

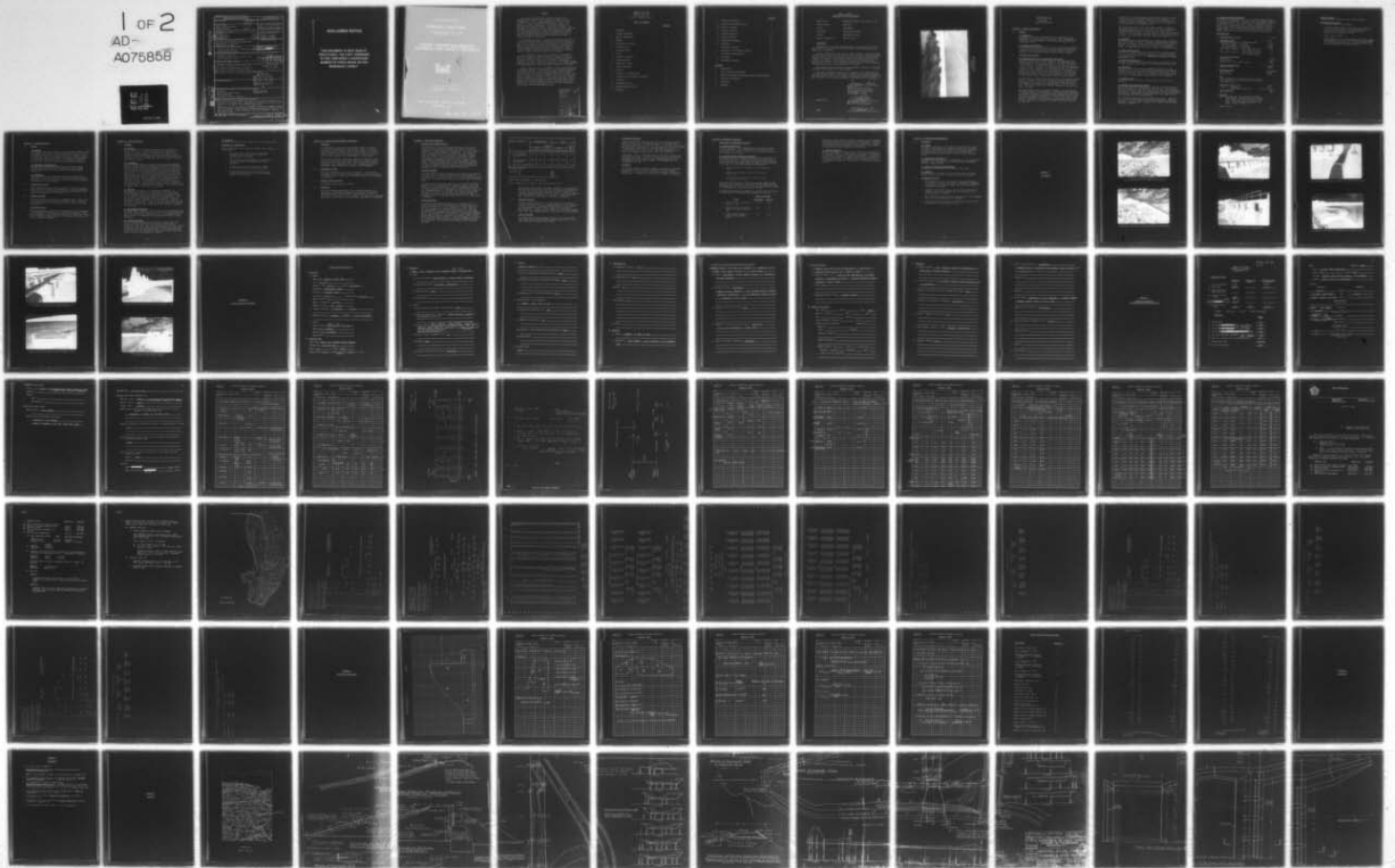
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NEW YORK STATE DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ALBANY F/G 13/2
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM, HEMLOCK LAKE DAM, INVENTORY NUMBER--ETC(U)
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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report provides information and analysis on the physical condition of the dam as of the report date. Information and analysis are based on visual inspection of the dam by the performing organization. Hemlock Lake Dam did not reveal any conditions which pose an immediate threat to life or property. Total spillway discharge capacity not sufficient to pass RMP. Consequently, spillway capacity is considered inadequate. Several deficiencies noted.		

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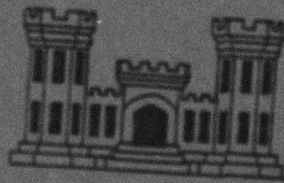
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GENESEE RIVER BASIN

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM

LIVINGSTON COUNTY, NEW YORK
INVENTORY No. NY 477

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM



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NEW YORK DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS

SEPTEMBER 1979

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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

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GENESEE RIVER BASIN
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
I.D. No. N.Y. 477
Phase I Inspection Report

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PHASE I REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: Hemlock Lake Dam - I.D. No. N.Y. 477
State Located: New York
County: Livingston
Watershed: Genesee River Basin
Stream: Springwater Creek
Date of Inspection: June 13, 1979

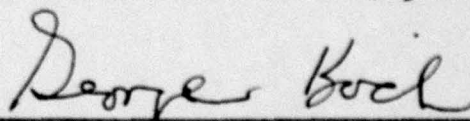
ASSESSMENT

Examination of available documents and a visual inspection of the dam did not reveal conditions which constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property.

Several deficiencies were noted on this structure. Portions of the riprap on the upstream face to the west of the spillway had been damaged by wave action. Wave action has also formed triangular voids in the corners of a number of the concrete slabs on the upstream slope to the east of the spillway. Other deficiencies include the spalling and deteriorated concrete on the spillway structure and the trees growing on the downstream slope of the eastern end of the dam.

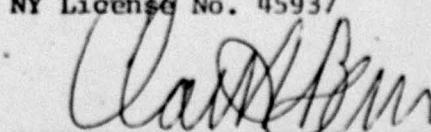
These deficiencies should be corrected within a period of 1 year of the date of final approval of this report.

The total discharge capacity of the spillway is not sufficient to pass the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). However, the discharge capacity is sufficient with one or more stopgates operational to pass one-half the PMF. Therefore, the spillway capacity is considered to be inadequate.



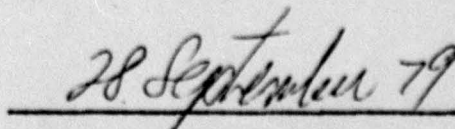
George Koch
Chief, Dam Safety Section
New York State Department of
Environmental Conservation
NY License No. 45937

Approved By:



Col. Clark H. Benn
New York District Engineer

Date:





OVERVIEW
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
I.D. No. N.Y. 477

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
I.D. No. N.Y. 477
#41D-326
GENESEE RIVER BASIN

SECTION 1: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

a. Authority

The Phase 1 inspection reported herein was authorized by the Department of the Army, New York District, Corps of Engineers, to fulfill the requirements of the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367.

b. Purpose of Inspection

This inspection was conducted to evaluate the existing conditions of the dam, to identify deficiencies and hazardous conditions, to determine if these deficiencies constitute hazards to life and property, and to recommend remedial measures where required.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenant Structures

The Hemlock Lake Dam is an earth dam with an overflow spillway channel near the center of the structure. The embankment has a maximum height of 12 feet and a length of 3200 feet. The crest is 20 feet wide. The embankment slopes on the upstream face are 1 vertical on 3 horizontal. On the downstream face, the embankment slopes vary from 1 vertical on 3 horizontal on either end to 1 vertical on 1½ horizontal in the center section. The portion of the upstream face to the east of the principal spillway has been armored with concrete slabs for wave protection. The remainder of the upstream slope is covered with stone paving and riprap.

The spillway is a concrete ogee section with a foot bridge crossing the top. Concrete piers for the bridge divide the spillway into eight bays each 8.1 feet wide. The opening between the bottom of the bridge and the crest of the ogee on each of the bays is 8.5 feet. There are provisions for channel stopgates to be placed in each of the bays.

Concrete wingwalls form the approach channel to the spillway and the channel beyond the ogee section. The channel bottom upstream of the spillway crest is stone paving while downstream of the crest the bottom is lined with concrete. The ogee section and the wingwalls are supported on timber piles. A row of steel sheet piling extends approximately 30 feet below the upstream toe of the ogee section. This row of sheeting also extends beyond both ends of the spillway.

The outlet to a 60-inch diameter conduit which carries a portion of the flow from the Canadice Outlet into this reservoir is a concrete structure located 300 feet east of the spillway on the upstream slope of the embankment. The inlet to this conduit is at the Curve Dam on the Canadice Outlet.

The intake structure for the water supply system is located on the eastern end of the dam. It consists of a 60-inch pipe which extends approximately 1500 feet out into the lake. Gravity withdrawal from the lake is possible down to a lake level elevation of 887.3. Two centrifugal, low-lift pumps are available which may be used to draw the lake level down to about elevation 878.3.

b. Location

The dam is located at the northern end of Hemlock Lake on Harder Road in the Town of Livonia. The dam is approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from New York State Route 15A and is $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of the Village of Hemlock. The stream flowing into the lake is the Springwater Creek, but downstream of the dam it is known as the Hemlock Outlet.

c. Size Classification

The dam is 12 feet high and the reservoir has a storage capacity of 41,101 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is in the intermediate size category as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. Hazard Classification

The dam is classified as "high" hazard due to the presence of the Village of Hemlock approximately $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles downstream of the dam.

e. Ownership

The dam is owned by the City of Rochester, New York. Mr. Ray Lawrence and Mr. Om Popli from the City Department of Engineering and Maintenance were contacted concerning the inspection. Their address is City Hall, Room 326B, 30 Church Street, Rochester, New York 14614. The Department's phone number is (716) 428-6844.

f. Purpose of Dam

The dam provides a reservoir for water supply for the City of Rochester.

g. Design and Construction History

The dam was originally constructed by the City in the early 1870's. Major revisions to the structure were made in 1926. The revisions involved raising the crest of the dam by five feet and reconstructing the spillway. These revisions were designed by the City of Rochester's Department of Engineering. Construction plans and specifications were available for this reconstruction.

The existing spillway section was constructed in 1935. Engineers from the City's Department of Public Works designed the spillway structure. Plans for these revisions were available and have been included in Appendix F.

h. Normal Operating Procedures

The reservoir is operated as a part of the water supply system for the City of Rochester. The inflow from the conduit connecting the Canadice Outlet to this reservoir can be regulated by a gate on the conduit at the Curve Dam. Water is withdrawn from the reservoir as required through the intake structure for the water supply system. The maximum possible outflow through the water supply conduits is 72.7 cfs for gravity flow and 46.7 cfs for pumped output when the lake level drops below elevation 887.3.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. <u>Drainage Area (sq. mi.)</u>	43.13
b. <u>Discharge at Dam</u>	(cfs)
Spillway (water level at embankment crest)	-
Existing stopgates - (closed)	2,992
One end stopgate - (fully open)	6,896
Both end stopgates - (fully open)	10,799
Water supply conduits - (lake level above elev. 887.3 gravity flow)	73
Water supply conduits - (lake level below elev. 887.3 pumped output)	47
c. <u>Elevation (USGS Datum)</u>	
Top of Dam	909.8
Spillway Crest	900.8
Pipe invert - water supply outflow	887.3
d. <u>Reservoir Surface Area</u>	(Acres)
Spillway Crest	2,054
e. <u>Storage Capacity</u>	(Acre-Feet)
Top of Dam	41,101
Spillway Crest	22,356
f. <u>Dam</u>	
Earth embankment with concrete slabs and riprap wave protection on upstream slope and a grassed downstream slope.	
Embankment Length (feet)	3,200
Slopes (V:H) Upstream	1 on 3
Downstream Varies from	1 on 1½ to 1 on 3
Crest Elevation	909.8
Crest Width (ft.)	20
g. <u>Spillway</u>	
Type: Concrete ogee with concrete foot bridge crossing top. Bridge piers divide channel into 8 bays, each 8 feet wide by 8.5 feet high. Provisions made for channel stopgates in each of the bays.	
Length (feet)	64.0

h. Reservoir Drain
See Appurtenant Structures - Water Supply Conduits.

i. Appurtenant Structures

1) Diversion Conduit From Canadice:

60-inch concrete conduit; 3,800 feet long; carries up to 162 cfs from Curve Dam on Canadice Outlet into Hemlock Lake with concrete outlet structure on upstream face of Hemlock Lake Dam.

2) Water Supply Conduits:

Intake consists of a 60-inch diameter pipe which extends approximately 1,550 feet into the lake. Maximum output 72.7 cfs in gravity flow. 46.7 cfs pumped output when lake level drops below elevation 887.3.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

a. Geology

The Hemlock Lake Dam is located in the glaciated Alleghany Plateau physiographic province of New York State. The dam is in one of the Finger Lakes' troughs, which are glacially modified valleys of preglacial rivers. The bedrock in the area consists primarily of Early Upper Devonian Era shales, siltstones, and sandstones. The surficial soils are the result of glaciations during the Cenozoic Era, the last of which was the Wisconsin glaciation.

b. Subsurface Investigations

The subsurface information available was limited to general descriptions supplied on old dam inspection reports. These reports indicate that the soil in the area is predominantly glacial till.

c. Embankment

Only limited data was available concerning the design of the embankment. This data consisted of construction specifications from the 1926 contract, which established material and compaction requirements for the embankment.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION RECORDS

Some construction records were available from the 1926 contract, which raised and enlarged the existing dike. Plans, construction specifications, and correspondence concerning construction were used in the preparation of this report.

2.3 OPERATION RECORDS

The dam is visually inspected on an irregular basis. Lake levels are recorded daily by the City of Rochester's Bureau of Water. These records are kept at the Bureau's office at 10 Felix Street in Rochester.

2.4 EVALUATION OF DATA

The data presented in this report was obtained from the Department of Environmental Conservation files and from the records of the City of Rochester. Subsurface information was limited, but overall, the information available appears to be adequate and reliable for Phase 1 inspection purposes.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General

Visual inspection of the Hemlock Lake Dam was conducted on June 13, 1979. The weather was sunny and the temperature was in the mid-sixties. The water surface at the time of the inspection was approximately 1 foot above the spillway crest. However, no water was flowing over the spillway since there were a minimum of 2 feet of flashboards in place in each of the eight bays of the spillway.

b. Embankment

Most of the embankment was grass covered and in good condition. However, visual inspection revealed several minor deficiencies. The most serious of these deficiencies was failure of the riprap on the upstream slope of the embankment, west of the spillway. Several areas on the riprap had been scoured and subsided due to wave action. The worst depression was adjacent to the spillway channel where the slope paving had dropped by as much as 2 feet. The slope had been partially regraded with additional riprap. Other deficiencies observed included several trees growing on the downstream slope of the embankment on the eastern end of the structure and small voids between some of the concrete slabs on the upstream face. There were also larger voids on a number of the slabs where one corner had been removed by wave action leaving triangular voids 1 foot long by 1 foot deep.

c. Spillway

The spillway was generally in satisfactory condition. No deficiencies were noted on the ogee section, the flashboards, or the downstream apron. The concrete on the upstream portion of the structure was somewhat deteriorated and spalling. There was some minor cracking and separation of patching material on the eastern wingwall upstream of the ogee section. There are mechanical hoists in place on two of the eight bays which are used to raise the flashboards. These two devices, which were located above the outermost bay on either end of the spillway, appeared to be operational.

d. Appurtenant Structures

The appurtenant structures at this location are the concrete inflow structure, which brings a portion of the outflow from Canadice Lake into this lake and the intake for the City of Rochester's water supply system. No deficiencies were observed on either of these structures.

e. Downstream Channel

The outlet channel consisted of the concrete lined apron and vertical concrete walls to a point where it passed under a bridge for a town road, which ran along the toe of the dam. Beyond the bridge, there was a steel bin type retaining wall, which was corroded at the water surface elevation. The channel downstream of this point was cut into natural soil with no severe side slope erosion or debris obstructions in evidence.

f. Reservoir

There were no signs of soil instability in the reservoir area.

3.2 EVALUATION OF OBSERVATIONS

Visual inspection of this structure revealed the following deficiencies:

1. The areas to the west of the spillway which had been scoured resulting in a series of depressions in the riprap;
2. The trees which were growing on the downstream slope of the dam on the eastern end of the structure;
3. Triangular voids at the corners of a number of the concrete slabs on the upstream face;
4. The deteriorated concrete on the spillway and on the retaining walls which form the approach channel to the spillway.

SECTION 4: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURE

This reservoir is operated as the primary source to the City of Rochester's upland water supply system. Water is withdrawn through the 60-inch diameter intake which extends into the lake. Gravity withdrawal from the lake is possible down to the lake level of 887.3. The lake level may then be lowered to elevation 878.3 by the operation of two centrifugal, low-lift pumps.

Flows may also be controlled by the addition or removal of stopgates in the spillway. At present, there are mechanical hoists in place on two of the eight bays. These hoists may be used for the removal of the stopgates. The other stopgates can only be removed by using a mobile crane located on the embankment.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

The dam is maintained by the City of Rochester. Grass on the embankment is mowed regularly and the pumps for the intake conduit are tested monthly. Other minor maintenance functions are performed as necessary.

4.3 WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT

No apparent warning system is present.

4.4 EVALUATION

While the operation procedures of this structure appear to be satisfactory, maintenance procedures are deficient. Additional maintenance efforts are required on certain portions of the structure. The concrete on the spillway is spalling and deteriorated, and portions of the riprap on the upstream slope need to be regraded.

SECTION 5: HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC

5.1 DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

The delineation of the contributing watershed to this dam is shown on the map entitled "Drainage Area - Hemlock Lake Dam" (Appendix C). The irregular-shaped watershed of over 43 square miles lies primarily between two ridgelines. The relatively steep forested slopes extend upward from the edge of Hemlock Lake (at elevation 901) to the ridges at elevations ranging from 1380 to 2230. Runoff enters the lake directly from the surrounding watershed through numerous small streams and a larger stream, Springwater Creek, with its tributary, Limekiln Creek. The heavily wooded strip of land immediately adjacent the lake is owned and controlled by the City of Rochester and is used as a buffer between the lightly populated residential development within the watershed and the lake itself.

5.2 ANALYSIS CRITERIA

A limited amount of hydrologic/hydraulic information was obtained from the City of Rochester, Bureau of Water (see Appendix C). This data (ref. 7) concerned itself with elevation-storage capacity quantities, watershed characteristics, and water supply withdrawal rates.

The analysis of the spillway capacity of this dam was performed using the Corps of Engineers HEC-1 computer program, Dam Safety version. This program develops an inflow hydrograph based upon the "Snyder Synthetic Unit Hydrograph" concept and then flood routs this hydrograph using the "Modified Puls" method, both through the reservoir and over the spillway. The spillway design flood selected for analysis was the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) in accordance with the recommended guidelines of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

5.3 SPILLWAY CAPACITY

The concrete ogee-shaped spillway plus the stopgates act in conjunction with the earth embankment in forming the dam at the outlet to Hemlock Lake. The 8 stopgates are 8 feet wide each and can be raised to an opening height of 8.5 feet. Only the two end stopgates have installed an operational lift machinery; the interior six stopgates can be removed only by using a mobile crane. The operation of the stopgates was a reasonable assumption made during the analysis, because of the nearby location of the water treatment plant's operator. The end stopgates were analyzed for orifice flow conditions and the interior stopgates for weir flow conditions. The following table indicates the conditions analyzed:

ANALYSIS CONDITIONS	ONE-HALF PMF			PMF		
	Peak		Depth Above 909.8*	Peak		Depth Above 909.8*
	Inflow	Outflow		Inflow	Outflow	
1) All stopgates closed (existing on 6/79)	18579	9558	0.72	37157	32728	2.01
2) One end stopgate operational	18579	6802	-0.10	37157	31636	1.76
3) Both end stopgates	18579	8795	-1.28	37157	30139	1.48

Spillway Capacity:

Condition 1)	2992
2)	6896
3)	10799

*Top-of-Dam (Embankment): Elevation 909.8

NOTE: Storage is not allowed to drop below elevation 903.9

The spillway does not have sufficient capacity for discharging the peak outflow from the PMF. For this storm event, the peak inflow is 37,157 cfs and the peak outflow is 30,139 cfs for both end stopgates being operational. However, there is sufficient capacity for discharging the peak outflow of 8,795 cfs from one-half the PMF. Therefore, the spillway is assessed as inadequate.

5.4 RESERVOIR CAPACITY

The normal water surface is at or near the top of the lowest stopgate (elevation 903.95). Storage capacity for that elevation is 28,917 acre-feet. Surge storage capacity to the top-of-dam (embankment) elevation at 909.8 adds 12,184 acre-feet; equivalent to 5.3 inches of direct runoff over the entire drainage area. The total storage capacity of the dam is 41,101 acre-feet.

5.5 FLOODS OF RECORD

The maximum known flood occurred on June 23, 1972 from tropical storm Agnes when the water surface exceeded elevation 906. The actual spillway discharge was not known.

5.6 OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL

Analyses indicate the spillway does not have sufficient discharge capacity for the PMF. The computed depths of overtopping for this storm event are 2.01 feet, 1.76 feet, or 1.48 feet, respectively, depending upon the operation of the end stopgates (see table - above). For the one-half PMF event with end stopgates operational, the maximum water surface rises to 0.10 feet (one stopgate) and 1.28 feet (two stopgates), respectively, below the top-of-dam.

During March, 1979, a storm with winds of 70-80 mph occurred over the Hemlock Lake area. The initial spring high lake level and the resulting wave action resulted in spray being carried over the embankment and to the roadway bridge. The embankment was not overtopped by the lake.

5.7 EVALUATION

This dam has sufficient spillway capacity to adequately discharge the peak outflow from one-half the PMF with one end stopgate operational. It does not have sufficient discharge capacity for the PMF event. Therefore, the spillway is assessed as inadequate.

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

a. Visual Observations

Visual observation of the structure did not reveal any signs of major distress. The upstream slope on the western end of the structure was slightly irregular with depressions which had been caused by wave action.

b. Data Review and Stability Evaluation

The primary source of structural and subsurface information for this dam was the set of plans from the 1935 reconstruction of the spillway section. Information contained on these plans was used to perform a structural stability analysis on this portion of the dam. The following conditions were analyzed:

- a. Normal conditions with reservoir at the spillway crest;
- b. Reservoir at spillway crest with ice load of 5000 lb./ft.;
- c. $\frac{1}{2}$ PMF, water flowing over the spillway crest to a depth of 7.72 feet.

The structural stability of the spillway section under the PMF condition was not analyzed. Since the earth embankment would be overtopped under this condition, the dam is not considered capable of withstanding the flows resulting from the PMF.

The analyses performed (see Appendix D) indicate that the factors of safety against overturning and sliding are as follows:

<u>Case</u>	<u>Factors of Safety</u>	
	<u>Overturning</u>	<u>Sliding</u>
a. Reservoir level at spillway crest, no ice;	3.19	5.07
b. Reservoir level at spillway crest, ice load of 5000 lb./ft.;	1.65	1.73
c. $\frac{1}{2}$ PMF, water flowing 7.72 feet over the spillway crest.	2.31	1.96

The safety factors against sliding are slightly below recommended values for both the ice load and the $\frac{1}{2}$ PMF conditions. However, the analysis did not include the lateral resistance to movement of the timber piles which support the structure. This lateral resistance would help increase the safety factors.

d. Seismic Stability

The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2. While the dam appears to be relatively stable, a seismic stability analysis was performed in accordance with Corps of Engineer's guidelines. The seismic analysis was performed for normal conditions with the water level at the spillway crest. The safety factor against overturning with seismic considerations included is 2.98 and against sliding is 2.88.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT/RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 ASSESSMENT

a. Safety

The Phase 1 inspection of the Hemlock Lake Dam did not reveal conditions which constitute a hazard to human life or property. No signs of instability were observed on the earth embankment. The deficiencies which were noted on this structure were relatively minor in nature and do not pose serious hazards to safety.

b. Adequacy of Information

The information available for the preparation of this report was adequate. The only exception was the subsurface information, which was rather limited.

c. Need for Additional Investigation

No additional investigations are needed at this time.

d. Urgency

The deficiencies outlined in Section 7.2 should be corrected within 1 year of the date of final approval of this report.

