ4
1(J)*X7(I)) )/( FREQ4(I)*(X5-2.*X2)*(FREQ4(I)*X7(J)-FREQ4(J)*X7(I))
2-FREQ4(I)*X3**2 )
      AMAT = ( BMAT*FREQ4(I)*( X5-2.*X2 )-X4 )/X3
      CMAT = X4/FREQ4(I) - X6*AMAT
      X=BMAT*ALOG(X6)/2.+(AMAT-BMAT*X7(I)/2.)*PI/X8(I)
      X = X + ( CMAT + BMAT*X7(J)/2. )*PI/X8(J)
      DE(I,J) = X/( 2.*AMASS(I)*AMASS(J) )
      ED(J,I) = DE(I,J)
120   CONTINUE
130   CONTINUE
C
C
      DO 3000 I =1,M
      DO 3000 J = 1,M
      DDEE(I,J) = ( PI*( AMU(I)+AMU(J)) )/( AMASS(I)*AMASS(J)*( FREQ4(J)
1 + AMU(I)**2 *FREQ(J)**2 + AMU(I)*AMU(J)*FREQ(J)**2 + FREQ4(I) +
2 AMU(I)*AMU(J)*FREQ(I)**2 + AMU(J)**2*FREQ(I)**2 - 2.*FREQ(I)**2*
3 FREQ(J)**2 ) )
3000  CONTINUE
      DO 4000 I=1,M
      DO 4000 J=1,M
      DE(I,J) = DE(I,J)/SCAL**3
      ED(J,I)=DE(I,J)
C      THE SCALARS ARE RESCALED BY DIVIDING BY SCALE FACTOR CUBED.
      DDEE(I,J) = DDEE(I,J)/SCAL**3
4000  CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,9000)
      WRITE(6,9001)
      DO 4100 I = 1,M
      WRITE(6,9002)I
      WRITE(6,9003) ( J,DE(I,J),DDEE(I,J),J=1,M)
      WRITE(6,9004)
4100  CONTINUE
C
      MM=M-1
C
      DO 5000 I=1,MM

```

```

M1=I+1
DO 5000 J=M1,M
SC1(I,J)=DE(I,J)-DE(J,I)
SC2(I,J)=-SC1(I,J)
5000 CONTINUE
C
NAME = 0
NMAT=0
NFILE=0
MM=M-1
C
C****
C SMAT(1) = D(I)*D(J) + E(I)*E(J) (INTEGRATE)
C SMAT(2) = D(I)*E(J) - D(J)*E(I) (INTEGRATE)
C SMAT(3) = D(J)*E(I) - D(I)*E(J) (INTEGRATE)
C
C
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
C
DO 6000 I=1,MM
M1=I+1
ML = I + K
IF( ML .GT. M ) ML = M
DO 6000 J = M1,ML
SMAT(1)=DDEE(I,J)
SMAT(2)=SC1(I,J)
SMAT(3)=SC2(I,J)
CALL WRTETP(SMAT,1,NAME,3,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP12,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
6000 CONTINUE
C
DO 6050 I = 1,M
6050 FREQ(I) = FREQ(I)*SCAL
C
END FILE NTAP12
END FILE NTAP16
RETURN
9998 WRITE(6,9010)IRR
CALL EXIT
9999 WRITE(6,9020)IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H1,50X,21HADMITTANCE INTEGRALS ////)
9001 FORMAT(1H0,10X,9HD(I)*E(J),20X,22HD(I)*D(J) + E(I)*E(J) ///)
9002 FORMAT(1H0,3H I=I3)
9003 FORMAT(7X,I3,1X,E14.7,10X,E14.7)
9004 FORMAT(1H0)
9010 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP ERROR CODE=I5)
9020 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP ERROR CODE=I5)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE CQJD

```

$IBFTC CQJD*   DECK
  SUBROUTINE CQJD
  COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K
  DIMENSION SMAT(3),B(16),CFW(90,90),QFW(90,90)
  NTAP12 = 12
  NTAP15 = 15
  NTAP17 = 2
  NTAP18 = 14
  REWIND NTAP12
  REWIND NTAP15
  REWIND NTAP17
  REWIND NTAP18
  IQ = 0
  MM = M-1

C
C
C***CALCULATE THE EXCITATIONS
C      LOOP II=1,2      WHEN II=1 THE EXCITATIONS FOR REAL PART
C                       ARE STORED ON TAPE 15
C                       WHEN II=2 THE EXCITATIONS FOR IMAGINARY
C                       PART ARE STORED ON TAPE 15
C
  DO 500 II = 1,2

C
  DO 200 I = 1,MM
  M1 = I + 1
  ML = I+K
  IF( ML .GT. M ) ML=M
  DO 200 J = M1,ML
  NAME = 0
  NMAT = 0
  NFILE = 0
C***READ IN THE ADMITTANCE INTEGRAL SCALARS
  CALL READTP(SMAT,1,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP12,IRR)
  IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9998
  NAME = 0
  NMAT = 0
  NFILE = 0
C***READ IN THE CO-POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY(CFW)
  CALL READTP(CFW,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP17,IRR)
  IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9998
C***READ IN THE QUAD-POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY(QFW)
  NAME = 0
  NMAT = 0
  NFILE = 0
  CALL READTP(QFW,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP18,IRR)
  IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9998
C***FORM THE EXCITATION MATRIX TO BE STORED ON TAPE 15
  IF( IQ .NE. 0 ) GO TO 54
  DO 50 K1=1,N
  DO 50 L1 = 1,N
50  CFW(K1,L1) = CFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(1) + QFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(2)
  GO TO 80
54  DO 55 K1 = 1,N
  DO 55 L1 = 1,N
55  CFW(K1,L1) = CFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(3) + QFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(1)
80  NAME = 0
  NMAT = 0

```

```

        NFILE = 0
        CALL WRTETP(CFW,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP15,IRR)
        IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
200    CONTINUE
C***REWIND THE TAPES USED IN CALCULATING THE IMAGINARY PART
        REWIND NTAP12
        REWIND NTAP17
        REWIND NTAP18
        IQ = 1
500    CONTINUE
C
C
        END FILE NTAP15
        RETURN
9998  WRITE(6,9010) IRR
        CALL EXIT
9999  WRITE(6,9020) IRR
        CALL EXIT
        RETURN
9010  FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)
9020  FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=15)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE SUMT

```

$IBFTC SUMT*   DECK
              SUBROUTINE SUMT ( NO, INTAPE)
C
C
C              SUBROUTINE SUMT - A MATRIX WILL BE ADDED TO ITS
C              TRANSPOSE .
C
C
C              COMMON /BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
C              DIMENSION SUM(90,90),AMAT(90,90),B(16),IPARAM(2)
C              NTAP8 = 8
C              REWIND NTAP8
C              REWIND INTAPE
C
C
C
C***CYCLE ON REAL AND IMAGINARY
DO 600 III = 1,2
  IF ( III .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 50
  NMAT = 0
C
C***SET SIGN = -1 FOR THE IMAGINARY PART
  SIGN = -1.0
  GO TO 60
50  NMAT = 1
C
C***SET SIGN = 1 FOR THE REAL PART
  SIGN = 1.0
60  CONTINUE
C
  DO 500 II = 1,NO
    NAME = 0
    NFILE = 0
    CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,INTAPE,IRR)
    IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
    DO 100 I = 1,N
      DO 100 J = 1,N
100  SUM(I,J) = AMAT(I,J) + AMAT(J,I)*SIGN
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL WRTETP(SUM,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP8,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
500  CONTINUE
600  CONTINUE
C
C
C
C              END FILE NTAP8
C              REWIND NTAP8
C              REWIND INTAPE
C              NAME = 0
C              NMAT = 0
C              NFILE = 0
C
C
C***A PARAMETER MATRIX IPARAM IS FORMED
```

