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Technical Report No. 50 ✓

STATISTICAL PERT: DECOMPOSING  
A PROJECT NETWORK

by

R. L. Sielken Jr. and N. E. Fisher

Texas A&M Research Foundation  
Office of Naval Research  
Contract N00014-68-A-0140  
Project NR047-700

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ATTACHMENT I

STATISTICAL PERT: DECOMPOSING A PROJECT NETWORK

by

R. L. Sielken Jr. and N. E. Fisher

THEMIS OPTIMIZATION RESEARCH PROGRAM  
Technical Report No. 50

INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS  
Texas A&M University  
November 1975

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ATTACHMENT II

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## ABSTRACT



Statistical PERT is a new procedure for obtaining information about the distribution of a project's completion time when the project is comprised of a large number of activities and the time required to complete an individual activity once it can be begun is a random variable. The project is represented as an acyclic network whose arcs correspond to the project activities. This network is simplified by replacing various activity configurations by single equivalent activities and then decomposed into several subnetworks. The distribution and moments of each subnetwork's completion time are bounded and approximated on the basis of two points from each activity's completion time distribution by using some mathematical programming techniques and a new result in the theory of networks. The project's completion time distribution is then approximated by combining the approximate subnetwork distributions.

→ This report documents two computer programs. The first program BREAKUP decomposes a project network into several subnetworks which are connected in either series or parallel in the project network. The second program LOOP checks a given project network for loops (cycles) since any loop would contradict the assumed acyclic structure of the project network.



## BREAKUP

### General Description:

This program "breaks up" a network into a set of subnetworks which can be linked together either in series or parallel to yield the given network. This breakup is complete in the sense that none of the subnetworks in the set can be further broken up.

The basic breakup procedure involves two main subroutines, BUNDLE and CUT. BUNDLE partitions the activities in a given network or subnetwork into parallel subnetworks connecting the network's source and sink. CUT identifies the cut nodes in a given network or subnetwork and then identifies the sets of activities between each of the consecutive cut nodes. This series of activity sets represents a breakup of the given network or subnetwork into subnetworks in series. The complete breakup of the given network is the following sequential procedure:

- (1) Use BUNDLE to identify the parallel subnetworks connecting the source and sink of the network..
- (2) Use CUT separately on each parallel subnetwork identified in the previous step - (1) or (3) -, and breakup the parallel subnetwork into subnetworks in series. If no such breakup is possible for a parallel subnetwork, that subnetwork is not considered again. If no new series subnetwork is identified in this entire step, stop. Otherwise go to (3).
- (3) Use BUNDLE separately on each series subnetwork identified in (2). If BUNDLE cannot breakup a series subnetwork, that subnetwork is not considered again. If no new parallel subnetwork is identified in this entire step,

A schematic example of this procedure accompanies the sample problem.

Specific Input Instructions:

- Card 1. Col. 1-3: The number of arcs in the network, Format (I3).  
Col. 4-6: The number of the node which is the source node,  
Format (I3).  
Col. 7-9: The number of the node which is the sink node,  
Format (I3).  
Col. 10-12: The largest node number in the network, Format (I3).

For each activity one card with:

- Col. 1-3: The activity's number, Format (I3).  
Col. 4-6: The activity's origin node number, Format (I3).  
Col. 7-9: The activity's terminal node number, Format (I3).

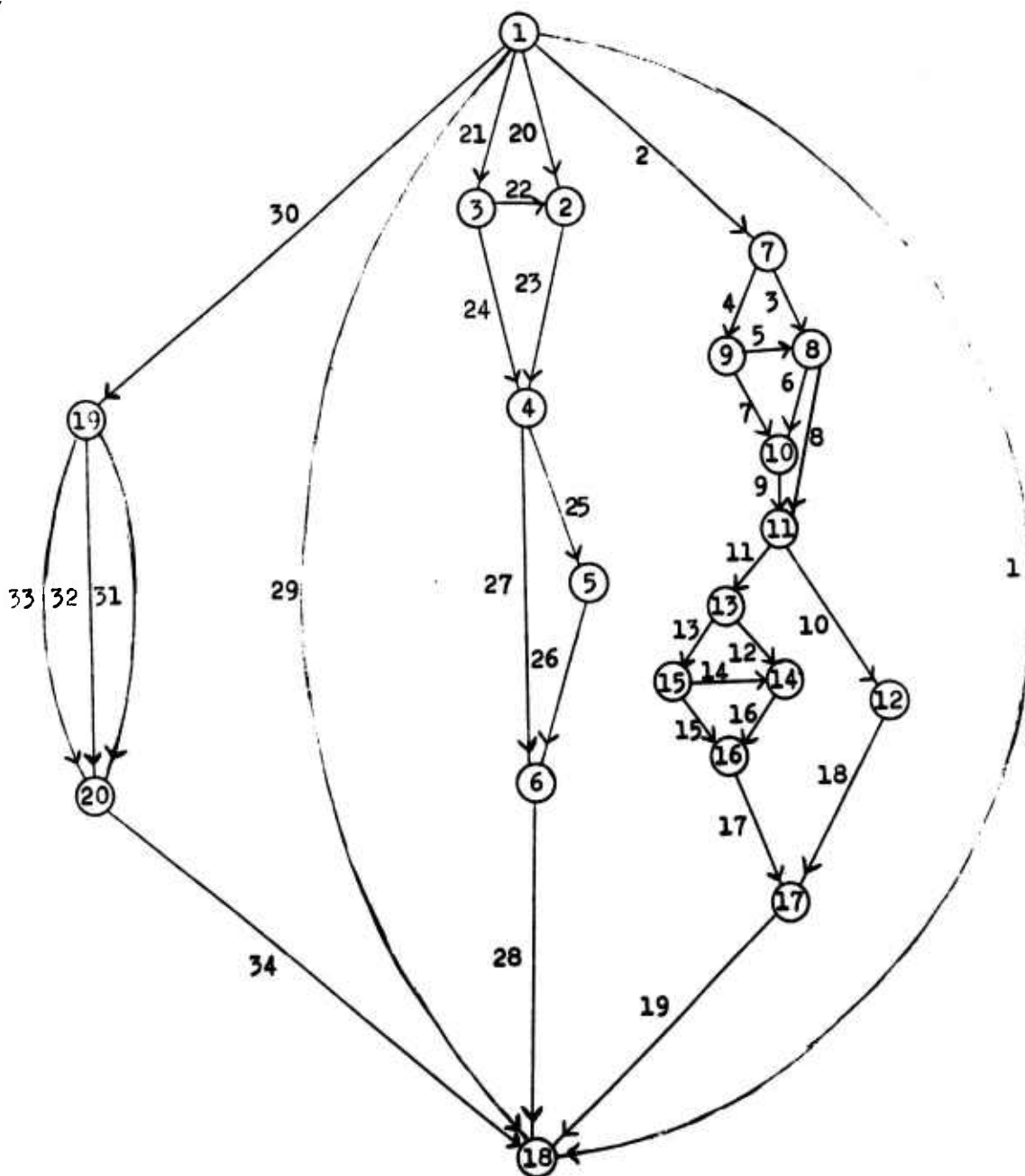
The activities and nodes may be numbered in any way and may be read in  
in any order.

Dimension Restrictions:

Currently this program will accomodate a network that has a  
maximum of 300 nodes and a maximum of 300 arcs. It can store a  
maximum of 100 subnetworks with each subnetwork having a maximum  
of 300 arcs.

This program is written in FORTRAN G.

## SAMPLE NETWORK





34 1 18 20  
2 1 7  
15 15 16  
12 13 14  
27 4 6  
3 7 3  
28 6 18  
29 1 13  
4 7 9  
5 9 8  
13 13 15  
6 8 10  
15 14 16  
17 16 17  
14 15 14  
7 9 10  
18 12 17  
30 1 19  
19 17 18  
8 8 11  
20 1 2  
31 19 20  
21 1 3  
9 10 11  
10 11 12  
22 3 2  
23 2 4  
32 19 20  
33 19 20  
34 20 18  
24 3 4  
25 4 5  
26 5 6  
1 1 18  
11 11 13

## INPUT STAGE

THE INITIAL NETWORK HAS 34 ARCS  
 THE SOURCE IS NODE NUMBER 1  
 THE SINK IS NODE NUMBER 18  
 THE LARGEST NODE IS NODE NUMBER 20  
 THE INITIAL NETWORK AS READ IN IS:

| ARC NUMBER | ORIGIN NODE | TERMINAL NODE |
|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 2          | 1           | 7             |
| 15         | 15          | 16            |
| 12         | 13          | 14            |
| 27         | 4           | 6             |
| 3          | 7           | 8             |
| 28         | 6           | 18            |
| 29         | 1           | 18            |
| 4          | 7           | 9             |
| 5          | 9           | 3             |
| 13         | 13          | 15            |
| 6          | 8           | 10            |
| 16         | 14          | 16            |
| 17         | 16          | 17            |
| 14         | 15          | 14            |
| 7          | 9           | 10            |
| 18         | 12          | 17            |
| 30         | 1           | 19            |
| 19         | 17          | 18            |
| 3          | 8           | 11            |
| 20         | 1           | 2             |
| 31         | 19          | 20            |
| 21         | 1           | 3             |
| 9          | 10          | 11            |
| 10         | 11          | 12            |
| 22         | 3           | 2             |
| 23         | 2           | 4             |
| 32         | 19          | 20            |
| 33         | 19          | 20            |
| 34         | 20          | 18            |
| 24         | 3           | 4             |
| 25         | 4           | 5             |
| 26         | 5           | 6             |
| 1          | 1           | 18            |
| 11         | 11          | 13            |

SUBNETWORK 1 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

2, 3, 4, 5, 6,

IN PARALLEL

SUBNETWORK 2 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

7, 8, 9, 10,

IN SERIES

SUBNETWORK 3 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

11, 12, 13,

IN SERIES

SUBNETWORK 4 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 1

SINK NODE = 18

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 29  | 1      | 18     |

SUBNETWORK 5 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

14, 15, 16,

IN SERIES

SUBNETWORK 6 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 1

SINK NODE = 18

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 1   | 1      | 18     |

SUBNETWORK 7 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 1

SINK NODE = 7

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 2   | 1      | 7      |

SUBNETWORK 8 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 7

SINK NODE = 11

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 3   | 7      | 8      |
| 4   | 7      | 9      |
| 6   | 8      | 10     |
| 8   | 8      | 11     |
| 5   | 9      | 8      |
| 7   | 9      | 10     |
| 9   | 10     | 11     |

SUBNETWORK 9 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

17, 18,

IN PARALLEL

SUBNETWORK 10 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 17

SINK NODE = 18

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 19  | 17     | 18     |

SUBNETWORK 11 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 1

SINK NODE = 4

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 20  | 1      | 2      |
| 21  | 1      | 3      |
| 23  | 2      | 4      |
| 22  | 3      | 2      |
| 24  | 3      | 4      |

