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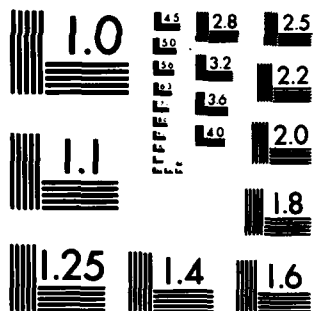
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DSP1, A DIFFRACTOMETER SUBROUTINE PACKAGE FOR PDP-8 COMPUTERS

CHRISTOPHER B. WALKER
METALS RESEARCH DIVISION

November 1983

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ABSTRACT

This report describes a package of subroutines and short programs which, when used in conjunction with the floating point package, FPPI, can control a single crystal X-ray diffractometer in a variety of easily modified experiments.

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INTRODUCTION

The AMMRC diffractometer subroutine package, DSP1, was developed to allow a PDP-8 computer with a 4K memory to control a 4-axis X-ray diffractometer in a variety of step scan and integrated intensity measurements in the AMMRC program of materials research. It is used in conjunction with the AMMRC floating point package, FPPI, described in detail in AMMRC TR 83-47, which it uses for all calculations, input, and output. The general functions of DSP1 include storage and retrieval of scan parameters, conversion of reciprocal space coordinates (for cubic systems) into shaft angle settings, anti-backlash shaft positioning, and fixed time/fixed count X-ray counting (with dead time correction), plus bookkeeping and manipulation to repeat measurements for scans with either one (1-D) or two (2-D) sets of increments. It is composed of 40 subroutines ranging from simple wait loops to complex operations, with the addresses of 31 of these listed on page 0 for easy access, plus a minimal interrupt routine. It also includes a few examples of programs for standard types of measurements. The DSP1 package occupies 978 words of memory, thus, DSP1 and FPPI together occupy 2079 words, leaving approximately half the 4K memory available for data storage and other programming. As with FPPI, linkages for multiple field operations are left to users with more experience in extended memory systems.

We shall first summarize the particular diffractometer and computer interface characteristics and instructions that are reflected in this package. Next, we describe the function and use of each subroutine, taken roughly in order of increasing complexity. We then consider the examples of standard programs, outlining their use in some detail. Finally, after a few other comments, we include a complete PAL III pass 3 listing of the assembled package.

HARDWARE AND IOT SPECIFICS

The diffractometer axes are driven by Slo-Syn stepping motors which have step intervals of $.005^\circ$ for the 2θ , Ω , and X rotations and $.01^\circ$ for the ϕ rotation. These intervals are reflected in the conversion constants stored at 4745 ff.

The output pulses from the single channel pulse height analyzer of the X-ray detection electronics are counted in the computer through a data break arrangement that increments memory location 0037. There are no hardware provisions to clear 0037 or to detect its overflow. The time constant for count-rate dead time corrections, DDTAU (3672), has been approximated as 4.0μ sec; it should be measured accurately for the particular system. The counting circuit and the internal clock are both gated by the same 'Enable' flip-flop.

The internal clock is based on a crystal-controlled clock operating at a frequency of 9.600 kHz. When its gate is enabled, that clock output is scaled by a 5-bit binary scaler to yield 300 pulses per second to set the clock flag. If the Interrupt is on, setting the clock flag causes a program interrupt, and control branches to the interrupt routine to identify the set flag and carry out the operations planned for that situation.

1. WALKER, C. B. *FPPI, A Floating Point Package for PDP-8 Computers*. Army Materials and Mechanics Research Center, AMMRC TR 83-47, August 1983.

The external counter/timer unit is started and stopped by the same 'Enable' flip-flop that controls the internal clock and counting gates. It is reset by a separate signal.

The teletype (TTY) motor can be turned off and on by a program-controlled relay to avoid overheating during long runs.

The program commands, called IOT instructions, that are provided to use this hardware are as follows:

- 6311 - Skip the next instruction if the clock flag is not set.
- 6312 - Clear the clock scaler and clock flag, and turn ON the clock/count 'Enable' flip-flop.
- 6314 - Turn OFF the clock/count 'Enable' flip-flop.
- 6316 - Clear the clock scaler and clock flag, and turn OFF the clock/count 'Enable' flip-flop.
- 6321 - Increase the 2θ setting one step.
- 6322 - Decrease the 2θ setting one step.
- 6324 - Increase the Ω setting one step.
- 6331 - Decrease the Ω setting one step.
- 6332 - Increase the χ setting one step.
- 6334 - Decrease the χ setting one step.
- 6341 - Increase the φ setting one step.
- 6342 - Decrease the φ setting one step.
- 6344 - Reset the external counter/timer unit.
- 6351 - Turn OFF the teletype motor.
- 6352 - Turn ON the teletype motor.
- 6354 - Unused.

Turning on the computer power establishes the following initial states: the clock/count 'Enable' flip-flop is turned OFF; the clock scaler and clock flag are cleared; the teletype motor is turned ON; and the Interrupt is turned OFF.

SUBROUTINES

The description of each DSP1 subroutine includes its name, a parenthesized Z if its address is listed on page 0, its address, and a brief discussion of its function and usage, as follows:

- WAIT (5345) - Do nothing for 2311 machine cycles, $\sim .0035$ sec. Used, for example, to establish the pulse rate to the stepping motors.
- PAWS (5354) - Pause for N wait loops, where -N is in the AC on entry.
- TTYOF(Z) (5171) - Turn off TTY motor; pause ~ 1 sec before exit.
- TTYON(Z) (5362) - Turn on TTY motor; pause ~ 1 sec before exit.
- SFRMT(Z) (5062) - Set the standard output format: F8.3, with no automatic following carriage return/line feed.
- FCMIN (4714) - Set FAC to $\sim 2^{-128}$; used to avoid division problems when FAC = 0.
- ARCSIN (4721) - Calculate \sin^{-1} (FAC), and leave the result (limited to the range, $\pm \frac{\pi}{2}$) in FAC. If FAC > 1 on entry, set FAC to $\sim 2^{+565}$ so the angle will be ignored as exceeding diffractometer limits.

- TRICR(Z) (5000) - Tricrement (i.e., add three to) locations V1 and V2; used in manipulating a series of sequentially stored 3-word floating point numbers.
- DO3A(Z) (5114) - Do the program between JMS DO3A and JMS DO3B three times,
DO3B(Z) (5122) - tricrementing V1 and V2 after each pass. V2 must be preset before entry; V1 may be either preset (then AC = 0) or carried in AC on entry to DO3A. These delimit a 3-cycle DO loop for operations on 3 sequentially stored variables, e.g., vector components.
- READA(Z) (5011) - Input an angle (in deg) which is converted to motor steps with the multiplier at the address in V2 and stored at the address in V1; V1 and V2 are tricrementated before exit.
- TYPEA(Z) (5025) - Output the angle (in deg) stored at the address in V1, after conversion from motor steps using the multiplier at the address in V2; V1 and V2 are tricrementated before exit.
- RSTAS(Z) (4210) - Input (in deg) a set of angles - 2θ , χ , ϕ - which are converted to motor steps and stored in consecutive (floating point word) locations, with the address of the first either preset in V1 (so AC = 0) or carried in AC on entry.
- READV(Z) (5130) - Input vector components (3), which are stored consecutively, with the address of the first (the vector address) either preset in V1 (so AC = 0) or carried in AC on entry.
- SHFTV(Z) (5140) - Get the vector (3 components) with the vector address in V2 and store it at the vector address in V1.
- TYPEV(Z) (5150) - Output the components of the vector with the vector address in V1.
- ADDV(Z) (5160) - Add the vector with the vector address in V1 to the vector with the vector address in V2 and store the resultant vector at the vector address in V1.
- MPYV (4671) - Form the scalar product of the vectors with the vector addresses in V1 and V2, and leave the result in FAC.
- MPYVH (4707) - Form the scalar product of the vector with the vector address in V1 and the diffraction vector H (vector address: 4532), and leave the result in FAC.
- TYPEX(Z) (4000) - If the vector address of the diffraction vector H is in AC on entry, output the components of H; if the address of 2θ is in AC on entry, output (in deg) the set of angles: 2θ , χ , ϕ . Any unwanted angle output may be suppressed by changing the appropriate "4526" instruction to "4521."
- TYCPS(Z) (5073) - Output the corrected count rate, CPS (3700), in counts/sec.
- TYCNT(Z) (5102) - Output the measured counts stored in HICNT, LOCNT (3676, 3677) in integer format I8; then reset for standard format.
- RCOMI(Z) (4200) - Input an integer <4096 and exit with its complement in AC.
- CTLMT(Z) (4173) - Input a preset count limit (in units of 4096), an integer not to exceed 2047. This limit will apply to all the scans in a programmed series of measurements.
- TMLMT(Z) (3707) - Input a preset time limit (in sec) which is converted to scaled clock pulses and stored at the address in V1. Each scan in a programmed series has its own preset time limit.
- DFLMT(Z) (5036) - Input (in deg) the set of diffractometer angle limits - $2\theta_{upper}$, $2\theta_{lower}$, χ_{upper} , χ_{lower} - which are converted and stored as THU (5232), etc.

