

AD-A093 175

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH LEXINGTON LINCOLN LAB
ZERNIKE ABERRATIONS AND THEIR FAR FIELDS INTENSITIES.(U)
SEP 80 J HERRMANN

F/G 20/6

F19628-80-C-0002

UNCLASSIFIED

TN-1980-42

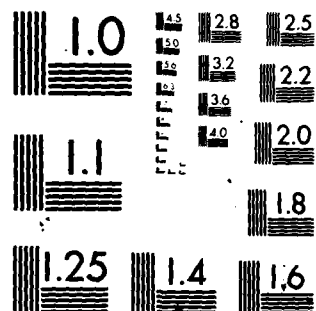
ESD-TR-80-188

NL

AD-A093 175
SEP 80 J HERRMANN

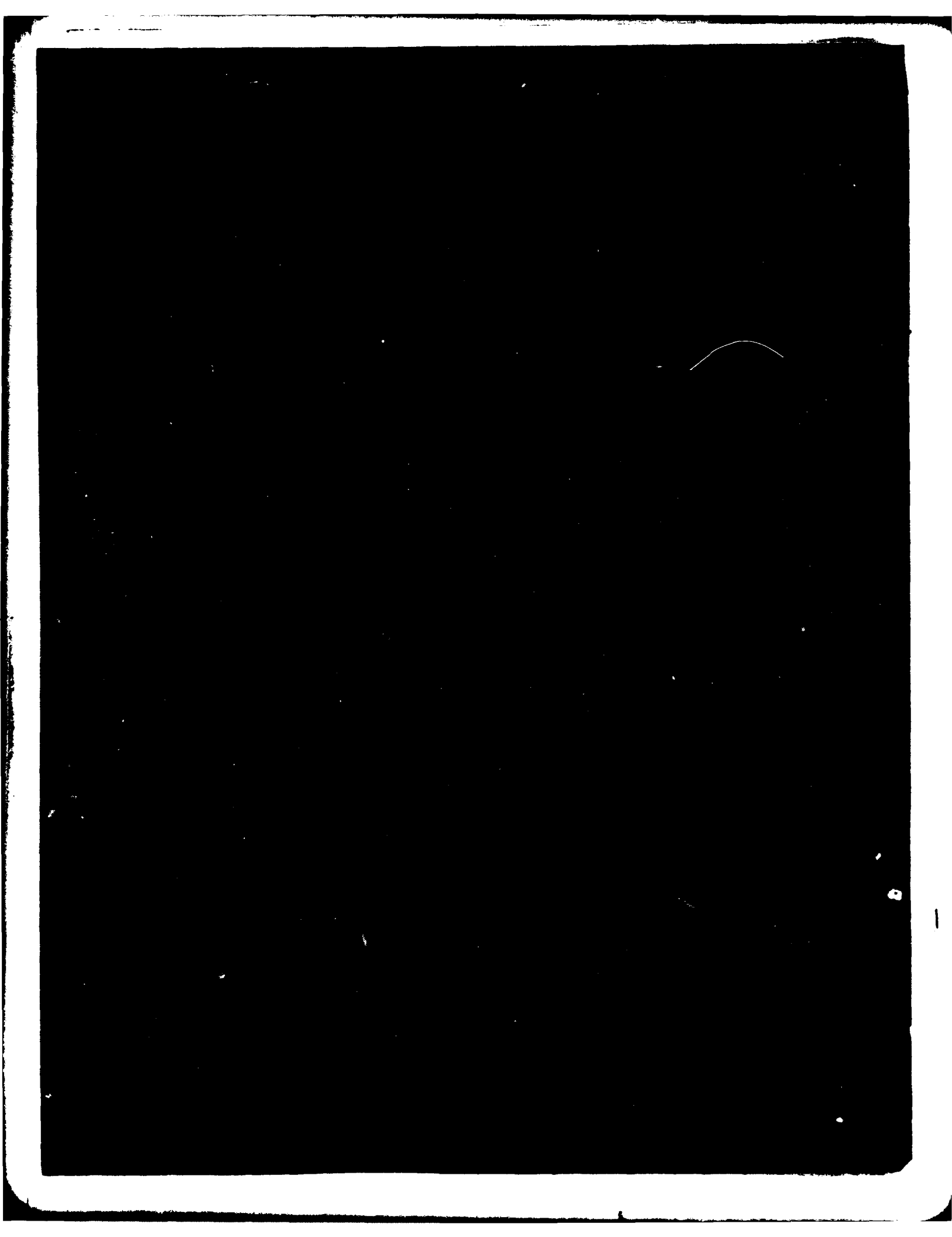


END
DATE
FILMED
1. 5/81
DTIC



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A





12
MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
LINCOLN LABORATORY

**ZERNIKE ABERRATIONS AND THEIR
FAR FIELD INTENSITIES**

J. HERRMANN
Group 55



TECHNICAL NOTE 1980-42

25 SEPTEMBER 1980

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

LEXINGTON

MASSACHUSETTS

ZERNIKE ABERRATIONS AND THEIR FAR FIELD INTENSITIES.

We present in this report the phase of a wave front as described by the Zernike polynomials¹ and the corresponding intensities in the focal plane. All aberration up to $n=8$ are included. The numbering of the Zernike aberration is shown in Table I.

If the phase is expressed in terms of Zernike polynomials

$$\phi = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^n A_{nm} R_n^m \cos m\theta$$

then the variance of the phase becomes

$$\langle \phi^2 \rangle = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^n \frac{A_{nm}^2}{n+1} \frac{1 + \delta_{m0}}{2}$$

We present two sets of figures: The phase of the aberrations on the unit circle (in radians) and the intensity in the focal plane on a grid spaced by $R\lambda/D$ (with a contourline spacing of 2dB). A uniform intensity distribution is assumed for the aperture. The Strehl ratio (peak intensity) is indicated on each figure and also given in Table I. The extended Maréchal formula $\exp(-\langle \phi^2 \rangle)$ gives a value 0.674 for the Strehl ratio. Only the $\cos m\theta$ terms are presented because the $\sin m\theta$ terms can be obtained by a rotation. The assignment of the orders is in accordance with Ref. 1. Sec. 5.1 which uses $m + n$ for the order of wave aberrations.

The far field intensities were calculated using a discrete Fourier transform with a 256 by 256 computational mesh for most cases. For some aberrations ($k=16, 29, 37, 42$) 512 by 512 mesh points were used.

The most striking feature of the irradiances is the shape of the central lobe which is nearly constant for higher aberrations ($n \geq 5$).

¹M. Born and E. Wolf, Principles of Optics (Pergamon, New York, 1965), Sec. 9.2.

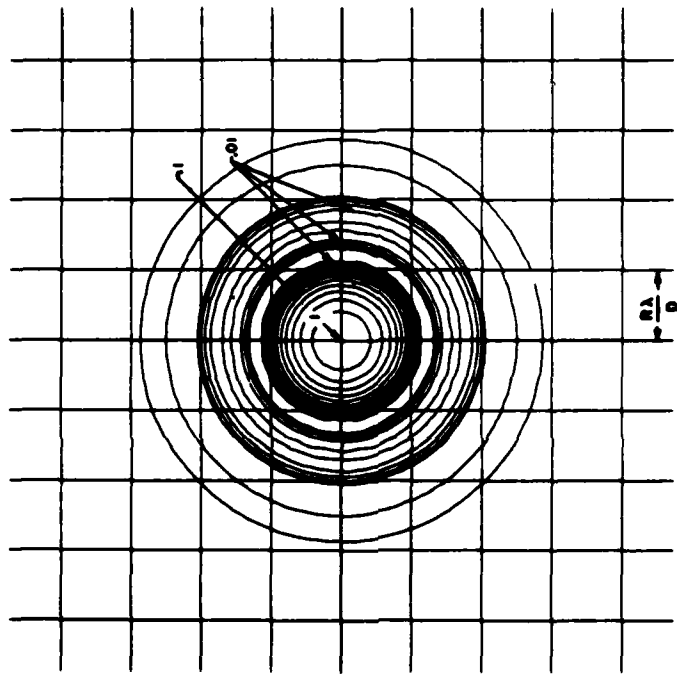
Accession For		
NTIS	GRA&I	☒
DTIC	TAB	☐
Unannounced		☐
Justification		
By _____		
Distribution/		
Availability Code		
Dist	Avail and or	Special
A		

Table I
Zernike Aberrations

k	n	m	$A_k^{a)}$	Strehl Ratio
2	1	1	1.257	-
4	2	0	1.088	0.653
5		2	1.539	0.667
7	3	1	1.777	0.651
9		3	"	0.671
11	4	0	1.405	0.627
12		2	1.987	0.645
14		4	"	0.675
16	5	1	2.177	0.644
18		3	"	0.634
20		5	"	0.677
22	6	0	1.662	0.604
23		2	2.351	0.622
25		4	"	0.638
27		6	"	0.681
29	7	1	2.513	0.641
31		3	"	0.625
33		5	"	0.640
35		7	"	0.684
37	8	0	1.885	0.626
38		2	2.666	0.614
40		4	"	0.596
42		6	"	0.654
44		8	"	0.689

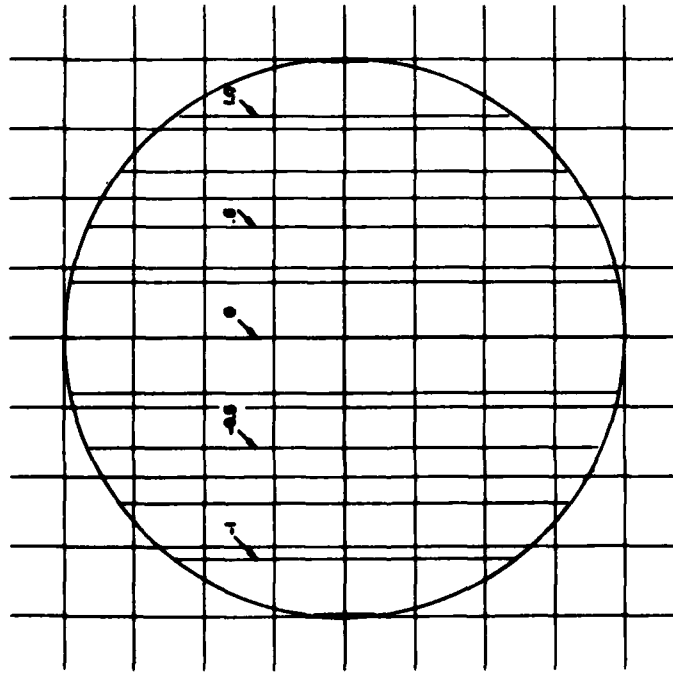
a) Chosen to give a mean-square phase deformation of $\lambda/10$ for each aberration.

