

AD-A075 838

NEW YORK STATE DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ALBANY F/G 13/2
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR NUMBER 1 DA--ETC(U)
AUG 79 6 KOCH

DACW51-79-C-0001

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

1 OF 2
ADA
075838



REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

READ INSTRUCTIONS
BEFORE COMPLETING FORM

1. REPORT NUMBER		2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) Phase I Inspection Report New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Hutchinson River Basin, Westchester County, New York Inventory No. N.Y. 20		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Phase I Inspection Report National Dam Safety Program	
7. AUTHOR(s) George Koch, P.E.		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s) DACW-51-79-C-0001	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS New York State Department of Environmental Conservation/ 50 Wolf Road Albany, New York 12233		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS	
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS New York State Department of Environmental Con servation/ 50 Wolf Road Albany, New York 12233		12. REPORT DATE 8 Aug 1979	
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office) Department of the Army 26 Federal Plaza/ New York District, CofE New York, New York 10007		13. NUMBER OF PAGES	
		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED	
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE	
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; Distribution unlimited.			
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20. If different from Report) National Dam Safety Program, New Rochelle Reservoir Number 1 (Inventory Number NY 20), Hutchinson River Basin, Hutchinson River, Westchester County, New York, Phase I Inspection Report,		D D C RECEIVED OCT 30 1979 A	
18. SUBJECT TERMS			
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Dam Safety National Dam Safety Program Visual Inspection Hydrology, Structural Stability New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Hutchinson River Westchester County			
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report provides information and analysis on the physical condition of the dam as of the report date. Information and analysis are based on visual inspection of the dam by the performing organization. New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 was judged to be unsafe-non-emergency. Areas of seepage on the downstream toe of the southwestern dike were found. The stability analysis indicates unsatisfactory safety factors under certain loadings, and the spillway is seriously inadequate.			

AD A 0758

DDC FILE COPY

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probably Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT
 NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM
 NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR No. 1 DAM NY 20
 LONG ISLAND RIVER BASIN

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE NO.</u>
- ASSESSMENT	
- OVERVIEW PHOTOGRAPH	
1 PROJECT INFORMATION	1
1.1 GENERAL	1
1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT	1
1.3 PERTINENT DATA	3
2 ENGINEERING DATA	4
2.1 DESIGN	4
2.2 CONSTRUCTION RECORDS	4
2.3 OPERATION RECORD	4
2.4 EVALUATION OF DATA	4
3 VISUAL INSPECTION	5
3.1 FINDINGS	5
3.2 EVALUATION OF OBSERVATIONS	6
4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES	7
4.1 PROCEDURE	7
4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM	7
4.3 WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT	7
4.4 EVALUATION	7

Accession For	
NTIS GRA&I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DDC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification	
By _____	
Distribution/ _____	
Availability Codes	
Dist	Avail and/or special
A	

5	HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC	8
5.1	DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS	8
5.2	ANALYSIS CRITERIA	8
5.3	SPELLWAY CAPACITY	8
5.4	RESERVOIR CAPACITY	8
5.5	FLOODS OF RECORD	9
5.6	OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL	9
5.7	EVALUATION	9
6	STRUCTURAL STABILITY	10
6.1	EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY	10
7	ASSESSMENT/RECOMMENDATIONS	12
7.1	ASSESSMENT	12
7.2	RECOMMENDED MEASURES	13
7.3	PROPOSED ACTIONS BY OWNERS	13

APPENDIX

A.	PHOTOGRAPHS	
B.	ENGINEERING DATA CHECKLIST	
C.	VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST	
D.	HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING DATA AND COMPUTATIONS	
E.	STRUCTURAL STABILITY COMPUTATIONS	
F.	REFERENCES	
G.	DRAWINGS	

PHASE 1 REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Dam
I.D. No. NY 20

State Located: New York

County Located: Westchester

Watershed: Hutchinson River Basin

Stream: Hutchinson River

Dates of Inspections: November 16, 1978
December 27, 1978

ASSESSMENT

Based on the visual inspections and a review of available information, the New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Dam has been assigned an "unsafe-non-emergency" classification. The unsafe classification is assigned based on the following definition provided by the Corps of Engineers: "a dam with deficiencies of such a nature that if left uncorrected, could result in the failure of the dam with subsequent loss of lives or substantial property damage".

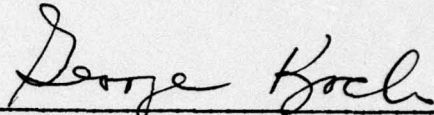
The dam is a relatively long dam consisting of two earth dikes and a central masonry section. A number of deficiencies exist on this structure, some of which are rather serious.

Attention should be given within 3 months of the date of approval of this report, to the wet area at the downstream toe of the southwestern dike. If this condition worsens, the integrity of the dike may be compromised. The stability of the dike should be investigated, and a method of treatment to control or eliminate the seepage in the wet area must be designed and constructed.

Stability analyses for the masonry section of this structure indicate that the factors of safety for all conditions analyzed are unsatisfactory. Further field investigation and stability studies are required to better assess the structural integrity of the dam. These studies should be commenced within 6 months of the date of approval of this report and completed within 12 months.

Using the Corps of Engineer's Screening Criteria for initial review of spillway adequacy, it has been determined that the non-overflow portion of the masonry segment of the dam would be overtopped for all storms exceeding 18% of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). The stability analyses performed for this section indicate that the safety factors against sliding drop below 1.0 for flows over the masonry from either the PMF or $\frac{1}{2}$ the PMF. The results of the HEC-1 Dam Break Computer analyses indicate that the total failure of the masonry section of the dam will have a serious impact on the Hutchinson River Parkway thereby increasing the downstream danger of loss of life. The spillway is, therefore, judged as seriously inadequate.

There are several additional deficiencies on this structure which should be corrected. Trees and brush on the earth dikes should be cut. The erosion gully on the southwestern dike should be filled. The downstream channel beyond the toe of the spillway needs to be rehabilitated, especially the concrete apron. Provisions should be made to provide an operational reservoir drain. The crest of the southwestern dike should be raised to a uniform elevation of 194.0 to reduce the possibility of the earth dike being overtopped. A system of around-the-clock surveillance during periods of unusually high flows and a plan for evacuating the downstream residents in the event of overtopping of the non-overflow masonry section of the dam should be implemented.



George Koch,
Chief, Dam Safety Section
New York State Department
of Environmental Conservation
NY License No. 45937

Approved By:



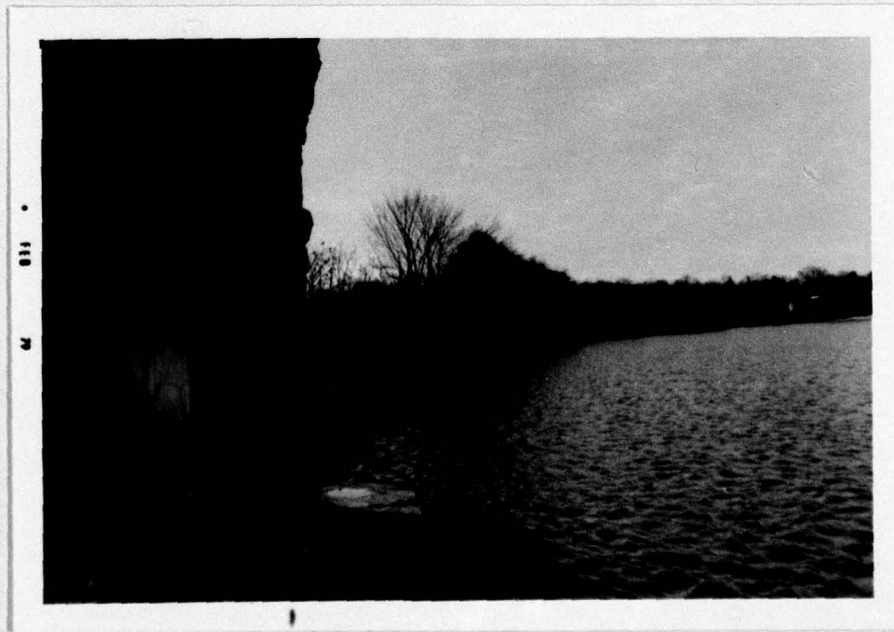
Col. Clark H. Benn
New York District Engineer

Date:

8 August 79



NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR No. 1 DAM
OVERVIEW - NORTHEASTERN END



OVERVIEW - SOUTHWESTERN END

PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM
NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR No. 1 DAM NY 20
HUTCHINSON RIVER BASIN
WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N.Y.

SECTION 1: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

a. Authority

The Phase 1 inspection reported herein was authorized by the Department of the Army, New York District, Corps of Engineers, to fulfill the requirements of the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367.

b. Purpose of Inspection

This inspection was conducted to evaluate the existing condition of the dam, to identify deficiencies and hazardous conditions, to determine if these deficiencies constitute hazards to life and property, and to recommend remedial measures where required.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenant Structures

The New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Dam is a relatively long dam on the southern end of the impoundment. The dam consists of a masonry section about 680 feet long with an earth dike on each end. The service spillway is an overflow channel near the center of the masonry section.

The masonry portion of the dam is composed of stone blocks and mortar. This section is 680 feet long and varies from a height of about 30 feet near the center of the structure down to about 6 feet at the northeastern end. The service spillway is located within this segment.

The spillway is about 265 feet from the northeastern end of the masonry section. It is 30 feet wide and has a crest elevation 4 feet lower than the crest of the rest of the masonry section. The spillway has a crest width of 6 feet and then slopes off at approximately a 2 vertical on 1 horizontal slope. The bottom and sides of the channel are lined with stone block to carry the water well beyond the downstream toe of the dam.

There is a stone building, referred to on the plans as the "gate house", located 150 feet from the southwestern end of the masonry section. Old inspection reports indicate that there were several pipes which passed through the gate house. However, the spot where these pipes exited has been sealed and so the reservoir now has no drain.

The earth dikes extend beyond the ends of the masonry section. The northeastern dike is approximately 75 feet long and 6 feet high. The southwestern dike is about 700 feet long and 10 feet high. The top elevation of each dike is about 2 feet higher than the crest elevation of the masonry portion of the dam. Both dikes are covered with brush and trees.

b. Location

The New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Dam is located at the southern end of the reservoir. The town line dividing the Town of Eastchester and the City of New Rochelle passes through the dam near the service spillway. Therefore, a portion of the dam lies in each of these municipalities. The reservoir outlets into the Hutchinson River, with New Rochelle Reservoirs Nos. 2 and 3 both on the river less than a mile downstream of this dam.

c. Size Classification

This dam is approximately 30 feet high and the reservoir has a storage capacity of 1043 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is in the intermediate size category as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. Hazard Classification

The dam is classified as "high" hazard due to the presence of the Hutchinson River Parkway immediately downstream of the dam. In addition, plans have been presented to the Planning Board of the Town of Eastchester for the construction of 85 townhouses on the parcel of land which includes the downstream slope of the southwestern earth dike.

e. Ownership

This dam lies in two municipalities and there appears to be at least three owners. Based on the information available, the City of New Rochelle owns the portion of the structure which is within their city limits. The masonry portion of the dam in the Town of Eastchester is owned by the Fred French Investing Company. This company also owns the upstream portion of the earthen dike on the Eastchester end (southwestern end) of the structure. The downstream portion of this dike is owned by Robert F. Lusk.

f. Purpose of Dam

This reservoir was originally owned and used by the New Rochelle Water Company. The reservoir is no longer used by the water company. Presently, the reservoir is used primarily for recreational purposes.

g. Design and Construction History

Based on the records available, the dam was constructed in 1894. No construction plans were available for the structure, so it was not possible to determine the exact date of construction or the name of the designer.

h. Normal Operation Procedures

Water flows over an ungated spillway.

1.3

PERTINENT DATA

a. <u>Drainage area</u> (acres)	1292
b. <u>Discharge at Dam</u> (cfs)	
Spillway (water level at top of masonry portion)	744
c. <u>Elevation</u>	
Top of earth berms (Top of Dam)	193.9
Top of Masonry Portion	191.9
Service spillway crest	187.9
d. <u>Reservoir</u> (acres)	
Surface area at top of earth berms	92
Surface area at top of masonry portion	81
Surface area at Crest of Service Spillway	62
e. <u>Storage Capacity</u> (acre-feet)	
Top of earth berms	1043
Top of masonry portion	869
Service spillway crest	582
f. <u>Dam</u>	
Masonry dam with earthen dike on either end	
<u>Dam length</u> (ft)	
Northeastern dike (Approx.)	75
Masonry Portion	675
Southwestern dike (Approx.)	700
<u>Masonry Portion</u>	
Upstream Face : Vertical; Downstream Face:	3 vertical on 2 horiz.
Crest Elevation	191.9
Crest Width (ft)	6
<u>Earth Dikes</u>	
Upstream slopes:	About 1 on 3 (V : H)
Downstream slopes:	Varies from 1 on 1.5 to 1 on 3 (V : H)
Crest Elevation	193.9
Crest Width (ft)	6 - 8
g. <u>Spillway</u>	
Type: Ungated overflow channel having a crest width of 6 feet and a drop of 12 feet	
Length:	30 feet
h. <u>Reservoir Drain:</u>	None

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

a. Geology

The New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Dam is located in the Manhattan Hills section of the New England Uplands physiographic province of New York State. This province consists of low hilly terrain of gentle relief. The bedrock in the area, formed during the Cambrian and Ordovician eras has been intensely metamorphosed, heavily injected and re-crystallized. Shale, slate, schist, gneiss and quartzite are among the types of rock in this area. The surficial soils are the result of glaciations during the Cenozoic Era, the last of which was the Wisconsin glaciation.

b. Subsurface Information

No records from subsurface investigations which may have been done at the time of construction of this dam were available. However, two other sources provided limited data. First, inspection reports from 1913 and 1915 state that the dam is founded on rock. In addition, a boring program consisting of forty-nine 2½ inch diameter drill holes was undertaken in 1978 by the developers of the proposed townhouses on the parcel of land downstream of the southwestern dike. Several of these holes were near the downstream toe of the embankment. Based on this information, the subsurface conditions are generally several feet of sand and gravel underlain by rock at a depth of from 3 to 9 feet.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION RECORDS

No construction records were available for this structure.

2.3 OPERATION RECORDS

There were no operating or water level records available for this structure.

2.4 EVALUATION OF DATA

The only pieces of data available to assist in the preparation of this report were two New York State Conservation Commission inspection reports from 1913 and 1915, and a plan of the southwestern earth dike prepared by the developer of the proposed townhouse complex downstream of the dam. While the information available concerning this dam was rather limited, it appears to be adequate and reliable for the purpose of the Phase 1 Inspection.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General

Visual inspection of New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Dam was conducted on November 16, 1978. A follow-up inspection was held on December 27, 1978. The weather for both inspections was clear with temperatures ranging from the mid-thirties to the mid-forties. Water was flowing over the spillway at a depth of approximately 1/2 inch at the time of the inspection.

b. Masonry Section

The masonry section appeared to be in satisfactory condition. There were no signs of distress or movement. The stones on the downstream face in one small area near the stone block building were wet from apparent seepage. While several of the blocks were wet, there was no actual flow noted coming through the joints. An inspection of the area immediately downstream of the toe of the masonry revealed no wet areas or soft sections.

c. Spillway

The spillway channel was in satisfactory condition. There was some mortar missing from the joints between blocks near the spillway crest, but generally the spillway was in satisfactory condition.

d. Earth Dikes

A wet area was noted at the downstream toe of the southwestern dike. This wet area extended for a distance of over 100 feet along the dike. The toe was saturated and the soil in the area was very soft.

Related to this area was another wet area which was 50 to 100 feet beyond the toe of the dike. This section was extremely wet with water ponded throughout the area. Judging from the vegetation, it does not appear that this area has been in its present wet condition for a long period of time (i.e. the area does not look like a swamp).

There were several spots within the wet area, where water was flowing. Probing at the point where one of the flows appeared, a cast iron drain pipe surrounded by pea gravel was uncovered. Most of the flow was coming from the pipe. It was not possible to determine where the pipe originated or whether it was originally installed to act as drainage system for the dam.

Several small areas of erosion were observed on the southwestern dike. A few isolated spots on the upstream slope had been scoured. There was an erosion gully in the area where the embankment section ties into the masonry section. This gully was about 4 feet wide and 1½ feet deep and ran from near the embankment crest down the slope on the downstream side.

No wet areas or scoured areas were noted on the northeastern dike.

e. Downstream Channel

The service spillway flows are carried away from the dam in a channel which flows perpendicular to the dam for about 100 feet and then takes a right-angle bend. The water then flows along the toe of the Hutchinson River Parkway embankment. The channel beyond the point where the stone block lining of the spillway ends consists of concrete over earth and boulders for approximately 50 feet. The channel is cut into the earth beyond that point. The concrete is deteriorated with many cracks and holes. The area beneath the end of the concrete has been scoured by flows in the channel. The scour hole extends about 1 foot under the end of the concrete slab on the north side and 3 feet under on the south side. The earth channel is not lined and is littered with debris. However, due to the drop between the spillway crest and the downstream channel, it does not appear that the deficiencies in the channel would affect the dam.