```

IPARAM(1) = NPLATE + 2*NBEAMS
IPARAM(2) = NO
CALL WRTETP(IPARAM,1,NAME,1,2,B,NFILE,NMAT,INTAPE,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
C
C
C
C***CYCLE ON REAL AND IMAGINARY
DO 900 III = 1,2
DO 800 II = 1,NO
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP8,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
CALL WRTETP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,INTAPE,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
800 CONTINUE
900 CONTINUE
C
C
C
END FILE INTAPE
REWIND INTAPE
RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=I5)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE SUM2

```

SIBFTC SUM2*   DECK
      SUBROUTINE SUM2( ITP1,ITP2,NO,NCN )
C
C
C           SUBROUTINE SUM2 - SUMS THE OPTION 3 LIKE
C           MODE EFFECTS TO UNLIKE MODE EFFECTS TO FORM
C           TOTAL OPTION 2 RESULTS.
C
C
COMMON /BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
DIMENSION AMAT(90,90),BMAT(90,90),B(16),IPARAM(2)
REWIND ITP1
REWIND ITP2
NAME = 0
NMAT = 1
NFILE = 0
CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP1,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
REWIND ITP1
NAME = 0
NMAT = 1
NFILE = 0
CALL READTP(BMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP2,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
C
      DO 100 I = 1,N
      DO 100 J = 1,N
100  AMAT(I,J) = AMAT(I,J) + BMAT(I,J)
C
C*** ADD OPTION 3 LIKE MODES TO OPTION 2 UNLIKE MODE EFFECTS TO
C GET THE TOTAL JOINT DEFLECTIONS
      IF ( NCN .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 200
      WRITE(6,9000)
      GO TO 250
200  WRITE(6,9001)
C
250  DO 500 I = 1,N
      WRITE(6,9002)I,(AMAT(I,J),J=1,N)
500  CONTINUE
C
C
C***A PARAMETER MATRIX NSTO IS FORMED
      IPARAM(1) = NPLATE + 2*NBEAMS
      IPARAM(2) = NO
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL WRTETP(IPARAM,1,NAME,1,2,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP1,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      CALL WRTETP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP1,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP2,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      CALL WRTETP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP1,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      IF ( NCN .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 800

```



```

        WRITE(6,9003)
        GO TO 900
800   WRITE(6,9004)
C
900   DO 950 I = 1,N
        WRITE(6,9002)I,(AMAT(I,J),J=1,N)
950   CONTINUE
C
        END FILE ITP1
        RETURN
9985  WRITE(6,9990) IRR
        CALL EXIT
9986  WRITE(6,9991) IRR
        CALL EXIT
        RETURN
9000  FORMAT(1H1,30X,55HDEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRIX ( REAL
1PART )   ///)
9001  FORMAT(1H1,30X,43HDEFLECTION COVARIANCE MATRIX ( REAL PART )   ///)
9002  FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P7E16.6/(E22.6;6E16.6) )
9003  FORMAT(1H1,30X,59HDEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRIX ( IMAGI
1NARY PART ) //)
9004  FORMAT(1H1,30X,48HDEFLECTION COVARIANCE MATRIX ( IMAGINARY PART )
1 //)
9990  FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
9991  FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=I5)
        END

```

```

      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL WRTEP(DIAG,1,NAME,1,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 1
      NFILE = 2
C
C***                                     THE MODE SHAPES ARE READ IN.
C
      CALL READTP(PHI,100,NAME,N,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
C
      DO 50 J=1,M
      DO 40 I=1,N
40    PHIM(I) = PHI(I,J)
      CALL WRTEP(PHIM,1,NAME,N,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
50    CONTINUE
C
      END FILE NTAP1
      RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
      CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR
      CALL EXIT
      RETURN
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTEP-ERROR CODE=I5)
      END

```



```

COMMON /BLK2/ M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K
PI = 3.14159265
NTAP1 = 10
NTAP12 = 12
NTAP16=16
REWIND NTAP1
REWIND NTAP12
REWIND NTAP16
C
DO 20 I=1,M
20 AMU(I)=CMU+ALAM*FREQ(I)**2+G*FREQ(I)
C
C THE FREQUENCIES AND MU ARE SCALED
CALL SCALE( FREQ, M, SCAL )
DO 25 I = 1,M
25 AMU(I) = AMU(I)/SCAL
MM=M-1
NSTO(1) = MM
NSTO(2) = K
NSTO(3) = N
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
CALL WRTETP(NSTO,1,NAME,3,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
C***FORM PARAMETER K MATRIX TO TEST FOR NUMBER OF OFF-DIAGONAL TERMS
C ARE DESIRED
C
MK = M-K
DO 30 I=1,MK
30 KPARAM(I) = 0
MK = MK+1
IF ( MK .GT. MM ) GO TO 50
DO 40 I = MK,MM
40 KPARAM(I) = -1
50 NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
IF ( K .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 55
GO TO 58
55 KPARAM(M) = -1
MM = M
58 CONTINUE
CALL WRTETP(KPARAM,1,NAME,MM,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
IF ( K .EQ. 1 ) MM = M-1
NAME = 0
NMAT=1
NFILE = 2
CALL READTP(PHI,100,NAME,N,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
IF(IRR .NE. 0)GO TO 9998
NAME = 0
NMAT=0
NFILE = 0
C THE MODE SHAPES PHI ARE STORED ON TAPE
C****
DO 90 II=1,MM
J1 = II
ML = II+K
IF( ML .GT. M ) ML = M