TN 1980-42



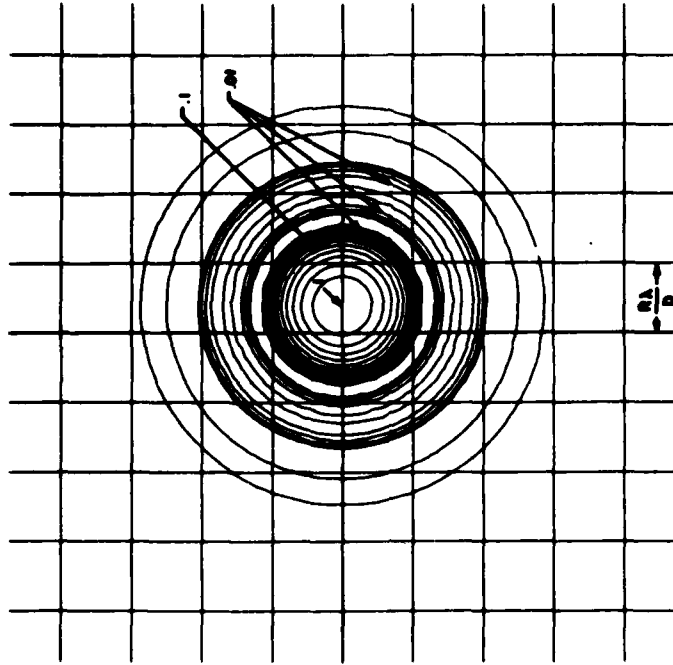
REFERENCE INTENSITY

PM 1980-42



PHASE

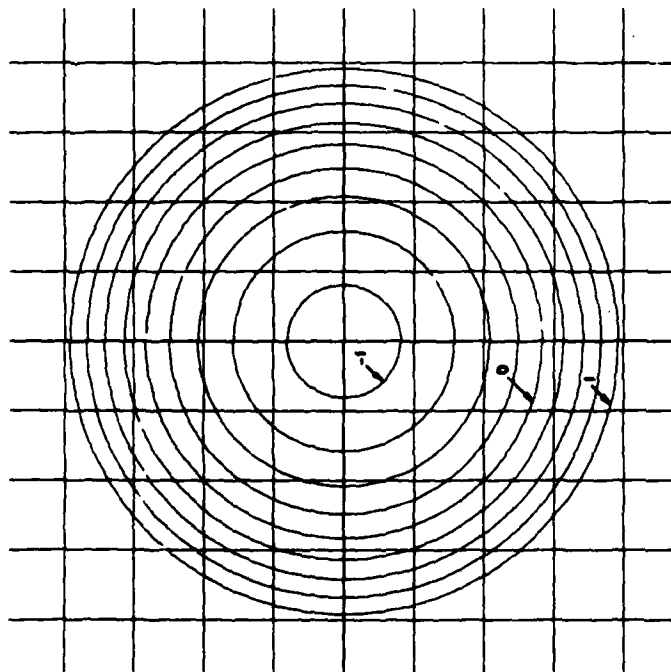
$k=2, n=1, m=1$



INTENSITY

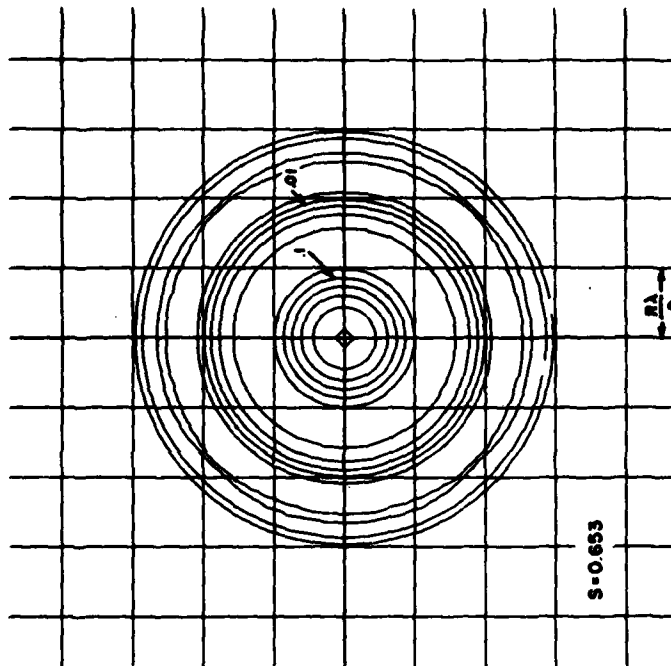
TILT

TW 1980-42



PHASE

$k=4, n=2, m=0$



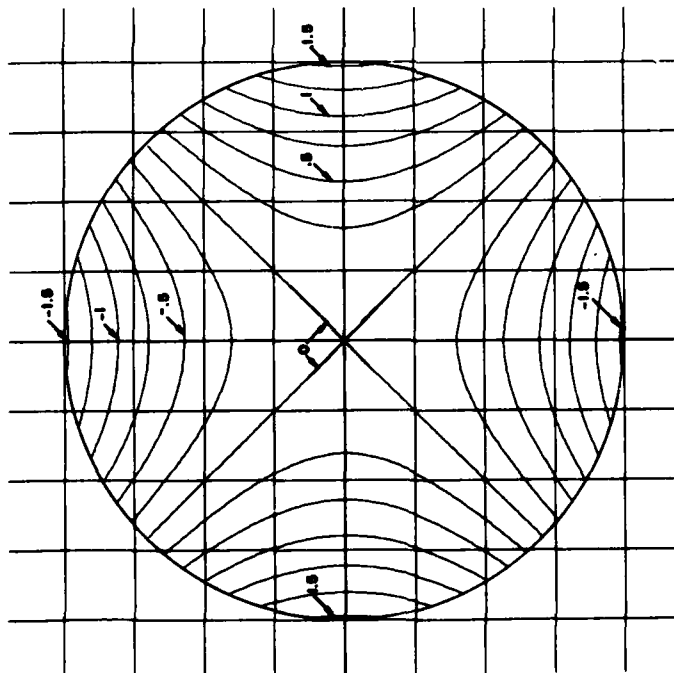
$S=0.653$

$\frac{R_1}{0}$

INTENSITY

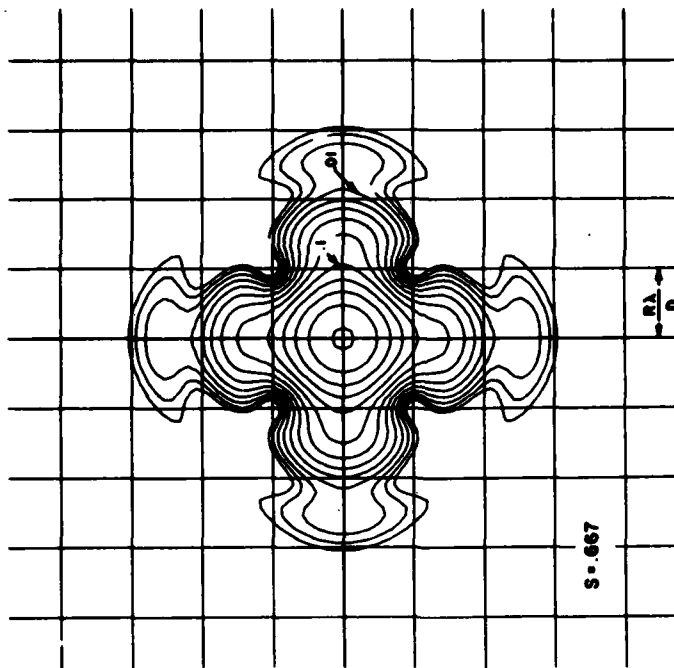
FOCUS

PN 1980-42



PHASE

$k=5, n=2, m=2$



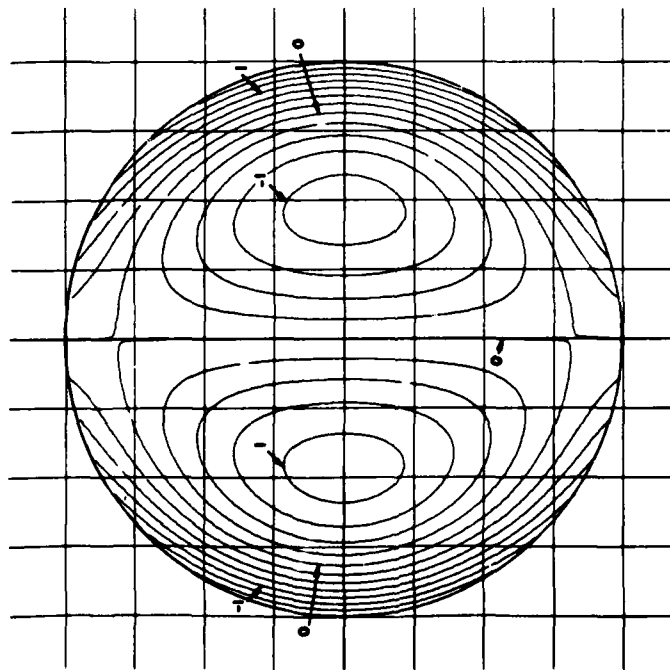
INTENSITY

ASTIGMATISM

$S=.667$

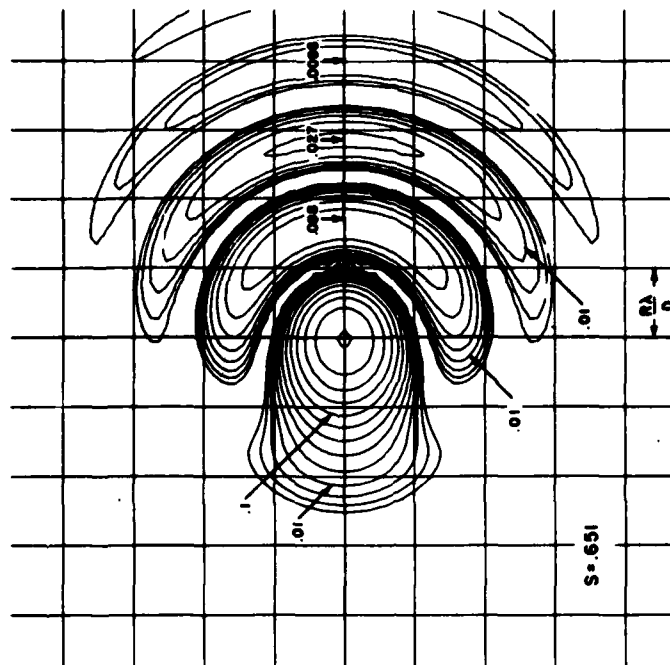
$\frac{RA}{\theta}$

TN 1980-42



PHASE

