

MEMORANDUM REPORT ARBRL-MR-03361

THE COMPETITION BETWEEN TUBE HEATING
AND MUZZLE VELOCITY IN STICK
PROPELLANT GUN CHARGES

George E. Keller

July 1984



US ARMY ARMAMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER
BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORY
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 3

Destroy this report when it is no longer needed.
Do not return it to the originator.

Additional copies of this report may be obtained
from the National Technical Information Service,
U. S. Department of Commerce, Springfield, Virginia
22161.

The findings in this report are not to be construed as an official
Department of the Army position, unless so designated by other
authorized documents.

*The use of trade names or manufacturers' names in this report
does not constitute indorsement of any commercial product.*

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER MEMORANDUM REPORT ARBRL-MR-03361	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) THE COMPETITION BETWEEN TUBE HEATING AND MUZZLE VELOCITY IN STICK PROPELLANT GUN CHARGES		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Memorandum Report Apr 83 - Oct 83
		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(s) George E. Keller		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS US Army Ballistic Research Laboratory ATTN: DRXBR-IBD Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005-5066		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS N/A (Navy)
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS US Army Ballistic Research Laboratory ATTN: DRXBR-OD-ST Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005-5066		12. REPORT DATE July 1984
		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 51
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office)		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Presented in part at the 20th JANNAF Combustion Meeting.		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Stick Propellants Gun Tube Erosion Interior Ballistics Gun Tube Heating Artillery Propelling Charges		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) In this report, NOVA, a one-dimensional, two-phase-flow, interior ballistic code, is used to examine in detail the trade-offs between one- and multi-bundle stick configurations and between calculated heating of the chamber and tube walls and calculated muzzle velocity. The system chosen for these calculations is a Navy 5-inch, 54-caliber gun firing the HIFRAG projectile and using a charge made up of nominal M31 propellant. The results provide the charge designer an appreciation of the tradeoffs between the hydrodynamic		

effects which on one hand increase muzzle velocity and on the other hand may seriously alter heat transfer processes.

The tradeoffs between using a single bundle of slotted stick propellant compared with several (two through five) bundles were studied. It was anticipated that more bundles might lead to more movement of the propellant down the gun tube, in the manner of granular propellant. That would dissipate the anticipated heat over more of the chamber and gun tube. Thus, heating of the chamber at the origin of rifling would be reduced, and that would reduce critical barrel erosion. NOVA predicts that the sticks will move away from the breech as they burn, and that the multiple-bundle charges will spread out well past the origin of rifling before burnout. Nonetheless, as one goes from one long bundle of sticks to 5 short bundles, the maximum gun bore surface temperature at the origin of rifling is predicted to drop only 20 K. If one adds a bit more propellant to the five-bundle charge in order to regain the ballistic performance of the one-bundle charge the heating at the origin of rifling rises. In the end, going from one long bundle to five reduces the predicted peak temperature at the origin of rifling only 11 K.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
I. INTRODUCTION.....	5
II. NOVA CALCULATIONS.....	5
A. Charge Motion and Ballistics.....	6
B. Heating at the Origin of Rifling.....	8
III. PREVIOUS CALCULATIONS.....	10
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.....	11
REFERENCES.....	12
APPENDIX A. JCL AND DATA FOR ONE BUNDLE OF STICK PROPELLANT.....	13
APPENDIX B. JCL AND DATA FOR TWO BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT.....	17
APPENDIX C. JCL AND DATA FOR THREE BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT..	21
APPENDIX D. JCL AND DATA FOR FOUR BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT...	25
APPENDIX E. JCL AND DATA FOR FIVE BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT...	29
APPENDIX F. JCL, DATA, AND NOVA INPUT ECHO FOR FIVE BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT WITH PROPELLANT WEIGHT INCREASED TO MATCH BALLISTICS OF ONE-BUNDLE CASE....	33
DISTRIBUTION LIST.....	43

I. INTRODUCTION

The solution to several of the problems associated with the use of conventional solid propellants seems to lie with the use of stick propellants. Sticks lead to much lower flow resistance, so that possible pressure waves are minimized. Sticks permit tighter packing, which should permit the use of more, cooler-burning propellant, retaining ballistic performance even in volume-limited guns. There is some evidence that sticks are more forgiving of igniter variability. Finally, muzzle velocities achieved with sticks are somewhat higher than those predicted by interior-ballistic models, for reasons that are only beginning to be understood. On the other hand, it has been shown that the lower gas flow resistance associated with stick propellants can lead to their staying in the chamber while they are burning, so that the heat from the combustion process is preferentially deposited in the chamber walls, perhaps leading to decreased tube life.

The concern pointed out by Horst in his recent report¹ is that heating of the origin of rifling could be greater for stick propellants than for conventional granular propellant charges of the same composition. Such localized heating could make up for, or even more than make up for, the reduced heating expected to result from using cooler stick propellants. In this report, we seek to find out if the use of multiple propellant bundles of shorter sticks could distribute the tube heating enough to reduce the heating at the origin of rifling appreciably.

