

AD-A102 617

CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA DEPT OF STATISTICS

F/G 12/1

TEXTBOOK ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE -- IS IT CORRECT?(U)

MAY 81 C BINGHAM, S E FIENBERG

N00014-80-C-0637

UNCLASSIFIED

TR-204

NL

1 of 1  
AD-A  
10-617

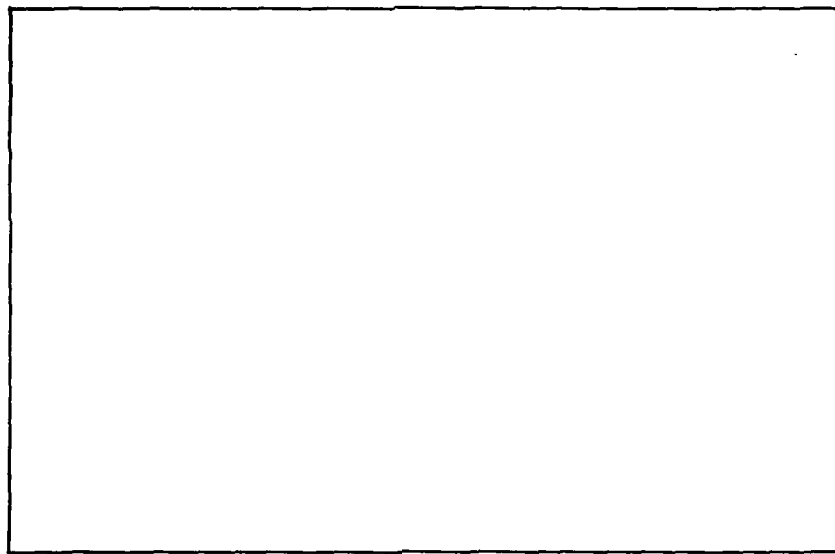


END  
DATE  
FILMED  
10-81  
DTIC

LEVEL

12

AD A102617



FILE COPY

DEPARTMENT  
OF  
STATISTICS

DTIC  
ELECTE  
AUG 10 1981

C

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

Approved for public release;  
Distribution Unlimited

Carnegie-Mellon University

PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15213

81 8 10 010

12

TEXTBOOK ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE,  
-- IS IT CORRECT?

Christopher Bingham\*

and

Stephen E. Fienberg\*\*

AUG 1 9 1981

Technical Report #204

May, 1981

\*Professor Bingham is affiliated with the Department of Applied Statistics, School of Statistics, University of Minnesota, St. Paul, MN 55108

\*\*Professor Fienberg is affiliated with the Departments of Statistics and Social Science, Carnegie-Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA 15213

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A  
Approved for public release;  
Distribution Unlimited

The preparation of this paper was partially supported by the Office of Naval Research Contract N00014-80-C-0637 at Carnegie-Mellon University. Reproduction in whole or in part is permitted for any purpose of the United States Government.

### Summary

For unbalanced Model I ANOVA data there is a controversy in the literature -- should the partial SS's be computed hierarchically or should they be computed after fitting all other model terms including higher-order interactions? A similar problem exists in the Model I analysis of covariance (ANCOVA), yet the usual prescription given in textbooks uses only the non-hierarchical approach. Using two classic examples of ANCOVA, this paper examines the two approaches to ANCOVA calculations.

|                    |                                            |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Accession For      |                                            |
| NTIS GRA&I         | <input checked="checked" type="checkbox"/> |
| DTIC TAB           | <input type="checkbox"/>                   |
| Unannounced        | <input type="checkbox"/>                   |
| Justification      |                                            |
| By                 |                                            |
| Distribution/      |                                            |
| Availability Codes |                                            |
| Avail and/or       |                                            |
| Dist               | Special                                    |
| A                  |                                            |

## 1. Introduction

In recent years much attention has been given to the question as to what is the correct method of analysis for data from an unbalanced Model I analysis of variance (ANOVA). A principal area of contention has been whether the SS to be used in the numerator of an F-test should be computed assuming higher-order interactions are zero, or whether it should be the partial sum of squares for the effect under test after fitting all other model terms including higher order interactions. Both approaches have their advocates. Of course, in the balanced ANOVA case there is no dispute, since the two approaches are equivalent there.