$k=7, n=3, m=1$

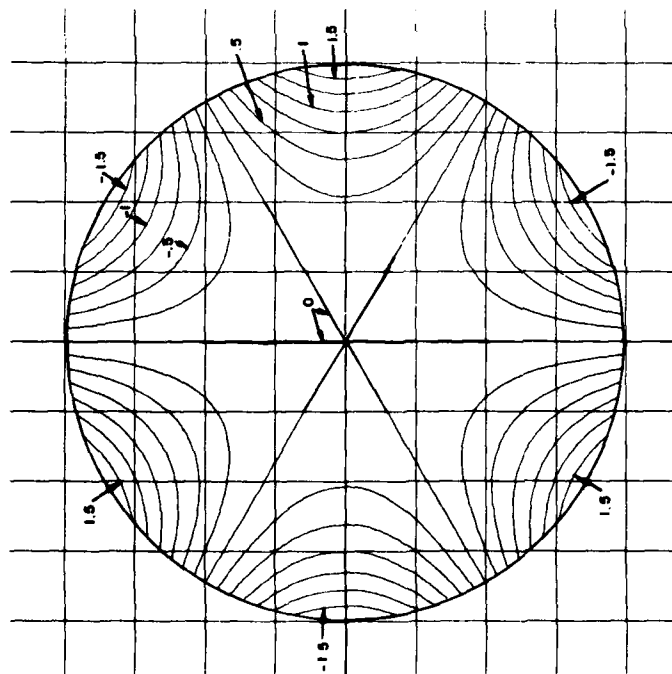


INTENSITY

CONA

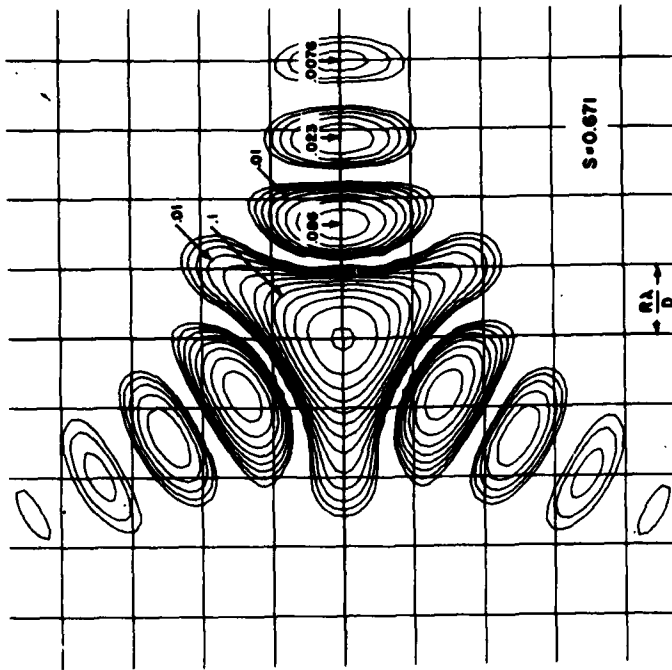
$S=0.651$

TN 1980-42



PHASE

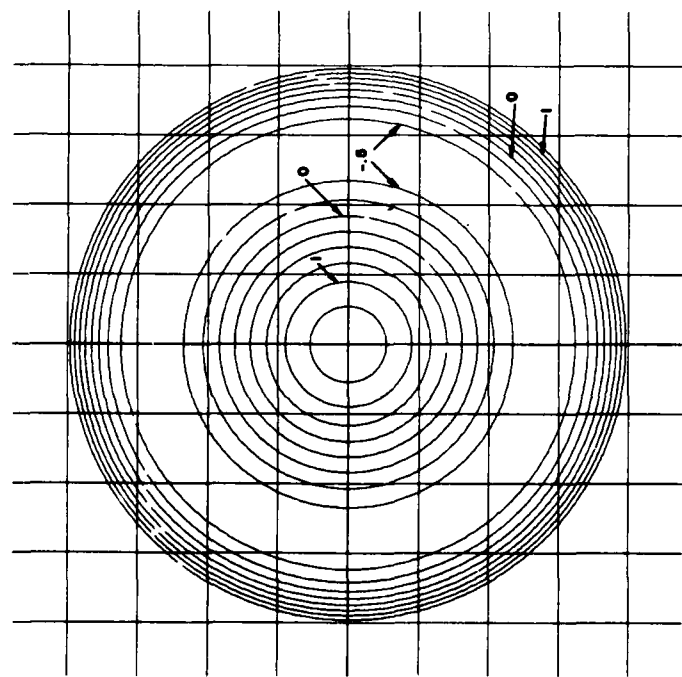
$k=9, n=3, m=3$



INTENSITY

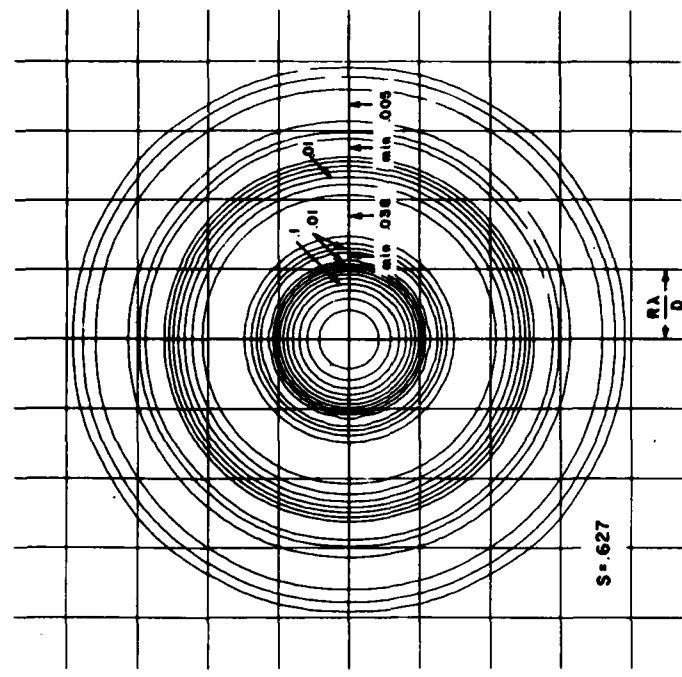
CLOVER
(SIXTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

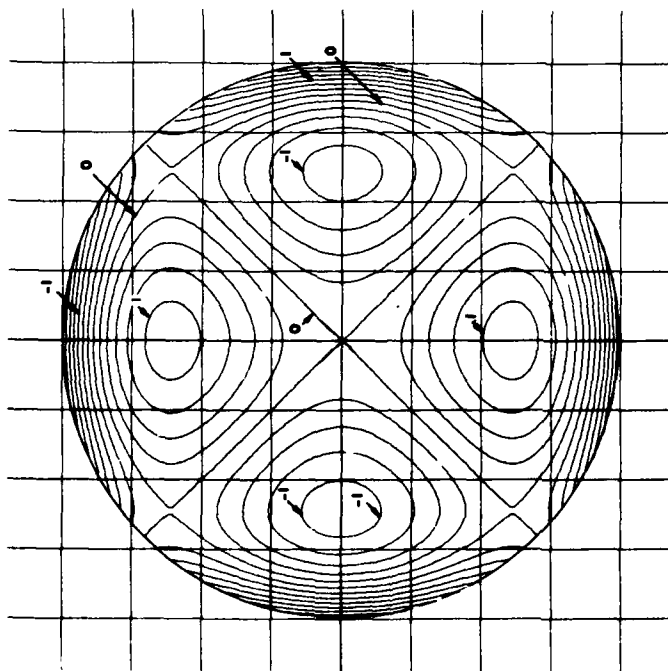
$k=11, n=4, m=0$



INTENSITY

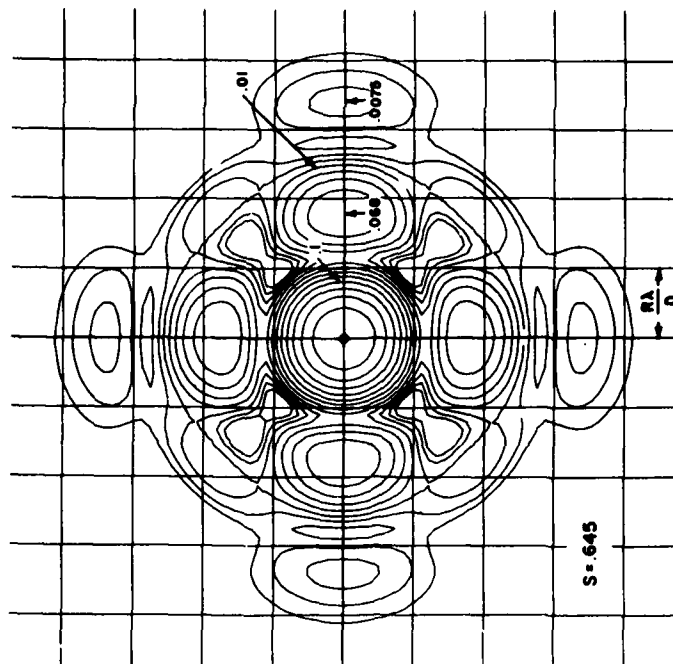
SPHERICAL ABERRATION

TN 1980-42



PHASE

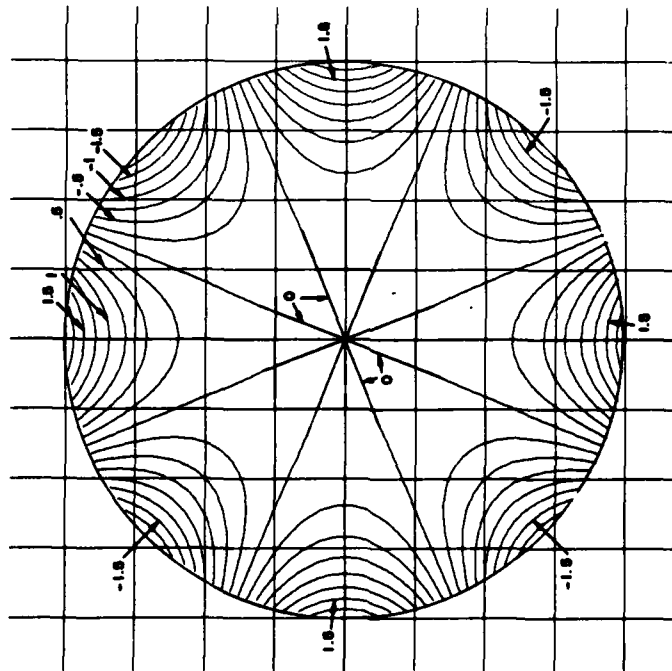
$k = 12, n = 4, m = 2$



INTENSITY
ASTIGMATISM
(SIXTH ORDER)