SUBNETWORK 12 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

19, 20,

IN PARALLEL

SUBNETWORK 13 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 6

SINK NODE = 18

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 28  | 6      | 18     |

SUBNETWORK 14 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 1

SINK NODE = 19

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 30  | 1      | 19     |

SUBNETWORK 15 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

21, 22, 23,

IN PARALLEL

SUBNETWORK 16 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 20

SINK NODE = 18

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 34  | 20     | 18     |

## STAGE 3 BREAKUP

SUBNETWORK 17 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

24, 25,

IN SERIES

SUBNETWORK 18 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

26, 27, 28,

IN SERIES

SUBNETWORK 19 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 4

SINK NODE = 6

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 27  | 4      | 6      |

SUBNETWORK 20 IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS:

29, 30,

IN SERIES

SUBNETWORK 21 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 19

SINK NODE = 20

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 31  | 19     | 20     |

SUBNETWORK 22 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 19

SINK NODE = 20

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 32  | 19     | 20     |

SUBNETWORK 23 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 19

SINK NODE = 20

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 33  | 19     | 20     |

SUBNETWORK 24 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 11

SINK NODE = 12

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 10  | 11     | 12     |

SUBNETWORK 25 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 12

SINK NODE = 17

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 18  | 12     | 17     |

SUBNETWORK 26 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 11

SINK NODE = 13

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 11  | 11     | 13     |

SUBNETWORK 27 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 13

SINK NODE = 16

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 12  | 13     | 14     |
| 13  | 13     | 15     |
| 16  | 14     | 16     |
| 15  | 15     | 16     |
| 14  | 15     | 14     |

SUBNETWORK 28 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 16



SINK NODE = 17

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 17  | 16     | 17     |

SUBNETWORK 29 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 4

SINK NODE = 5

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 25  | 4      | 5      |

SUBNETWORK 30 IS A MINIMUM NETWORK  
IT IS COMPOSED OF:

SOURCE NODE = 5

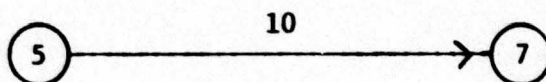
SINK NODE = 6

| ARC | S(ARC) | T(ARC) |
|-----|--------|--------|
| 26  | 5      | 6      |

## SAMPLE PROBLEM: SCHEMATIC REPRESENTATION

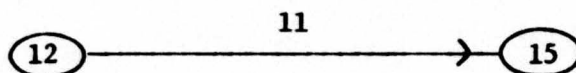
## BREAKUP

Arcs are designated as follows:

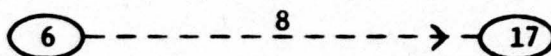


The arc number is written above or to the left of the arc activity line. The arrowhead indicates the direction of the activity. The circled numbers are node numbers. In this case the arc depicted is arc number 10, flowing from left to right with beginning node 5 and terminating node 7.

Subnetworks are designated as follows:



The subnetwork number is written above or to the left of the network activity direction line. The arrowhead indicates the direction of the subnetwork activity. The numbers enclosed in ovals are source and sink nodes. In this case the subnetwork depicted is subnetwork 11, flowing from left to right with source node 12 and sink node 15. A solid activity direction line indicates the subnetwork is a minimum network. A broken line indicates the subnetwork must be considered by at least one more subroutine of the BREAKUP program.

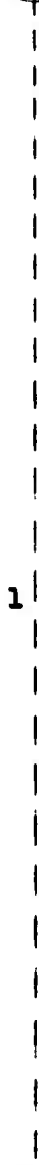


The above figure indicates subnetwork 8, flowing from left to right with source node 6 and sink node 17, is not yet a minimum network.

In the BREAKUP diagrams, the decomposition of the initial network is finished when all subnetworks are minimum networks, e.g. all lines are solid.