7.2 RECOMMENDED MEASURES

- a. The damaged portions of the riprap on the upstream face to the west of the spillway should be repaired. In addition, actions should be taken to prevent the scour problem from occurring in the future.
- b. Triangular voids which exist at the corners of many of the concrete slabs on the upstream slope to the east of the spillway should be repaired.
- c. The deteriorated concrete on the spillway and on the retaining walls for the spillway should be repaired.
- d. The trees which are growing on the downstream slope of the eastern end of the dam should be cut.

APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS



Riprap on Western End of Dam -
Gray Stone Placed Due to Damage by Wave Action



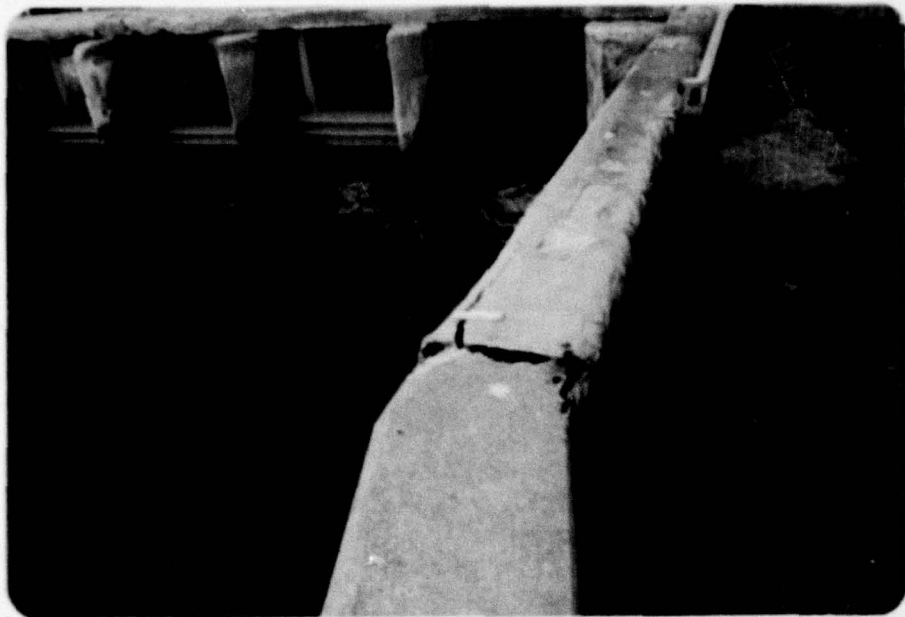
Depression on West End of Spillway Caused by Wave Action



Spillway Section - Channel Stopgates in Place



Spillway - Downstream Portion of Ogee Section



Crack in Patching Material on Wingwall at East End of Spillway



Deterioration of Concrete on Wingwall on East End of Spillway



Deteriorated Concrete on Piers and Bridge Deck; also,
Lifting Device Used for Raising Stopgates



Outlet to Diversion Conduit From the Canadice Outlet



Trees Growing on Downstream Slope at Eastern End of Dam



Eastern End of Dam With Building Housing
The Intake to Water Supply System

APPENDIX B

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

1) Basic Data

a. General

Name of Dam HEMLOCK LAKE DAM

I.D. # NY-477

Location: Town LIVONIA County LIVINGSTON

Stream Name SPRINGWATER CREEK

Tributary of GENESEE RIVER

Latitude (N) 42°-47'-12" Longitude (W) 77°-37'-00"

Hazard Category C

Date(s) of Inspection 4/13/79

Weather Conditions 65° CLEAR

b. Inspection Personnel R. WARRENDER W. LYNICK

c. Persons Contacted R. LAWRENCE O. ADPLI (CITY OF ROCHESTER)

d. History:

Date Constructed ORIGINALLY - 1870±
MAJOR REVISIONS - 1926 & 1936

Owner CITY OF ROCHESTER

Designer CITY OF ROCHESTER

Constructed by _____

2) Technical Data

Type of Dam EARTH WITH CONCRETE SPILLWAY STRUCTURE

Drainage Area 43.13 SQ MILES

Height 12' Length 3200'

Upstream Slope 1V:3H Downstream Slope 1V:3H TO 1V:1.5H
(VARIABLE)

3) Embankment

EARTH WITH UPSTREAM SLOPE PROTECTION { WEST - RIPRAP
EAST - CONCRETE SLABS

a. Crest

(1) Vertical Alignment SATISFACTORY ; SLOPING CREST - INTENTIONAL

(2) Horizontal Alignment CURVILINEAR ; SATISFACTORY

(3) Surface Cracks NONE

(4) Miscellaneous _____

b. Slopes

(1) Undesirable Growth or Debris, Animal Burrows NONE

(2) Sloughing, Subsidence or Depressions RIPRAP SUBSIDENCE ADJACENT TO WEST ABUTMENT SPILLWAY WALL

(3) Slope Protection WEST OF SPILLWAY - RIPRAP SUBSIDENCE; SCOUR AREA EAST OF SPILLWAY - CONCRETE SLABS. SEVERAL LOCATIONS WHERE SLAB CORNERS WERE BROKEN, LEAVING TRIANGULAR HOLES. MINOR SLAB CRACKING, CHIPPED CONCRETE @ SLAB JOINTS (IN AREA OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATION) MINOR SLAB EDGE-VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT SOME SLAB SURFACE SPALLING

(4) Surface Cracks or Movement at Toe NA

(5) Seepage NONE

(6) Condition Around Outlet Structure SATISFACTORY

c. Abutments

EXISTING GROUND

(1) Erosion at Embankment and Abutment Contact NONE

(2) Seepage along Contact of Embankment and Abutment NONE

(3) Seepage at toe or along downstream face NONE

d. Downstream Area - below embankment

WETLAND WITHIN 300' OF TDE

(1) Subsidence, Depressions, etc. NONE

(2) Seepage, unusual growth NO

(3) Evidence of surface movement beyond embankment toe NONE

(4) Miscellaneous _____

e. Drainage System

NONE

4) Instrumentation

(1) Monumentation/Surveys NA

(2) Observation Wells NA

(3) Weirs NA

(4) Piezometers NA

(5) Other _____

5) Reservoir

a. Slopes FORESTED TO EDGE OF LAKE

b. Sedimentation NONE APPARENT ; SOIL IS ERODIBLE IN THE WATERSHED AREA

6) Spillway(s) (including Discharge Conveyance Channel)

CONCRETE SECTION w/ 8 BAYS INCL. STPGATES DISCHARGING INTO A
CONCRETE WUER CHANNEL LEADING TO A 2-SPAN BRIDGE

a. General SATISFACTORY; MINOR CONCRETE SPALLING ON PIER NOSES &
SPILLWAY FOOTBRIDGE

b. Principle Spillway SATISFACTORY

EASTERN WINGWALL (UPSTREAM) - SOME CONCRETE CRACKING & SPALLING
STPGATES - SATISFACTORY ALL ARE REMOVABLE EITHER BY LIFTING
MECHANISMS OR BY CRANE

c. Emergency or Auxillary Spillway NONE

d. Condition of Discharge Conveyance Channel SATISFACTORY

MINOR CONCRETE DETERIORATION - ROUNDED CORNERS

e. Stability of Channel side/slopes SATISFACTORY

7) Downstream Channel

WETLAND WITHIN 300' OF TOE OF EMBANKMENT ; THEN NATURAL
CHANNEL (HEMLOCK OUTLET) TO HEMLOCK VILLAGE

a. Condition (debris, etc.) STEEL BIN-TYPE RETAINING WALL IMMEDIATELY
ADJACENT & DOWNSTREAM OF BRIDGE - CORRODED & PERFORATED @ WATERLINE
REMAINDER - NATURAL CHANNEL

b. Slopes NA

c. Approximate number of homes VILLAGE OF HEMLOCK

8) Reservoir Drain/Outlet

Type: Pipe _____ Conduit _____ Other NONE

Material: Concrete _____ Metal _____ Other _____

Size: _____ Length _____

Invert Elevations: Entrance _____ Exit _____

Physical Condition (describe): _____ Unobservable _____

Material: _____

Joints: _____ Alignment: _____

Structural Integrity: _____

Hydraulic Capability: _____

Means of Control: Gate _____ Valve _____ Uncontrolled _____

Operation: Operable _____ Inoperable _____ Other _____

Present Condition (describe): _____

9) Structural

a. Concrete Surfaces MINOR SURFACE SPALLING & DETERIORATION ON PIER NOSES, SILLWAY FOOTBRIDGE

b. Structural Cracking - @ WESTERN CORNER OF EAST WINGWALL; SOME ON FOOTBRIDGE

c. Movement - Horizontal & Vertical Alignment (Settlement) NONE

d. Junctions with Abutments or Embankments SATISFACTORY

e. Drains - Foundation, Joint, Face NA

f. Water passages, conduits, sluices STOGATES - SATISFACTORY

g. Seepage or Leakage NONE

h. Joints - Construction, etc. SATISFACTORY
CONCRETE SLABS - BITUMINOUS FILLER MATERIAL LACKING @ SOME JOINTS

i. Foundation _____

j. Abutments _____

k. Control Gates OPERATIONAL (2 END STARGATES) ; 6 INTERIOR STARGATES
REQUIRE REMOVAL USING A MOBILE CRANE

l. Approach & Outlet Channels SATISFACTORY

m. Energy Dissipators (plunge pool, etc.) NONE

n. Intake Structures _____

o. Stability _____

p. Miscellaneous _____

APPENDIX C

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC
ENGINEERING DATA AND COMPUTATIONS

CHECK LIST FOR DAMS
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC
ENGINEERING DATA

AREA-CAPACITY DATA:

	<u>Elevation</u> (ft.)	<u>Surface Area</u> (acres)	<u>Storage Capacity</u> (acre-ft.)
TOP OF CONC. ABUTS.	910.3		42 113
1) Top of Dam	<u>909.8</u>	_____	<u>41101</u>
2) Design High Water (Max. Design Pool)	_____	_____	_____
3) Auxiliary Spillway Crest	<u>NONE</u>	_____	_____
4) Pool Level with ^{4-EXTERIOR} SPGATES ██████████ 4-INTERIOR	904.7 } 903.9 }	_____	_____
5) Service Spillway Crest	<u>900.8</u>	<u>2054</u>	<u>22 356</u>

[DATUM: 1935 PLANS + 507.27 = USGS ELEVATIONS]

DISCHARGES

	<u>Volume</u> (cfs)
1) Average Daily	<u>NA</u>
2) Spillway ✓ ██████████ BOTH END STOPGATES OPERATING	<u>10,799</u>
3) Spillway ✓ ██████████ ONE END STOPGATE	<u>6,896</u>
4) Spillway ✓ ██████████ STOPGATES ██████████ CLOSED	<u>2,992</u>
5) Low Level Outlet (MAX. WATER SUPPLY - GRAVITY WITHDRAWAL) PUMPED WITHDRAWAL	<u>72.7</u> <u>46.7</u>
6) Total (of all facilities) @ Maximum High Water	<u>NA</u>
7) Maximum Known Flood	<u>UNKNOWN</u>
8) At Time of Inspection	<u>NONE</u>

CREST: ELEVATION: 909.8
 Type: INCLUDED EARTH EMBANKMENT
 Width: 30' Length: 3000'
 Spillover CONCRETE OGEE SPILLWAY (8 BAYS) WITH STOPGATES
 Location NEAR WEST END OF EMBANKMENT

SPILLWAY:

PRINCIPAL	EMERGENCY
900.8	Elevation
CONCRETE OGEE-SHAPED	Type
8' WIDE X 8 BAYS = 64' (NET)	NONE
8' WIDE X 8 BAYS = 64' (NET)	Width
Type of Control	
	Uncontrolled
2 EXTERIOR - IN PLACE MECHANICAL GATES LIFTING MACHINERY	Controlled:
STOPGATES	Type
	(Flashboards; gate)
4 INTERIOR BAYS - 4 HIGH 4 EXTERIOR " - 5 HIGH	Number
8' WIDE X 9" HIGH ^{CHANGES} ACT AS A UNIT ^{WELDED TO}	Size/Length
	Invert Material
	Anticipated Length of operating service
NA	Chute Length
2.5'	Height Between Spillway Crest & Approach Channel Invert (Weir Flow)

HYDROMETEROLOGICAL GAGES:

Type : NONE ; DAILY WATER SURFACE LEVELS RECORDED @ WATER TREATMENT PLANT (EAST END OF EMBANKMENT)

Location: _____

Records:

Date - _____

Max. Reading - _____

FLOOD WATER CONTROL SYSTEM:

Warning System: NONE APPARENT

Method of Controlled Releases (mechanisms):

OPERATION OF THE STORGATES

GRAVITY WITHDRAWAL THRU THE WATER SUPPLY INTAKE

DRAINAGE AREA: 43.13 SQ MILES

DRAINAGE BASIN RUNOFF CHARACTERISTICS:

Land Use - Type: FORESTED; CITY-CONTROLLED BUFFER STRIP AROUND LAKE
LIGHTLY POPULATED IN REMAINDER OF WATERSHED

Terrain - Relief: STEEP

Surface - Soil: ERODIBLE

Runoff Potential (existing or planned extensive alterations to existing (surface or subsurface conditions)

DEVELOPMENT - HINDERED BY CITY-OWNED LANDS

Potential Sedimentation problem areas (natural or man-made; present or future)

NA

Potential Backwater problem areas for levels at maximum storage capacity including surcharge storage:

NONE

Dikes - Floodwalls (overflow & non-overflow) - Low reaches along the Reservoir perimeter:

Location: NONE

Elevation: _____

Reservoir:

Length ██████████ 7.2 (Miles)

Length of Shoreline (@ ██████████ 17.1 (Miles)
ELEV. 205

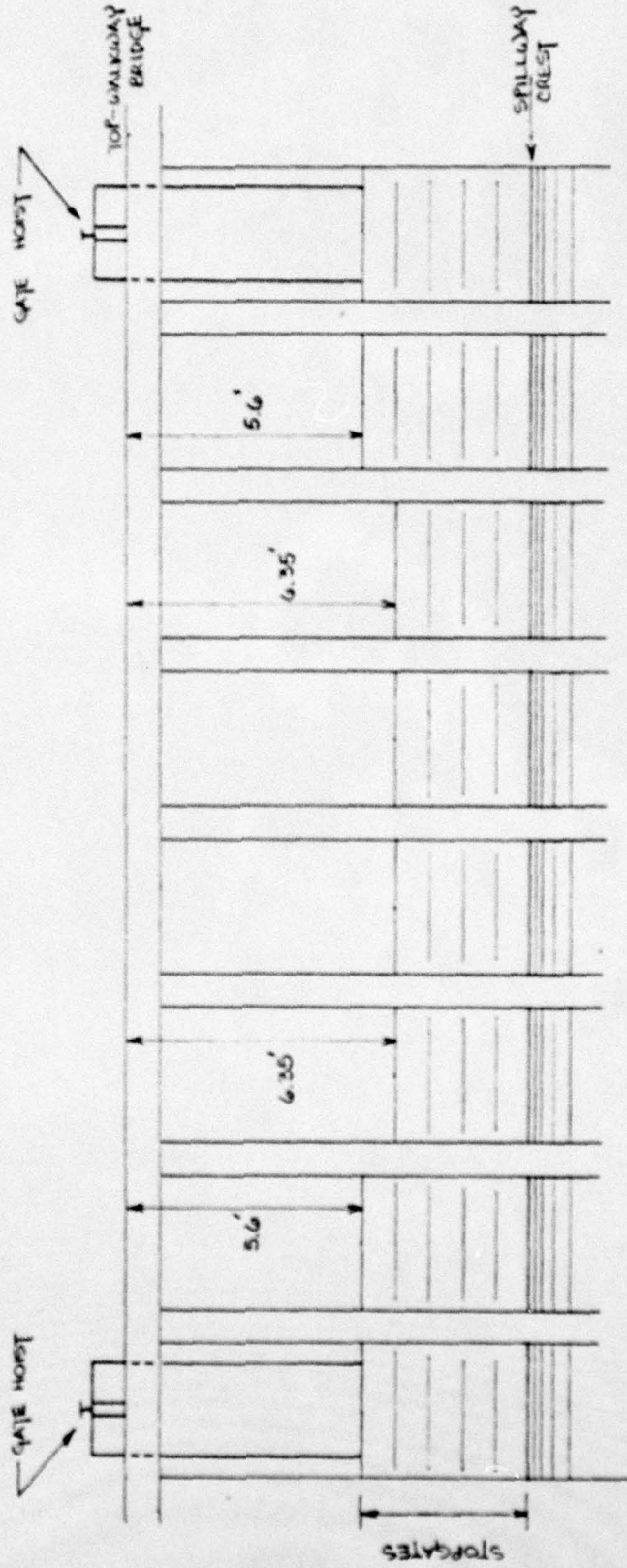
PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY	DATE
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		1/			
SUBJECT				COMPUTED BY	DATE
				WCL	7/17/79
DRAINAGE AREA: USGS 7.5' QUAD		SCALE: 1" = 2000'			
		1.25" = 25.00' ACRES			
		PLANIMETER CALIBRATION: 1.25" = 2.6'			
QUAD NAME	AREA	ACTUAL			
SPRINGWATER	DIVERSION STRUCTURE DR. AREA	4.48			
HONEOYE		16.21			
TOTAL:		20.69	34.48	→ 31,600.2 ACRES 4.95 SQ MILES	
HONEOYE	HEMLOCK LAKE SURFACE AREA - 305	3.60	@ 305 22.37	→ 2054.0 ACRES (3.21 SQ MILES)	
HONEOYE	CONTOUR - 920	4.05	@ 920 30.08	→ 2762.2 ACRES (4.32 SQ MILES)	
SPRINGWATER	AREA - 305 CONTOUR - 920	2.80 14.00			
				LONGEST DRAINAGE PATH TO DAM	
HONEOYE	DRAINAGE AREA	9.69		L = 95450' 1.618 MILES ←	
SPRINGWATER	@ HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	46.99 58.49			
WAYLAND		37.05			
RAVENHILL		1.45 0.46			
CONESUS		6.60 10.33			
LIVONIA		9.28	300.57	→ 27600.4 ACRES 43.18 SQ MILES ←	
TOTAL:		180.34			

PROJECT GRID

JOB	SHEET NO.	CHECKED BY	DATE		
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	2/				
SUBJECT	COMPUTED BY		DATE		
HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS	WCL		7/13/79		
DR. AREA = 43.13 SQ MILES	L = 45450' 12.13 MILES	L _{CA} = 38500' 7.22 MILES	C _E = 2		
LAG TIME: $t_p = C_E (L \cdot L_{CA})^{0.5}$					
$t_p = 8.37$ HRS					
UNIT RAIN DURATION: $t_r = \frac{t_p}{5.5}$	USE				
$t_r = 1.52$ HRS	$(t_r = 1.5$ HR)				
ADJUSTED LAG TIME:	$TP = t_p + 0.25(t_p - t_r)$				
$TP = 8.37$ HRS	C _p = 0.425				
TRANSPOSITION FACTOR: $TRSPC = 1 - \frac{0.3008}{(DA)^{1.7713}}$					
$TRSPC = 0.85$					
LOSS RATES (SOIL):					
SOIL CLASSIFICATION = VAUSIA (SCS-C)	INITIAL = 1.0				
BATH (SCS-C)	CONSTANT = 0.1				
BASE FLOW: 2 CFS/SQ MILE	USE 44 CFS				
PRECIPITATION: PMP					
	200 SQ MI / 24 HR	6	12	24	48
ZONE 1	21.5"	94	107	118	125
SITE	21.5"	97	108	120	128
ZONE 2	21.5"	99	109	121	131

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
 NY-477
 FIELD MEASUREMENTS - 6/79



WEST
 ABUT.

EAST
 ABUT.