```

```

DO 90 J = J1,ML
DO 80 I=1,N
80 PHIM(I)=PHI(I,J)
CALL WRTEP(PHIM,1,NAME,N,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
90 CONTINUE
C****
C****
C THE ADMITTANCE INTEGRALS FOR OPTION 2 ARE FORMED AT M
C NUMBER OF FREQUENCIES.
C****
DO 100 I=1,M
FREQ4(I)=FREQ(I)**4
X7(I)=AMU(I)**2-2.*FREQ(I)**2
100 X8(I)=SQRT(4.*FREQ(I)**2-AMU(I)**2)*AMU(I)
C
C
DO 130 I=1,M
DO 120 J=1,M
IF( I .NE. J ) GO TO 110
DE(I,J) = 0.
ED(J,I) = 0.
GO TO 120
110 X2=FREQ(I)**2-FREQ(J)**2
X3 = FREQ4(I) - FREQ4(J)
X4 = AMU(J)*FREQ(I)**4
X5 = AMU(I)**2 - AMU(J)**2
X6 = FREQ(J)**4/FREQ(I)**4
BMAT = ( AMU(J)*FREQ4(I)*FREQ(I)**2*X3 + X4*( FREQ4(I)*X7(J)-FREQ
1 4(J)*X7(I) ) )/( FREQ4(I)*( X5-2.0*X2 )*( FREQ4(I)*X7(J)-
2 FREQ4(J)*X7(I) ) - FREQ4(I)*X3**2 )
AMAT = ( BMAT*FREQ4(I)*( X5-2.*X2 )-X4 )/X3
CMAT = -AMAT*X6
X = BMAT*ALOG(X6)/2.0 + ( AMAT-BMAT*X7(I)/2.0 )*PI/X8(I)
X = X + ( CMAT + BMAT*X7(J)/2.0 )*PI/X8(J)
DE(I,J) = X/( 2.*AMASS(I)*AMASS(J) )
ED(J,I) = DE(I,J)
120 CONTINUE
130 CONTINUE
C
C
DO 3000 I =1,M
DO 3000 J = 1,M
IF( I .EQ. J ) GO TO 3000
3000 DDEE(I,J) = ( PI*( AMU(I)*FREQ(J)**2+ AMU(J)*FREQ(I)**2 ) )/(
1 AMASS(I)*AMASS(J)*( FREQ4(J) + AMU(I)**2*FREQ(J)**2 +
2 AMU(I)*AMU(J)*FREQ(J)**2 + FREQ4(I) + AMU(I)*AMU(J)
3 *FREQ(I)**2 + AMU(J)**2*FREQ(I)**2 - 2.0*FREQ(I)**2*
4 FREQ(J)**2 ) )
DO 4000 I=1,M
DO 4000 J=1,M
DE(I,J) = DE(I,J)/SCAL
ED(J,I)=DE(I,J)
IF( I .EQ. J ) GO TO 4000
C THE SCALARS ARE RESEALED BY DIVIDING BY SCALE FACTOR CUBED.
DDEE(I,J) = DDEE(I,J)/SCAL
4000 CONTINUE
MM=M-1
DO 5000 I=1,MM
M1=I+1

```

```

DO 5000 J=M1,M
SC1(I,J)=DE(I,J)-DE(J,I)
SC2(I,J)=-SC1(I,J)
5000 CONTINUE
NAME = 0
NMAT=0
NFILE=0
MM=M-1
C
C****
C SMAT(1) = D(I)*D(J) + E(I)*E(J) (INTEGRATE)
C SMAT(2) = D(I)*E(J) - D(J)*E(I) (INTEGRATE)
C SMAT(3) = D(J)*E(I) - D(I)*E(J) (INTEGRATE)
C
C
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
DO 6000 I=1,MM
M1=I+1
ML = I + K
IF( ML .GT. M ) ML = M
DO 6000 J = M1,ML
SMAT(1)=DDEE(I,J)
SMAT(2)=SC1(I,J)
SMAT(3)=SC2(I,J)
CALL WRTETP(SMAT,1,NAME,3,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP12,IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
6000 CONTINUE
54 CONTINUE
C
DO 6050 I = 1,M
6050 FREQ(I) = FREQ(I)*SCAL
END FILE NTAP12
END FILE NTAP16
RETURN
9998 WRITE(6,9010)IRR
CALL EXIT
9999 WRITE(6,9020)IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9010 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP ERROR CODE=15)
9020 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP ERROR CODE=15)
END

```

# SUBROUTINE ADMIT3

SIBFTC ADMT3\* DECK  
SUBROUTINE ADMIT3

```

C
C
C      *      A D M I T T A N C E      S C A L A R S      *
C      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *
C      *      USED IN CALCULATING THE DEFLECTION      *
C      *      RESPONSE CROSS POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY  *
C      *      ( CPSD )      *
C      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *
C      *      O P T I O N      3      *
C
C
C      OPTION 3      BROAD BAND EXCITATION, DAMPING COEFFICIENTS
C                    PROPORTIONAL TO A LINEAR COMBINATION OF THE
C                    MASS INERTIA AND STIFFNESS COEFFICIENTS.
C                    ( NO CROSS MODAL COUPLING )
C
C      D(I)          REAL FACTOR IN THE DIAGONAL ADMITTANCE SCALAR
C
C      E(I)          IMAGINARY FACTOR IN THE DIAGONAL ADMITTANCE SCALAR
C
C      N             NUMBER OF RETAINED DEGREES OF FREEDOM
C      M             NUMBER OF FREQUENCIES(FREQ),GENERALIZED MASS(AMASS)
C                    AND MODE SHAPES(PHI)
C      NF            NUMBER OF FREQUEUNCIES TO CALCULATE THE CPSD
C      G             STRUCTURAL DAMPING
C      ALAM          A DAMPING PROPORTIONALITY FACTOR
C      CMU           A DAMPING PROPORTIONALITY FACTOR
C
C
C      DIMENSION FREQ(25), AMASS(25), OMEG(100), PHI(100,25),PHIM(100),
1      AMU(25), D(25), E(25), DD(25), B(16), NSTO(3)
C      COMMON /BLK1/ FREQ,AMASS,OMEG
C      COMMON /BLK2/ M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF
C      COMMON/BLK3/ FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
C      INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
C      NTAP1 = 10
C      NTAP2 = 2
C      NTAP11 = 11
C      REWIND NTAP1
C      REWIND NTAP2
C      REWIND NTAP11
C      NAME = 0
C      NMAT = 1
C      NFILE = 2
C
C
C      C***          THE MODE SHAPES ARE READ IN.
C
C      CALL READTP(PHI,100,NAME,N,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
C      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
C      NSTO(1) = M
C      NSTO(2) = M
C      NSTO(3) = NF
C      NAME = 0
C      NMAT = 0
C      NFILE = 0

```

```

CALL WRTETP( NSTO, 1, NAME, 3, 1, B, NFILE, NMAT, NTAP2, IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
DO 20 J = 1, M
DO 10 I = 1, N
10 PHIM(I) = PHI(I, J)
CALL WRTETP(PHIM, 1, NAME, N, 1, B, NFILE, NMAT, NTAP1, IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
20 CONTINUE
C
C
C
C
C****
C****
WRITE(6, 9000)
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
C
C THE ADMITTANCE SCALARS FOR OPTION 3 ARE FORMED AT NF
C NUMBER OF FREQUENCIES.
C****
C****
C
DO 40 II=1, NF
WRITE(6, 9001) OMEG(II)
DO 25 J=1, M
25 AMU(J) = CMU + ALAM*FREQ(J)**2 + G*FREQ(J)**2/OMEG(II)
DO 30 I=1, M
DEN = AMASS(I)*(( FREQ(I)**2-OMEG(II)**2 )**2 + OMEG(II)**2*(
1 AMU(I) )**2 )
D(I) = ( FREQ(I)**2-OMEG(II)**2 )/DEN
E(I) = OMEG(II)*AMU(I)/DEN
30 DD(I)=D(I)**2+E(I)**2
WRITE(6, 9002) ( I, DD(I), I=1, M )
CALL WRTETP(DD, 1, NAME, 1, M, B, NFILE, NMAT, NTAP2, IRR)
IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
40 CONTINUE
C
C
END FILE NTAP2
END FILE NTAP11
RETURN
9985 WRITE(6, 9990) IRR
CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6, 9991) IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H1, 40X, 32HADMITTANCE SCALARS ( D**2+E**2 )//// )
9001 FORMAT(1H0, 10HFREQUENCY=E14.7, 9H(RAD/SEC) )
9002 FORMAT(1X, I5, 5X, E14.7 )
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=15)
END