## INITIAL NETWORK

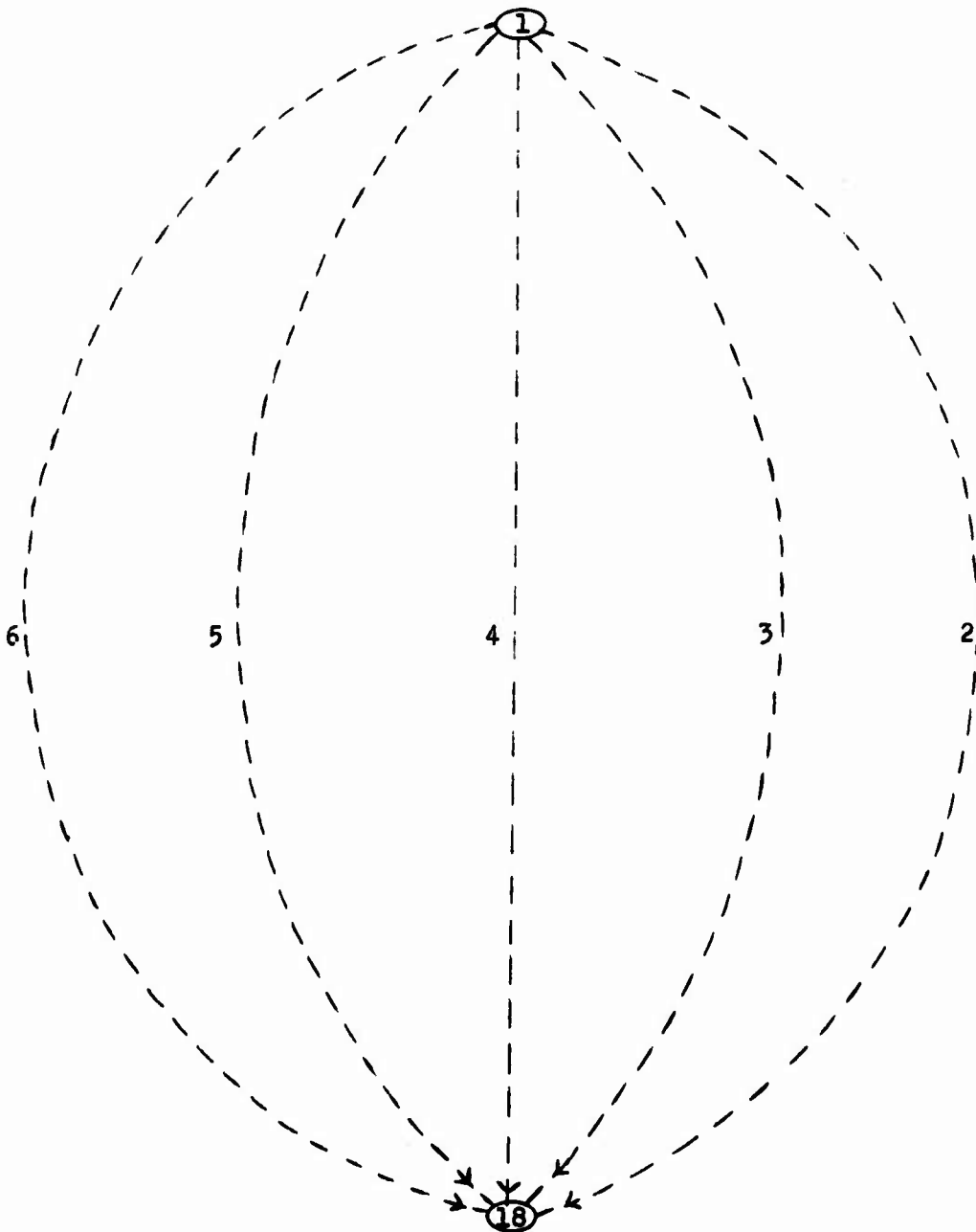
①



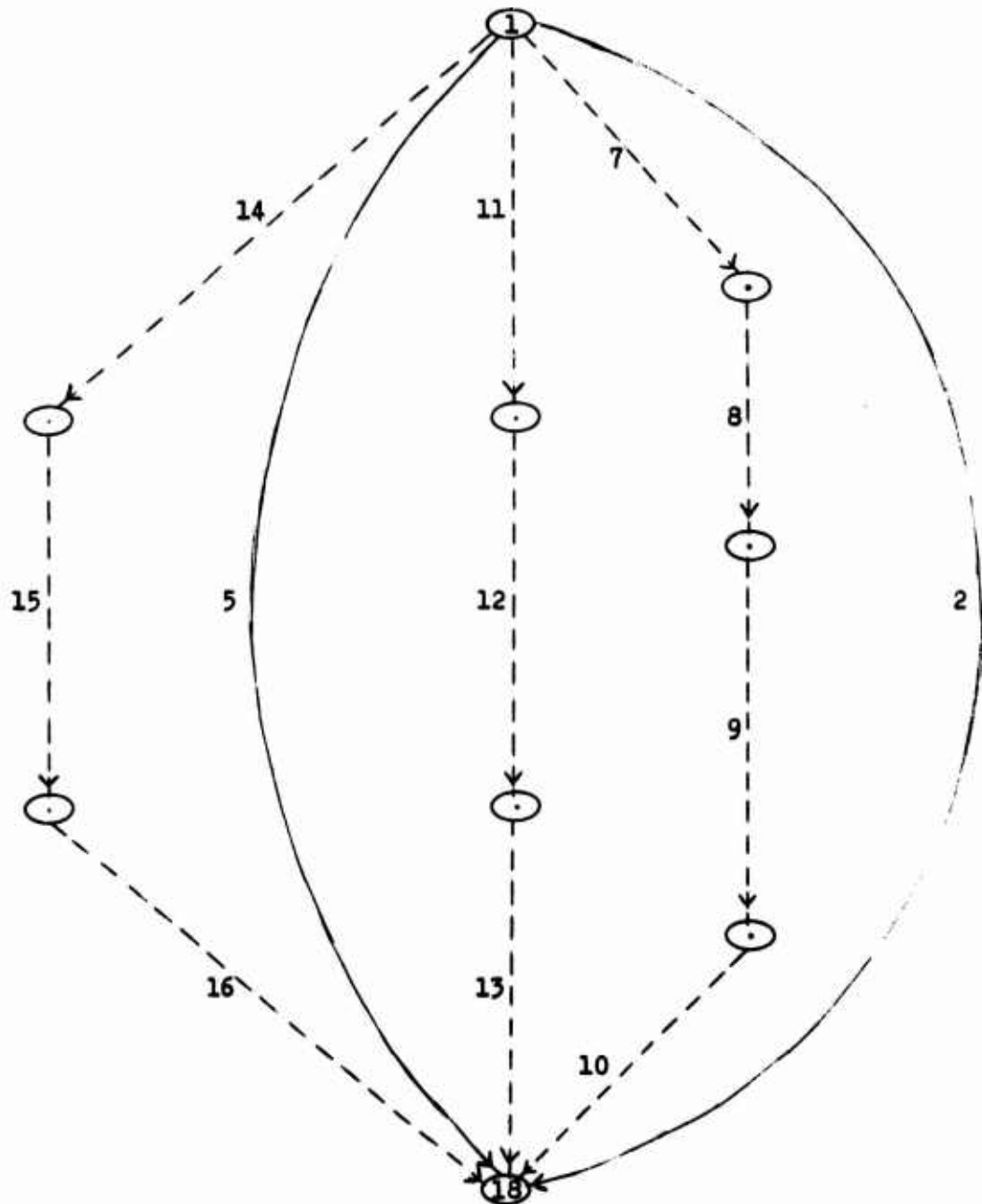
1

⑱

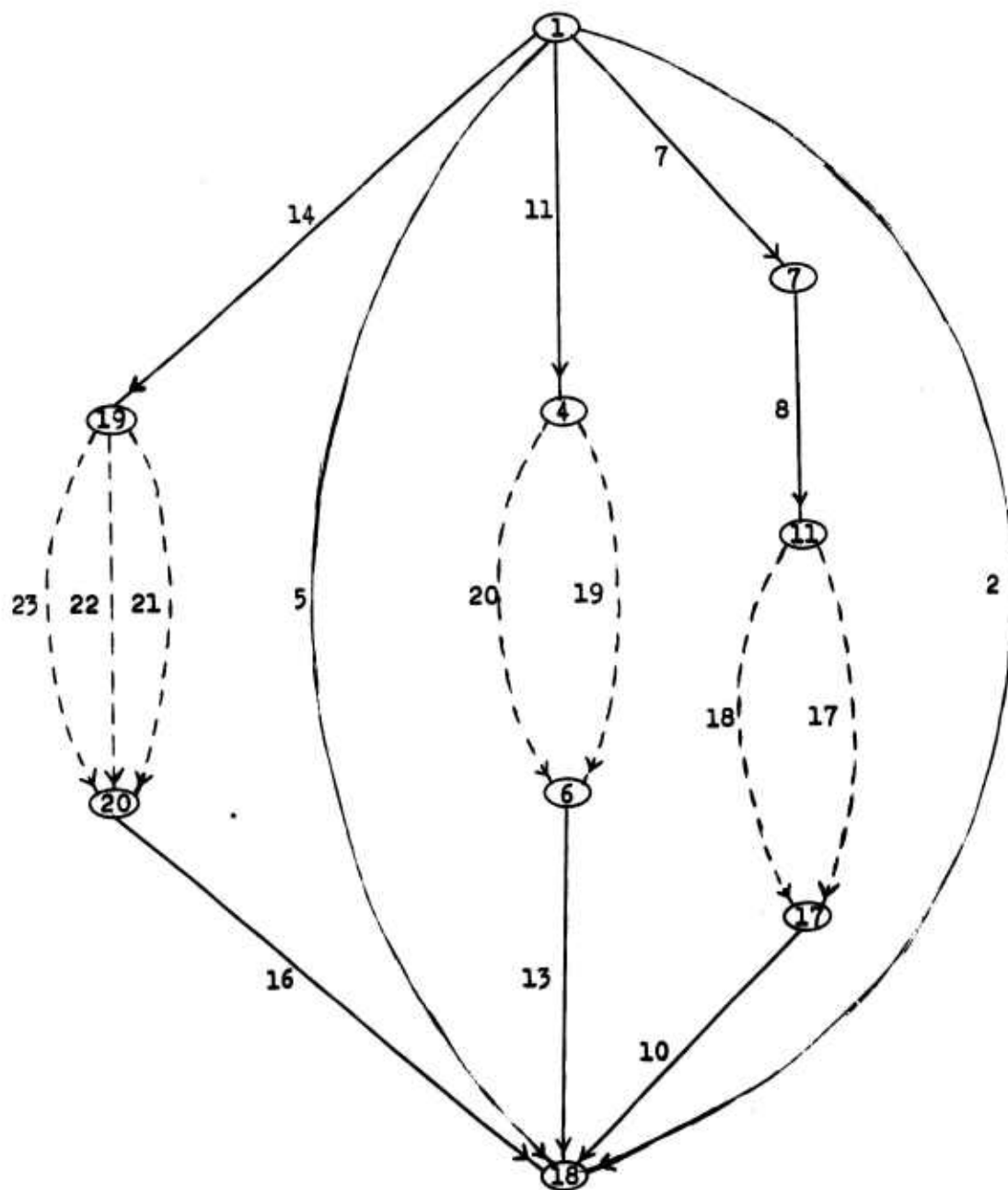
## INPUT STAGE



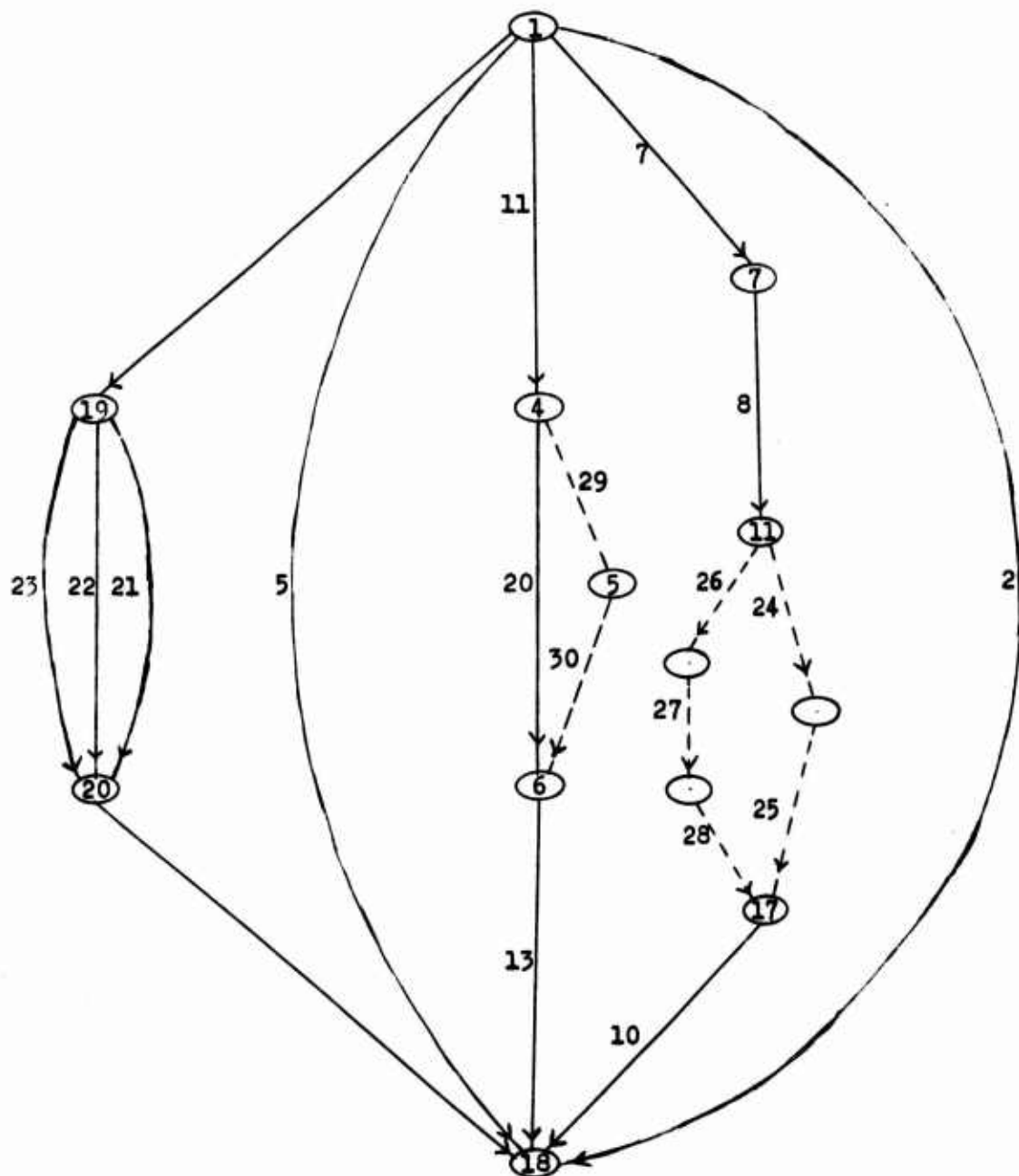
## STAGE 1



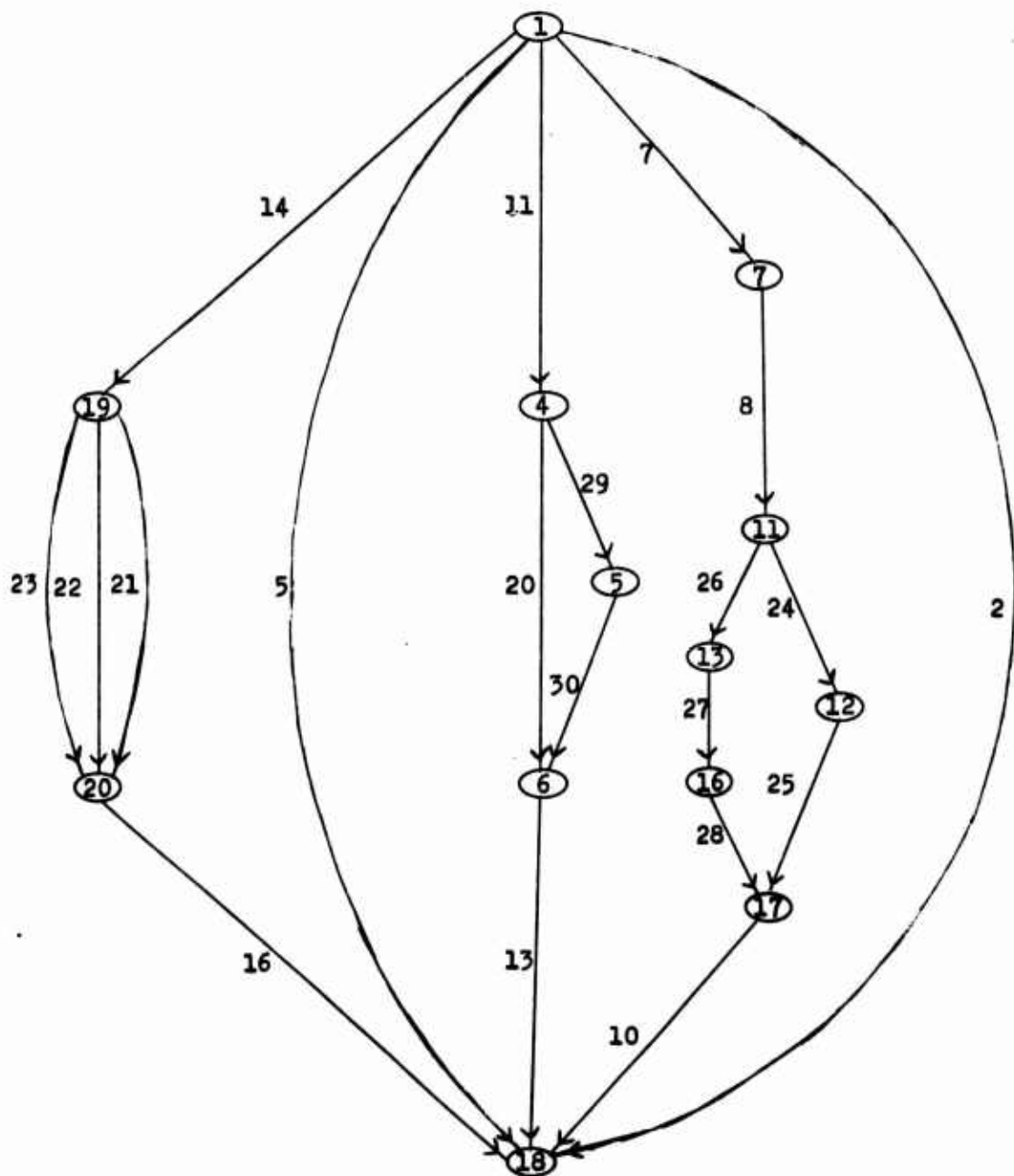
## STAGE 2



## STAGE 3

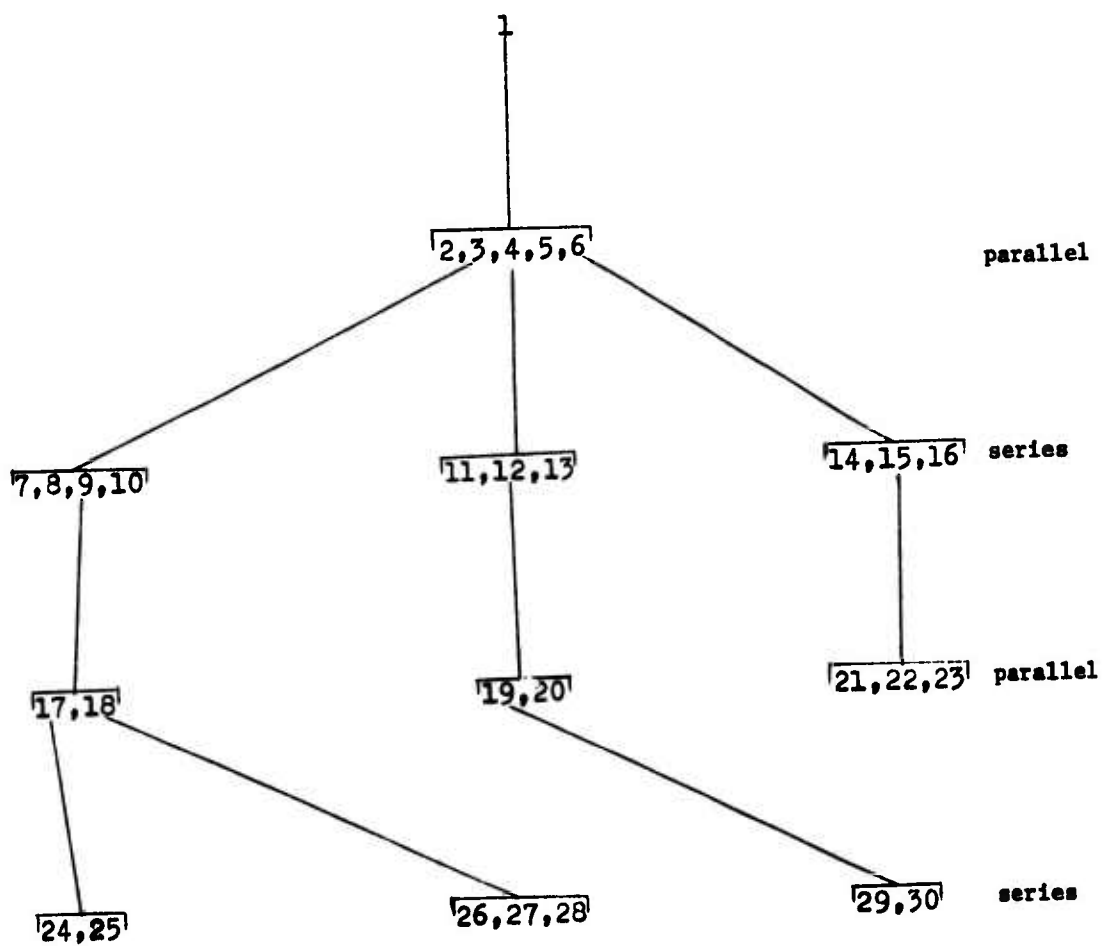


## STAGE 4





## BREAKUP FLOW



## PROGRAM BREAKUP

BREAKUP IDENTIFIES PARALLEL SUBNETWORKS AND SERIES SUBNETWORKS

MORE THAN ONE NETWORK MAY BE DECOMPOSED DURING A RUN.  
SEPARATE THE DATA FOR EACH SUBNETWORK BY A BLANK CARD

THE FOLLOWING IS AN ALPHABETICAL LISTING OF THE VARIABLES AND  
ARRAYS THAT ARE USED IN THIS MAIN PROGRAM AND ITS SUBROUTINES

ARCS = THE NUMBER OF ARCS IN THE SUBNETWORK

BDNUM(I) = THE BUNDLE NUMBER TO WHICH NODE I IS ASSIGNED

CHECK = ARRAY USED TO STORE ARCS HAVING THE SOURCE AND THE  
SINK AS THEIR ONLY NODESCTNSUB = THE TEMPORARY NUMBER OF SUBNETWORKS FOUND IN THE  
PREVIOUS STEP

LNODEN = THE LARGEST NODE NUMBER BEING READ IN

MAXND = THE LARGEST NODE NUMBER THAT HAS ALREADY BEEN ASSIGNED  
AT LEAST TEMPORARILY TO A BUNDLE

NARCSS(I) = THE NUMBER OF ARCS IN SUBNETWORK I

NSUB = THE TOTAL OF SUBNETWORKS THUS FAR

NTARC = THE NUMBER OF ARCS IN THIS SUBNETWORK

NUMBD = THE NUMBER OF BUNDLES CREATED

S(I) = THE STARTING NODE FOR ARC I

SINK = THE NODE NUMBER CORRESPONDING TO THE SINK

SINKS(I) = THE SINK IN SUBNETWORK I

SOURC(I) = SOURCE NODE IN SUBNETWORK I

SOURCE = THE NODE NUMBER CORRESPONDING TO THE SOURCE

STEP = STAGE NUMBER

SUBNET(I,J) = THE ITH ARC IN THE JTH SUBNETWORK

SUMARC = THE CURRENT NUMBER OF ARCS IN SUBNETWORK NSUB

T(I) = THE TERMINATING NODE FOR ARC I

TARC = THE SUBNETWORK WITHOUT THE ARCS INVCLVING NODE K

TLNDEN = TEMPORARY LARGEST NODE NUMBER

TNSUB = THE NUMBER OF SUBNETWORKS CREATED IN THE CURRENT STAGE

TSNSUB = THE TEMPORARY SUBNETWORK BEING USED IN STAGE  
SUBROUTINE

TSUBN = THE NUMBER OF THE SUBNETWORK CURRENTLY BEING CONSIDERED

TYPESN = THE TYPE OF SUBNETWORK BEING CONSIDERED:

1 = BUNDLE SUBNETWORK 2 = CUT SUBNETWORK

A MINIMUM SUBNETWORK IS ONE THAT IS NOT COMPOSED OF SMALLER  
SUBNETWORKS

IMPLICIT INTEGER\*2 (A-Z)

COMMON NSUB,TNSUB,S,T,SUBNET,SOURC,SINKS,NARCSS

DIMENSION S(300),T(300),SUBNET(300,100),SOURC(100)

DIMENSION SINKS(100),NARCSS(100)

THIS PROGRAM WILL ACCCOMODATE A NETWORK THAT HAS A MAXIMUM OF  
300 NODES, A MAXIMUM OF 300 ARCS AND CAN STORE A MAXIMUM OF  
100 SUBNETWORKS IN THE BREAKUP PROCESS

NA = THE NUMBER OF ARCS IN THE NETWORK TO BE CONSIDERED

NS = THE TOTAL NUMBER OF POSSIBLE SUBNETWORKS IN THE BREAKUP  
PROCESS

IN THE CASE WHERE NO GOOD ESTIMATE CAN BE MADE OF NS, USE NA

|      |                                                                |     |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| C    | FOR ALL DIMENSIONS                                             | 60  |
| C    | THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS ARE:                                      | 61  |
| C    | S(NA),T(NA),SUBNET(NA,NS),SOURC(NS),SINKS(NS),NARCSS(NS)       | 62  |
| C    |                                                                | 63  |
| C    | IN SUBROUTINE BUNDLE THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS ARE:                 | 64  |
| C    | BDNUM(NS),CHECK(NS)                                            | 65  |
| C    |                                                                | 66  |
| C    | IN SUBROUTINE CUT THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS ARE:                    | 67  |
| C    | ORIGIN(NS),POST(NS),TARC(NS),RCUT(NA)                          | 68  |
| C    |                                                                | 69  |
| C    | READ THE NETWORK IN                                            | 70  |
| C    |                                                                | 71  |