STOPGATE = 4 OR 5' HIGH CHANNELS WELDED WITH 3" WOOD SEAT @ SPILLWAY CREST

TO HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
NY-477

From
SANDY VREELAND
WATER SUPERINTENDENT - ROCHESTER

Subject: STOP GATES @ SPILLWAY ELEV. - DATUM Date Proposed 8/16/79

Message

- 1) STOP GATES ARE WELDED TOGETHER ; CONSIDER EACH AS ONE UNIT
- 2) EXISTING IN-PLACE GEAR HOIST(S) ON EACH END OF THE SPILLWAY CAN LIFT THE GATE SILL TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE SLAB ELEVATION
- 3) THE 6 INTERIOR STOP GATES MUST BE REMOVED USING A MOBILE CRANE PLACED ON THE EARTH EMBANKMENT (@ CREST OR DE)
- 4) 1235 SET OF DRAWINGS :
GIVEN ELEVATIONS + SCR 35 EQUAL ELEVATIONS (7/27/79 LETTER)
REFERENCED TO BARGE CANAL @ ROCHESTER DATUM

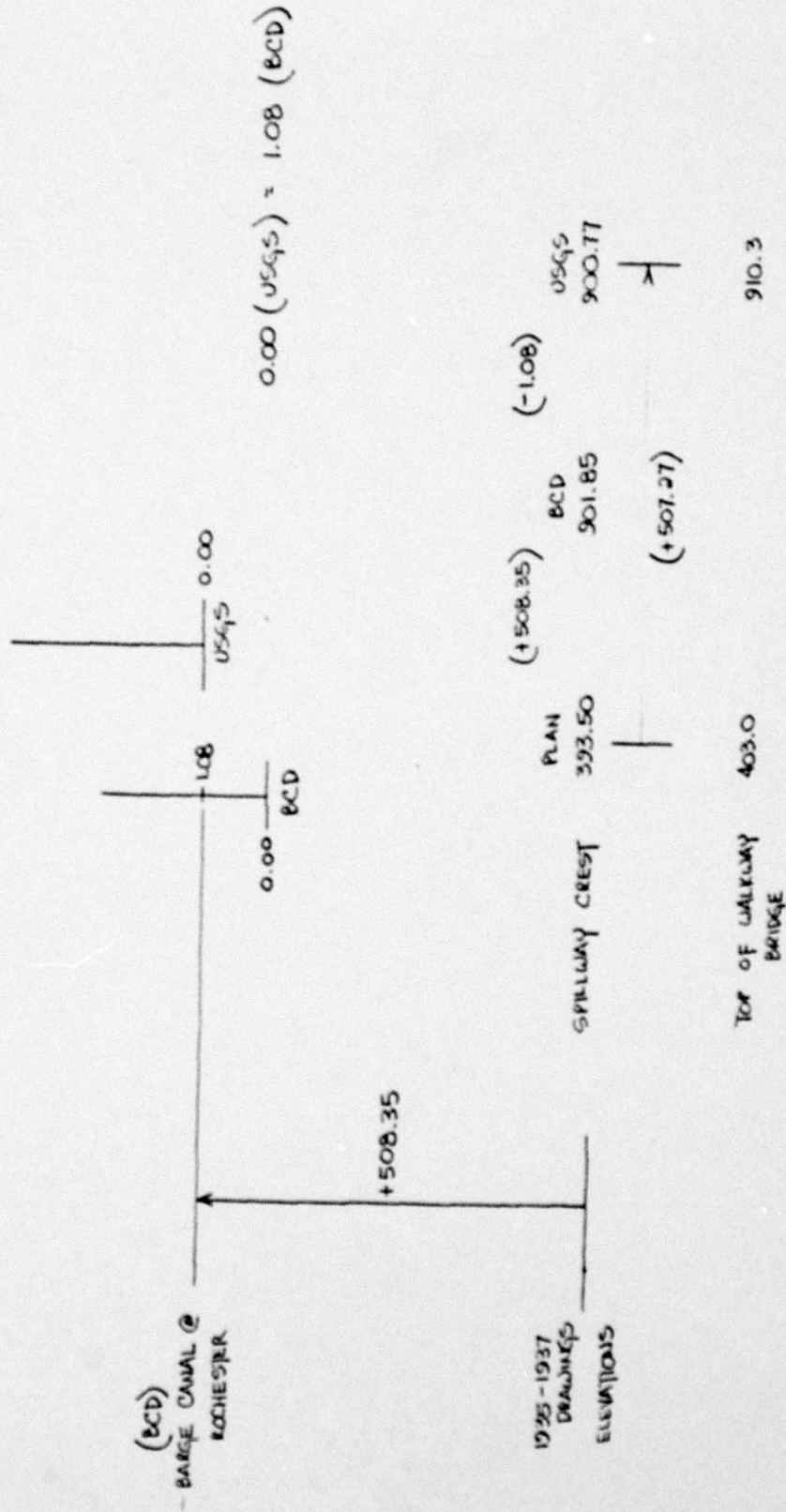
SIGNED WCL
DATE

Reply - NONE

[ROCHESTER AREA]

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
NY-477

DATUM (ELEVATION) CONVERSION



PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY	DATE	
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		3/				
SUBJECT			COR = CITY OF ROCHESTER		DATE	
STAGE - AREA - CAPACITY DATA			WCL		8/16/79	
EXISTING DATA:			STORAGE			
DESCRIP.	STAGE (COR)	MALCOLM PIRMIE (5/1977)	AC-FT (TOTAL)	X 10 ⁶ FT ³ (TOTAL)	GALS. (PIRMIE)	AC-FT
WATER SUPPLY OUTFLOW - INVERT	887.3	887.3		-		
	11.5'		14283	621	11 x 10 ⁶	32770
BASE + CREST	898.8					
	3'		22356	972		
SPILLWAY CREST	901.8	905.8				
	8.5'		41101	1787		
TOP - DAM EARTH	910.3					
	0.9'		42113	1831		
TOP - CONC ABUTM @ SPILLWAY	910.3					
1935 DRAWINGS: DATUM IS <u>NOT</u> USED DO NOT USE PLAN ELEVATIONS ←						
1937						
FOR ANALYSIS:						
SPILLWAY CREST = 900.8						

60"
PIPE

UP/S

18.5

PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY		DATE	
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		4/					
SUBJECT				COMPUTED BY		DATE	
STORAGE CAPACITY				WCL		8/16/79	
USE CITY OF ROCHESTER - DATA :				DIRECT CONVERSION - ELEVATIONS			
				1985 DWSS + 507.3 = STAGE			
DESCRIPTION	STAGE	ΔH	ΔV	VOL. (AC - FT)			
(S/TT PILE 4)	887.3			—			
UPPS EDGE OF CREST	898.3			14285			
SPILLWAY CREST	900.8			22356			
		3.15'	4561				
(INTERIOR 4	903.95			28917			
DP STOP GATES - 8		0.75'	1560				
(EXTERIOR 4	904.7			30479			
				13 - Y-R-DBDC			
DP EARTH EMA	909.8			41101			
	(-0.5')						
DP CONC. ABUTS & WALKWAY BRIDGE	910.3			42113			

PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY		DATE	
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		5/					
SUBJECT				COMPUTED BY		DATE	
DISCHARGE CAPACITIES				WCL		8/16/79	
EXISTING SPILLWAY + VERTICAL GATE (1-EACH END) IS OPERATIONAL							
WIDTH = 9' - 1" NO END CONTRACTIONS							
ORIFICE - SUBMERGED FLOW							
$Q = CA\sqrt{2gH}$				[DESIGN OF SMALL DAMS - BUNEC 2ND ED. FIG. 249]			
A - VARIES WITH H				CREE-SHAPED CREST:			
C - VARIES " H							
$Q = 0.025CA\sqrt{H}$				C = 3.67			
FIG. 249							
STAGE	H	P/H	C	A	ORIFICE CENTER H	Q	(BOTH GATES) Q
SPILLWAY CREST	900.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	901	0.2	3.95	1.6	0.1	16	32
	902	1.3	3.84	9.6	0.6	235	470
	903	2.2	3.90	17.6	1.1	578	1156
TOP INTER. GATES	903.95	3.15	3.86	25.2	1.58	981	1962
	904	3.2	3.86	25.6	1.6	1003	2006
TOP ADJACENT GATES	904.7	3.9	3.84	31.2	1.95	1343	2686
	905	4.2	3.82	38.6	2.1	1493	2986
	906	5.2	3.79	41.6	2.6	2040	4080
	907	6.2	3.76	48.6	3.1	2635	5270
	908	7.2	3.73	57.6	3.6	3271	6542
	909	8.2	3.68	65.6	4.1	3923	7846
SLAB UNDERSIDE	909.3	8.5	3.67	68	4.25	4129	8258
TOP SLAB	910.3	9.5	3.65	68	4.75	4341	8682

PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY		DATE	
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		6/					
SUBJECT				COMPUTED BY		DATE	
DISCHARGE CAPACITIES				WCL		8/17/79	
EXISTING SPILLWAY - ALL STOPGATES REMOVED							
$Q = CLH^{3/2}$							
8 OPENINGS @ 8' WIDE EACH = 64'							
ENDS OF ABUTMENTS - ROUNDED $K_b = 0$							
7 POINTED-NOSED PIERS $K_p = 0$							
$L = L' - 2(NK_p + K_b)H$ $N = 7$							
$L = 64'$							
$L = 64'$							
C - VARIES WITH H [SEE SHT 5/ - OSEE SHAPED CREST (P/H VS C)] FIG. 249							
STAGE	H	C	Q				
900.8	—	—	—				
901	0.2	3.95	22.6				
902	1.0	3.94	331				
903	2.0	3.9	214				
904	3.0	3.86	1414				
905	4.0	3.82	2104				
906	5.0	3.79	2876				
907	6.0	3.76	3715				
908	7.0	3.73	4612				
909	8.0	3.68	5530				
909.3	8.5	3.67	5821				
SLAB							
910.3	9.5	3.65	6240				

PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY		DATE					
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		7/									
SUBJECT				COMPUTED BY		DATE					
DISCHARGE CAPACITIES				WCL		8/17/79					
EXISTING SPILLWAY WITH SIDEGATES IN PLACE (SEE 4/79 FIELD MEASUREMENTS)											
SHARP CRESTED WEIR - NO SIDE CONTRACTIONS											
REF: HANDBOOK OF HYDRAULICS KING & BRATER 5TH ED. (EQN 5-23)				(APPROACH VEL. < 5 fps)							
$C = 3.33 \left(1 + 0.259 \frac{H}{d} \right)$ $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ $L = 8'$ $C - \text{VARIES WITH } H$				$d = P + H$							
303.95 4 - INTERIOR P = 3.15'				304.7 4 - EXTERIOR P = 3.9'				TOTAL			
STAGE	H	d	C	Q	4Q	H	d	C	Q	4Q	B-GATES
303.95	—			—	—	—					—
304	0.05	3.2	3.33	3	12	—					12
304.7	0.75	3.9	3.36	17.5	70	—					70
305	1.05	4.2	3.38	29.1	116	0.3	4.2	3.33	4.4	18	134
306	2.05	5.2	3.46	91.2	365	1.3	5.2	3.38	40.1	160	485
307	3.05	6.2	3.54	151	604	2.3	6.2	3.45	96.3	385	989
308	4.05	7.2	3.60	235	940	3.3	7.2	3.51	168	672	1612
309	5.05	8.2	3.66	332	1328	4.3	8.2	3.57	255	1020	2348
309.3	5.35	8.5	3.67	363	1452	4.6	8.5	3.58	283	1132	2584
310.3	6.35	9.5	*	470	1880	5.6	9.5	*	380	1520	3400

SLAB

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		SHEET NO. 8/		CHECKED BY		DATE	
SUBJECT DISCHARGE CAPACITIES				COMPUTED BY WCL		DATE 8/17/79	
EXISTING SPILLWAY - END STOPGATES OPERATIONAL							
JOB 7 - INTERIOR STOPGATES IN-PLACE (4/79 FIELD CONDITIONS)							
STAGE	ONE END GATE (SHT 5)	BOTH END GATES (SHT 5)	ADJACENT GATES		INTERIOR GATES	TOTAL Q	
			2	3	4	1- END GATE	2- BOTH END GATES
900.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
901	16	32				16	32
902	235	470				235	470
903	578	1156				578	1156
903.95	981	1962			—	981	1962
904	1003	2006			10	1015	2018
904.7	1343	2686			70	1413	2756
905	1493	2986	9	13	116	1622	3111
906	2040	4080	80	120	325	2485	4485
907	2635	5270	192	289	604	3528	6066
908	3271	6542	336	504	940	4715	7818
909	3923	7846	510	765	1328	6016	9684
909.3	4129	8258	566	849	1452	6430	10276
SLAB -							
910.3	4341	8682	720	1140	1880	7361	11322



City of Rochester

Bureau of Water
Department of
Environmental Services

10 Felix Street
Rochester, New York 14608

July 27, 1979

RE: Hemlock Lake Dam NY-477
Canadice Lake Dam NY-443

This is in response to your letter of June 20, 1979 to Mr. Gassman requesting information on the subject dams. The responses are identified in the order of the items requested:

- A 1) Drainage areas
Hemlock Lake 48.0 sq. mi.
Canadice Lake 12.6 sq. mi.
- 2) NOTE: For the specific elevations listed we are only able to provide storage capacities. We have no table which lists surface areas at various elevations.

Refer to enclosed pages 12, 13, and 14 of May 1977 Comprehensive Water Supply Study by Malcolm Pirnie, Inc. for the description of streams entering the lakes.

Hemlock Lake	ELEVATION	STORAGE
a) Pipe invert-water supply outflow	— 887.3	0
b) Base of spillway upstream side	(898.3) 898.8	621 MCF
c) Spillway Crest	(900.8) 901.8	972 MCF
d) Top of concrete abutments at spillway	(910.3) 910.8	1831 MCF
e) Top of earth embankment	(909.8) 910.3	1787 MCF

Canadice Lake		ELEVATION	STORAGE
a)	Pipe invert-water supply outflow		0
b)	Base of spillway upstream side	1089.5	189 MCF
c)	Spillway crest	1096.0	400 MCF
d)	Top of concrete abutments at spillway	1101.5	584 MCF
e)	Top of earth embankment	1101.54	584 MCF

3)	MAX. KNOWN ELEVATION	DATE	SPILLWAY DISCHARGE
	HEMLOCK 906+	6-23-72	UNKNOWN
	CANADICE 1100+	6-23-72	478×10^3 cu ft/day

4)		LENGTH
	HEMLOCK	38,000' ±
	CANADICE	17,000' ±

5) Length of shoreline (data available only for elevation indicated as determined by N.Y.S. Department of Health).

HEMLOCK	905.0'	17.10 mi.
CANADICE	1096.0'	7.10 mi.

Surface areas of lakes (obtained from N.Y.S. Dept. of Health).

HEMLOCK	3.594 sq. mi.
CANADICE	338.0×10^4 m ²

6) History

HEMLOCK

Original dam built by the City in early 1870's, rebuilt in 1908 and 1926, present Spillway constructed 1935.

CANADICE

Original dam at end of lake built around 1910, present Spillway built in 1936 several hundred feet west of original dam.

- 7) Consulting Engineers' Reports (see enclosed copies). Pages 4-7 of the Malcolm Pirnie - January 1979 Upland Water Supply Study are enclosed for your use.

B) HEMLOCK LAKE DAM

1. WATER DIVERSION CONDUIT FROM CANADICE

60" CONCRETE Conduit constructed 1912, 3800' long maximum possible flow (assuming coefficient of 7) 104.7 MGD.

2. Water supply conduits at Hemlock

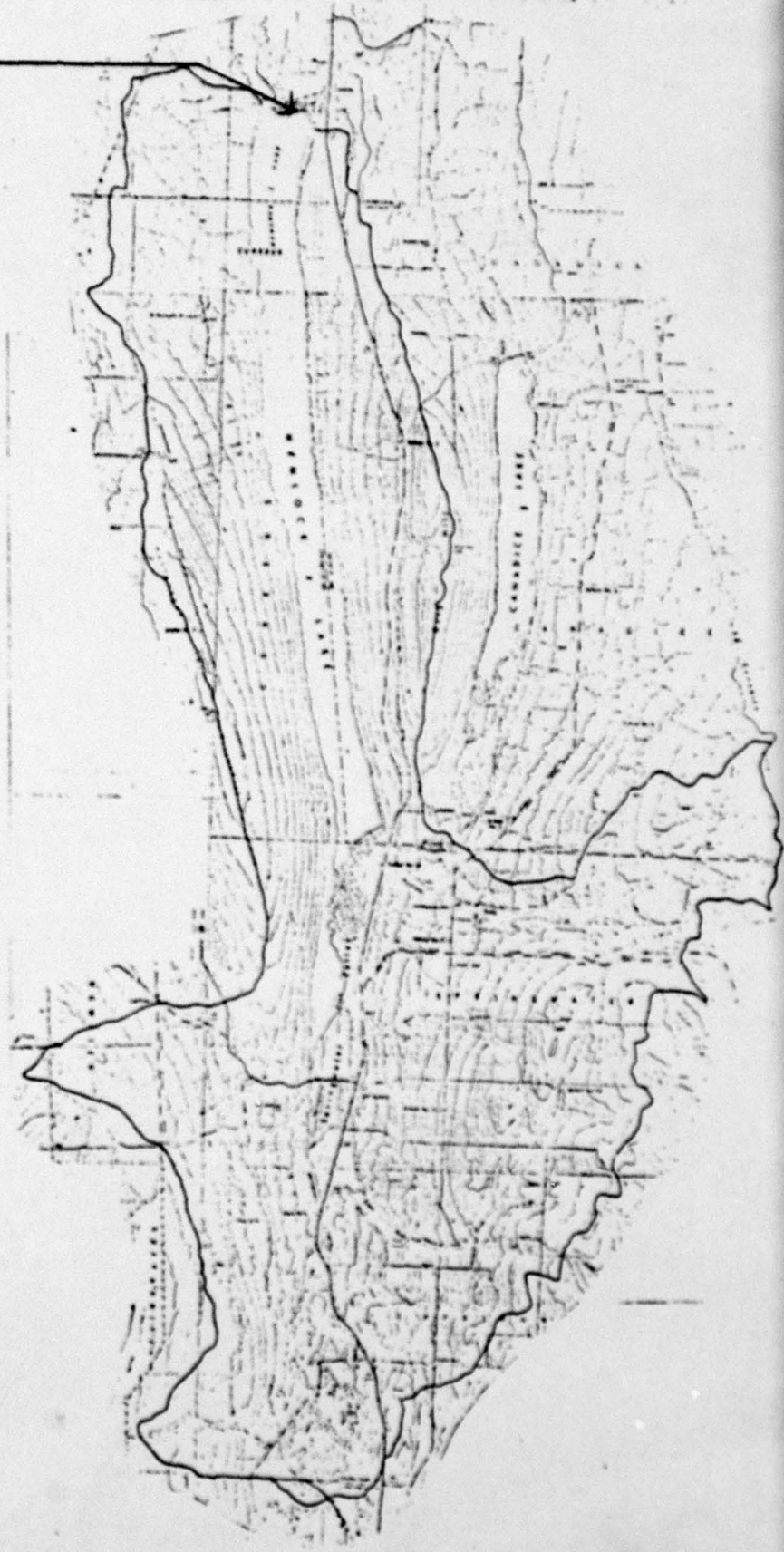
- a) 6' brick tunnel 12,200' long
- b) 36" cast iron conduit 13,600 long avg. daily outflow 37 MGD.

MAXIMUM POSSIBLE OUTPUT 47 MGD (GRAVITY FLOW) when lake level drops below 887.3 maximum pumped output is 30.2 MGD.

C) CANADICE LAKE DAM

- 1. MAXIMUM DISCHARGE RATE 11.730 MCF/day 4-4-73
AVG. DAILY DISCHARGE (1978) 1.069 MCF.
- 2. MAXIMUM PUMPING RATE POSSIBLE THROUGH 24" BYPASS PIPE 15 MGD.

Dam Site



Drainage Area

Hemlock Lake Dam

4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
19277	31980	42105	51105	59105	67105	75105	83105	91105	99105	107105	115105	123105	131105	139105	147105	155105	163105	171105	179105
3325	7518	2705	1315	1250	1185	1120	1055	990	925	860	795	730	665	600	535	470	405	340	275
29224	29031	29632	30233	30834	31435	32036	32637	33238	33839	34440	35041	35642	36243	36844	37445	38046	38647	39248	39849
28945	29121	30178	30704	44013	41585	39665	37337	37180	35732	34611	33787	32956	28956	29224	31282	43652	41325	38006	36410
29024	29031	29632	30233	30834	31435	32036	32637	33238	33839	34440	35041	35642	36243	36844	37445	38046	38647	39248	39849
29031	29632	30233	30834	31435	32036	32637	33238	33839	34440	35041	35642	36243	36844	37445	38046	38647	39248	39849	40450
33177	37533	36152	34911	34003	33033	32063	31093	30123	29153	28183	27213	26243	25273	24303	23333	22363	21393	20423	19453
36363	35318	34911	34003	33033	32063	31093	30123	29153	28183	27213	26243	25273	24303	23333	22363	21393	20423	19453	18483
35027	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003	36003
903.9	903.9	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0	904.0
904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1	904.1
904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2	904.2
904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3	904.3
904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4	904.4
904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5	904.5
904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6	904.6
904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7	904.7
904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8	904.8
904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9	904.9
905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0	905.0
905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1	905.1
905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2	905.2
905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3	905.3
905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4	905.4
905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5	905.5
905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6	905.6
905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7	905.7
905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8	905.8
905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9	905.9
906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0	906.0
906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1	906.1

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 32728, AT TIME 49.50 HOURS

STAGE	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
903.9	15726	6571	324787
904.0	445	135	9480
904.1	13.57	17.01	16.95
904.2	364.50	431.99	456.52
904.3	31192	39102	41503
904.4	38474	48231	51193

TABLES C.F.H.

FROM RECEIPTS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, WASHINGTON, D. C. (FORM NO. 10, FEBRUARY 1949)
 FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1950 (SEE INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF THIS FORM)

ACTS APPLIED TO SUBS

OPERATION	START	END	DATE	TIME	REMARKS
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	5.15	1	1950	1719Z
ROUTED TO	1	5.15	1	1950	1719Z

(Handwritten scribble or signature)

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLANE 1

ELEVATION
STORAGE
OUTFLOW

CRITICAL VALUE
933.93
20917.
0.

SPILLWAY CREST
503.93
20917.
0.

TOP OF DAM
909.80
41101.
2992.

RATIO
OF
PIF
0.250
1.000

MAXIMUM
RESERVE
0.5 FLOW
910.32
911.41

MAXIMUM
DEPTH
OVER DAM
0.72
2.01

MAXIMUM
STORAGE
AC-FT
42550.
43104.

MAXIMUM
OUTFLOW
CFS
9550.
32726.

DURATION
GIVES TOP
HOURS
16.89
27.00

TIME OF
MAX OUTFLOW
HOURS
54.00
49.50

TIME OF
FAILURE
HOURS
0.
0.

 FLD B HYDROLOGIC PACKAGE (HLC-11)
 DASH SAFETY VESSEL JULY 1977
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 77
 MODIFIED BY: KATZMILL W. 77

 THE PROGRAM IS COMPLETELY ADDED MODIFIED
 TO RUN ON THE GAS MICHIGAN SYSTEM

PLEASE REPORT ANY UNUSUAL OPERATING PROBLEMS
 TO MIKE TILLOT (C.S. 423) PH: 7-5506

	IV-477 CITY OF ROCHESTER WATER SUPPLY	GENESEE RIVER BASIN LIVINGSTON-ONTARIO CUBITY PRF. - SYDNER OH
1	A HERRICK LAKE DAM	
2	A	
3	A	
4	B 150	
5	B1 5	
6	J 1 2 1	
7	J1 0.5 1	
8	K 0 1	1
9	K1	
10	M 1 43.13	43.13 0.65 1
11	P 21.5 97	100 120 120
12	T	1.0 0.1
13	M 8.37 0.625	
14	X 45 45	
15	K 1 1	
16	K1	
17	Y 1 1	
18	Y1 5	
19	Y4 903.6 0.1 902	903.9 904 904.7 905 906 907
20	Y4 903 903	904 904.7 905 906 907
21	Y5 0 10 235	970 981 1015 1413 1622 2485 3528
22	Y5 4782 6010 6430	7391
23	Y5 28717 411.1 6211	
24	Y6 903.7 909.0 910.5	
25	Y6 903.8	
29	Y6 903.8 3.017	1.5 320.7

ADJUSTED HYDROGRAPH AT DAM - NO BREACH DUE DATE 16/79 GATES

PEAK FLOOD STORAGE (2000 YR PERIOD) AT VARY FLOOD MULTIPLE PLUM-RATIO (HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS)
 FLOOD IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CFS) AT 5 MINUTE INTERVALS (PEAK SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE FEET (570000 FEET²)

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOODS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLUM RATIO	RATIO 1	RATIO 2
			0.20		1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	43.13	1	10579.	37157.
	(	0.001	(	226.001	1052.101
ROUTED TO	1	43.13	1	6307.	51036.
	(	0.001	(	122.071	895.841

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

FLASH 1	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM	ELEVATION STILLWATER OUTFLOW	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	WATER OVER TOP FT/6S	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
	903.290	900.00	909.80	909.80	1.75	4860.7	31030.	17.50	57.03	0.
	25917.	28917.	41101.	41101.	0.	0.	0.	0.	49.50	0.
	901.	0.	5496.	5496.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

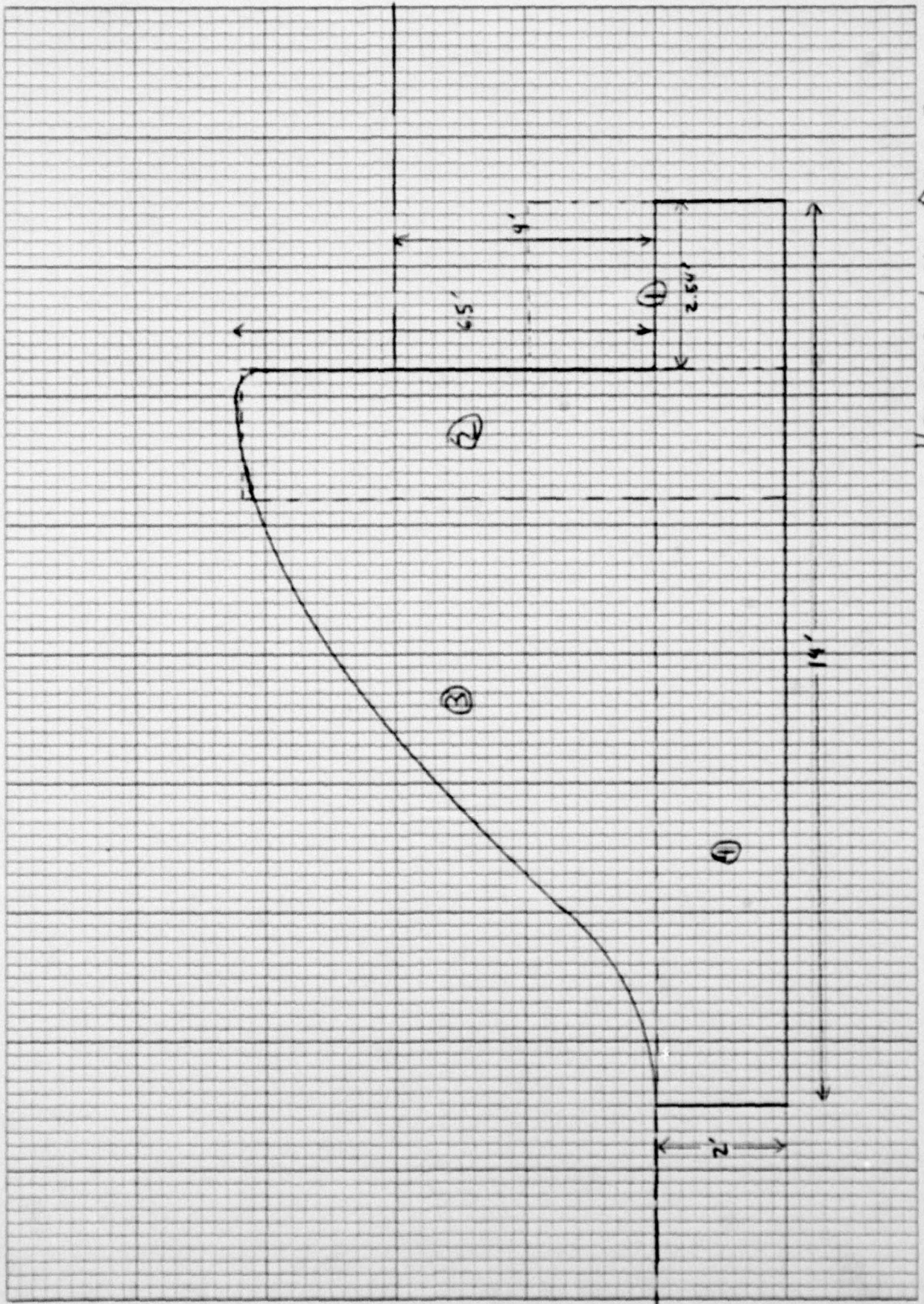
PLATE 1

ELEVATION STRESSOR OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM	RATIO OF PIF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR U.S. ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
908.52	903.93	905.80	909.80	0.50	908.52	0.	38465.	5795.	0.	54.00	0.
911.23	2-917. 1962.	26917. 0.	41101. 10799.	1.00	911.23	1.45	46037.	36139.	13.50	49.50	0.