What does not seem to have been recognized, or at least clearly explicated in the literature and especially in textbook discussions, is that a question exists as to what is the correct method of analysis in the Model I analysis of covariance (ANCOVA), even in the case of a balanced design. Unless the covariate is itself "secretly balanced", its inclusion in the analysis automatically unbalances a balanced design. The choice of an appropriate method of analysis is (or should be) essentially the same for both the unbalanced Model I ANOVA and the Model I ANCOVA. How is the matter dealt with in textbooks?

The usual prescription given in textbooks for computing an adjusted sum of squares for one out of several sources of variation follows the classic prescription of Cochran (1957),

reproduced here in Table 1, and yields:

$$\begin{aligned} SS_{adj} &= [E_{yy} + T_{yy} - (E_{xy} + T_{xy})^2 / (E_{xx} + T_{xx})] - [E_{yy} - E_{xy}^2 / E_{xx}] \\ &= T_{yy} + E_{xy}^2 / E_{xx} - (E_{xy} + T_{xy})^2 / (E_{xx} + T_{xx}). \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

The first form of  $SS_{adj}$  is in the form of a difference of two residual SS, one excluding the effect, the other including it. It reveals that  $SS_{adj}$  is in fact a partial SS for the effect, after fitting all of the other terms in the unadjusted ANOVA including the corresponding interaction terms, i.e., the second approach mentioned above. In this paper we refer to an analysis based on such a prescription as the "textbook" analysis.

-- Table 1 goes about here --

If we were to write out the ANCOVA model for a design with at least two dimensions (sources of variation) as a regression model, omitting design variables corresponding to interaction terms, and then compute the SS for a specific source of variation, we would typically get a different answer -- one which corresponds to assuming that the higher-order interaction terms are zero, i.e., the first approach mentioned above. Here, we shall refer to such a SS calculation as being "hierarchical", as contrasted with the non-hierarchical nature of the "textbook" analysis. The hierarchical ANCOVA approach is notable for its absence from the major textbooks dealing with experimental design. However, in the balanced case it is no more computationally complex

than the textbook ANCOVA and in the unbalanced case may in fact be simpler. The adjusted SS for a main effect (effect lower in hierarchy than interactions) is

$$\begin{aligned}
 SS_{adj} &= [E_{yy} + I_{yy} + T_{yy} - \frac{(E_{xy} + I_{xy} + T_{xy})^2}{(E_{xx} + I_{xx} + T_{xx})}] - [E_{yy} + I_{yy} - \frac{(E_{xy} + I_{xy})^2}{(E_{xx} + I_{xx})}] \\
 &= T_{yy} + \frac{(E_{xy} + I_{xy})^2}{(E_{xx} + I_{xx})} - \frac{(E_{xy} + I_{xy} + T_{xy})^2}{(E_{xx} + I_{xx} + T_{xx})} \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

where  $I_{yy}$ ,  $I_{xy}$ ,  $I_{xx}$  are sums of interaction SS's (terms higher in hierarchy than  $T_{yy}$ , etc.)

In Section 2 we illustrate the two solutions to the ANCOVA calculations using two classic examples, one taken from the 2nd edition of the text by Cochran and Cox (1957), and the other (an unbalanced design) from Federer (1957), in the special Biometrics issue on ANCOVA. In Section 3 we comment on these and other textbook examples we have examined, make some related points regarding assumptions for ANCOVA calculations, and argue that those who oppose the non-hierarchical approach to unbalanced ANOVA, should also eschew it in the ANCOVA.

## 2. Two Examples

We begin with an example from Federer (1957), the data for which are included here in Table 2. The structure here is actually a one-way design with 5 treatments (levels) in randomized blocks with unequal replication within blocks. Federer's analysis treats this as a two-way design, keeping the block  $\times$  treatment interaction separate from the within block error and implicitly assuming the unweighted sums of the block effects and of the treatment effects are zero in defining interactions. Federer does not, however, test for blocks, and thus recognizes their special role. Our analysis parallels Federer's in both these regards.