| 6000 | CALL NETIN (LNODEN)                                            | 72  |
|      | STEP=1                                                         | 73  |
|      | TYPESEN=1                                                      | 74  |
|      | TSUBN=1                                                        | 75  |
|      | CALL BUNDLE (LNODEN,TSUBN)                                     | 76  |
| C    |                                                                | 77  |
| C    | PRINT OUT THIS STAGE OF THE BREAKUP                            | 78  |
| C    |                                                                | 79  |
|      | CALL STAGE (TYPESEN,TSUBN)                                     | 80  |
|      | CTNSUB=TNOSUB                                                  | 81  |
|      | GO TO 70                                                       | 82  |
| C    |                                                                | 83  |
| C    | FIND THE NUMBER OF NEWLY CREATED SUBNETWORKS                   | 84  |
| C    |                                                                | 85  |
| 10   | CTNSUB=0                                                       | 86  |
|      | TSUBN=NSUB-LOOP                                                | 87  |
|      | TYPESEN=1                                                      | 88  |
|      | DO 20 I=1,LOOP                                                 | 89  |
| C    |                                                                | 90  |
| C    | FIND THE NEXT SUBNETWORK TO BE FURTHER SUBDIVIDED              | 91  |
| C    |                                                                | 92  |
|      | TSUBN=TSUBN+1                                                  | 93  |
| C    |                                                                | 94  |
| C    | FIND THE LARGEST NODE NUMBER IN SUBNETWORK TSUBN               | 95  |
| C    |                                                                | 96  |
|      | CALL NODER (TLNDEN,TSUBN)                                      | 97  |
| C    |                                                                | 98  |
| C    | FIND THE BUNDLE SUBNETWORKS                                    | 99  |
| C    |                                                                | 100 |
|      | CALL BUNDLE (TLNDEN,TSUBN)                                     | 101 |
| C    |                                                                | 102 |
| C    | PRINT OUT THIS STAGE OF THE BREAKUP                            | 103 |
| C    |                                                                | 104 |
|      | CALL STAGE (TYPESEN,TSUBN)                                     | 105 |
| C    |                                                                | 106 |
| C    | IF THERE IS ONLY ONE BUNDLE FOUND IN SUBNETWORK TSUBN, WE ARE  | 107 |
| C    | FINISHED. PRINT OUT ITS COMPONENT ARCS                         | 108 |
| C    |                                                                | 109 |
|      | IF (TNOSUB.EQ.1) CALL ENDSNT (TSUBN)                           | 110 |
| C    |                                                                | 111 |
| C    | COUNT THE NEW NUMBER OF SUBNETWORKS CREATED                    | 112 |
| C    |                                                                | 113 |
| 20   | CTNSUB=TNOSUB+CTNSUB                                           | 114 |
| C    |                                                                | 115 |
| C    | IF ALL SUBNETWORKS ARE IN THEIR SMALLEST FORM, WE ARE FINISHED | 116 |
| C    |                                                                | 117 |
|      | IF (CTNSUB.EQ.0) GO TO 90                                      | 118 |
|      | GO TO 70                                                       | 119 |

