

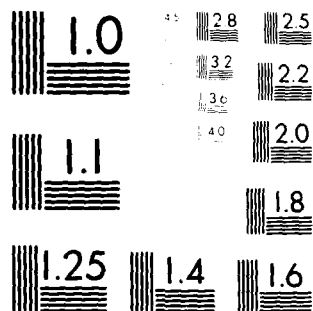
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The Disk Cataloging System (CAT) described by this document is a utility program which runs on the CP/M operating system, Version 1.4. This system consists of the CAT program itself as a .COM file, the NAMEDISK program as a .COM file, and one or more catalog files (named catname.CAT). It provides an automated method of cataloging the contents of a group of disks and quickly scanning the catalog file so created to determine the disks specified files reside on. This system permits the user to keep a number of distinct		

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catalogs on the same disk and modify the contents of and make queries of each without affecting the others.

Wild card specifications are permitted, thereby giving the user to selectively catalog files from other disks and selectively scan a catalog file for entries matching a general specification. For example, by specifying the command string "CAT *.ASM *.A??" the user instruction causes CAT to search the current default catalog file for all assembly language source files on all disks in group A (*.A?? specifies any disk name in group A with any disk number). Updating of a catalog can be done in a similar fashion.

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CAT — A Disk Cataloging System for the CP/M Operating System

by

Richard Conn

4 August 1980

APPLICATION FORM	
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ADDRESS	
CITY	
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TELEPHONE	
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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

CAT (short for CATALOG) is a program whose function is to maintain and selectively display elements of a catalog of a group of disks. This catalog contains the names of all files on these disks except for those specifically omitted by the user and the names of the disks themselves. CAT is designed to give the user the ability to quickly answer the question: What files do I have and where are they?

This is a relatively simple question, but, if you are a user of CP/M who has more than 10 disks with files on them, you may not find this to be an easy question to answer quickly. Manual systems of keeping track of this information are sometimes quite good; however, as the number of disks grows and the amount of information to keep track of grows correspondingly, the burden of housekeeping becomes cumbersome. CAT is a program which is designed to relieve this burden.

CAT performs three basic functions -- CATALOG, UPDATE, and STATUS. The CATALOG function reports on the contents of a CATALOG File. The user may specify the files he wants to search for and the disks he wants to search on, and the CATALOG Function will scan a CATALOG File and list all files matching his specification and all disks said files reside on. The UPDATE function updates the contents of a CATALOG File by examining the disk directory of the disk to be updated, selecting those files specified by the user, and changing the contents of the CATALOG File. Thirdly, the STATUS function reports on the current environment of the CAT program, including such information as the default function and the name of the CATALOG File.

CAT supports many useful and unique features, including:

- Wild card specification of file names and disk names
- Negative selection (i.e., specifying file names NOT to be selected)
- Flexibility in setting and changing the default conditions of CAT itself
- The ability to support more than one CATALOG File
- User-selectable Printer output from the CATALOG Function and

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Console output from the UPDATE Function

CAT, then, is an attempt to answer a simple question, and it is felt that as the user becomes increasingly more familiar with the usage of this program, he will find this simple question quite easy to answer. This manual is a user's guide to the use of CAT. The first chapters describe CAT and how to use it, and the latter chapters contain error information and a sample terminal session containing displays of output from CAT exactly (or nearly so) as it would appear on the user's console.

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CHAPTER 2

The CATALOG File and NAMEDISK

The CATALOG File is the file containing the information for CAT to build upon and retrieve and display to the user. It is a file named

filename.CAT

and it is divided into two parts --

-- A list of files to be excluded from the CATALOG File for every disk

-- The names of the files and disks in the CATALOG File

The CATALOG File is a CP/M-standard ASCII text file and it may be edited by a CP/M compatible editor. The first character of a CATALOG File MUST be a '('. The list of files to be excluded from the CATALOG File is enclosed by '(' and ')'. This is followed by the names of the files to be excluded (one per line) and a closing ')' as the last character of a line. Examples of a list of excluded files are --

Example 1

(
)

Example 2

(
XDIR.COM
PIP.COM
)

Example 3

(XDIR.COM
PIP.COM)

Example 4

(XDIR.COM
PIP.COM
)

In Example 1, no files are excluded; in Examples 2-4, the files XDIR.COM and PIP.COM are excluded. It is common practice to exclude those files which appear on all (or almost all) of the disks since such information leads to a large number of entries for these files being made in the CATALOG File.

The rest of a CATALOG File contains the names of the files and disks in the CATALOG. This list is in alphabetical order by file name, file type, disk name, and disk type. The file names/types are separated from

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the disk names/types by a comma. For example,

Example 1

```
(  
XDIR.COM  
PIP.COM  
)  
-SOURCE.A00,SOURCE.A00  
-SOURCE.A01,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A00  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.COM,SOURCE.A00  
MYFILE.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
MYFILE.COM,SOURCE.A01  
TEST.ASM,SOURCE.A00
```

Example 2

```
(XDIR.COM  
PIP.COM)  
-SOURCE.A00,SOURCE.A00  
-SOURCE.A01,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A00  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.COM,SOURCE.A00  
MYFILE.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
MYFILE.COM,SOURCE.A01  
TEST.ASM,SOURCE.A00
```

In the above example, both files are valid CATALOG Files. Note that in both cases, the files XDIR.COM and PIP.COM are excluded from the entries and the entries are in alphabetical order by ASCII collating sequence.

The first entries of any CATALOG File will always be the excluded file list, and an empty CATALOG File will contain just this information. If the CATALOG File is not empty, the next group of entries will be the names of the disks in the catalog preceded by '-' signs. This situation occurs because all disks are named under CAT, and these names take the form of an empty file whose name is '-dskname.typ'. To allow the user to easily name his disks, the program NAMEDISK is used in conjunction with the CAT program. It is executed by mounting a disk to be named in drive B: and typing NAMEDISK at the console (assuming that a disk is mounted in drive A: containing the CAT and NAMEDISK programs). The general form for invoking NAMEDISK is 'NAMEDISK x:', and if 'x:' is specified, then that particular disk will be named (like, 'NAMEDISK A:' names the disk in drive A:), and the disk in drive B: will be named if 'x:' is not specified. When NAMEDISK prompts for a disk name and type, the user should type 'dskname.typ', and the file '-dskname.typ' will be created, thereby naming the disk. The normal CP/M intra-line editing commands (^U, ^DEL, ^R, etc.) are supported by NAMEDISK.

The remaining entries in a CATALOG File are the names of the files and disks in alphabetical order.

CATALOG Files must be initialized by the user. "Empty" CATALOG Files contain just the names of the excluded files surrounded by '(' and ')'. Once initialized, CAT can be used to make all other entries into the files.

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CHAPTER 3

The CATALOG, UPDATE, and STATUS Functions

As mentioned earlier, the CAT program performs three basic functions -- CATALOG, UPDATE, and STATUS. The CATALOG Function displays selected information from the current CATALOG File, the UPDATE Function updates the contents of the current CATALOG File for a particular disk, and the STATUS/ENVIRONMENT Function displays the current default settings of the CAT program and allows the user to change them.

The CATALOG Function

The CATALOG Function displays selected information from the current CATALOG File. This information includes the names of the selected files and the names of the selected disks they reside on. For the purpose of this discussion, let's assume that the default function for CAT is CATALOG. The CAT command by itself, then, would display the contents of the entire CATALOG File. This listing would include the names of all files in alphabetical order followed by the names of all the disks they reside on in alphabetical order. See the last chapter for examples.

With the default function set to CATALOG, the general form for CAT would be

CAT filename.typ diskname.typ /o

where 'filename.typ' and 'diskname.typ' may contain wild cards and '/o' is zero or more options. Examples of valid forms and their meanings are --

-- CAT *.COM -- display all .COM files and the disks they reside on

-- CAT *.COM *.A?? -- display all .COM files on disks whose type begins with the letter A

-- CAT *.COM *.A?? /N -- display all files which are NOT .COM files on disks whose type begins with the letter A

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— CAT S*.MAC MACRO80.* — display all files beginning with the letter S and having a type of .MAC on all disks whose name is MACRO80

As the user can note, the third example employed the '/N' option; this option negates the file name selection. That is, if a match is found and /N is on, then it is declared to be a no match; otherwise, a match occurs.

Command options which affect the CATALOG Function are —

— /C — force the CATALOG Function; the CATALOG Function is engaged regardless of what the default function is

— /F <delim> <filename> <delim> — declare the name of the CATALOG File to be 'filename.CAT'; this forces the CATALOG function to be performed on the specified CATALOG File

— /L — toggle listing of selected files; if listing is on, the output from the CATALOG Function will appear on the user's LST: device. This toggles the default listing setting; that is, if listing is engaged by default, this disengages it, and vice-versa.

— /N — negate selection. Select those files which do NOT match the 'filename.typ' wild card.

— /T — toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function; if UPDATE is on by default, CATALOG will be engaged, and vice-versa.

Examples of valid CAT commands are --

CAT *.COM /N/F'CPMUG'/C

— CATALOG Function, Negate Selection, and CATALOG files on CPMUG.CAT

CAT *.ASM *.A?? /L/F/MASTER/

-- CATALOG Function (assumed), toggle listing, and CATALOG files on MASTER.CAT

CAT -*.*

-- CATALOG Function (assumed); since all files beginning with a '-' are selected, then only the names of the disks will be displayed

The UPDATE Function

The UPDATE Function updates the contents of the current CATALOG File for a particular disk. Under the normal mode of operation, the CATALOG File and the CAT program reside on the disk on drive A: and the disk to be

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updated resides on drive B:, although this can be changed. The general form of the CAT command as used for the UPDATE Function is --

CAT x:filename.typ /o

where 'x:' may be used to specifically identify the drive on which the disk to be updated resides, 'filename.typ' specifies which files are to be entered into the CATALOG File, and '/o' are options pertaining to the UPDATE Function. Valid forms of this command are --

- CAT A: -- UPDATE all files on drive A:
- CAT *.COM /N -- UPDATE all files which are NOT .COM files on drive B:
- CAT /L -- UPDATE all files on drive B: and list the files as they are being updated

The following are the options valid under the UPDATE Function and their meanings --

-- /F <delim> <filename> <delim> -- UPDATE on the specified CATALOG File (like the /F option for CATALOG)

-- /L -- toggle listing of selected files. If the listing is on, then the names of the files selected for the UPDATE will be displayed with a count of the number of files, and, as the UPDATE progresses, the names of files not previously in the CATALOG File are displayed in the form

Add: filename.typ

and the names of files deleted from the CATALOG File because they are no longer on this disk are displayed in the form

Delete: filename.typ

The /L flag toggles the default listing mode; that is, if listing is ON by default, /L turns it OFF, and vice-versa.

-- /N -- negate selection. This specifies that a match is NOT to be made if the wild card filename.typ specification matches as in the CATALOG Function.

-- /T -- toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function. If the default function is CATALOG, then the function to be performed will be UPDATE, and vice-versa.

-- /U -- force the UPDATE Function to be performed. If there is a conflict and both /U and /C are specified, then the option specified last will take affect.

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The STATUS Function

The STATUS/ENVIRONMENT Function displays the current default settings of the CAT program and allows the user to change them. The default settings affected by this function are --

- The name of the CATALOG File
- The default CAT Function (CATALOG or UPDATE)
- The default setting for the listing (/L)

The CAT options under the STATUS/ENVIRONMENT Function are --

- /C -- set the function to CATALOG
- /E -- display the ENVIRONMENT of the CAT program on the user's console and return to CP/M without performing a change to the CAT program on disk. If any options such as /C or /U are specified in the same command line, the resulting environment is displayed.

- /F <delim> <filename> <delim> -- set the name of the CATALOG File

- /L -- toggle the listing flag

- /S -- save the current ENVIRONMENT of CAT on disk and return to CP/M. After the save is complete, the new environment is displayed to the user as in the /E option.

- /T -- toggle the current default CATALOG/UPDATE Function

- /U -- set the function to UPDATE

The /E and /S commands specifically identify the STATUS Function. When any CAT command line contains either of these options, then the STATUS Function is engaged and the normal CATALOG or UPDATE is not performed. If both options are specified, the /S takes precedence.

Examples of the use of the CAT program with the STATUS Function are --

- CAT /F'MASTER'/S -- change the name of the default CATALOG File to 'MASTER.CAT' and save the change on disk

- CAT /E -- display the current environment of CAT

- CAT /C/S/F/CPMUG/ -- change the name of the default CATALOG File to 'CPMUG.CAT', set the default function to CATALOG, and save the change on disk

- CAT /L/U/E -- toggle the listing flag, set the default function to UPDATE, and display the new environment without changing it on

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disk. This is useful in seeing what an environment would be before changing it on disk.

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CHAPTER 4

CAT Error Messages

Informative Messages

++ CATALOG Function ++

++ CATALOG Function Complete ++

These messages indicate when the CATALOG Function is beginning and is completed.

++ UPDATE Function ++

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

These messages indicate when the UPDATE Function is beginning and is completed.