3.2

EVALUATION OF OBSERVATIONS

Visual observations revealed a number of minor defects on this structure and several more serious defects. The serious defects which were noted are as follows:

1. Existence of a wet area near the downstream toe of the southwestern dike. This wet area seems to have appeared relatively recently and is probably due to seepage through the dam.
2. Apparent lack of a reservoir drain.

The following minor defects were observed:

1. Brush and trees growing on both dikes.
2. Erosion at several spots on the southwestern dike, especially the gully near the intersection of the embankment with the masonry section.
3. Minor seepage between some blocks near the gate house.
4. The poor condition of the downstream channel beyond the toe of the dam especially the scour hole beneath the end of the concrete apron.

SECTION 4: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURE

Normal water surface elevation is approximately at the crest of the spillway. Downstream flows are uncontrolled over the spillway. The reservoir provides 287 acre feet of storage between the crest of the service spillway and the top of the non-overflow masonry segment of the dam and an additional 174 acre feet between the top of the masonry and the top of the earth berms.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

There was no record of any maintenance having been done on this dam for a number of years.

4.3 WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT

No apparent warning system is present.

4.4 EVALUATION

A comprehensive maintenance program is required for this dam. Brush and trees should be removed from the earth dikes. In addition, the service spillway and the non-overflow masonry section should be inspected on a regular basis and maintained as necessary.

SECTION 5: HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC

5.1 DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

Delineation of the contributing watershed to New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 was made using the USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle sheet for Mount Vernon, NY. The watershed consists of a heavily developed urban area and a lightly wooded area, some of which has been developed. Relief ranges from flat to moderate. The rectangularly shaped drainage area is approximately 1292 acres in size.

5.2 ANALYSIS CRITERIA

No hydrologic/hydraulic information was available regarding the original design for this dam. Therefore, the analysis of the spillway capacity of the dam was performed using the Corps of Engineers HEC-1 (Dam Break Version) computer program; incorporating the "Snyder Synthetic Unit Hydrograph method" and the "Modified Puls" flood routing procedure. The spillway design flood selected for analysis was the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) in accordance with recommended guidelines of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

5.3 SPILLWAY CAPACITY

The spillway, located within the masonry portion of the structure has a crest 6 feet wide and is 30 feet long. There is a drop of about 12 feet between the spillway crest and the exit channel.

For the purposes of the hydrologic/hydraulic analysis, the non-overflow masonry segment was assumed to be the top of the dam. This model was used since no provisions had been made on the dam or immediately downstream to allow the flow of water over this section. Therefore, in the computer analysis what is referred to as the top of dam, is actually the top of the non-overflow masonry section. The earth dikes on either end of the structure have a top elevation of 193.9, which is two feet higher than the top of the masonry.

Hydraulically, the spillway itself was analyzed as a sharp-crested weir having a discharge coefficient C of 3.1. The computed spillway discharge capacity when the reservoir level reaches the top of the non-overflow masonry section was 744 cfs.

The spillway does not have sufficient capacity for discharging the peak outflow from either the PMF or the 1/2 PMF. For the PMF, the peak inflow is 4036 cfs and the peak outflow is 4009 cfs. For the 1/2 PMF, the peak inflow is 2018 cfs and the peak outflow is 1923 cfs.

5.4 RESERVOIR CAPACITY

Normal reservoir capacity when the water surface is at the service spillway crest elevation is 582 acre-feet. Surge storage capacity to the top of the non-overflow masonry section is an additional 287 acre feet, which is equivalent to a runoff depth of 2.66 inches over the drainage area. Additional storage capacity of 174 acre-feet, an equivalent of 1.6 inches of runoff, exists to the elevation of the top-of-berm.

5.5 FLOODS OF RECORD

No information was available regarding the occurrence of the maximum known flood.

5.6 OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL

Analysis using the PMF and 1/2 PMF indicates that the spillway does not have sufficient discharge capacity. For a PMF peak outflow of 4009 cfs, the service spillway capacity of 744 is only 18%. Hence, the non-overflow masonry section would be overtopped to a computed depth of 1.3 feet for this outflow. While generally the tops of the earth dikes are two feet above the top of the non-overflow masonry section, due to variations in the crest elevation of the dikes, it is not possible to state definitively that this flow would not overtop portions of the dikes as well.

For the peak outflow from 1/2 PMF, the non-overflow masonry section would be overtopped to a computed depth of 0.64 feet.

5.7 EVALUATION

Using the Corps of Engineers screening criteria for initial review of spillway adequacy, it has been determined that the non-overflow masonry section would be overtopped for all storms exceeding 18% of the PMF.

A downstream flood wave analysis indicates that water surface levels would rise high enough to endanger motorists on the Hutchinson River Parkway. Hence, dam failure from overtopping would significantly increase the hazard to loss of life downstream. Since the overtopping of the non-overflow masonry section would present a stability problem and possibly a scour problem at the downstream toe, the spillway is assessed as being seriously inadequate. This means that based on an initial screening and preliminary computations, there appears to be a serious deficiency in spillway capacity so that if a severe storm were to occur, overtopping and possible failure of the masonry portion of the dam would take place.

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

a. Visual Observations

Visual observations of the dam revealed an area of seepage at the downstream toe of the southwest dike. The fact that this portion of the dike is wet could affect the stability of this segment. There was no indication of any movement in this area. There were no other signs of major distress on the dam. The remaining portions of the dike and the masonry section all appeared to be relatively stable.

b. Design and Construction Data

No design computations or other data concerning the structural stability of the dam were available. Construction records could not be located.

c. Data Review and Stability Evaluation

The sole sources of structural and subsurface information were the 1913 and 1915 N.Y. State Conservation Commission inspection reports. Due to the limited data, certain assumptions concerning the dam and its foundation conditions had to be made.

No stability analysis was performed for either of the earth dikes. The northeastern dike showed no signs of distress and so no analysis would be required for this section. The wet area at the downstream toe of the southwestern dike could cause a stability problem on this part of the structure. Due to the lack of information concerning the composition of the embankment and the foundation soils, it was not possible to perform a stability analysis for this dike.

A structural analysis was performed for the masonry portion of the dam. This analysis was based on the cross section shown on the 1915 inspection report and on measurements of the dam made during the inspection. The study used a structural stability analysis program written for the TEXAS INSTRUMENTS TI-59 Calculator. The following conditions were analyzed:

- a. Normal conditions with reservoir at spillway crest.
- b. PMF, water flowing over the top of the non-overflow masonry section to a depth of 1.3 feet.
- c. One-half PMF, water flowing over the top of the non-overflow masonry section to a depth of .64 feet.
- d. Reservoir at spillway crest with ice load of 5000 lb/ft.

The analyses performed (See Appendix E) indicate that the factors of safety against overturning and sliding are as follows:

<u>Case</u>	<u>Factors of Safety</u>	
	<u>Overturning</u>	<u>Sliding</u>
a. Reservoir Level at spillway Crest, No ice	1.82	1.35
b. PMF, Water flowing over masonry section to depth of 1.3 ft, no ice	1.45	0.88
c. 1/2 PMF, Water flowing over masonry section to depth of .60 ft., no ice	1.51	0.93

d. Reservoir Level at Spillway
crest, Ice load of 5000 lb/ft

1.40

1.05

These factors of safety indicate a critical deficiency in the stability of this structure. However, the analysis was performed using a cross section from the 1915 inspection report. It was not possible to determine what the depth of embedment was for the downstream toe from the information available. For the purpose of the analysis, no passive resistance at the downstream toe was included. A more detailed investigation is required to arrive at a more accurate cross section of the masonry section and to determine whether any passive pressure should be included in the analysis.

d. Seismic Stability

The dam is located in Seismic Zone No. 1. Due to the location of the structure, a seismic stability analysis is not warranted.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT/RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 ASSESSMENT

a. Safety

The Phase I inspection of the New Rochelle Reservoir No. 1 Dam revealed conditions which if allowed to deteriorate further, could constitute a serious hazard. The most severe problem is the wet area at the downstream toe of the southwestern dike. Due to the seepage in this area, the stability of the dike is questionable. Remedial measures should be taken to correct this problem before it worsens.

In addition to this problem which may deteriorate unless repaired, this structure has several basic deficiencies. First, the service spillway does not have sufficient discharge capacity to pass the outflow from either the PMF or 1/2 PMF. Due to this inadequate capacity, flows from these large storms will overtop the non-overflow portion of the masonry segment. This section is not equipped to handle high velocity flows. There is no means of dissipating energy at the downstream toe, so until it has been proven that the dam is founded on sound rock, the erosion resistance at the toe will be a matter of concern.

The stability analyses which were performed for this structure indicate that the factors of safety against both overturning and sliding are less than those recommended by the Corps of Engineers. Due to the lack of information, these analyses were performed by making certain conservative assumptions concerning foundation conditions and depth of embedment of the downstream toe, so the actual safety factors may be higher than those calculated.

The final serious deficiency on this structure is the apparent lack of a reservoir drain. Since there is no drain or regulating outlet, it is not possible to lower the water surface in front of the dam below the service spillway crest without using drastic measures.

b. Adequacy of Information

The information available for the preparation of this report was extremely limited. No construction plans, subsurface information or hydrologic data were available with the exception of the information concerning the southwestern dike provided by the developers of the townhouses proposed for this area. The inspection reports from 1913 and 1915 and observations made during the visual inspections of this structure made for this report were the primary sources of information regarding the dam.

c. Need for Additional Investigations

An investigation of the masonry section is required to better assess the structural stability of the dam. This investigation should be an indepth analysis of the structure. Accurate cross sections of the dam should be obtained to determine the exact dimensions of the structure. An exploration program should be undertaken to determine the subsurface conditions in the vicinity of the dam. Estimation of the depth of soil above the downstream toe of the dam and determination of whether the dam is founded on soil or rock should be two primary goals of the exploration program.

Additional hydrologic/hydraulic investigations are also recommended to more reliably determine the PMF peak outflow. These studies should consider specific site characteristics of the watershed such as surcharge storage capacity both within the drainage area and at the dam.

A stability analysis of the southwestern dike should be performed to determine whether the seepage in this area has reduced the stability of the dike to critical levels.

d. Urgency

The problem of the wet area at the toe of the southwestern dike should be addressed and repairs commenced within 3 months of the date of approval of this report. Unless actions are taken in this area, the situation could deteriorate further and jeopardize the stability of the dike.

Investigation of the remaining deficiencies should begin within 3 months of the date of approval of this report by the owner. These investigations should be completed and the necessary modifications should be commenced within 1 year of the date of notification.

7.2

RECOMMENDED MEASURES

- a. A method of treatment to eliminate or control the seepage in the wet area at the downstream toe of the southwestern dike must be designed and constructed.
- b. An investigation of the stability of the southwestern dike should be performed.
- c. An investigation of the structural stability of the masonry portion of the dam should be undertaken.
- d. Hydrologic/hydraulic investigations are required to resolve the fact that the spillway capacity is inadequate.

The above measures are of major importance and should be addressed within the time frames previously outlined. The following measures are not as critical but the recommended measures should be followed within 12 months of the date of approval of this report.

- a. All trees and brush should be cut from each of the dikes. This area should then be inspected periodically for signs of decay of the roots which might result in increased seepage.
- b. The erosion gully on the southwestern dike should be filled.
- c. The downstream channel beyond the end of the spillway should be rehabilitated. Special attention should be given to the scour hole under the concrete apron.
- d. The area on the masonry portion of the dam where the seepage between blocks was noted should be monitored to assure that this condition is not worsening.
- e. Provisions should be made to provide an operational reservoir drain.
- f. Raise low areas on crest of southwestern dike to assure that crest elevation is at least 194.0.

7.3

PROPOSED ACTIONS BY OWNERS

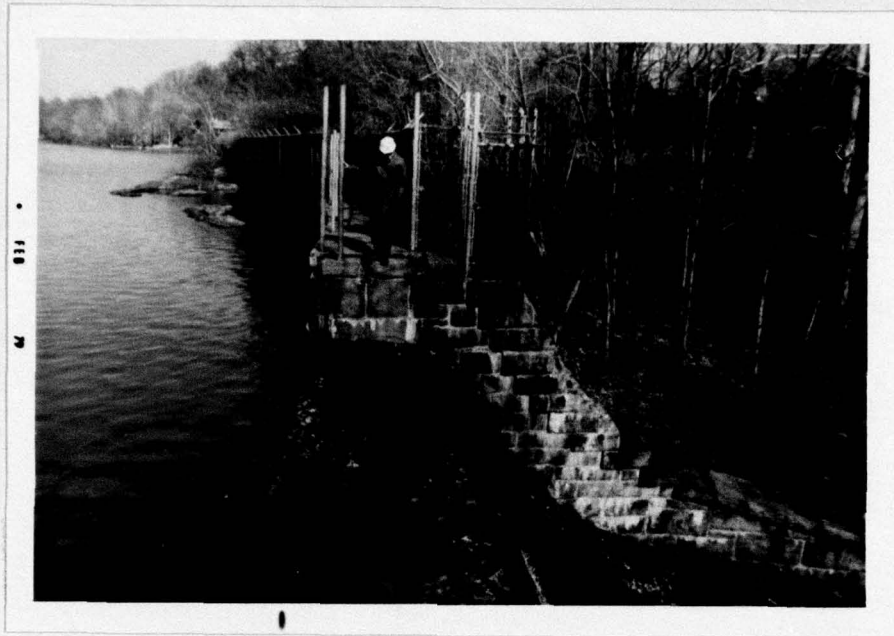
As stated in Section 1.2d, it has been proposed to construct 85 townhouses on the parcel of land which includes the downstream slope of the southwestern dike. A deed restriction prohibits excavation within 20 feet of the downstream toe of the dike. To comply with this restriction, the developer has proposed constructing at existing grade and then backfilling the foundations to provide the required cover. The result of this backfilling

would be to raise the grade along much of the downstream slope effectively flattening the slope.

The developer has also applied for a permit from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation to place a drainage blanket over the wet area on the downstream toe of the southwestern dike. This blanket would be a graded filter composed of filter fabric, gravel and rock.

APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS



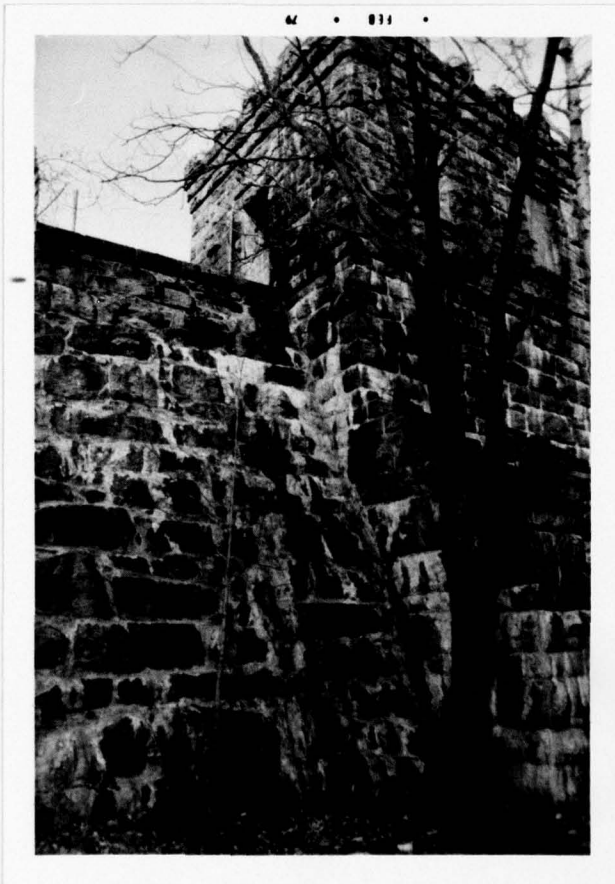
SPILLWAY CREST



SERVICE SPILLWAY LOOKING UPSTREAM



CREST OF NON-OVERFLOW MASONRY SECTION
WITH "GATE HOUSE"



"GATE HOUSE" LOOKING UPSTREAM - NOTE
DISCOLORATION ON BLOCKS DUE TO AREA SEEPAGE



DOWNSTREAM TOE OF MASONRY SECTION



CREST OF SOUTHWESTERN DIKE - NOTE
EROSION GULLY IN FOREGROUND

APPENDIX B

ENGINEERING DATA CHECKLIST

NEW ROCHELLE

RESERVOIR No. 1

Name of Dam

I.D. # N.Y. 20

Check List

Engineering Data

Design Construction Operation

Item	Remarks
Dam	Plans None
Spillway(s)	None
Outlet(s)	None
Design Reports	↑
Design Computations	None
Discharge Rating Curves	↓
Dam Stability	None
Seepage Studies	None
Subsurface and Materials Investigations	

NEW ROCHELLE RES.