|      |                                                                 |     |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 80   | LOOP=CTNSUB                                                     | 120 |
|      | CTNSUB=0                                                        | 121 |
|      | TSUBN=NSUB-LOOP                                                 | 122 |
| C    |                                                                 | 123 |
| C    | FIND THE NUMBER OF NEWLY CREATED SUBNETWORKS                    | 124 |
| C    |                                                                 | 125 |
|      | TYPESN=2                                                        | 126 |
|      | DO 30 I=1, LOOP                                                 | 127 |
| C    |                                                                 | 128 |
| C    | FIND THE NEXT SUBNETWORK TO BE FURTHER SUBDIVIDED               | 129 |
| C    |                                                                 | 130 |
|      | TSUBN=TSUBN+1                                                   | 131 |
|      | IF (TSUBN.EQ.1) GO TO 55                                        | 132 |
| C    |                                                                 | 133 |
| C    | FIND THE LARGEST NODE NUMBER IN SUBNETWORK TSUBN                | 134 |
| C    |                                                                 | 135 |
|      | CALL NODER (TLNDEN,TSUBN)                                       | 136 |
| C    |                                                                 | 137 |
| C    | FIND THE CUT SUBNETWORKS                                        | 138 |
| C    |                                                                 | 139 |
| 55   | IF (TSUBN.EQ.1) TLNDEN=LNODEN                                   | 140 |
|      | CALL CUT (TSUBN,TLNDEN)                                         | 141 |
| C    |                                                                 | 142 |
| C    | PRINT OUT THIS STAGE OF THE BREAKUP                             | 143 |
| C    |                                                                 | 144 |
|      | CALL STAGE (TYPESN,TSUBN)                                       | 145 |
| C    |                                                                 | 146 |
| C    | IF THERE ARE NO CUTS FOUND IN SUBNETWORK TSUBN, WE ARE FINISHED | 147 |
| C    | PRINT OUT ITS COMPONENT ARCS                                    | 148 |
| C    |                                                                 | 149 |
|      | IF (TNSUB.EQ.1) CALL ENDSNT (TSUBN)                             | 150 |
| C    |                                                                 | 151 |
| C    | COUNT THE NEW NUMBER OF SUBNETWORKS CREATED                     | 152 |
| C    |                                                                 | 153 |
| 30   | CTNSUB=TNSUB+CTNSUB                                             | 154 |
| C    |                                                                 | 155 |
| C    | IF ALL SUBNETWORKS ARE IN THEIR SMALLEST FORM, WE ARE FINISHED  | 156 |
| C    |                                                                 | 157 |
|      | IF (CTNSUB.EQ.0) GO TO 90                                       | 158 |
|      | GO TO 70                                                        | 159 |
| 85   | LOOP=CTNSUB                                                     | 160 |
|      | GO TO 10                                                        | 161 |
| 70   | WRITE (6,900) STEP                                              | 162 |
| 900  | FORMAT (1H1,5X,'STAGE',I3,' BREAKUP')                           | 163 |
|      | STEP=STEP+1                                                     | 164 |
| C    |                                                                 | 165 |
| C    | LET'S GO BACK TO THE APPROPRIATE LOOP FOR THE NEXT STAGE        | 166 |
| C    |                                                                 | 167 |
|      | GO TO (80,85),TYPESN                                            | 168 |
| 90   | CONTINUE                                                        | 169 |
|      | READ (5,100,END=666)                                            | 170 |
| 100  | FORMAT (I3)                                                     | 171 |
|      | GO TO 6000                                                      | 172 |
| 666  | CONTINUE                                                        | 173 |
|      | WRITE (6,9000)                                                  | 174 |
| 9000 | FORMAT (1H1)                                                    | 175 |
|      | RETURN                                                          | 176 |
|      | END                                                             | 177 |
|      | SUBROUTINE NETIN (LNODEN)                                       | 178 |

|     |                                                                         |     |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
|     | IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)                                                | 179 |
|     | COMMON NSUB, TNSUB, S, T, SUBNET, SOURC, SINKS, NARCSS                  | 180 |
|     | DIMENSION S(300), T(300), SUBNET(300, 100), SOURC(100)                  | 181 |
|     | DIMENSION SINKS(100), NARCSS(100)                                       | 182 |
| C   |                                                                         | 183 |
| C   | ZEROIZE SOURC ARRAY                                                     | 184 |
| C   |                                                                         | 185 |
|     | DO 20 I=1, 50                                                           | 186 |
| 20  | SOURC(I)=0                                                              | 187 |
| C   |                                                                         | 188 |
| C   | READ IN THE INITIAL NETWORK LIMITS                                      | 189 |
| C   |                                                                         | 190 |
|     | READ (5, 100) ARCS, SOURCE, SINK, LNODEN                                | 191 |
| 100 | FORMAT (4I3)                                                            | 192 |
|     | WRITE (6, 200)                                                          | 193 |
| 200 | FORMAT (1H1, 5X, 'INPUT STAGE')                                         | 194 |
|     | WRITE (6, 210) ARCS, SOURCE, SINK, LNODEN                               | 195 |
| 210 | FORMAT (1H0, /6X, 'THE INITIAL NETWORK HAS', 12X, I4, ' ARCS', //6X,    | 196 |
|     | *'THE SOURCE IS NODE NUMBER', 11X, I3, //6X, 'THE SINK IS NODE NUMBER', | 197 |
|     | *13X, I3, //6X, 'THE LARGEST NODE IS NODE NUMBER', 5X, I3)              | 198 |
|     | WRITE (6, 220)                                                          | 199 |
| 220 | FORMAT (1H0, 5X, 'THE INITIAL NETWORK AS READ IN IS:', ///6X,           | 200 |
|     | *'ARC NUMBER', 5X, 'ORIGIN NODE', 5X, 'TERMINAL NODE')                  | 201 |
| C   |                                                                         | 202 |
| C   | READ IN EACH ARC AND ITS STARTING AND TERMINATING NODES                 | 203 |
| C   | THE ARCS AND NODES MAY BE NUMBERED ANY WAY AND READ IN IN ANY           | 204 |
| C   | ORDER                                                                   | 205 |
| C   | I = ARC NUMBER                                                          | 206 |
| C   | S = THE NODE NUMBER FOR THE START OF AN ARC                             | 207 |
| C   | T = THE TERMINAL NODE OF AN ARC                                         | 208 |
| C   |                                                                         | 209 |
|     | DO 10 J=1, ARCS                                                         | 210 |
|     | READ (5, 100) I, S(I), T(I)                                             | 211 |
|     | WRITE (6, 240) I, S(I), T(I)                                            | 212 |
| 240 | FORMAT (1H ,8X, I3, 13X, I3, 14X, I3)                                   | 213 |
| C   |                                                                         | 214 |
| C   | CREATE THE FIRST SUBNETWORK                                             | 215 |
| C   |                                                                         | 216 |
| 10  | SUBNET (J, 1)=I                                                         | 217 |
|     | SOURC(1)=SOURCE                                                         | 218 |
|     | SINKS(1)=SINK                                                           | 219 |
|     | NARCSS(1)=ARCS                                                          | 220 |
|     | NSUB=1                                                                  | 221 |
|     | RETURN                                                                  | 222 |
|     | END                                                                     | 223 |
|     |                                                                         |     |
|     | SUBROUTINE NODER (TLNDEN, TSUBN)                                        | 224 |
| C   |                                                                         | 225 |
| C   | FINDS LARGEST NODE NUMBER IN THE SUBNETWORK TSUBN                       | 226 |
| C   |                                                                         | 227 |
|     | IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)                                                | 228 |
|     | COMMON NSUB, TNSUB, S, T, SUBNET, SOURC, SINKS, NARCSS                  | 229 |
|     | DIMENSION S(300), T(300), SUBNET(300, 100), SOURC(100)                  | 230 |
|     | DIMENSION SINKS(100), NARCSS(100)                                       | 231 |
|     | ARCS=NARCSS(TSUBN)                                                      | 232 |
|     | TLNDEN=0                                                                | 233 |
|     | DO 20 J=1, ARCS                                                         | 234 |
|     | A=SUBNET(J, TSUBN)                                                      | 235 |
|     | M=S(A)                                                                  | 236 |
|     | N=T(A)                                                                  | 237 |

|     |                                                                    |     |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
|     | MAXND=N                                                            | 238 |
|     | IF (M.GT.N) MAXND=M                                                | 239 |
|     | IF (MAXND.GT.TLNDEN) TLNDEN=MAXND                                  | 240 |
| 20  | CONTINUE                                                           | 241 |
|     | RETURN                                                             | 242 |
|     | END                                                                | 243 |
|     | <br>SUBROUTINE ENDSNT (TSUBN)                                      | 244 |
| C   |                                                                    | 245 |
| C   | PRINTS SMALLEST BREAKDOWN OF SUBNETWORK TSUBN                      | 246 |
| C   |                                                                    | 247 |
|     | IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)                                           | 248 |
|     | COMMON NSUB,TNSUB,S,T,SUBNET,SOURC,SINKS,NARCSS                    | 249 |
|     | DIMENSION S(300),T(300),SUBNET(300,100),SOURC(100)                 | 250 |
|     | DIMENSION SINKS(100),NARCSS(100)                                   | 251 |
|     | SOURCE=SOURC(TSUBN)                                                | 252 |
|     | SINK=SINKS(TSUBN)                                                  | 253 |
|     | WRITE (6,100) TSUBN                                                | 254 |
| 100 | FORMAT (1H0,/,16X,'SUBNETWORK ',I3,' IS A MINIMUM NETWORK',/,16X,  | 255 |
|     | *'IT IS COMPOSED OF:')                                             | 256 |
|     | WRITE (6,200) SOURCE,SINK                                          | 257 |
| 200 | FORMAT (1H0,19X,'SOURCE NODE = ',I3,/,20X,'SINK NODE = ',I3)       | 258 |
|     | M=NARCSS(TSUBN)                                                    | 259 |
|     | WRITE (6,400)                                                      | 260 |
| 400 | FORMAT (1H0,19X,'ARC',2X,'S(ARC)',2X,'T(ARC)')                     | 261 |
|     | DO 10 I=1,M                                                        | 262 |
|     | N=SUBNET(I,TSUBN)                                                  | 263 |
| 10  | WRITE (6,300) N,S(N),T(N)                                          | 264 |
| 300 | FORMAT (1H ,19X,I3,3X,I3,5X,I3)                                    | 265 |
| C   |                                                                    | 266 |
| C   | SET TNSUB=0 SO THAT THE REMAINING NUMBER OF SUBNETWORKS DOESN'T    | 267 |
| C   | INCLUDE THIS MINIMUM SUBNETWORK                                    | 268 |
| C   |                                                                    | 269 |
|     | TNSUB=0                                                            | 270 |
|     | RETURN                                                             | 271 |
|     | END                                                                | 272 |
|     | <br>SUBROUTINE STAGE (TYPESN,TSUBN)                                | 273 |
| C   |                                                                    | 274 |
| C   | PRINTS OUT THE CURRENT STAGE OF BREAKUP                            | 275 |
| C   |                                                                    | 276 |
|     | IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)                                           | 277 |
|     | COMMON NSUB,TNSUB,S,T,SUBNET,SOURC,SINKS,NARCSS                    | 278 |
|     | DIMENSION S(300),T(300),SUBNET(300,100),SOURC(100)                 | 279 |
|     | DIMENSION SINKS(100),NARCSS(100)                                   | 280 |
| C   |                                                                    | 281 |
| C   | TNSUB=THE NUMBER OF NEW SUBNETWORKS RESULTING FROM THE BREAKUP     | 282 |
| C   | IN THIS STAGE                                                      | 283 |
| C   |                                                                    | 284 |
| C   | TNSUB=1 IMPLIES NO BREAKUP OCCURRED IN THIS STAGE                  | 285 |
| C   |                                                                    | 286 |
|     | IF (TNSUB.EQ.1) GO TO 600                                          | 287 |
|     | WRITE (6,100) TSUBN                                                | 288 |
| 100 | FORMAT (1H0,/,6X,'SUBNETWORK ',I3,' IS COMPOSED OF SUBNETWORKS: ') | 289 |
|     | TSNSUB=NSUB-TNSUB                                                  | 290 |
|     | M=TSNSUB+1                                                         | 291 |
|     | WRITE (6,300) (I,I=M,NSUB)                                         | 292 |
| 300 | FORMAT (1H0,5X,20(I3,', '))                                        | 293 |
|     | IF (TYPESN.EQ.1) GO TO 60                                          | 294 |
|     | WRITE (6,400)                                                      | 295 |