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (CUM. OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FIRM-PARTICLE PLUS-RATE ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 PLUS 10 CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUMULATIVE FEET PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE FEET (SQUARE FEET)

OPERATION	STATUS	AREA	PLAN	RATIO 1	RATIO 2	FATIGUE APPLIED TO FLOWS
				0.50	1.00	
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	53.13	1	1337%	37137.	
	(	0.10)	(	525.00)	(1052.16)	
ROUTED TO	- 1	53.13	1	379%	30137.	
	(	0.00)	(	299.00)	(598.00)	

APPENDIX D
STABILITY COMPUTATIONS



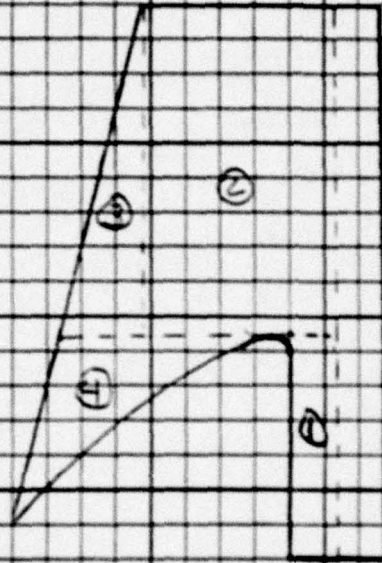
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM - SPILLWAY SECTION

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	SHEET NO. 1	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT STABILITY ANALYSIS		COMPUTED BY RLW	DATE 8/9/79

CALCULATE LOADS DUE TO BRIDGE CONCRETE

1. PIERS



VOLUMES PER PIER

$$① (1.27)(6.5)(2) = 16.51$$

$$② (9.5)(5.27)(2) = 100.13$$

$$③ \frac{1}{2}(9.5)(2.6)(2) = 24.7$$

$$④ \frac{1}{2}(2.6)(1.35)(2) = 3.51$$

$$\underline{144.85 \text{ ft}^3}$$

$$(144.85 \text{ ft}^3) (\uparrow \text{PIERS}) = 1013.9 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$\frac{1013.9 \text{ ft}^3}{78 \text{ ft}} = 13.0 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft UP DAM}$$

2. CONCRETE BRIDGE DECK

$$(4 \text{ ft})(4 \text{ ft}) = 1.6 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft UP DAM}$$

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	SHEET NO. 2	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT STABILITY ANALYSIS		COMPUTED BY RLW	DATE 8/9/79
BRIDGE LOADS (CONT.)			
3. ABUTMENTS			
VOLUMES			
① $10.5(75)(2) = 1575 \text{ ft}^3$			
② $\frac{1}{2}(10)(75)(2) = 750 \text{ ft}^3$			
③ $4(17)(85)(2) = 1445 \text{ ft}^3$			
④ $20(8)(9) = 640 \text{ ft}^3$			
⑤ $15(9)(4) = 540 \text{ ft}^3$			
⑥ $\frac{1}{2}(30.5)(10)(2) = 205 \text{ ft}^3$			
⑦ $(20.5)(7)(2) = 287 \text{ ft}^3$			
$(2040 \text{ ft}^3)(2 \text{ ABUT}) = 4080 \text{ ft}^3$ $\frac{4080 \text{ ft}^3}{78 \text{ FT}} = 52.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft of dam}$			
TOTAL VOLUME TO BE ADDED = $13.0 + 1.6 + 52.5 = 67.14 \text{ ft}^3$			

PROJECT GRID

JOB	SHEET NO.	CHECKED BY	DATE		
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	3				
SUBJECT	COMPUTED BY		DATE		
STABILITY ANALYSIS	RLW		8/9/79		
1. CONVERT BLOCK OF SOIL ABOVE UPSTREAM TOE TO AN					
EQUIVALENT SECTION OF CONCRETE					
$(4)(2.54)(.060 \frac{K}{ft^2}) = .61K$		$\frac{.61K}{157 \frac{K}{ft^2}} = 4.07 \text{ FT}^3$			
2. BREAK SECTION INTO AREAS					
<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">AREA</td> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">DISTANCE FROM TOE TO CENTROID</td> </tr> </table>				AREA	DISTANCE FROM TOE TO CENTROID
AREA	DISTANCE FROM TOE TO CENTROID				
① $(2.54)(2) + 4.07 = 9.15 \text{ ft}^2$	12.7'				
② $(2)(7.75) = 15.5 \text{ ft}^2$	10.5'				
③ $\frac{1}{2}(9.2)(6.2) + 67.14 = 95.66 \text{ ft}^2$	6.3'				
④ $(9.46)(2) = 18.92 \text{ ft}^2$	4.7'				

PROJECT GRID

JOB	SHEET NO.	CHECKED BY	DATE
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	4		
SUBJECT	COMPUTED BY		DATE
STABILITY ANALYSIS	RLW		8/9/79
ADD EFFECT OF DOWNSTREAM SLAB TO SLIDING RESISTANCE			
SLAB $60' (1)(1)(.15K/FT^3) = 9K$			
$(9K)(.5) = 4.5K$ SLIDING RESISTANCE			
NORMAL CONDITIONS			
$F.S._{SLIDING} = \frac{RESISTING\ FORCE + SLAB\ RESISTANCE}{DRIVING\ FORCE} = \frac{8.60 + 4.5}{2.58} = 5.07$			
ICE LOADING			
$F.S._{SLIDING} = \frac{8.60 + 4.5}{7.58} = 1.73$			
SEPMF LOADING			
$F.S._{SLIDING} = \frac{8.60 + 4.5}{6.47} = 1.96$			

PROJECT GRID

JOB	SHEET NO.	CHECKED BY	DATE
HENLOCK LAKE DAM	5		
SUBJECT	COMPUTED BY		DATE
STABILITY ANALYSES - SEISMIC ANALYSIS	RLW		8/9/79
SUMMATION OF MOMENTS AND FORCES TAKEN FROM CALCULATOR			
STABILITY PROGRAM			
NORMAL CONDITIONS - WATER AT SPILLWAY CREST - NO ICE			
1. CALCULATE HORIZONTAL FORCE ON UPSTREAM FACE DUE TO WATER PRESSURE			
$P_w = C \gamma_w h = .7(.1)(.0624)(8.5) = .037 \text{ K/GZ}$			
C = coefficient			
W = weight of water			
h = height			
2. CALCULATE MOMENT & FORCE OF EARTHQUAKE			
$M_e = .299 P_w y^2 = (.299)(.037)(8.5)^2 = .80 \text{ K-ft}$			
$V_e = .726 P_w y = (.726)(.037)(8.5) = .23 \text{ K-ft}$			
3. REDUCE WEIGHT OF CONCRETE BY 5%			
$(.15)(.95) = .142$			
4. REVISED OVERTURNING SAFETY FACTOR - SEISMIC ANALYSIS			
$F.S. = \frac{\text{RESISTING MOMENTS}}{\text{OVERTURNING MOM. + EARTHQUAKE MOM.}} = \frac{138.68}{45.77 + .80} = 2.98$			
5. REVISED SLIDING SAFETY FACTOR - SEISMIC ANALYSIS			
$F.S. = \frac{\text{RESISTING FORCE}}{\text{SLIDING FORCE + EARTHQUAKE FORCE}} = \frac{8.08}{2.58 + .23} = 2.88$			

INPUT TO STABILITY ANALYSIS PROGRAM

<u>INPUT ENTRY</u>	<u>PROGRAM No.</u>
Unit Weight of Dam (K/ft ³)	0
Area of Segment No. 1 (ft ²)	1
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 1 to Downstream Toe (ft)	2
Area of Segment No. 2 (ft ²)	3
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 2 to Downstream Toe (ft)	4
Area of Segment No. 3 (ft ²)	5
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 3 to Downstream Toe (ft)	6
Base Width of Dam (Total) (ft)	7
Height of Dam (ft)	8
Ice Loading (K/L ft.)	9
Coefficient of Sliding	10
Unit Weight of Soil (K/ft ³)	11
Active Soil Coefficient - Ka	12
Passive Soil Coefficient - Kp	13
Height of Water over Top of Dam or Spillway (ft)	14
Height of Soil for Active Pressure (ft)	15
Height of Soil for Passive Pressure (ft)	16
Height of Water in Tailrace Channel (ft)	17
Weight of Water (K/ft ³)	18
Area of Segment No. 4 (ft ²)	19
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 4 to Downstream Toe (ft)	20
Height of Ice Load or Active Water (ft)	46

NORMAL CONDITIONS

NORMAL WATER
Plus 5000 lb Ice Load

0.15 RCL
1
9.2
9.2 RCL
2
12.7
12.7 RCL
3
15.5
15.5 RCL
4
10.5
10.5 RCL
5
95.66
95.66 RCL
6
6.3
6.3 RCL
7
14.
14. RCL
8
8.5
8.5 RCL
9
0.
0. RCL
10
0.5
0.5 RCL
11
0.055
0.055 RCL
12
0.33
0.33 RCL
13
3.
3. RCL
14
0.
0. RCL
15
6.
6. RCL
16
2.
2. RCL
17
2.
2. RCL
18
0.0624
0.0624 RCL
19
18.9
18.9 RCL
20
4.7
4.7 RCL
46
8.5

0.15 RCL
1
9.2
9.2 RCL
2
12.7
12.7 RCL
3
15.5
15.5 RCL
4
10.5
10.5 RCL
5
95.66
95.66 RCL
6
6.3
6.3 RCL
7
14.
14. RCL
8
8.5
8.5 RCL
9
5.
5. RCL
10
0.5
0.5 RCL
11
0.055
0.055 RCL
12
0.33
0.33 RCL
13
3.
3. RCL
14
0.
0. RCL
15
6.
6. RCL
16
2.
2. RCL
17
2.
2. RCL
18
0.0624
0.0624 RCL
19
18.9
18.9 RCL
20
4.7
4.7 RCL
46
8.5

3.181102445
6.145952179
~~2.331531133~~

← F.S. OVERTURNING

→ 1.650620317

1/2 PMF-WATER 1.72'
OVER SPILLWAY

0.15	RCL
	1
9.2	
9.2	RCL
	2
12.7	
12.7	RCL
	3
15.5	
15.5	RCL
	4
10.5	
10.5	RCL
	5
95.66	
95.66	RCL
	6
6.3	
6.3	RCL
	7
14.	
14.	RCL
	8
8.5	
8.5	RCL
	9
0.	
0.	RCL
	10
0.5	
0.5	RCL
	11
0.055	
0.055	RCL
	12
0.33	
0.33	RCL
	13
3.	
3.	RCL
	14
7.72	
7.72	RCL
	15
6.	
6.	RCL
	16
2.	
2.	RCL
	17
2.	
2.	RCL
	18
0.0624	
0.0624	RCL
	19
18.9	
18.9	RCL
	20
4.7	
4.7	RCL
	46
8.5	

SEISMIC ANALYSIS

0.1425	RCL
	1
9.2	
9.2	RCL
	2
12.7	
12.7	RCL
	3
15.5	
15.5	RCL
	4
10.5	
10.5	RCL
	5
95.66	
95.66	RCL
	6
6.3	
6.3	RCL
	7
14.	
14.	RCL
	8
8.5	
8.5	RCL
	9
0.	
0.	RCL
	10
0.5	
0.5	RCL
	11
0.055	
0.055	RCL
	12
0.33	
0.33	RCL
	13
3.	
3.	RCL
	14
7.72	
7.72	RCL
	15
6.	
6.	RCL
	16
2.	
2.	RCL
	17
2.	
2.	RCL
	18
0.0624	
0.0624	RCL
	19
18.9	
18.9	RCL
	20
4.7	
4.7	RCL
	46
8.5	

2.310583033 ← F.S. OVERTURNING
 5.078483075
~~4.2993305~~

~~9.0037004~~
 6.084330292
 0.103193259

APPENDIX E

REFERENCES

APPENDIX E

REFERENCES

- 1) U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers:
Engineering Manual 1110-2-1405; Flood-Hydrograph Analyses and Computations, August 1959
HEC-1 Flood Hydrograph Package - Dam Safety Version, September 1978
- 2) U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service; National Engineering Handbook; Section 4 - Hydrology, August 1972
- 3) U.S. Department of Commerce; Weather Bureau;
Hydrometeorological Report No. 33 - Seasonal Variation of the Probable Maximum Precipitation East of the 105th Meridian for Areas from 10 to 1,000 Square Miles and Durations of 6, 12, 24, and 48 Hours, April 1956
- 4) U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation; Design of Small Dams, 2nd Edition (rev. reprint), 1977
- 5) H.W. King and E.F. Brater; Handbook of Hydraulics, 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1963
- 6) University of the State of New York; Geology of New York, Education Leaflet 20, (reprint) 1973
- 7) City of Rochester, Bureau of Water - 7/27/79 communication

APPENDIX F

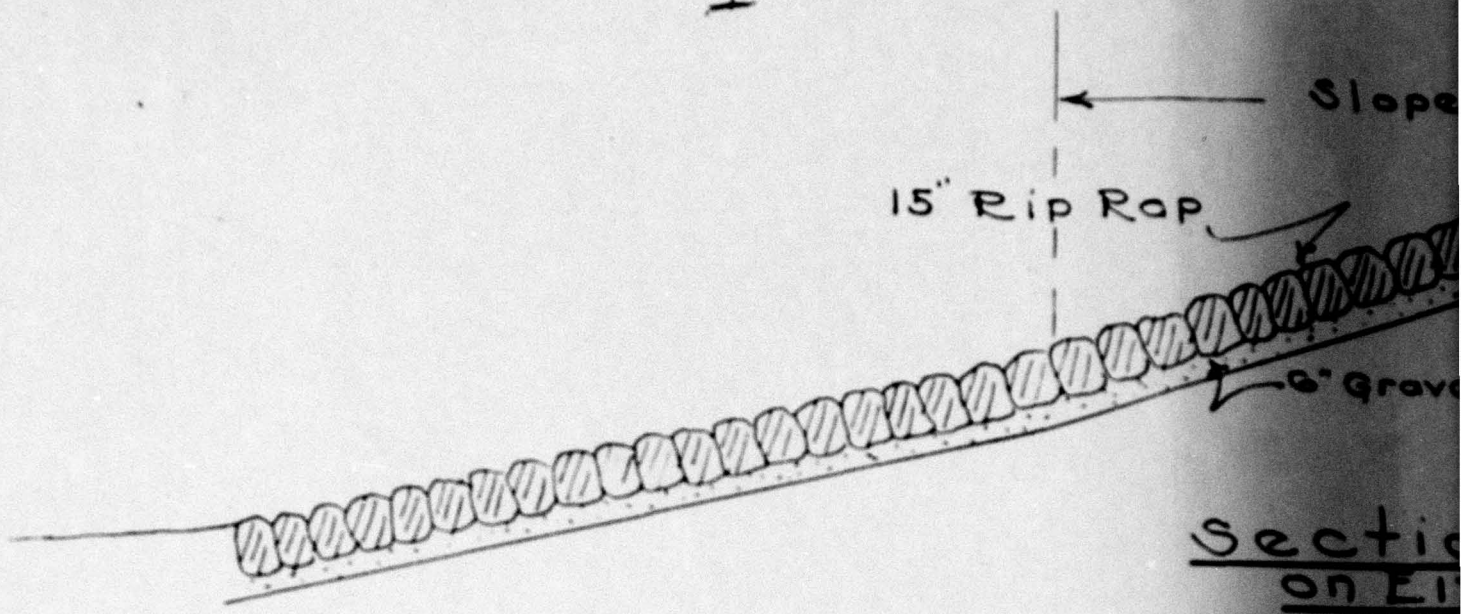
DRAWINGS



Dam Site

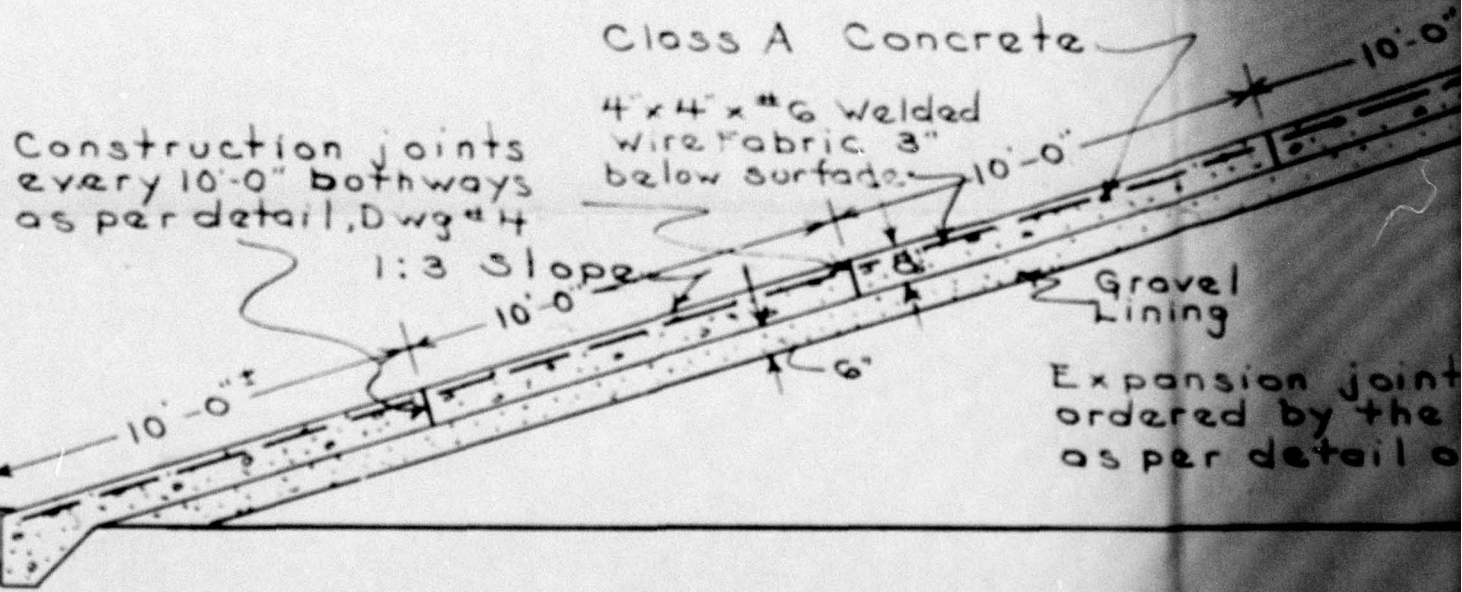
Vicinity Map
Hemlock Lake Dam

1



Section on E

From Ang
Elev. 4



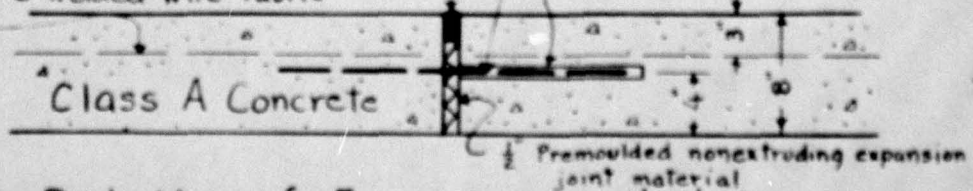
Section on & of E
Showing Proposed F
Scale: 1" = 4'