Delete: <filename.typ>

Add: <filename.typ>

These messages appear during an UPDATE with Listing ON, and they indicate that the specified file has been Deleted from or Added to the CATALOG File.

Selected Files --

nnn Files Selected

These messages appear during an UPDATE with Listing ON, and the first message preceeds the names of the files selected for updating and the second message follows this list and gives a count of the number of files in the list. This list includes the names of the files excluded by the file exclusion part of the CATALOG File if they were selected.

++ STATUS Function ++

This message indicates when the STATUS Function is beginning.

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Listing of Selected Files is ON

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

These messages appear in a STATUS Function display and indicate the status of the Listing Flag.

Default Function: UPDATE

Default Function: CATALOG

These messages appear in a STATUS Function display and indicate the default function which is currently set.

CATALOG File: <filename.CAT>

This message appears under several conditions and indicates the name of the CATALOG File.

Change Complete

This message appears when an /S option is invoked and the new environment of CAT is successfully copied back to disk.

No Matching Entries in Directory

This message indicates that no entries were selected.

++ CAT Interrupted ++

This message appears when the user types an <ESC> or CTRL-C during a CAT Function. If this occurs during an UPDATE, then the current CATALOG File is in its backup state and has the name '\$CAT\$.\$\$\$' and should be renamed; if this occurs during a CATALOG, no problems should be encountered.

Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue -
Self-explanatory.

Please set Top of Form --

Self-explanatory. This message occurs when Listing is engaged for the CATALOG Function.

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Fatal Error Messages

Invalid Drive Specification
Self-explanatory.

CATALOG Name too Long -- Aborting

The name given for the catalog file has more than 8 characters in the filename portion or 3 characters in the filetype portion (filename.typ).

FILE ERROR -- Returning to CP/M

An error occurred while trying to open, close, read, or write to the CATALOG File. Check to see that it is intact and has its proper name (is not named '\$CAT\$.\$\$\$').

ERROR in CATALOG File Name Description -- Aborting

See 'CATALOG Name too Long -- Aborting' above.

ERROR -- File Output Error to CATALOG

A write error occurred while performing an UPDATE. Possible causes include running out of disk or directory space.

ERROR -- Invalid CATALOG Structure

ERROR ON: <filename.CAT>

The structure of the CATALOG File is not valid. Possible causes include not specifying the omitted files or just an empty () if there are none.

ERROR -- Error in closing CATALOG File

Self-explanatory. The backup '\$CAT\$.\$\$\$' should still exist.

ERROR -- CATALOG Format Error -- Premature EOF

See 'ERROR -- Invalid CATALOG Structure' above.

ERROR -- CATALOG Format Error -- No Beginning '('

See 'ERROR -- Invalid CATALOG Structure' above.

ERROR -- No Directory Space for New CATALOG

Self-explanatory.

ERROR -- No Name Present on Disk

An UPDATE Function was attempted on a disk which did not have a valid

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disk name as the first entry of its sorted directory. Possible causes include the name not being present and another file containing a character less than '-' in the ASCII collating sequence as the first character of its name.

ERROR — Cannot Open CATALOG File

Self-explanatory. Check to see that the required CATALOG File resides on disk.

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CHAPTER 5

Sample Terminal Session

The following is a series of screen displays illustrating the usage of the CAT program. These displays are almost exact copies of the output from CAT as it would appear on the user's console; the differences are very minor.

The lines starting with 'A>' indicate information typed by the user (as per a normal CP/M terminal session), and the rest of the information is that produced by the result of the commands typed.

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A>XDIR B:

XDIR V1.6

FILENAME.TYP	SIZE	FILENAME.TYP	SIZE	FILENAME.TYP	SIZE
-SYSTEM	.-06 0K	FORMAT	.COM 2K	SYSGEN	.COM 2K
USER32	.ASM 18K	HELP	.COM 2K	TERM	.COM 6K
USER32B	.ASM 18K	LIST	.COM 2K	WM	.COM 10K
USER48	.ASM 18K	LOAD	.COM 2K	WS	.COM 26K
USER56	.ASM 18K	MEMTEST	.COM 2K	WSMSG	.COM 20K
ABORTSUB	.COM 2K	MOVCPM	.COM 10K	XDIR	.COM 6K
ASM	.COM 8K	MSBFIX	.COM 2K	ZDT	.COM 6K
COPY	.COM 2K	NAMEDISK	.COM 2K	ZRUN	.COM 2K
CPM56	.COM 10K	PIP	.COM 8K	CPM	.HLP 32K
DDT	.COM 6K	PRINT	.COM 4K	HELP	.HLP 8K
DENSITY	.COM 2K	RESOURCE	.COM 6K	INDEX	.HLP 10K
DUTIL	.COM 6K	S	.COM 2K	WM	.HLP 4K
ED	.COM 6K	SINGLE	.COM 2K	NEWDISK	.SUB 2K
EDIT80	.COM 14K	STAT	.COM 4K	DISKS	.TXT 2K
ERASE	.COM 4K	SUBMIT	.COM 2K		

51 ENTRIES & 44 FILES IN DIRECTORY — 162K BYTES REMAINING

A>CAT /? ; display HELP information

CATALOG V1.1

CATALOG COMMAND —

CAT x:filename.typ dskname.dsk /o

All arguments are optional, and wild cards (*,?) are permitted in "filename.typ" and "dskname.dsk".

Options are —

- /C = invoke CATALOG Function on A:
- /E = display CATALOG Environment on CON:
- /F <delim> <FILENAME> <delim> = declare
name of CATALOG File 'FILENAME.CAT';
at most 8 characters may be in FILENAME
- /L = toggle listing of selected files
- /N = negate selection
If this option is given, wild card
specifies files NOT to be selected
- /S = save CATALOG Environment on disk
- /T = toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function
- /U = invoke UPDATE Function on B: (or x:)

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A>CAT /E

CATALOG V1.1

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: CATALOG

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

A>CAT /T/S

CATALOG V1.1

Change Complete

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: UPDATE

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

A>CAT /E

CATALOG V1.1

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: UPDATE

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

A>CAT /T/S/L

CATALOG V1.1

Change Complete

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: CATALOG

Listing of Selected Files is ON

A>CAT /L/S

CATALOG V1.1

Change Complete

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: CATALOG

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

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A>CAT CAT.ASM

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
CAT .ASM	ASM .A00	BACK4 .A09	SRC4 .A09	

++ CAT Interrupted ++

A>CAT CAT.*

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
CAT .ASM	ASM .A00	BACK4 .A09	SRC4 .A09	
CAT .COM	HELP .-08	HELP .D06	MASTER .A04	

++ CAT Interrupted ++

A>CAT CAT.* *.A??

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
CAT .ASM	ASM .A00	BACK4 .A09	SRC4 .A09	
CAT .COM	MASTER .A04			

++ CAT Interrupted ++

A>CAT *.* ASM.A??

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-ASM .A00	ASM .A00			
ASM .COM	ASM .A00			
ASM .HLP	ASM .A00			
ASM .SUB	ASM .A00			
CAT .ASM	ASM .A00			
CHESSPAT.ASM	ASM .A00			
CIO .ASM	ASM .A00			
CKSUM .ASM	ASM .A00			
COMPARE .ASM	ASM .A00			
DUTIL .ASM	ASM .A00			
ED .COM	ASM .A00			
FILEO .ASM	ASM .A00			
GAMEPAT1.ASM	ASM .A00			
GAMEPAT2.ASM	ASM .A00			
HELP .ASM	ASM .A00			
HELP .COM	ASM .A00			

++ CAT Interrupted ++

A>CAT -*.*

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

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Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-ALGOL .B05	ALGOL .B05			
-ASM .A00	ASM .A00			
-BACK1 .A03	BACK1 .A03			
-BACK2 .B00	BACK2 .B00			
-BACK3 .C05	BACK3 .C05			
-BACK4 .A09	BACK4 .A09			
-BACK5 .D09	BACK5 .D09			
-BASICE .B09	BASICE .B09			
-C .A02	C .A02			
-CBASIC .B08	CBASIC .B08			
-COBOL .C05	COBOL .C05			
-COMP .A01	COMP .A01			
-COMP .C08	COMP .C08			
-COMP .D02	COMP .D02			
-COMPAK.D03	COMPAK .D03			
-COMPAK.D04	COMPAK .D04			
-COMPAK.D05	COMPAK .D05			
-CPM32 .A06	CPM32 .A06			
-CPM32 .A07	CPM32 .A07			
-FORTH .D00	FORTH .D00			
-FORTRAN.B07	FORTRAN .B07			

Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue -

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-GAMES .-07	GAMES .-07			
-HELP .-08	HELP .-08			
-HELP .D06	HELP .D06			
-MAC .D01	MAC .D01			
-MACRO80.C00	MACRO80 .C00			
-MACRO80.C02	MACRO80 .C02			
-MASTER .A04	MASTER .A04			
-MBASIC .C07	MBASIC .C07			
-PASMT .A05	PASMT .A05			
-PASZ .C09	PASZ .C09			
-PERSONL.-04	PERSONL .-04			
-SMAL .C01	SMAL .C01			
-SRC1 .B04	SRC1 .B04			
-SRC2 .B05	SRC2 .B05			
-SRC3 .C04	SRC3 .C04			
-SRC4 .A08	SRC4 .A08			
-SRC5 .D03	SRC5 .D03			
-STOIC .D07	STOIC .D07			
-SYSTEM .-06	SYSTEM .-06			
-SYSTEM .B03	SYSTEM .B03			
-TEXT1 .B01	TEXT1 .B01			

Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue -

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-TEXT2 .B02	TEXT2 .B02			
-TEXT3 .C03	TEXT3 .C03			

++ CAT Interrupted ++

A>CAT S*.MAC MACRO.*

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

The User's Manual for CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
---------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

++ CATALOG Function Complete ++

A>CAT S*.MAC MACRO*.*

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
---------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

S .MAC	MACRO80 .C00			
--------	--------------	--	--	--

S1FILEIO.MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
--------------	--------------	--	--	--

S2FILEIO.MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
--------------	--------------	--	--	--

S3FILEIO.MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
--------------	--------------	--	--	--

SBDOS .MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
------------	--------------	--	--	--

SCAPS .MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
------------	--------------	--	--	--

SCCOUT .MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
-------------	--------------	--	--	--

SCIN .MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
-----------	--------------	--	--	--

SCIO .MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
-----------	--------------	--	--	--

SCLOUT .MAC	MACRO80 .C02			
-------------	--------------	--	--	--

++ CAT Interrupted ++

The User's Manual for CAT

A>CAT /U

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

18 Files Selected

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT /U/L

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES	.-07	CHES	.COM	CHES	.ZER	HURKLE	.BAS
LIFE	.ZER	LIFE8	.COM	MBASIC	.COM	PIP	.COM
PONG	.COM	PTRN	.ZER	REVERSE	.BAS	ROCKET	.BAS
TARG	.ZER	TIMESQ	.COM	TREK80	.ZER	XDIR	.COM
ZING	.ZER	ZRUN	.COM				

18 Files Selected

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT /T/S

CATALOG V1.1

Change Complete

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: UPDATE

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

A>CAT *.COM /N/L

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES	.-07	CHES	.ZER	HURKLE	.BAS	LIFE	.ZER
PTRN	.ZER	REVERSE	.BAS	ROCKET	.BAS	TARG	.ZER
TREK80	.ZER	ZING	.ZER				

10 Files Selected

Delete: CHES .COM

Delete: LIFE8 .COM

Delete: MBASIC .COM

Delete: PONG .COM

Delete: TIMESQ .COM

Delete: ZRUN .COM

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT *.ZER /N/L

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES	.-07	CHES	.COM	HURKLE	.BAS	LIFE8	.COM
--------	------	------	------	--------	------	-------	------

The User's Manual for CAT

MBASIC .COM	PIP .COM	PONG .COM	REVERSE .BAS
ROCKET .BAS	TIMESQ .COM	XDIR .COM	ZRUN .COM

12 Files Selected

```

Add:      CHES .COM
Delete:   CHES .ZER
Delete:   LIFE .ZER
Add:      LIFE .COM
Add:      MBASIC .COM
Add:      PONG .COM
Delete:   PTRN .ZER
Delete:   TARG .ZER
Add:      TIMESQ .COM
Delete:   TREK80 .ZER
Delete:   ZING .ZER
Add:      ZRUN .COM
++ UPDATE Function Complete ++
A>CAT /L
    
```

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES .-07	CHES .COM	CHES .ZER	HURKLE .BAS
LIFE .ZER	LIFE .COM	MBASIC .COM	PIP .COM
PONG .COM	PTRN .ZER	REVERSE .BAS	ROCKET .BAS
TARG .ZER	TIMESQ .COM	TREK80 .ZER	XDIR .COM
ZING .ZER	ZRUN .COM		

18 Files Selected

```

Add:      CHES .ZER
Add:      LIFE .ZER
Add:      PTRN .ZER
Add:      TARG .ZER
Add:      TREK80 .ZER
Add:      ZING .ZER
++ UPDATE Function Complete ++
A>CAT /T/S
    
```

CATALOG V1.1

Change Complete

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: CATALOG

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

A>CAT *.* GAMES.*

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Type	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-GAMES .-07	GAMES .-07			
CHES .COM	GAMES .-07			
CHES .ZER	GAMES .-07			

The User's Manual for CAT

HURKLE	.BAS	GAMES	.-07
LIFE	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
LIFE8	.COM	GAMES	.-07
MBASIC	.COM	GAMES	.-07
PONG	.COM	GAMES	.-07
PTRN	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
REVERSE	.BAS	GAMES	.-07
ROCKET	.BAS	GAMES	.-07
TARG	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
TIMESQ	.COM	GAMES	.-07
TREK80	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
ZING	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
ZRUN	.COM	GAMES	.-07

++ CATALOG Function Complete ++

PROGRAM NAME: CATALOG
 AUTHOR: RICHARD CONN
 DATE: 25 JUNE 1980
 VERSION: 1.1
 PREVIOUS VERSION: 1.0 (15 JUNE 1980)

CATALOG PROGRAM -- CAT.ASM

The purpose of this program is to provide the user with a convenient way to keep track of all or a selected subset of his files on all or a selected subset of his disks.