No. 1

Remarks

Item

Construction History

NONE

Surveys, Modifications,
Post-Construction Engineering
Studies and Reports

SURVEY OF SOUTHWESTERN BERM - DONE BY TOWN HOUSE DEVELOPERS

Accidents or Failure of Dam
Description, Reports

NONE

Operation and Maintenance Records
Operation Manual

NONE

APPENDIX C

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

1) Basic Data

a. General

Name of Dam NEW ROCHELLE RES. NO. 1 DAM

I.D. # N.Y. 20

Location: Town EASTCHESTER & NEW ROCHELLE County WESTCHESTER

Stream Name KUTCHINSON RIVER

Tributary of _____

Longitude (W), Latitude (N) 73°47.9'W 40°57.4'N

Hazard Category C

Date(s) of Inspection 11/16/78 12/27/78

Weather Conditions 45° SUNNY 35° SUNNY

b. Inspection Personnel W. LYNICK, R. WARRENDER

c. Persons Contacted _____

d. History:

Date Constructed 1894

Owner CITY OF NEW ROCHELLE, FRED FRENCH INVESTING CO, ROBERT LUSK

Designer UNKNOWN

Constructed by UNKNOWN

2) Technical Data

Type of Dam MASONRY WITH EARTH BERMS

Drainage Area 1292 ACRES

Height 30 Length 1300

Upstream Slope VARIES Downstream Slope VARIES

2) Technical Data (Cont'd.)

External Drains: on Downstream Face N/A @ Downstream Toe N/A

Internal Components:

Impervious Core N/A

Drains N/A

Cutoff Type N/A

Grout Curtain N/A

3) Embankment

EARTH BERMS ON EITHER END OF DAM

a. Crest

- (1) Vertical Alignment BOTH OKAY
- (2) Horizontal Alignment BOTH CURVED TO FORM END OF LAKE.
- (3) Surface Cracks NONE APPARENT ON EITHER BERM
- (4) Miscellaneous CREST OF SOUTHWEST BERM WAS A PATH.
ALL VEGETATION WAS GONE HERE.

b. Slopes

- (1) Undesirable Growth or Debris, Animal Burrows BOTH BERMS COVERED
WITH TREES & BRUSH. TREES UP TO 1' DIAMETER
- (2) Sloughing, Subsidence or Depressions SEVERAL GULLIES FROM
CREST ON SOUTHWEST BERM
- (3) Slope Protection RIP-RAP (STONE BLOCK) ON UPSTREAM
SLOPE OF ~~EAST~~ BERMS
- (4) Surface Cracks or Movement at Toe NONE
- (5) Seepage WET AREA NOTED ALONG THE TOE OF THE
SOUTHWEST BERM
- (6) Condition Around Outlet Structure N/A

c. Abutments

EACH EARTH BERM TIES INTO MASONRY SECTION AT AN ABUTMENT.

- (1) Erosion at Embankment and Abutment Contact SOUTHWEST BERM - GULLY
ALONG MASONRY ABUTMENT. ERODED SO AT ABUTMENT EMBANKMENT
ONLY 1.5' HIGHER THAN MASONRY
- (2) Seepage along Contact of Embankment and Abutment NONE

- (3) Seepage at toe or along downstream face NO SEEPAGE AT ABUTMENTS

d. Downstream Area - below embankment

- (1) Subsidence, Depressions, etc. SOME DEPRESSIONS IN WET AREA NOTED BELOW

- (2) Seepage, unusual growth LARGE WET AREA - APPEARS TO BE SEEPAGE 50'-100' BEYOND DOWNSTREAM TOE OF SOUTHWEST BERM. FLOWING WATER NOTED

- (3) Evidence of surface movement beyond embankment toe NONE

- (4) Miscellaneous _____

e. Drainage System

A DRAINAGE PIPE SURROUNDED WITH PEA GRAVEL WAS NOTED IN THE WET AREA BEYOND THE DOWNSTREAM TOE. IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE TO DETERMINE WHERE THIS PIPE ORIGINATES.

(1) Condition of relief wells, drains, etc. _____

(2) Discharge from Drainage System THE PIPE WHICH WAS FOUND

HAD A SLIGHT DISCHARGE COMING OUT.

4) Instrumentation

(1) Monumentation/Surveys NONE

(2) Observation Wells NONE

(3) Weirs NONE

(4) Piezometers NONE

(5) Other _____

5) Reservoir

a. Slopes OKAY

b. Sedimentation NONE NOTED

6) Spillway(s) (including tail race channel)

a. General SERVICE SPILLWAY CHANNEL WITHIN MASONRY SECTION OF DAM

b. Principle Spillway STONE BLOCK CHANNEL - 30' WIDE
NO JOINT OPENINGS EXCEPT AT CREST LEVEL &
ROUNDING AT OVERFLOW DROP

c. Emergency or Auxiliary Spillway NONE

d. Condition of Tail race channel SOMEWHAT DETERIORATED
VOID UNDER END OF CONCRETE APRON - EXTENDS
1 FOOT UNDER ON NORTH END & 3 FEET UNDER
ON SOUTH

e. Stability of Channel side/slopes OKAY - LINED WITH STONE BLOCKS

7) Downstream Channel

SPILLWAY FLOWS DOWN & TURNS AT THE HUTCHINSON RIVER
PARKWAY - THEN FLOWS ALONG TOE

a. Condition (debris, etc.) CHANNEL HAS MISCELLANEOUS BRUSH
AND DEBRIS.

b. Slopes _____

c. Approximate number of homes NO HOMES IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM
AT PRESENT - PROPOSED TOWNHOUSES ON SOUTHWEST
HUTCHINSON RIVER PARKWAY JUST DOWNSTREAM.

8) Miscellaneous STRONG & SEPTIC ODOR COMING & FLOW
COMING FROM A BROKEN PIPE DOWNSTREAM OF DAM
NEAR SPILLWAY CHANNEL.

9) Structural

- a. ^{STONE BLOCK} ~~Concrete~~ Surfaces ENTIRE ~~DAM~~ MASONRY DAM & ABUTMENTS
ARE STONE BLOCK. - INCLUDING OLD GATEHOUSE NEAR
CENTER
- b. Structural Cracking FILLER BETWEEN BLOCKS IS MISSING
IN SOME JOINTS NEXT TO SPILLWAY CREST
- c. Movement - Horizontal & Vertical Alignment (Settlement) _____
- d. Junctions with Abutments or Embankments JUNCTION BETWEEN
MASONRY & ABUTMENTS - OKAY
- e. Drains - Foundation, Joint, Face _____
- f. Water passages, conduits, sluices GATE HOUSE IN CENTER PROBABLY
HAD CONDUITS PASSING THROUGH IT BUT THE ENTIRE
HOUSE HAS BEEN SEALED WITH CONCRETE BLOCK
- g. Seepage or Leakage VERY MINOR SEEPAGE THROUGH
STONE BLOCKS JUST SOUTH OF GATE HOUSE.
BLOCKS WERE WET BUT THERE WAS NO FLOW OF
WATER, THROUGH THEM.

- h. Joints - Construction, etc. OKAY
- i. Foundation _____
- j. Abutments _____
- k. Control Gates IMPOSSIBLE TO DETERMINE WHETHER ANY EXIST.
- l. Approach & Outlet Channels OUTLET CHANNEL WELL BEYOND DOWNSTREAM IS IN POOR CONDITION
- m. Energy Dissipators (plunge pool, etc.) _____
- n. Intake Structures _____
- o. Stability _____
- p. Miscellaneous A FENCE RAN ALONG CREST - WENT ALONG ENTIRE UPSTREAM FACE & ALONG PART OF THE DOWNSTREAM UPSTREAM FACE

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC

ENGINEERING DATA AND COMPUTATIONS

CHECK LIST FOR DAMS
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC
ENGINEERING DATA

AREA-CAPACITY DATA:

	<u>Elevation</u> (ft.)	<u>Surface Area</u> (acres)	<u>Storage Capacity</u> (acre-ft.)
1) Top of Dam (TOP OF EARTH BERMS)	<u>193.9</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>1043</u>
2) Design High Water (Max. Design Pool) (TOP OF MASONRY)	<u>191.9</u>	<u>81.5</u>	<u>869</u>
3) Auxiliary Spillway Crest	<u>N/A</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
4) Pool Level with Flashboards	<u>N/A</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5) Service Spillway Crest	<u>187.9</u>	<u>62.4</u>	<u>582</u>

DISCHARGES

	<u>Volume</u> (cfs)
1) Average Daily	<u>N/A</u>
2) Spillway @ Maximum High Water W.S. AT TOP OF MASONRY	<u>744</u>
3) Spillway @ Design High Water	<u> </u>
4) Spillway @ Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elevation	<u> </u>
5) Low Level Outlet	<u>N/A</u>
6) Total (of all facilities) @ Maximum High Water	<u> </u>
7) Maximum Known Flood	<u>UNKNOWN</u>

CREST:

ELEVATION: 191.9

Type: MASONRY

Width: 6'

Length: 675'

Spillover SPILLWAY CHANNEL

Location CENTER OF SECTION

SPILLWAY:

PRINCIPAL

EMERGENCY

187.9

Elevation

SHARP-CRESTED

Type

NONE

6'

Width

Type of Control

✓

Uncontrolled

Controlled:

Type

(Flashboards; gate)

Number

Size/Length

Invert Material

Anticipated Length
of operating service

13' TO CHANNEL

Chute Length

N/A

Height Between Spillway Crest
& Approach Channel Invert
(Weir Flow)

OUTLET STRUCTURES/EMERGENCY DRAWDOWN FACILITIES:

Type: Gate _____ Sluice _____ Conduit _____ Penstock _____

Shape : NONE _____

Size: _____

Elevations: Entrance Invert _____

Exit Invert _____

Tailrace Channel: Elevation _____

HYDROMETEROLOGICAL GAGES:

Type : N/A _____

Location: _____

Records:

Date - _____

Max. Reading - _____

FLOOD WATER CONTROL SYSTEM:

Warning System: NONE _____

Method of Controlled Releases (mechanisms):

NONE _____

DRAINAGE AREA: 1292 ACRES

DRAINAGE BASIN RUNOFF CHARACTERISTICS:

Land Use - Type: URBAN & HEAVILY DEVELOPED + PARKLAND

Terrain - Relief: FLAT TO MODERATE

Surface - Soil: SAND-SILT

Runoff Potential (existing or planned extensive alterations to existing (surface or subsurface conditions)

MODERATE TO HIGH

Potential Sedimentation problem areas (natural or man-made; present or future)

NONE OBVIOUS

Potential Backwater problem areas for levels at maximum storage capacity including surcharge storage:

POSSIBLE FLOODING OF HUTCHINSON RIVER
PARKWAY

Dikes - Floodwalls (overflow & non-overflow) - Low reaches along the Reservoir perimeter:

Location: EITHER END OF MASONRY

Elevation: 193.9

Reservoir:

Length @ Maximum Pool 2.65 (Miles)

Length of Shoreline (@ Spillway Crest) N/A (Miles)

PROJECT GRID

JOB NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR No. 1 - (NY-20)		SHEET NO. 1/	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT SURFACE AREAS - H ¹ / ₂ H			COMPUTED BY WCL	DATE 2/15/79
USGS 7.5 QUAD. - MOUNT VERNON				
SCALE: 1" = 2000'		1 SQ IN = 91.827 ACRES =	0.14348 SQ	MILES
PLANIMETER (CALIBRATION):				
OK	(2.01 = 2 SQ IN)	(IN ²)	(ACRES)	(SQ. MILES)
DRAINAGE AREA:		14.07	1292	2.02
LAKE SURFACE AREA:		0.68	62.4	0.10
ELEVATION:				
USGS (1956) = 184				
DEVELOPMENT (TOWNHOUSES @ EASTCHESTER) (1978) = 187.50				
SNYDER SYNTHETIC UNIT HYDROGRAPH:				
L = (7.0") = 14000'		= 2.65 MILES		
L _{CA} = (3.4") = 6800'		= 1.29 MILES		
CORPS GUIDELINES:				
SIZE CLASSIFICATION:		SMALL		
HT = 28'				
STORAGE (CONIC METHOD) = $\frac{Ah}{3}$		= $\frac{(62.4)(28)}{3}$ = 582.4 AC-FT		
HAZARD CLASSIFICATION:		HIGH		
SPILLWAY DESIGN FLOOD:		1/2 PMF PMF		
		DEC CRITERIA (NEW DAM) (0.6) PMF		
RATIOS:		0.5 0.6 1.0		

PROJECT GRID

JOB NEW ROCHELLE RESV. No. 1	SHEET NO. 2/	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT SNYDER SYNTHETIC UNIT HYDROGRAPH		COMPUTED BY WCL	DATE 2/15/79
$t_p = C_e (L \cdot L_{CA})^{0.3}$		LAG TIME	
$L = 2.65$ $L_{CA} = 1.29$			
$t_p = 2.89 \text{ HRS}$		$C_e - \text{USE } 2.0$	
$t_r = \frac{L_p}{5.5}$		DURATION - UNIT RAINFALL	
$= 0.525 \text{ HRS}$		USE 0.5-HR UNIT HYDROGRAPH ←	
$t_{pr} = t_p + 0.25(t_r - t_p)$		ADJUSTED LAG TIME	
$= 2.89 + 0.25(0.5 - 0.525)$			
$= 2.89 - 0.006$			
$t_{pr} = 2.88 \text{ HRS}$		USE $T_p = 3.0 \text{ HRS}$ LAG TIME ←	
		USE $C_p = 0.625$ ←	
HR #33 PMP RAINFALL:			
ZONE 1		NEAR ZONE 6	
PMP RAIN = 22" (200 SQ MILE - 24 HR)		(USE LOWER LIMIT = 10 SQ MI)	
6HR	111	113	112
12HR	123	123	123
24HR	133	134	133
48HR	140	140	140
RATIO			
TRSPC: T.F. = $1 - \frac{.3008}{(2.02)^{.17718}}$			
T.F. = 0.734 ←			
LOSS DATA: INITIAL = 1.0"		BASE FLOW: 2 cfs/SQ MILE	
CONTINUOUS = 0.1"			
% OF D.A. - IMPERVIOUS = 5%		2 X 2.02 = 4 cfs	

PROJECT GRID

JOB NEW ROCHELLE RESV. No. 1		SHEET NO. 3/		CHECKED BY		DATE	
SUBJECT RESERVOIR [ELEV - AREA - STORAGE] - (HEC 1-DB)				COMPUTED BY WCL		DATE 2/15/79	
CONIC METHOD - GENERATION OF VALUES:							
CREST (SRVC SPILLWAY): ELEV. = 187.9				AREA (ACRES) 62.4		VOL (AF) 582.4	
$VOL = 582.4 \text{ AC-FT} = \frac{h(A)}{3} = \frac{h}{3} (62.4 \text{ AC})$ $h = 28'$							
APEX OF CONE:		ELEV. = 159.9		O (ACRES)		—	
NON-OVERFLOW SECTION: (MASONRY PORTION - DAM)		ELEV. = 191.9		81.5		869.3	
TOP OF DAM: (EARTH PORTION - BERM)		ELEV. = 193.9		92.0		1043	
CONIC METHOD (AREA-VOLUME):				$A = \pi R^2$		$Vol = \frac{\pi}{3} R^2 h$	
ELEV.	AREA (ACRES)	RADIUS	AREA (ACRES)	h	VOL (AC-FT)	ΔV	
193.9	—	1129.4894	92.0	34'	1043	—	
191.9	—	1063.0489	81.5	32'	869.3	173.7	
187.9	62.4	930.1678	62.4	28'	582.4	286.9	
SIDE SLOPE RATIO:							

PROJECT GRID

JOB NEW ROCHELLE RESV. No. 1	SHEET NO. 4/	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT WEIR COEFFICIENTS		COMPUTED BY WCL	DATE 2/15/79

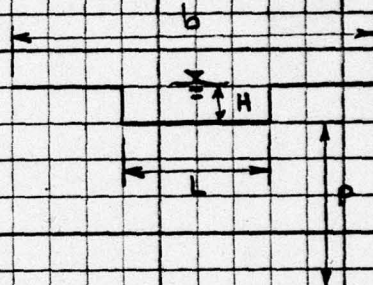
REF: HANDBOOK OF HYDRAULICS (5TH ED.)
KING & BRATER

SITUATION: HORIZONTAL RECTANGULAR SHARP-CRESTED WEIR
WITH END CONTRACTIONS

$$Q = CLH^{3/2}$$

SERVICE SPILLWAY

P = 28'
L = 30'
b = 562'



(FIG 5-3 pg 5-14)

H	H/P	L/b	C _e	b _L	L
4'	0.14	0.053	3.1	+0.008	30.008
2'	0.07	0.053	3.15	+0.008	30.008

∴ USE C = 3.1
L = 30'

PROJECT GRID

JOB	SHEET NO.	CHECKED BY	DATE
NEW ROCHELLE RES. NO. 1 DAM	5		
SUBJECT	COMPUTED BY	DATE	
OUTFLOW COMPUTATIONS	RLW	2/27/79	
WATER SURFACE AT ELEVATION 191.9 (TOP OF NON-OVERFLOW SECTION)			
FLOW OVER SERVICE SPILLWAY ONLY			
$Q = C L H^{3/2} = (3.1)(30)(4)^{3/2} = 744 \text{ cfs}$			
WATER SURFACE AT ELEVATION 193.9 (TOP OF EARTH BERMS)			
FLOW OVER SERVICE SPILLWAY			
$Q = (3.1)(30)(6)^{3/2} = 1367 \text{ cfs}$			
FLOW OVER NON-OVERFLOW SECTION			
$Q = (3.1)(628)(2)^{3/2} = 5506 \text{ cfs}$			
TOTAL OUTFLOW = 6873 cfs			

 DUD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
 M SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79
 MODIFIED FOR HONEYWELL APR 79

 THIS PROGRAM IS CURRENTLY BEING MODIFIED
 TO RUN ON THE DGS HONEYWELL SYSTEM

PLEASE REPORT ANY UNUSUAL OPERATING PROBLEMS

MIKE TILLSON (RM. 423) PH: 7-5666

1 A NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR NO.1 DAM NY-20 LONG ISLAND RIVER BASIN

2 A PMF WITH RATIOS - ~~*****~~

3 A DATE 6/4/79

4 B 100 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

5 B1 5

6 J 1 3 1

7 J1 0.5 0.6 1.0

8 K 0 1

9 K1

10 M 1 1 2.02

11 P 0 22 112 123 133 142

12 T

13 W 3 .625 0

14 X 4 4 1

15 K 1 1

16 K1

17 Y 0 0 1 1

18 Y1 1

19 \$A 0 62.4 81.5

20 \$E 159.9 187.9 191.9

21 \$\$ 187.9 30 3.1 1.5

22 \$D 191.9 3.1 1.5 628

23 K 99

24 A

25 A

26 A

27 A

INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

1 2.02 0 1
 1.0 0.1 0.05

ROUTED HYDROGRAPH AT DAM - NO BREACH

-187.9 0

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FORMULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CURIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	2.02 (0.30E 19)	1	2018. (57.14)(2421. 68.57)(4036. 114.28)(
ROUTED TO	1	2.02 (0.30E 19)	1	1923. (54.44)(2371. 67.14)(4009. 113.52)(

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1

ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM	RATIO OF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S. ELEV	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
187.90	187.90	191.90	191.90	0.50	922.	1923.	5.50	43.50	0.	0.
582.	582.	0.	869.	0.60	936.	2371.	6.50	43.00	0.	0.
0.	0.	0.	744.	1.00	979.	4009.	9.00	43.00	0.	0.