1/2" slip-dowel 2'-0" long spaced as on Channel Floor. See Dwg. No. 4

1/2" Bituminous joint material 2" deep

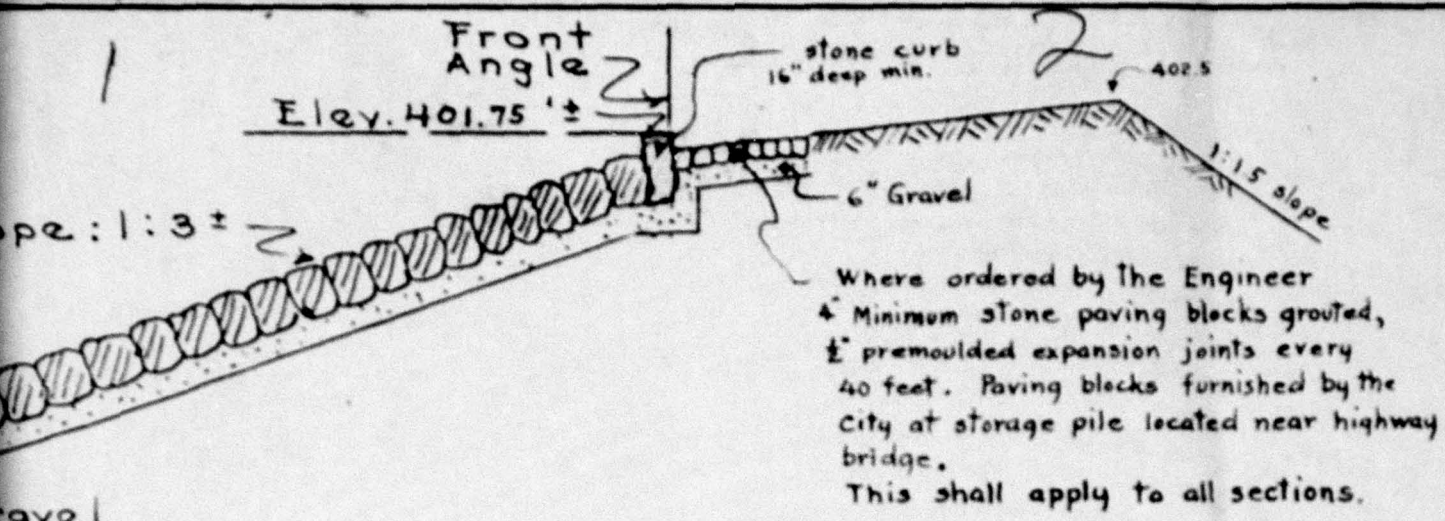
4" x 4" x #6 Welded Wire Fabric

Approved dowel tube to permit free movement of one



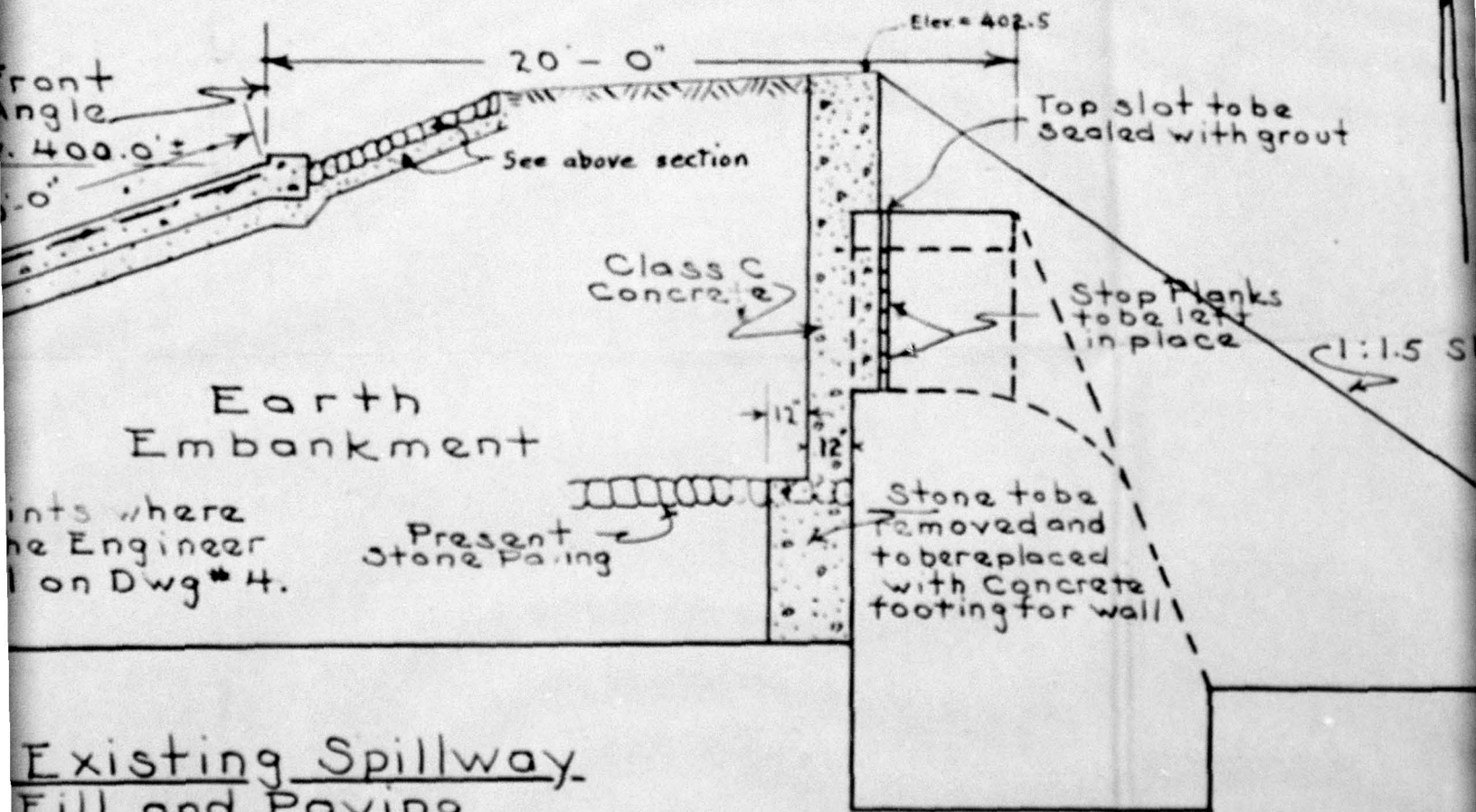
Construction Joint

Details of Expansion Joint

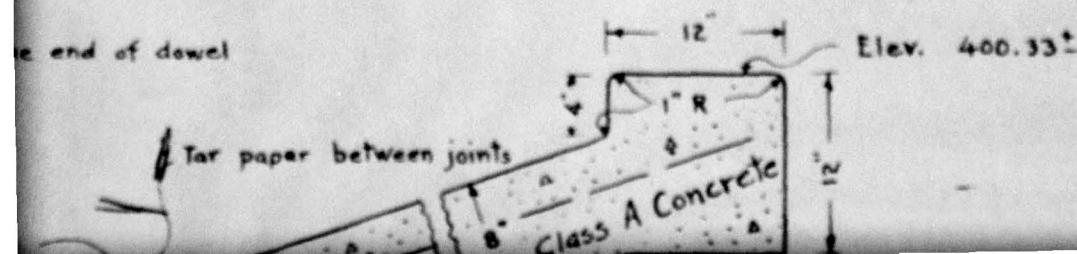


Section Showing Method of Paving
Either Side of Spillway

Scale: 1" = 4'-0"



Existing Spillway
Fill and Paving.

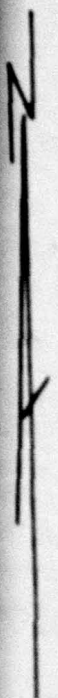


General
of Channel
 Scale

3

NOTE:

Bot
Cho
Sid



Slope

5+00

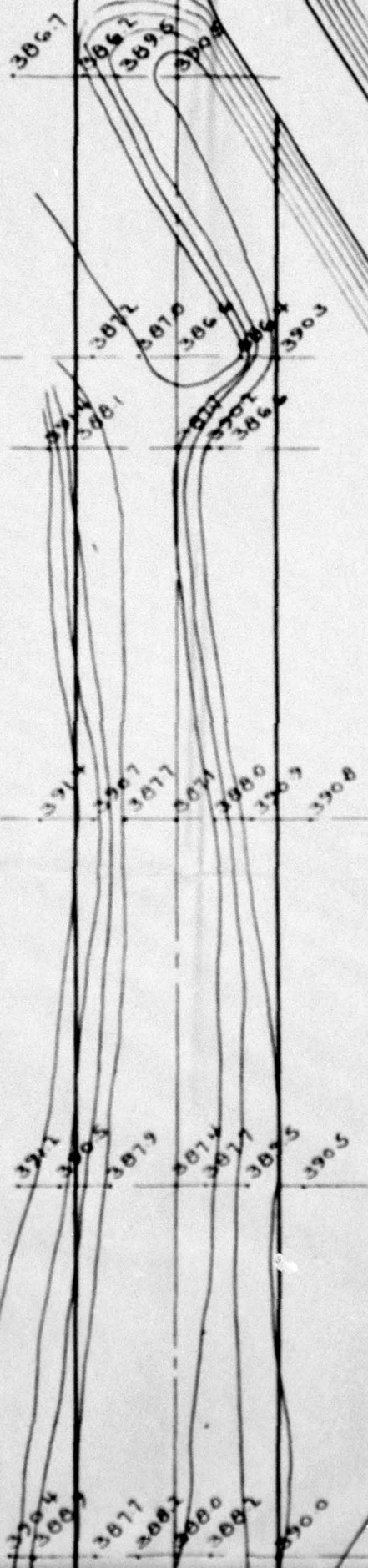
4+24

4+00

3+00

2+00

1+00



Existing

Channel

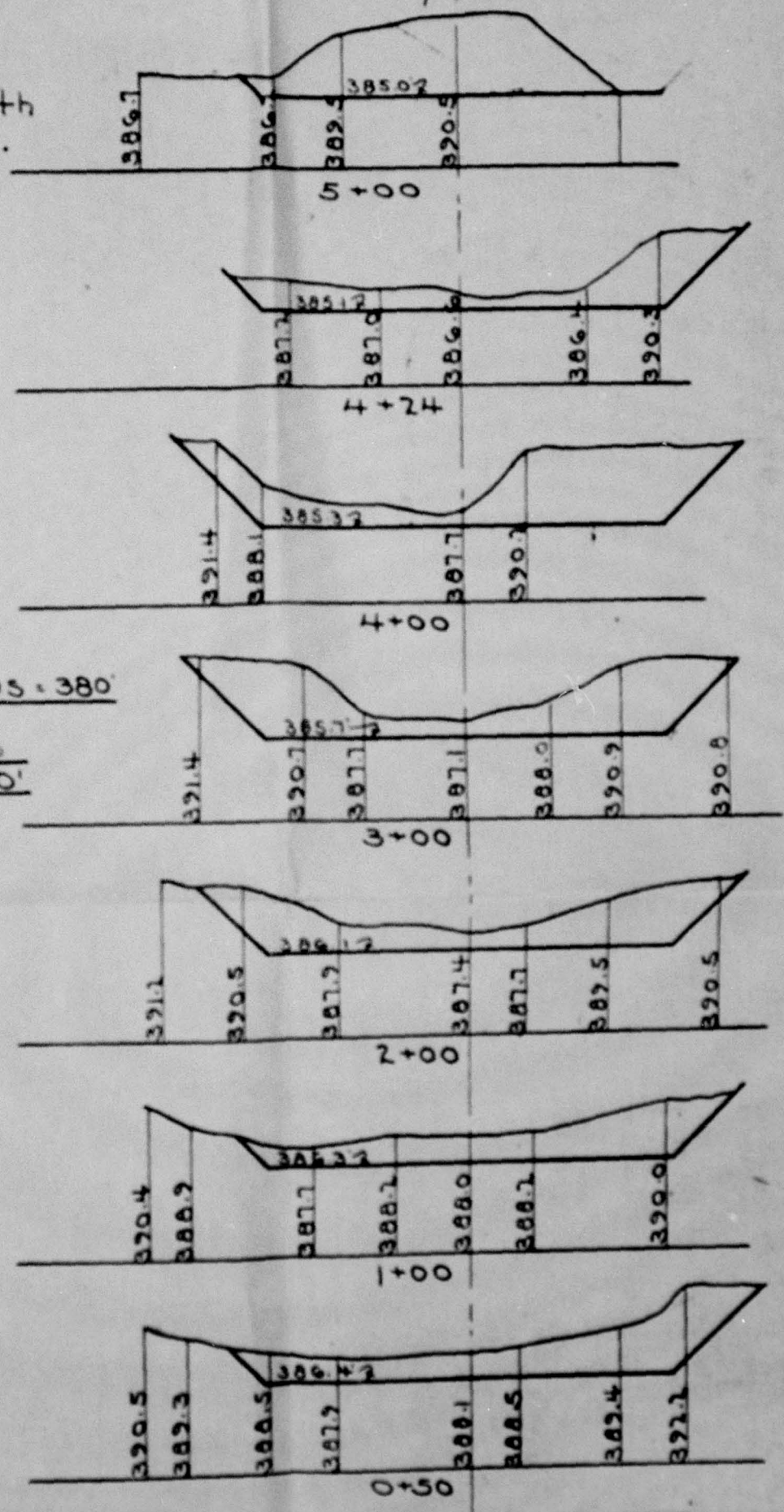
Location Plan
el and Spillway

Scale: 1" = 40'

1

Bottom width of Earth
channel to be 56'-0".
Side slopes 1:1.5

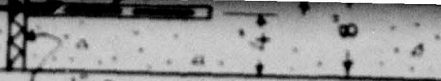
4



Base of all Sections = 380

Scale of Sections
Hor. 1"=20', Vert. 1"=10'

Class A Concrete

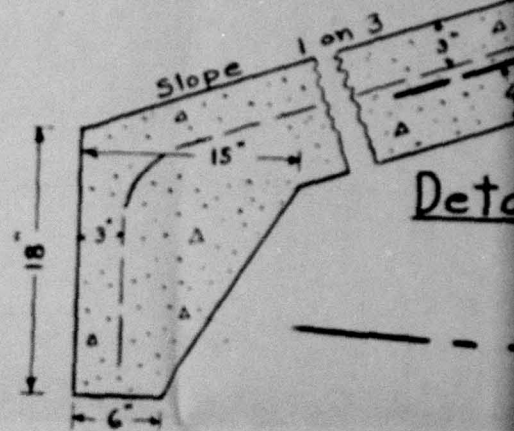
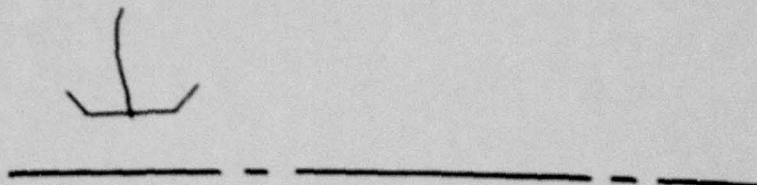


Premoulded nonextruding expansion joint material

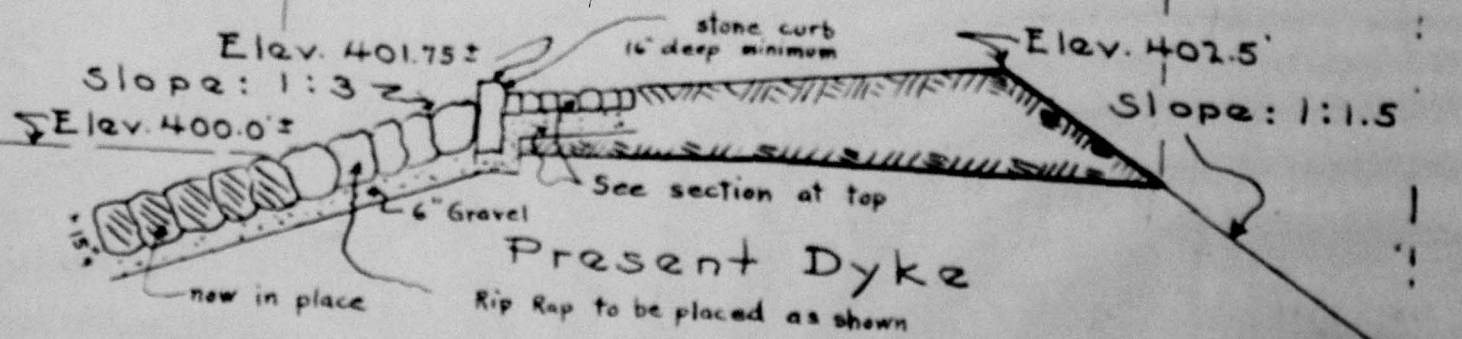
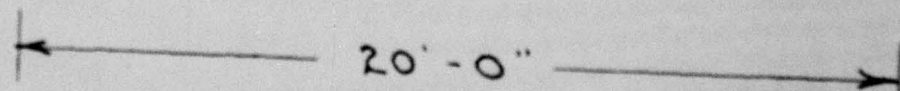
Construction Joint

Details of Expansion Joint in Concrete Apron

Scale: 1" = 1'-0"

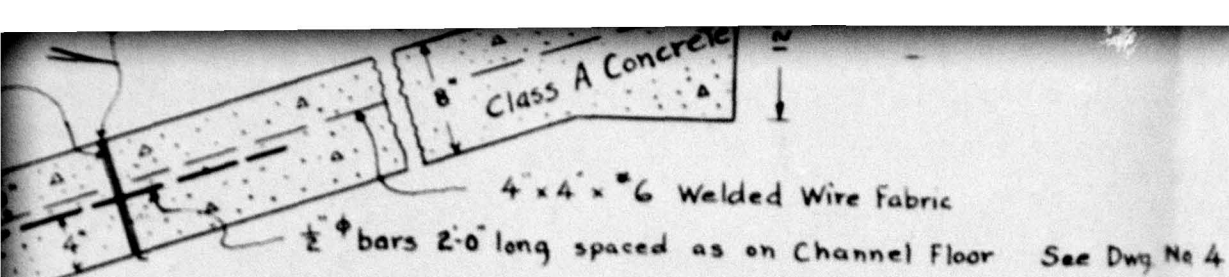


Extend Dyke Westerly as order by the Engineer



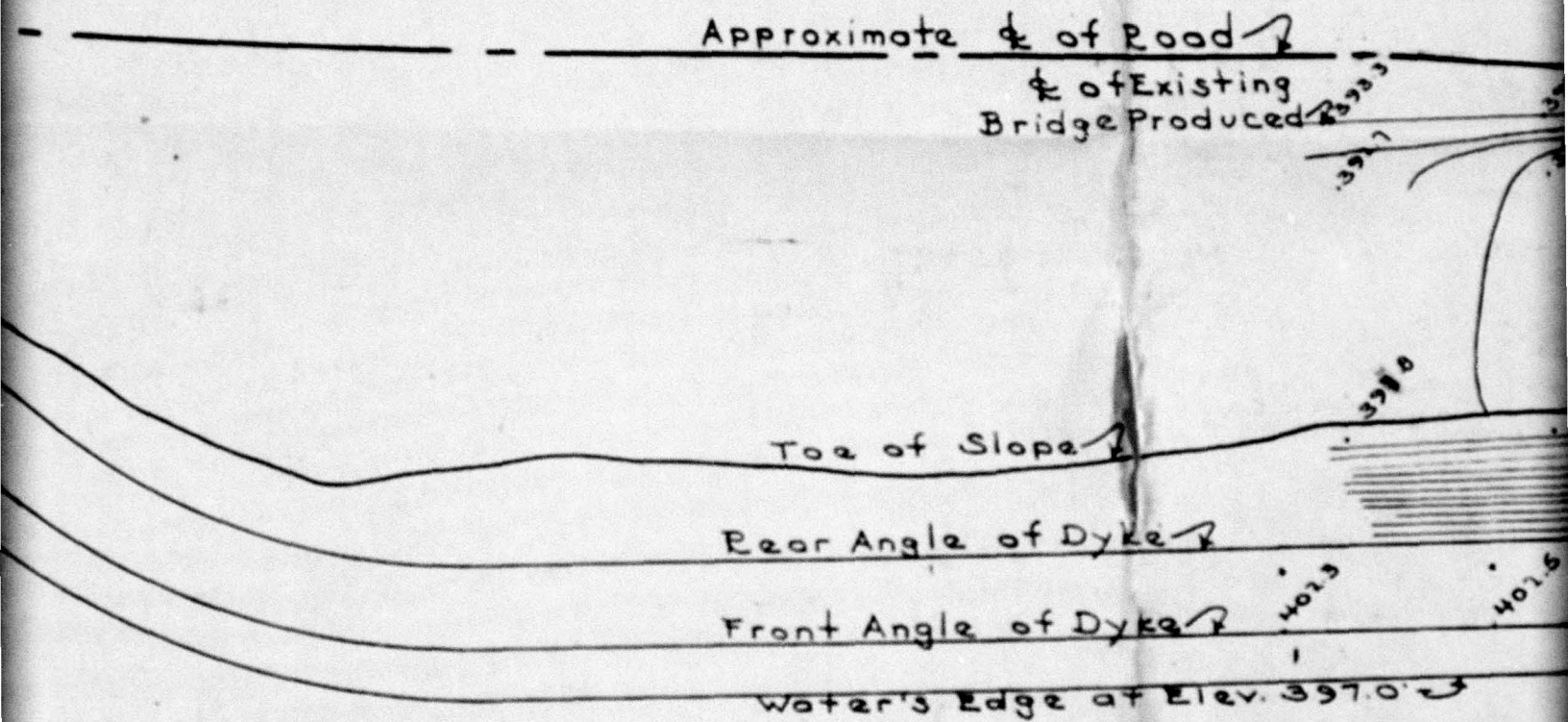
Section of Dyke Showing Earth Fill Required to Obtain the Proper Elevation

Scale: 1" = 4'-0"