CAT does this by performing two basic functions -- CATALOG and UPDATE. The CATALOG Function allows the user to review the contents of a specified or implied catalog file on either CON; or LST:. He may use wild card specifications to select only certain files on certain disks. The UPDATE Function allows the user to update the contents of a specified or implied catalog file. Again, he may use wild card specifications to select only certain files to be included in the update.

** General Form of Command **

CAT X:FILENAME.TYP DISKNAME.TYP /O

Only CAT is required; all others are optional. Wild Cards (?,*) may be included as part of the file name or disk name specifications.

** Switches **

CAT responds to the following switches --

/C -- Perform the CATALOG Function (CATALOG assumed to be on drive A:)

/U -- Perform the UPDATE Function (Disk to be updated assumed to be on drive B:)

/T -- Toggle the current default function and perform it (i.e., if the default function is UPDATE, CATALOG will be performed, and vice-versa)

/F <delim> <FILENAME> <delim> -- Change the name of the

Catalog File to <FILENAME>; <delim> may be any valid delimiter, like / or ; only the FILENAME is specified, and '.CAT' is the assumed file type; examples: /F'MASTER2', /F'MAST/

/N -- Negate selection; for UPDATE, select all files which

do NOT match the specified or implied wild card (if no wild card or file specification is given, no files are selected, thereby effectively deleting all files for a specified disk from the catalog); for CATALOG, select all files which do NOT match the specified or implied wild cards (one wild card for the file names and the other for the disk names); this function may be made a default, in which case normal selection is engaged (see /E and /S below)

/L -- List/Print Selected Entries; for UPDATE, list on the

CON: the names of the selected files from the disk whose entries are being updated and specify all deletions and additions being made for this disk; for CATALOG, print selected entries on LST: (output normally goes to CON:); this function may be made a default, in which case /L does the reverse

/E -- Display the current environment of CAT; this command displays to the user the name of the currently-defined Catalog File, the currently-defined function (CATALOG or UPDATE), and whether /L and /N are currently engaged; the current function is not performed and control is returned to CP/M

/S -- Save the current environment as the new default environment of CAT; upon completion, control is returned to CP/M; by using the options above in conjunction with this command, the user may change the default environment of CAT; examples: CAT /C /L /F'MAST' /S -- changes the default function to CATALOG, sets listing on LST: as default List Function (assuming listing is currently off; otherwise, listing is on CON:), and changes the default Catalog File name to MAST.CAT; now, typing just CAT will result in a catalog listing of MAST.CAT to be printed on the LST: device

CAT /T /S -- toggles the current function; if it

is UPDATE, function is now CATALOG, and vice-versa

/S always performs a /E before returning to CP/M, and /E should NOT be used in conjunction with /S

```

*
* Examples --
* CAT *.COM
*
* If default function is UPDATE, all *.COM files on drive B:
* are selected and placed in the default Catalog File on drive A: (assuming
* the user is logged in to drive A:)
*
* If default function is CATALOG, all *.COM files for all
* disks are displayed (assuming /N is not in effect)
* CAT *.COM /N
*
* Same as above, but all files other than *.COM are selected
* CAT *.COM *.A??
*
* For UPDATE, same as above. For CATALOG, same as above but
* disks *.A?? (A-Series) are selected.
*
* NOTE: Disks to be cataloged must be NAMED. A disk name is simply
* an entry for a file which need not occupy any disk space which
* begins with a '-', like '-DD1.-01' or '-GAMES.FUN' are valid
* disk names. The NAMEDISK program may be run to name a disk.
*
* NOTE: Due to the nature of CAT, file names starting with a character
* (such as $) whose ASCII value is less than that of - are NOT
* permitted. A CAT error message will result if such files are
* selected.
*
*
* START OF PROGRAM
*
*
* USER CUSTOMIZED I/O PARAMETERS
*
* CRT$LINES EQU 24 ; NUMBER OF LINES ON CON:
* LST$LINES EQU 51 ; NUMBER OF LINES ON LST:
*
* ORG 100H
* JMP START ; GO TO START OF PROGRAM
*
* THE FOLLOWING IS THE DEFAULT OPTION FOR UPDATE OR CATALOG FUNCTION
* UPDATES$FLAG:
* DB 0 ; SET FOR CATALOG FUNCTION
*
* THE FOLLOWING IS THE FILE LIST FLAG
* LISTS$FLAG:

```



```

ADD     L      ; PT TO LAST BYTE
MOV     L,A
INR     L      ; PT TO AFTER LAST BYTE
MVI     M,0    ; STORE ZERO
*
* EXTRACT DRIVE SPECIFICATION, IF ANY
*
DSPEC   LXI     H,TBUFF+1    ; SCAN FOR DRIVE SPEC
MOV     A,M    ; SKIP TO NON-BLANK
INX     H      ; PT TO NEXT
CPI     ' '
JZ      DSPEC
ORA     A      ; EOLN?
JZ      DRIVES ; SELECT B:
MOV     A,M    ; PTING TO 2ND CHAR -- GET IT
CPI     ':'    ; DRIVE SPEC?
JNZ     DRIVES ; SELECT B:
DCX     H      ; GET DRIVE LETTER
MOV     A,M
SUI     'A'    ; CONVERT TO 0-3
CPI     4      ; ERROR?
JC      DID
* INVALID DRIVE SPECIFICATION
CALL    PRINT$MESSAGE
DB      CR,LF,'Invalid Drive Specification',0
JMP     CPM    ; PRINT ERROR MSG AND EXIT
* SELECT DRIVE B:
DRIVES: MVI     A,1    ; 1=DRIVE B:
* SAVE DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN FOR LATER
DID:    STA     LOG$DRIVE ; SAVE DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN
*
* SCAN FOR AND PROCESS OPTIONS
*
OPTION: LXI     H,TBUFF+1    ; LOOK FOR OPTIONS
XRA     A
STA     NEGFLG ; TURN OFF NEGATION FLAG
STA     CHNGFLG ; TURN OFF CHANGE OPTION
OPT:    MOV     A,M    ; OPTION?

```

```

INX      H      ; PT TO NEXT
CPI      OPTC
JZ       OPT1
ORA      A      ; EOLN?
JNZ      OPT
LDA      CHNGFLG ; CHANGE OPTION INVOKED?
ORA      A      ; 0=NO
JNZ      CHANGE ; CHANGE IF YES
JMP      PRINT$CATALOG$NAME ; PRINT NAME OF CATALOG FILE AND CONT

```

* OPTION DETECTED

OPT1:

```

MOV      A,M      ; GET OPTION CHAR
CPI      'N'      ; NEGATE SELECTION?
JZ       OPTNEG
CPI      'F'      ; DECLARE NEW NAME FOR CATALOG FILE
JZ       OPTFILE
CPI      'S'      ; SAVE ENVIRONMENT AS DEFINED ON DISK
JZ       OPTCHNG
CPI      'C'      ; FORCE CATALOG
JZ       OPTFCAT
CPI      'U'      ; FORCE UPDATE
JZ       OPTUPDATE
CPI      'T'      ; TOGGLE UPDATE FLAG
JZ       OPTUPDATE
CPI      'E'      ; DISPLAY ENVIRONMENT OF PROGRAM
JZ       OPTSTAT
CPI      'L'      ; TOGGLE LISTING FLAG
JZ       OPTLIST

```

* INVALID OPTION

```

LXI      D,HELPM$ ; PRINT HELP MESSAGE
MVI      C,9      ; PRINT ON CON:
CALL     BDOS
JMP      CPM

```

*
* FORCE CATALOG FUNCTION
*

OPTFCAT:

```

MVI      A,0      ; UPDATE OFF
STA      UPDATES$FLAG
INX      H      ; PT TO NEXT
JMP      OPT      ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

```

```

*
* FORCE UPDATE FUNCTION
*
OPTUPDATE:
    MVI    A,OFFH ; UPDATE ON
    STA    UPDATESFLAG
    INX    H      ; PT TO NEXT
    JMP    OPT    ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

*
* DISPLAY STATUS OF CATALOG PROGRAM
*
OPTSTAT:
    PRINT$MESSAGE
    CR,LF,++ STATUS Function ++',0
    SET$ENTRY$COUNT ; FAKE OUT PRINT ROUTINE
    PRINT$MESSAGE
    CR,LF,' CATALOG File:',0
    LXI    H,FCB1+1 ; PRINT NAME OF CATALOG FILE
    CALL   PRINT$ENTRY
    PRINT$MESSAGE
    CR,LF,' Default Function: ',0
    UPDATESFLAG ; DISPLAY NAME OF DEFAULT FUNCTION
    A      ; 0=CATALOG
    OPTSTAT$CAT
    PRINT$MESSAGE
    'UPDATE',0
    OPTSTAT$CAT1

    OPTSTAT$CAT:
    CALL   PRINT$MESSAGE
    DB     'CATALOG',0

    OPTSTAT$CAT1:
    CALL   PRINT$MESSAGE
    CR,LF,'Listing of Selected Files is ',0
    LIST$FLAG ; DISPLAY LISTING OPTION
    A      ; 0=OFF
    OPTSTAT$LIST
    PRINT$MESSAGE
    'OFF',0
    JMP    OPTSTAT$DONE

    OPTSTAT$LIST:
    CALL   PRINT$MESSAGE

```

```

DB      'ON',0
OPTSTATSDONE:
JMP     CPM

*
* TOGGLE UPDATE FLAG
*
OPTUPDATE:
LDA     UPDATES$FLAG      ; GET FLAG
CMA
STA
INX     H      ; PT TO NEXT OPTION CHAR
JMP     OPT      ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

*
* TOGGLE LISTING FLAG
*
OPTLIST:
LDA     LIST$FLAG      ; GET FLAG
CMA
STA
INX     H      ; PT TO NEXT OPTION CHAR
JMP     OPT      ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

*
* DECLARE NEW NAME FOR CATALOG FILE
*
OPTFILE:
INX     H      ; PT TO DELIMITER
MOV     A,M      ; ... IN A
ORA     A      ; 0=DONE--ERROR
JNZ     OPTFILE1
CALL    PRINT$MESSAGE
DB      CR,LF,'ERROR in CATALOG File Name Declaration -- Aborting',0
JMP     CPM

OPTFILE1:
MOV     C,A      ; DELIMITER IN C
INX     H      ; PT TO 1ST CHAR
LXI     D,FCB1+1      ; PLACE <SP> IN FILE NAME PART
D      ; SAVE PTR
      ; DE PTS TO 1ST CHAR, HL PTS TO FILE NAME PART
B,8      ; <SP> OUT FILE NAME
A,' '      ; <SP>

```

```

CALL      FILL
POP       H      ; HL PTS TO FILE NAME PART, DE PTS TO 1ST CHAR
MVI      B,8    ; AT MOST 8 CHARS

FILE$NAME:
LDAX     D      ; GET CHAR
CMP      C      ; DONE?
JZ       FILE$NAME$DONE
ORA      A      ; DONE?
JZ       FILE$NAME$DONE
MOV      M,A    ; PUT CHAR
INX     H      ; PT TO NEXT
INX     D
JZ       B      ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ      FILE$NAME
LDAX     D      ; GET NEXT CHAR -- MUST BE DELIMITER
CMP      C      ; OK?
JZ       FILE$NAME$DONE
CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
DB       CR,LF,'CATALOG Name too Long -- Aborting',0
JMP      CPM

FILE$NAME$DONE:
XCHG
JMP      OPT    ; HL PTS TO NEXT CHAR OF OPTION
                ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

*
* OPTION CHANGE -- WRITE FIRST PART OF FILE BACK TO DISK
*
OPTCHNG:
MVI      A,OFFH ; SET FLAG FOR NOW -- CHANGE WHEN DONE
STA      CHNGFLG
INX     H      ; PT TO NEXT CHAR
JMP      OPT    ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

*
* WRITE FIRST PART OF FILE BACK TO DISK
*
CHANGE:
LXI      D,FCB2 ; OPEN FILE
MVI      C,15  ; OPEN
CALL     BDOS
CPI      OFFH  ; ERROR?
JNZ      CHANGE1

CHANGE0:
CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE

```

DB CR,LF,'FILE ERROR -- Returning to CP/M',0
 JMP CPM

CHANGE1:

LXI H,100H ; COPY FIRST BLOCK TO DISK
 LXI D,80H
 MVI B,128 ; 128 BYTES
 CALL MOVE
 LXI D,FCB2 ; WRITE SECTOR
 MVI C,21 ; WRITE
 CALL BDOS
 ORA A ; ERROR?
 JNZ CHANGE0
 CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE
 DB CR,LF,'Change Complete',0
 JMP OPT\$STAT

*
 * NEGATE SELECTION OF WILD CARD
 *

OPT\$NEG:

MVI A,OFFH ; TURN ON NEGATE FLAG
 STA NEG\$FLG
 INX H ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
 JMP OPT ; CONTINUE PROCESSING OPTIONS

*
 * PRINT NAME OF CATALOG FILE
 *

PRINT\$CATALOG\$NAME:

CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE
 DB CR,LF,'Catalog File: ',0
 CALL SET\$ENTRY\$COUNT ; FAKE OUT PRINT ROUTINE
 LXI H,FCB1+1 ; PT TO FILE NAME
 CALL PRINT\$ENTRY

* SELECT UPDATE OR CATALOG FUNCTIONS

LDA UPDATES\$FLAG ; 0=CATALOG, OFFH=UPDATE
 ORA A ; CATALOG?
 JZ CATALOG\$FUNCTION

 * UPDATE FUNCTION *

UPDATE\$FUNCTION:

```
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'++ UPDATE Function ++',0
XRA A ; TURN OFF PRINT
STA PRINT$FLAG
```

* SET POINTERS TO INPUT (READ) AND OUTPUT (WRITE) FILES

```
LXI H,FCB3 ; READ
SHLD READ$FILE$PTR
LXI H,FCB1 ; WRITE
SHLD WRITE$FILE$PTR
```

* MAKE PCB WILD (EQUIV TO *.*)

```
LXI H,TFCB ; NAME SPECIFIED?
MVI M,0 ; SET FCB TO WILD
INX H ; STORE NAME AND EXT AS ?
MVI B,11 ; 11 CHARS
MVI A,'?' ; '?' IS WILD CHAR
CALL FILL
MVI B,21 ; REST OF CHARS ARE ZERO
MVI A,0 ; 0 IS CHAR
CALL FILL
```

* LOG IN DISK DRIVE AND SAVE CURRENT DRIVE NUMBER

```
MVI C,25 ; GET CURRENT DRIVE NUMBER
CALL BDOS
STA LFLG ; SAVE IT IN LOGIN FLAG
LDA LOG$DRIVE ; GET DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN
MOV E,A ; ... IN E
MVI C,14 ; LOG IN NEW DRIVE
CALL BDOS
```

* BUILD DIRECTORY TABLE

DIR: XRA A

```

STA      ENTRY$COUNT      ; SET COUNT OF ENTRIES TO ZERO
MVI      C,17              ; SEARCH FOR FILE
LXI      D,TPCB            ; PT TO WILD NAME
CALL     BDOS
CPI      255                ; NO MATCH?
JZ       DIR$EMPTY

```

```

DIR$LOOP:
CALL     PUT$ENTRY          ; PLACE ENTRY IN DIR
MVI      C,18              ; SEARCH FOR NEXT MATCH
LXI      D,TPCB            ; PT TO WILD NAME
CALL     BDOS
CPI      255                ; DONE?
JNZ      DIR$LOOP

```

```

* LOG IN ORIGINAL DRIVE
LDA      LFLG              ; GET DRIVE NUMBER
MOV      E,A               ; ... IN E
MVI      C,14              ; LOG IN DISK
CALL     BDOS

```

```

* ALPHABETIZE DIRECTORY
CALL     ALPHABETIZE

```

```

* SET FILE COUNT
LDA      ENTRY$COUNT      ; GET ENTRY COUNT
STA      FILE$COUNT       ; SET COUNT OF FILES

```

```

* SEARCH DIR1 FOR SPECIFIED FILE(S), IF ANY
CALL     SEARCH$DIR

```

```

* ANY MATCHES?
LDA      FILE$COUNT
ORA      A
JNZ      DISK$NAME$TEST

```

```

* NO MATCHING ENTRIES
DIR$EMPTY:
CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
DB       CR,LF,'No Matching Entries in Directory',0

```

```

* LOG IN ORIGINAL DRIVE
LDA      LFLG              ; GET DRIVE NUMBER
MOV      E,A               ; ... IN E

```



```

MVI C,14 ; LOG IN DRIVE
CALL BDOS

```

```

* RETURN TO CP/M
JMP CPM

```

```

* DISK NAME MUST BE PRESENT
DISKNAME$TEST:
LDA DIR1 ; 1ST BYTE OF DIR1 IS DISK NAME
CPI '-.' ; NAME STARTS WITH '-.'
JZ DIR$PRINT ; CONTINUE IF OK
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR -- No Name Present on Disk',0
JMP CPM

```

```

* PRINT NAMES OF SELECTED FILES
DIR$PRINT:
LDA LIST$FLAG ; LISTING ON?
ORA A ; 0=NO
JZ DIR$PRINT$DONE

```

```

* PRINT NAMES OF SELECTED FILES
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'Selected Files --',CR,LF,0
CALL SET$ENTRY$COUNT ; A=NUMBER OF FILES
LDA FILE$COUNT ; ... IN C
MOV C,A ; PT TO DIR1
LXI H,DIR1

```

```

DIR$PRINT$LOOP:
CALL PRINT$ENTRY ; PRINT FILE NAME
DCR C ; DONE?
JNZ DIR$PRINT$LOOP
LDA ENTRY$COUNT ; JUST START NEW LINE?
CPI 4 ; IF SO, COUNT IS 4
CNZ CRLF

```

```

DIR$PRINT$DONE:
CALL CRLF ; NEW LINE
LDA FILE$COUNT
CALL PRINT$VALUE ; PRINT COUNT OF FILES
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB ' Files Selected',0

```

```

* PLACE CTRL-Z AT END OF DIR1

```

```

LXI H,DIR1 ; PT TO DIR
LDA FILE$COUNT
MOV C,A ; NUMBER OF FILES IN C

DIR$END:
CALL ADD$11$TO$SHL
DCR C ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ DIR$END
MVI M,CTRLZ ; PLACE CTRL-Z

```

```

* RENAME CATALOG FILE FOR RECREATION
LXI H,FCB1 ; CREATE DUAL FCB CONTAINING DUAL NAMES FOR RENAME FCT
LXI D,DUAL$FCB
MVI B,16 ; 16 BYTES
CALL MOVE
LXI H,FCB3 ; NEW CATALOG NAME
LXI D,DUAL$FCB1
MVI B,16 ; 16 BYTES
CALL MOVE
LXI D,DUAL$FCB ; RENAME CATALOG FILE
MVI C,23 ; RENAME FUNCTION
CALL BDOS

```

```

* OPEN OLD CATALOG FILE FOR INPUT
OPENSOLD$CAT:
LXI D,FCB3 ; OPEN OLD CATALOG UNDER ITS NEW NAME
MVI C,15 ; OPEN FILE
CALL BDOS
CPI 255 ; ERROR?
JNZ READ$FIRST$SECTOR
CAT$FILE$OPEN$ERR:
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR -- Cannot Open CATALOG File',0
JMP CPM

```

```

* READ FIRST SECTOR OF OLD CATALOG FOR GET/PUT OPERATIONS
READ$FIRST$SECTOR:
CALL READ$SECTOR ; USE GENERAL READ SECTOR ROUTINE

```

```

* MAKE NEW CATALOG FILE
OPEN$NEW$CAT:
LXI D,FCB1 ; OPEN NEW CATALOG
MVI C,22 ; MAKE FILE
PUSH D ; SAVE PTR TO FCB

```

```

CALL BDOS
CPI 255 ; OK?
JNZ OPEN$NEWSCAT1
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR -- No Directory Space for New CATALOG',0

```

* CHANGE CATALOG NAME BACK

ABORT:

```

LXI D,FCB1 ; DELETE ORIGINAL FILE
MVI C,19 ; DELETE FILE
CALL BDOS
LXI H,FCB3 ; PT TO BACKUP NAME
LXI D,DUAL$FCB ; PLACE IN 1ST PART OF DUAL
MVI B,16 ; 16 BYTES
CALL MOVE
LXI H,FCB1 ; PT TO ORIGINAL NAME
LXI D,DUAL$FCB1 ; PLACE IN 2ND PART OF DUAL
MVI B,16 ; 16 BYTES
CALL MOVE
LXI D,DUAL$FCB ; RENAME
MVI C,23 ; RENAME FILE
CALL BDOS
JMP CPM

```

* OPEN CATALOG FOR OUTPUT

OPEN\$NEWSCAT1:

```

POP D ; GET PTR TO FCB
MVI C,15 ; OPEN FILE
CALL BDOS
LXI H,PUT$BUFFER ; SET PTR TO PUT BUFFER
SHLD PUT$BUFFER$PTR
MVI A,128 ; SET PUT BYTE COUNT
STA PUT$BYTE$CNT

```

* FORMAT DISK NAME (REMOVE LEADING '-' AND MOVE OVER 1 BYTE)

```

LXI H,DIR1+1 ; COPY 7 BYTES OVER
LXI D,DISK$NAME ; PT TO DISK NAME BUFFER
MVI B,7 ; 7 BYTES
CALL MOVE
MVI A,' ' ; PLACE TRAILING <SP>
STAX D ; INTO DISK NAME BUFFER
INX D ; PT TO TYPE
MVI B,3 ; 3 BYTES IN TYPE

```

CALL MOVE

```

* ** PROCESS EXCLUDED FILES **
* GET AND CHECK FOR LEADING '('
CALL GET ; GET BYTE
CALL PUT ; PUT BYTE
CPI '('
JZ EXTRACT$FILES

```

EXCL\$FILE\$ERR:

```

CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR -- CATALOG Format Error -- No Beginning '('',0
JMP CPM

```

* EXTRACT OMITTED FILES FROM DIR1
EXTRACT\$FILES:

```

LDA WORK$BYTE ; GET LAST BYTE OBTAINED
CPI ',' ; END OF FILES?
JZ EXTRACT$FILES$DONE
CPI CTRLZ ; ERROR?
JNZ EXTRACT$FILES0

```

* PREMATURE EOF ENCOUNTERED
PREMATURE\$EOF:

```

CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR -- CATALOG Format Error -- Premature EOF',0
JMP CPM

```

* SCAN FOR FILE TO EXTRACT

EXTRACT\$FILES0:

```

CALL GET$PUT$FILE ; GET FILENAME IN FILE1$BUF
LXI H,DIR1+11 ; PT TO DIR TABLE
LXI D,FILE1$BUF

```

EXTRACT\$FILES1:

```

MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
CPI CTRLZ ; DONE?
JZ EXTRACT$FILES
CALL CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE DIR1 ENTRY AGAINST FILE1$BUF
JNZ EXTRACT$FILES2

```

* EXTRACTION MATCH -- REMOVE ENTRY

```

MVI M,0 ; REMOVE DIR1 ENTRY
JMP EXTRACT$FILES ; CONTINUE EXTRACTION

```

```

* POINT TO NEXT ENTRY IN DIR1
EXTRACT$FILES2:
    CALL    ADD$11$TO$HL
    JMP     EXTRACT$FILES1

* EXTRACTION COMPLETE -- FLUSH
EXTRACT$FILES$DONE:
    CALL    GET      ; GET UNTIL <LF>
    CALL    PUT
    CPI     CTRLZ
    JZ      PREMATURE$EOF
    CPI     LF
    JNZ     EXTRACT$FILES$DONE

* START UPDATE PROCEDURE
LXI     H,DIR1 ; PT TO FIRST ENTRY OF DIR1
XRA     A      ; A=0
STA     CAT$LOAD$FLAG ; SET NO CURRENT WORK$DISK/WORK$FILE

* CHECK FOR END OF MEMORY DIRECTORY
UPDATE$CAT:
    SHLD   DIR$PTR ; PTR TO DIR ENTRY
    MOV    A,M      ; GET BYTE FROM DIR1
    CPI    CTRLZ     ; DONE?
    JZ     FLUSH$CATALOG ; COPY REST OF CATALOG FILE OVER
    ORA    A         ; NULL?
    JNZ    UPDATE$CAT0

NEXT$DIR1:
    CALL   ADD$11$TO$HL
    JMP    UPDATE$CAT

* GET NEXT FILE FROM DISK
UPDATE$CAT0:
    CALL   GET$CAT$ENTRY ; GET CATALOG ENTRY IN WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK
    JZ     FLUSH$DIR    ; EOF

* COMPARE ENTIRE FILE NAME/DISK NAME ENTRY WITH TARGET DIR1 ENTRY
COMPARE$CAT:
    LXI    H,DISK$NAME ; CHECK FOR SAME DISK
    LXI    D,WORK$DISK
    CALL   CMP$ENTRY    ; COMPARE
    JNZ    DIFFERENT$DISK