XTAL(Z) (4400) - First, input the Miller indices specifying the direction in the single crystal of the vector \mathbf{N} parallel to the φ axis of rotation ($\mathbf{N} \parallel \mathbf{H}$ when $\chi = 0$); next, input the Miller indices specifying the direction of the vector \mathbf{P} perpendicular up from the diffraction plane when $\chi = \varphi = 0$. These are normalized and stored, along with the derived components of the 3rd orthogonal vector, $\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{N}$. Input, finally, the value of $\lambda/2a_0$, where λ is the X-ray wavelength and a_0 is the unit cell edge. This routine, and the routine ANGLE discussed next, are used to calculate the 2θ , χ , and φ settings for a given position of the diffraction vector \mathbf{H} in reciprocal space. They apply only to crystals with cubic symmetry.

ANGLE(Z) (4600) - Calculate, convert to motor steps, and store the set of angles - 2θ , χ , φ - for a given diffraction vector \mathbf{H} and the crystal specifics entered with XTAL using the algorithms:

$$2\theta = 2 \sin^{-1}(|\mathbf{H}|\lambda/2a_0) \quad \varphi = - \tan^{-1}(H_t/H_p)$$

$$\chi = \text{sgn}(H_p) \tan^{-1}[(H_t^2 + H_p^2)^{1/2}/H_n]$$

\mathbf{H} and its components along \mathbf{N} , \mathbf{T} , and \mathbf{P} are all in units of a_0^{-1} .

LIMIT(Z) (5200) - Test whether 2θ and χ are within the specified diffractometer angle limits. If either angle is outside its limits, exit the subroutine normally; if both are within their limits, exit to the second instruction after the subroutine call.

MOVE (5272) - Change a specified angle by N motor steps, where the integer N is in HORD, LORD (0045, 0046) on entry. If $N < 0$, a 40-step overrun and runback is added so that the final motion is towards increasing angle, as an anti-backlash provision. The address of the IOT instruction to decrease that angle one step is in LIMIT (5200) on entry. Rotation is at a constant rate, ~ 280 steps/sec, without initial or final ramping.

RUNOVR (5332) - Add -40 to the integer in HORD, LORD; used in MOVE above.

STEP(Z) (5246) - Move (anti-backlash) the three diffractometer angles from their current settings, stored in TTHO ff, to their new settings, stored in TTH ff. The angles changed are those whose IOT step instructions are the first three pairs of entries in the table beginning at 5370.

CNTADD (3727) - Update the count stored in HICNT, LOCNT by transferring the contents of the data break counter, DBCNTR (0037), to LOCNT and incrementing HICNT if the new LOCNT number is smaller than the previous one (i.e., DBCNTR has overflowed). When updating is done at each clock interrupt, missed overflows should occur only for count rates $\sim 10^6$ counts/sec, and at such rates dead time losses are already prohibitively large.

COUNT(Z) (3600) - Count X-ray pulses (using CNTADD) up to the preset time or preset count limit, whichever is first, and calculate and store in CPS the X-ray count rate corrected for dead time losses. This uses the interrupt routine, changing the response address to select the actions appropriate to the begin, run, and stop phases as needed. This is the only use of the interrupt facility in this package.

- CLEAR(Z) (3717)** - Clear various flags and registers identified in the PAL III listing. This is a first step in most programs.
- BASIC(Z) (4163)** - This block routine incorporates the following routines needed at the start of most measurements: clear flags and registers; input diffractometer angle limits; input the current diffractometer angle settings; input the preset count limit; and set the standard output format.
- INDTS(Z) (4222)** - This block routine handles input and storage of the data defining the various 1-D or 2-D scans in a desired series of measurements. Input, first, the number of scans in the series. For each scan in turn, input its preset time limit, the three initial settings (angles or components of **H**, depending on the type of scan), the increments for each variable in a scan step, and the number of such steps. For 2-D scans, input also the second increments for each variable, and the number of these second steps. A switch address, SWADD (4257), is preset to treat the data as angles or as components of **H**; all the scans in a series must be of that same type. If 2-D scans are involved, for which AC = 7777 on entry, the data for all scans must have the 2-D format; in this case, a real 1-D scan is achieved by having 1 as the second step number. These data are stored sequentially in two series; namely, the floating point numbers in locations 1600 thru 3477 and the integers in 3500 thru 3577 (see STOREZ, ISTORZ, and COUNT). That storage is sufficient for a series of 32 2-D scans or 45 1-D scans.
- GTNDS(Z) (4262)** - Bring the data defining the next scan to be run in the series from storage to the appropriate active program locations. Retrieves data stored by INDTS.
- SCNET(Z) (4321)** - This block routine carries out the complete programmed series of step scan measurements. The data defining a scan are retrieved, and for each point on that scan, the diffractometer angles are calculated and positioned, the X-ray intensity is measured for the preset time (or preset count), and the results are typed out. This is repeated for each of the programmed scans. The output at each point consists of the three variables (angles or components of **H**, as per scan type), the measured count, and the count rate (counts/sec) corrected for dead time. In angle scans, any unwanted angle typout may be suppressed by a program change as discussed in TYPEX, but note that this suppression applies to all of the scans in the series.
- SCINT(Z) (4020)** - This block routine carries out a complete programmed series of integrated intensity scan measurements. These are 2-D angle-type scans similar to those of SCNET, but, for each second increment step, the measured count rate (corrected for dead time) is summed over all points in the set of first increment steps, and the single line of output for that pass consists of its three initial angle settings (unwanted typouts suppressed as discussed above) and its integrated corrected count rate, I. By presetting ANGX (4153) and PPRX (4154) to refer to an angle A given a significant second increment, an average value of A is also calculated at the end of the scan; a final line of output gives, first, a sum of the products, (I-B)*A, over all second increment steps, then a sum of I-B over all such steps, and

finally, from their quotient, the average value of A/B is a preset integrated background cutoff; the quantities $(I-B)$ for any second step are included in the calculations only if $(I-B) > 0$.

STANDARD PROGRAMS

Complete programs of four different types have been included in this package for both their usefulness for standard measurements and calculations and as examples of how to program using DSPI.

Program I, with Start Address (SA) = 0312, calculates the angles, 2θ , χ , and φ , that correspond to a given diffraction vector H for a cubic crystal of specified orientation and $\lambda/2a_0$. It is used, for example, to calculate the angles at various checkpoints to verify the accuracy of diffractometer angle settings during a series of measurements. One enters first the crystal specifications: the components of H and P and the constant, $\lambda/2a_0$ (see XTAL). Then input of any set of components of H (in units of a_0^{-1}) gives rise to output of the corresponding values for 2θ , χ , and φ (in deg), in that order, and the program jumps back to await the next vector H . As an illustration, we consider a crystal with $[111]$ parallel to the φ axis, $[\bar{2}11]$ up vertical to the diffraction plane when $\chi = \varphi = 0$, and with $\lambda/2a_0 = 0.23858$, and we want the angles corresponding to the vector, $(H_1, H_2, H_3) = (2.25, 2.25, 1.25)$. The TTY printout could look as follows:

```

1 1 1  -2 1 1  0.23858,
2.25 2.25 1.25  109.300  -13.818  60.000

```

where \downarrow indicates input of the non-printing character, carriage return.

The three programs involving intensity measurements all begin with the same initialization, JMS I BASICZ, in which one first enters the set of diffractometer angle limits ($2\theta_u, 2\theta_l, \chi_u, \chi_l$), then the current diffractometer angle settings ($2\theta_0, \chi_0, \varphi_0$), and finally, the preset count limit. The angles are in degrees, and the preset count is in units of 4096 counts. A typical TTY printout of this initialization, with carriage returns to improve appearance, might look as follows:

```

160. 5. 16. -55,
120. 0. 0,
100,

```

Program II carries out step scan measurements with three angles as variables. These may be either 1-D scans (e.g., scans with a given $\Delta 2\theta$), for which SA = 0330, or 2-D scans (e.g., scans with a given $\Delta 2\theta$, repeated with χ incremented by $\Delta\chi$), for which SA = 0323; the different Start Addresses allow registers and switches to be preset without manual intervention. After initialization, INDTS is used to enter the scan data - the number of scans in the series, and for each scan, the preset time, the initial angle settings, the first angle increments, the number of such steps, and for 2-D scans, the second angle increments, and the number of these second steps; preset times are in seconds, and angles are in degrees. The routine SCNET carries out the programmed series of measurements, outputting for each point

the three diffractometer angles (in deg) (see IYPEX for the suppression of unwanted angle typouts), the measured count, and the count rate (counts/sec) corrected for dead time. The program then halts at 0340. The three angles controlled by this program are those whose negative and positive IOT step instructions are stored as pairs in locations 5370 thru 5375, given here as the standard set, 2Δ , χ , and ϕ . If program control of Ω is needed, its pair of IOT instructions (now in 5376, 5377) must be substituted manually for one of the other pairs (if Ω replaces ϕ , one must also change the number in 4753 from 0015 to 0016), and one must remember afterwards to reestablish the standard set expected in other programs. As an illustration, a TTY printout of the data input after initialization for a 2 θ step scan from 97 $^\circ$ to 103 $^\circ$ in .05 $^\circ$ intervals, with 10-second counts at each point, bracketed by 100-second background counts at the start and finish, could look as follows:

```

3,
100.  97.  0 0  0 0 0 1,
      10.  97.  0 0 .05 0 0 121,
100. 103.  0 0  0 0 0 1,

```

The present data storage (see INDTS) will allow a series of up to 15 such background/scan/background sets. A double space separates the output of each separate scan. A single space would separate the output for each second increment step in a 2-D scan.