```



```

        NFILE = 0
        CALL WRTEP(NSTO,1,NAME,4,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
        IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
C***FORM PARAMETER K MATRIX TO TEST FOR NUMBER OF OFF-DIAGONAL TERMS
        MK = M-K
        DO 10 I = 1,MK
10      KPARAM(I) = 0
        MK = MK + 1
        IF ( MK .GT. MM ) GO TO 30
        DO 20 I = MK,MM
20      KPARAM(I) = -1
30      NAME = 0
        NMAT = 0
        NFILE = 0
        IF ( K .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 35
        GO TO 38
35      KPARAM(M) = -1
        MM = M
38      CONTINUE
        CALL WRTEP(KPARAM,1,NAME,MM,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR)
        IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
        IF ( K .EQ. 1 ) MM = M-1
        NAME = 0
        NMAT = 1
        NFILE = 2

C
C          THE MODE SHAPES ARE READ
C
        CALL READTP(PHI,100,NAME,N,M,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP1,IRR)
        IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9998
        NAME = 0
        NMAT = 0
        NFILE = 0
        DO 70 II = 1,MM
        J1 = II
        ML = II+K
        IF( ML .GT. M ) ML = M
        DO 70 J = J1,ML
        DO 60 I = 1,N
60      PHIM(I) = PHI(I,J)
        CALL WRTEP( PHIM,1,NAME,N,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP16,IRR )
        IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
70      CONTINUE
        END FILE NTAP16

C
C****
C          THE ADMITTANCE SCALARS FOR OPTION 2 ARE FORMED
C      SMAT(1) = D(I)*D(J) + E(I)*E(J)
C      SMAT(2) = D(I)*E(J) - D(J)*E(I)
C      SMAT(3) = D(J)*E(I) - D(I)*E(J)
C
C
C          END FILE NTAP2
C
        DO 1000 II=1,NF
        DO 100 J=1,M
100      AMU(J)=CMU+ALAM*FREQ(J)**2+G*FREQ(J)**2/OMEG(II)
C
        DO 200 I=1,M
        DEN = AMASS(I)*(( FREQ(I)**2-OMEG(II)**2 )**2 + OMEG(II)**2*(AMU

```

```

1      ( I ) **2 )
D(I) = ( FREQ(I)**2-OMEG(II)**2 )/DEN
200  E(I)=OMEG(II)*AMU(I)/DEN
C
DO 300 I=1,M
DO 300 J=1,M
DE(I,J)=D(I)*E(J)
ED(J,I)=DE(I,J)
300  DDEE(I,J)=D(I)*D(J)+E(I)*E(J)
C
WRITE(6,9000)
WRITE(6,9001)
C
DO 4100 I = 1,M
WRITE(6,9002)I
WRITE(6,9003) ( J,DE(I,J),DDEE(I,J),J=1,M)
WRITE(6,9004)
4100 CONTINUE
C
DO 400 I=1,MM
M1=I+1
DO 400 J=M1,M
SC1(I,J) = DE(I,J)-DE(J,I)
400  SC2(I,J)=-SC1(I,J)
NAME = 0
NMAT = 0
NFILE = 0
DO 500 I=1,MM
M1=I+1
ML = I + K
IF( ML .GT. M ) ML = M
DO 500 J = M1,ML
SMAT(1) = DDEE(I,J)
SMAT(2) = SC1(I,J)
SMAT(3) = SC2(I,J)
CALL WRTEP(SMAT,1,NAME,3,1,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP2,IRR)
IF(IRR .NE. 0)GO TO 9999
500  CONTINUE
END FILE NTAP2
1000 CONTINUE
C
C
C
END FILE 2
RETURN
9998 WRITE(6,9010)IRR
CALL EXIT
9999 WRITE(6,9020)IRR
CALL EXIT
RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H1,50X,21HADMITTANCE SCALARS ////)
9001 FORMAT(1H0,10X,9HD(I)*E(J),20X,22HD(I)*D(J) + E(I)*E(J) ///)
9002 FORMAT(1H0,3H I=I3)
9003 FORMAT(7X,I3,1X,E14.7,10X,E14.7)
9004 FORMAT(1H0)
9010 FORMAT( 28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5 )
9020 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTEP ERROR CODE=I5)
END

```

## SUBROUTINE CQCPD

```

$IBFTC CQCPD* DECK
      SUBROUTINE CQCPD
      COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF
      DIMENSION SMAT(3),CFW(90,90),QFW(90,90),B(16)
C***ROUTINE THAT STORES THE EXCITATIONS FOR THE CROSS POWER SPECTRAL
C      DENSITY ON TAPE
C
C      FSF      FORWARD SPACE FILES
C      CALLING SEQUENCE      CALL FSF(NFILE,NTAP18,LERROR)
C
C                          WHERE
C                          NFILE=NO OF FILES TO FORWARD SPACE
C                          NTAP18=LOGICAL TAPE UNIT
C                          LERROR= 0      SUCCESS
C                          NON-ZERO NO OF UNSPACED FILES
C
C      BSF      BACKSPACE FILES      SAME CALLING SEQUENCE AS FSF
C
      NTAP2 = 2
      NTAP15 = 15
      NTAP18 = 14
      REWIND NTAP2
      REWIND NTAP15
      REWIND NTAP18
      IQ = 0
C
      MM = M-1
      DO 600 IJ = 1,2
      IF ( IJ .EQ. 2 ) IQ = 1
C***LOOP NO OF FREQUENCIES
      DO 500 II = 1,NF
      NFILE = 1
      CALL FSF( NFILE,NTAP2,LERROR )
      DO 200 I = 1,MM
      M1 = I + 1
      ML = I+K
      IF( ML .GT. M ) ML = M
      DO 200 J = M1,ML
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
C***READ IN THE ADMITTANCE SCALARS
      CALL READTP(SMAT,1,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP2,IRR)
      IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9998
C***READ THE CO-POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY(CFW)
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 1
      CALL READTP(CFW,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP18,IRR)
      IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9998
C***READ IN THE QUAD-POWER SPECORAL DENSITY(QFW)
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL READTP(QFW,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP18,IRR)
      IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9998
      IF ( IQ .NE. 0 ) GO TO 54
C

```

```

C
C***FORM THE EXCITATION MATRIX TO BE STORED ON TAPE 15
      DO 50 K1 = 1,N
      DO 50 L1 = 1,N
50    CFW(K1,L1) = CFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(1) + QFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(2)
C
C
      GO TO 80
54    CONTINUE
C***READ THE QUAD-POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY(QFW)
      DO 60 K1 = 1,N
      DO 60 L1 = 1,N
60    CFW(K1,L1) = CFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(3) + QFW(K1,L1)*SMAT(1)
80    CONTINUE
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL WRTEP(CFW,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAP15,IRR)
      IF( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9999
      NFILE = 1
      CALL BSF(NFILE,NTAP18,LERROR)
      IF( LERROR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9997
200  CONTINUE
C
C
      IF ( I .EQ. MM ) GO TO 500
      NFILE = 1
      CALL FSF(NFILE,NTAP18,LERROR )
500  CONTINUE
C
C
      REWIND NTAP2
      REWIND NTAP18
600  CONTINUE
      END FILE NTAP15
C
      RETURN
C
C
9997 WRITE(6,9005) LERROR
      CALL EXIT
9998 WRITE(6,9010) IRR
      CALL EXIT
9999 WRITE(6,9020) IRR
      CALL EXIT
      RETURN
9005 FORMAT(67H ERROR IN BSF ROUTINE(BACKSPACE FILES)-NUMBER OF UNSPACE
1D FILES IS I5 )
9010 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
9020 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTEP-ERROR CODE=I5)
      END