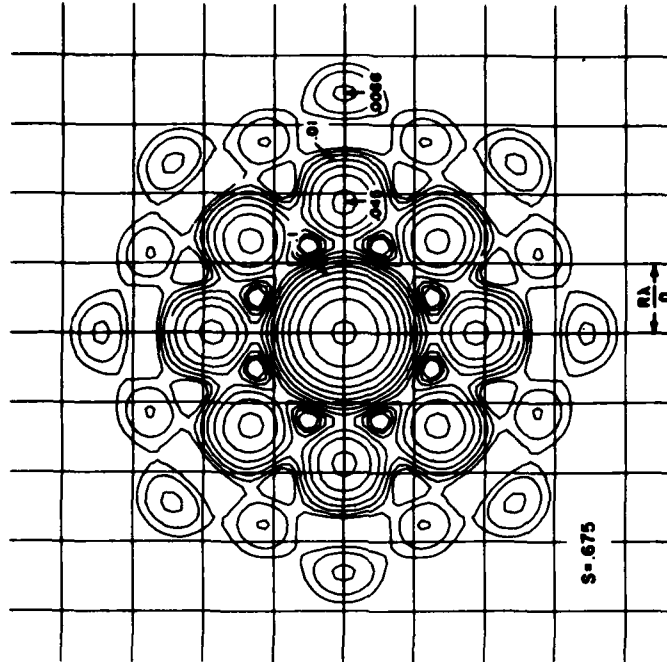
$S = 645$

TN 1980-42



PHASE

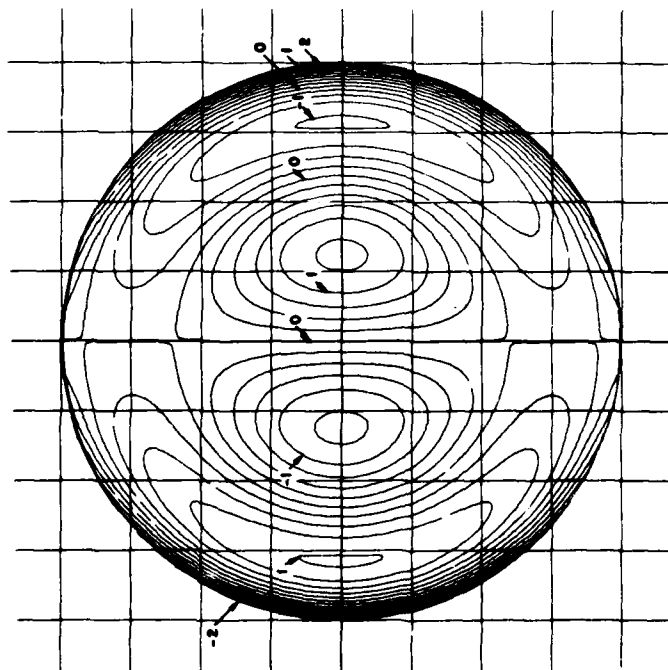
$k = 14, n = 4, m = 4$



INTENSITY

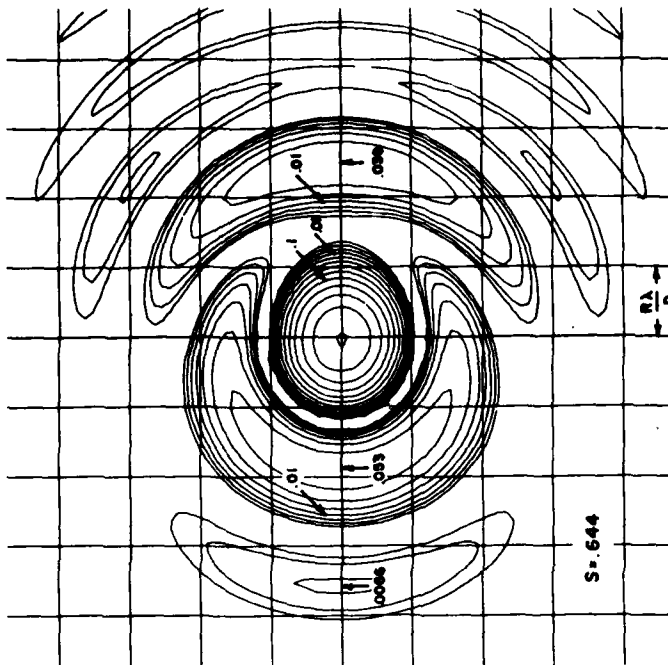
LUCKY CLOVER
(EIGHTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

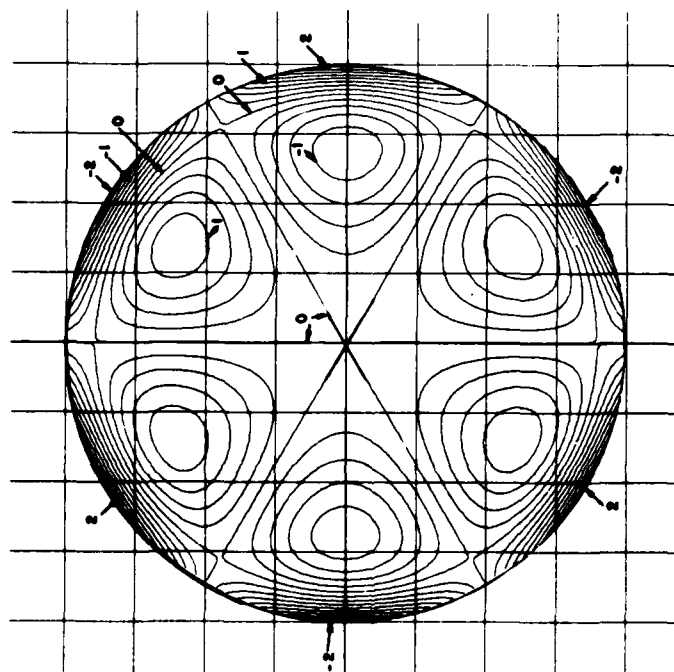
$k=16, n=5, m=1$



INTENSITY

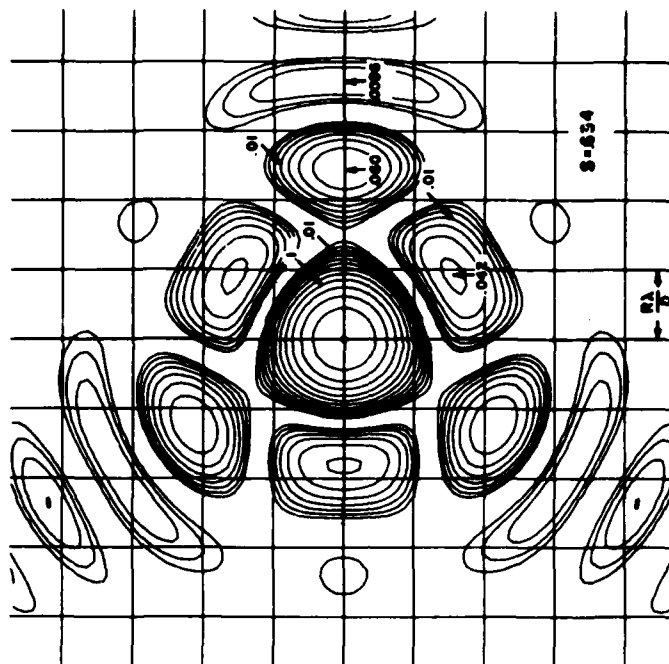
COMA
(SIXTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

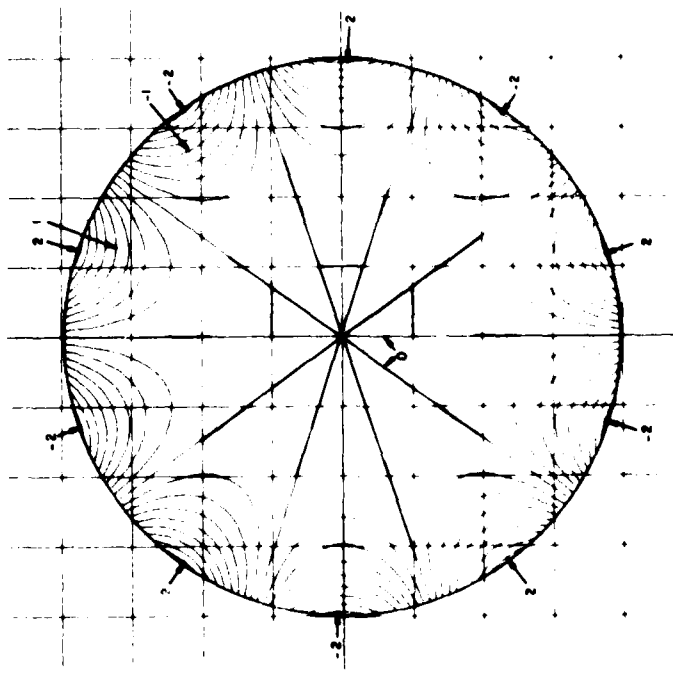
$k=18, n=5, m=3$



INTENSITY

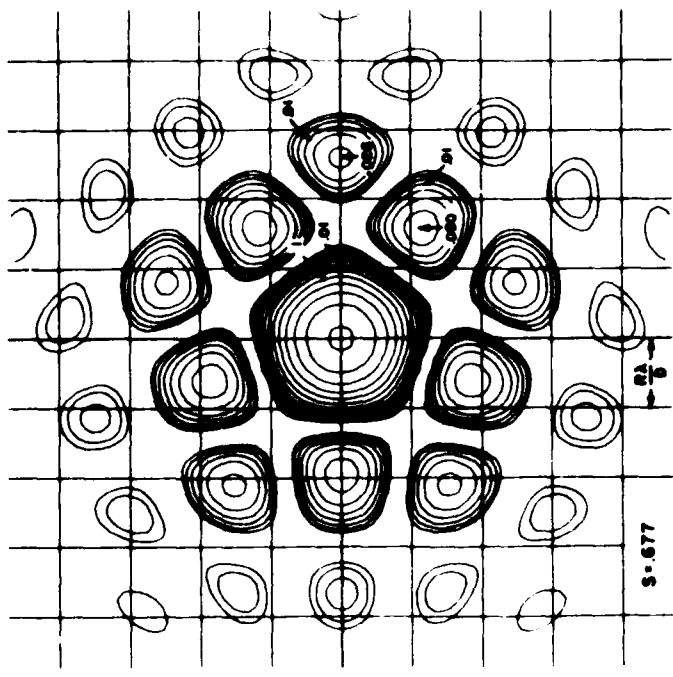
CLOVER
(EIGHTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