Program III is similar to program II, except that the variables are the components of H (in units of a_0^{-1}) rather than the three angles. One can run a series of 1-D scans (linear scans in reciprocal space), for which SA = 0351, or a series of 2-D scans (points on planar nets), for which SA = 0343. After initialization, one first enters the crystal specifications (see program I above); next, INDTS is used to enter the scan data - the number of scans in the series, and for each scan, the preset time, the initial vector components (H_1, H_2, H_3), the component increments in step 1, the number of such steps, and for 2-D scans, the component increments for step 2, and the number of those second steps. The routine SCNET then carries out the series of measurements, outputting for each point the vector components (H_1, H_2, H_3), the measured count, and the count rate (counts/sec) corrected for dead time. The program then halts at 0362. As an illustration, the TTY printout of the data input after initialization for a 2-D rectangular net scan in the (110) plane containing the (222) reciprocal lattice point for the crystal specified in program I, with 30-second counts at each point, could look as follows:

```

1 1 1  -2 1 1  0.23858,
1,
30.  2.05  1.90  1.90  .01 .01 .01 11  -.02 01 .01 11,

```

The net intervals here are .01[111] and .01[$\bar{2}$ 11].

Program IV carries out integrated intensity scans with three angles as variables. These are 2-D type scans as in program II, but for each second increment step the corrected count rate is summed over all points in the set of first increment steps. This is used, for example, to determine lattice parameters from

single crystal reflections. After initialization, INDTS is used to enter the scan data - the number of scans in the series, and for each scan in turn, the preset time, the initial angle settings, the angle increments for step 1, the number of such steps, the angle increments for step 2, and the number of these second steps. Finally, an estimate of an integrated background rate, B, is entered. The routine SCINT then carries out the series of measurements, outputting for each step 2 in a scan its three initial angle settings (see TYPEX for the suppression of unwanted angle typouts) and its integrated count rate, I, with a final line after each scan giving first a sum of products, $(I-B)*A$, over all step 2, next a sum of $(I-B)$, over all step 2, and then, from their quotient, an average value for A, where A is a preselected angle given a significant second increment (see SCINT). After all scans are completed the program halts at 0376. The integrated background, B, is a cutoff value [the quantities $(I-B)$ are included in the calculations only if $(I-B)>0$] that applies to all scans in the series, thus, the actual backgrounds for all the scans in a series should be similar if this is to be useful. The TTY printout of the data input after initialization differs from a 2-D program II printout only by one final entry, B, so an illustration is unnecessary.

DISCUSSION

DSPI was developed to control a 4-axis X-ray diffractometer in a variety of diffuse-scattering and integrated-intensity measurements on single crystal samples where only three axes are actually under program control at any one time. Control of the usual three axes - 2θ , χ , and ϕ - was sufficient for most of this work, and the changes to include Ω in the controlled set in place of one of the others could easily be made by hand; consequently, we have not tried to extend the routines further. DSPI can also control a variety of experiments on an X-ray powder diffractometer (e.g., line profiles), though for such cases one surely can produce a significantly smaller control package of comparable effectiveness by eliminating the several routines and quantities appropriate just to single crystal work.

The stepping of each axis from one position to the next is done at a constant rate, ~ 280 steps/sec (i.e., 1.4 deg/sec for 2θ , χ , or Ω , and 2.8 deg/sec for ϕ), with no gradual acceleration at the start or deceleration at the finish (i.e., ramping). Spot checks of angle positions during and after runs over several days in our experiments showed that the Slo-Syn motors were able to respond at that rate without errors. The loading of the various axes here was not large, so if heavy loads (e.g., cryostats) are to be driven, one should recheck this point.

The DSPI programming is all on a single level, with no attempt to exploit the computer interrupt feature to carry out two tasks "simultaneously," such as calculations and pulse counting. As the package is now arranged, almost all of the time during pulse counting periods is spent idling (jumping in place), waiting for the next clock flag interrupt. That time could be used for other tasks by more sophisticated programming, with a possible increase in the effective dead time as the only anticipated drawback. In our uses, the non-counting time has been such a small fraction of the total run time that there has been no incentive to try that approach, but in experiments involving shorter measurements or longer calculations, it could offer a significant improvement.

The present package has reserved locations 1600 thru 3577 for storage of scan data. This leaves more than 700 locations in a 4K memory that are not used or reserved by DSP1 and FPPI and that are available for further data storage or for program additions and improvements. The user is urged to regard this package as a flexible tool, to which additions and modifications should be made freely to fit changing needs and as a rewarding educational exercise.