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HSC-1)
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 25 SEP 78

A NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR NO.1 DAM NY-20 LONG ISLAND RIVER BASIN
 A PRF WITH RATIOS - ANALYSIS INCLUDING DOWNSTREAM FLOOD WAVE
 A DATE 3/13/79 INCLUDING DAM FAILURE

NO	STATION	TIME	INFL. (CFS)	OUTFL. (CFS)	DEPTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FPS)	TOE OF DAM	WAVE HEIGHT (FT)	WAVE PERIOD (SEC)
1	100	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	0.6	1.0	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
4	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
5	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
6	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
7	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
8	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
9	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
10	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
11	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
12	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
13	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
14	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
15	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
16	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
17	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
18	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
19	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
20	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
21	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
22	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
23	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
24	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
25	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
26	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
27	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
28	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
29	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
30	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
31	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
32	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
33	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
34	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
35	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
36	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
37	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
38	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
39	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
40	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
41	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
42	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
43	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
44	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
45	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
46	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
47	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
48	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
49	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1
50	0	1	2.02	112	123	133	142	1.0	0.1

INFL. HYDROGRAPH

ROUTED HYDROGRAPH AT DAM - WITH BREACH (RECTANGULAR)

-187.9 0

TOE OF DAM

MILL ROAD RAMPS

ELEV 140 POINT

LEFT BEND

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 25 SEP 78

RUN DATE 03/12/79
 TIME 13.00.57.

NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR NO.1 DAM N1-20 LONG ISLAND RIVER BASIN
 PRF WITH RATIOS - ANALYSIS INCLUDING DOWNSTREAM FLOOD WAVE
 INCLUDING DAM FAILURE
 DATE 3/12/79

JOB SPECIFICATION
 INQ NHR NMIF IDAY IHR IMIN METRC IPLT JPRT NSTAN
 100 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 JUPER NWT LKOPT TRACE
 5 0 0 0

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED
 NPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 3 LRTIO= 1
 RTIOS= .50 .60 1.00

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

IHYG	IUHG	TAREA	SNAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNOH	ISAME	LOCAL
1	1	2.02	0.00	2.02	0.00	0.000	0	1	0

PRECIP DATA

SPFE	PFS	R6	R12	R24	R48	R72	R96
0.00	22.00	112.00	123.00	133.00	142.00	0.00	0.00

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .630

LOIS DATA

LKOPT	STAKR	DLTKR	RTIOL	FRAIN	STKKS	RTIOK	STRTL	CNSTL	ALSMX	RTIMP
0	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	.10	0.00	.05

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TP= 3.00 CP= .63 NTA= 0

RECESSION DATA

STRIG= 4.00 ORCSI= 4.00 RTIOR= 1.00
 APPROXIMATE CLARK COEFFICIENTS FROM GIVEN SNYDER CP AND TP ARE TC= 6.86 AND R= 5.37 INTERVALS

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 33 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 2.99 HOURS, CP= .63 VOL= 1.00

17.	64.	125.	193.	217.	275.	273.	240.	199.	165.
21.	114.	94.	78.	15.	54.	45.	37.	31.	26.
3.	16.	15.	12.	10.	8.	7.	6.	5.	4.

125.	126.	127.	128.	129.	130.	131.	132.	133.	134.	135.	136.	137.	138.	139.	140.	141.	142.
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 61225. AT TIME 43.10 HOURS

PEAK	3565.	101.															
CFS	1334.	38.	6.14	156.04	601.	816.											
CMS	424.	12.	7.80	198.24	240.	1037.											
INCHES	6.	7.87	199.87	847.	1045.												
MM	205.	6.	199.87	847.	1045.												
AC-FT	20503.	581.	7.87	199.87	847.	1045.											
THOUS CU M	20503.	581.	7.87	199.87	847.	1045.											
TOTAL VOLUME	20503.	581.	7.87	199.87	847.	1045.											

600

#OVN#

WARNING *** TOP OF DAM, BOTTOM OF BREACH, OR LOW-LEVEL OUTLET IS NOT WITHIN RANGE OF GIVEN ELEVATIONS IN STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA
BOTTOM OF RESERVOIR ASSUMED TO BE AT 159.90
STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA WILL BE EXTRAPOLATED ABOVE ELEVATION 187.90

STATION 1, PLAN 1, RATIO 3

BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 41.00 HOURS

END-OF-PERIOD HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES

OUTFLOW		STORAGE	
0.	0.	533.	583.
1.	1.	534.	585.
2.	2.	536.	587.
3.	5.	538.	591.
4.	7.	539.	594.
5.	10.	540.	611.
6.	13.	541.	609.
7.	17.	542.	610.
8.	20.	543.	611.
9.	24.	544.	612.
10.	28.	545.	613.
11.	32.	546.	614.
12.	36.	547.	615.
13.	40.	548.	616.
14.	44.	549.	617.
15.	48.	550.	618.
16.	52.	551.	619.
17.	56.	552.	620.
18.	60.	553.	621.
19.	64.	554.	622.
20.	68.	555.	623.
21.	72.	556.	624.
22.	76.	557.	625.
23.	80.	558.	626.
24.	84.	559.	627.
25.	88.	560.	628.
26.	92.	561.	629.
27.	96.	562.	630.
28.	100.	563.	631.
29.	104.	564.	632.
30.	108.	565.	633.
31.	112.	566.	634.
32.	116.	567.	635.
33.	120.	568.	636.
34.	124.	569.	637.
35.	128.	570.	638.
36.	132.	571.	639.
37.	136.	572.	640.
38.	140.	573.	641.
39.	144.	574.	642.
40.	148.	575.	643.
41.	152.	576.	644.
42.	156.	577.	645.
43.	160.	578.	646.
44.	164.	579.	647.
45.	168.	580.	648.
46.	172.	581.	649.
47.	176.	582.	650.
48.	180.	583.	651.
49.	184.	584.	652.
50.	188.	585.	653.
51.	192.	586.	654.
52.	196.	587.	655.
53.	200.	588.	656.
54.	204.	589.	657.
55.	208.	590.	658.
56.	212.	591.	659.
57.	216.	592.	660.
58.	220.	593.	661.
59.	224.	594.	662.
60.	228.	595.	663.
61.	232.	596.	664.
62.	236.	597.	665.
63.	240.	598.	666.
64.	244.	599.	667.
65.	248.	600.	668.
66.	252.	601.	669.
67.	256.	602.	670.
68.	260.	603.	671.
69.	264.	604.	672.
70.	268.	605.	673.
71.	272.	606.	674.
72.	276.	607.	675.
73.	280.	608.	676.
74.	284.	609.	677.
75.	288.	610.	678.
76.	292.	611.	679.
77.	296.	612.	680.
78.	300.	613.	681.
79.	304.	614.	682.
80.	308.	615.	683.
81.	312.	616.	684.
82.	316.	617.	685.
83.	320.	618.	686.
84.	324.	619.	687.
85.	328.	620.	688.
86.	332.	621.	689.
87.	336.	622.	690.
88.	340.	623.	691.
89.	344.	624.	692.
90.	348.	625.	693.
91.	352.	626.	694.
92.	356.	627.	695.
93.	360.	628.	696.
94.	364.	629.	697.
95.	368.	630.	698.
96.	372.	631.	699.
97.	376.	632.	700.
98.	380.	633.	701.
99.	384.	634.	702.
100.	388.	635.	703.
101.	392.	636.	704.
102.	396.	637.	705.
103.	400.	638.	706.
104.	404.	639.	707.
105.	408.	640.	708.
106.	412.	641.	709.
107.	416.	642.	710.
108.	420.	643.	711.
109.	424.	644.	712.
110.	428.	645.	713.
111.	432.	646.	714.
112.	436.	647.	715.
113.	440.	648.	716.
114.	444.	649.	717.
115.	448.	650.	718.
116.	452.	651.	719.
117.	456.	652.	720.
118.	460.	653.	721.
119.	464.	654.	722.
120.	468.	655.	723.
121.	472.	656.	724.
122.	476.	657.	725.
123.	480.	658.	726.
124.	484.	659.	727.
125.	488.	660.	728.
126.	492.	661.	729.
127.	496.	662.	730.
128.	500.	663.	731.
129.	504.	664.	732.
130.	508.	665.	733.
131.	512.	666.	734.
132.	516.	667.	735.
133.	520.	668.	736.
134.	524.	669.	737.
135.	528.	670.	738.
136.	532.	671.	739.
137.	536.	672.	740.
138.	540.	673.	741.
139.	544.	674.	742.
140.	548.	675.	743.
141.	552.	676.	744.
142.	556.	677.	745.
143.	560.	678.	746.
144.	564.	679.	747.
145.	568.	680.	748.
146.	572.	681.	749.
147.	576.	682.	750.
148.	580.	683.	751.
149.	584.	684.	752.
150.	588.	685.	753.
151.	592.	686.	754.
152.	596.	687.	755.
153.	600.	688.	756.
154.	604.	689.	757.
155.	608.	690.	758.
156.	612.	691.	759.
157.	616.	692.	760.
158.	620.	693.	761.
159.	624.	694.	762.
160.	628.	695.	763.
161.	632.	696.	764.
162.	636.	697.	765.
163.	640.	698.	766.
164.	644.	699.	767.
165.	648.	700.	768.
166.	652.	701.	769.
167.	656.	702.	770.
168.	660.	703.	771.
169.	664.	704.	772.
170.	668.	705.	773.
171.	672.	706.	774.
172.	676.	707.	775.
173.	680.	708.	776.
174.	684.	709.	777.
175.	688.	710.	778.
176.	692.	711.	779.
177.	696.	712.	780.
178.	700.	713.	781.
179.	704.	714.	782.
180.	708.	715.	783.
181.	712.	716.	784.
182.	716.	717.	785.
183.	720.	718.	786.
184.	724.	719.	787.
185.	728.	720.	788.
186.	732.	721.	789.
187.	736.	722.	790.
188.	740.	723.	791.
189.	744.	724.	792.
190.	748.	725.	793.
191.	752.	726.	794.
192.	756.	727.	795.
193.	760.	728.	796.
194.	764.	729.	797.
195.	768.	730.	798.
196.	772.	731.	799.
197.	776.	732.	800.
198.	780.	733.	801.
199.	784.	734.	802.
200.	788.	735.	803.
201.	792.	736.	804.
202.	796.	737.	805.
203.	800.	738.	806.
204.	804.	739.	807.
205.	808.	740.	808.
206.	812.	741.	809.
207.	816.	742.	810.
208.	820.	743.	811.
209.	824.	744.	812.
210.	828.	745.	813.
211.	832.	746.	814.
212.	836.	747.	815.
213.	840.	748.	816.
214.	844.	749.	817.
215.	848.	750.	818.
216.	852.	751.	819.
217.	856.	752.	820.
218.	860.	753.	821.
219.	864.	754.	822.
220.	868.	755.	823.
221.	872.	756.	824.
222.	876.	757.	825.
223.	880.	758.	826.
224.	884.	759.	827.
225.	888.	760.	828.
226.	892.	761.	829.
227.	896.	762.	830.
228.	900.	763.	831.
229.	904.	764.	832.
230.	908.	765.	833.
231.	912.	766.	834.
232.	916.	767.	835.
233.	920.	768.	836.
234.	924.	769.	837.
235.	928.	770.	838.
236.	932.	771.	839.
237.	936.	772.	840.
238.	940.	773.	841.
239.	944.	774.	842.
240.	948.	775.	843.
241.	952.	776.	844.
242.	956.	777.	845.
243.	960.	778.	846.
244.	964.	779.	847.
245.	968.	780.	848.
246.	972.	781.	849.
247.	976.	782.	850.
248.	980.	783.	851.
249.	984.	784.	852.
250.	988.	785.	853.
251.	992.	786.	854.
252.	996.	787.	855.
253.	1000.	788.	856.
254.	1004.	789.	857.
255.	1008.	790.	858.
256.	1012.	791.	859.
257.	1016.	792.	860.
258.	1020.	793.	861.
259.	1024.	794.	862.
260.	1028.	795.	863.
261.	1032.	796.	864.
262.	1036.	797.	865.
263.	1040.	798.	866.
264.	1044.	799.	867.
265.	1048.	800.	868.
266.	1052.	801.	869.
267.	1056.	802.	870.
268.	1060.	803.	871.
269.	1064.	804.	872.
270.	1068.	805.	873.
271.	1072.	806.	874.
272.	1076.	807.	875.
273.	1080.	808.	876.
274.	1084.	809.	877.
275.	1088.	810.	878.
276.	1092.	811.	879.
277.	1096.	812.	880.
278.	1100.	813.	881.
279.	1104.	814.	882.
280.	1108.	815.	883.
281.	1112.	816.	884.
282.	1116.	817.	885.
283.	1120.	818.	886.
284.	1124.	819.	887.
285.	1128.	820.	888.
286.	1132.	821.	889.
287.	1136.	822.	890.
288.	1140.	823.	891.
289.	1144.	824.	892.
290.	1148.	825.	893.
291.	1152.	826.	894.
292.	1156.	827.	895.
293.	1160.	828.	896.
294.	1164.	829.	897.
295.	1168.	830.	898.
296.	1172.	831.	899.
297.	1176.	832.	900.
298.	1180.	833.	901.
299.	1184.	834.	902.
300.	1188.	835.	903.
301.	1192.	836.	904.
302.	1196.	837.	905.
303.	1200.	838.	906.
304.	1204.	839.	907.
305.	1208.	840.	908.
306.	1212.	841.	909.
307.	1216.	842.	910.
308.	1220.	843.	911.
309.	1224.	844.	912.
310.	1228.	845.	913.
311.	1232.	846.	914.
312.	1236.	847.	915.
313.	1240.	848.	916.
314.	1244.	849.	917.
315.	1248.	850.	918.
316.	1252.	851.	919.
317.	1256.	852.	920.
318.	1260.	853.	921.
319.	1264.	854.	922.
320.	1268.	855.	923.
321.	1272.	856.	924.
322.	1276.	857.	925.
323.	1280.	858.	926.
324.	1284.	859.	927.
325.	1288.	860.	928.
326.	1292.	861.	

LBS 131.
 CMS 14.07
 INCHES 17.86
 JIM 453.62
 AC-FT 1923.
 THOUS CU M. 1869.
 1329.
 18.02
 457.65
 1940.
 2393.