|                                  |                                                                 |     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 400                              | FORMAT (1H0,5X,'IN SERIES')                                     | 296 |
|                                  | GO TO 600                                                       | 297 |
| 60                               | WRITE (6,500)                                                   | 298 |
| 500                              | FORMAT (1H0,5X,'IN PARALLEL')                                   | 299 |
| 600                              | RETURN                                                          | 300 |
|                                  | END                                                             | 301 |
| SUBROUTINE BUNDLE (LNODEN,TSUBN) |                                                                 | 302 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 303 |
| C                                | BUNDLE IDENTIFIES PARALLEL SUBNETWORKS CONNECTING DESIGNATED    | 304 |
| C                                | SOURCE AND SINK                                                 | 305 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 306 |
|                                  | IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)                                        | 307 |
|                                  | COMMON NSUB,TSUB,S,T,SUBNET,SOURC,SINKS,NARCSS                  | 308 |
|                                  | DIMENSION S(300),T(300),SUBNET(300,100),SOURC(100)              | 309 |
|                                  | DIMENSION SINKS(100),NARCSS(100),BDNUM(300),CHECK(300)          | 310 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 311 |
| C                                | GROUP NODES INTO BUNDLES                                        | 312 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 313 |
|                                  | SOURCE=SOURC(TSUBN)                                             | 314 |
|                                  | SINK=SINKS(TSUBN)                                               | 315 |
|                                  | NUMBD=1                                                         | 316 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 317 |
| C                                | ZEROIZE THE BDNUM ARRAY                                         | 318 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 319 |
|                                  | DO 10 I=1,LNODEN                                                | 320 |
| 10                               | BDNUM(I)=0                                                      | 321 |
|                                  | K=SUBNET(1,TSUBN)                                               | 322 |
|                                  | M=S(K)                                                          | 323 |
|                                  | N=T(K)                                                          | 324 |
|                                  | BDNUM(M)=1                                                      | 325 |
|                                  | BDNUM(N)=1                                                      | 326 |
|                                  | MAXND=N                                                         | 327 |
|                                  | IF (M.GT.N) MAXND=M                                             | 328 |
|                                  | ARCS=NARCSS(TSUBN)                                              | 329 |
|                                  | IF (ARCS.EQ.1) GO TO 515                                        | 330 |
|                                  | DO 1 K=2,ARCS                                                   | 331 |
|                                  | I=SUBNET(K,TSUBN)                                               | 332 |
|                                  | BDNUM(SOURCE)=0                                                 | 333 |
|                                  | BDNUM(SINK)=0                                                   | 334 |
|                                  | M=S(I)                                                          | 335 |
|                                  | N=T(I)                                                          | 336 |
|                                  | IF(M.GT.MAXND) MAXND=M                                          | 337 |
|                                  | IF(N.GT.MAXND) MAXND=N                                          | 338 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 339 |
| C                                | IF AT LEAST 1 NODE ON THE ARC HAS NOT BEEN ASSIGNED TO A BUNDLE | 340 |
| C                                | GO TO 2                                                         | 341 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 342 |
|                                  | IF(BDNUM(M).EQ.0) GO TO 2                                       | 343 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 344 |
| C                                | IF ONLY THE TERMINAL NODE ON THE ARC HAS NOT BEEN ASSIGNED TO A | 345 |
| C                                | BUNDLE, GO TO 3                                                 | 346 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 347 |
|                                  | IF(BDNUM(N).EQ.0) GO TO 3                                       | 348 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 349 |
| C                                | IF BOTH NODES ON THE ARC HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED TO THE SAME BUNDLE  | 350 |
| C                                | EVERYTHING IS OKAY, GO TRY ANOTHER ARC                          | 351 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 352 |
|                                  | IF(BDNUM(N).EQ.BDNUM(M)) GO TO 1                                | 353 |
| C                                |                                                                 | 354 |

|     |                                                                |    |     |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----|
|     |                                                                | 27 | 355 |
| C   | IF THE NODES ON THE ARC ARE ASSIGNED TO DIFFERENT BUNDLES,     |    | 356 |
| C   | THEN THESE TWO BUNDLES SHOULD BE POOLED                        |    | 357 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 358 |
|     | IF(BDNUM(N).LT.BDNUM(M)) GO TO 6                               |    | 359 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 360 |
| C   | POOL BUNDLES                                                   |    | 361 |
| C   | THE BUNDLE WITH THE LARGER BUNDLE NUMBER IS POOLED INTO THE    |    | 362 |
| C   | BUNDLE WITH THE SMALLER BUNDLE NUMBER                          |    | 363 |
| C   | THE BUNDLE NUMBERS OF ALL BUNDLES ARE ALL ADJUSTED             |    | 364 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 365 |
|     | MAXBD=BDNUM(N)                                                 |    | 366 |
|     | MINBD=BDNUM(M)                                                 |    | 367 |
|     | GO TO 7                                                        |    | 368 |
| 6   | MAXBD=BDNUM(M)                                                 |    | 369 |
|     | MINBD=BDNUM(N)                                                 |    | 370 |
| 7   | DO 5 J=1,MAXND                                                 |    | 371 |
|     | B=BDNUM(J)                                                     |    | 372 |
|     | IF (B.EQ.MAXBD) BDNUM(J)=MINBD                                 |    | 373 |
|     | IF (B.GT.MAXBD) BDNUM(J)=BDNUM(J)-1                            |    | 374 |
| 5   | CONTINUE                                                       |    | 375 |
|     | NUMBD=NUMBD-1                                                  |    | 376 |
|     | GO TO 1                                                        |    | 377 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 378 |
| C   | IF BOTH NODES ON THE ARC ARE UNASSIGNED, GO TO 4 WHERE A NEW   |    | 379 |
| C   | BUNDLE IS CREATED                                              |    | 380 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 381 |
|     | 2 IF(BDNUM(N).EQ.0) GO TO 4                                    |    | 382 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 383 |
| C   | ASSIGN THE ORIGIN NODE OF THE ARC TO THE BUNDLE CONTAINING THE |    | 384 |
| C   | TERMINAL NODE                                                  |    | 385 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 386 |
|     | BDNUM(M)=BDNUM(N)                                              |    | 387 |
|     | GO TO 1                                                        |    | 388 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 389 |
| C   | ASSIGN THE TERMINAL NODE OF THE ARC TO THE BUNDLE CONTAINING   |    | 390 |
| C   | THE ORIGIN NODE OF THE ARC                                     |    | 391 |
|     |                                                                |    | 392 |
| 3   | BDNUM(N)=BDNUM(M)                                              |    | 393 |
|     | GO TO 1                                                        |    | 394 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 395 |
| C   | CREATE A NEW BUNDLE                                            |    | 396 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 397 |
| 4   | NUMBD=NUMBD+1                                                  |    | 398 |
|     | BDNUM(M)=NUMBD                                                 |    | 399 |
|     | BDNUM(N)=NUMBD                                                 |    | 400 |
| 1   | CONTINUE                                                       |    | 401 |
| 515 | CONTINUE                                                       |    | 402 |
|     | BDNUM(SINK)=0                                                  |    | 403 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 404 |
| C   | IF WE ONLY HAVE 1 BUNDLE FROM THE SUBNETWORK, WE ARE FINISHED  |    | 405 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 406 |
|     | IF (NUMBD.EQ.1) GO TO 219                                      |    | 407 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 408 |
| C   | ZEROIZE CHECK ARRAY                                            |    | 409 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 410 |
|     | DO 290 I=1,ARCS                                                |    | 411 |
| 290 | CHECK(I)=0                                                     |    | 412 |
|     | L=0                                                            |    | 413 |
| C   |                                                                |    | 414 |
| C   | THE NODES ARE IN BUNDLES. PUT THE ASSOCIATED ARCS INTO         |    |     |