$k = 20, n = 5, m = 5$

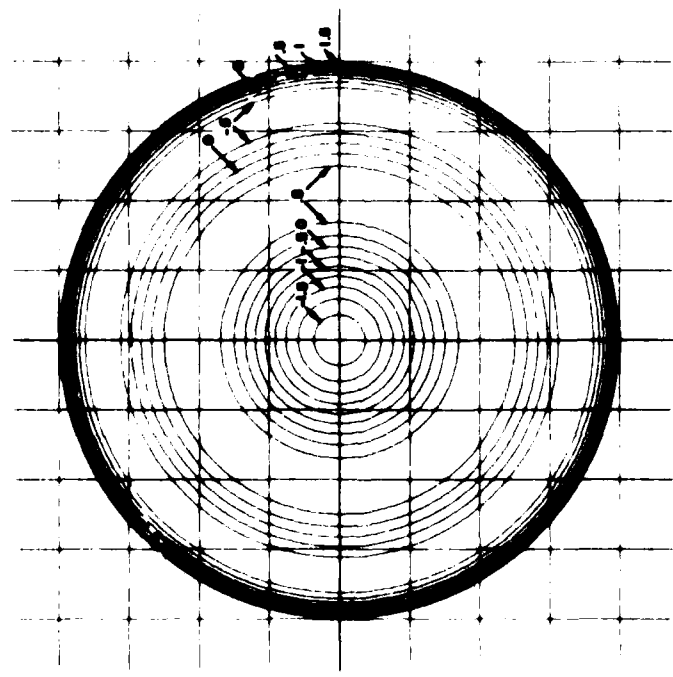


INTENSITY

ROSETTE
(TENTH ORDER)

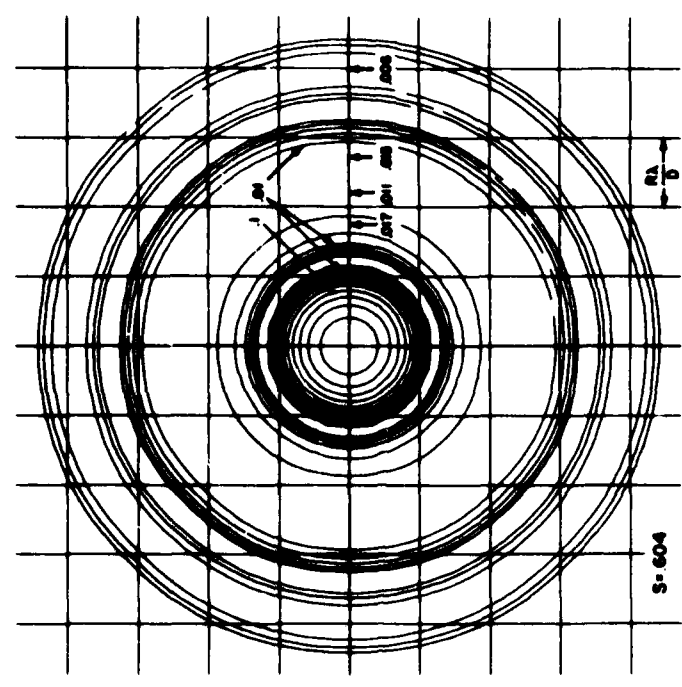
$S = 0.677$

TN 1980-42



PHASE

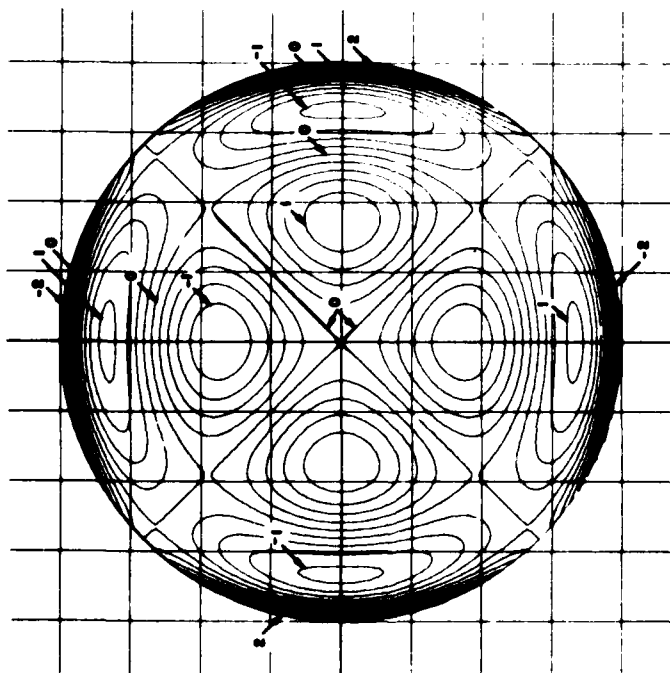
$k=22, n=6, m=0$



INTENSITY

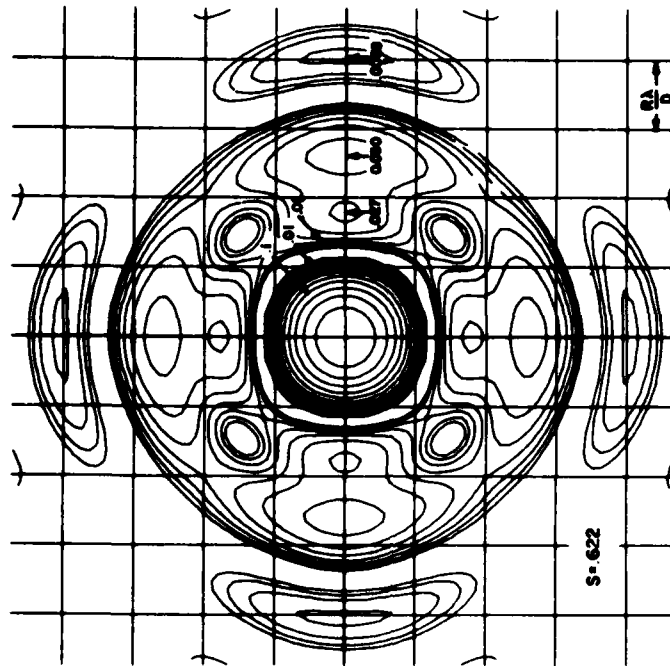
SPHERICAL ABERRATION
(SIXTH ORDER)

TM 1980-42



PHASE

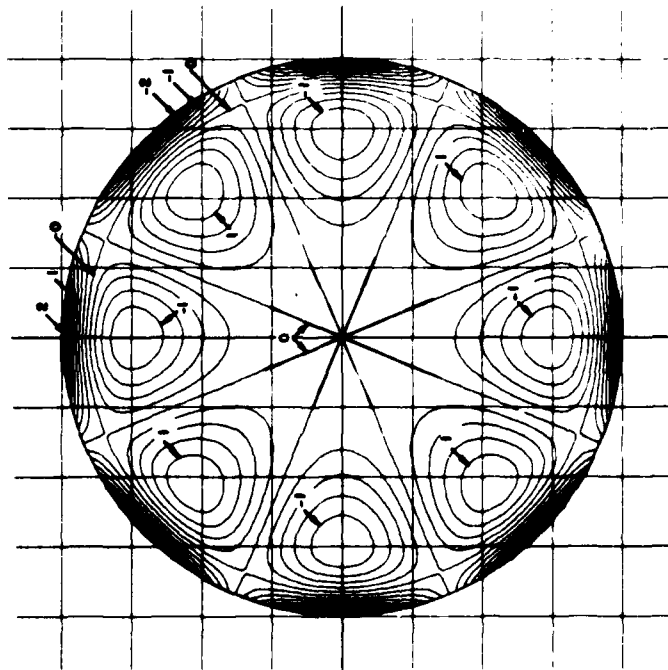
$k = 23, n = 6, m = 2$



INTENSITY
ASTIGMATISM
(EIGHTH ORDER)

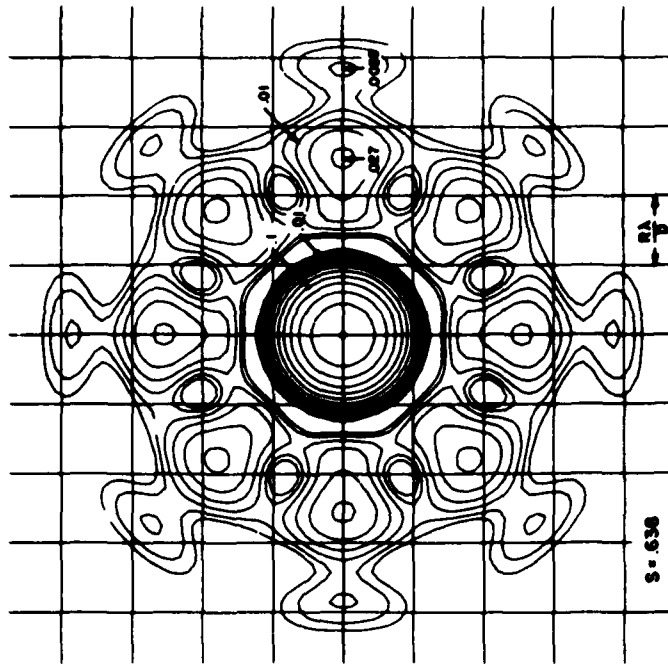
$S = 622$

TN 1980-42



PHASE

$k = 25, n = 6, m = 4$



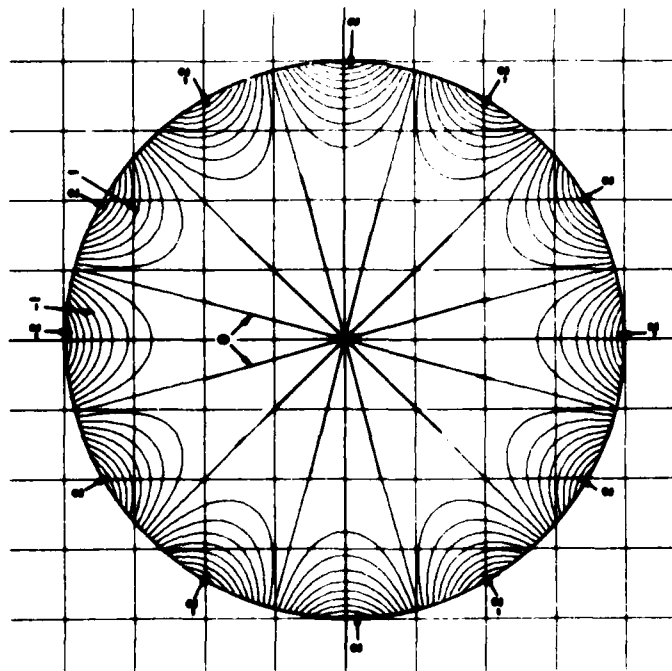
INTENSITY

LUCKY CLOVER
(TENTH ORDER)