-- Table 2 goes about here --

Federer's analysis is notable because he includes all of the SS's necessary to do both the textbook and hierarchical analyses in his Table 10, but he deliberately chooses to use the "textbook" analysis, testing treatment effects after eliminating blocks, interactions, and the covariate. The left-hand panel of Table 3 contains the relevant SS's from Federer (slightly corrected), and the middle panel contains his "textbook" analysis of treatment effects. His calculations yield

$$\begin{aligned} SS_{\text{adj}}(T) &= SS(T|B, T \times B, x) \\ &= 1606.67 + \frac{(6.00)^2}{4.00} - \frac{(367.33+6.00)^2}{(172.53+4.00)} \\ &= 826.14. \end{aligned}$$

The right-hand panel of Table 3 contains the "hierarchical" analysis for which



$$\begin{aligned}
SS_{adj}(T) &= SS(T|B,x) \\
&= 1320.96 + \frac{(139.80+6.00)^2}{(89.47+4.00)} \\
&\quad - \frac{(303.81+139.80+6.00)^2}{(136.12+89.47+4.00)} \\
&= 667.91.
\end{aligned}$$

(As we would expect the line for the interaction term is the same in both analyses.) The F-ratio for treatments in the "textbook" approach is 3.60 which falls just below  $F_{.10}(4,4) = 4.11$ , while the F value in the "hierarchical" analysis, 2.91, is closer to  $F_{.25}(4,4) = 2.06$ , than to the 0.10 value. Here, the two solutions differ sufficiently to make a difference in the conclusions that might be drawn.

-- Table 3 goes about here --

Our second example is the primary illustration of ANCOVA in Cochran and Cox (1957). The data are given there in Table 3.1, p. 46, and come from an experiment in 4 blocks of 12 plots each. Four fumigants were used at dosage levels 0, 1, and 2 in each block, and thus in each block we have 4 controls, 1 plot of each fumigant at level 1, and 1 plot of each at level 2. The model used in Cochran and Cox's ANOVA analysis in Table 3.5 can be written as

$$\begin{aligned}
y_{ijk} = & \mu + B_k + \alpha_1(j-1) + \alpha_2(j-1)^2 + \beta_{1i}(j-1) \\
& + \beta_{2i}(j-1)^2 + \epsilon_{ijk}
\end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

where

$B_k$  is the block effect,  $i$  indexes the fumigants,  $j$  indexes level, and

$$\beta_{\ell 1} + \beta_{\ell 2} + \beta_{\ell 3} + \beta_{\ell 4} = 0 \quad (4)$$

for  $\ell = 1, 2$ . The response  $y$  is the number of eelworm cysts in a sample of 400 grams of soil. The covariate used by Cochran and Cox in their analysis of covariance on pp. 84-86 is the count for a sample of 400 grams of soil before fumigation.

What makes this example of some interest is that Cochran and Cox use orthogonal polynomial contrasts to partition the treatment SS appropriately for the hypotheses of interest. These are implicitly determined in a particular order in which  $(j-1)$  is made orthogonal to the constant and  $(j-1)^2$  is made orthogonal to the constant and  $(j-1)$ . Given these contrasts there is no dispute as to how one should compute the ANOVA table corresponding to the model in expression (3). Once we add the covariate the model becomes

$$\begin{aligned} y_{ijk} = & \mu + B_k + \alpha_1(j-1) + \alpha_2(j-1)^2 + \beta_{1i}(j-1) \\ & + \beta_{2i}(j-1)^2 + \gamma(x_{ijk} - \bar{x}) + \epsilon_{ijk} \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

and one would hope that the ANCOVA adjusted SS's retain the orthogonality of the original analysis. Sadly, the introduction of the covariate destroys the orthogonality.

In the left-hand panel of Table 4 we give the basic sum of squares and products from Cochran and Cox's Table 3.9;

in the middle panel we give their "textbook" analysis values of  $SS_{adj}$  and  $F$  for each line. Finally, in the right-hand panel we give the hierarchical analysis.

-- Table 4 goes about here --

The two analyses in this example would likely lead to the same conclusions -- the linear and linear  $\times$  fumigant effects seem important ("significant"), but the quadratic and quadratic  $\times$  fumigant effects are much less so. The calculations do differ, however, and in some settings the difference between an  $F$ -value of 1.47 and one of 1.88 (with 1 and 35 d.f.) might matter to someone.

We find this second example especially instructive because it serves to remind us that "nice" single degree of freedom contrasts and interactions in an ANOVA may become nontrivial to deal with if we wish to adjust for a covariate.