/DIFFRACTOMETER SUBROUTINE PACKAGE - AMMRC DSP1

12 JULY 1983

/THIS IS A COLLECTION OF SUBROUTINES TO SIMPLIFY
 /WRITING PROGRAMS TO CONTROL A THREE-AXIS X-RAY
 /DIFFRACTOMETER. IT USES THE AMMRC FPPI FLOATING
 /POINT PACKAGE. THE INTERRUPT ROUTINE INCLUDED IS
 /JUST A BARE MINIMUM. A FEW EXAMPLES OF PROGRAMS
 /FOR STANDARD OPERATIONS ARE INCLUDED.

```

/
/
*0001
0001 3032      DCA ACSAVE
0002 5433      JMP I INIP1
0003 6312      CUI2, 6312      /CLEAR CLOCK FLAG
0004 1032      CUI1, 1AD ACSAVE
0005 6001      ION
0006 5400      JMP I 0
0007 7000      7000

*0015
0015 0000      AUI1, 0

*0032
0032 0000      ACSAVE, 0
0033 0200      INIPT, INIR1
0034 0003      CLOCK, CUI2
0035 0000      V1, 0
0036 0000      V2, 0
0037 0000      DBCNR, 0      /DATA BREAK COUNTER
0040 0000      EX1, 0      /AMMRC FPPI USES 0007, 0015,
0041 0000      AC1H, 0      /AND 0040 THROUGH 0064.
0042 0000      AC1L, 0
0043 0000      OVER1, 0
0044 0000      EXP, 0
0045 0000      MCRD, 0
0046 0000      LCRD, 0
0047 0000      OVER2, 0
0050 0000      QJOL, 0
0051 0000      LOC1, 0
0052 0000      LOC2, 0
0053 0000      LCC3, 0
0054 0003      NDEC, 0003
0055 0010      NDIG, 0010
0056 0027      NBRX, 0027
0057 0000      NBRH1, 0
0060 0000      NBRLO, 0
0061 7777      SWI11, 7777
0062 7370      READ, 7370
0063 7172      TYPE, 7172
0064 5724      CRLF, 5724
0065 4532      HIZ, HI      /KEY WORD, STORAGE ADDRESSES
0066 3500      ISTOREZ, 3500
0067 1600      STOREZ, 1600
  
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0070	5370	I1HNPZ,	I1HNP
0071	4756	I1HZ,	I1H
0072	4767	I1H0Z,	I1H0
0073	5160	ADDVZ,	ADDV
0074	4600	ANGLEZ,	ANGLE
0075	4163	BASICZ,	BASIC
0076	3717	CLEARZ,	CLEAR
0077	3600	COUNIZ,	COUINI
0100	4173	CILMIZ,	CILMI
0101	5036	DFLMIZ,	DFLMI
0102	5114	DO3AZ,	DO3A
0103	5122	DO3BZ,	DO3B
0104	4262	GINDSZ,	GINDS
0105	4222	INDISZ,	INDIS
0106	5200	LIMITZ,	LIMIT
0107	4200	RCOMIZ,	RCOMI
0110	5011	READAZ,	READA
0111	5130	READVZ,	READV
0112	4210	RSTASZ,	RSTAS
0113	4020	SCINIZ,	SCINI
0114	4321	SCNEIZ,	SCNEI
0115	5062	SFRMIZ,	SFRMI
0116	5140	SHPVZ,	SHPV
0117	5246	STEPZ,	STEP
0120	3707	TMLMIZ,	TMLMI
0121	5000	TRICKZ,	TRICK
0122	5171	TIYCFZ,	TIYCF
0123	5362	TIYONZ,	TIYON
0124	5102	IYCNIZ,	IYCNI
0125	5073	IYCPSZ,	IYCPS
0126	5025	IYPEAZ,	IYPEA
0127	5150	IYPEVZ,	IYPEV
0130	4000	IYPEXZ,	IYPEX
0131	4400	XTALZ,	XTAL

/SUBROUTINE ADDRESSES

0200	6311	ININT,	6311	/SKIP IF NO CLOCK FLAG
0201	5434		JMP I CLOCK	
0202	6031		KSF	/SKIP IF READER FLAG SET
0203	7410		SKP	
0204	4462		JMS I READ	
0205	6042		ICF	
0206	5004		JMP OUT	

/PROGRAM EXAMPLES

		*0312		/CALCULATE 3-AXIS ANGLES
0312	4476		JMS I CLEARZ	
0313	4531		JMS I XTALZ	
0314	1065		IAD HIZ	
0315	4511		JMS I READVZ	
0316	4474	SCNITH,	JMS I ANGLEZ	
0317	1071		IAD I1HZ	

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0320 4530      JMS I TYPEXZ
0321 4464      JMS I CRLF
0322 5314      JMP SCNT1H-2
/
/SCAN BY ANGLE INCREMENTS
0323 4475      JMS I BASICZ      /2-D SCAN START
0324 1112      TAD RSTIASZ
0325 3741      DCA I SWADD1
0326 7040      CMA
0327 5333      JMP .+4
0330 4475      JMS I BASICZ      /1-D SCAN START
0331 1112      TAD RSTIASZ
0332 3741      DCA I SWADD1
0333 4505      JMS I INDISZ
0334 1007      TAD 0007
0335 3742      DCA I SWADD2
0336 1071      TAD 11HZ
0337 4514      JMS I SCNETZ
0340 7402      HLI
0341 4257      SWADD1, SWADD
0342 4334      SWADD2, SCN11
/
/SCAN BY RECIPROCAL SPACE VECTOR INCREMENTS
0343 4475      JMS I BASICZ      /2-D SCAN START
0344 4531      JMS I XTALZ
0345 1111      TAD READVZ
0346 3741      DCA I SWADD1
0347 7040      CMA
0350 5355      JMP .+5
0351 4475      JMS I BASICZ      /1-D SCAN START
0352 4531      JMS I XTALZ
0353 1111      TAD READVZ
0354 3741      DCA I SWADD1
0355 4505      JMS I INDISZ
0356 1316      TAD SCNT1H
0357 3742      DCA I SWADD2
0360 1065      TAD HIZ
0361 4514      JMS I SCNETZ
0362 7402      HLI
/
/INTEGRATING SCAN
0363 4475      JMS I BASICZ
0364 1112      TAD RSTIASZ
0365 3741      DCA I SWADD1      / PRESET "TYPEX" TO ELIMINATE
0366 7040      CMA          / USELESS PRINTOUTS
0367 4505      JMS I INDISZ
0370 4407      JMS I 0007      / PRESET "ANGX" AND "PPRX" TO
0371 0010      0010          / REFER TO SECOND INCREMENT ANGLE
0372 6777      FPUI I BKGND1
0373 0000      FEXI
0374 1071      TAD 11HZ
0375 4513      JMS I SCINTZ
0376 7402      HLI
0377 4474      BKGND1, BKGND
/

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3600	0000	*3600	0	
3601	4317	COUNT,	JMS CLEAR	
3602	4407		JMS I 0007	
3603	5302		FGET LOCLK	/SET REGISTERS FOR PRESET TIME
3604	0012		NEGATE	
3605	6300		FPUT CPS	
3606	0000		FEXT	
3607	1217		TAD CLKC0	
3610	3034		DCA CLOCK	
3611	2302		ISZ LOCLK	
3612	7000		NOP	
3613	3037		DCA DBCNIX	/CLEAR DATA BREAK COUNTER
3614	6312	RTN2,	6312	/START CLOCK AND COUNT
3615	6001	RIN1,	ION	
3616	5216		JMP .	/IDLING
3617	3620	CLKC0,	CLKC1	
3620	4327	CLKC1,	JMS CNTADD	
3621	2302		ISZ LOCLK	
3622	5231		JMP CNICK	
3623	2301		ISZ HICLK	
3624	5231		JMP CNICK	
3625	1230	CLKSW,	TAD CLKC1	
3626	3034		DCA CLOCK	
3627	5214		JMP RIN2	
3630	3636	CLKC1,	CNTSTP	
3631	1276	CNICK,	TAD HICN1	
3632	1305		TAD MAXC1	
3633	7710		SPA CLA	
3634	5214		JMP RIN2	
3635	5225		JMP CLKSW	
3636	6316	CNTSTP,	6316	/STOP CLOCK AND COUNT
3637	4327		JMS CNTADD	
3640	1302		TAD LOCLK	
3641	1304		TAD LOIIM	
3642	3060		DCA 0060	
3643	7004		RAL	
3644	1301		TAD HICLK	
3645	1303		TAD HITIM	
3646	3057		DCA 0057	
3647	4407		JMS I 0007	
3650	0013		FLOAT	
3651	6300		FPUT CPS	
3652	5275		FGET XCNT	
3653	7000		FNOR	
3654	3267		FMPY CLKRA1	
3655	4300		FDIV CPS	
3656	6300		FPUT CPS	/COUNT RATE (C.P.S.)