$S = 636$

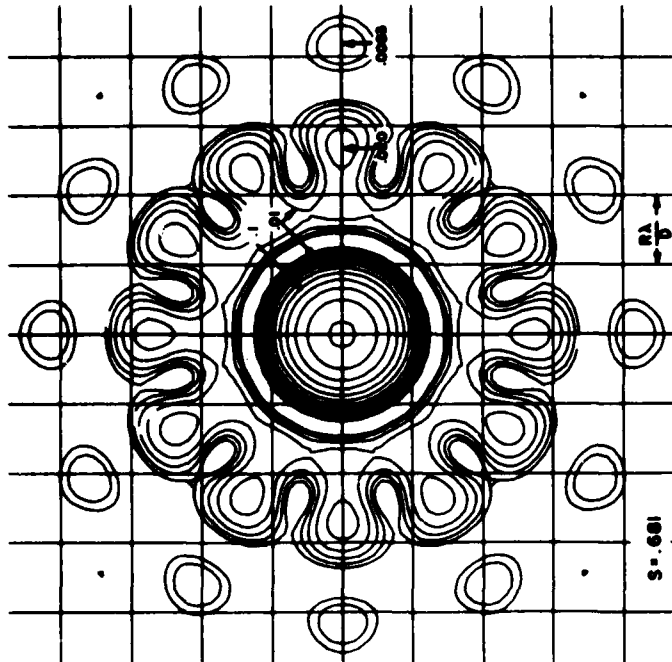
$\frac{2\pi}{S}$

TM 1980-42



PHASE

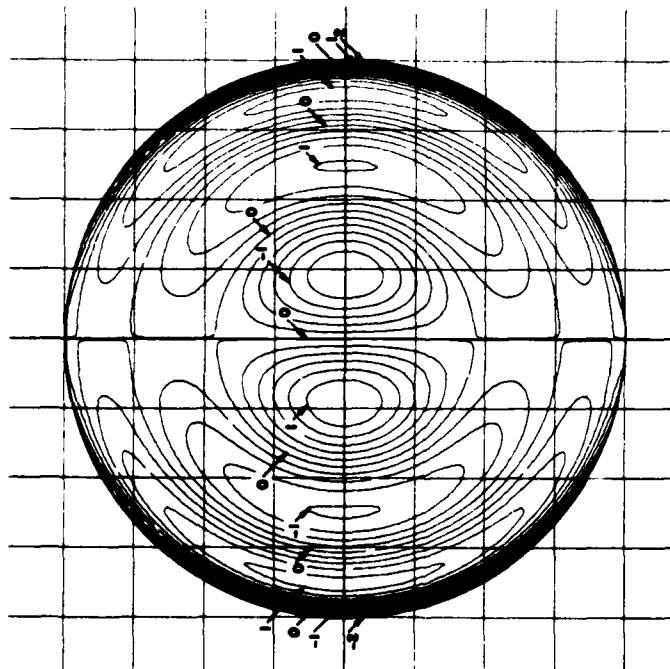
$k = 27, n = 6, m = 6$



INTENSITY

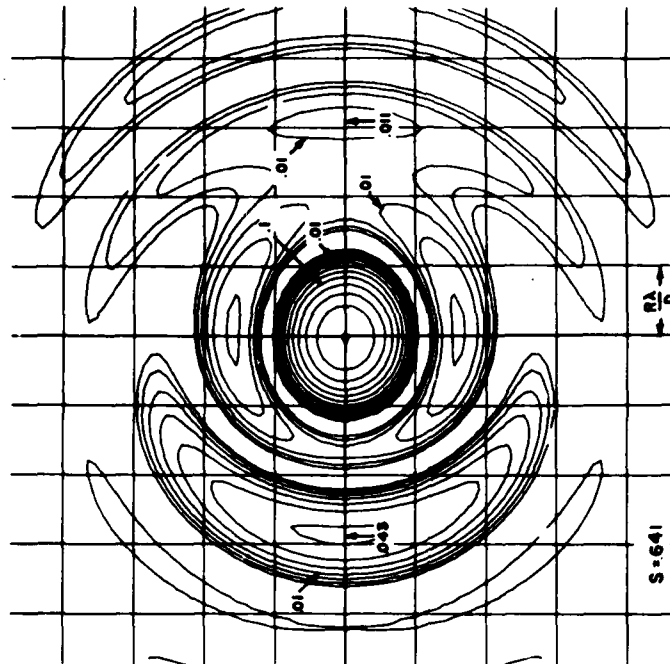
LILY
(TWELFTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

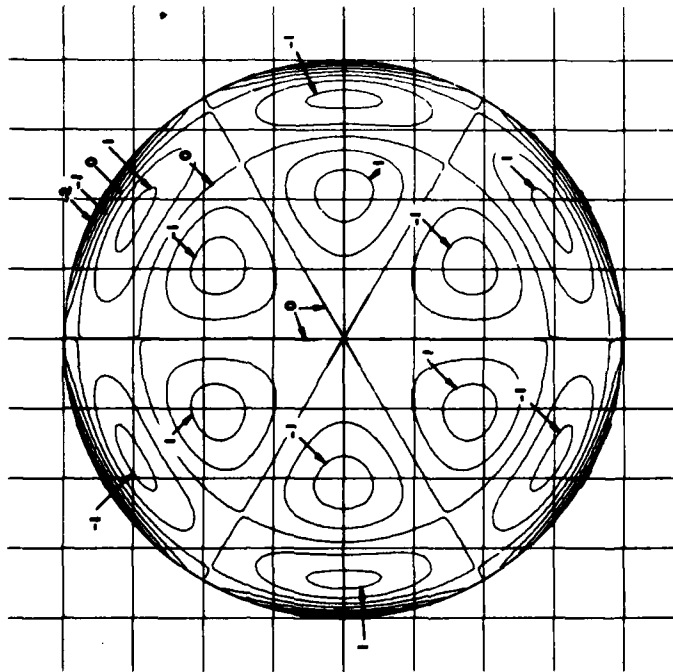
$k = 29, n = 7, m = 1$



INTENSITY

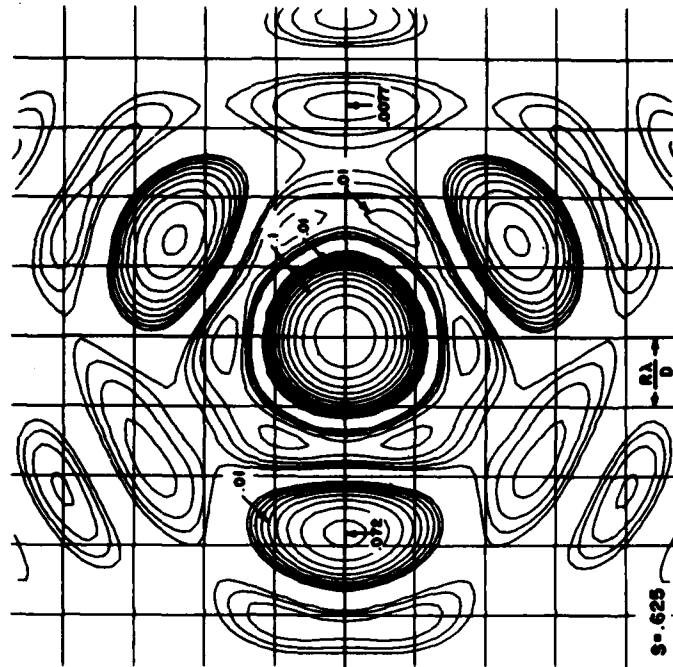
COMA
(EIGHTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