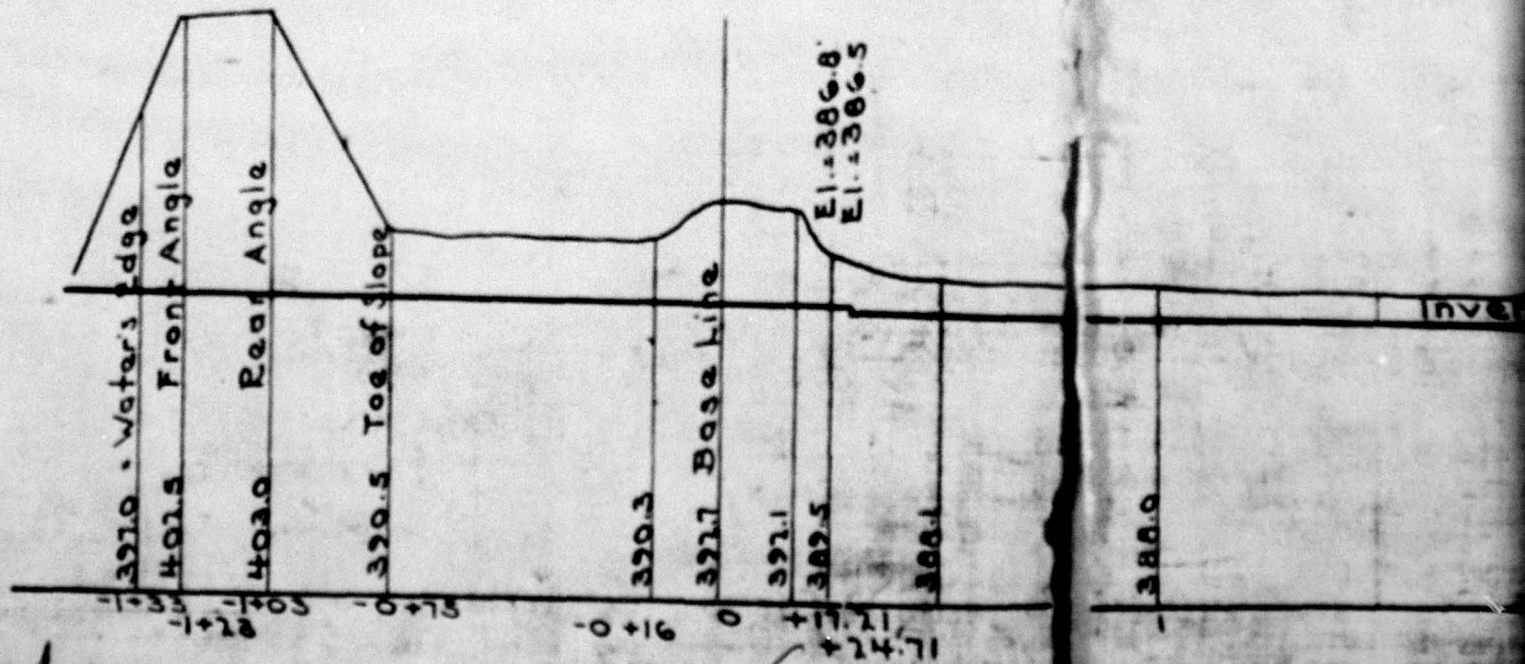


Details of Concrete Apron

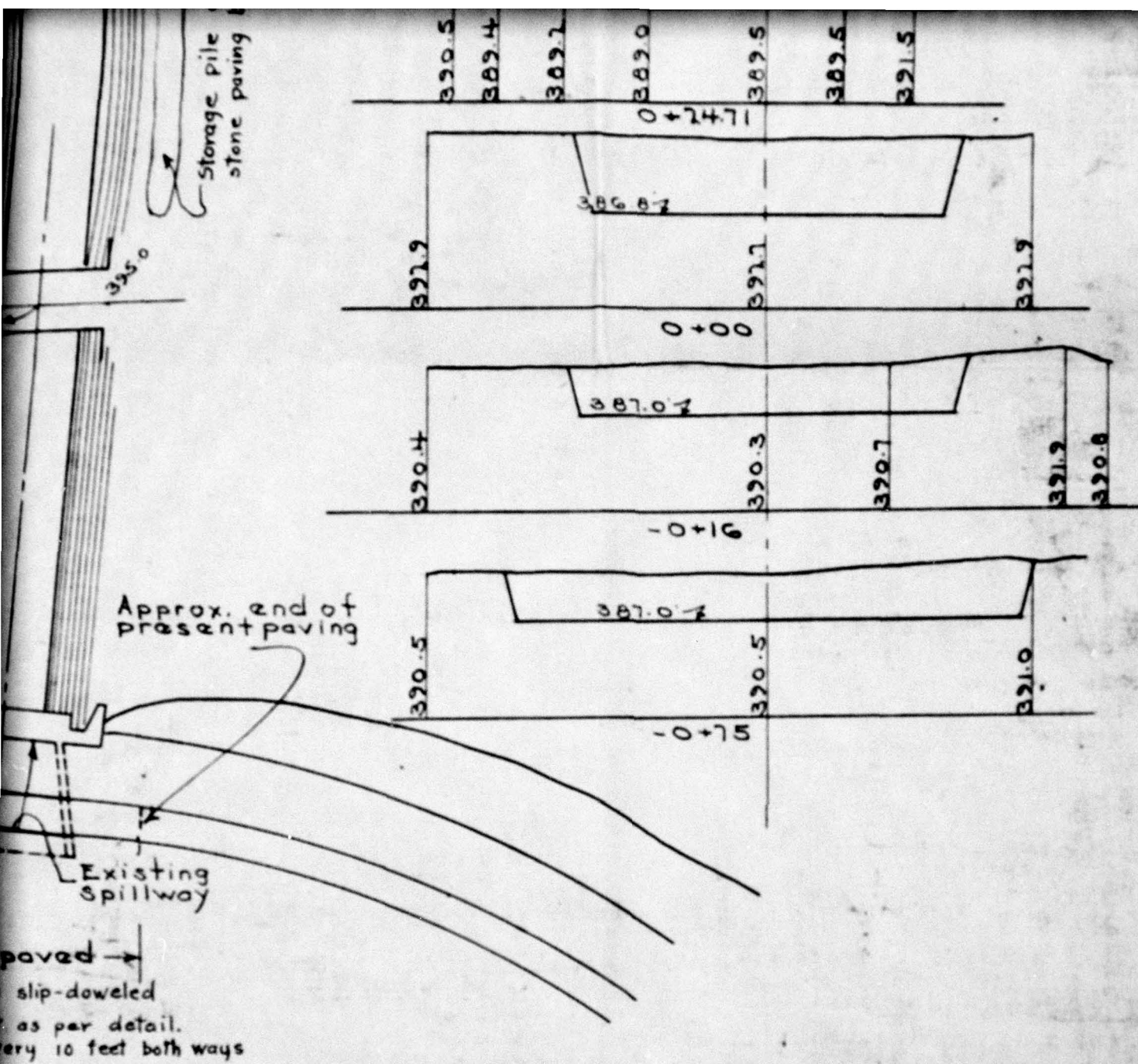
Scale: 1" = 1'-0"



Hemlock

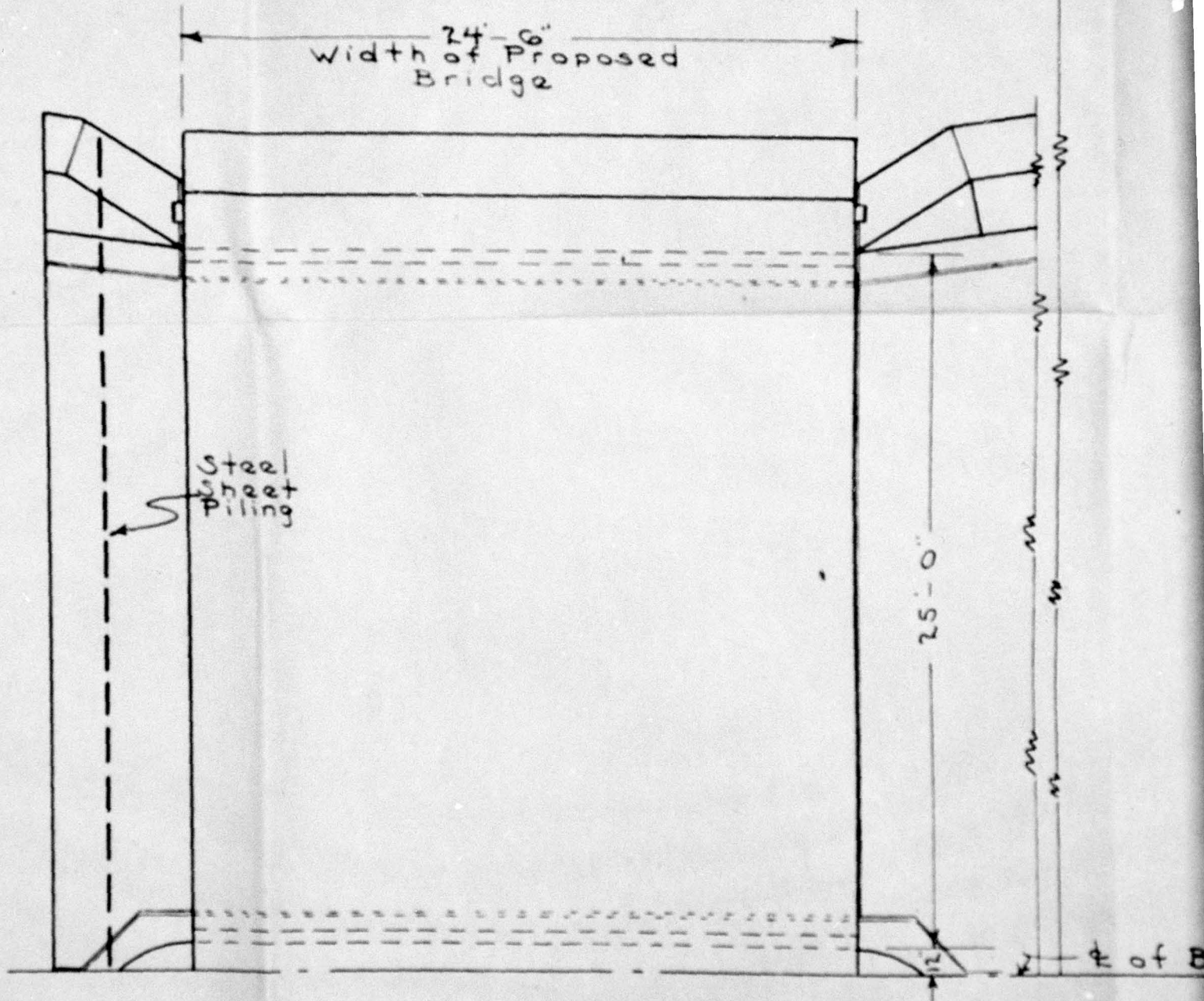


Profile on



Approved by Supervising Engineer <i>Derry L. Howe</i>	Approved by City Engineer <i>Margaret Hayes</i>	Approved by Comm. of Public Works <i>Thos. J. Morris</i>
Design by <i>H. A. Jolly</i>	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION OF ENGINEERING ROCHESTER, N.Y.	
Ordinance No 4478	GENERAL PLAN, PROFILE CHANNEL & DYKE SECTIONS	
Project No PWA 110 N.Y.	Date: Oct. 2, 1906 Scale: As shown	
File No	Drawn by H.P. Meislein Traced by H.P. Meislein Checked by <i>Jolly</i> Approved by <i>[Signature]</i>	DWG. NO. 1

1



Plan of East Half of B

Rear Angle Z

5'-0"

15'-0"

2

1

Expansion Joint Z

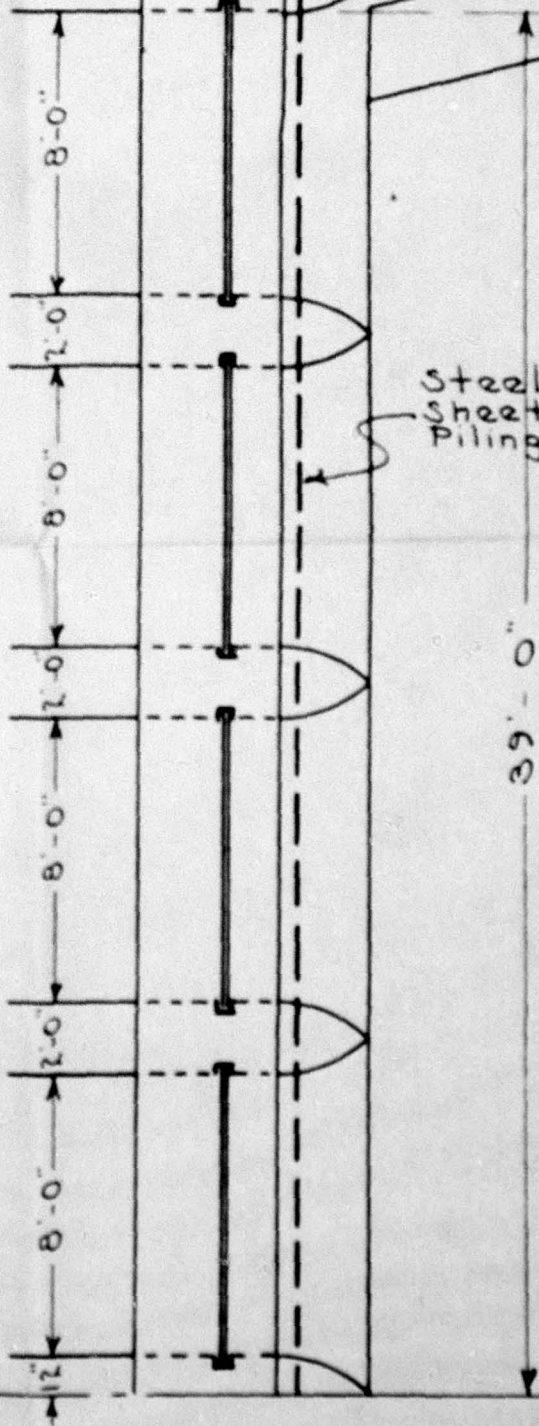
Steel sheet piling

"A"

"A"

Centerline of Bridge and Spillway

Centerline of Bridge and Spillway



5'-0" 15'-0"

Coping
Front Angle

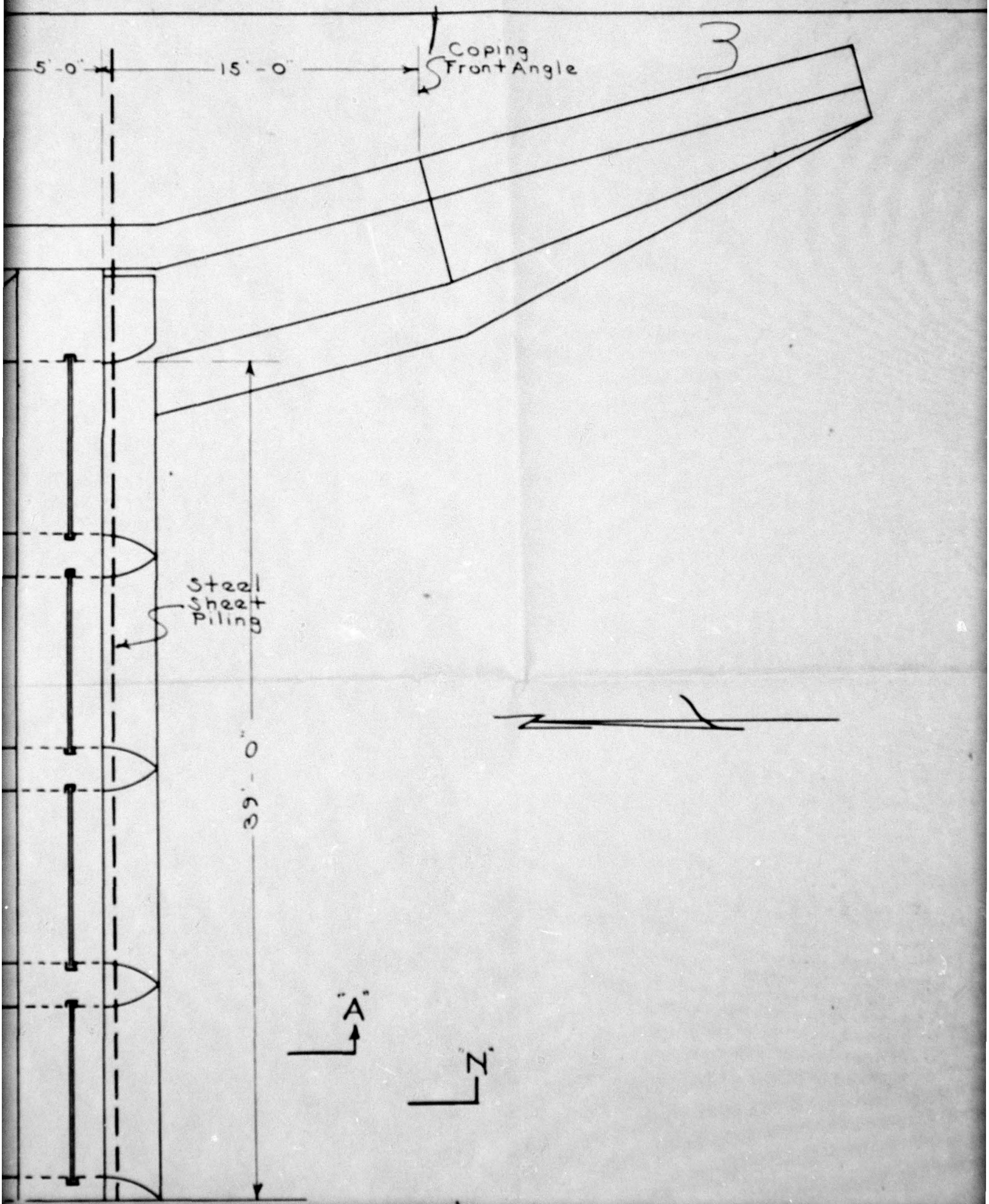
3

Steel
Sheet
Piling

39'-0"

"A"

"Z"

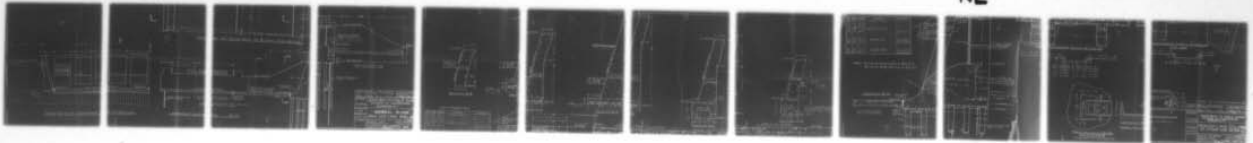


AD-A075 858

NEW YORK STATE DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ALBANY F/G 13/2
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM, HEMLOCK LAKE DAM, INVENTORY NUMBER--ETC(U)
SEP 79 G KOCH DACW51-79-C-0001

UNCLASSIFIED

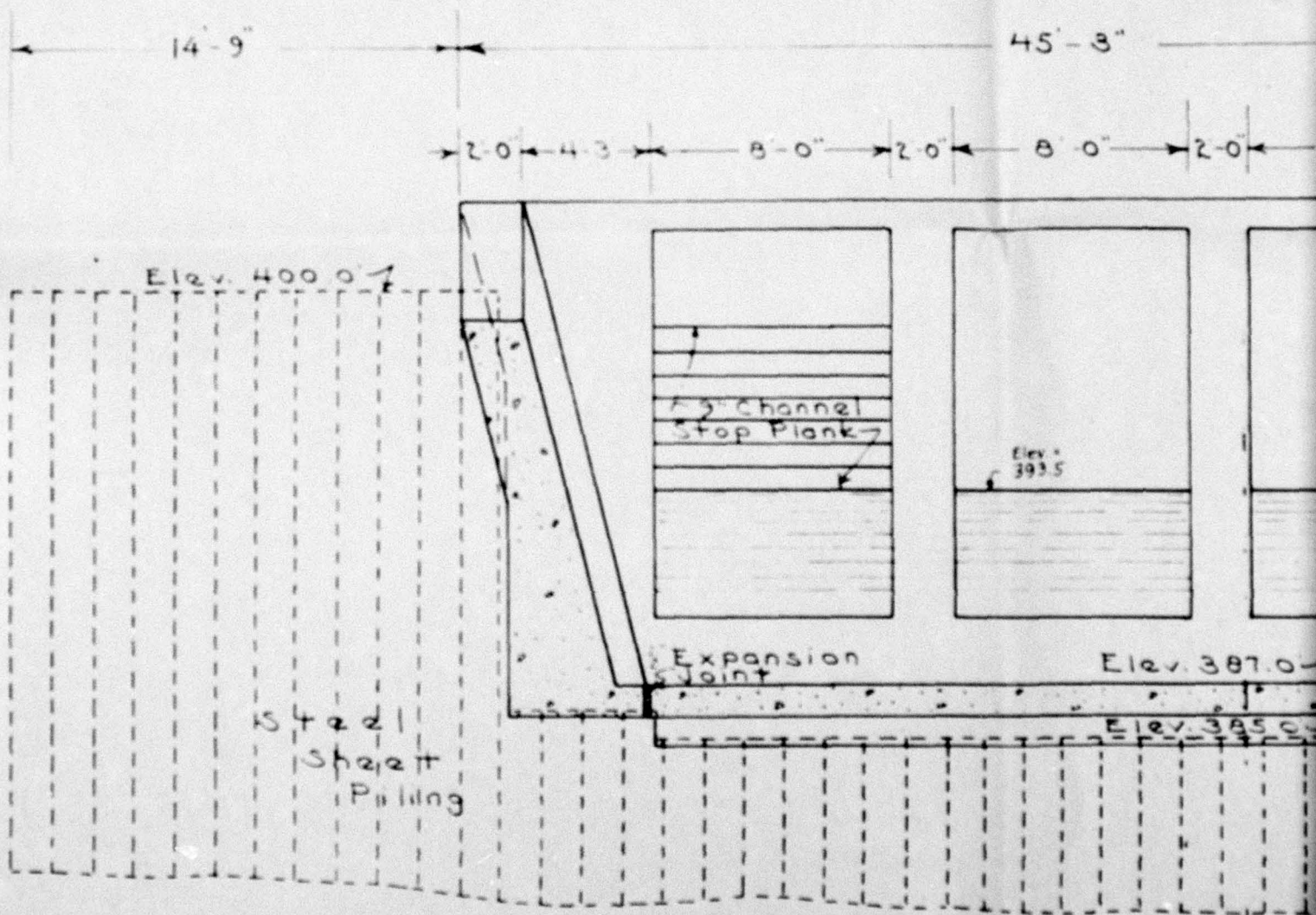
2 OF 2
AD-
A075858



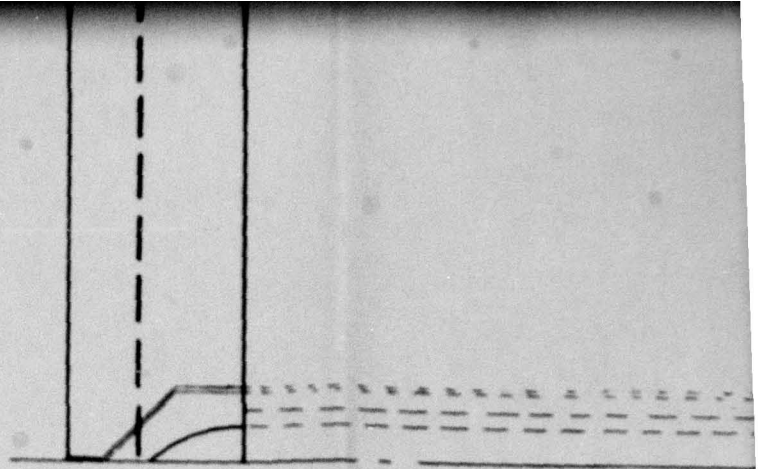
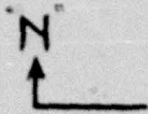
END
DATE
FILMED

11-79
DDC

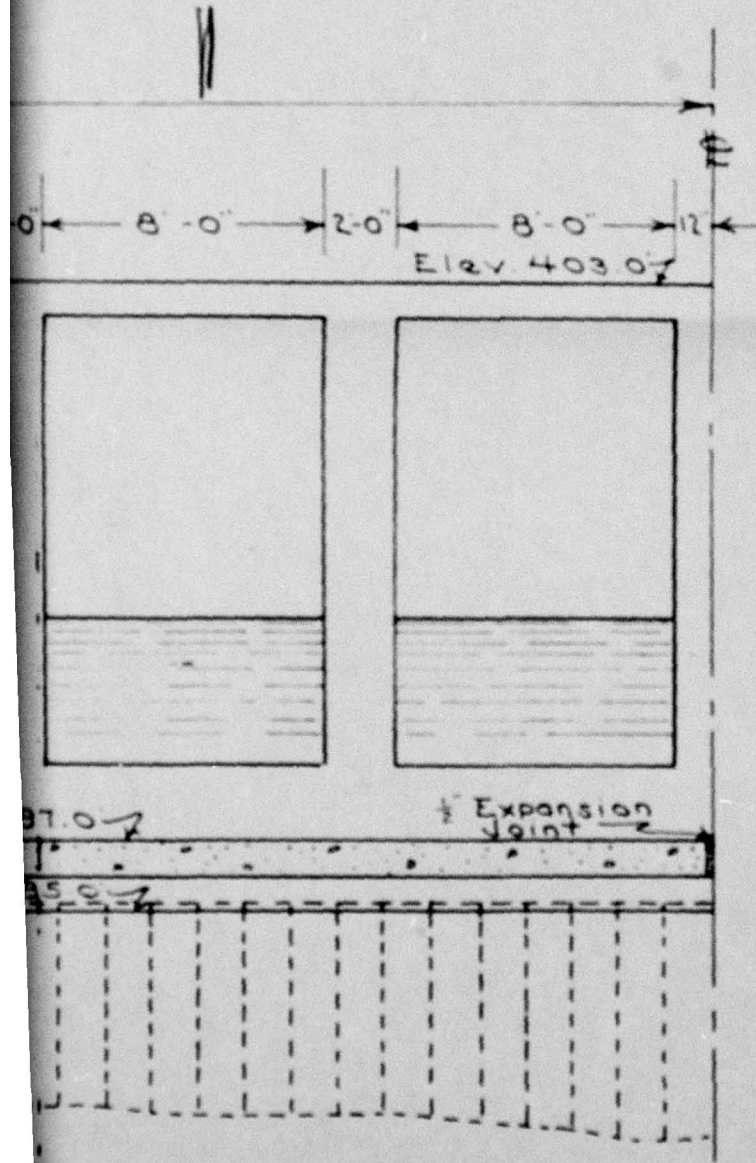
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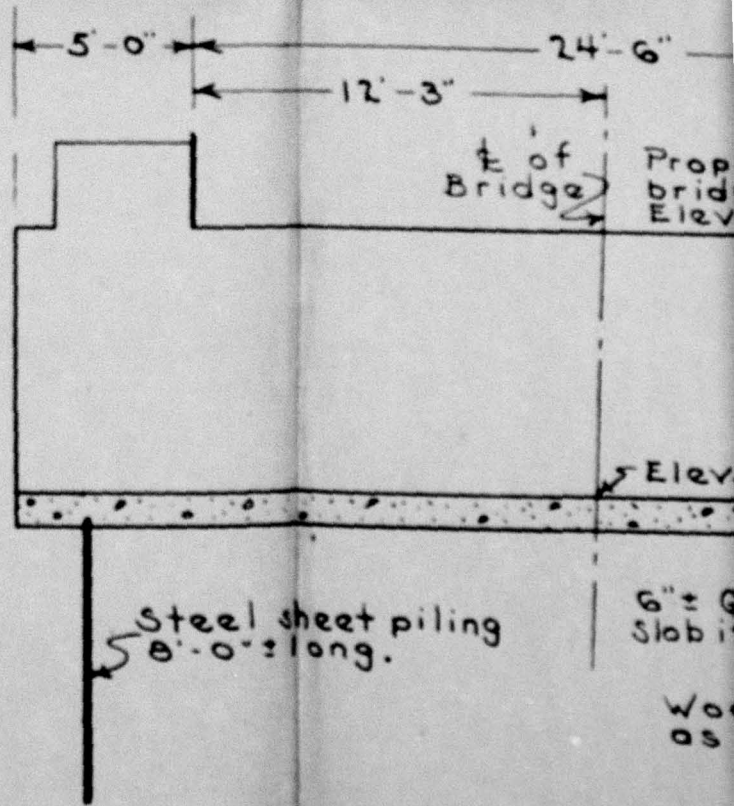
Section "M-M" East Half