|     |                                                               |    |     |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----|
| C   | APPROPRIATE PARALLEL SUBNETWORKS                              | 28 | 415 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 416 |
|     | DO 33 I=1,NUMBD                                               |    | 417 |
|     | SUMARC=0                                                      |    | 418 |
|     | NSUB=NSUB+1                                                   |    | 419 |
|     | DO 34 K=1,ARCS                                                |    | 420 |
|     | M=SUBNET(K,TSUBN)                                             |    | 421 |
|     | N=S(M)                                                        |    | 422 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 423 |
| C   | SOURCE AND SINK HAVE BUNDLE NUMBER 0                          |    | 424 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 425 |
|     | IF (N.EQ.SOURCE) N=T(M)                                       |    | 426 |
|     | IF (BONUM(N).EQ.I) GO TO 239                                  |    | 427 |
|     | IF (N.EQ.SINK) GO TO 229                                      |    | 428 |
|     | GO TO 34                                                      |    | 429 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 430 |
| C   | SPECIAL CASE: BUNDLE HAS ONLY 2 NODES: SOURCE, SINK.          |    | 431 |
| C   | PUT ALL ARCS THAT ARE PARALLEL SUBNETWORKS BY THEMSELVES INTO |    | 432 |
| C   | THE CHECK ARRAY                                               |    | 433 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 434 |
| 229 | DO 291 J=1,K                                                  |    | 435 |
|     | W=CHECK(J)                                                    |    | 436 |
|     | IF (W.EQ.0) GO TO 292                                         |    | 437 |
|     | IF (M.EQ.W) GO TO 34                                          |    | 438 |
| 291 | CONTINUE                                                      |    | 439 |
| 292 | CHECK(J)=M                                                    |    | 440 |
|     | GO TO 34                                                      |    | 441 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 442 |
| C   | THIS ARC IS IN THE BUNDLE I, HENCE IT IS IN THE ITH NEW       |    | 443 |
| C   | SUBNETWORK                                                    |    | 444 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 445 |
| 239 | SUMARC=SUMARC+1                                               |    | 446 |
|     | SUBNET(SUMARC,NSUB)=M                                         |    | 447 |
| 34  | CONTINUE                                                      |    | 448 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 449 |
| C   | CREATE NEW SUBNETWORKS                                        |    | 450 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 451 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 452 |
| C   | IF THIS BUNDLE HAS NO NODES, PUT AN ARC SUBNETWORK INTO       |    | 453 |
| C   | SUBNET (1,NSUB)                                               |    | 454 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 455 |
|     | IF (SUMARC.EQ.0) GO TO 333                                    |    | 456 |
| 343 | NARCSS(NSUB)=SUMARC                                           |    | 457 |
|     | SOURC(NSUB)=SOURCE                                            |    | 458 |
|     | SINKS(NSUB)=SINK                                              |    | 459 |
|     | GO TO 33                                                      |    | 460 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 461 |
| C   | STORE THE SUBNETWORKS THAT HAVE ONLY SOURCE AND SINK NODES    |    | 462 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 463 |
| 333 | SUMARC=1                                                      |    | 464 |
|     | L=L+1                                                         |    | 465 |
|     | SUBNET(L,NSUB)=CHECK(L)                                       |    | 466 |
|     | GO TO 343                                                     |    | 467 |
| 33  | CONTINUE                                                      |    | 468 |
| 219 | TSUB=NUMBD                                                    |    | 469 |
|     | RETURN                                                        |    | 470 |
|     | END                                                           |    | 471 |
|     |                                                               |    |     |
|     | SUBROUTINE CUT (TSUBN,LNODEN)                                 |    | 472 |
| C   |                                                               |    | 473 |

|    |                                                                      |     |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| C  | CUT IDENTIFIES CUT NODES EXCLUDING THE DESIGNATED SOURCE AND         | 474 |
| C  | SINK                                                                 | 475 |
| C  |                                                                      | 476 |
| C  | CUT ALSO IDENTIFIES THE CUT GROUPS; THAT IS, THE SUBNETWORKS         | 477 |
| C  | WHICH ARE IN SERIES AND CONNECTED BY THE CUT NODES                   | 478 |
| C  |                                                                      | 479 |
| .  | IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)                                             | 480 |
|    | COMMON NSUB, TNSUB, S, T, SUBNET, SOURC, SINKS, NARCSS               | 481 |
|    | DIMENSION S(300), T(300), SUBNET(300, 100), SOURC(100), TARC(300)    | 482 |
|    | DIMENSION SINKS(100), NARCSS(100), ORIGIN(300), POST(300), RCUT(100) | 483 |
| C  |                                                                      | 484 |
| C  | FIND THE CUT NODES                                                   | 485 |
| C  | NCUT IS THE NUMBER OF CUT NODES FOUND THUS FAR                       | 486 |
| C  |                                                                      | 487 |
|    | NCUT=0                                                               | 488 |
|    | ARCS=NARCSS(TSUBN)                                                   | 489 |
|    | SOURCE=SOURC(TSUBN)                                                  | 490 |
|    | SINK=SINKS(TSUBN)                                                    | 491 |
| C  |                                                                      | 492 |
| C  | THE DO LOOP DOWN TO STATEMENT NUMBER 1 DETERMINES THE CUT NODES      | 493 |
| C  |                                                                      | 494 |
|    | DO 1 K=1, LNODEN                                                     | 495 |
| C  |                                                                      | 496 |
| C  | CHECK TO SEE IF NODE K IS ACTUALLY IN THE SUBNETWORK                 | 497 |
| C  |                                                                      | 498 |
|    | DO 20 J=1, ARCS                                                      | 499 |
|    | Z=SUBNET(J, TSUBN)                                                   | 500 |
|    | IF (S(Z).EQ.K) GO TO 21                                              | 501 |
|    | IF (T(Z).EQ.K) GO TO 21                                              | 502 |
| 20 | CONTINUE                                                             | 503 |
| C  |                                                                      | 504 |
| C  | NODE K IS NOT IN THIS SUBNETWORK                                     | 505 |
| C  |                                                                      | 506 |
|    | GO TO 1                                                              | 507 |
| 21 | CONTINUE                                                             | 508 |
| C  |                                                                      | 509 |
| C  | NODE K IS IN THIS SUBNETWORK                                         | 510 |
| C  |                                                                      | 511 |
|    | IF (K.EQ.SOURCE) GO TO 1                                             | 512 |
|    | IF (K.EQ.SINK) GO TO 1                                               | 513 |
|    | NTARC=0                                                              | 514 |
|    | DO 2 J=1, ARCS                                                       | 515 |
|    | Z=SUBNET(J, TSUBN)                                                   | 516 |
|    | IF (S(Z).EQ.K) GO TO 2                                               | 517 |
|    | IF (T(Z).EQ.K) GO TO 2                                               | 518 |
|    | NTARC=NTARC+1                                                        | 519 |
|    | TARC(NTARC)=SUBNET(J, TSUBN)                                         | 520 |
| 2  | CONTINUE                                                             | 521 |
| C  |                                                                      | 522 |
| C  | TARC IS THE SUBNETWORK WITHOUT THE ARCS INVOLVING NODE K             | 523 |
| C  | IF TARC CONTAINS A PATH FROM THE SOURCE TO THE SINK, THEN NODE       | 524 |
| C  | K IS NOT A CUT NODE                                                  | 525 |
| C  | OTHERWISE, K IS A CUT NODE                                           | 526 |
| C  |                                                                      | 527 |
|    | ORIGIN(1)=SOURCE                                                     | 528 |
|    | NORIG=1                                                              | 529 |
| 11 | CONTINUE                                                             | 530 |
|    | NPOST=0                                                              | 531 |
| C  |                                                                      | 532 |
| C  | IF THERE ARE NO ARCS IN THE TARC ARRAY, K IS A CUT NODE              | 533 |

|    |                                                              |     |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| C  | IF (NTARC.EQ.0) GO TO 44                                     | 534 |
| C  |                                                              | 535 |
| C  | FIND ALL NODES WHICH COME AFTER AN ORIGIN; PUT THEM IN POST  | 536 |
| C  | DO 4 I=1,NORIG                                               | 537 |
|    | DO 5 J=1,NTARC                                               | 538 |
|    | Y=ORIGIN(I)                                                  | 539 |
|    | Z=TARC(J)                                                    | 540 |
|    | U=S(Z)                                                       | 541 |
|    | V=T(Z)                                                       | 542 |
|    | IF (U.NE.Y) GO TO 5                                          | 543 |
|    | IF (V.EQ.SINK) GO TO 1                                       | 544 |
| C  |                                                              | 545 |
| C  |                                                              | 546 |
| C  | IF WE'VE REACHED THE SINK, NODE K IS NOT A CUT NODE          | 547 |
| C  |                                                              | 548 |
| C  |                                                              | 549 |
| C  | IF(NPOST.GE.1) GO TO 8                                       | 550 |
|    | NPOST=NPOST+1                                                | 551 |
|    | POST(NPOST)=V                                                | 552 |
|    | GO TO 5                                                      | 553 |
| 8  | DO 9 L=1,NPOST                                               | 554 |
| C  |                                                              | 555 |
| C  | IF THIS TERMINAL NODE IS ALREADY A POST, LET'S IGNORE IT     | 556 |
| C  |                                                              | 557 |
| C  | IF (POST(L).EQ.V) GO TO 5                                    | 558 |
| 9  | CONTINUE                                                     | 559 |
|    | NPOST=NPOST+1                                                | 560 |
|    | POST(NPOST)=V                                                | 561 |
| 5  | CONTINUE                                                     | 562 |
| 4  | CONTINUE                                                     | 563 |
| C  |                                                              | 564 |
| C  | IF THERE ARE NOW NO POSTS, NODE K IS A CUT NODE              | 565 |
| C  |                                                              | 566 |
| C  |                                                              | 567 |
| 44 | IF(NPOST.NE.0) GO TO 13                                      | 568 |
|    | NCUT=NCUT+1                                                  | 569 |
|    | RCUT(NCUT)=K                                                 | 570 |
|    | GO TO 1                                                      | 571 |
| 13 | NORIG=NPOST                                                  | 572 |
|    | DO 14 L=1,NORIG                                              | 573 |
| C  |                                                              | 574 |
| C  | THESE ARE NOW OUR NEW ORIGINS                                | 575 |
| C  |                                                              | 576 |
| 14 | ORIGIN(L)=POST(L)                                            | 577 |
| C  |                                                              | 578 |
| C  | CHECK THE NEW ORIGINS FOR THEIR POSTS                        | 579 |
| C  |                                                              | 580 |
|    | GO TO 11                                                     | 581 |
| 1  | CONTINUE                                                     | 582 |
|    | IF (NCUT.EQ.0) GO TO 32                                      | 583 |
|    | NSUB=NSUB+1                                                  | 584 |
|    | SOURC(NSUB)=SOURCE                                           | 585 |
| 33 | ORIGIN(1)=SOURCE                                             | 586 |
| C  |                                                              | 587 |
| C  | NOW WE NEED TO FIND THE COMPONENTS OF THE SERIES SUBNETWORKS | 588 |
| C  | THAT ARE SEPARATED BY THE CUT NODES                          | 589 |
| C  |                                                              | 590 |
| 39 | SUMARC=0                                                     | 591 |
|    | NORIG=1                                                      | 592 |
| 23 | NPOST=0                                                      | 593 |

## ZEROIZE POST ARRAY

```

C
C
C
55  DO 55 I=1,LNODEN
    POST(I)=0
    DO 24 I=1,NORIG
      Y=ORIGIN(I)
    DO 25 J=1,ARCS
      Z=SUBNET(J,TSUBN)

```

```

C
C
C    ALL ARCS BEGINNING AT THIS ORIGIN GO INTO THE NEW SUBNETWORK

```

```

C
C
C    IF (S(Z).NE.Y) GO TO 25
    SUMARC=SUMARC+1
    SUBNET (SUMARC,NSUB)=Z

```

```

C
C
C    T(Z) WILL BE A NEW ORIGIN IF IT ISN'T A REPEAT OF A CURRENT
    ORIGIN

```

```

C
C
C    CHECK TO SEE IF IT IS A REPEAT

```

```

C
C
C
C    DO 30 K=1,NORIG
    X=T(Z)

```

```

C
C
C    IF T(Z) IS A REPEAT OF A CURRENT ORIGIN, LET'S IGNORE IT

```

```

C
C
C
C    IF(X.EQ.ORIGIN(K)) GO TO 25
    CONTINUE
    NPOST=NPOST+1
    POST(NPOST)=X

```

```

C
C
C
C    CHECK TO SEE IF ANY POST IS A CUT NODE
    IF IT IS, REPLACE IT WITH A ZERO

```

```

C
C
C
C    DO 52 W=1,NCUT
    D=RCUT(W)
    IF (X.NE.D) GO TO 52
    POST(NPOST)=0
    NPOST=NPOST-1

```

```

C
C
C
C    THIS CUT NODE IS THE SINK OF THE SUBNETWORK UNDER
    CONSIDERATION AND THE SOURCE OF THE NEXT SUBNETWORK TO BE
    CONSIDERED.