3657	3272		FMPY DDIAU	
3660	0012		NEGATE	
3661	1706		FADD I ENO	
3662	0014		INVER1	
3663	3300		FMPY CPS	
3664	6300		FPUT CPS	/COUNT RATE CORRECTED FOR DEADTIME
3665	0000		FEXT	
3666	5600		JMP I COUNT	

3667	0011	CLKRA1,	0011	/300 CLOCK SIGNALS PER SECOND
3670	2260		2260	
3671	0000		0000	
3672	7757	DDIAU,	7757	/SYSTEM DEAD TIME, PRESET HERE
3673	2061		2061	/AS 4.00 MICROSECONDS
3674	5736		5736	
3675	0027	XCNI,	0027	
3676	0000	HICNI,	0	
3677	0000	LOCNI,	0	
3700	0000	CPS,	0	
3701	0000	HICLK,	0	
3702	0000	LOCLK,	0	
3703	0000	HITIM,	0	
3704	0000	LOTIM,	0	
3705	0000	MAXCI,	0	
3706	5666	ENO,	5666	
3707	0000	TMLMT,	0	/INPJT PRESET TIME (SEC.)
3710	4407		JMS I 0007	
3711	0010		0010	
3712	3267		FMPY CLKRA1	
3713	0015		FIX	
3714	6435		FPJT I VI	
3715	0000		FEXI	
3716	5707		JMP I IMLMI	
3717	0000	CLEAR,	0	/CLEARS THE FOLLOWING:
3720	6032		KCC	/ AC AND KEYBOARD FLAG
3721	6042		ICF	/ TELEPRINTER FLAG
3722	6344		6344	/ EXTERNAL EQUIPMENT
3723	3276		DCA HICNI	/ COUNT HI-REGISTER
3724	3277		DCA LOCNI	/ COUNT LO-REGISTER
3725	6316		6316	/ CLOCK FLAG AND SCALER
3726	5717		JMP I CLEAR	
3727	0000	CNIADD,	0	/UPDATE COUNT REGISTERS
3730	1037		TAD DBCNIR	
3731	3307		DCA IMLMI	
3732	1277		TAD LOCNI	
3733	7450		SNA	/WAS LAST READING ZERO?
3734	5343		JMP .+7	/YES, OVERFLOW NOT POSSIBLE
3735	7141		CLL CMA IAC	
3736	1307		TAD IMLMI	
3737	7430		SZL	/NEW READING > OLD?
3740	5343		JMP .+3	/YES, NO OVERFLOW
3741	2276		ISZ HICNI	/NO, CORRECT FOR OVERFLOW
3742	7000		NOP	
3743	7300		CLA CLL	
3744	1307		TAD IMLMI	
3745	3277		DCA LOCNI	/STORE NEW READING
3746	5727		JMP I CNIADD	

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*4000
4000 0000 TYPEX, 0 /OUTPUT DIFFRACTOMETER SETTINGS
4001 3035 DCA V1
4002 1035 IAD V1 /ENTER WITH HI IN AC TO OUTPUT
4003 7041 CMA IAC /RECIPROCAL SPACE COORDINATES
4004 1065 IAD HIZ
4005 7640 SZA CLA
4006 5211 JMP ++3
4007 4527 JMS I TYPEVZ
4010 5600 JMP I TYPEX
4011 1217 IAD PPRIT2 /ENTER WITH TH IN AC TO OUTPUT
4012 3036 DCA V2 /ANGLES TWO-THETA, CHI, PHI
4013 4526 JMS I TYPEAZ /"JMS I IKICRZ" = 4521 IN ANY
4014 4526 JMS I TYPEAZ /OF THESE TO ELIMINATE THAI
4015 4526 JMS I TYPEAZ /PRINTOUT (TH, CHI, PHI)
4016 5600 JMP I TYPEX
4017 4745 PPRIT2, PPRIT
4020 2000 SCINT, 0 /INTEGRATING SCAN ROUTINE
4021 4504 JMS I GINDSZ
4022 4464 JMS I CRLF /SUMS COUNT AS ANGLES STEP BY
4023 3337 DCA SUM3 /INCR. #1, OUTPUTS INTEGRAL
4024 3340 DCA SUM3+1
4025 3341 DCA SUM3+2 /REPEATS WITH INITIAL ANGLES
4026 3342 DCA SUM2 /SHIFTED BY INCR. #2
4027 3343 DCA SUM2+1
4030 3344 DCA SUM2+2
4031 4515 SCIN2, JMS I SFRMIZ /FINAL OUTPUT: SUM OF PRODUCTS
4032 1071 IAD THZ /INTEGRAL ABOVE BACKGND TIMES
4033 4200 JMS TYPEX /VALUE OF ANGLE GIVEN INCR. #2);
4034 1055 TAD NDIG /SUM OF INTEGRAL ABOVE BACKGND;
4035 1335 IAD EXTRA /RATIO = AVERAGE VALUE FOR ANGLE
4036 3055 DCA NDIG /GIVEN INCR. #2
4037 4522 JMS I ITYOFZ
4040 3345 DCA SUM
4041 3346 DCA SUM+1
4042 3347 DCA SUM+2
4043 1750 IAD I NINCR2
4044 3200 DCA TYPEX
4045 4517 SCINI, JMS I STEPZ
4046 4477 JMS I COUNTZ
4047 4407 JMS I 0007
4050 1345 FADD SUM
4051 6345 FPUI SUM
4052 6751 FPUI I CPS2
4053 0000 FEX1
4054 1352 TAD DIRIU
4055 3036 DCA V2
4056 1071 IAD THZ
4057 4473 JMS I ADDVZ
4060 2200 ISZ TYPEX
4061 5245 JMP SCINI
4062 4407 JMS I 0007
4063 5751 FGET I CPS2
4064 2736 FSUB I BKGN2
4065 6345 FPUI SUM
4066 0000 FEX1

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4067	1045		TAD H0RD	
4070	7710		SPA CLA	
4071	5304		JMP SCIN0	
4072	4407		JMS I 0007	
4073	1342		FADD SUM2	
4074	6342		FPUT SUM2	
4075	5753		FGET I ANGX	
4076	4754		FDIV I PPRX	
4077	4755		FDIV I RDPDG1	
4100	3345		FMPY SUM	
4101	1337		FADD SUM3	
4102	6337		FPUT SUM3	
4103	0000		FEXI	
4104	4523	SCIN0,	JMS I 11YONZ	
4105	4525		JMS I 1YCPSZ	
4106	4464		JMS I CRLF	
4107	1356		TAD D2HIU	
4110	3036		DCA V2	
4111	1357		TAD H0IU	
4112	4473		JMS I ADDVZ	
4113	1357		TAD H0IU	
4114	3036		DCA V2	
4115	1071		TAD 11HZ	
4116	4516		JMS I SHF1VZ	
4117	2760		ISZ I N2NCR2	
4120	5231		JMP SCIN2	
4121	4407		JMS I 0007	
4122	5337		FGET SUM3	
4123	4342		FDIV SUM2	
4124	6345		FPUT SUM	
4125	0000		FEXI	
4126	1361		TAD SUM3P	
4127	4527		JMS I 1YPEVZ	
4130	4515		JMS I SFRMIZ	
4131	4464		JMS I CRLF	
4132	2762		ISZ I RNCNT1	
4133	5221		JMP SCINT+1	
4134	5620		JMP I SCINT	
4135	0010	EXTRA,	0010	
4136	4474	BKGND2,	BKGND	
4137	0000	SUM3,	0	
4140	0000		0	
4141	0000		0	
4142	0000	SUM2,	0	
4143	0000		0	
4144	0000		0	
4145	0000	SUM,	0	
4146	0000		0	
4147	0000		0	
4150	4554	NINCR2,	NINCR	
4151	3700	CPS2,	CPS	
4152	4543	DIHIU,	DIHI	
4153	4767	ANGX,	TIH0	/(CHI0), (PHI0)
4154	4745	PPRX,	PPR11	/(PPRCH), (PPRPH)
4155	5022	RDPDG1,	RDPDEG	

4156	4566	D2HIU,	D2HI	
4157	4555	H0IU,	H0I	
4160	4577	N2NCR2,	N2NCR	
4161	4137	SUM3P,	SUM3	
4162	4261	RNCNT1,	RNCNT	
4163	0000	BASIC,	0	/BASIC STARTUP ROUTINE
4164	4476		JMS I CLEARZ	
4165	4501		JMS I DFLMIZ	/ITHU, ITHL, CHIU, CHIL (DEG.)
4166	1072		TAD ITH0Z	
4167	4512		JMS I RSTIASZ	/ITH0, CHI0, PHI0 (DEG.)
4170	4373		JMS CILMI	/PRESET COUNT
4171	4515		JMS I SFRMTZ	
4172	5763		JMP I BASIC	
4173	0000	CILMI,	0	/INPUT PRESET COUNT (UNIT: 4096)
4174	4507		JMS I RCOMIZ	/NUMBER SHOULD BE < 2048
4175	3777		DCA I MAXC11	
4176	5773		JMP I CILMI	
4177	3705	MAXC11,	MAXC1	
		*4200		
4200	0000	RCOM1,	0	/READ, COMPLEMENT INTEGER (<4096)
4201	4407		JMS I 0007	/EXIT WITH COMPLEMENT IN AC
4202	0010		0010	
4203	0015		FIX	
4204	0000		FEXT	
4205	1046		TAD LORD	
4206	7041		CMA IAC	
4207	5600		JMP I RCOMI	
4210	0000	RSTIAS,	0	/READ, STORE ANGLE SET
4211	7440		SZA	
4212	3035		DCA V1	
4213	1221		TAD PPR113	
4214	3036		DCA V2	
4215	4510		JMS I READAZ	