```

### SUBROUTINE SUM3

```

$IBFTC SUM3*   DECK
              SUBROUTINE SUM3( ITP1,ITP2,ITP3)
C
C
C              CROSS MODAL EFFECT OF CROSS-PSD MATRICES WILL
C              BE SUMMED AT EACH FREQUENCY FOR REAL AND
C              IMAGINARY PART.
C
C
C              COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
              COMMON /BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
              DIMENSION AMAT(90,90),BMAT(90,90),B(16),IPARAM(2)
              DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100)
              REWIND ITP1
              REWIND ITP2
              REWIND ITP3
              IPARAM(1) = NPLATE + 2*NBEAMS
              IPARAM(2) = 2*NF
              NAME = 0
              NMAT = 0
              NFILE = 0
              CALL WRTEP(IPARAM,1,NAME,1,2,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP3,IRR)
              IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
              NAME = 0
              NFILE = 0
C
C              DO 500 II = 1,NF
              WRITE(6,9000) OMEGA(II)
              IF ( II .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 10
              NMAT = 0
              GO TO 20
10          NMAT = 1
20          CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP1,IRR)
              CALL READTP(BMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP2,IRR)
              IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
              DO 50 I = 1,N
              DO 50 J = 1,N
50          AMAT(I,J) = AMAT(I,J) + BMAT(I,J)
              DO 450 I = 1,N
              WRITE(6,9001)I,(AMAT(I,J),J=1,N)
450         CONTINUE
C
C              NMAT = 0
              CALL WRTEP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP3,IRR)
              IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
500        CONTINUE
C
C
C              DO 600 II = 1,NF
              WRITE(6,9002) OMEGA(II)
              NAME = 0
              NMAT = 0
              NFILE = 0
              CALL READTP (AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP2,IRR)
              IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
              NAME = 0

```

```

      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL WRTEP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,ITP3,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      DO 550 I = 1,N
      WRITE(6,9001)I,(AMAT(I,J),J=1,N)
550  CONTINUE
600  CONTINUE
C
      END FILE ITP3
      RETURN
9985 WRITE(6,9990) IRR
      CALL EXIT
9986 WRITE(6,9991) IRR
      CALL EXIT
      RETURN
9000 FORMAT(1H0,33HDEFLECTION CO-POWER, FREQUENCY = E14.7,11H (RAD/SEC
1) //)
9001 FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )
9002 FORMAT(1H0,35HDEFLECTION QUAD-POWER, FREQUENCY = E14.7,11H (RAD/S
1EC) //)
9990 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=15)
9991 FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTEP-ERROR CODE=15)
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE PRINTE

```
$IBFTC PRNTE* DECK
      SUBROUTINE PRINTE
```

```
C
C
C
C
C
C
C
```

```
      THE STRESS-PSD MATRICES ARE PRINTED FOR
      OPTION 2 IN THIS SUBROUTINE.
```

```
      COMMON/BLK1/FREQ,AMASS,OMEGA
      COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
      COMMON/BLK3/FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      INTEGER FLG1,FLG2,FLG3,FLG4
      DIMENSION FREQ(25),AMASS(25),OMEGA(100),S(8,8),B(16),SB(6,6)
      NTAPE = 15
      REWIND NTAPE
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
```

```
C
C***IF NPLATE EQUALS 0 - SKIP PLATES PRINTOUT
      IF ( NPLATE .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 200
```

```
C
C
C
```

```
      DO 100 III = 1,NPLATE
      WRITE(6,9000)
```

```
C
```

```
      DO 60 II = 1,2
      IF ( II .EQ. 2 ) GO TO 10
      WRITE(6,9001)
      GO TO 20
```

```
10    WRITE(6,9002)
```

```
C
```

```
20    DO 50 IJ = 1,NF
      WRITE(6,9003) OMEGA(IJ)
      CALL READTP(S,8,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      DO 15 I = 1,8
```

```
15    CONTINUE
```

```
50    CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
60    CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
100   CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
C***IF NBEAMS EQUALS 0 - SKIP BEAMS PRINTOUT
200   IF ( NBEAMS .EQ. 0 ) RETURN
```

```
C
```

```
C
```

```
      DO 1000 III = 1,NBEAMS
      WRITE(6,9005)III
```

```

C      DO 999 II = 1,2
      WRITE(6,9006) II
C
      DO 998 IJ = 1,2
      IF ( IJ .EQ. 2 ) GO TO 70
      WRITE(6,9007)
      GO TO 80
70     WRITE(6,9008)
80     DO 995 I1 = 1,NF
      WRITE(6,9009) OMEGA(I1)
      CALL READTP(SB,6,NAME,NR,NC,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
C
      DO 90 I = 1,6
      WRITE(6,9010) I, (SB(I,J),J=1,6)
90     CONTINUE
C
995    CONTINUE
C
998    CONTINUE
C
999    CONTINUE
C
1000  CONTINUE
C
C
C
C
      REWIND NTAPE
      RETURN
9985  WRITE(6,9990) IRR
      CALL EXIT
      RETURN
9000  FORMAT(1H0,6HPLATE I3)
9001  FORMAT(10X,9HREAL PART///)
9002  FORMAT(10X,9HIMAG PART///)
9003  FORMAT(20X,10HFREQUENCY=E14.7)
9004  FORMAT(1H0,14X,15,8E14.5/(20X,8E14.5) )
9005  FORMAT(1H0,6H BEAM I3///)
9006  FORMAT(10X,4HEND I3//)
9007  FORMAT(1H0,17X,10HREAL PART 15//)
9008  FORMAT(1H0,17X,10HIMAG PART 15//)
9009  FORMAT(1H0,30X,10HFREQUENCY=E14.7///)
9010  FORMAT(1H0,30X,15,6E14.5/(36X,6E14.5) )
9990  FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE DSECM3

```
$IBFTC DSECM* DECK
      SUBROUTINE DSECM3
C          THE DEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENTS ARE
C          FORMED FOR OPTION 3.
C          THE DEFLECTION CO-VARIANCE MATRICES ARE MULTIPLIED
C          BY FREQ**2 AND SUMMED OVER M NORMAL MODES.
      COMMON/BLK1/FREQ
      COMMON/BLK2/M,N,G,ALAM,CMU,K,NF,NPLATE,NBEAMS
      DIMENSION AMAT(90,90 ),B(16),SUM(90,90),FREQ(25),IPARAM(2)
      NTAPE = 8
      REWIND NTAPE
      DO 10 I = 1,N
      DO 10 J = 1,N
10      SUM(I,J) = 0.
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      DO 100 II = 1,M
      CALL READTP(AMAT,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9985
      DO 50 I = 1,N
      DO 50 J = 1,N
50      SUM(I,J) = SUM(I,J) + AMAT(I,J)*FREQ(II)**2
100     CONTINUE
      NTAPE = 3
      REWIND NTAPE
      NO = 1
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
C***FORM PARAMETER MATRIX IPARAM
      IPARAM(1) = NPLATE + 2*NBEAMS
      IPARAM(2) = NO
      CALL WRTETP(IPARAM,1,NAME,1,2,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      NAME = 0
      NMAT = 0
      NFILE = 0
      CALL WRTETP(SUM,90,NAME,N,N,B,NFILE,NMAT,NTAPE,IRR)
      IF ( IRR .NE. 0 ) GO TO 9986
      WRITE(6,9000)
      DO 200 I = 1,N
      WRITE(6,9001)I,(SUM(I,J),J=1,N)
200     CONTINUE
      END FILE NTAPE
      RETURN
9985  WRITE(6,9990) IRR
      CALL EXIT
9986  WRITE(6,9991) IRR
      CALL EXIT
      RETURN
9000  FORMAT(1H1,30X,53HDEFLECTION SECOND SPECTRAL MOMENT MATRIX (REAL P
1ART)  ///)
9001  FORMAT(1H0,I5,1P7E16.6/(E22.6,6E16.6) )
9990  FORMAT(28H ERROR IN READTP-ERROR CODE=I5)
9991  FORMAT(28H ERROR IN WRTETP-ERROR CODE=I5)
      END
```