```

```

C
C
C
C    SINKS(NSUB)=D
    SOURC(NSUB+1)=D

```

```

C
C
C
C    CHECK TO SEE IF ANY POSTS ARE REPEATED IN THE POST ARRAY. IF
    THEY ARE, REDUCE THE NUMBER OF POSTS TO WHERE THERE ARE NO
    REPEATS

```

```

52  CONTINUE

```

```

C
C
C
C    IF WE HAVE ONE OR LESS POSTS, THERE ARE NO ADJUSTMENTS OF THE
    POST ARRAY TO BE MADE; LET'S CONTINUE

```

```

C
C
C
53  IF (NPOST.LE.1) GO TO 25
    POSTCK=NPOST-1
    DO 7 K=1,POSTCK
      IF (POST(K).EQ.POST(NPOST)) GO TO 61

```

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|    |                                                                 |    |     |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 7  | CONTINUE                                                        | 32 | 654 |
|    | GO TO 25                                                        |    | 655 |
| 61 | POST(NPOST)=0                                                   |    | 656 |
|    | NPOST=NPOST-1                                                   |    | 657 |
| 25 | CONTINUE                                                        |    | 658 |
| 24 | CONTINUE                                                        |    | 659 |
| C  |                                                                 |    | 660 |
| C  | IF WE HAVE NO POSTS LEFT, WE HAVE FOUND ALL OF THIS SUBNETWORK  |    | 661 |
| C  |                                                                 |    | 662 |
|    | IF (NPOST.EQ.0) GO TO 34                                        |    | 663 |
|    | NORIG=NPOST                                                     |    | 664 |
|    | DO 28 L=1,NORIG                                                 |    | 665 |
| 28 | ORIGIN(L)=POST(L)                                               |    | 666 |
|    | GO TO 23                                                        |    | 667 |
| 34 | NARCSS(NSUB)=SUMARC                                             |    | 668 |
|    | NSUB=NSUB+1                                                     |    | 669 |
|    | X=SOUCR(NSUB)                                                   |    | 670 |
| C  |                                                                 |    | 671 |
| C  | IF THE SOURCE OF NSUB IS NOT A CUT NODE, WE NEED TO ADJUST NSUB |    | 672 |
| C  | AND GO BACK TO THE MAIN PROGRAM FOR THE NEXT STAGE OF THE       |    | 673 |
| C  | BREAKUP                                                         |    | 674 |
| C  |                                                                 |    | 675 |
|    | IF (X.EQ.0) GO TO 31                                            |    | 676 |
|    | ORIGIN(1)=X                                                     |    | 677 |
|    | GO TO 39                                                        |    | 678 |
| 31 | NSUB=NSUB-1                                                     |    | 679 |
|    | SINKS(NSUB)=SINK                                                |    | 680 |
| 32 | TNSUB=NCUT+1                                                    |    | 681 |
|    | RETURN                                                          |    | 682 |
|    | END                                                             |    | 683 |

## LOOP

This short program will determine whether a given network is acyclic or contains loops (cycles). The program examines each node and indicates whether or not the node is part of a loop. If a node is part of a loop, the number of activities in the loop is also indicated.

The basic steps in determining whether or not the INODE-th node is part of a loop are as follows:

- (1) Identify all activities whose terminal node is the INODE-th node. Let A be the set of all origin nodes for these activities.
- (2) If INODE is in A, the INODE-th node is part of a loop and stop.
- (3) Identify all activities whose terminal node is in A. Redefine A to be the set of origin nodes for these activities. If A is now empty, stop and the INODE-th node is not part of a loop. If A is not empty, return to step 2.

### Specific Input Instructions:

Card 1. Col. 1-3: The number of activities in the network, Format (I3).  
Col. 4-6: The largest node number in the network, Format (I3).

For each activity one card with:

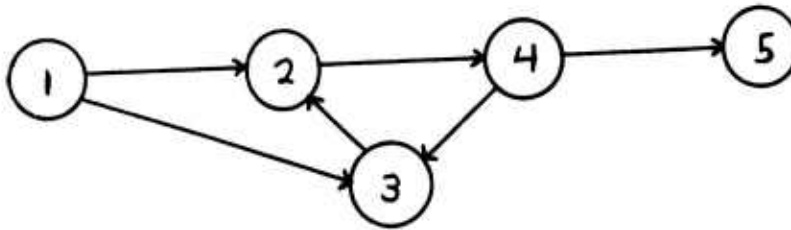
Col. 1-3: The activity's origin node number, Format (I3).  
Col. 4-6: The activity's terminal node number, Format (I3).

The activities may be inputted in any order. The nodes may be numbered in any manner; however, the program is more efficient if the set of node numbers contains only the numbers 1 through N where N is the number of nodes in the network.

Dimension Restrictions:

This program is written in FORTRAN G. The current dimensions will allow a network with 300 activities and 200 nodes to be considered.

# SAMPLE NETWORK



## SAMPLE INPUT

```

6 5
1 2
1 3
4 3
3 2
2 4
4 5
  
```

## SAMPLE OUTPUT

| Activity | Tail | Head |
|----------|------|------|
| 1        | 1    | 2    |
| 2        | 1    | 3    |
| 3        | 4    | 3    |
| 4        | 3    | 2    |
| 5        | 2    | 4    |
| 6        | 4    | 5    |

Node 1 is not looped

Node 2 is looped. There are 3 activities in the loop.

Node 3 is looped. There are 3 activities in the loop.

Node 4 is looped. There are 3 activities in the loop.



|      |                                                                 |    |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| C    | PROGRAM LOOP                                                    | 1  |
| C    |                                                                 | 2  |
| C    | THIS PROGRAM DETERMINES WHETHER THE INPUTTED NETWORK IS ACYCLIC | 3  |
| C    | OR CONTAINS NODES WHICH ARE PART OF LOOPS (CYCLES)              | 4  |
| C    |                                                                 | 5  |
|      | IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (A-Z)                                        | 6  |
|      | DIMENSION A( 200),B( 200),HEAD(300),TAIL(300)                   | 7  |
| C    |                                                                 | 8  |
| C    | THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS ARE: A(N),B(N),HEAD(M),TAIL(M)             | 9  |
| C    | WHERE                                                           | 10 |
| C    | N = THE NUMBER OF NODES IN THE NETWORK                          | 11 |
| C    | M = THE NUMBER OF ACTIVITIES IN THE NETWORK                     | 12 |
| C    |                                                                 | 13 |
|      | LOOP=0                                                          | 14 |
|      | READ (5,100) M,MM                                               | 15 |
| 100  | FORMAT (2I3)                                                    | 16 |
|      | READ(5,101) (TAIL(I),HEAD(I),I=1,M)                             | 17 |
| 101  | FORMAT(2I3)                                                     | 18 |
|      | WRITE(6,2001)                                                   | 19 |
| 2001 | FORMAT(1H1)                                                     | 20 |
|      | WRITE(6,2000) (I,TAIL(I),HEAD(I),I=1,M)                         | 21 |
| 2000 | FORMAT(' ACTIVITY      TAIL      HEAD',/(4X,I3,7X,I3,6X,I3))    | 22 |
|      | WRITE(6,2001)                                                   | 23 |
| C    | FORM THE 1ST HIERARCHY                                          | 24 |
|      | INODE = 0                                                       | 25 |
| 80   | HIER = 2                                                        | 26 |
|      | INODE = INODE + 1                                               | 27 |
|      | J = 0                                                           | 28 |
|      | DO 1 I= 1,M                                                     | 29 |
|      | IF(HEAD(I).NE.INODE) GO TO 1                                    | 30 |
|      | J = J+1                                                         | 31 |
|      | A(J)=TAIL(I)                                                    | 32 |
|      | IF (TAIL(I).EQ.INODE) GO TO 998                                 | 33 |
| 1    | CONTINUE                                                        | 34 |
|      | IF (J.EQ.0) GO TO 997                                           | 35 |
|      | IA=J                                                            | 36 |
|      | J=0                                                             | 37 |
| C    | FORM THE SUBSEQUENT HIERARCHIES                                 | 38 |
| 102  | CONTINUE                                                        | 39 |
|      | DO 2 II=1,IA                                                    | 40 |
|      | DO 3 I=1,M                                                      | 41 |
|      | IF (HEAD(I).NE.A(II)) GO TO 3                                   | 42 |
|      | IF(TAIL(I).EQ.INODE) GO TO 998                                  | 43 |
|      | IF(J.EQ.0) GO TO 40                                             | 44 |
|      | DO 10 K=1,J                                                     | 45 |
|      | IF(TAIL(I).EQ.B(K)) GO TO 11                                    | 46 |
| 10   | CONTINUE                                                        | 47 |
| 40   | CONTINUE                                                        | 48 |
|      | J=J+1                                                           | 49 |
|      | B(J)=TAIL(I)                                                    | 50 |
| 11   | CONTINUE                                                        | 51 |
| 3    | CONTINUE                                                        | 52 |
| 2    | CONTINUE                                                        | 53 |
|      | IF (J.EQ.0) GO TO 997                                           | 54 |
|      | HIER = HIER+1                                                   | 55 |
|      | IA=J                                                            | 56 |
|      | J = 0                                                           | 57 |
|      | DO 20 I=1,IA                                                    | 58 |
| 20   | A(I)=B(I)                                                       | 59 |

|      |                                                                    |    |    |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|
|      | GO TO 102                                                          | 37 | 60 |
| 997  | CONTINUE                                                           |    | 61 |
|      | WRITE(6,2002) INODE                                                |    | 62 |
| 2002 | FORMAT(' NODE',I5,' IS NOT LOOPED' )                               |    | 63 |
|      | IF (INODE.NE.NMM ) GO TO 80                                        |    | 64 |
|      | IF(ILOOP.EQ.1) GO TO 50                                            |    | 65 |
|      | WRITE(6,1000)                                                      |    | 66 |
| 1000 | FORMAT (' THERE ARE NO LOOPS IN THIS NETWORK')                     |    | 67 |
|      | GO TO 999                                                          |    | 68 |
| 50   | WRITE(6,51)                                                        |    | 69 |
| 51   | FORMAT(' THERE ARE NO OTHER LOOPS IN THIS NETWORK')                |    | 70 |
|      | GO TO 999                                                          |    | 71 |
| 998  | WRITE (6,1001) INODE,HIER                                          |    | 72 |
| 1001 | FORMAT (' NODE ' ,I5,' IS LOOPED. THERE ARE ',I3,' ACTIVITIES IN T |    | 73 |
|      | *HE LOOP.')                                                        |    | 74 |
|      | ILOOP=1                                                            |    | 75 |
|      | INDDO=INODE+1                                                      |    | 76 |
|      | IF(INDDO.NE.NMM) GO TO 80                                          |    | 77 |
| 999  | CONTINUE                                                           |    | 78 |
|      | WRITE(6,2001)                                                      |    | 79 |
|      | STOP                                                               |    | 80 |
|      | END                                                                |    | 81 |

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