Plan

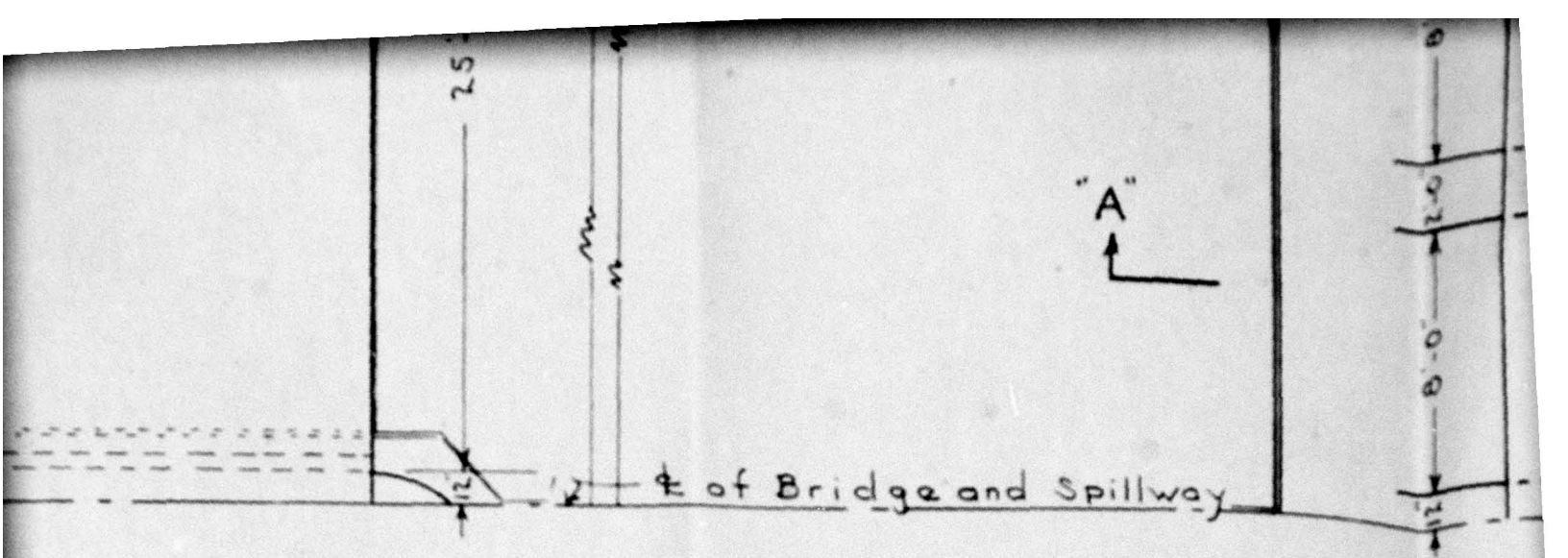


f of Spillway

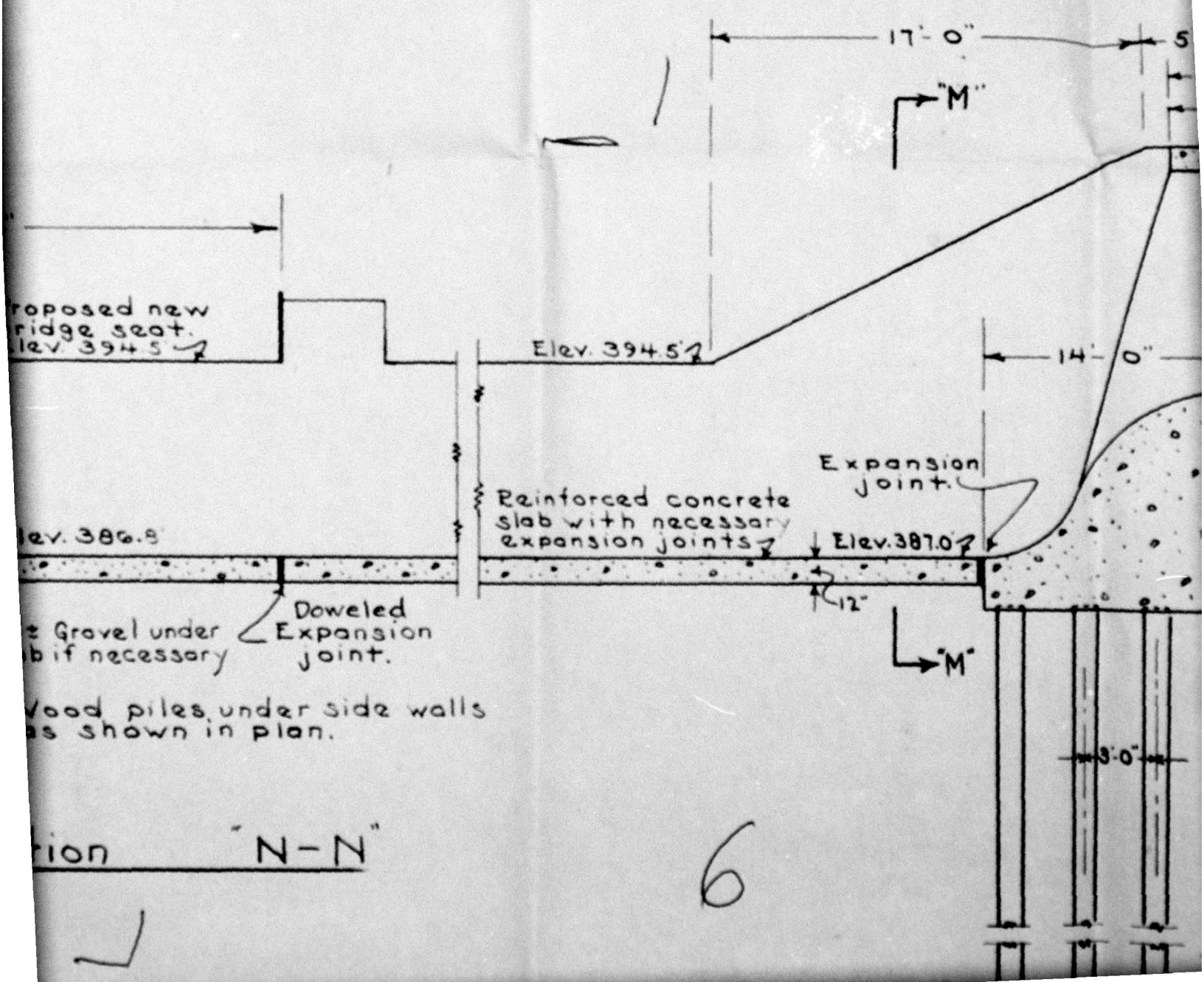


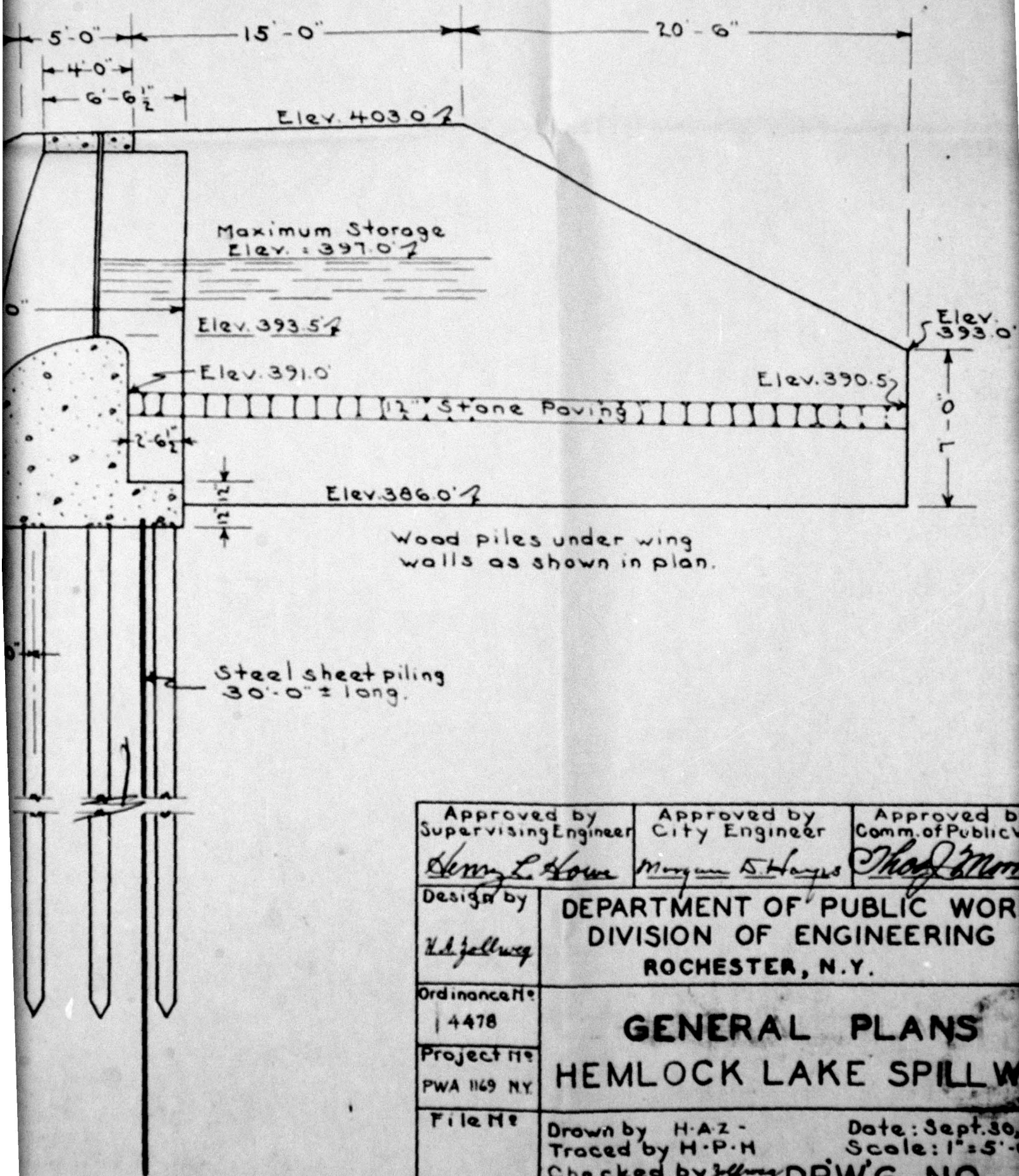
Longitudinal Section

6" = 0
Slab i
Wor
as



Plan of East Half of Bridge and Spillway





Maximum Storage
Elev. = 397.0'

Elev. 393.5'

Elev. 391.0'

Elev. 390.5'

Elev. 386.0'

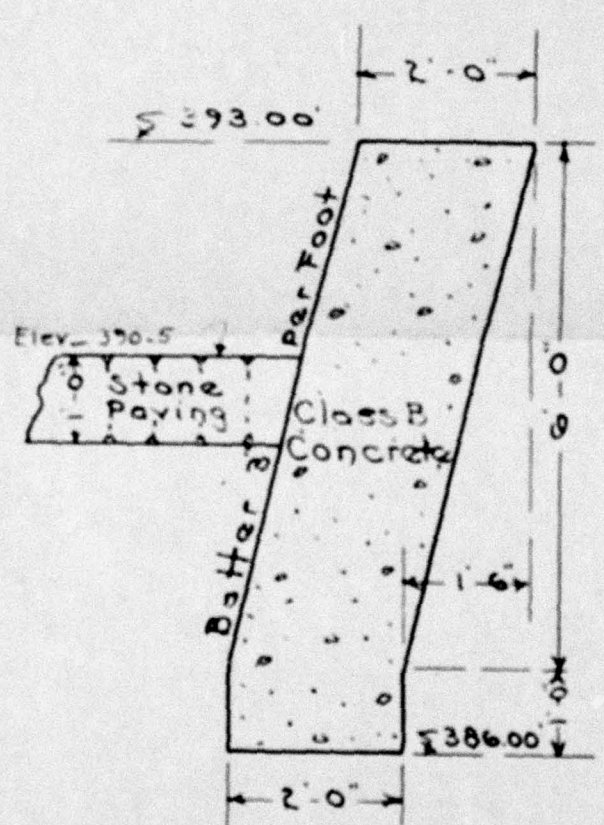
Wood piles under wing walls as shown in plan.

Steel sheet piling
30'-0" ± long.

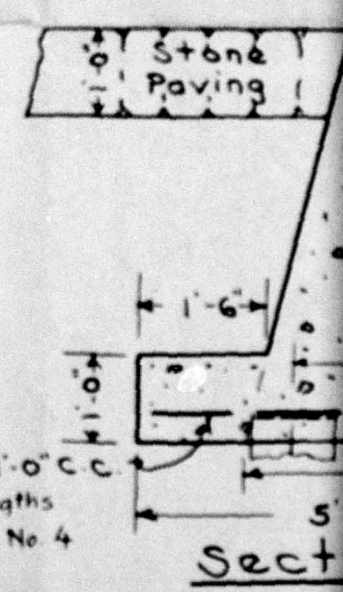
Approved by Supervising Engineer <i>Henry L. Howe</i>	Approved by City Engineer <i>Maryann S. Hayes</i>	Approved by Comm. of Public Works <i>Thos. J. Moran</i>
Design by <i>H. J. Johnson</i>	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION OF ENGINEERING ROCHESTER, N.Y.	
Ordinance No. 4478	GENERAL PLANS HEMLOCK LAKE SPILLWAY	
Project No. PWA 1169 N.Y.		
File No.	Drawn by H.A.Z. Traced by H.P.H. Checked by <i>J. J. Johnson</i> Approved by <i>W. J. Johnson</i>	Date: Sept. 30, 1919 Scale: 1" = 5'-0"

DRWG. NO.

1



Section B-B



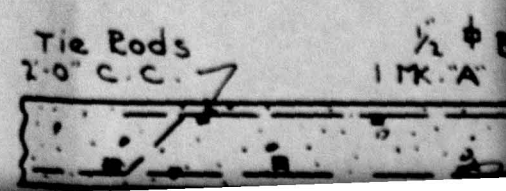
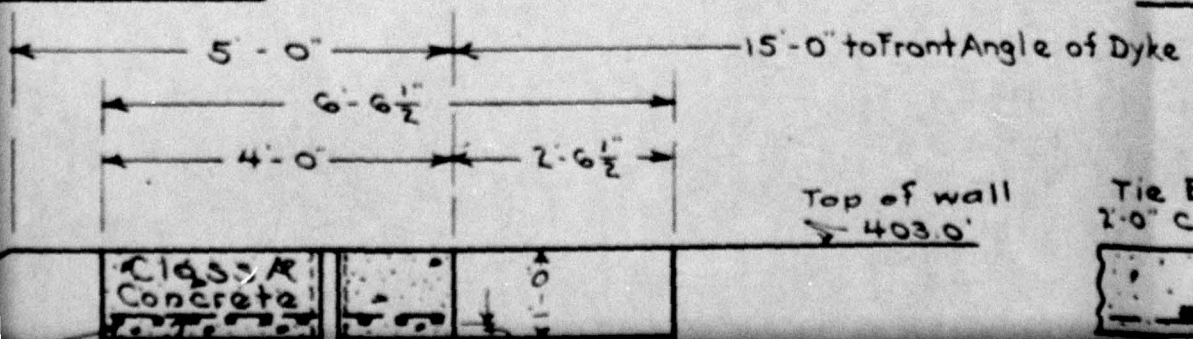
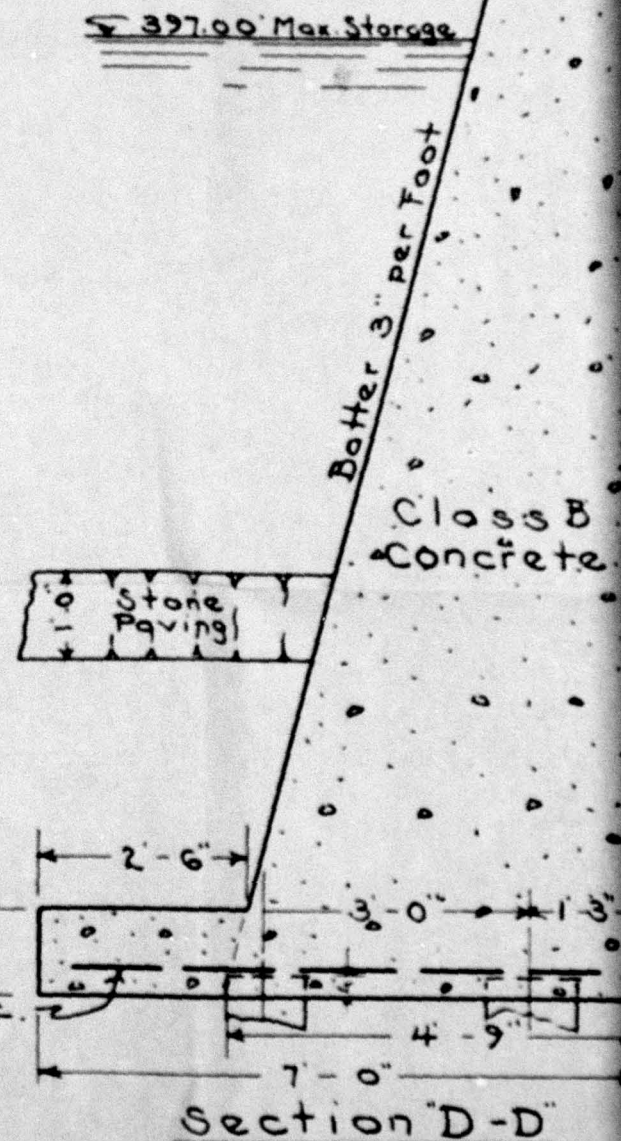
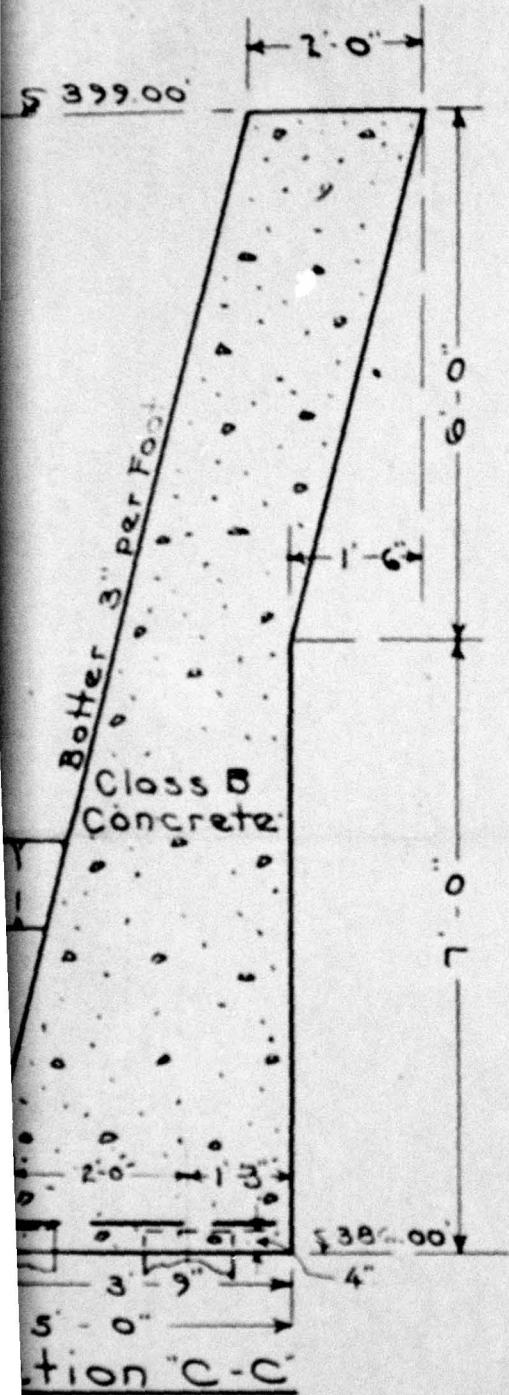
3/4" Bars 1'-0" C.C.
Various Lengths
See Dwg. No. 4

List of Straight Bars

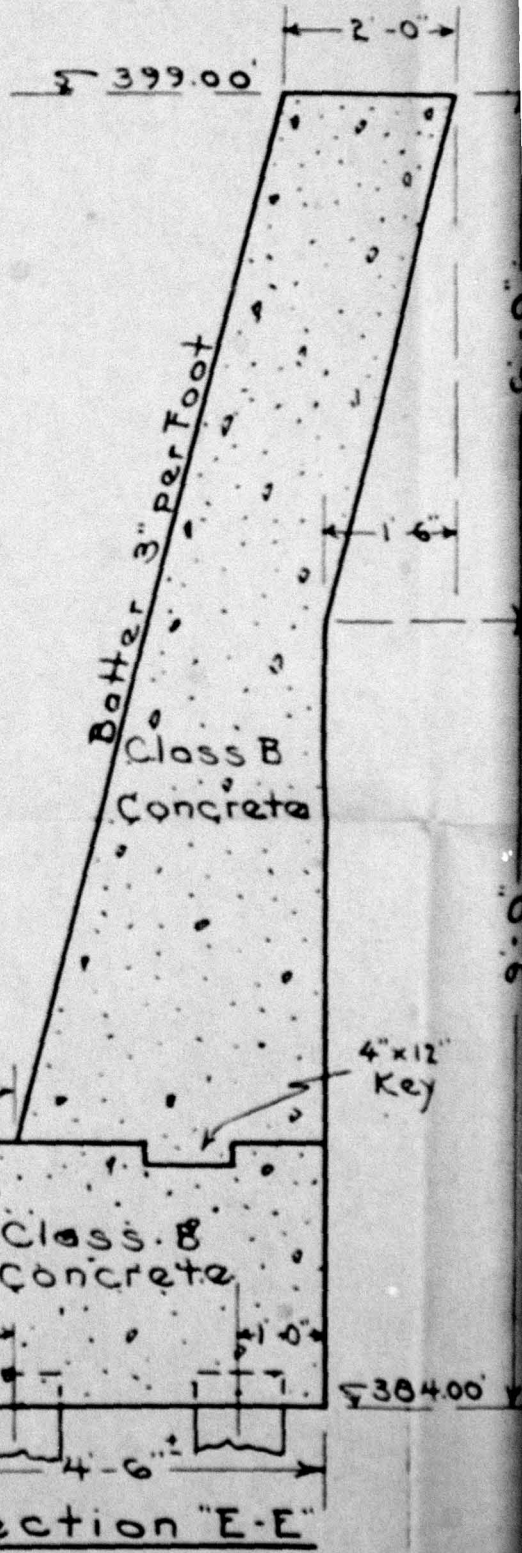
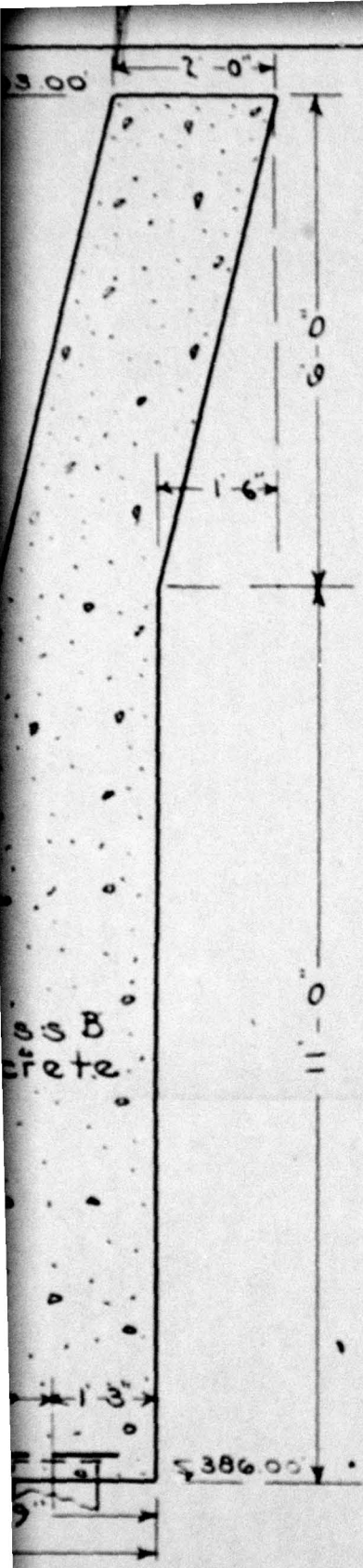
No.	Size	Length	Location	Remarks
78	1/2" φ	3'-6"	Spillway Footing	
117	do	13'-8"	" "	
23	do	77'-8"	" "	
30	3/4" φ	5'-9"	Spillway Wing Walls	
24	do	Miscl.	" " "	930 Lin. ft.