```

```

* SAME DISK NAME -- FUNCTION MUST BE ADD/DEL/NO CHANGE
  LHL DIRPTR ; PT TO DIR1 ENTRY
  LXI D,WORK$FILE ; PT TO TARGET FILE NAME
  XCHG ; SWITCH FOR CMP
  CALL CMP$ENTRY ; CARRY SET MEANS DIR1 ENTRY<TARGET

* CHECK FOR NO CHANGE
  JZ SAME$FILE

* CHECK FOR DIR1 ENTRY < TARGET; IF SO, ADD DIR1
  JC ADD$DIR1$TO$CAT

* TARGET < DIR1, SO DELETE
  LDA LIST$FLAG ; LIST?
  ORA A
  JZ UPDATES$CATO ; NO IF ZERO
  CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
  DB CR,LF,'Delete:',0
  LXI H,WORK$FILE
  CALL PRINT1$ENTRY ; PRINT FILE NAME
  JMP UPDATES$CATO ; GET NEXT ENTRY FROM DISK

* NO CHANGE IN CAT ENTRY, SO WRITE TO DISK
  SAME$FILE:
  CALL PUT$CAT$ENTRY ; WRITE WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK TO CAT
  LHL DIRPTR ; PT TO DIR ENTRY
  JMP NEXT$DIR1 ; PT TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY AND CONTINUE

* ADD DIR1 TO CATALOG
  ADD$DIR1$TO$CAT:
  LDA LIST$FLAG ; LIST?
  ORA A
  JZ ADD$DIR1$TO$CAT ; NO IF ZERO
  CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
  DB CR,LF,'Add:',0
  LHL DIRPTR ; PRINT FILE NAME
  CALL PRINT1$ENTRY
  ADD$DIR1$TO$CAT:
  LHL DIRPTR ; WRITE FILE NAME
  CALL PUT$FILE
  MVI A,' '
  CALL PUT
  LXI H,DISK$NAME ; WRITE DISK NAME

```

```
CALL PUT$FILE
CALL PUT$CRLF
LHLD DIR$PTR ; PT TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY
```

* POINT TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY
ADD\$DIR\$NEXT:

```
CALL ADD$11$TO$HL
MOV A,M ; CHECK FOR NULL ENTRY
ORA A ; 0=NO ENTRY
JZ ADD$DIR$NEXT
CPI CTRL2 ; DONE?
JZ FLUSH$CATALOG
```

* NOW POINTING TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY

```
SHLD DIR$PTR ; SET POINTER
JMP COMPARE$CAT ; COMPARE WITH CURRENTLY-LOADED ENTRY
```

* DISK NAMES ARE NOT THE SAME -- DETERMINE IF ADD DIR1 ENTRY OR TARGET
DIFFERENT\$DISK:

```
LHLD DIR$PTR ; PT TO DIR1 ENTRY
LXI D,WORK$FILE ; COMPARE FILE NAMES
CALL CMP$ENTRY
JZ DIFFERENT$DISK1 ; SAME -- COMPARE DISK NAMES
JNC ADD$DIR$TO$CAT ; DIR1 ENTRY LESS -- ADD IT
```

* COPY TARGET ENTRY TO CAT AND GET NEXT

```
ADD$TARGET$TO$CAT:
CALL PUT$CAT$ENTRY ; WRITE WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK TO CAT
LHLD DIR$PTR ; PT TO DIR1 ENTRY AND RESUME
JMP UPDATE$CAT
```

* COMPARE DISK NAMES FOR DIFFERENT DISK NAME SUBPROGRAM
DIFFERENT\$DISK1:

```
LXI H,DISK$NAME
LXI D,WORK$DISK
CALL CMP$ENTRY
JC ADD$TARGET$TO$CAT ; TARGET NAME IS LESS (DECHLA)
JMP ADD$DIR$TO$CAT
```

*
* PUT <CR> <LF> ON DISK
*
PUT\$CRLF:

```

MVI A,CR
CALL PUT
MVI A,LF
JMP PUT

```

```

*
* FLUSH CATALOG -- COPY REST OF OLD CATALOG INTO NEW CATALOG
*

```

```

FLUSH$CATALOG:

```

```

LDA CAT$LOAD$FLAG ; ENTRY IN WORK$DISK/WORK$FILE?
ORA A ; 0=NO
JNZ FLUSH$CATO

```

```

FLUSH$CAT:

```

```

CALL GET$CAT$ENTRY ; READ INTO WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK FROM CAT
JZ FLUSH$CAT1 ; EOF

```

```

FLUSH$CATO:

```

```

LXI H,DISK$NAME ; CHECK FOR LIKE DISK -- IF SO, DELETE FILE
LXI D,WORK$DISK
CALL CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE
JZ FLUSH$CAT$DELETE

```

```

* DISK NAMES ARE DIFFERENT -- WRITE TO DISK

```

```

CALL PUT$CAT$ENTRY ; WRITE WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK TO CAT
JMP FLUSH$CAT ; CONTINUE FLUSHING

```

```

* DISK NAMES ARE SAME -- TELL USER THAT FILE IS DELETED
FLUSH$CAT$DELETE:

```

```

LDA LIST$FLAG ; LIST?
ORA A ; 0=NO
JZ FLUSH$CAT ; CONTINUE FLUSHING
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'Delete:',0
LXI H,WORK$FILE
CALL PRINT1$ENTRY
JMP FLUSH$CAT ; CONTINUE FLUSHING

```

```

* FILL OUT REST OF CAT W/CTRL-Z

```

```

FLUSH$CAT1:

```

```

LDA PUT$BYTE$CNT ; DONE W/LAST PUT?
CPI 128
JZ FLUSH$CAT2 ; YES ... CLOSE
MVI A,CTRLZ ; PUT ANOTHER CTRLZ
CALL PUT

```



```

        JMP      FLUSH$CAT1

* CLOSE FILE, DELETE BACKUP, AND RETURN TO CP/M
FLUSH$CAT2:
        LXI      D,FCB1 ; CLOSE CATALOG
        MVI      C,16 ; CLOSE FILE
        CALL     BDOS
        CPI      255 ; ERROR?
        JNZ      FLUSH$CAT3
        CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
        DB        CR,LF,'ERROR -- Error in closing CATALOG File',0
        JMP      CPM

* DELETE BACKUP
FLUSH$CAT3:
        LXI      D,FCB3 ; PT TO FCB
        MVI      C,19 ; DELETE FILE
        CALL     BDOS

* RETURN TO CP/M
        CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
        DB        CR,LF,'++ UPDATE Function Complete ++',0
        JMP      CPM

*
* FLUSH DIRECTORY -- COPY REST OF DIR1 ONTO END OF CATALOG
*
FLUSH$DIR:
        LHD      DIR$PTR ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY

* CHECK FOR EMPTY ENTRY; SKIP IF SO
FLUSH$DIR1:
        MOV      A,M ; GET 1ST BYTE
        ORA      A ; 0=NO ENTRY
        JNZ      FLUSH$DIR2
        CALL     ADD$11$TOSHL
        JMP      FLUSH$DIR1

* CHECK FOR END OF DIR1 AND FINISH IF SO
FLUSH$DIR2:
        CPI      CTRLZ ; END OF DIR1?
        JNZ      FLUSH$DIR3
        CALL     PUT ; PUT CTRL-Z

```

JMP FLUSH\$CAT1 ; FILL OUT REST AND FINISH

* PLACE FILE AND DISK NAMES

FLUSH\$DIR3: LDA LIST\$FLAG ; LIST?

ORA A ; 0=NO

JZ FLUSH\$DIR4

PUSH H ; SAVE PTR TO FILE NAME

CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE

DB CR,LF,'Add: ',0

CALL PRINT1\$ENTRY

POP H ; PT TO FILE NAME

FLUSH\$DIR4:

CALL PUT\$FILE ; PLACE FILE NAME

MVI A,'.' ; COMMA

CALL PUT

PUSH H ; SAVE PTR TO NEXT ENTRY IN DIR1

LXI H,DISK\$NAME ; STORE DISK NAME

CALL PUT\$FILE

POP H ; GET PTR

CALL PUT\$CRLF

JMP FLUSH\$DIR1

* CATALOG FUNCTION *

CATALOG\$FUNCTION:

CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE

DB CR,LF,'++ CATALOG Function ++',0

LDA LIST\$FLAG ; SET PRINT FLAG TO LIST FLAG

STA PRINT\$FLAG

*

* TRANSLATE WILD CARDS IN DUAL FCB

*

LXI H,DUAL\$FCB+1 ; PT TO 1ST

MOV A,M ; CHECK 1ST CHAR

CPI '.' ; NO FILE NAME MEANS WILD

JZ WILD\$DUAL\$FCB

CPI '/' ; OPTION CAUGHT, SO WILD ALSO

JZ WILD\$DUAL\$FCB

CALL SET\$FCB ; SET FCB1 ACCORDINGLY

```
LXI H,DUAL$FCB+17 ; PT TO 2ND
CALL SET$FCB ; SET FCB2 ACCORDINGLY
JMP SET$CATALOG$DISK
```

* MAKE BOTH FCB'S WILD

WILD\$DUAL\$FCB:

```
MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI A,'?' ; WILD
CALL FILL
LXI H,DUAL$FCB+17 ; PT TO 2ND
MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI A,'?' ; WILD
CALL FILL
JMP SET$CATALOG$DISK
```

* SCAN FCB FOR '*' AND SET REST OF IT TO '?' IF FOUND

SET\$FCB:

```
MVI B,8 ; 8 BYTES FOR FILE NAME
MOV A,M ; CHECK 1ST
CPI '*' ; MAKE WILD IF LEADING <SP>
JZ SET$WILD
CPI '/' ; MAKE WILD IF OPTION CAUGHT
JZ SET$WILD
```

* SCAN FILE NAME

SET\$FCB1:

```
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
CPI '*' ; REST WILD?
JZ SET$FCB2
INX H ; SKIP
DCR B
JNZ SET$FCB1
JMP SET$FCB3
```

* MAKE REST OF FILE NAME WILD

SET\$FCB2:

```
MVI M,'?' ; WILD
INX H
DCR B
JNZ SET$FCB2
```

* SCAN FILE TYPE

SET\$FCB3:

```
MVI B,3 ; 3 BYTES
```

SET\$FCB4:

```
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
```

```

CPI      '!' ; WILD?
JZ      SET$FCB5
INX      H ; SKIP
DCR      B
JNZ     SET$FCB4
RET

```

* MAKE REST OF FILE TYPE WILD
SET\$FCB5:

```

MVI      M,'?' ; WILD
INX      H
DCR      B
JNZ     SET$FCB5
RET

```

* SET BOTH FCB'S TO WILD
SET\$WILD:

```

MVI      B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI      A,'?'
CALL     FILL
LXI      H,DUAL$FCB+17 ; FCB 2
MVI      B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI      A,'?'
JMP      FILL

```

*
* CONTINUE WITH CATALOG FUNCTION -- SET NAME OF DISK TO GET CATALOG FROM
*

SET\$CATALOG\$DISK:

```

LXI      H,FCB1 ; PT TO CATALOG NAME FCB
SHLD     READ$FILE$PTR
XCHG     ; PTR TO FCB1 IN DE
MVI      C,15 ; OPEN FILE
CALL     BDOS
CPI      255 ; ERROR
JZ       CAT$FILE$OPEN$ERR
CALL     READ$SECTOR ; READ 1ST SECTOR FOR FURTHER GET'S

```

* SKIP EXCLUDED FILES
CALL GET ; GET LEADING '('
CPI '('

JNZ EXCL\$FILE\$ERR

SKIP\$EXCL\$FILES:

```

CALL     GET ; CONTINUE TO '('
CPI      CTRLZ ; EOF?