### 3. Discussion

In the previous two sections we have noted that the controversy surrounding the calculation of SS's in unbalanced Model I ANOVA should carry over to Model I ANCOVA, even in the balanced case. Yet among those textbooks that we have examined (e.g., Bliss, 1970; Rao, 1973; Steel and Torrie, 1960) which include a presentation of analysis of covariance beyond the simple one-way case, we have found only examples of the non-hierarchical approach which use the formula for  $SS_{adj}$  given in expression (1).

We find the dominance of this non-hierarchical approach to ANCOVA in textbooks puzzling, because many of these books adopt (or at least discuss) hierarchical analyses in Model I ANOVA. There is a sense in which this dominance should be surprising because the ANCOVA model is itself the product of "hierarchical thinking". The basic ANCOVA model includes only a single regression coefficient for the covariate, and this assumes the absence of treatment  $\times$  covariate interactions. Indeed, it is via the simple 1 d.f. adjustment that ANCOVA gains its strength. A completely consistent non-hierarchical approach to ANCOVA would adjust for treatment  $\times$  covariate interactions as well. This would differ from both the "textbook" and the "hierarchical" approaches described here.

How much of a difference might we expect to find between the "textbook" and "hierarchical" approaches? In those examples which we have examined the difference between them

is usually not great. We have found examples (e.g., Bliss, 1970, pp. 510ff) in which the analysis differ drastically, but they have exhibited substantial interaction, in which case the hierarchical main effect test is meaningless. The two examples in Section 2 are as dramatic as any others we have encountered where interaction is not present. Yet, such differences are of the same order of magnitude as those between the "textbook" F-values, and those calculated by doing an ANOVA of  $y - \hat{\gamma}x$  (see Cochran and Cox, 1957; p. 87). Table 5 lists the 3 sets of F-values for their example analyzed here in Table 4. If we go to the trouble of doing the "correct" analysis, instead of doing an ANOVA on  $y - \hat{\gamma}x$ , then perhaps we should worry a little about whether we should do the "textbook" or the "hierarchical" analysis.

Although we have not carefully examined the standard computing packages to see how they handle this problem, it is our impression that most of the detailed ANCOVA programs for balanced layouts use the "textbook" formula, while the more general ANCOVA programs do a regression-like approach. In the latter case ANCOVA output will be of the textbook (non-hierarchical) or hierarchical form depending on which approach the package uses for its regression ANOVA table. Since there are some programs that report both hierarchical and non-hierarchical SS's, they have the ability to produce both types of ANCOVA calculations.

-- Table 5 goes about here --

Our purpose here has not been to advocate the hierarchical approach to ANCOVA calculations, although it is the one we favor. Rather we have tried to point out what we believe to be an anomaly in the standard textbook treatment of ANCOVA that disguises the fact that there should be some controversy over what is the correct method in the Model I ANCOVA, even in the balanced case. Thus, those who oppose the non-hierarchical approach in the case of unbalanced ANOVA, should also eschew it in the analysis of covariance.

Table 1.

(a) Table 1 from Cochran (1957) Showing Sums of Squares and Products for ANCOVA

|            | D. f.         | ( $x^2$ ) | ( $xy$ ) | ( $y^2$ ) |
|------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Treatments | ( $t - 1$ )   | $T_{xx}$  | $T_{xy}$ | $T_{yy}$  |
| Error      | $f_e$         | $E_{xx}$  | $E_{xy}$ | $E_{yy}$  |
| Sum        | $t - 1 + f_e$ | $S_{xx}$  | $S_{xy}$ | $S_{yy}$  |

(b) Table 2 from Cochran (1957) Showing Partition of  $E_{xx}$  and  $S_{xx}$  Into Components

|                             | (y')     | Regression |                   | Deviations    |                                              | M. s.   |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------|---------|
|                             |          | D. f.      | S. s.             | D. f.         | S. s.                                        |         |
| Error                       | $E_{xx}$ | 1          | $E_{yy}^2/E_{xx}$ | $f_e - 1$     | $E_{yy} - E_{yy}^2/E_{xx}$                   | $s_e^2$ |
| Sum                         | $S_{xx}$ | 1          | $S_{yy}^2/S_{xx}$ | $t + f_e - 2$ | $S_{yy} - S_{yy}^2/S_{xx}$                   |         |
| Treatments (by subtraction) |          |            |                   | $t - 1$       | $T_{yy} - S_{yy}^2/S_{xx} + E_{yy}^2/E_{xx}$ | $s_t^2$ |