8150B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8350B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B			0B	REW 8(SCRATCH)
	-11000000B			0B	REW 11(DIAG SCALARS)
	-17000000B			0B	REW 17(CFW-NXN)
11000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAMETER M
11000000B		8004B		0B	READ DIAG SCALARS
11000000B		8032B		0B	READ MODES(PHI)
17000000B		1B		0B	READ CFW
8032B	1B	2B		8B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW
2B	8032B	1B		6B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW*PHI
8007B		8136B		27B	READY NEXT SCALAR
-1011B			1B	27B	
8136B	1B	8138B		5B	SCALAR MULT
8141B	8032B	2B		5B	SCALAR MULT
2B	8032B	3B		7B	POST MULT BY PHI(TR)
3B		8000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 8
-10B			8003B	0B	CYCLE M TIMES
	8000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 8

+

8010B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B			0B	REW 3 (JD)
	-10000000B			0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
	-15000000B			0B	REW 15
3000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAM(CYCLE CNT)
3000000B		1B		0B	READ JD
	10001000B			0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		2B		0B	READ STRESSES(S)
2B	1B	3B		6B	(S)*(JD)
3B	2B	4B		7B	(S)*(JD)*(S)TRANSP
4B		15000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 15
-4B			8003B	0B	CYCLE
	15000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 15

+

8100B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B			0B	REW 3 (JD)
	-10000000B			0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
	-15000000B			0B	REW 15
3000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAM(CYCLE CNT)
3000000B		1B		0B	READ JD
	10001000B			0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		2B		0B	READ STRESSES(S)
2B	1B	3B		6B	(S)*(JD)
3B	2B	4B		7B	(S)*(JD)*(S)TRANSP
4B		15000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 15
-4B			8003B	0B	CYCLE
	15000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 15

+

8150B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8350B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B			0B	REW 8 (SCRATCH)
	-2000000B			0B	REW 2 (SCALARS)
	-11000000B			0B	REW 11(MODES)
	-17000000B			0B	REW 17(CFW)

2000000B		8000B		0B	READ M,NF
2000000B		8006B		0B	READ SCALARS
	-11000000B			0B	REW 11(MODES)
	17001000B			0B	SKIP EOF ON 17
11000000B		8034B		0B	READ MODES(PHI)
17000000B		1B		0B	READ CFW
8034B	1B	2B		8B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW
2B	8034B	1B		6B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW*PHI
8009B		8137B		27B	READY NEXT SCALAR
-1011B			1B	27B	
8137B	1B	8140B		5B	SCALAR MULT
8143B	8034B	2B		5B	SCALAR MULT
8034B		3B		9B	PHI(TRANSP)
2B	3B	4B		6B	MULT
	-17001000B			0B	BACKSPACE 1 EOF
4B		8000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 8
-12B			8003B	0B	CYCLE M TIMES
-1091B			8003B	33B	RESTORE SCALAR CELLS
-17B			8005B	0B	CYCLE NFREQ TIMES
					+
8010B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B			0B	REW 3 (JD)
	-15000000B			0B	REW 15
3000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAM(CYCLE CNT)
	-10000000B			0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
3000000B		1B		0B	READ JD
	10001000B			0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		2B		0B	READ STRESSES(S)
2B	1B	3B		6B	(S)*(JD)
3B	2B	4B		7B	(S)*(JD)*(S)TRANSP
4B		15000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 15
-4B			8003B	0B	CYCLE
-8B			8004B	0B	CYCLE NFREQ
	15000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 15
					+
8150B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8350B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B			0B	REW 8(SCRATCH)
	-11000000B			0B	REW 11(DIAG SCALARS)
	-17000000B			0B	REW 17(CFW-NXN)
11000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAMETER M
11000000B		8004B		0B	READ DIAG SCALARS
11000000B		8032B		0B	READ MODES(PHI)
17000000B		1B		0B	READ CFW
8032B	1B	2B		8B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW
2B	8032B	1B		6B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW*PHI
8007B		8136B		27B	READY NEXT SCALAR
-1011B			1B	27B	
8136B	1B	8138B		5B	SCALAR MULT
8141B	8032B	2B		5B	SCALAR MULT
2B	8032B	3B		7B	POST MULT BY PHI(TR)
3B		8000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 8
--10B			8003B	0B	CYCLE M TIMES
	8000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 8
					+

8350B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8750B		0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8(SCRATCH)
	-15000000B		0B	REW 15(EXCITATIONS)
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16(MODE SHAPES)
16000000B		8000B	0B	READ M-1,K,N
16000000B		8007B	0B	READ K TERMS
8004B		8006B	27B	COPY K
16000000B		8041B	0B	READ PHI(I)
8247B			29B	CLEAR 103 CELLS
8248B			1B	27B
8249B			8005B	27B
8006B			8010B	27B
-1014B			1B	27B
16000000B		8144B	0B	READ PHI(J)
15000000B		1B	0B	READ CQ(I,J) MATRIX
8041B	1B	2B	8B	PHI(I)TRANSP*CQ(I,J)
2B	8144B	3B	6B	MULT BY PHI(J)
8144B		4B	9B	PHI(J)TRANSP
3B	4B	8247B	30B	MULT + ADD
-6B			8006B	0B
8041B	8247B	1B	6B	CYCLE J=I+1,I+K
1B		8000000B	0B	MULT SUM J BY PHI(I)
-15B			8003B	0B
	-16000000B		0B	STORE SUM OF J ON 8
	16000002B		0B	CYCLE I=1,M-1
			0B	REW 16
-1144B			8003B	33B
-20B			2B	0B
	8000000B		0B	0B
				SKIP 2 MATRICES ON 16
				REDUCE K LOC
				CYCLE BACK FOR IMAG
				WRITE EOF ON 8
				+
8010B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B		0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B		0B	REW 3 (JD)
	-15000000B		0B	REW 15
3000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAM(CYCLE CNT)
	-10000000B		0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
3000000B		1B	0B	READ JD
	10001000B		0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		2B	0B	READ STRESSES(S)
2B	1B	3B	6B	(S)*(JD)
3B	2B	4B	7B	(S)*(JD)*(S)TRANSP
4B		15000000B	0B	STORE ON TAPE 15
-4B			8003B	0B
-8B			8004B	0B
	15000000B		0B	0B
				WRITE EOF ON 15
				+
8150B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8350B		0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8(SCRATCH)
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11(DIAG SCALARS)
	-17000000B		0B	REW 17(CFW-NXN)
11000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAMETER M
11000000B		8004B	0B	READ DIAG SCALARS
11000000B		8032B	0B	READ MODES(PHI)
17000000B		1B	0B	READ CFW
8032B	1B	2B	8B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW
2B	8032B	1B	6B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW*PHI
8007B		8136B	27B	READY NEXT SCALAR