4216	4510		JMS I READAZ	
4217	4510		JMS I READAZ	
4220	5610		JMP I RSTIAS	
4221	4745	PPR113,	PPR11	
4222	0000	INDT5,	0	/INPUT DATA SETS
4223	3260		DCA DIMSW	/AC = 7777 FOR 2-D CASES
4224	4200		JMS RCOMI	/NO. OF DATA SETS
4225	3262		DCA GINDS	
4226	1262		TAD GTNDS	
4227	3261		DCA RNCN1	
4230	1067		TAD STOREZ	
4231	3035		DCA V1	
4232	1066		TAD ISTOREZ	
4233	3321		DCA SCNEI	
4234	4520	INDT1,	JMS I TMLMIZ	/PRESET TIME (SEC.)
4235	4521		JMS I TRICRZ	
4236	4657		JMS I SWADD	/STARTING VALUES
4237	4657	INDT2,	JMS I SWADD	/INCREMENTS
4240	4200		JMS RCOMI	/NO. OF STEPS
4241	3721		DCA I SCNEI	
4242	2321		ISZ SCNEI	
4243	2260		ISZ DIMSW	/SECOND INCREMENTS?

4244	5250		JMP ++4	/NO
4245	7344		CLA CLL CMA KAL	/YES
4246	3260		DCA DIMSW	
4247	5237		JMP INDI2	
4250	2262		ISZ GTNDS	/MORE DATA SETS?
4251	5234		JMP INDTI	/YES
4252	1066		TAD ISTRZ	/NO, FINISHED
4253	3200		DCA RCOMI	/SET POINTERS
4254	1067		TAD STOREZ	
4255	3210		DCA RSIAS	
4256	5622		JMP I INDTIS	
4257	0000	SWADD,	0	/SWITCH ADDRESS
4260	0000	DIMSW,	0	
4261	0000	KNCNT,	0	
4262	0000	GTNDS,	0	/GET NEXT DATA SET
4263	7440		SZA	
4264	3257		DCA SWADD	
4265	1210		TAD RSIAS	
4266	3036		DCA V2	
4267	4407		JMS I 0007	
4270	5436		FGET I V2	
4271	6720		FPUI I LOCLKI	
4272	0000		FEXT	
4273	4521		JMS I TRICKZ	
4274	1257		TAD SWADD	
4275	4516		JMS I SHFTVZ	
4276	1374		TAD DIHIT	
4277	4516	GTNDI,	JMS I SHFIVZ	
4300	1600		TAD I RCOMI	
4301	3435		DCA I V1	
4302	2200		ISZ RCOMI	
4303	2035		ISZ V1	
4304	1036		TAD V2	
4305	3210		DCA RSIAS	
4306	2260		ISZ DIMSW	/SECOND INCREMENTS?
4307	5662		JMP I GTNDS	/NO
4310	1257		TAD SWADD	/YES
4311	3036		DCA V2	
4312	4516		JMS I SHFTVZ	
4313	7344		CLA CLL CMA KAL	
4314	3260		DCA DIMSW	
4315	1210		TAD RSIAS	
4316	3036		DCA V2	
4317	5277		JMP GTNDI	
4320	3702	LOCLKI,	LOCLK	
4321	0000	SCNET,	0	/SCAN ON 1-D OR 2-D NET
4322	4262		JMS GTNDS	
4323	4464		JMS I CRLF	
4324	5331		JMP ++5	
4325	1373	SCNI2,	TAD H011	
4326	3036		DCA V2	
4327	1257		TAD SWADD	
4330	4516		JMS I SHFIVZ	
4331	4464		JMS I CRLF	
4332	1775		TAD I NINCR1	
4333	3222		DCA INDTIS	

4334	4474	SCNT1,	JMS I ANGLEZ	/"NOP" FOR ANGLE NET
4335	4506		JMS I LIMITZ	
4336	5356		JMP SCNT0	
4337	4517		JMS I STEPZ	
4340	4522		JMS I TIYOFZ	
4341	4477		JMS I COUNIZ	
4342	4523		JMS I TIYONZ	
4343	1257		TAD SWADD	
4344	4530		JMS I TYPEXZ	
4345	4524		JMS I TYCNIZ	
4346	4525		JMS I IYCPSZ	
4347	4464		JMS I CRLF	
4350	1374		TAD DIH11	
4351	3036		DCA V2	
4352	1257		TAD SWADD	
4353	4473		JMS I ADDVZ	
4354	2222		ISZ IND1S	
4355	5334		JMP SCN11	
4356	2260	SCNT0,	ISZ DIMSW	
4357	5370		JMP GONX1	
4360	7040		CMA	
4361	3260		DCA DIMSW	
4362	1376		TAD D2H1T	
4363	3036		DCA V2	
4364	1373		TAD H011	
4365	4473		JMS I ADDVZ	
4366	2777		ISZ I N2NCR1	
4367	5325		JMP SCNT2	
4370	2261	GONX1,	ISZ RNCN1	/ALL DATA SETS DONE?
4371	5322		JMP SCNE1+1	/NO
4372	5721		JMP I SCNE1	/YES
4373	4555	H01T,	H01	
4374	4543	DIH1T,	DIH1	
4375	4554	N1NCR1,	N1NCR	
4376	4566	D2H1T,	D2H1	
4377	4577	N2NCR1,	N2NCR	
		*4400		
4400	0000	XIAL,	0	/INPUT CRYSTAL DATA
4401	1272		TAD N11	
4402	3321		DCA 11	
4403	7144		CLL CMA RAL	
4404	3322		DCA 11+1	
4405	1321		TAD 11	/INPUT AND NORMALIZE N1, N2, N3
4406	5212		JMP ++4	
4407	0000	LO2A,	0	/LAMBDA/2A STORAGE, FOR EASY
4410	0000		0	/ADDRESS
4411	0000		0	
4412	4511		JMS I READVZ	
4413	1321		TAD T1	
4414	3035		DCA V1	
4415	1035		TAD V1	
4416	3036		DCA V2	
4417	4673		JMS I MPYV1	
4420	4407		JMS I 0007	

4421	0002		SQROOT	
4422	6324		FPUI 12	
4423	0000		FEXI	
4424	1321		IAD 11	
4425	4502		JMS I D03AZ	
4426	4407		JMS I 0007	
4427	5435		FGEI I V1	
4430	4324		FDIV 12	
4431	6435		FPUI I V1	
4432	0000		FEXI	
4433	4503		JMS I D03BZ	
4434	1035		IAD V1	/INPUT AND NORMALIZE P1, P2, P3
4435	3321		DCA 11	
4436	2322		ISZ 11+1	
4437	5205		JMP XTAL+5	
4440	4407		JMS I 0007	/CALCULATE 11, 12, 13
4441	5302		FGEI N2	
4442	3316		FMPY P3	
4443	6321		FPUI 11	
4444	5305		FGEI N3	
4445	3313		FMPY P2	
4446	2321		FSUB 11	
4447	6321		FPUI 11	
4450	5305		FGEI N3	
4451	3310		FMPY P1	
4452	6324		FPUI 12	
4453	5277		FGEI N1	
4454	3316		FMPY P3	
4455	2324		FSUB 12	
4456	6324		FPUI 12	
4457	5277		FGEI N1	
4460	3313		FMPY P2	
4461	6327		FPUI 13	
4462	5302		FGEI N2	
4463	3310		FMPY P1	
4464	2327		FSUB 13	
4465	6327		FPUI 13	
4466	0010		0010	/INPUT LAMBDA/2A
4467	6207		FPUI L02A	
4470	0000		FEXI	
4471	5600		JMP I XTAL	
4472	4477	N1,	N1	
4473	4671	MPYV1,	MPYV	
4474	0000	BKGD,	0	
4475	0000		0	
4476	0000		0	
4477	0000	N1,	0	
4500	0000		0	
4501	0000		0	
4502	0000	N2,	0	
4503	0000		0	
4504	0000		0	
4505	0000	N3,	0	
4506	0000		0	
4507	0000		0	

4510	0000	P1,	0
4511	0000		0
4512	0000		0
4513	0000	P2,	0
4514	0000		0
4515	0000		0
4516	0000	P3,	0
4517	0000		0
4520	0000		0
4521	0000	T1,	0
4522	0000		0
4523	0000		0
4524	0000	T2,	0
4525	0000		0
4526	0000		0
4527	0000	T3,	0
4530	0000		0
4531	0000		0
4532	0000	H1,	0
4533	0000		0
4534	0000		0
4535	0000	H2,	0
4536	0000		0
4537	0000		0
4540	0000	H3,	0
4541	0000		0
4542	0000		0
4543	0000	D1H1,	0
4544	0000		0
4545	0000		0
4546	0000	D1H2,	0
4547	0000		0
4550	0000		0
4551	0000	D1H3,	0
4552	0000		0
4553	0000		0
4554	0000	N1NCR,	0
4555	0000	H01,	0
4556	0000		0
4557	0000		0
4560	0000	H02,	0
4561	0000		0
4562	0000		0
4563	0000	H03,	0
4564	0000		0
4565	0000		0
4566	0000	D2H1,	0
4567	0000		0
4570	0000		0
4571	0000	D2H2,	0
4572	0000		0
4573	0000		0
4574	0000	D2H3,	0
4575	0000		0
4576	0000		0
4577	0000	N2NCR,	0

4600	0000	*4600	0	/CALCULATE SHAFT ANGLES FOR
4601	1264	ANGLE,	TAD NIP	/A GIVEN VECTOR H
4602	3035		DCA VI	
4603	4307		JMS MPYVH	
4604	4665		JMS I AMN17	
4605	4314		JMS FCMIN	
4606	4407		JMS I 0007	
4607	6361		FPUI CHI	