```

```

JZ      PREMATURE$EOF
CPI     ' ',
JNZ     SKIP$EXCL$FILES

SKIP$EXCL$FILES1:
CALL    GET      ; GET TO <LF>
CPI     CTRLZ    ; EOF?
JZ      PREMATURE$EOF
CPI     LF
JNZ     SKIP$EXCL$FILES1

```

```

* SET LAST FILE TO NULL
DXI     H, LAST$FILE
MVI     B, 11    ; 11 BYTES
MVI     A, ' '   ; <SP>
CALL    FILL

```

```

* SET ENTRY COUNT FOR DISPLAY
CALL    SET$ENTRY$COUNT

```

```

* SET TOP OF FORM IF PRINT
LDA     PRINT$FLAG
ORA     A
JZ      CATALOG$LOOP$HDR
CALL    PRINT$MESSAGE
DB      CR, LF, 'Please set Top of Form -- '
DB      CR, LF, 'Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue - ', 0
CALL    CHAR$IN ; GET RESPONSE
CPI     'C'-40H ; CTRL-C
JZ      CPM      ; RETURN TO CP/M
CALL    CRLF     ; NEW LINE

```

```

* PRINT HEADER FOR CATALOG OUTPUT
CATALOG$LOOP$HDR:
XRA     A      ; SET PAGE NUMBER
STA     PAGE$NUM
CALL    PRINT$CAT$HDR

```

```

* MAIN LOOP FOR CATALOG FUNCTION
*
CATALOG$LOOP:
CALL    CTRLC$CHECK ; CHECK FOR ABORT
CALL    GET$CAT$ENTRY ; GET FILE NAME/DISK NAME FROM CAT

```

```

JZ      CATALOG$LOOP$DONE
CALL    COMP$CAT$ENTRY ; COMPARE WITH WILD CARD
JNZ     CATALOG$LOOP ; NO MATCH
CALL    PRINT$CAT$ENTRY ; PRINT ENTRY IF MATCH
JMP     CATALOG$LOOP
CATALOG$LOOP$DONE:
LDA     PRINT$FLAG ; PRINT?
ORA     A
JZ      CATALOG$LOOP$FINIS
; PRINT, SO EJECT PAGE
MVI     A,CR
CALL    LIST$OUT ; NEW LINE
LDA     PAGE$COUNT ; COUNT DOWN LINES FOR PAGE EJECT
ADI     15 ; NEXT PAGE
MOV     B,A ; IN B
MVI     A,LF ; <LF>
EJECT$LOOP:
CALL    LIST$OUT ; PRINT CHAR ON LST:
DCR     B
JNZ     EJECT$LOOP

```

```

CATALOG$LOOP$FINIS:
CALL    PRINT$MESSAGE
DB      CR,LF,++ CATALOG Function Complete ++',0
JMP     CPM

```

```

* PRINT CATALOG ENTRY ON CON: OR LST:
*

```

```

PRINT$CAT$ENTRY:

```

```

* CHECK TO SEE IF NEW FILE
LXI     H,WORK$FILE ; PT TO CURRENT FILE
LXI     D,LAST$FILE ; PT TO PREVIOUS FILE
CALL    CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE
JZ      PRINT$CAT$DISK ; WAS PREVIOUS LINE ALREADY TERMINATED?
LDA     ENTRY$COUNT ; RESET IF YES
CPI     4 ; NEW LINE W/PAGING IF NOT
CNZ     PCRLF ; MAKE PREVIOUS FILE=CURRENT FILE
PUSH    B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI     CALL MOVE

```

```

POP      H
CALL     SET$ENTRY$COUNT ; ABORT POSSIBLE NEW LINE
CALL     CL$ENTRY$NAME    ; PRINT JUST NAME
CALL     SET$ENTRY$COUNT ; SET FOR NEW LINES
JMP      PRINT$CAT$DISK ; PRINT DISK NAME

```

```

* PRINT DISK NAME AND <SP> OVER IF NEW LINE
PRINT$CAT$DISK:

```

```

LDA      ENTRY$COUNT    ; NEW LINE?
CPI      4
JNZ      PRINT$CAT$DISK ; JUST PRINT ENTRY
MVI      B,12            ; 12 BYTES
MVI      A,' '

```

```

PRINT$CAT$SP:
CALL     CONS$ST$OUT
DCR      B
JNZ      PRINT$CAT$SP

```

```

* PRINT DISK NAME
PRINT$CAT$DISK:
LXI      H,WORK$DISK    ; PT TO DISK NAME
CALL     CL$ENTRY       ; PRINT ON CON: OR LST:
RET

```

```

*
* NEW LINE WITH PAGING
*

```

PCRLF:

```

MVI      A,CR           ; NEW LINE
CALL     CONS$ST$OUT
MVI      A,LF
CALL     CONS$ST$OUT

LDA      PAGE$COUNT    ; COUNT DOWN LINES
DCR      A
STA      PAGE$COUNT
RNZ

; NO PAGE

LDA      PRINT$FLAG     ; EJECT PAGE?
ORA      A               ; 0=CON:
JZ       PCRLF$PAGE

MVI      A,LF           ; <LF> DOWN

```

```

      MVI      B,10          ; 10 LINES
PCRLF$PAGE$DOWN:
      CALL     CON$LS$OUT
      DCR      B
      JNZ      PCRLF$PAGE$DOWN

* PRINT HEADER
PCRLF$PAGE1:
      CALL     PRINT$CAT$HDR ; PRINT HEADER
      RET

* OUTPUT TO CON: SO GIVE USER PROMPT
PCRLF$PAGE:
      CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
      DB       'Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue - ',0
      CALL     CHAR$IN ; GET RESPONSE
      CPI      'C'-40H ; CTRL-C
      JZ       CPM
      JMP      PCRLF$PAGE1

*
* PRINT ENTRY PTED TO BY HL ON CON: OR LST:
*
CL$ENTRY:
      MVI      A,' ' ; PRINT 3 LEADING SPACES
      MVI      B,3
      CL$ENTRY$SP:
      CALL     CON$LS$OUT
      DCR      B
      JNZ      CL$ENTRY$SP

* PRINT NAME AND TYPE
CL$ENTRY$NAME:
      MVI      B,8 ; 8 BYTES
      CALL     CL$FIELD
      MVI      A,'.' ; DECIMAL
      CALL     CON$LS$OUT
      MVI      B,3 ; 3 BYTES
      CALL     CL$FIELD

* NEW LINE?
      LDA      ENTRY$COUNT ; COUNT DOWN
      DCR      A

```



```

STA     ENTRY$COUNT
RNZ
CALL    SET$ENTRY$COUNT
CALL    PCRLF      ; NEW LINE
RET

```

* PRINT FIELD PTED TO BY HL FOR B BYTES ON CON: OR LST:

```

CLS$FIELD:
MOV     A,M      ; GET BYTE
CALL    CONS$ST$OUT
INX     H      ; PT TO NEXT
DCR     B
JNZ     CLS$FIELD
RET

```

* PRINT CATALOG HEADER AND RESET PAGE COUNT

```

PRINT$CAT$HDR:
LDA     PRINT$FLAG      ; LISTING?
ORA     A      ; 0=NO
JNZ     LIST$CAT$HDR

```

```

* PRINT ON CON:
MVI     A,CRT$LINES-3      ; SET PAGE COUNT
STA     PAGE$COUNT
JMP     PRINT$STD$HDR

```

```

* PRINT ON LST:
LIST$CAT$HDR:
MVI     A,LST$LINES-4-10      ; SET PAGE COUNT
STA     PAGE$COUNT
LXI     H,PAGE$COUNT
CALL    PRINT$STRING
LDA     PAGE$NUM      ; PRINT PAGE NUMBER
INR     A      ; INCREMENT
STA     PAGE$NUM
CALL    PRINT$VALUE
LXI     H,TITLE$LINE      ; PRINT INPUT LINE AS HEADER ON PAGE
CALL    PRINT$STRING
LXI     H,TBUFF+1
CALL    PRINT$STRING

```

* PRINT STANDARD HEADER
PRINT\$STD\$HDR:

LXI H,STD\$HDR ; PRINT HEADER
CALL PRINT\$STRING

* RESET NAME OF LAST FILE

LXI H,LAST\$FILE
MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI A,' ' ; <SP> FILL
CALL FILL
RET

*
* PRINT STRING PTED TO BY HL ON CON: OR LST:
* STRING ENDS IN 0
*

PRINT\$STRING:

MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
ORA A ; DONE?
RZ
CALL CON\$LST\$OUT
INX H ; PT TO NEXT
JMP PRINT\$STRING

*
* CHECK FOR CTRL-C AND ABORT IF SO
*

CTRLC\$CHECK:

PUSH H ; PUSH D ; PUSH B ; PUSH PSW
MVI C,11 ; CONSOLE CHAR AVAIL?
CALL BDOS
ANI 1 ; SEE LSB
JZ CTRLC\$CHECK\$DONE
CALL CHAR\$IN ; GET CHAR
CPI 'C'-40H ; CTRL-C?
JNZ CTRLC\$CHECK\$DONE
CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'++ CAT Interrupted ++',0
JMP CPM

CTRLC\$CHECK\$DONE:

POP PSW ; POP B ; POP D ; POP H
RET

```

*
* PRINT CHAR IN A ON CON: OR LST:, DEPENDING ON LIST$FLAG
*
CONSLS$OUT:      PSW      ; SAVE CHAR
                  LDA      PRINT$FLAG ; GET FLAG
                  ORA      A      ; 0=CON:
                  JZ       CONSLS$OUTC
                  POP      PSW    ; GET CHAR

* CHAR TO LST:
LIST$OUT:
    PUSH H ; PUSH D ; PUSH B ; PUSH PSW
    MOV    E,A ; CHAR IN E
    MVI    C,5 ; LST: OUT
    CALL   BDOS
    POP PSW ; POP B ; POP D ; POP H
    RET

* CHAR TO CON:
CONSLS$OUTC:
    POP    PSW      ; GET CHAR
    JMP    CHAR$OUT

* COMPARE CATALOG ENTRY FROM DISK WITH DUAL$FCB
* RET W/ZERO SET IF MATCH
*
COMPS$CAT$ENTRY:
* COMPARE FILE NAME
    LXI    H,WORK$FILE ; COMPARE FILE
    LXI    D,DUAL$FCB+1
    CALL   CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE
    JNZ    COMPS$CAT$FAIL ; NO MATCH -- CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT

* COMPARE DISK NAME
    LXI    H,WORK$DISK ; COMPARE DISK
    LXI    D,DUAL$FCB+17
    CALL   CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE
    JNZ    COMPS$CAT$FAIL ; NO MATCH -- CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT

* COMPARE SUCCEEDED -- CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT
    LDA    NEG$FLG ; GET FLAG
    ORA    A      ; 0=NO
    RET

```

* COMPARE FAILED — CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT

COMP\$CAT\$FAIL:

```
LDA    NEGFLG ; GET FLAG
CPI    OFFH   ; OFFH=YES
RET
```

* * * LOAD WORK BUFFERS WITH NEXT FILE AND DISK NAMES FROM DISK

GET\$CAT\$ENTRY:

```
CALL   GET$FILE      ; GET FILE NAME
CPI    CTRLZ         ; RET W/ZERO SET IF EOF
RZ
CPI    ','           ; CHECK FOR VALID STRUCTURE
JNZ    CAT$STR$ERR
LXI    H,FILE1$BUF   ; STORE FILE NAME
LXI    D,WORK$FILE
MVI    B,11          ; 11 BYTES
CALL   MOVE
CALL   GET$FILE      ; GET DISK NAME
CPI    CR            ; CHECK FOR VALID STRUCTURE
JNZ    CAT$STR$ERR
LXI    H,FILE1$BUF   ; STORE DISK NAME
MVI    B,11          ; 11 BYTES
CALL   MOVE
MVI    A,1           ; SET NO ZERO
CAT$LOAD$FLAG ; MARK ENTRY IN BUFFER
A
RET
```

* STRUCTURAL ERROR IN CATALOG

CAT\$STR\$ERR:

```
CALL   PRINT$MESSAGE
DB     CR,LF,'ERROR -- Invalid CATALOG Structure'
DB     CR,LF,'ERROR CN: ',0
LXI    H,FILE1$BUF   ; PRINT TEXT AFTER WHICH ERROR OCCURS
CALL   PRINT1$ENTRY
JMP    ABORT
```

* * * WRITE CATALOG ENTRY FROM WORK BUFFERS TO CAT

PUTSCAT\$ENTRY:

```

XRA      A      ; A=0
STA      CAT$LOAD$FLAG      ; MARK NO ENTRY IN BUFFER
LXI      H,WORK$FILE      ; WRITE FILE NAME
CALL     PUT$FILE
MVI      A,', ' ; COMMA
CALL     PUT
CALL     PUT$FILE      ; WRITE DISK NAME
CALL     PUT$CRLF      ; NEW LINE
JMP

```

*
* LOAD NEXT FILE NAME FROM DISK INTO FILE\$BUF; WORK\$BYTE BUFFER
* RETURNS WITH CHARACTER WHICH TERMINATED SCAN
*

GET\$PUT\$FILE:

```

LXI      H,FILE1$BUF      ; <SP> FILL BUFFER
PUSH     H
MVI      B,11      ; 11 BYTES
MVI      A,', ' ; <SP>
CALL     FILL
POP       H      ; GET PTR TO BEGINNING OF BUFFER
MVI      B,8      ; UP TO 8 BYTES
CALL     GET$PUT$FILE1
CPI      ', ' ; TYP?
RNZ
MVI      B,3      ; UP TO 3 BYTES