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 8.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 141.5

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

LOCATION: JSTAQ 2820 ICOMP 1 IECON 0 ITAPE 0 JPLT 0 JPRT 0 INAME 1 ISTAGE 0 IAUTO 0
 QLOSS 0.0 CLOSS 0.000 AVG 0.000 IRES 1 ISAME 1 IOPT 0 IPMP 0 LSTR 0
 NSTPS 1 NSTOL 0 LAG 0 AMSKK X TSK STORA 0 ISPRAT 0

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

QN(1) QN(2) QN(3) ELAVT ELMAX RLNTH SEL
 .0500 .1000 .1000 127.0 150.0 400. .02000

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA,ELEV,STA,ELEV--ETC
 180.00 150.00 240.00 140.00 289.00 130.00 290.00 127.00 310.00 127.00
 311.00 150.00 300.00 130.00 320.00 145.00

STORAGE	11116.45	12.44	0.00	.23	14.91	17.50	.46	1.02	2.02	3.23	4.66	6.29	8.13	10.1
OUTFLOW	11116.45	14304.30	53.30	168.87	17971.33	22194.43	382.18	27006.04	885.53	1682.68	32534.06	4270.63	6125.86	8398.0
STAGE	127.00	140.32	140.21	129.42	141.53	142.74	130.63	131.84	143.95	145.16	146.37	147.58	135.47	137.0
FLDW	11116.45	14504.30	55.30	168.87	17971.33	22194.43	382.18	27006.04	885.53	1682.68	32534.06	4270.63	6125.86	8398.0

STATION 2820, PLAN 1, RTIO 1

OUTFLOW

0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS

RATIO 1 .50 RATIO 2 .60 RATIO 3 1.00

| OPERATION | STATION | AREA | PLAN | RATIO 1 | RATIO 2 | RATIO 3 |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| HYDROGRAPH AT | 1 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 2018.
(57.14) | 2421.
(68.57) | 4036.
(114.23) |
| ROUTED TU | 1 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3565.
(100.95) | 4017.
(113.76) | 4925.
(139.45) |
| ROUTED TU | 1000 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3562.
(100.88) | 4015.
(113.68) | 4922.
(139.38) |
| ROUTED TU | 1360 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3535.
(100.12) | 3992.
(113.94) | 4902.
(138.81) |
| ROUTED TU | 1840 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3440.
(97.43) | 3902.
(110.49) | 4830.
(136.77) |
| ROUTED TU | 2120 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3330.
(94.29) | 3789.
(107.30) | 4726.
(133.81) |
| ROUTED TU | 2420 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3236.
(91.64) | 3684.
(104.31) | 4628.
(131.06) |
| ROUTED TU | 2820 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3169.
(89.73) | 3592.
(101.72) | 4538.
(128.49) |
| ROUTED TU | 3040 | 2.02
(5.23) | 1 | 3113.
(88.16) | 3516.
(99.55) | 4526.
(128.15) |

70

| RATIO | MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS | MAXIMUM STAGE, FT | TIME HOURS |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| .50 | 3440. | 143.4 | 43.50 |
| .60 | 3902. | 143.5 | 42.50 |
| 1.00 | 4830. | 143.7 | 41.50 |

PLAN 1 STATION 2120

| RATIO | MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS | MAXIMUM STAGE, FT | TIME HOURS |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| .50 | 3330. | 143.4 | 43.50 |
| .60 | 3789. | 143.7 | 42.50 |
| 1.00 | 4726. | 144.2 | 41.50 |

PLAN 1 STATION 2420

| RATIO | MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS | MAXIMUM STAGE, FT | TIME HOURS |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| .50 | 3236. | 140.8 | 43.50 |
| .60 | 3684. | 141.0 | 42.50 |
| 1.00 | 4628. | 141.5 | 41.50 |

PLAN 1 STATION 2820

| RATIO | MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS | MAXIMUM STAGE, FT | TIME HOURS |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| .50 | 3169. | 134.6 | 43.50 |
| .60 | 3592. | 134.9 | 42.50 |
| 1.00 | 4538. | 135.6 | 41.50 |

PLAN 1 STATION 3040

| RATIO | MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS | MAXIMUM STAGE, FT | TIME HOURS |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| .50 | 3113. | 134.0 | 43.50 |
| .60 | 3516. | 134.3 | 42.50 |
| 1.00 | 4526. | 135.1 | 43.00 |

APPENDIX E

STRUCTURAL STABILITY ANALYSES

PROJECT GRID

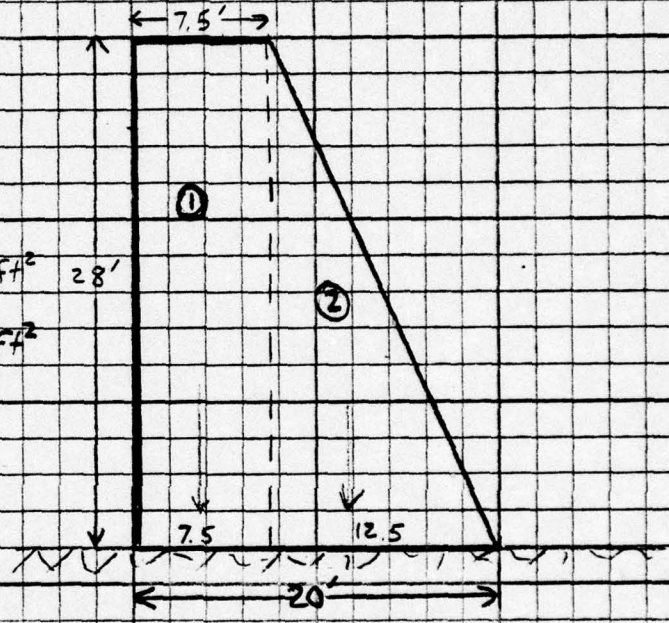
| | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| JOB
NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR No. 1 Dam | SHEET NO.
1 | CHECKED BY | DATE |
| SUBJECT
STABILITY ANALYSIS | | COMPUTED BY
RLW | DATE
2/22/79 |

APPROXIMATE SECTION OF DAM

$\gamma_{\text{dam}} = .150$
 $f = .60$

AREA SECTION ① = 210ft^2 28'

AREA SECTION ② = 175ft^2



INPUT TO STABILITY ANALYSIS PROGRAM

| <u>INPUT ENTRY</u> | <u>PROGRAM No.</u> |
|---|--------------------|
| Unit Weight of Dam (K/ft ³) | 0 |
| Area of Segment No. 1 (ft ²) | 1 |
| Distance from Center of Gravity
of Segment No. 1 to Downstream
Toe (ft) | 2 |
| Area of Segment No. 2 (ft ²) | 3 |
| Distance from Center of Gravity
of Segment No. 2 to Downstream
Toe (ft) | 4 |
| Area of Segment No. 3 (ft ²) | 5 |
| Distance from Center of Gravity
of Segment No. 3 to Downstream
Toe (ft) | 6 |
| Base Width of Dam (Total) (ft) | 7 |
| Height of Dam (ft) | 8 |
| Ice Loading (K/L ft.) | 9 |
| Coefficient of Sliding | 10 |
| Unit Weight of Soil (K/ft ³) | 11 |
| Active Soil Coefficient - Ka | 12 |
| Passive Soil Coefficient - Kp | 13 |
| Height of Water over
Top of Dam or Spillway (ft) | 14 |
| Height of Soil for Active Pressure (ft) | 15 |
| Height of Soil for Passive Pressure (ft) | 16 |
| Height of Water in Tailrace Channel (ft) | 17 |
| Weight of Water (K/ft ³) | 18 |
| Area of Segment No. 4 (ft ²) | 19 |
| Distance from Center of Gravity of
Segment No. 4 to Downstream Toe (ft) | 20 |
| Height of Ice Load or Active Water (ft) | 46 |

INPUT AND RESULTS FROM STRUCTURAL
STABILITY ANALYSIS PROGRAM

NORMAL CONDITIONS
WATER AT SERVICE
SPILLWAY CREST
NO ICE LOAD

PMF - FLOW OVER
NON-OVERFLOW SECTION
NO ICE LOAD

| | |
|--------|-----|
| | 0 |
| 0.15 | |
| 0.15 | RCL |
| | 1 |
| 210. | |
| 210. | RCL |
| | 2 |
| 16.25 | |
| 16.25 | RCL |
| | 3 |
| 175. | |
| 175. | RCL |
| | 4 |
| 8.3375 | |
| 8.3375 | RCL |
| | 7 |
| 20. | |
| 20. | RCL |
| | 8 |
| 28. | |
| 28. | RCL |
| | 9 |
| 0. | |
| 0. | RCL |
| | 10 |
| 0.6 | |
| 0.6 | RCL |
| | 14 |
| 0. | |
| 0. | RCL |
| | 18 |
| 0.0624 | |
| 0.0624 | RCL |
| | 46 |
| 24. | |

| | | |
|--|--------|-----|
| | 0.15 | RCL |
| | | 1 |
| | 210. | |
| | 210. | RCL |
| | | 2 |
| | 16.25 | |
| | 16.25 | RCL |
| | | 3 |
| | 175. | |
| | 175. | RCL |
| | | 4 |
| | 8.3375 | |
| | 8.3375 | RCL |
| | | 7 |
| | 20. | |
| | 20. | RCL |
| | | 8 |
| | 28. | |
| | 28. | RCL |
| | | 9 |
| | 0. | |
| | 0. | RCL |
| | | 10 |
| | 0.6 | |
| | 0.6 | RCL |
| | | 14 |
| | 1.3 | |
| | 1.3 | RCL |
| | | 18 |
| | 0.0624 | |
| | 0.0624 | RCL |
| | | 46 |
| | 28. | |

1. 1.82368461
2. 8.19413017
3. 1.344751603

1. Safety Factor vs. Overturning 1. 1.450227054
2. Distance From Toe of Resultant 2. 5.748085353
3. Safety Factor vs. Sliding 3. .8858274079

APPENDIX F

REFERENCES

APPENDIX F

REFERENCES

- 1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Technical Paper No. 40, Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States, May 1961.
- 2) H.W. King and E.F. Brater, Handbook of Hydraulics, 5th edition, McGraw-Hill, 1963.
- 3) University of the State of New York, Geology of New York, Education Leaflet 20, Reprinted 1973.
- 4) Elwyn E. Seelye, Design, 3rd edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1960

APPENDIX G

DRAWINGS

(NOTICE: After filling out one of these forms as completely as possible for each dam in your district, return it at once to the Conservation Commission, Albany.)

STATE OF NEW YORK
CONSERVATION COMMISSION
ALBANY

DAM REPORT

March 13th, 1912
(Date)

CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
DIVISION OF INLAND WATERS.

GENTLEMEN:

I have the honor to make the following report in relation to the structure known as the Coytes corner Dam.

This dam is situated upon the Hutchinson River in the Town of Eastchester, Westchester County, about 1 mile from the Village or Upper Tuckahoe

The distance Down stream from the dam, to the Long Island Sound is about 2 miles

The dam is now owned by New Rochelle Water Co and was built in or about the year 1899, and was extensively repaired or reconstructed during the year _____

As it now stands, the spillway portion of this dam is built of Stone & Cement and the other portions are built of Stone & Cement

As nearly as I can learn, the character of the foundation bed under the spillway portion of the dam is Rock and under the remaining portions such foundation bed is Rock

10 / done / H. H. Brown

The total length of this dam is 560 feet. The spillway or waste-weir portion, is about 28 feet long, and the crest of the spillway is about 4 feet below the top of the dam.

The number, size and location of discharge pipes, waste pipes or gates which may be used for drawing off the water from behind the dam, are as follows: One 12 inch Iron pipe

State briefly, in the space below, whether, in your judgment, this dam is in good condition, or bad condition, describing particularly any leaks or cracks which you may have observed.)

There are no leaks
And the Dam is in first class condition



Reported by Benjamin M Bailey
(Signature)

R 722 Route 1

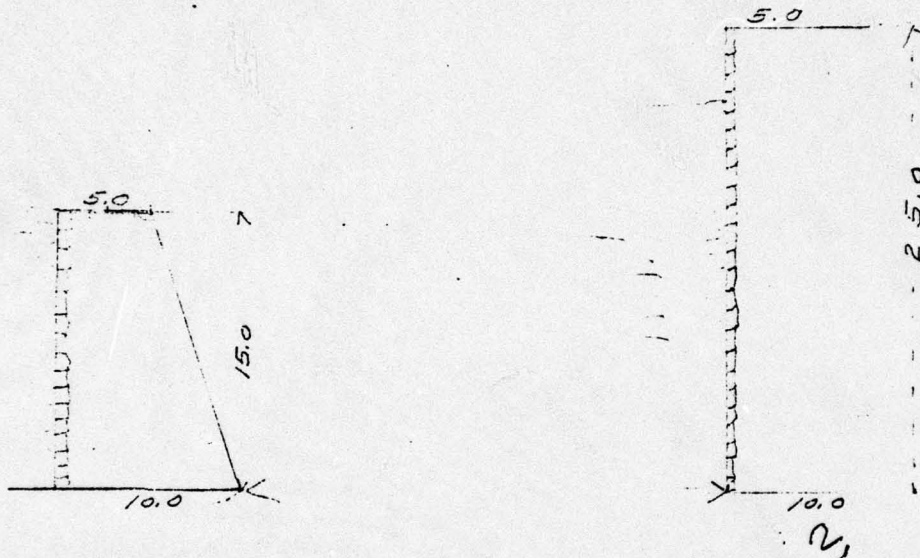
(Address—Street and number, P. O. Box or R. F. D. route)

White Plains

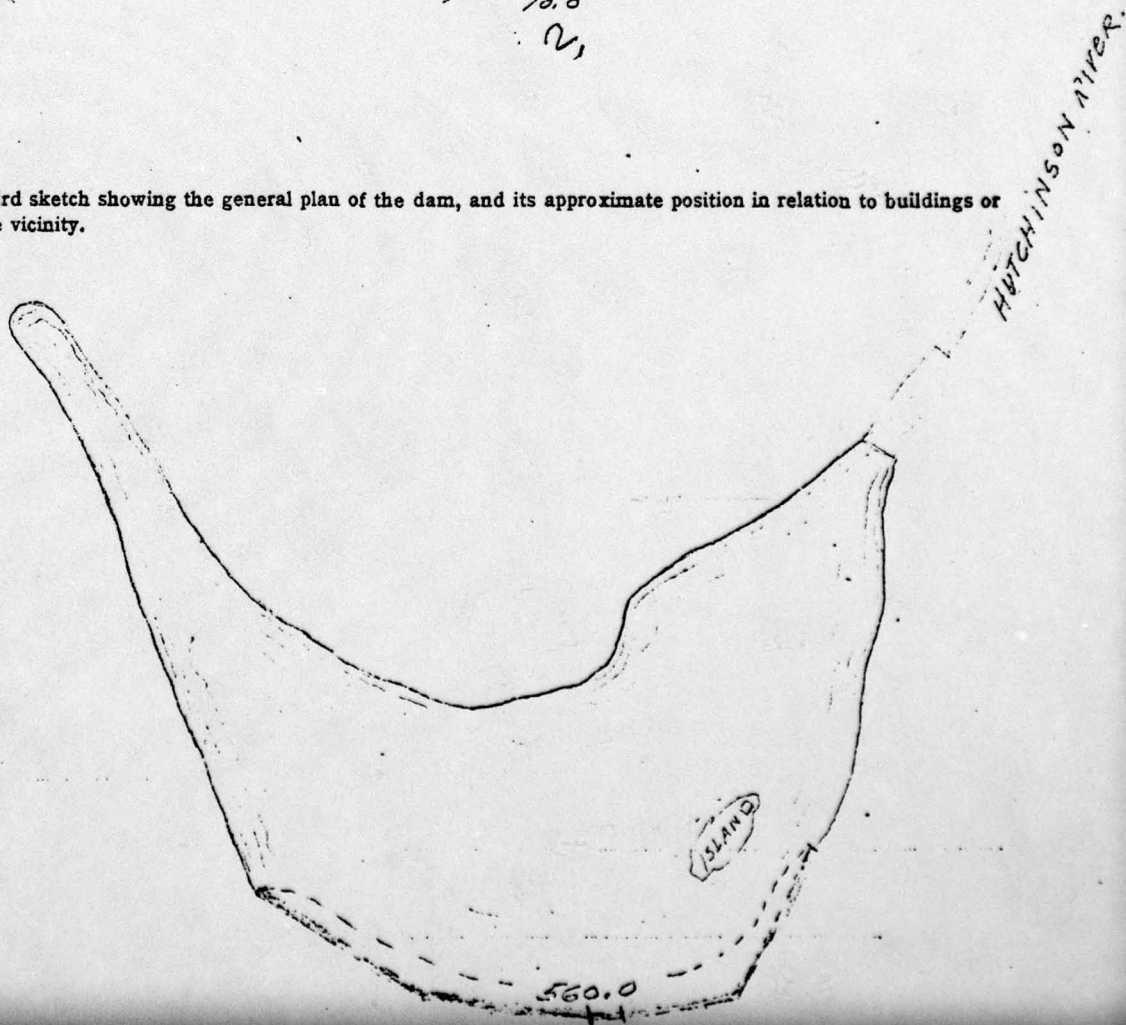
(Name of place)

(SEE OTHER SIDE)

(In the space below, make one sketch showing the form and dimensions of a cross section through the spillway or waste-weir of this dam, and a second sketch showing the same information for a cross section through the other portion of the dam. Show particularly the greatest height of the dam above the stream bed, its thickness at the top, and thickness at the bottom, as nearly as you can learn.)



(In the space below, make a third sketch showing the general plan of the dam, and its approximate position in relation to buildings or other conspicuous objects in the vicinity.)



207 LH

(NOTICE: After filling out one of these forms as completely as possible for each dam in your district, return it at once to the Conservation Commission, Albany.)