4610	0000		FEXI	
4611	4307		JMS MPYVH	
4612	4665		JMS I AMN17	
4613	4314		JMS FCMIN	
4614	4407		JMS I 0007	
4615	6356		FPUI ITH	
4616	0001		SQUARE	
4617	6364		FPUI PHI	
4620	0000		FEXI	
4621	4307		JMS MPYVH	
4622	4407		JMS I 0007	
4623	6266		FPUI Y	
4624	0001		SQUARE	
4625	1364		FADD PHI	
4626	0002		SQR001	
4627	4361		FDIV CHI	
4630	0005		ARCTAN	
4631	3350		FMPY PPRCH	
4632	0000		FEXI	
4633	1357		TAD ITH+1	
4634	7710		SPA CLA	
4635	4663		JMS I ACNEG7	
4636	4407		JMS I 0007	
4637	6361		FPUI CHI	/CHI (MOTOR STEPS)
4640	5266		FGUI Y	
4641	4356		FDIV ITH	
4642	0005		ARCTAN	
4643	3353		FMPY PPRPH	
4644	0012		NEGATE	
4645	6364		FPUI PHI	/PHI (MOTOR STEPS)
4646	0000		FEXI	
4647	4307		JMS MPYVH	
4650	4407	LO2A1,	JMS I 0007	
4651	0002		SQR001	
4652	3650		FMPY I LO2A1	
4653	0000		FEXI	
4654	4321		JMS ARCSIN	
4655	2044		ISZ EXP	
4656	7001	SMALL,	7001	/AN ADDRESS, NO EFFECT ON CALC
4657	4407		JMS I 0007	
4660	3345		FMPY PPRIT	
4661	6356		FPUI ITH	/TWO-THETA (MOTOR STEPS)
4662	0000		FEXI	
4663	5600	ACNEG7,	JMP I ANGLE	
4664	4477	NIP,	NI	
4665	6655	AMN17,	6655	

4666	0000	Y,	0	
4667	0000		0	
4670	0100		0	
4671	0000	MPYV,	0	/MAKES SCALAR PRODUCT OF VECTORS
4672	3044		DCA EXP	/WITH ADDRESSES IN V1 AND V2
4673	3045		DCA HORD	
4674	3046		DCA IORD	
4675	4502		JMS I D03AZ	
4676	4407		JMS I 0007	
4677	6706		FPUT I X1	
4700	5435		FGEI I V1	
4701	3436		FMPY I V2	
4702	1706		FADD I X1	
4703	0000		FEXI	
4704	4503		JMS I D03BZ	
4705	5671		JMP I MPYV	
4706	5734	XI,	5734	
4707	0000	MPYVH,	0	
4710	1065	LARGE,	TAD HIZ	
4711	3036		DCA V2	
4712	4271		JMS MPYV	
4713	5707		JMP I MPYVH	
4714	0000	FCMIN,	0	/SET FAC = 2**-128
4715	4407		JMS I 0007	
4716	5656		FGEI I SMALL	
4717	0000		FEXI	
4720	5714		JMP I FCMIN	
4721	0000	ARCSIN,	0	/ARCSINE
4722	1044		TAD EXP	
4723	7740		SMA SZA CLA	/IF FAC > 1, SET FAC = 2**565
4724	5340		JMP UNREAL	
4725	4407		JMS I 0007	
4726	6266		FPUT Y	
4727	3266		FMPY Y	
4730	0012		NEGATE	
4731	1744		FADD I EIN	
4732	0002		SUROCI	
4733	0014		INVERI	
4734	3266		FMPY Y	
4735	0005		ARCIAN	
4736	0000		FEXI	
4737	5721		JMP I ARCSIN	
4740	4407	UNREAL,	JMS I 0007	
4741	5310		FGET LARGE	
4742	0000		FEXI	
4743	5721		JMP I ARCSIN	
4744	5666	EIN,	5666	
4745	0016	PPRII,	0016	/(200*180/PI)
4746	2630		2630	
4747	3117		3117	
4750	0016	PPRCH,	0016	/(200*180/PI)
4751	2630		2630	
4752	3117		3117	
4753	0015	PPKPH,	0015	/(100*180/PI)
4754	2630		2630	
4755	3117		3117	

4756	0000	ITH,	0
4757	0000		0
4760	0000		0
4761	0000	CHI,	0
4762	0000		0
4763	0000		0
4764	0000	PHI,	0
4765	0000		0
4766	0000		0
4767	0000	ITHU,	0
4770	0000		0
4771	0000		0
4772	0000	CHI0,	0
4773	0000		0
4774	0000		0
4775	0000	PHI0,	0
4776	0000		0
4777	0000		0

5000	0000	*5000 TRICK,	0
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/TRICKMENTS V1 AND V2

5001	1035		TAD V1
5002	1210		TAD C3
5003	3035		DCA V1
5004	1036		IAD V2
5005	1210		IAD C3
5006	3036		DCA V2
5007	5600		JMP I TRICK
5010	0003	C3,	0003
5011	0000	READA,	0
5012	4407		JMS I 0007
5013	0010		0010
5014	3436		FMPY I V2
5015	3222		FMPY RDPDEG
5016	6435		FPUT I V1
5017	0000		FEXT
5020	4200		JMS TRICK
5021	5611		JMP I READA

/INPUT ANGLE (DEG.), CONVERT TO
/MOTOR STEPS, AND STORE

5022	7773	RDPDEG,	7773
5023	2167		2167
5024	6432		6432

/(PI/180)

5025	0000	TYPEA,	0
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/CONVERT ANGLE FROM MOTOR STEPS TO
/DEGREES AND OUTPUT I1.

5026	4407		JMS I 0007
5027	5435		FGEI I V1
5030	4436		FDIV I V2
5031	4222		FDIV RDPDEG
5032	0011		0011
5033	0000		FEXT
5034	4200		JMS TRICK
5035	5625		JMP I TYPEA

5036	0000	DFLMT,	0
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/INPUT DIFFRACTOMETER LIMITS:
/ITHU, ITHL, CHIU, CHIL (DEG.)

5037	1254		IAD PPR111
5040	3036		DCA V2
5041	1255		IAD ITHU1
5042	3035		DCA V1
5043	4211		JMS READA

5044	1254		IAD PPR11	
5045	3036		DCA V2	
5046	4211		JMS READA	
5047	4211		JMS READA	
5050	1256		IAD PPRCH1	
5051	3036		DCA V2	
5052	4211		JMS READA	
5053	5636		JMP I DFLM1	
5054	4745	PPR11,	PPR11	
5055	5232	ITHU1,	ITHU	
5056	4750	PPRCH1,	PPRCH	
5057	0000		0	/UNUSED
5060	0000		0	
5061	0000		0	
5062	0000	SFRM1,	0	/SET STANDARD OUTPUT FORMAT:
5063	1271		IAD ND	/F8.3, NO FOLLOWING CR-LF
5064	3054		DCA 0054	
5065	1272		IAD NI	
5066	3055		DCA 0055	
5067	3061		DCA 0061	
5070	5662		JMP I SFRM1	
5071	0003	ND,	0003	
5072	0010	NI,	0010	
5073	0000	IYCPS,	0	/OUTPUT COUNT RATE
5074	4407		JMS I 0007	
5075	5701		FGET I CPS1	
5076	0011		0011	
5077	0000		FEXI	
5100	5673		JMP I IYCPS	
5101	3700	CPS1,	CPS	
5102	0000	IYCNT,	0	/OUTPUT COUNT (FORMAT I8)
5103	3054		DCA 0054	
5104	4407		JMS I 0007	
5105	5713		FGET I XCNT1	
5106	7000		FNCR	
5107	0011		0011	
5110	0000		FEXI	
5111	4262		JMS SFRM1	/RESET TO STANDARD FORMAT
5112	5702		JMP I IYCNT	
5113	3675	XCNT1,	XCNT1	
5114	0000	DO3A,	0	/THREE CYCLE DO-LOOP
5115	7440		SZA	
5116	3035		DCA V1	
5117	7146		CLL CMA RIL	
5120	3327		DCA DOCNT	
5121	5714		JMP I DO3A	
5122	0000	DO3B,	0	
5123	4200		JMS TRICK	
5124	2327		ISZ DOCNT	
5125	5714		JMP I DO3A	
5126	5722		JMP I DO3B	
5127	0000	DOCNT,	0	
5130	0000	READV,	0	/INPUT VECTOR (3 COMPONENTS)
5131	4314		JMS DO3A	
5132	4407		JMS I 0007	
5133	0010		0010	

5134	6435		FPUT I V1	
5135	0000		FEXT	
5136	4322		JMS D03B	
5137	5733		JMP I READV	
5140	0000	SHFIV,	0	/SHIFT VECTOR
5141	4314		JMS D03A	
5142	4407		JMS I 0007	
5143	5436		FGET I V2	
5144	6435		FPUI I V1	
5145	0000		FEXT	
5146	4322		JMS D03B	
5147	5740		JMP I SHFIV	
5150	0000	IYPEV,	0	/OUTPUT VECTOR
5151	4314		JMS D03A	
5152	4407		JMS I 0007	
5153	5435		FGET I V1	
5154	0011		0011	
5155	0000		FEXT	
5156	4322		JMS D03B	
5157	5750		JMP I IYPEV	