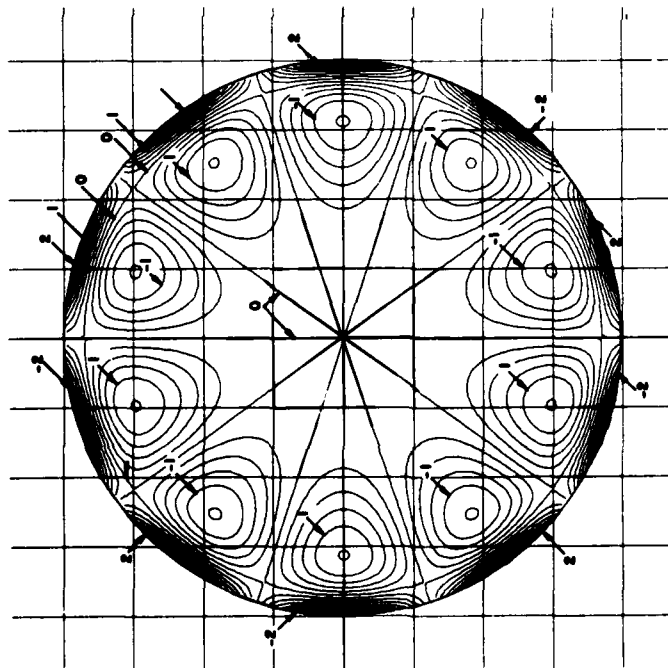
PHASE

$k = 31, n = 7, m = 3$



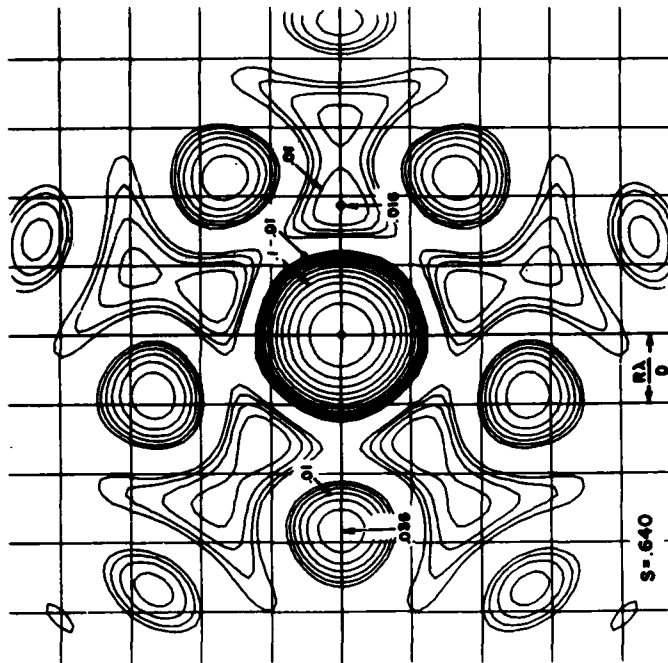
INTENSITY
CLOVER
(TENTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

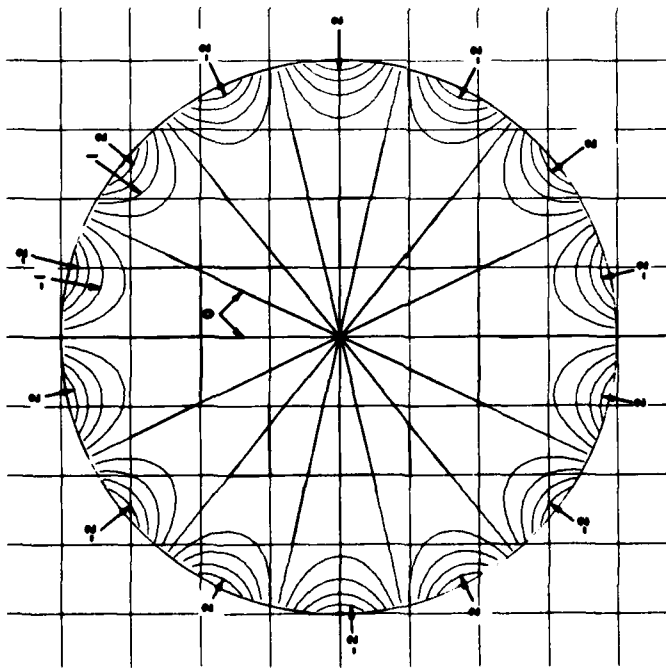
$k = 33, n = 7, m = 5$



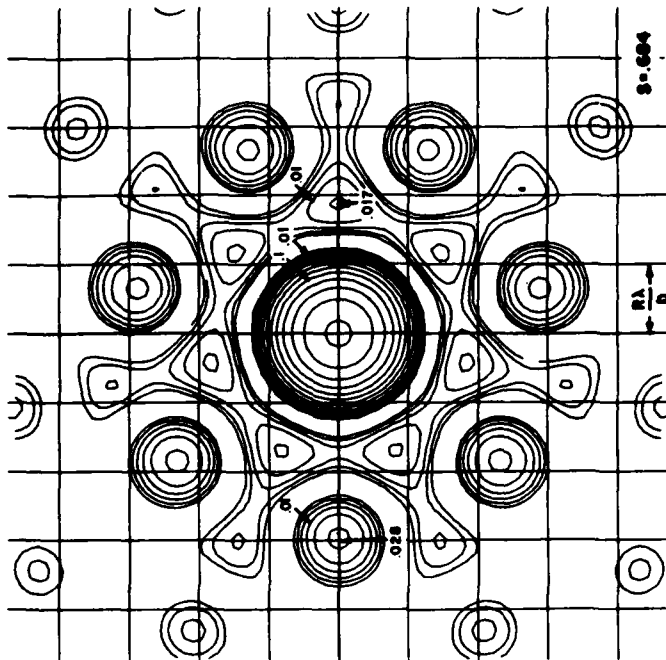
INTENSITY

ROSETTE
(TWELFTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



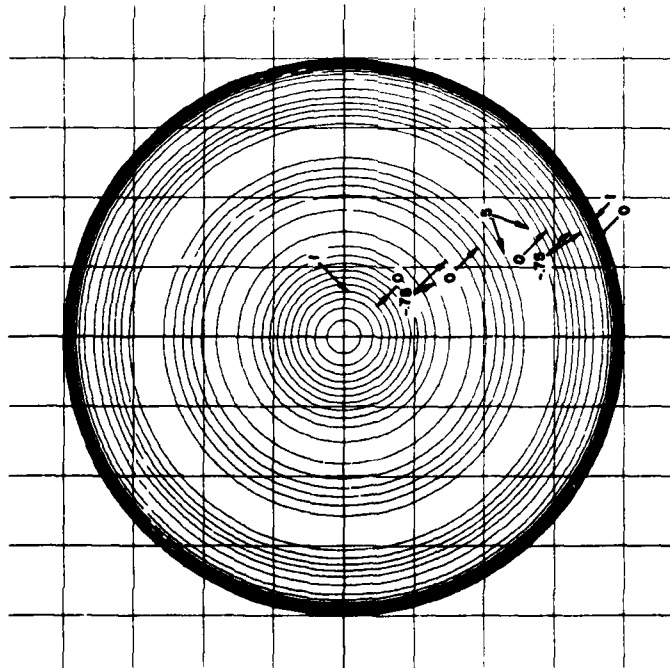
PHASE

 $k = 35, n = 7, m = 7$ 

INTENSITY

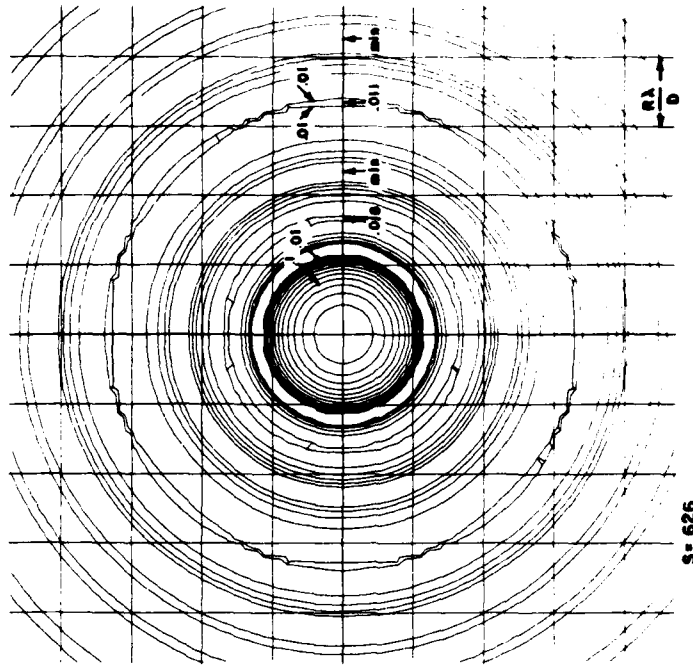
**SEVEN LEAF
(FOURTEENTH ORDER)**

TN 1980-42



PHASE

$k = 37, n = 8, m = 0$

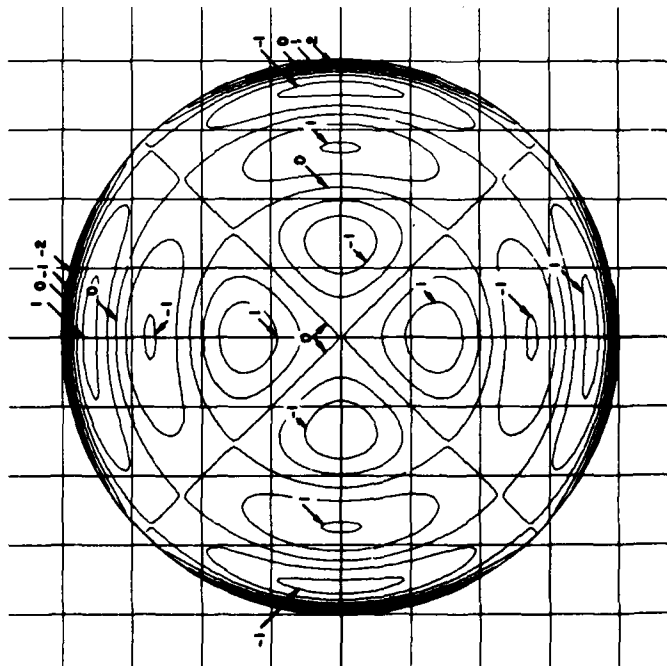


INTENSITY

SPHERICAL ABERRATION
(EIGHTH ORDER)