STATE OF NEW YORK
CONSERVATION COMMISSION
ALBANY

DAM REPORT

June 21st, 1915
(Date)

CONSERVATION COMMISSION,

DIVISION OF INLAND WATERS.

GENTLEMEN:

I have the honor to make the following report in relation to the structure known as
No 1 Reservoir New Rochelle Water Co.

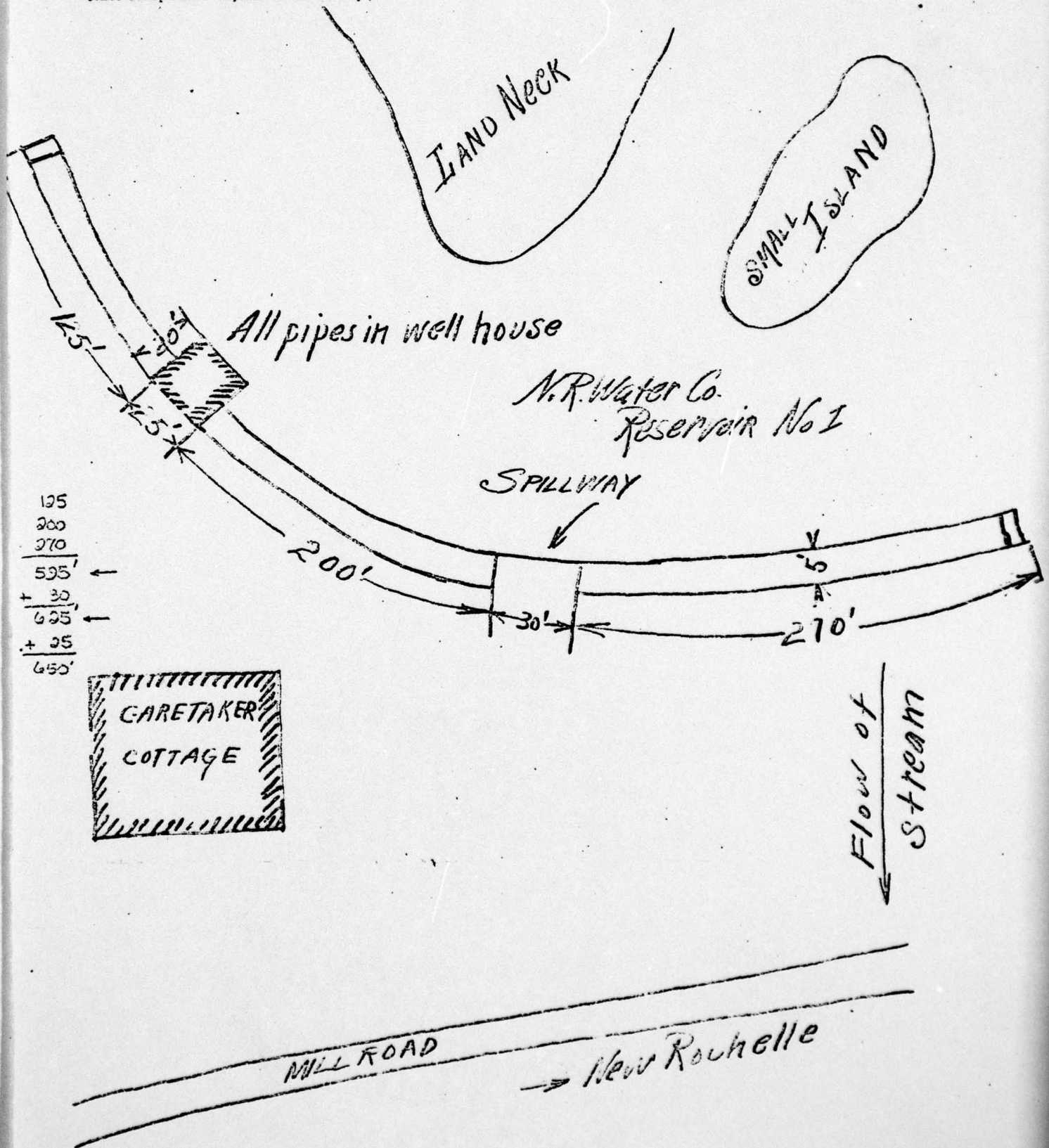
This dam is situated upon the Hutchinson River
(Give name of stream)
in the Town of East Chester Westchester County,
about four miles city Hall from the Village or City of New Rochelle
(State distance)
The distance down stream from the dam, to the Mill Road
(Up or down) (Give name of nearest important stream or of a bridge)
is about 500 feet
(State distance)

The dam is now owned by U. P. Water Co. (Gelin Estate)
(Give name and address in full)
and was built in or about the year 1888, and was extensively repaired or reconstructed
during the year 1894.

As it now stands, the spillway portion of this dam is built of Rock
(State whether of masonry, concrete or timber)
and the other portions are built of Rock
(State whether of masonry, concrete, earth or timber with or without rock fill)

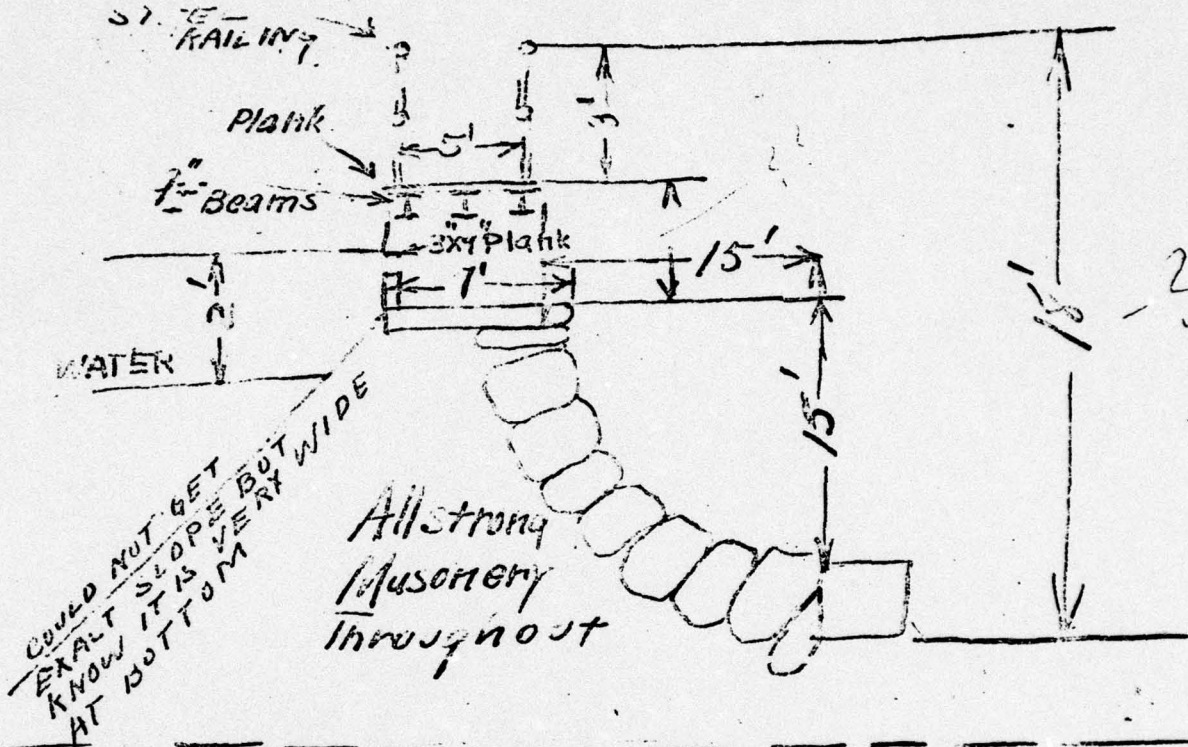
As nearly as I can learn, the character of the foundation bed under the spillway portion
of the dam is Rock and under the remaining portions such
foundation bed is Rock

(In the space below, make a third sketch showing the general plan of the dam, and its approximate position in relation to buildings or other conspicuous objects in the vicinity.)

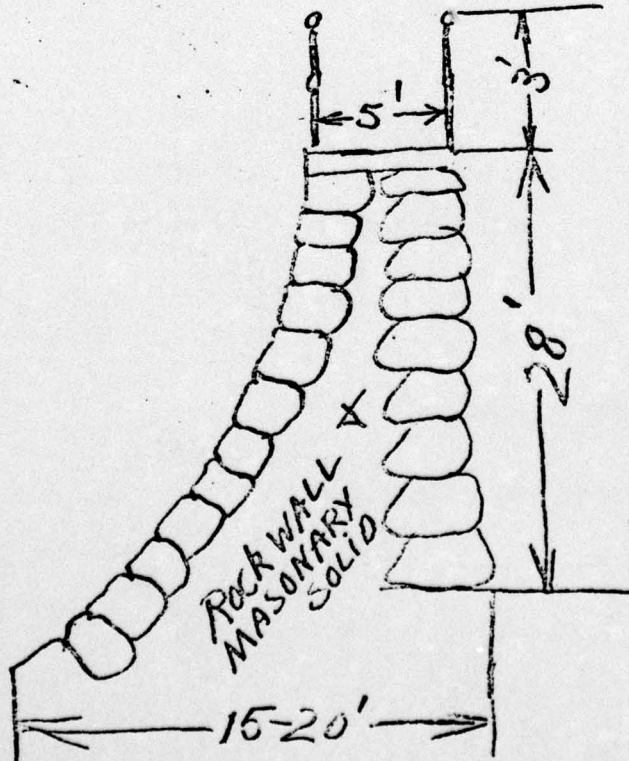


(In the space below, make one sketch showing the form and dimensions of a cross section through the spillway or waste-weir of this dam, and a second sketch showing the same information for a cross section through the other portion of the dam. Show particularly the greatest height of the dam above the stream bed, its thickness at the top, and thickness at the bottom, as nearly as you can learn.)

CROSS SECTION OF SPILLWAY PORTION



OTHER SECTION OF DAM



The total length of this dam is 650 feet. The spillway or waste-weir portion, is about 30 feet long, and the crest of the spillway is about Two feet below the top of the dam.

The number, size and location of discharge pipes, waste pipes or gates which may be used for drawing off the water from behind the dam, are as follows: 24" Blow Off
12" Main and 2-24" Mains

At the time of this inspection the water level above the dam was 2 ft. 0 in. below the crest of the spillway.

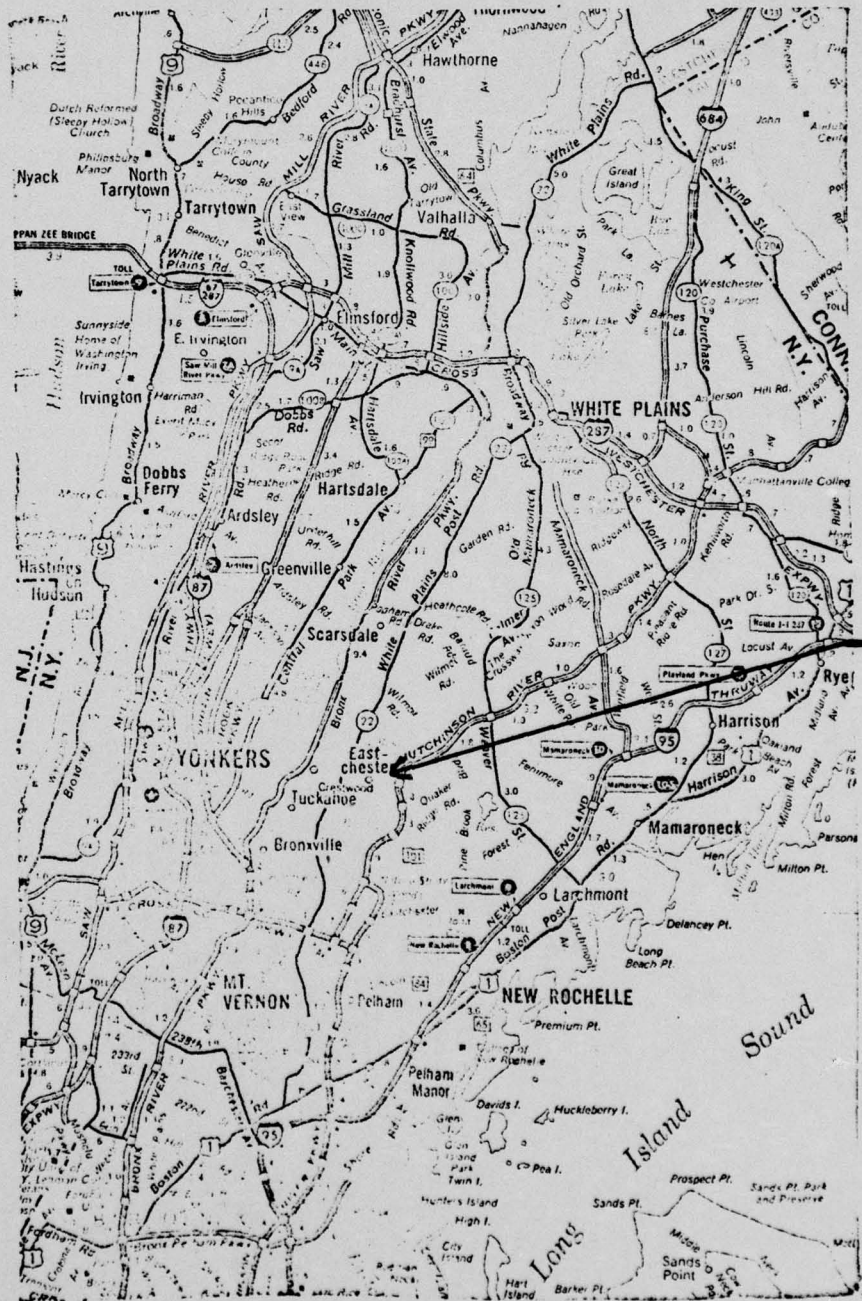
(State briefly, in the space below, whether, in your judgment, this dam is in good condition, or bad condition, describing particularly any leaks or cracks which you may have observed.)

This dam was in excellent condition throughout and well taken care of. Should a rupture occur, most of the resulting damage would be to property owned by the owners of the dam and one or two roads that would probably be washed out.

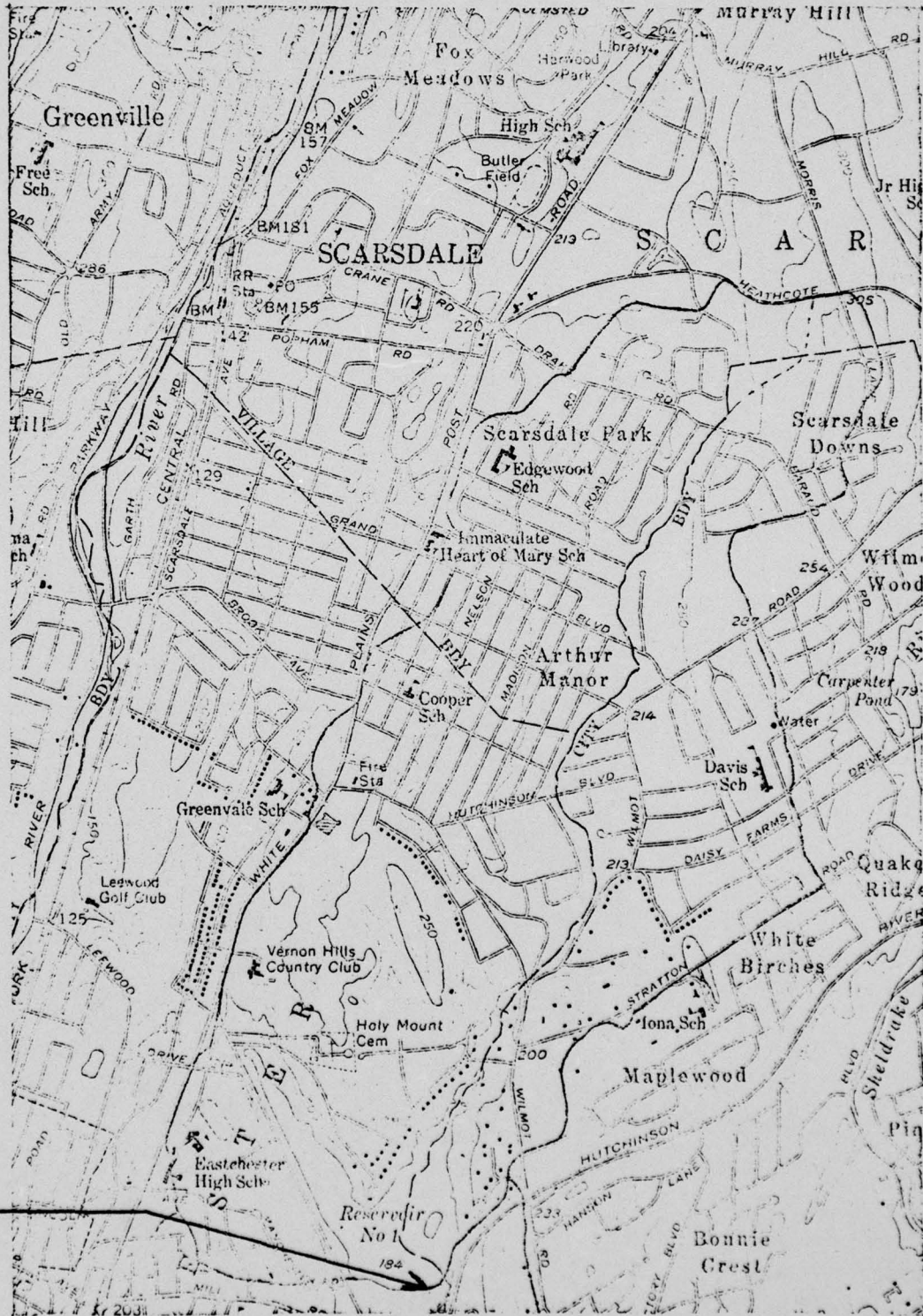
Reported by S. Hymon

Box 178
(Address—Street and number, P. O. Box or R. F. D. route)