II. NOVA CALCULATIONS

The point of departure for these calculations was a Navy 5-inch, 54-caliber gun with a HIFRAG projectile and one bundle of 9.53 kg (21 lb) of nominal M31 slotted stick propellant with a perf diameter of 2.54 mm (0.1 in.), a web thickness of 2.03 mm (0.08 in.), and a length of 762 mm (30 in.). We used our work-horse single-precision NOVA² with its new solution method. We recognize that the peak chamber pressure that was predicted for this calculation was a bit higher than is desired for this weapon system. The other calculations of the set were for 2, 3, 4, and 5 bundles of propellant, for which all the grain dimensions were maintained except the length; and the total initial length of the end-to-end bundles remained 762 mm (30 in.).

Heat loss to the walls and the resulting wall temperature were calculated as described by Horst.¹ First, convective heat transfer to the tube was calculated using a simple turbulent pipe flow correlation³ based on a hydraulic Reynolds Number to account for the presence of the solid phase. Then the local temperature at the inside surface of the tube was determined, using an approximate cubic profile integral solution to the one-dimensional

1. A. W. Horst, "A Comparison of Barrel-Heating Processes for Granular and Stick Propellant Charges," ARBRL-MR-03193, USA ARRADCOM, Ballistic Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, August 1982 (AD A118 394).

2. P. S. Gough, "Extensions to NOVA Flamespread Modeling Capacity," PGA-TR-81-2, Paul Gough Associates, Inc., Portsmouth, NH, April 1981.

3. J. P. Holman, Heat Transfer, McGraw-Hill, 1968.

heat conduction equation. This approximation has previously been shown⁴ to produce a 2% error in predicting temperature change for a constant heat flux and 6% for a linearly increasing flux.

These calculated wall temperatures are not presented to be correct in an absolute sense; for that, we must wait for a much better representation of the processes that lead to gun tube wall heating. However, the calculated temperatures should be relatively correct, so that relative increases or decreases in calculated tube wall temperatures should be meaningful.

A. Charge Motion and Ballistics

The big change that one expects when going from one bundle of long sticks to many bundles of shorter sticks is that the charge will spread out in the chamber and the gun tube, after the manner of granular charges, so that the heating of the gun tube is distributed over more surface area. Figure 1 illustrates the NOVA calculations for charge positions for 0%-, 25%-, 50%-, 75%-, and (nearly) fully-burned propellant. Note how quickly the several propellant bundles spread out, moving out to the origin of rifling by the time the propellant was half burned and extending well into the tube by the time all the propellant has burned. The spreading was driven by the difference in the pressure difference which was working on the front bundle versus that applied to the rear bundle. For example, for five bundles, at the time when about 50% of the propellant had burned, the end-to-end pressure difference across the front bundle was 15.2 MPa, while that across the rear bundle was only 1.76 MPa. Thus, the front bundle was accelerated forward faster than the rear bundle, leaving the rear bundle behind.

The calculations showed that a principal effect of adding multiple bundles was a decrease in the peak chamber pressure and the muzzle velocity, apparently because the spreading out of the bundles permits the propellant to burn in a larger effective free volume. We used an earlier version of NOVA⁵ to perform a test to examine this effect. In this earlier version of NOVA, the amount of interphase friction which contributes to interphase drag could be independently set. By using several values for the amount of friction, ranging from one that was the right order of magnitude for sticks to one that was about right for granular propellant - greater by two orders of magnitude - we could influence the amount of the spreading of the bundles. While we could not use slotted sticks for these calculational experiments, we did use five bundles of 152.4-mm-long single-perforated grains. As expected, as the drag increased, the spreading of the bundles increased. More importantly, as the spreading of the bundles increased, the predicted peak pressure declined modestly.

During these calculations, a question arose about whether the tapers at the ends of the chamber of the 5-inch, 54-caliber gun significantly affected the predicted pressure differences and therefore stick motions as well. Thus,

4. C. W. Nelson, "On Calculating Ignition of a Propellant Bed," ARBRL-MR-02864, USA ARRADCOM, Ballistic Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, September 1978 (AD A062 266).

5. P. S. Gough, "The NOVA Code: A User's Manual. Volume I. Description and Use," IHCR 80-8, Naval Ordnance Station, Indian Head, MD, December 1980.