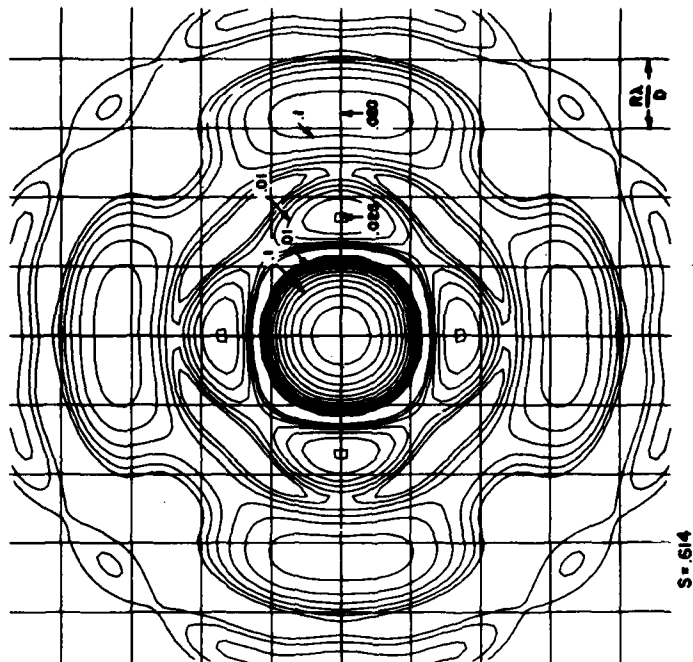
$s = 626$

TN 1980-42



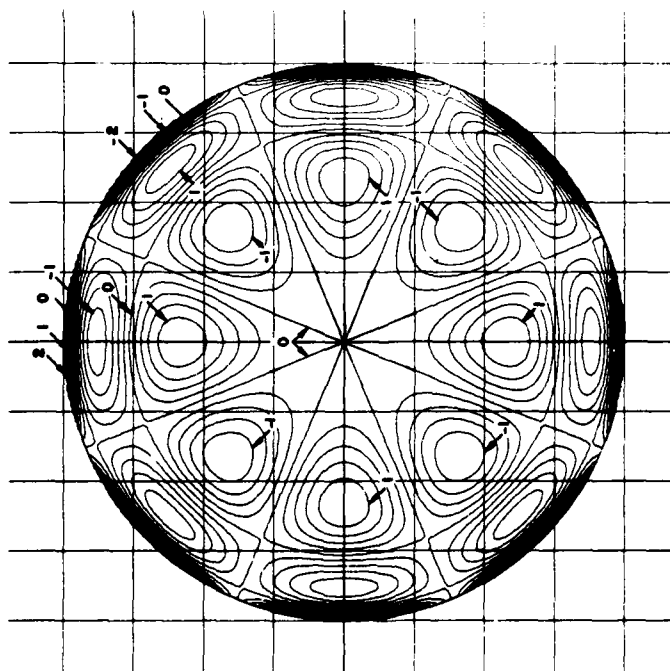
PHASE

$k=38, n=8, m=2$

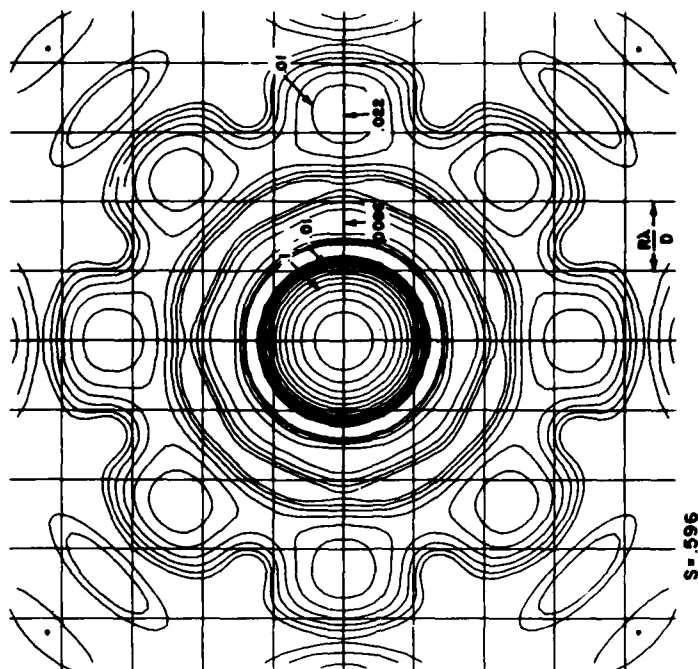


INTENSITY
ASTIGMATISM
(TENTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42

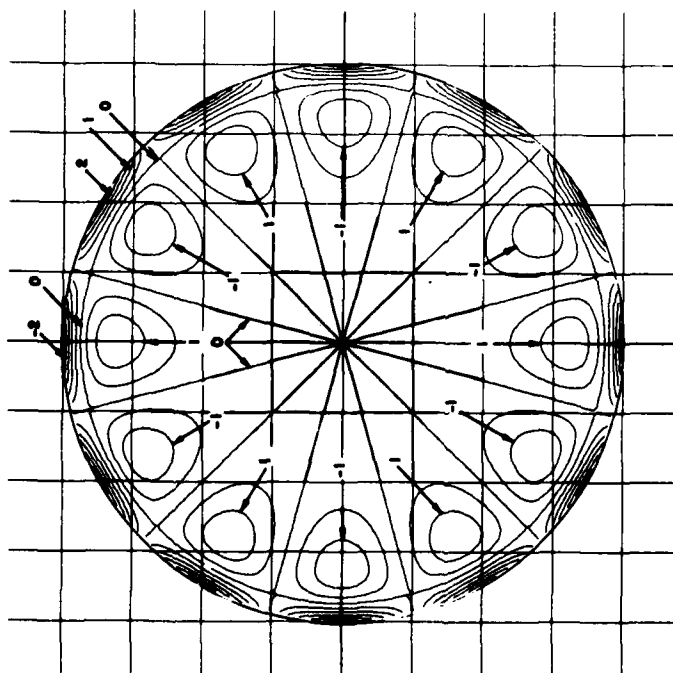


PHASE

 $k=40, n=8, m=4$ 

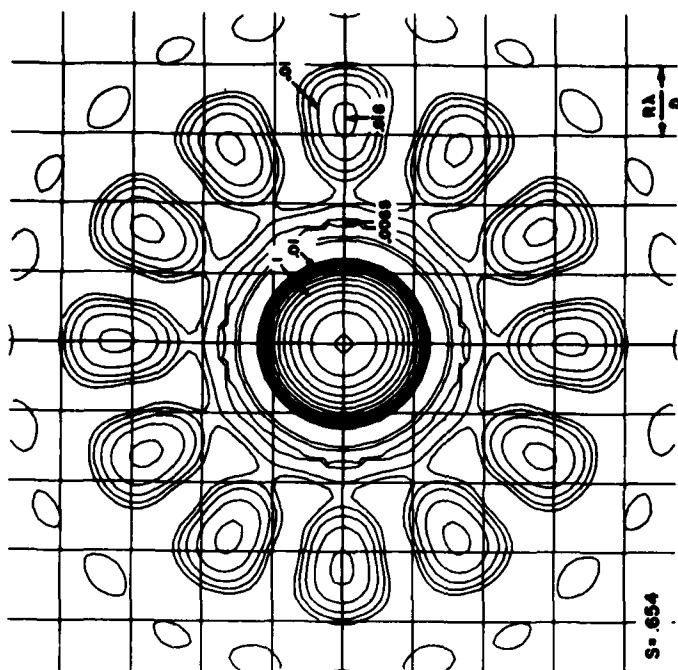
INTENSITY
LUCKY CLOVER
(TWELFTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

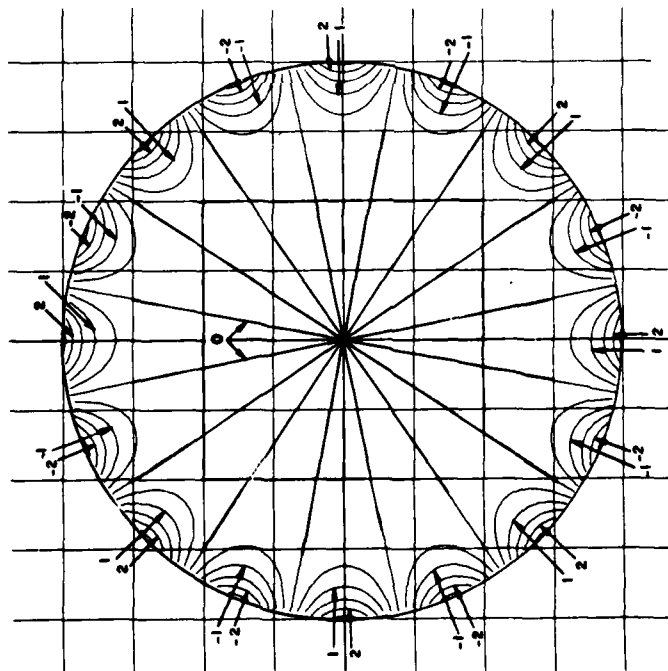
$k = 42, n = 8, m = 6$



INTENSITY

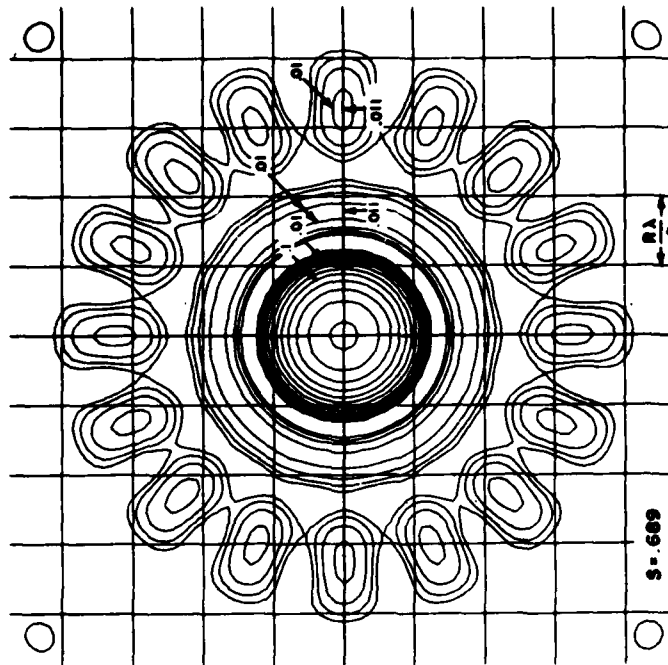
LILY
(FOURTEENTH ORDER)

TN 1980-42



PHASE

$k = 44, n = 8, m = 8$



INTENSITY

SPIDER
(SIXTEENTH ORDER)

3-589

$\frac{R\lambda}{b}$

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

19 REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER ESD-TR-80-188	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. AD-A093475	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) Zernike Aberrations and Their Far Field Intensities	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED 9) Technical Note	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER Technical Note 1980-42
7. AUTHOR(s) 10) Jan Herrmann	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s) 15) F19628-80-C-0082	
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Lincoln Laboratory, M.I.T. P.O. Box 73 Lexington, MA 02173	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS Program Element No. 63754N	
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Naval Sea Systems Command High Energy Laser Project Office Washington, DC 20362	12. REPORT DATE 11) 25 September 1980	13. NUMBER OF PAGES 30
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office) Electronic Systems Division Hanscom AFB Bedford, MA 01731	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified	15a. DECLASSIFICATION DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES None		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Zernike polynomials focal plane Fourier transform		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) We present in this report the phase of a wave front as described by the Zernike polynomials and the corresponding intensities in the focal plane.		

DD FORM 1473 EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE
1 JAN 73

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

207650

JK

ATE
ME