Table 2. Example from Federer (1957; Table 9, p. 356)

| NUMBER OF SALABLE FLOWERS (ROSES), $Y_{ij}$ , OPENED IN ONE MONTH<br>(APRIL) AND LOCATION ON GREENHOUSE BENCH, $X_{ij}$ —7/15 PLANTING. |          |                             |     |     |     |          |                             |     |     |     |          |          |          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|
| Treatment                                                                                                                               | Rep. I   |                             |     |     |     | Rep. II  |                             |     |     |     | Total    |          |          |
|                                                                                                                                         | $n_{i1}$ | $Y$                         | $X$ | $Y$ | $X$ | $n_{i2}$ | $Y$                         | $X$ | $Y$ | $X$ | $n_{i.}$ | $Y_{i.}$ | $X_{i.}$ |
| 1                                                                                                                                       | 1        | 102                         | 15  | —   | —   | 2        | 71                          | 10  | 79  | 11  | 3        | 252      | 36       |
| 2                                                                                                                                       | 2        | 84                          | 9   | 81  | 7   | 1        | 76                          | 14  | —   | —   | 3        | 241      | 30       |
| 3                                                                                                                                       | 2        | 67                          | 5   | 83  | 4   | 1        | 74                          | 2   | —   | —   | 3        | 224      | 11       |
| 4                                                                                                                                       | 1        | 71                          | 11  | —   | —   | 2        | 51                          | 4   | 63  | 5   | 3        | 185      | 20       |
| 5                                                                                                                                       | 1        | 53                          | 2   | —   | —   | 2        | 63                          | 8   | 61  | 7   | 3        | 177      | 17       |
| Total                                                                                                                                   | 7        | $Y_{..} = 541; X_{..} = 53$ |     |     |     | 8        | $Y_{..} = 535; X_{..} = 61$ |     |     |     | 15       | 1079     | 114      |



Table 3. Analyses of Data from Table 2

| Source of Variation                                                | df | Sum of Squares<br>( $x^2$ ) | Products<br>( $xy$ ) | ( $y^2$ ) | Textbook Analysis<br>SS <sub>adj</sub> | F    | Hierarchical Analysis<br>SS <sub>adj</sub> | F    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------|------|
| Blocks (B)                                                         | 1  | 0.01                        | -2.01                | 376.00    | *                                      |      | *                                          |      |
| Treatment Eliminating<br>Blocks (T B)                              | 4  | 136.12                      | 303.81               | 1320.96   | -                                      |      | 667.91                                     | 2.91 |
| Treatment Eliminating<br>Blocks and Inter-<br>Action (T B, B×T)    | 4  | 172.53                      | 367.33               | 1606.67   | 826.14                                 | 3.60 | -                                          |      |
| Interaction Elimina-<br>ting Blocks and<br>Treatment<br>(B×T B, T) | 4  | 89.47                       | 139.80               | 491.47    | 273.03                                 | 1.19 | 273.03                                     | 1.19 |
| Within                                                             | 5  | 4.00                        | 6.00                 | 238.50    | 229.50                                 |      |                                            |      |
| Total                                                              | 14 | 229.60                      | 447.60               | 2426.93   |                                        |      |                                            |      |

\* Federer computes no covariance adjusted block SS. The "textbook" analysis yields  $SS(B|T, B \times T, x) = 156.74$ , while the hierarchical analysis yields  $SS(B|T, x) = 175.47$ .