```

* EXTRACT FILE NAME UNTIL DELIMITER REACHED
GET\$PUT\$FILE1:

```

CALL     GET      ; GET BYTE
CALL     PUT      ; PUT BYTE
CPI      LF      ; IGNORE <LF>
JZ       GET$PUT$FILE1
CPI      ', ' ; DONE W/NAME?
JZ       GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
CPI      ', ' ; DONE
JZ       GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
CPI      ', ' ; DONE
JZ       GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
CPI      CR      ; DONE
JZ       GET$PUT$FILE$SCR
CPI      CTRLZ   ; DONE
JZ       GET$PUT$FILE$DONE

```

```

MOV     M,A      ; PLACE BYTE
INX     H
DCR     B
JNZ     GET$PUT$FILE1
CALL    GET      ; FULL NUMBER OF BYTES -- GET NEXT ONE
CALL    PUT
JMP     GET$PUT$FILE1$DONE
GET$PUT$FILE$CR:
PUSH    PSW      ; SAVE <CR>
CALL    GET      ; GET <LF>
CALL    PUT
POP     PSW      ; GET <CR>
GET$PUT$FILE$DONE:
INX     H        ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
DCR     B        ; COUNT DOWN TO END OF BUFFER
JNZ     GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
GET$PUT$FILE1$DONE:
STA     WORK$BYTE ; SAVE WORK BYTE
RET

```

```

*
* PUT FILE -- PLACE FILE NAME AND TYPE ON DISK; HL PTS TO NAME
*

```

```

PUT$FILE:
MVI     B,8      ; 8 BYTES IN FILE NAME (MAX)
CALL    PUT$FILE1
MVI     A,'.'    ; DECIMAL
CALL    PUT
MVI     B,3      ; 3 BYTES IN FILE TYPE (MAX)
CALL    PUT$FILE1
RET

```

```

* PUT$FILE1 -- PLACE UP TO 8 BYTES ON DISK; STOP IF <SP> ENCOUNTERED
PUT$FILE1:

```

```

MOV     A,M      ; GET BYTE
CPI     .        ; <SP>?
JZ      PUT$FILE2
CALL    PUT      ; PUT BYTE ON DISK
INX     H        ; PT TO NEXT
DCR     B        ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ     PUT$FILE1
RET

```

```

PUT$FILE2:
INX     H        ; <SP> ENCOUNTERED -- SKIP TO END OF FIELD

```

```
DCR    B
JNZ    PUT$FILE2
RST
```

```
*
*   LOAD NEXT FILE NAME FROM DISK INTO FILE$BUF; WORK$BYTE BUFFER
*
*   RETURNS WITH CHARACTER WHICH TERMINATED SCAN
*
```

```
GET$FILE:
LXI    H,FILE$BUF      ; <SP> FILL BUFFER
PUSH   H
MVI    B,11           ; 11 BYTES
MVI    A,'.'          ; <SP>
CALL   FILL
POP    H              ; GET PTR TO BEGINNING OF BUFFER
MVI    B,8            ; UP TO 8 BYTES
CALL   GET$FILE1
CPI    '.'            ; TYP?
RNZ
MVI    B,3            ; UP TO 3 BYTES
```

```
*   EXTRACT FILE NAME UNTIL DELIMITER REACHED
GET$FILE1:
```

```
CALL   GET           ; GET BYTE
CPI    LF            ; IGNORE <LF>
JZ     GET$FILE1
CPI    '.'           ; DONE W/NAME?
JZ     GET$FILE$DONE
CPI    ','           ; DONE
JZ     GET$FILE$DONE
CPI    ')'           ; DONE
JZ     GET$FILE$DONE
CPI    CR            ; DONE
JZ     GET$FILE$CR
CPI    CTRLZ         ; DONE
JZ     GET$FILE$DONE
MOV    M,A           ; PLACE BYTE
INX    H
DCR    B
JNZ    GET$FILE1
CALL   GET           ; FULL NUMBER OF BYTES -- GET NEXT ONE
JMP    GET$FILE$DONE
```

```
GET$FILE$CR:
```

```

PUSH PSW ; SAVE <CR>
CALL GET ; GET <LF>
POP PSW ; GET <CR>

GET$FILE$DONE:
INX H ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
DCR B ; COUNT DOWN TO END OF BUFFER
JNZ GET$FILE$DONE

GET$FILE1$DONE:
STA WORK$BYTE ; SAVE WORK BYTE
RET

```

* READ SECTOR FROM FCB3 AND SET CONSTANTS FOR GET OPERATION

```

READ$SECTOR:
PUSH H ; PUSH D ; PUSH B
LHLD READ$FILE$PTR ; GET PTR TO FCB
XCHG ; ... IN DE
MVI C,20 ; READ
CALL BDOS
ORA A ; SET FLAGS -- 2 MEANS OK
PUSH PSW ; SAVE FLAGS
LXI H,BUFF ; COPY TO GET BUFFER
LXI D,GET$BUFFER
MVI B,128 ; 128 BYTES
CALL MOVE
LXI H,GET$BUFFER ; RESET PTR TO GET BUFFER
SHLD GET$BUFFER$PTR
MVI A,128 ; SET BYTE COUNT
STA GET$BYTE$CNT
POP PSW ; GET FLAGS
POP B ; POP D ; POP H
RET

```

* WRITE SECTOR TO FCB1 AND SET CONSTANTS FOR PUT OPERATION

```

WRITE$SECTOR:
PUSH H ; PUSH D ; PUSH B
LXI H,PUT$BUFFER
LXI D,BUFF ; COPY TO 90H BUFFER
MVI B,128 ; 128 BYTES
CALL MOVE

```



```

LHLD WRITESFILE$PTR ; GET PTR TO PCB
XCHG ; ... IN DE
MVI C,21 ; WRITE FILE
CALL BDOS
ORA A ; SET FLAGS -- Z MEANS OK
JZ WRITESSECTOR1
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR -- File Output Error to CATALOG',0
JMP ABORT

```

WRITESSECTOR1:

```

LXI H,PUT$BUFFER ; RESET PTR TO PUT BUFFER
SHLD PUT$BUFFER$PTR
MVI A,128 ; RESET BYTE COUNT
STA PUT$BYTE$CNT
POP B ; POP D ; POP H
RET

```

*
* GET BYTE FROM FILE ROUTINE
*

GET:

```

PUSH H
LHLD GET$BUFFER$PTR ; GET PTR TO BUFFER
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
INX H ; PT TO NEXT
SHLD GET$BUFFER$PTR
STA WORK$BYTE ; SAVE IT TEMPORARILY
LDA GET$BYTE$CNT ; COUNT DOWN
DCR A
STA GET$BYTE$CNT
JNZ GET1
CALL READ$SECTOR ; IF BUFFER EMPTY, READ NEXT SECTOR
JZ GET1 ; READ OK
MVI A,CTRLZ ; EOF -- SO FORCE CTRL-Z
POP H
RET

```

GET1:

```

LDA WORK$BYTE ; GET BYTE
POP H
RET

```

*
* PUT BYTE INTO OUTPUT FILE
*

```

*
PUT:      PUSH      H
          LHL      PUT$BUFFERSPTR
          MOV      M,A      ; PUT BYTE
          INX      H      ; PT TO NEXT
          SHLD     PUT$BUFFERSPTR
          STA      WORK$BYTE      ; SAVE IT TEMPORARILY
          LDA      PUT$BYTE$CNT    ; COUNT DOWN
          DCR      A
          STA      PUT$BYTE$CNT
          JNZ      PUTL
          CALL     WRITESSECTOR    ; IF BUFFER FULL, WRITE TO DISK

          PUTL:      LDA      WORK$BYTE      ; GET BYTE
                   POP      H
                   RET

*
* SET ENTRY COUNT — SET NUMBER OF ENTRIES PRINTED ON EACH LINE
*
SET$ENTRY$COUNT:
          MVI      A,4      ; 4 ENTRIES/LINE
          STA      ENTRY$COUNT
          RET

*
* PRINT ONE ENTRY WITHOUT <CRLF>
*
PRINT1$ENTRY:
          CALL     SET$ENTRY$COUNT ; FAKE OUT PRINT ROUTINE

*
* PRINT ENTRY — PRINT ENTRY PTED TO BY HL (12 BYTES/ENTRY, SKIP LAST)
*
PRINT$ENTRY:
          MVI      A,' '      ; PRINT 5 LEADING <SP>S
          MVI      B,5
          PRINT$SPACE:
          CALL     CHAR$OUT
          DCR      B      ; COUNT DOWN

```

JNZ PRINT\$SPACE

* PRINT FILE NAME AND TYPE WITHOUT LEADING <SP>

PRINT\$ENTRY\$NAME:

```

MVI B,8 ; PRINT FILE NAME
CALL PRINT$FIELD
MVI A,'.' ; PRINT DECIMAL
CALL CHAR$OUT
MVI B,3 ; PRINT FILE TYPE
CALL PRINT$FIELD
LDA ENTRY$COUNT ; COUNT DOWN
DCR A
STA ENTRY$COUNT
RNZ
CALL SET$ENTRY$COUNT
JMP CRLF ; RESET ENTRY COUNT AND NEW LINE

```

*
* PRINT FIELD PTED TO BY HL; FIELD IS B BYTES LONG
*

PRINT\$FIELD:

```

MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
CALL CHAR$OUT
INX H ; PT TO NEXT
DCR B ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ PRINT$FIELD
RET

```

*
* ALPHABETIZE -- ALPHABETIZES DIR1; ENTRY\$COUNT CONTAINS
* THE NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR1
*

ALPHABETIZE:

```

LXI H,DIR1 ; PT TO DIR
LXI D,DIR1+11 ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY
LDA ENTRY$COUNT ; GET COUNT
SUI 1 ; STOP IF 1 ENTRY
RZ
MOV B,A ; COUNT IN B

```

ALPHA1:

```

PUSH H ; PUSH D
MOV C,B ; SUBCOUNT

```

ALPHA2:

```

CALL CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE ENTRIES
CC EXCHG ; EXCHANGE IF BACKWARD
CALL ADD11 ; DE=DE+11
DCR C
JNZ ALPHA2
POP D ; POP H
CALL ADD11 ; DE=DE+11
XCHG
CALL ADD11 ; HL=HL+11
XCHG
DCR B
JNZ ALPHA1
RET

```

```

* ADD11 -- DE=DE+11
*

```

```

ADD11:
XCHG
CALL ADD$11$TO$HL
XCHG
RET

```

```

*
* COMPARE DIR ENTRY PTED TO BY HL WITH THAT PTED TO BY DE;
* NO NET EFFECT ON HL, DE, OR BC; RET W/CARRY SET MEANS DE<HL
*

```

```

CMP$ENTRY:
PUSH B ; PUSH D ; PUSH H

```

```

* COMPARE BY FILE NAME, FILE TYPE, AND EXTENSION (IN THAT ORDER)

```

```

CMP$FN$FT:
MVI B,11 ; COMPARE FN, FT
CALL COMP

```

```

CMP$DONE:
POP H ; POP D ; POP B
RET

```

```

*
* COMP COMPARES DE W/HL FOR B BYTES; RET W/CARRY IF DE<HL
*

```

```

COMP:
LDAX D ; CHECK FOR AUTOMATIC MATCH

```

```

CPI      '?'
JZ      COM1
MOV      A,M      ; ON OTHER ALSO
CPI      '?'
JZ      COM1
LDAX     D      ; COMPARE
CMP      M
RC
RNZ

```

```

COM1:    INX      H      ; PT TO NEXT
          INX      D
          ICR      B      ; COUNT DOWN
          JNZ      COMP
          RET

```

* EXCHG -- EXCHANGE DIR ENTRY PTED TO BY HL W/THAT PTED TO BY DE

```

EXCHG:   PUSH B ; PUSH D ; PUSH H
          MVI   B,11 ; 11 BYTES

```

```

EXCHG1:  LDAX     D      ; GET DE BYTE
          MOV     C,M      ; GET HL BYTE
          MOV     M,A      ; STORE DE BYTE
          MOV     A,C
          STAX     D      ; STORE HL BYTE
          INX      H      ; PT TO NEXT
          INX      D
          ICR      B      ; COUNT DOWN
          JNZ      EXCHG1
          POP H ; POP D ; POP B
          RET

```

* * SELECT FILES IN DIR1 ACCORDING TO CONTENTS OF FCB

```

SEARCH$DIR:
LXI      D,FCB+1 ; PT TO FN
LDAX     D      ; WILD?
CPI      ' ' ; NO FN MEANS WILD
JZ      SEARCH$DIR0
CPI      '/' ; OPTION CAUGHT, SO WILD ALSO

```

```

JNZ SEARCH$DIR1
SEARCH$DIR0:
MOV H,D ; MAKE HL PT TO FN
MOV L,E
MVI B,11 ; WILD, SO MAKE FN AND FT ALL '?'S
MVI A,'?' ; WILD OVERALL
CALL FILL ; FILL IT
SEARCH$DIR1:
INX D ; PT TO NEXT
LDAX D
CPI ':' ; COLON MEANS DRIVE SPEC CAUGHT
RZ
LXI H,DIR1 ; PT TO DIR1 & DIR2
LXI D,DIR2
LDA FILE$COUNT ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR1
MOV B,A ; ... IN B