-1011B			1B	27B	
8136B	1B	8138B		5B	SCALAR MULT
8141B	8032B	2B		5B	SCALAR MULT
2B	8032B	3B		7B	POST MULT BY PHI(TR)
3B		8000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 8
-10B			8003B	0B	CYCLE M TIMES
	8000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 8
					+
8350B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8750B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B			0B	REW 8(SCRATCH)
	-15000000B			0B	REW 15(EXCITATIONS)
	-16000000B			0B	REW 16(MODE SHAPES)
16000000B		8000B		0B	READ M-1,K,N
16000000B		8007B		0B	READ K TERMS
8004B		8006B		27B	COPY K
16000000B		8041B		0B	READ PHI(I)
8247B			103B	29B	CLEAR 103 CELLS
8248B			1B	27B	SET ROW DIM
8249B			8005B	27B	SET COL DIM
8006B			8010B	27B	READY NEXT K
-1014B			1B	27B	
16000000B		8144B		0B	READ PHI(J)
15000000B		1B		0B	READ CQ(I,J) MATRIX
8041B	1B	2B		8B	PHI(I)TRANSP*CQ(I,J)
2B	8144B	3B		6B	MULT BY PHI(J)
8144B		4B		9B	PHI(J)TRANSP
3B	4B	8247B		30B	MULT + ADD
-6B			8006B	0B	CYCLE J=I+1,I+K
8041B	8247B	1B		6B	MULT SUM J BY PHI(I)
1B		8000000B		0B	STORE SUM OF J ON 8
-15B			8003B	0B	CYCLE I=1,M-1
	-16000000B			0B	REW 16
	16000002B			0B	SKIP 2 MATRICES ON 16
-1144B			8003B	33B	REDUCE K LOC
-20B			2B	0B	CYCLE BACK FOR IMAG
	8000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 8
					+
8010B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B			0B	REW 3 (JD)
	-15000000B			0B	REW 15
3000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAM(CYCLE CNT)
	-10000000B			0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
3000000B		1B		0B	READ JD
	10001000B			0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		2B		0B	READ STRESSES(S)
2B	1B	3B		6B	(S)*(JD)
3B	2B	4B		7B	(S)*(JD)*(S)TRANSP
4B		15000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 15
-4B			8003B	0B	CYCLE
-8B			8004B	0B	CYCLE NF TIMES
	15000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 15
					+
8150B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8350B			0B	PARTITION CORE

	-8000000B		0B	REW 8 (SCRATCH)
	-2000000B		0B	REW 2 (SCALARS)
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11(MODES)
	-17000000B		0B	REW 17(CFW)
2000000B		8000B	0B	READ M,NF
2000000B		8006B	0B	READ SCALARS
	-11000000B		0B	REW 11(MODES)
	17001000B		0B	SKIP EOF ON 17
11000000B		8034B	0B	READ MODES(PHI)
17000000B		1B	0B	READ CFW
8034B	1B	2B	8B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW
2B	8034B	1B	6B	PHI(TRANSP)*CFW*PHI
8009B		8137B	27B	READY NEXT SCALAR
-1011B			27B	
8137B	1B	8140B	5B	SCALAR MULT
8143B	8034B	2B	5B	SCALAR MULT
8034B		3B	9B	PHI(TRANSP)
2B	3B	4B	6B	MULT
	-17001000B		0B	BACKSPACE 1 EOF
4B		8000000B	0B	STORE ON TAPE 8
-12B			0B	CYCLE M TIMES
-1091B		8003B	0B	RESTORE SCALAR CELLS
-17B		8005B	33B	CYCLE NFREQ TIMES
				+
8350B			0B	LOAD AND EXECUTE
	8750B		0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8(SCRATCH)
	-15000000B		0B	REW 15(EXCITATIONS)
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16(MODE SHAPES)
16000000B		8000B	0B	READ M-1,K,N,NFREQ
16000000B		8008B	0B	READ K OFF-DIAG TERMS
8004B		8007B	27B	COPY K
16000000B		8035B	0B	READ PHI(I)
8241B			103B	CLEAR 103 CELLS
8242B			1B	ADD ROW DIM
8243B			8005B	ADD COL DIM
8007B			8011B	READY NEXT K
-1014B			1B	27B
16000000B		8138B	0B	READ PHI(J)
15000000B		1B	0B	READ C(I,J) MATRIX
8035B	1B	2B	8B	PHI(I)TRANSP*CQ(I,J)
2B	8138B	3B	6B	MULT BY PHI(J)
8138B		4B	9B	PHI(J)TRANSP
3B	4B	8241B	30B	MULT + ADD
-6B			8007B	0B
8035B	8241B	1B	6B	CYCLE J=I+1,I+K
1B		8000000B	0B	MULT BY PHI(I)
-15B			8003B	0B
	-16000000B		0B	STORE SUM OF J ON 8
	16000002B		0B	CYCLE I = 1,M-1
-1144B			8003B	0B
-20B			8006B	0B
-21B			2B	0B
	8000000B		0B	0B
				+
8010B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B		0B	PARTITION CORE
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8 (PARAM-CPSD)

	-10000000B		0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
	-15000000B		0B	REW 15
8000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAM
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
	10001000B		0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		1B	0B	READ STRESS
	8000001B		0B	SKIP 1 MATRIX
8000000B		2B	0B	READ CPSD
1B	2B	3B	6B	S*CPSD
3B	1B	4B	7B	S*CPSD*S TRANP
4B		15000000B	0B	STORE ON TAPE 15
-4B			0B	CYCLE REAL,IMAG
	-8000000B		0B	REW 8
-8B			0B	CYCLE STRESSES
	15000000B		0B	WRITE EOF ON 15

+

8010B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	-12000000B		0B	REW 12 (OUTPUT)
	-14000000B		0B	REW 14 (PARAM)
	-15000000B		0B	REW 15 (A-REAL )
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16 ( B-IMAG )
	12000000B		0B	WRITE EOF ON 12
	8200B		0B	PARTITION CORE
14000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAM
15000000B		1B	0B	READ A
1B		1B	18B	A(INVERSE)
16000000B		2B	0B	READ B
1B	2B	3B	6B	A(INV)*B
2B	3B	1B	6B	B*A(INV)*B
15000000B		2B	0B	READ A
2B	1B	2B	1B	A+B*A(INV)*B
3B		1B	0B	COPY A(INV)*B
2B		2B	18B	{A+B*A(INV)*B} INV
1B	2B	3B	6B	MULT - IMAG
2B		12000000B	0B	SAVE J - REAL
3B		12000000B	0B	SAVE L - IMAG
	12000000B		0B	WRITE EOF ON 12
-13B			0B	CYCLE NF TIMES