Table 4. Analysis of Covariance for Data in Cochran and Cox (1957), Table 3.1, Including Values Reported in Tables 3.9 and 3.12

| Source of Variation  | df | Sum of Squares and Products |         |                   | Textbook Analysis |       | Hierarchical Analysis |       |
|----------------------|----|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|
|                      |    | (x <sup>2</sup> )           | (xy)    | (y <sup>2</sup> ) | SS <sub>adj</sub> | F     | SS <sub>adj</sub>     | F     |
| Blocks               | 3  | 159,618                     | 175,873 | 289,427           | 110,057*          |       | 110,057*              |       |
| Treatments           | 8  |                             |         |                   |                   |       |                       |       |
| Linear               | 1  | 3,081                       | -13,276 | 57,207            | 103,465           | 14.51 | 95,321                | 13.37 |
| Quadratic            | 1  | 2,204                       | 8,285   | 31,140            | 10,474            | 1.47  | 13,405                | 1.88  |
| Linear × Fumigant    | 3  | 22,975                      | -6,837  | 43,408            | 107,966           | 5.05  | 108,768               | 5.08  |
| Quadratic × Fumigant | 3  | 882                         | 2,606   | 25,693            | 19,699            | 0.92  | 19,699                | 0.92  |
| Error                | 36 | 121,408                     | 189,278 | 544,690           | 249,601           |       |                       |       |
| Total                | 47 | 310,168                     | 355,929 | 991,565           |                   |       |                       |       |

\*This is SS(blocks|treatment,x) in both cases.

Table 5. F-Values for Components in Table 4

| Source of Variation      | df | F-Values                       |          |              |
|--------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----------|--------------|
|                          |    | ANOVA<br>on<br>$y - \hat{y}_x$ | Textbook | Hierarchical |
| Linear                   | 1  | 14.88                          | 14.51    | 13.37        |
| Quadratic                | 1  | 1.50                           | 1.47     | 1.88         |
| Differences in Linear    | 3  | 5.64                           | 5.05     | 5.08         |
| Differences in Quadratic | 3  | 0.92                           | 0.92     | 0.92         |
| Error                    | 35 |                                |          |              |

## REFERENCES

- Bliss, C.I. (1970), Statistics in Biology, Volume II. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- Cochran, Wm. G. (1957), Analysis of covariance: its nature and uses. Biometrics 13, 261-281.
- Cochran, Wm. G. and Cox, G.M. (1967), Experimental Designs (2nd edition). New York: Wiley.
- Federer, W.T. (1967), Variance and covariance analyses for unbalanced classifications. Biometrics 13, 333-362.
- Rao, C.R. (1973), Linear Statistical Inference and Its Applications (2nd edition). New York: Wiley.
- Steel, R.G.D. and Torrie, J.H. (1960), Principles and Procedures of Statistics. New York: McGraw-Hill.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

| REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                | READ INSTRUCTIONS<br>BEFORE COMPLETING FORM |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 1. REPORT NUMBER                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.                                          | 3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER               |
| Technical Report #204 ✓                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | AD-A102                                                        | 617                                         |
| 4. TITLE (and Subtitle)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED                             |                                             |
| TEXTBOOK ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE -- IS IT<br>CORRECT?                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | To May, 1981                                                   |                                             |
| 7. AUTHOR(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER                               |                                             |
| Christopher Bingham<br>Stephen E. Fienberg                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | TR #204                                                        |                                             |
| 9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)                                 |                                             |
| Department of Statistics<br>Carnegie-Mellon University<br>Pittsburgh, PA 15213                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | N00014-80-C-0637 ✓                                             |                                             |
| 11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK<br>AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS |                                             |
| Contracts Office<br>Carnegie-Mellon University<br>Pittsburgh, PA 15213                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                |                                             |
| 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 12. REPORT DATE                                                |                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 13. NUMBER OF PAGES                                            |                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 18                                                             |                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)                           |                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Unclassified                                                   |                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 16. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING<br>SCHEDULE                   |                                             |
| 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                |                                             |
| APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                |                                             |
| 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                |                                             |
| 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                |                                             |
| 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                |                                             |
| Hierarchical analysis, covariance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                |                                             |
| 20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                |                                             |
| <p>For unbalanced Model I ANOVA data there is a controversy in the literature -- should the partial SS's be computed hierarchically or should they be computed after fitting all other model terms including higher-order interactions? A similar problem exists in the Model I analysis of covariance (ANCOVA), yet the usual prescription given in textbooks uses only the non-hierarchical approach. Using two classic examples of ANCOVA, this paper examines the two approaches to ANCOVA calculations.</p> |                                                                |                                             |

DD FORM 1473  
1 JAN 73EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE  
S/N 0102-LF-014-6-01

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)