```

* COMPARE ENTRY IN DIR1 AGAINST FCB
SD1:

```

PUSH B ; PUSH D ! PUSH H
MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES IN FN AND FT
LXI D,FCB+1 ; PT TO FN IN FCB

```

* DISK NAME ALWAYS MATCHES

```

MOV A,M ; CHECK 1ST BYTE
CPI '-' ; DISK NAME?
JZ SD3A ; MATCH IF SO

```

* DO COMPARISON

```

SD2:
LDAX D ; GET FCB BYTE
CPI '?' ; WILD?
JZ SD3
CMP M ; MATCH?
JNZ SD4

```

* PARTIAL MATCH

```

SD3:
INX H ; PT TO NEXT
INX D
DCR B
JNZ SD2

```

* CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECTION; NO MATCH IF SO
 LDA NEGFLG ; NEGATE SELECTION?
 ORA A ; 0=NO
 JNZ SD4A

* COMPLETE MATCH — COPY INTO DIR2
 SD3A:

POP H ; POP D
 MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES/ENTRY
 CALL MOVE
 JMP SD5

* NO MATCH — DECR FILE\$COUNT
 SD4:

LDA NEGFLG ; NEGATE SELECTION?
 ORA A ; 0=NO
 JNZ SD3A

* NO MATCH — DECR FILE\$COUNT
 SD4A:

LDA FILE\$COUNT
 DCR A
 STA FILE\$COUNT
 POP H ; GET PTR TO DIR1
 LXI D,11 ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY
 DAD D
 POP D ; GET PTR TO DIR2

* CONTINUE UNTIL END OF DIR1
 SD5:

POP B ; GET CNT
 DCR B ; COUNT DOWN
 JNZ SD1

* DONE — CHECK IF ANY MATCHES
 LDA FILE\$COUNT
 ORA A
 RZ

* AT LEAST ONE MATCH — COPY INTO DIR1 FROM DIR2
 MOV C,A ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES
 LXI H,DIR2 ; FROM DIR2 INTO DIR1
 LXI D,DIR1

SD6:

```

MVI      B,11      ; 11 BYTES/ENTRY
CALL     MOVE
DCR      C          ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ      SD6
RET

```

*
* PRINT A AS DECIMAL NUMBER 0-255 WITH LEADING <SP>
*

PRINT\$VALUE:

```

PUSH B ; PUSH D
MOV     D,A      ; SAVE A
MVI     A,1      ; SET LEADING <SP> FLAG
STA     LDSP
MOV     A,D
MVI     E,100    ; PRINT 100'S COUNT
CALL    PDEC
MVI     E,10     ; PRINT 10'S COUNT
CALL    PDEC
ADI     '0'       ; PRINT 1'S COUNT
CALL    CON$LS$OUT
POP D ; POP B
RET

```

*
* A=A-E UNTIL <0; PRINT COUNT OF NUMBER OF TIMES THIS OCCURRED
* USED FOR DECIMAL PRINTING, BUT COULD BE APPLIED TO ANY
* BASE
*

PDEC:

```

PDEC1    MVI      C,0      ; SET COUNT
          SUB      E        ; A=A-E
          JC       PDEC2
          INR      C        ; INR CNT
          JMP      PDEC1
          ; MAKE A POS
          MOV      D,A      ; SAVE IN D
          MOV      A,C      ; GET CNT
          ORA      A        ; ZERO?
          JNZ      PDEC3
          LDA      LDSP
          ORA      A        ; PRINT LEADING <SP>?
          JZ       PDEC3   ; PRINT AS DIGIT

```



```

MVI A,' ' ; PRINT <SP>
JMP PDEC4
PDEC3 XRA A ; NO LEADING <SP>
STA LDSP
MOV A,C ; GET VALUE
ADI '0' ; CONVERT TO ASCII
PDEC4 CALL CONSLSTOUT
MOV A,D ; RESTORE VALUE
RET

```

```

*
* PLACE ENTRY INTO DIR1 IF NOT ALREADY THERE; IF ALREADY THERE,
* THROW AWAY
*
* ON INPUT, B=BYTE ADR IN FCB OF ENTRY
* ENTRY$COUNT=NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR SO FAR
* ON OUTPUT, ENTRY$COUNT=NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR SO FAR
*

```

```

PUT$ENTRY:
PUSH PSW ! PUSH B
MVI E,BUFF ; ADR IN DE
MVI D,0
MVI A,4 ; LOOK FOR 4 ENTRIES
STA PUT$CNT
XCHG ; SAVE PTR TO ENTRY
SHLD PUT$LOC

```

```

* PUT AT MOST 4 ENTRIES INTO DIR
PUT$LOOP:
MOV A,M ; ENTRY PRESENT?
ORA A
JNZ PUT$TEST

```

```

PUT1$LOOP:
XCHG ; GET PTR BACK
INX ; PT TO EN
LXI H,DIR1 ; PT TO DIR TABLE
LDA ENTRY$COUNT ; EMPTY DIR?
ORA A
JZ MAKESNEW$ENTRY
MOV C,A ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES ALREADY IN DIR1

```

```

* LOOK FOR A MATCH
SCAN$DIR:

```

```

MVI B,11 ; 11-BYTE MATCH (FN, FT)
PUSH H ; SAVE PTRS
PUSH D
SCANL$DIR:
LDAX D ; GET FN OR FT BYTES
CMP M ; COMPARE AGAINST DIR1 BYTE
JNZ SCANF$DIR ; FAIL IF NO MATCH
INX H ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
INX D
DEC B ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ SCANL$DIR

```

* MATCH — REJECT ENTRY AND FALL THRU TO TEST

```

POP D ; GET PTRS
POP H

```

* DONE WITH PLACING AT MOST 4 ENTRIES?

```

PUT$TEST:
LHLD PUT$LOC ; GET PTR TO CURRENT ENTRY
LXI D,32 ; SKIP TO NEXT
DAD D
SHLD PUT$LOC
MOV A,H ; BEYOND BUFF?
CPI 1
JZ PUT$DONE
LDA PUT$CNT ; DCR COUNT
DCR A
STA PUT$CNT
JNZ PUT$LOOP
PUT$DONE:
POP B ; POP PSW
RET

```

* NO MATCH

```

SCANF$DIR:
POP D ; GET PTRS
POP H
PUSH D ; SAVE PCB PTR
LXI D,11 ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY IN DIR1
DAD D
POP D ; RESTORE PCB PTR
DCR C ; DONE W/SCAN?
JNZ SCAN$DIR

```

```

*
* MAKE NEW ENTRY IN DIR TABLE
* ON INPUT, HL=ADR TO PLACE ENTRY IN DIR1
* DE=ADR IN PCB
*
MAKESNEWENTRY:
    MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES IN DIR ENTRY
PUT$NAME:
    LDAX D ; STORE FN AND FT
    MOV M,A
    INX H ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
    INX D
    IER B
    JNZ PUT$NAME

* INCREMENT ENTRY COUNT
    LDA ENTRY$COUNT
    INR A
    STA ENTRY$COUNT
    JMP PUT$TEST

* GET CHAR FROM CONSOLE
*
CHAR$IN:
    PUSH H ; PUSH D ; PUSH B
    MVI C,1 ; READ CONSOLE
    CALL BDOS
    POP B ; POP D ; POP H
    RET

* PRINT CHAR IN A ON CON:
*
CHAR$OUT:
    PUSH H ; PUSH D ; PUSH B ; PUSH PSW
    MOV E,A ; CHAR IN E
    MVI C,2 ; PRINT TO CON:
    CALL BDOS
    POP PSW ; POP B ; POP D ; POP H
    RET

```

```
* <CR> <LF>
*
```

CRLF:

```
MVI A,CR ; PRINT CR
CALL CHAR$OUT
MVI A,LF ; PRINT LF
JMP CHAR$OUT
```

```
*
* PRINT MESSAGE POINTED TO BY RETURN ADDRESS ON CON:
* MESSAGE ENDS IN BINARY 0
*
```

PRINT\$MESSAGE:

XTHL

; HL ON STACK, HL=PTR TO MSG

PRINT\$MESS:

```
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
INX H ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
ORA A ; 0=DONE
JZ PRINT$DONE
CALL CHAR$OUT ; PRINT
JMP PRINT$MESS
```

PRINT\$DONE:

XTHL
RET

; RESTORE HL AND RET ADR

```
*
* BASIC SUPPORT ROUTINES
*
```

ADD\$11\$TO\$HL:

MVI

A,11

; 11

ADD\$TO\$HL:

ADD

L

; HL=HL+A

MOV

L,A

; ADD A TO HL

MOV

A,H

ACI

0

MOV

H,A

RET

FILL:

MOV

M,A

INX

H

DCR

B

JNZ

FILL

RET

; FILL MEMORY PTED TO BY HL WITH CHAR IN A FOR B BYTES
; PUT CHAR
; PT TO NEXT


```

DB      ;
DB      ; /L = toggle listing of selected files',CR,LF
DB      ; /N = negate selection',CR,LF
DB      ; If this option is given, wild card',CR,LF
DB      ; specifies files NOT to be selected',CR,LF
DB      ; /S = save CATALOG Environment on disk',CR,LF
DB      ; /T = toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function',CR,LF
DB      ; /U = invoke UPDATE Function on B: (or x:)',CR,LF
DB      ;$.

```

```

PAGENS: DB      'Page Number ',0
STD$HDR: DB      CR,LF,LF
          DB      'Filename.Type   Diskname.Dsk   Diskname.Dsk   Diskname.Dsk'
          DB      '   Diskname.Dsk',CR,LF,LF,0

```

```

*   BUFFERS
*

```

CAT\$LOAD\$FLAG:

```

DS      1      ; 0=>NO ENTRY IN WORK$FILE/WORK$DISK; 1=>ENTRY

```

PAGE\$NUM:

```

DS      1      ; PAGE NUMBER

```

PAGE\$COUNT:

```

DS      1      ; PAGING COUNT

```

PRINT\$FLAG:

```

DS      1      ; PRINT FLAG

```

FILE1\$BUF:

```

DS      11     ; 11 BYTES FOR FILE NAME AND TYPE

```

LAST\$FILE:

```

DS      11     ; NAME OF CUR DISK FOR UPDATE/NAME OF PREV FILE FOR CAT

```

DISK\$NAME:

```

DS      11     ; NAME OF WORKING FILE FROM DISK

```

WORK\$FILE:

```

DS      11     ; NAME OF WORKING DISK FROM DISK

```

DIR\$PTR:

```

DS      2      ; PTR TO DIR1 ENTRY

```

LOG\$DRIVE:

```

DS      1      ; DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN FOR CATALOG

```

CHNG\$FLG:

```

DS      1      ; CHANGE FLAG; 0=NO CHANGE ON DISK, OFFH=CHANGE

```

PUT\$CNT:

```

DS      1      ; PUTSETRY BUFFER FOR FILE COUNT
PUT$LOC:
DS      2      ; POSITION OF CURRENT DIRECTORY ENTRY IN BUFF
NEGFLG:
DS      1      ; NEGATE SELECTION FLAG; 0=NO NEGATION, OFFH=NEGATE
FILE$COUNT:
DS      1      ; NUMBER OF FILES IN DIR
ENTRY$COUNT:
DS      1      ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR
PBUF:
DS      MAX$CHAR+1      ; PRINT HEADING BUFFER
TFCB:
DS      33      ; TEMP FCB
TITLES$LINE:
DS      1 -- '0      ; PAGE NUMBER/TITLE SEPARATOR
TBUF:
DS      128      ; TEMP BUFFER AREA
LDSP:
DS      1      ; LEADING <SP> FLAG
LFLG:
DS      1      ; LOGIN FLAG; OFFH=NO CHANGE, OTHERWISE DRIVE
DS      40      ; XDIR STACK SPACE
STACK EQU $
WORK$BYTE:
DS      1      ; BUFFER FOR GET/PUT
GET$BUFFER:
DS      128      ; BUFFER FOR GET
GET$BUFFER$PTR:
DS      2      ; PTR FOR GET
GET$BYTE$CNT:
DS      1      ; BYTE COUNT FOR GET
PUT$BUFFER:
DS      128      ; BUFFER FOR PUT
PUT$BUFFER$PTR:
DS      2      ; PTR FOR PUT
PUT$BYTE$CNT:
DS      1      ; BYTE COUNT FOR PUT
READ$FILE$PTR:
DS      2      ; PTR TO FILE FCB FOR GET
WRITE$FILE$PTR:
DS      2      ; PTR TO FILE FCB FOR PUT
DIR1:
DS      11*64+1 ; 11 BYTES/ENTRY; 64 ENTRIES MAX; END IN CTRL-Z

```

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PAGE 52 -- SOURCE LISTING OF CAT.ASM

DIR2: DS 11*64 ; SAME FOR DIR2

END