+

8010B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8500B		0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B		0B	REW 3 -SCRATCH
	-12000000B		0B	REW 12 (L AND J)
	-14000000B		0B	REW 14 ( PARAM )
	-15000000B		0B	REW 15 (OUT-REAL)
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16 ( OUT-IMAG)
	-17000000B		0B	REW 17-QF AND CF MAT.
14000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAM
	12001000B		0B	SKIP 1 EOF
	17001000B		0B	SKIP PAST 1 EOF
12000000B		1B	0B	READ L MATRIX
17000000B		2B	0B	READ QF MATRIX
2B	1B	3B	6B	MULT QF*L
3B		1B	0B	COPY
17000000B		2B	0B	READ CF MATRIX
12000000B		3B	0B	READ J MATRIX
2B	3B	1B	30B	CF*J + QF*L = X

3B	1B	2B	6B	J*X
2B		3000000B	0B	STORE ON TAPE 3
	-12001000B		0B	BACKSPACE 1 EOF
12000000B		2B	0B	READ L MATRIX
2B	1B	3B	6B	MULT L*X MATRIX
3B		3000000B	0B	STORE ON TAPE 3
	3000000B		0B	WRITE EOF ON 3
12000000B		1B	0B	READ J MATRIX
	-17001000B		0B	BACKSPACE PAST 1 EOF
17000000B		2B	0B	READ QF MATRIX
2B	1B	3B	6B	MULT QF*J
3B		1B	0B	COPY
1B	1B	2B	1B	ADD QF*J + QF*J=Y
1B	2B	1B	2B	SUBT QF*J - Y = -QF*J
17000000B		2B	0B	READ CF MATRIX
	-12001000B		0B	BACKSPACE 1 EOF
12000000B		3B	0B	READ L MATRIX
2B	3B	1B	30B	CF*L - QF*J = Z
3B	1B	2B	6B	MULT L*Z
	-3000000B		0B	REW 3
3000000B		3B	0B	READ REAL
2B	3B	2B	1B	TOTAL REAL
2B		15000000B	0B	STORE REAL
12000000B		2B	0B	READ J MATRIX
2B	1B	3B	6B	MULT J*Z
3000000B		1B	0B	READ IMAG
1B	3B	1B	2B	IMAG
1B		16000000B	0B	STORE IMAG
-37B			0B	CYCLE NF TIMES
	15000000B	8005B	0B	WRITE EOF ON 15
	16000000B		0B	WRITE EOF ON 16
				+
8010B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B		0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B		0B	REW 3
	-10000000B		0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
	-14000000B		0B	REW 14 (PARAM)
	-15000000B		0B	REW 15 (REAL-CPSD)
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16 (IMAG-CPSD)
14000000B		8000B	0B	READ PARAM
	10001000B		0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		1B	0B	READ STRESS
15000000B		2B	0B	READ REAL CPSD
1B	2B	3B	6B	S*CPSD-REAL
3B	1B	4B	7B	S*CPSD*S TRANP
4B		3000000B	0B	STORE ON TAPE 3
16000000B		2B	0B	READ IMAG CPSD
1B	2B	3B	6B	S*CPSD IMAG
3B	1B	4B	7B	S*CPSD*S TRANP
4B		3000000B	0B	STORE ON TAPE 3
-8B			0B	CYCLE NF TIMES
	-15000000B	8005B	0B	REW 15 REAL CPSD
	-16000000B		0B	REW 16 IMAG CPSD
-12B			0B	CYCLE STRESSES
	3000000B	8007B	0B	WRITE EOF ON TAPE 3
				+
8200B			0B	LOAD + EXECUTE

	8500B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-4000000B			0B	REW 4 (CONSTANTS)
	-12000000B			0B	REW 12 (OUTPUT)
	-14000000B			0B	REW 14 (PARAM)
	-15000000B			0B	REW 15 (REAL-CPSD)
	-16000000B			0B	REW 16 (IMAG-CPSD)
14000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAM
4000000B		8010B		0B	READ CONSTANTS
1014B			8004B	27B	
8500B				29B	NULL MATRIX
8501B			8003B	27B	ADD ROW DIM
8502B			8003B	27B	ADD COL DIM
8013B		8199B		27B	
-1011B			1B	27B	READY NEXT SCL
15000000B		2B		0B	READ A MATRIX
8199B	2B	2B		5B	A*SCL
2B	1B	1B		1B	SUM
-5B			8005B	0B	CYCLE FREQ
1B		12000000B		0B	STORE JD
-1071B			8005B	33B	SET LOC AGAIN
-1061B	-1B		1000000B	27B	SET TO TAPE 16
-13B			2B	0B	CYCLE BACK FOR IM
	12000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON 12

+

8010B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B			0B	REW 3
	-12000000B			0B	REW 12(JD)
	-14000000B			0B	REW 14(PARAM)
14000000B		8000B		0B	READ PARAM
	-10000000B			0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
12000000B		1B		0B	READ JD
	10001000B			0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		2B		0B	READ STRESS
2B	1B	3B		6B	S*JD
3B	2B	4B		7B	S*JD*S TRANP
4B		3000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 3
-4B			8007B	0B	CYCLE
-8B			2B	0B	CYCLE REAL,IMAG
	3000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON TAPE 3

+

8010B				0B	LOAD + EXECUTE
	8200B			0B	PARTITION CORE
	-3000000B			0B	REW 3
	-12000000B			0B	REW 12 (JD)
	-14000000B			0B	REW 14 (PARAM)
14000000B		8000B		0B	TEAD PARAM
	-10000000B			0B	REW 10 (STRESSES)
12000000B		1B		0B	READ JD
	10001000B			0B	SKIP 1 EOF ON 10
10000000B		2B		0B	READ STRESS
2B	1B	3B		6B	S*JD
3B	2B	4B		7B	S*JD*S TRANP
4B		3000000B		0B	STORE ON TAPE 3
-4B			8007B	0B	CYCLE
-8B			2B	0B	CYCLE REAL,IMAG
	3000000B			0B	WRITE EOF ON TAPE 3

+

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13. ABSTRACT A programming description is presented for a computer program developed to aid in the design of sonic-fatigue-resistant aircraft structure. The computer program is written in FORTRAN IV and MAP for the IBM 7094 Mod. II. The program employs matrix structural analysis methods to calculate statistical measurements of response (deflection and stress) for complex structure subjected to pressure loads random in both time and space. The program is organized into two phases, each performed separately. The phases are further organized in modular form for ease of maintenance and/or modification.			

14. KEY WORDS	LINK A		LINK B		LINK C	
	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT
Computer Program Description Digital Computer Program Matrix Structural Analysis Methods Finite-Element Structural Methods Random-Vibration Analysis System Acoustic Vibration Analysis System Structural Vibration Analysis System Stiffness Matrix Eigen values Random Fluctuating Pressure Loads						