5160	0000	ADDV,	0	/ADD TWO VECTORS
5161	4314		JMS D03A	
5162	4407		JMS I 0007	
5163	5435		FGET I V1	
5164	1436		FADD I V2	
5165	6435		FPUI I V1	
5166	0000		FEXT	
5167	4322		JMS D03B	
5170	5760		JMP I ADDV	
5171	0000	IITYCF,	0	/TURN IITY OFF
5172	6351		6351	
5173	1376		IAD TMLAG2	
5174	4777		JMS I PAWS1	/WAIT ONE SECOND
5175	5771		JMP I IITYCF	
5176	7400	TMLAG2,	7400	
5177	5354	PAWS1,	PAWS	
		*5200		
5200	0000	LIMIT,	0	/TEST IF TH AND CHI ARE WITHIN
5201	4407		JMS I 0007	/SPECIFIED LIMITS. IF NO, EXIT
5202	5232		FGET THU	/NORMALLY. IF YES, EXIT TO
5203	2471		FSUB I THZ	/SECOND INSTRUCTION.
5204	6630		FPUI I TMP3	
5205	5471		FGET I THZ	
5206	2235		FSUB THL	
5207	3630		FMPY I TMP3	
5210	0000		FEXT	
5211	1045		IAD HORD	
5212	7710		SPA CLA	
5213	5600		JMP I LIM11	
5214	4407		JMS I 0007	
5215	5240		FGET CHU	
5216	2631		FSUB I CH11	
5217	6630		FPUT I TMP3	
5220	5631		FGET I CH11	

5221	2243		FSUB CHIL	
5222	3630		FMPY I TMP3	
5223	0000		FEXT	
5224	1045		TAD HORD	
5225	7700		SMA CLA	
5226	2200		ISZ LIMIT	
5227	5600	ACNEG6,	JMP I LIMIT	
5230	5745	TMP3,	5745	
5231	4761	CHIL,	CHI	
5232	0000	TTHU,	0	
5233	0000		0	
5234	0000		0	
5235	0000	TTHL,	0	
5236	0000		0	
5237	0000		0	
5240	0000	CHIU,	0	
5241	0000		0	
5242	0000		0	
5243	0000	CHIL,	0	
5244	0000		0	
5245	0000		0	
5246	0000	STEP,	0	/MOVES (ANTI BACKLASH) THREE AXES /TO NEW POSITIONS
5247	1070		TAD TTHNPZ	
5250	3200		DCA LIMIT	
5251	1072		TAD TTH0Z	
5252	3036		DCA V2	
5253	1071		TAD TTHZ	
5254	4502		JMS I D03A2	
5255	4407		JMS I 0007	
5256	5435		FGET I V1	
5257	2436		FSUB I V2	
5260	0015		FIX	
5261	6630		FPUI I IMP3	
5262	7000		FNOR	
5263	1436		FADD I V2	
5264	6436		FPUI I V2	
5265	5630		FGET I TMP3	
5266	0000		FEXT	
5267	4272		JMS MOVE	
5270	4503		JMS I D03B2	
5271	5646		JMP I STEP	
5272	0000	MOVE,	0	/AB-MOVE AXIS (HORD,LORD) STEPS /IS FAC = 0? /YES, NO MOTION
5273	4731		JMS I AMN16	
5274	5326		JMP NOGO	
5275	1045		TAD HORD	
5276	7700		SMA CLA	
5277	5303		JMP *+4	
5300	4332		JMS RUNOVR	/FAC < 0; OVERRUN AND RUNBACK
5301	7040		CMA	
5302	5305		JMP *+3	
5303	2200		ISZ LIMIT	/FAC > 0
5304	4627		JMS I ACNEG6	
5305	3044		DCA EXP	/AB RUNBACK SWITCH
5306	1600		TAD I LIMIT	
5307	3312		DCA PULSE	

5310	7410		SKP	
5311	4345		JMS WAIT	
5312	0000	PULSE,	0	/MOTOR PULSE
5313	2046		ISZ LORD	
5314	5311		JMP PULSE-1	
5315	2045		ISZ HORD	
5316	5311		JMP PULSE-1	
5317	2200		ISZ LIMIT	
5320	2044		ISZ EXP	/RUNBACK NEEDED?
5321	5672		JMP I MOVE	/NO, DONE
5322	1276		IAD MOVE+4	
5323	4354		JMS PAWS	/WAIT A FRACTION OF A SECOND
5324	4332		JMS RUNOVR	
5325	5306		JMP PULSE-4	
5326	2200	NOGO,	ISZ LIMIT	
5327	2200		ISZ LIMIT	
5330	5672		JMP I MOVE	
5331	6655	AMNT6,	6655	
5332	0000	RUNOVR,	0	/ADDS -40 TO HORD,LORD
5333	7300		CLA CLL	
5334	1344		IAD M40	
5335	1046		IAD LORD	
5336	3046		DCA LORD	
5337	7420		SNL	
5340	7040		CMA	
5341	1045		IAD HORD	
5342	3045		DCA HORD	
5343	5732		JMP I RUNOVR	
5344	7730	M40,	7730	
5345	0000	WAIT,	0	/WAIT 2311 CYCLES = .0035 SEC.
5346	1353		IAD NWAIT	
5347	3047		DCA OVER2	
5350	2047		ISZ OVER2	
5351	5350		JMP *-1	
5352	5745		JMP I WAIT	
5353	6400	NWAIT,	6400	
5354	0000	PAWS,	0	/PAUSE N WAIT LOOPS, WHERE -N IN AC
5355	3332		DCA RUNOVR	/ON ENTRY
5356	4345		JMS WAIT	
5357	2332		ISZ RUNOVR	
5360	5356		JMP *-2	
5361	5754		JMP I PAWS	
5362	0000	IION,	0	/TURN IION ON
5363	6352		6352	
5364	1367		IAD TMLAG	
5365	4354		JMS PAWS	/WAIT ONE SECOND
5366	5762		JMP I IION	
5367	7400	TMLAG,	7400	
5370	6322	IIONP,	6322	/IION NEG. MOTOR PULSE
5371	6321		6321	/IION POS. " "
5372	6334	CHINP,	6334	/CHI NEG. " "
5373	6332		6332	/CHI POS. " "
5374	6342	PHINP,	6342	/PHI NEG. " "
5375	6341		6341	/PHI POS. " "
5376	6331	OMGNP,	6331	/OMG NEG. " "
5377	6324		6324	/OMG POS. " "

ACNEG6 5227
 ACNEG7 4663
 ACSAVE 0032
 ACIM 3041
 ACIL 0042
 ADDV 5160
 ADDVZ 3373
 AMNT6 5331
 AMNT7 4665
 ANGLE 4630
 ANGLEZ 0074
 ANGX 4153
 ARCSIN 4721
 AJII 0015
 BASIC 4163
 BASICZ 0075
 BKGND 4474
 BKGND1 0377
 BKGND2 4136
 CHI 4761
 CHIL 5243
 CHINP 5372
 CHIU 5240
 CHIU 4772
 CHII 5231
 CLEAR 3717
 CLEARZ 0076
 CLKCI 3620
 CLKC0 3617
 CLKCI 3630
 CLKRAI 3667
 CLKSW 3625
 CLOCK 3034
 CNTADD 3727
 CNTCK 3631
 CNISIP 3636
 COUNT 3600
 COUNIZ 0077
 CPS 3700
 CPS1 5101
 CPS2 4151
 CRLF 0064
 CILMI 4173
 CILMTZ 0100
 C3 5010
 DBCNTR 0037
 DDTAU 3672
 DFLMT 5036
 DFLMTZ 0101

DIMSW 4260
 DCCNI 5127
 D03A 5114
 D03AZ 0102
 D03B 5122
 D03BZ 0103
 D1H1 4543
 D1H1T 4374
 D1H1U 4152
 D1H2 4546
 D1H3 4551
 D2H1 4566
 D2H1I 4376
 D2H1U 4156
 D2H2 4571
 D2H3 4574
 EIN 4744
 ENO 3736
 EXP 0044
 EXTRA 4135
 EXI 0040
 FCMIN 4714
 GONXI 4370
 GINDS 4262
 GINDSZ 0104
 GINDI 4277
 HICLK 3701
 HICNI 3676
 HIIIM 3703
 HORD 0045
 H01 4555
 H01I 4373
 H01U 4157
 H02 4560
 H03 4563
 H1 4532
 HIZ 0065
 H2 4535
 H3 4540
 INDTS 4222
 INDTSZ 0105
 IND11 4234
 IND12 4237
 INIP1 0033
 INTRI 0000
 ISTORZ 0066
 LARGE 4710
 LIMIT 5200
 LIMITZ 0106

LOCLK 3702
 LOCLK1 4320
 LOCNI 3677
 LOC1 0051
 LOC2 0052
 LOC3 0053
 LORD 0046
 LOTIM 3704
 L02A 4407
 L02A1 4650
 MAXCI 3705
 MAXCI1 4177
 MOVE 5272
 MPYV 4671
 MPYVH 4707
 MPYV1 4473
 M40 5344
 NBRHI 0057
 NBRLO 0050
 NBRX 0056
 ND 5071
 NDEC 0054
 NDIG 0055
 NCGO 5326
 NI 5072
 NVAII 5353
 NI 4477
 NINCR 4554
 NINCR1 4375
 NINCR2 4150
 NIP 4664
 NI1 4472
 N2 4502
 N2NCR 4577
 N2NCR1 4377
 N2NCR2 4160
 N3 4505
 OMGNP 5376
 OUT1 0004
 OUT2 0003
 OVER1 0043
 OVER2 0047
 PAWS 5354
 PAWS1 5177
 PHI 4764
 PHINP 5374
 PHIO 4775
 PPRCH 4750
 PPRCH1 5056

PPRPH	4753
PPRTT	4745
PPRTT1	5054
PPRTT2	4017
PPRTT3	4221
PPRX	4154
PULSE	5312
P1	4510
P2	4513
P3	4516
QUOL	0050
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