1/2" Bars 5" C.C.
Alternate
1-M.K.A
1-Straight 10'-0" long
For End Span Use
Alternate of

2



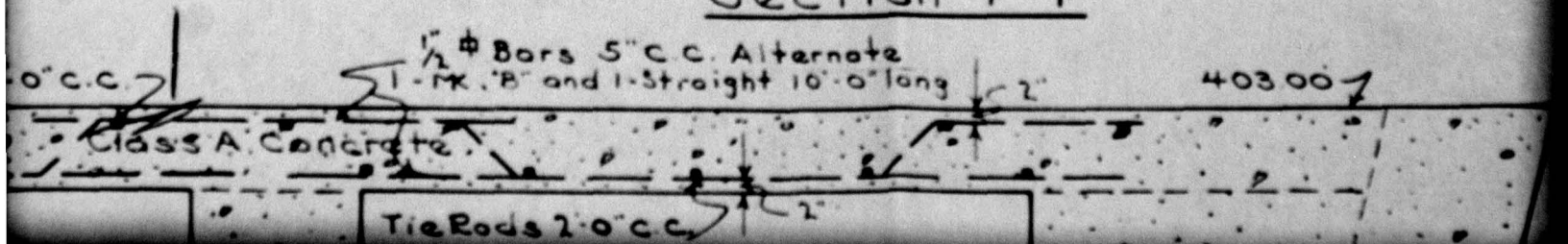
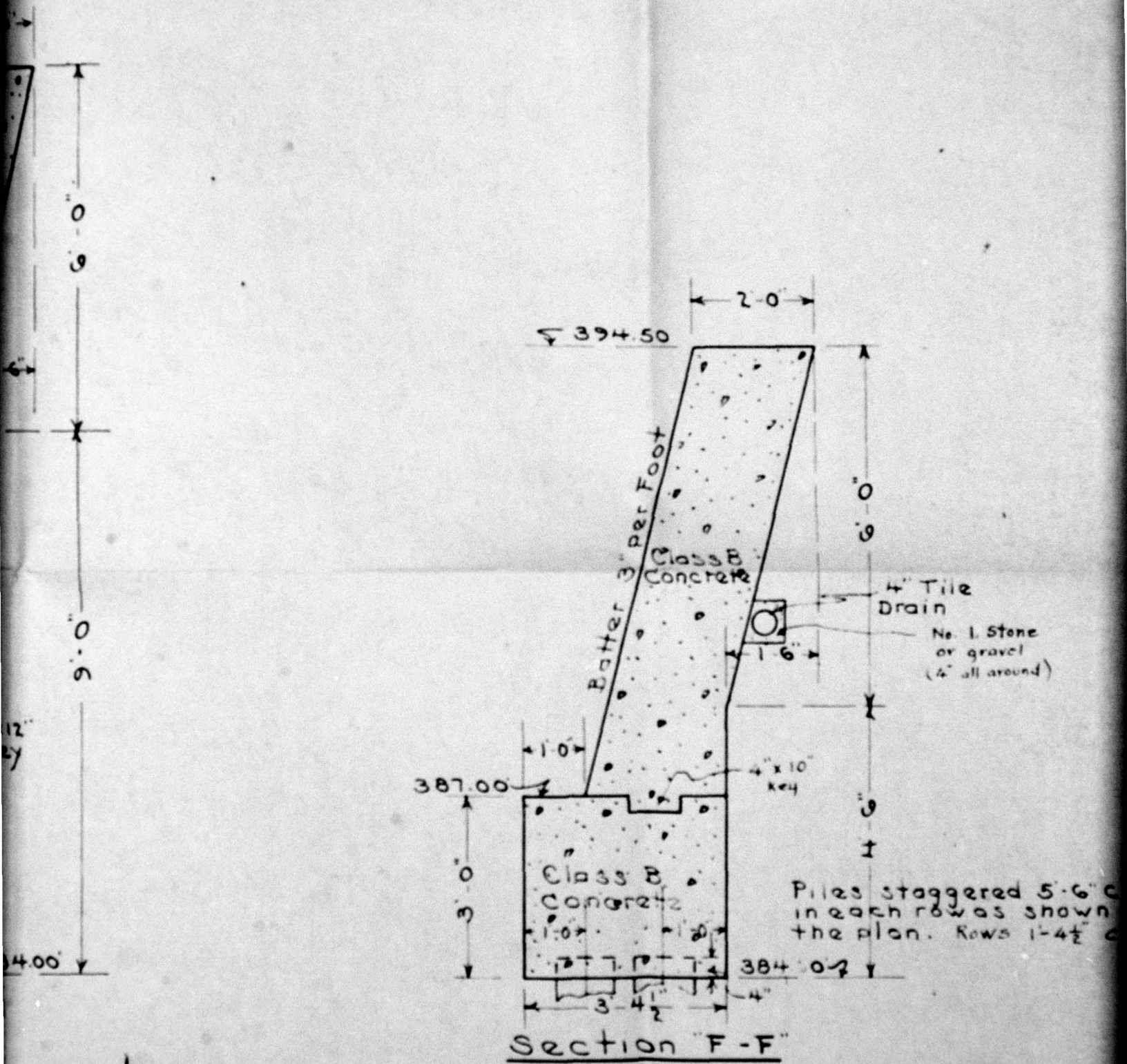
3



1/2 # Bar 5" c.c. Alternate
 MK "A" and 1-Straight 10'-0" long

Class A Concrete

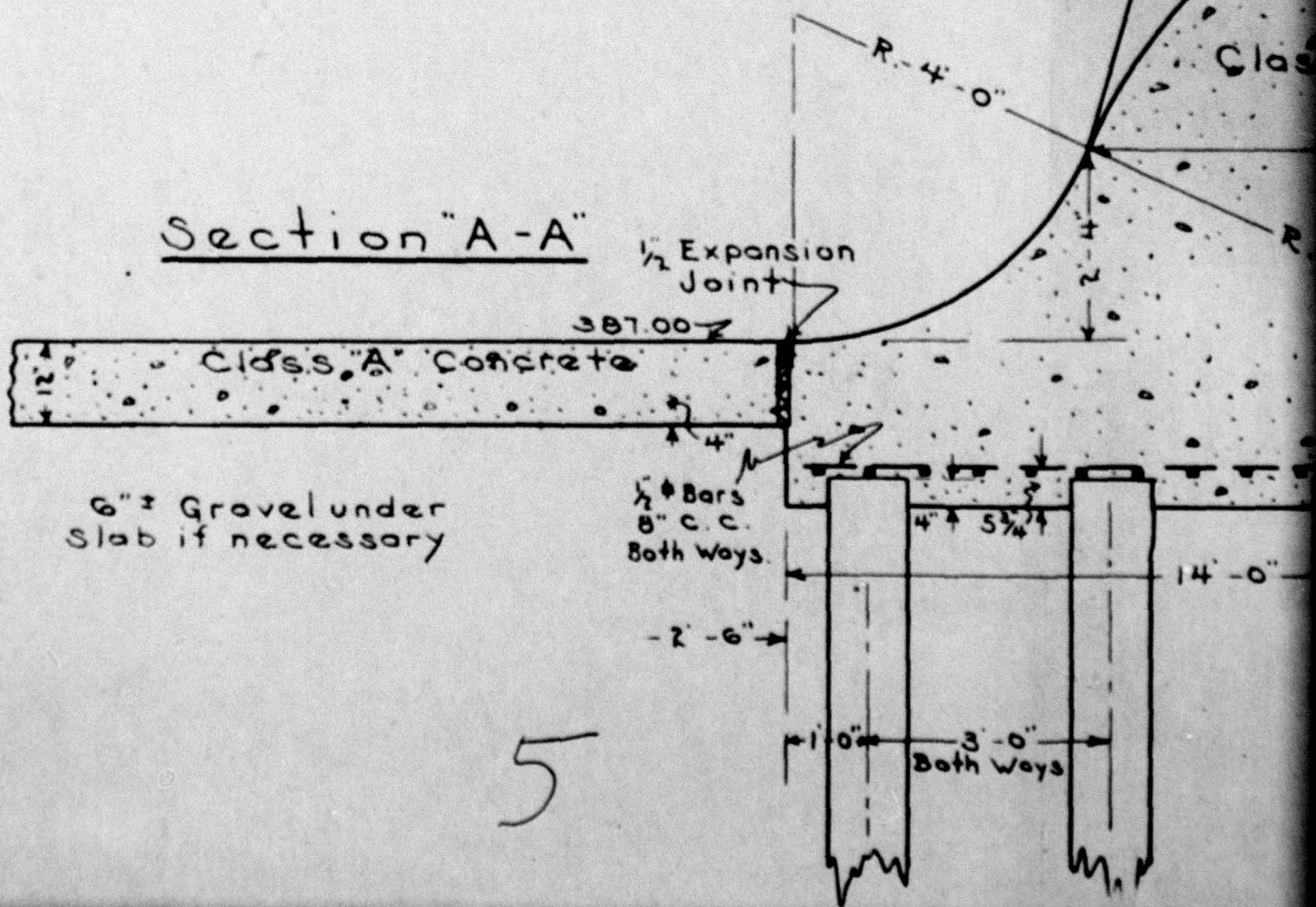
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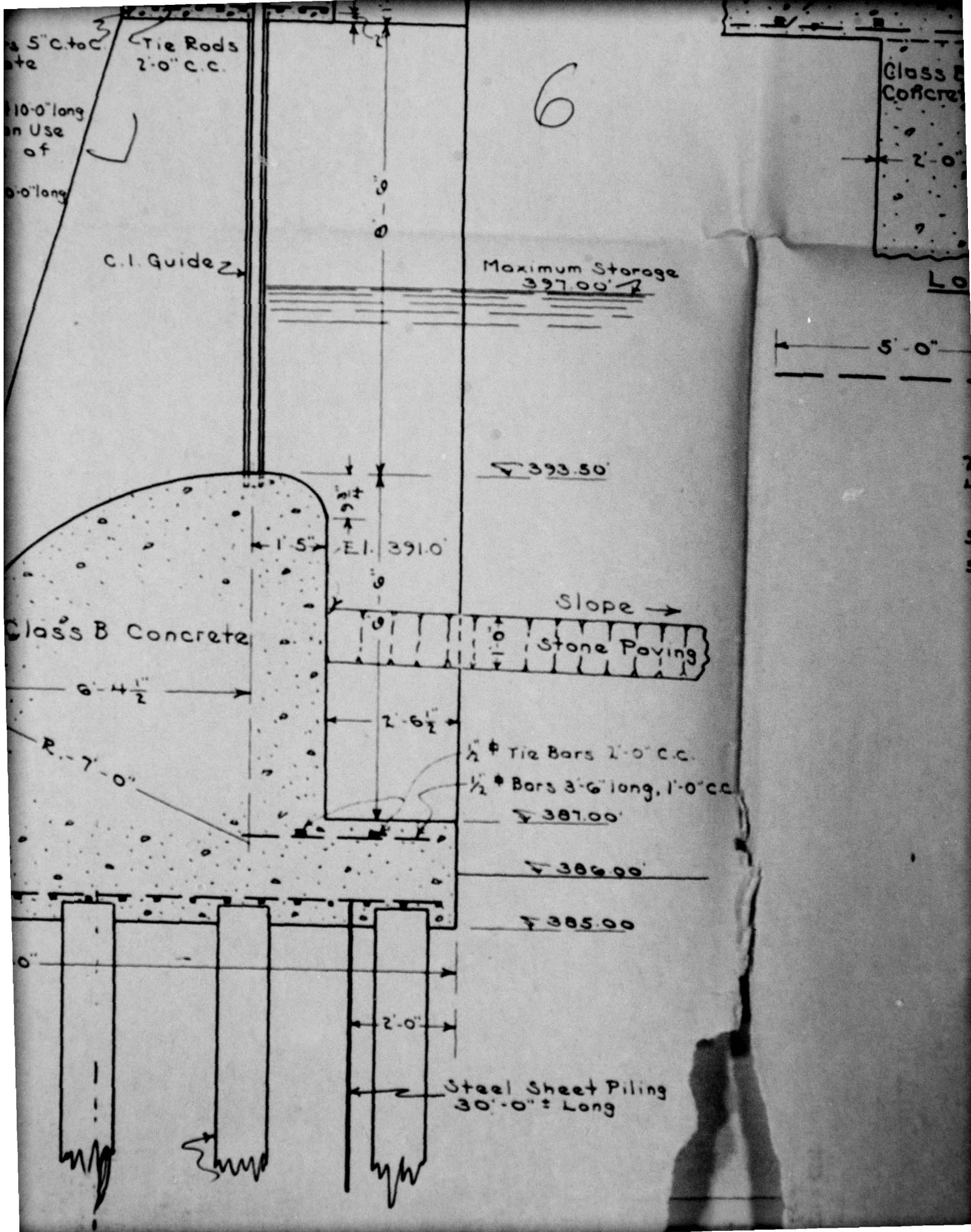


No.	Size	Length	Location	Remarks
78	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	3'-6"	Spillway Footing	
117	do	13'-8"	" "	
23	do	77'-8"	" "	
30	$\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ	5'-9"	Spillway Wing Walls	
24	do	Miscl.	" " "	93.0 Lin. ft.
120	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	Channel Floor	Slip-dowels
400	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	" "	Const. Joint Dowels
100	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	Concrete Apron	Slip-dowels
400	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	" "	Const. Joint Dowels

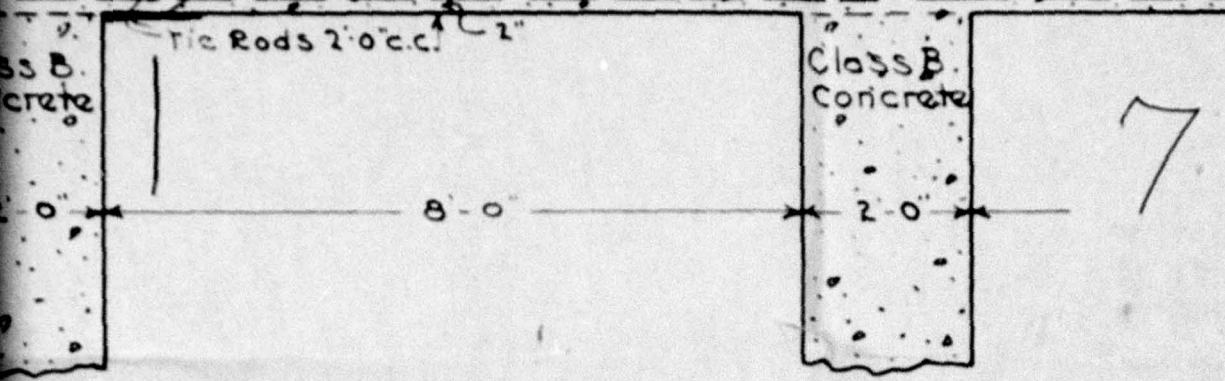
$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ Bars 5" C.C.
 Alternate
 { 1-M.K. 'A'
 1-Straight 10'-0" long
 For End Span Use
 Alternate of
 { 1-M.K. 'B'
 1-Straight 10'-0" long

Note: Bar List for Spillway Walk on Dwg. No. 3
 Bar List for Bridge Structure on Dwg. No. 5



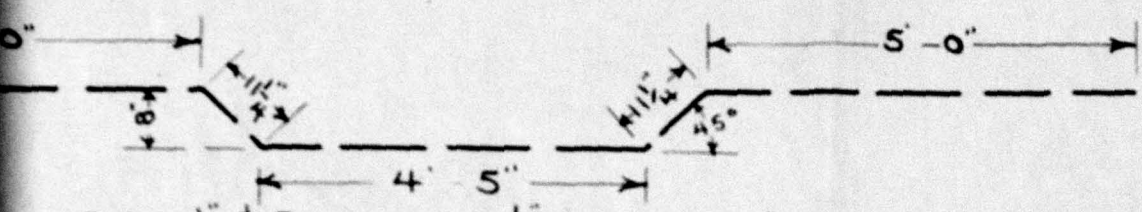


Class A Concrete

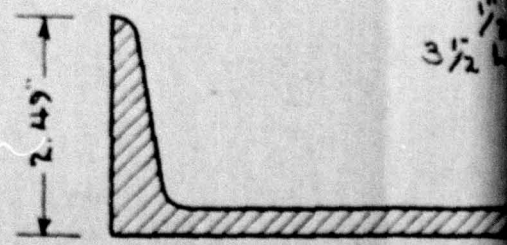
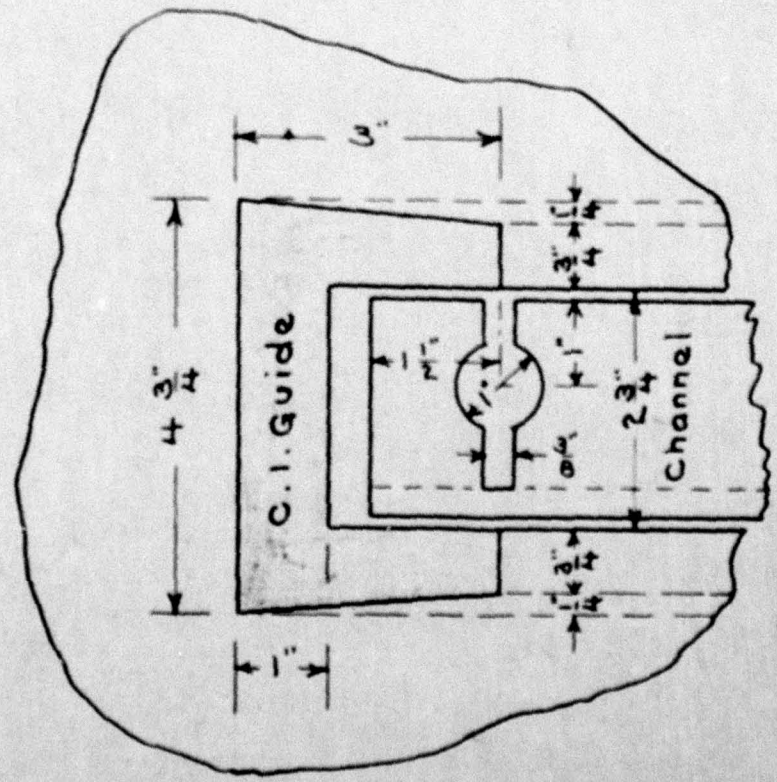


7

Longitudinal Section of Sidewalk



- 24 - 1/2 # Bars 16'-3 1/2" Long Mk. "A"
- 40 - 1/2 # Bars 10'-0" Long - Straight.
- 9 - 1/2 # Bars 3'-8" Long - Straight
- 56 - 1/2 # Bars 1'-1" Long - Straight
- 56 - 1/2 # Bars 2'-2" Long - Straight



Section of 15"

Scale: 1/2 Full size

Plan View of C.I. Guide and Stop Plank

16 Guides 9'-9" long required

Tie Rods 2'-0" c.c.

2'-0"

8'-0"

Class B Concrete

Longitudinal Section of Sidewalk
End Span

5'-0"

2'-6"

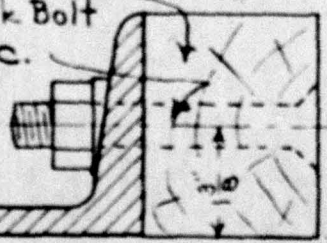
8 - 1/2 # Bars 13'-9 1/2 Long MK. "B"

J

Oak Strip on
Lower Channel Only

Countersunk Bolt
long, 1'-0" c.c.

2"



Scale: 1/2" = 1'-0"; otherwise as noted

9" Channel 8'-3" long.

56 Required

Approved by Supervising Engineer <i>Henry L. Howe</i>	Approved by City Engineer <i>Morgan Stayer</i>	Approved by Comm of Public Works <i>Thos. Morris</i>
---	--	--

Design by
H. A. Jollyway

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING
ROCHESTER, N.Y.

Ordinance #
4478

HEMLOCK LAKE SPILLWAY
SECTIONS AND DETAILS

Project #
PWA 1169 N.Y.

File #

Drawn by *H. A. Jollyway* Date: Sept. 29, 1936
Traced by H.P.H.
Checked by *Jollyway* Scale: As shown
Approved by *[Signature]* DWG. NO. 3