Wilcox, N. C.
(Name of place)



VICINITY MAP
 NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR
 No. 1 DAM

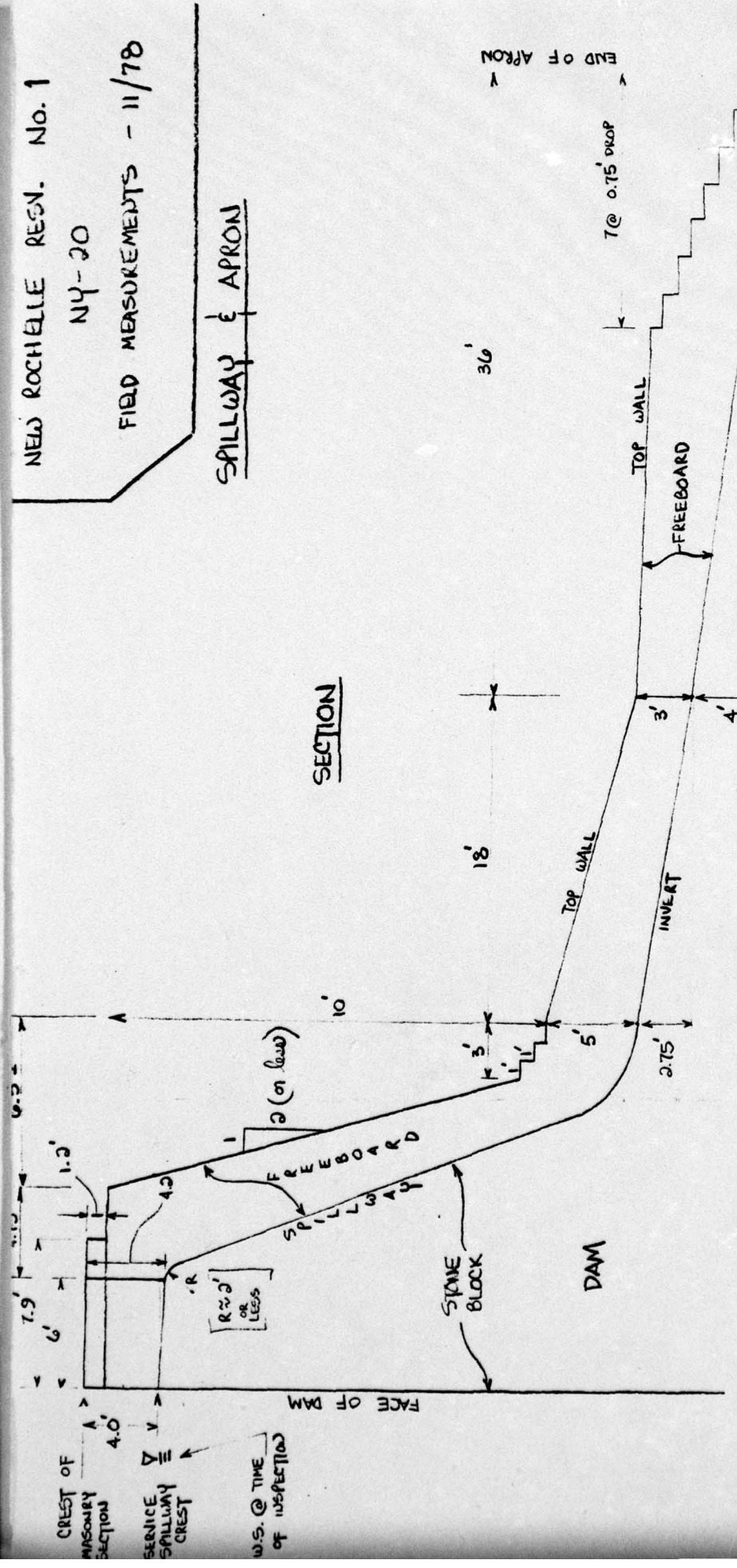


TOPOGRAPHIC MAP
 NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR
 No. 1 DAM

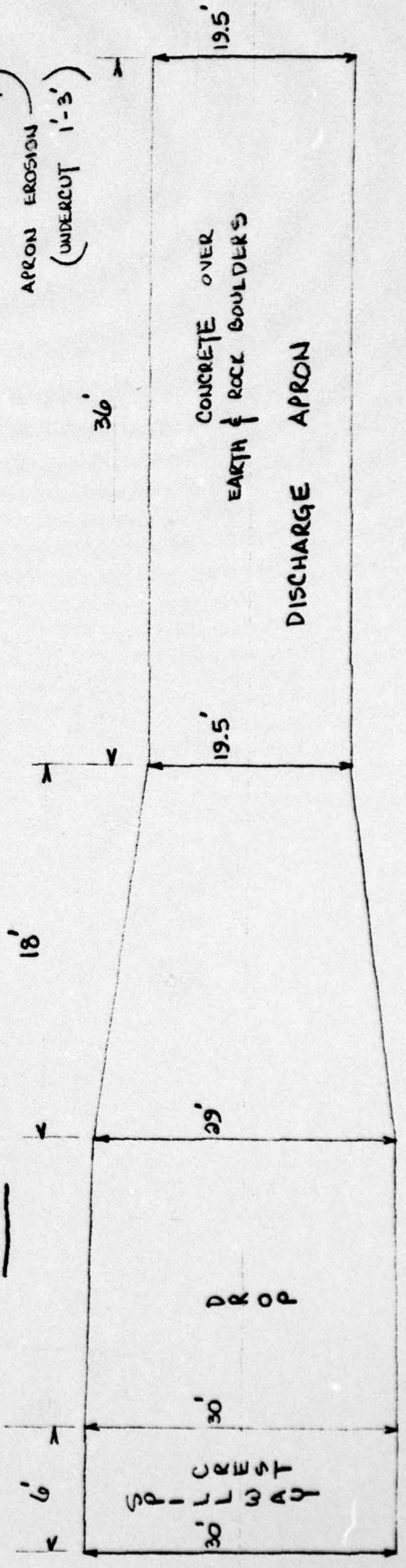
NEW ROCHELLE RESN. No. 1
 NY-20
 FIELD MEASUREMENTS - 11/78

SPILLWAY & APRON

SECTION



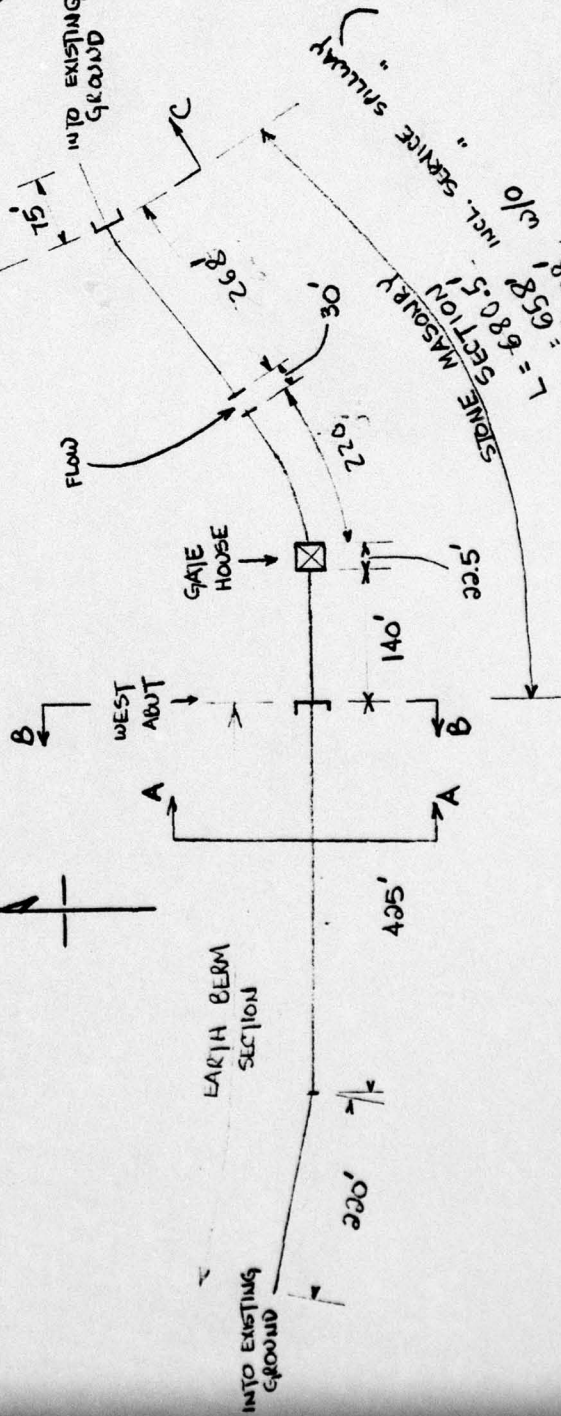
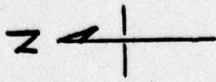
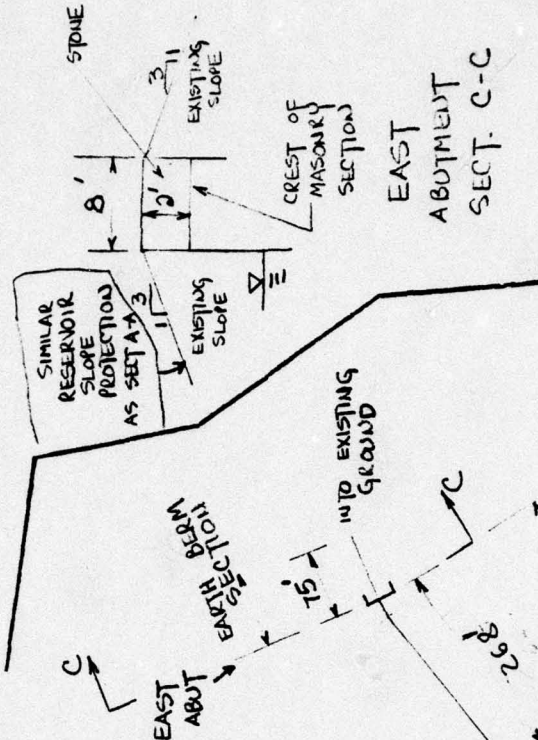
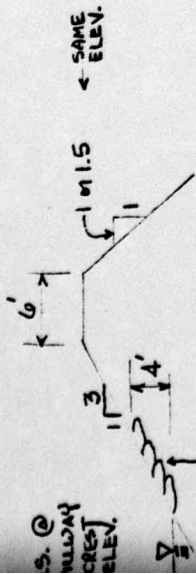
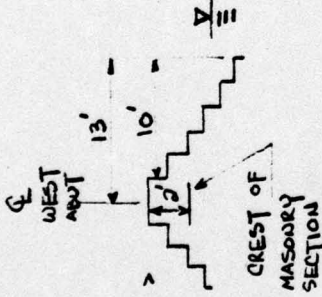
PLAN

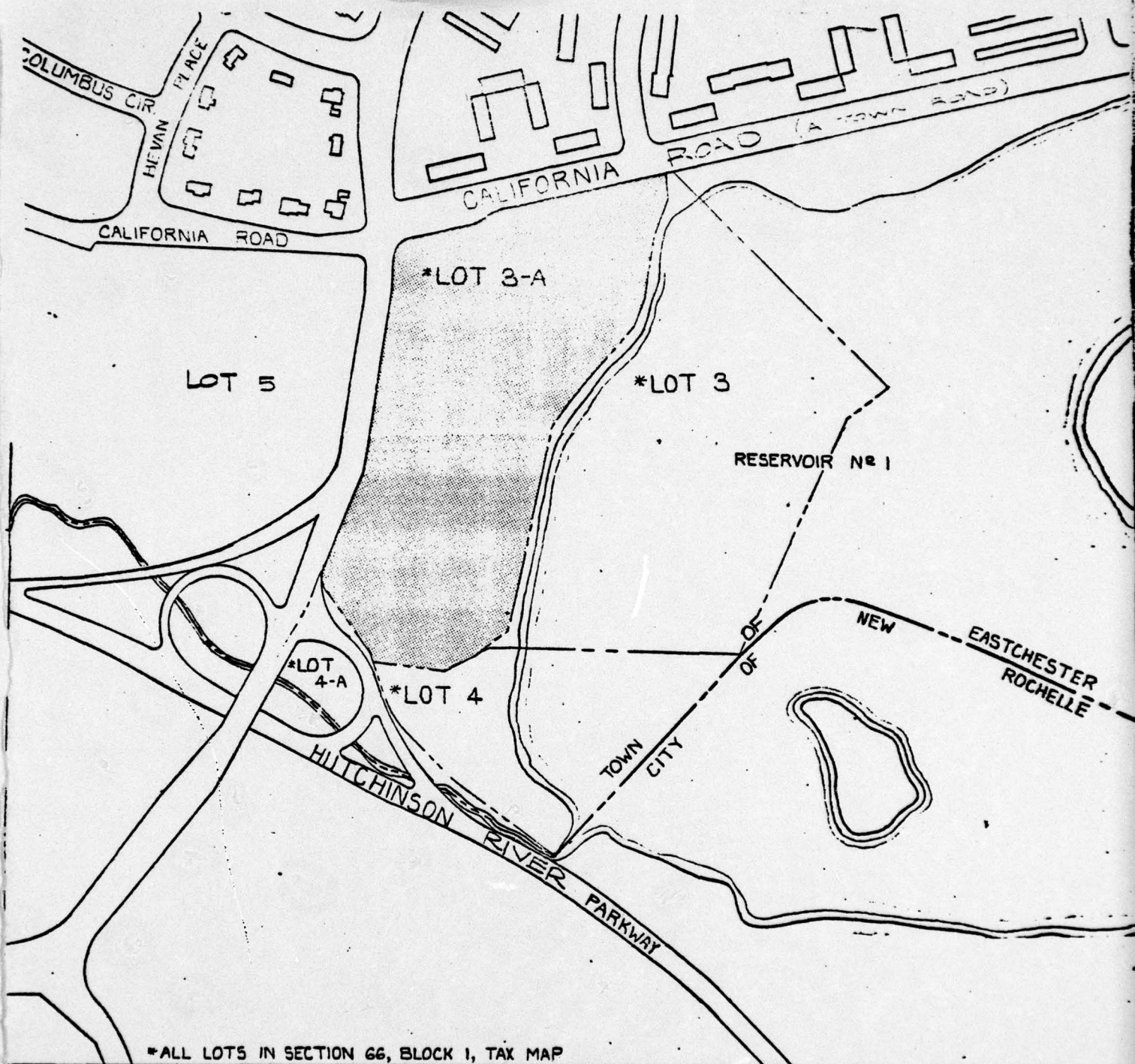


NEW ROCHELLE RESV. No. 1
NY-20

FIELD MEASUREMENTS - 11/78
REVISED MEASUREMENTS - 3/79

GATE HOUSE
NON-OVERFLOW SECTION





*ALL LOTS IN SECTION 66, BLOCK 1, TAX MAP

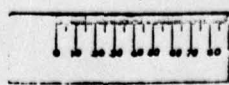
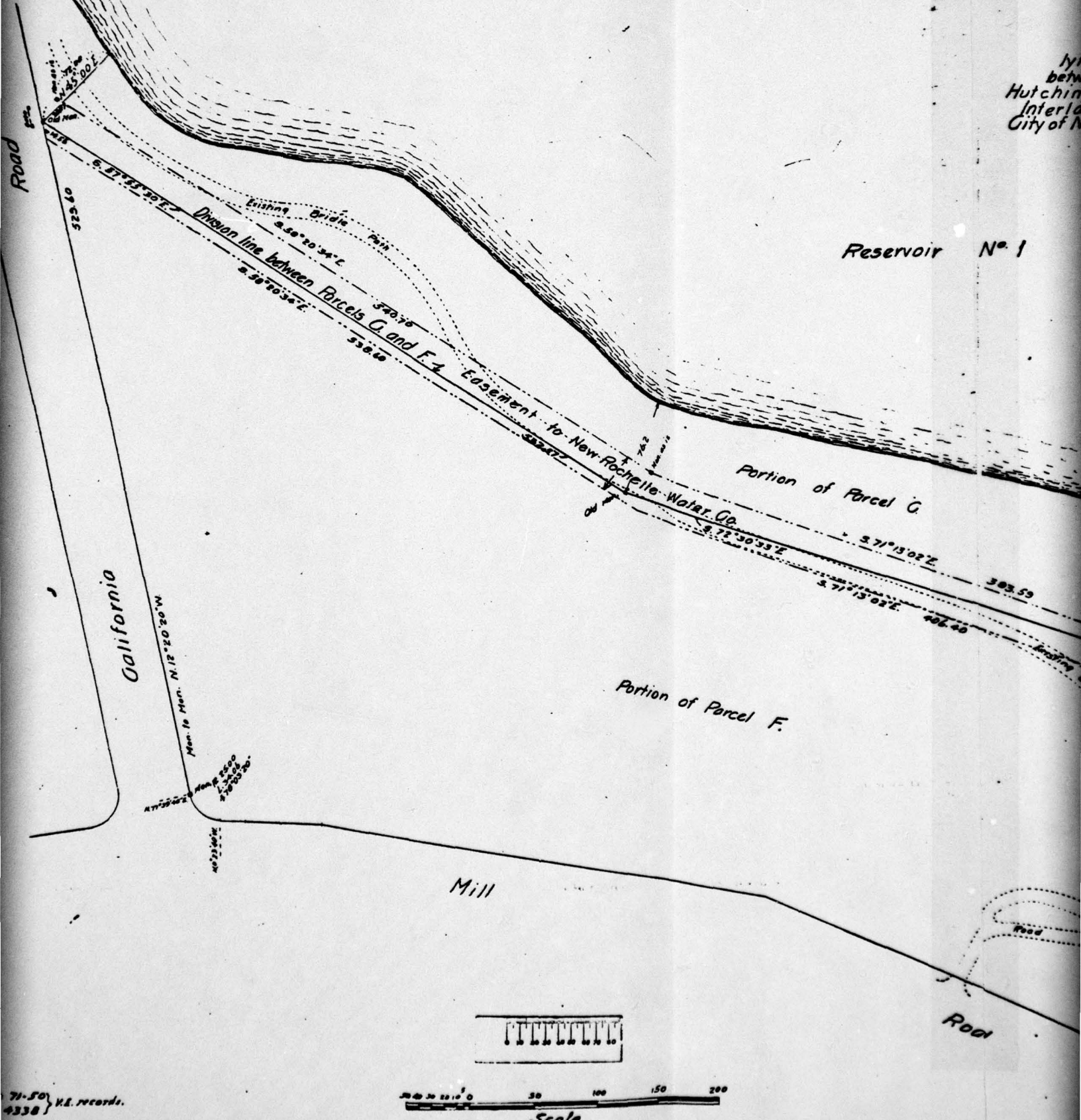
NOTE:

1. SITE AREA MAP DATA TAKEN FROM THE ZONING MAP OF TOWN OF EASTCHESTER AS PREPARED BY GABRIEL E. SENOR, CONSULTING ENGINEER-SURVEYOR, SCARSDALE, N. Y.
2. DETAIL SITE AREA MAP DATA TAKEN FROM THE TAX MAPS OF THE TOWN OF EASTCHESTER AS PREPARED BY GABRIEL E. SENOR, CONSULTING ENGINEER SURVEYOR, SCARSDALE, N. Y.
3. THE SITE LIES WITHIN THE FOLLOWING GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS, ALL OF WHICH ARE TOWN WIDE:
 - SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1
 - EASTCHESTER FIRE DISTRICT
 - SEWER DISTRICT TOWN OF EASTCHESTER
 - WATER DISTRICT NEW ROCHELLE WATER CO.
4. THE OWNERS OF ADJACENT LOTS ARE:
 - LOT 3: FRED F. FRENCH INVESTING CO.
 - LOT 4: FRED F. FRENCH INVESTING CO.
 - LOT 4-A: EAST HUDSON PARKWAY AUTHORITY
5. THE SUBDIVIDER AND OWNER OF RECORD OF LOT 3-A IS ROBERT F. LUSK.
6. THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF LOT 3-A ARE ROBERT F. LUSK, WILLIAM CANNELLA, OWEN A. MANDEVILLE JR., AS EXECUTOR OF THE LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT OF OWEN A. MANDEVILLE AND C. ROBERT COUTELL.
7. ~~THE ADDRESS OF ALL OWNERS IS: 202 MAMARONECK~~

MAP No. [] FILED []
REDUCED [] PERCENT

ly
betw
Hutchin
Interlo
City of N

Reservoir No 1



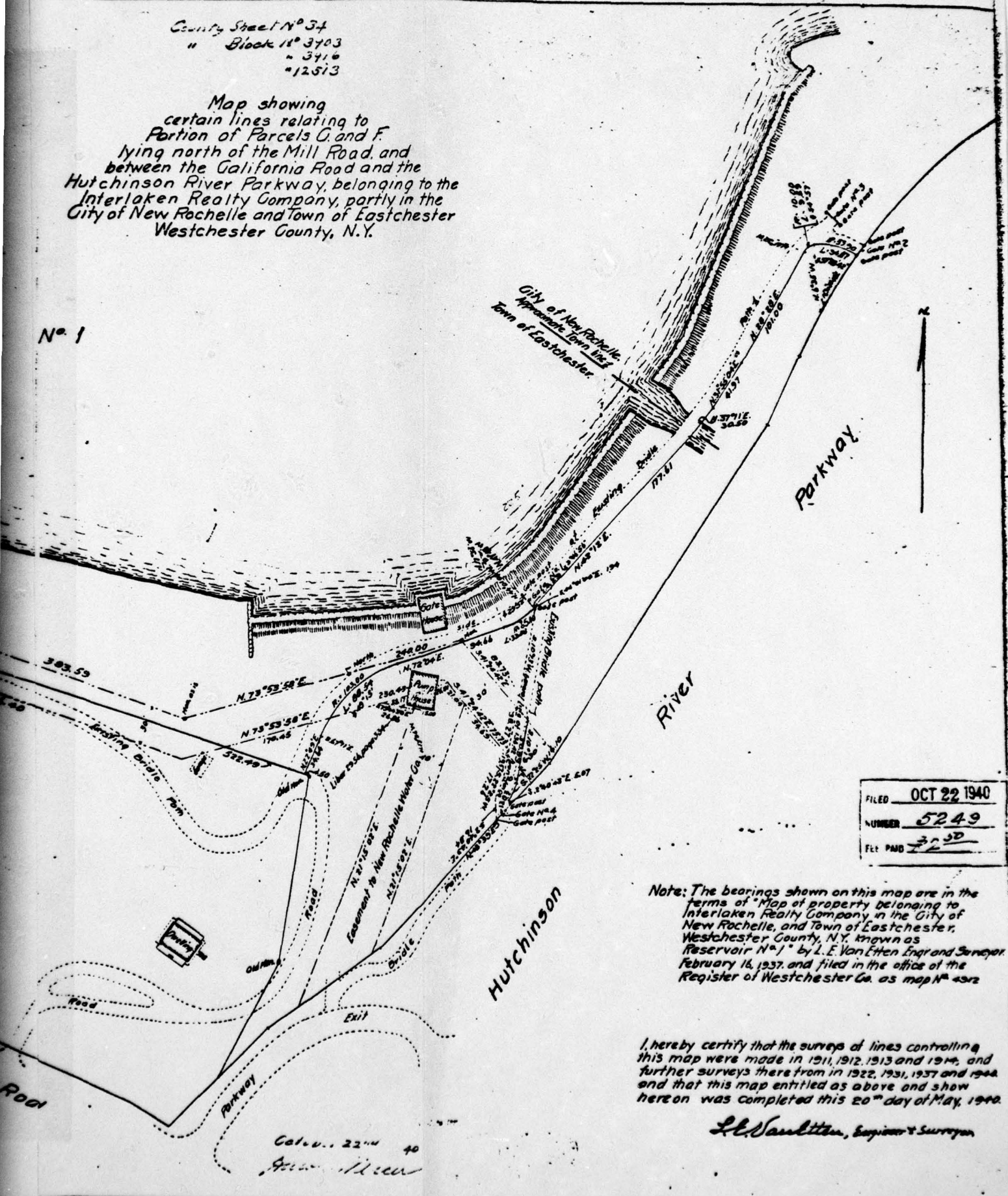
Scale

71-50
4338 } V.L. records.

County Sheet No 34
 " Block No 3703
 " 3710
 " 12513

Map showing
 certain lines relating to
 Portion of Parcels C and F
 lying north of the Mill Road, and
 between the California Road and the
 Hutchinson River Parkway, belonging to the
 Interlaken Realty Company, partly in the
 City of New Rochelle and Town of Eastchester
 Westchester County, N.Y.

No 1



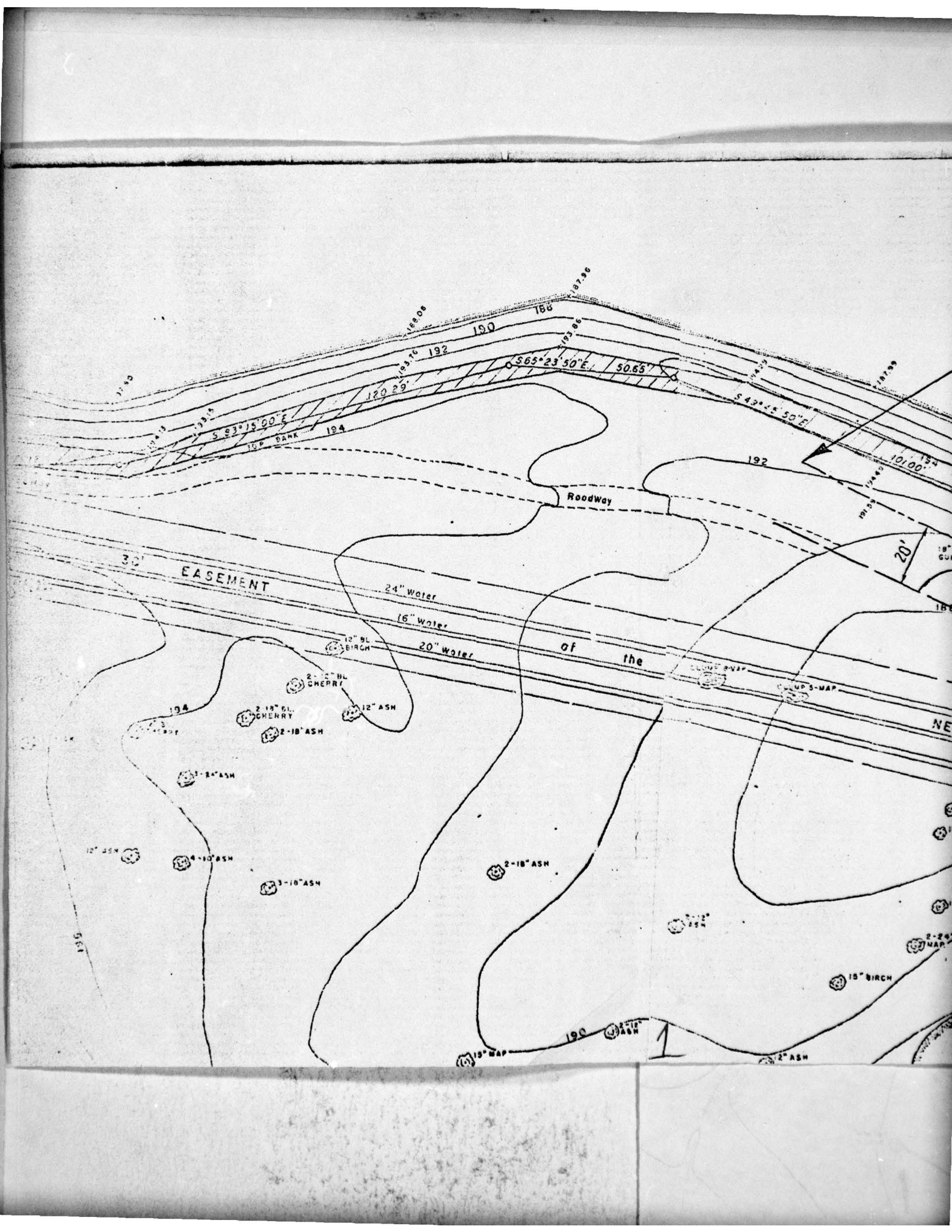
| | |
|----------|-------------|
| FILED | OCT 22 1940 |
| NUMBER | 5249 |
| FEE PAID | 3.50 |

Note: The bearings shown on this map are in the terms of "Map of property belonging to Interlaken Realty Company in the City of New Rochelle, and Town of Eastchester, Westchester County, N.Y. known as Reservoir No 1" by L. E. Van Etten Engr and Surveyor February 16, 1937, and filed in the office of the Register of Westchester Co. as map No 4592

I, hereby certify that the surveys of lines controlling this map were made in 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914, and further surveys there from in 1922, 1931, 1937 and 1940 and that this map entitled as above and show hereon was completed this 20th day of May, 1940.

L. E. Van Etten, Engineer & Surveyor

Calcu. 22nd 40
 Geo. W. Allen



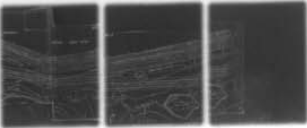
AD-A075 838

NEW YORK STATE DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ALBANY F/G 13/2
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. NEW ROCHELLE RESERVOIR NUMBER 1 DA--ETC(U)
AUG 79 6 KOCH DACW51-79-C-0001

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

2 OF 2
ADA
075 838



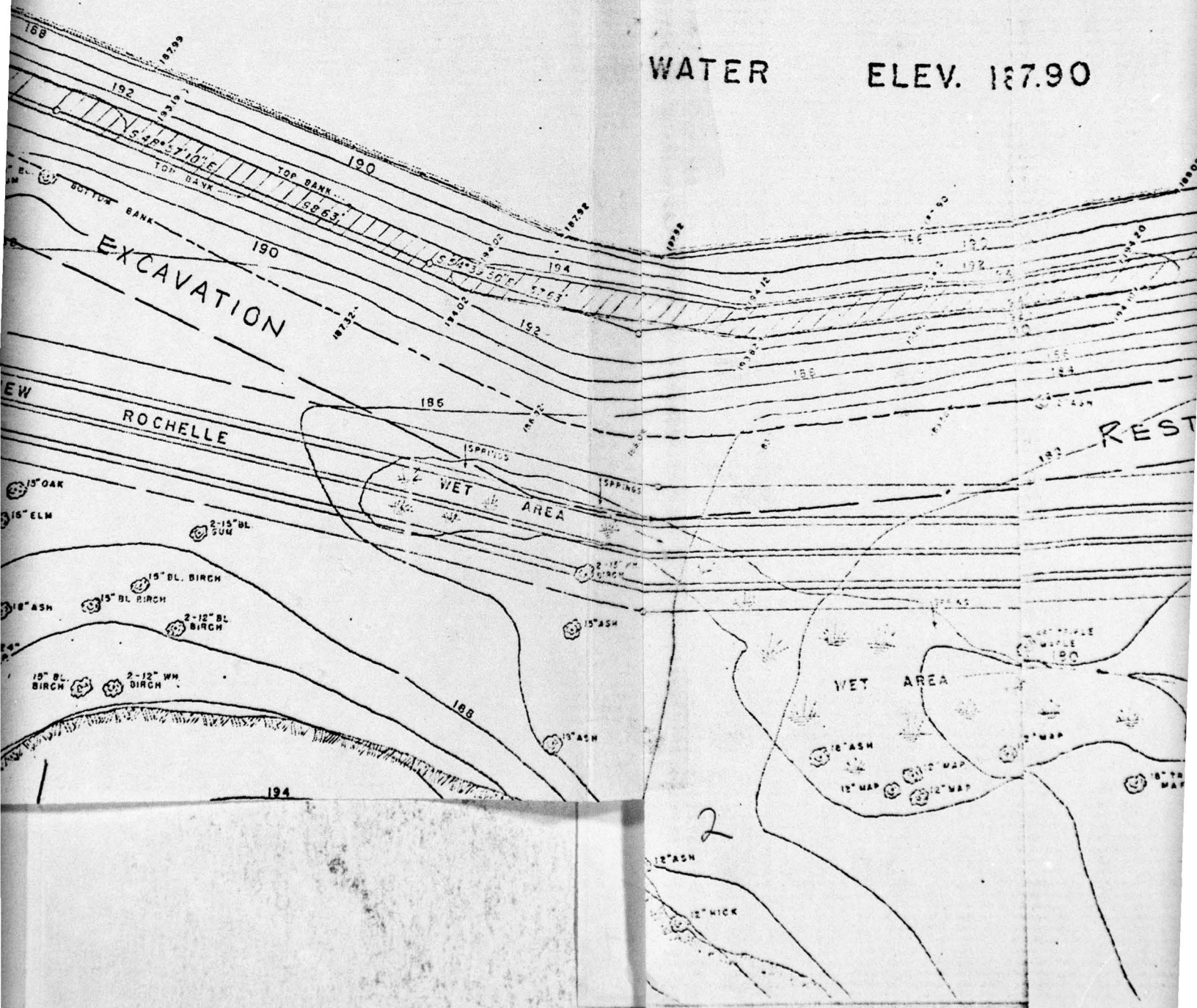
END
DATE
FILMED
12-79
DDC

END OF BERM

NS

WATER

ELEV. 187.90



2