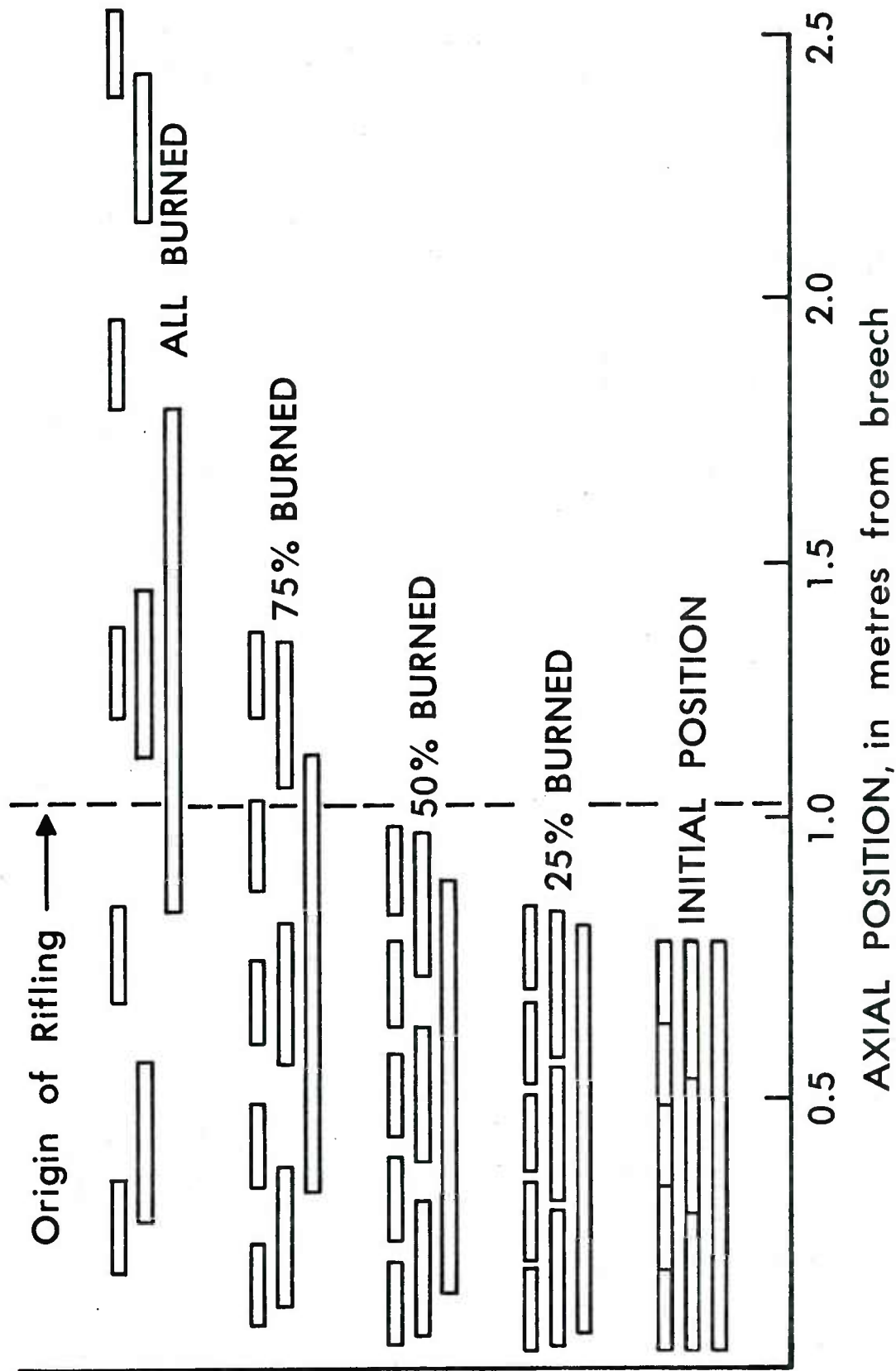


Figure 1. Stick Motion Down the Gun Tube. For One, Three, and Five Bundles of Propellant, at Several Times in the Ballistic Cycle.

separate calculations were performed with a straight chamber (just the same diameter as the gun tube, in fact), and the pressure differences which cause the front bundle to move more rapidly than the rear one were still evident and operative.

Table 1 charts the loss of peak pressure and muzzle velocity that was obtained for an increase in the number of propellant bundles. For the calculation marked with a "+," the charge was increased to 9.64 kg (21.24 lb), an amount selected to restore the maximum chamber pressure to that predicted for one bundle. The job control language (JCL) and data for each of these six cases are included as Appendices A through F. For the last case, the NOVA input echo is also included, so one can see how NOVA uses the input data.

TABLE 1. THE TRADE-OFFS BETWEEN THE NUMBER OF STICK PROPELLANT BUNDLES, WALL HEATING, AND BALLISTIC PERFORMANCE

Bundles	Peak Pressure (MPa)	Maximum Wall Temperature (K)	Muzzle Velocity (m/s)
1	384	1212	857
2	381	1187	859
3	378	1178	856
4	377	1170	852
5	375	1165	847
5+	384	1172	856

Note that the maximum temperature at any location along the wall was predicted to decline only 47 K as one goes from one bundle to five. However, the peak chamber pressure also declined slowly, so that if one were to use multiple bundles, one could increase the charge weight somewhat. Under those circumstances, a predicted reduction of 40 K is achieved, at a cost of only 1 m/s muzzle velocity.

The fact that the muzzle velocity increases as one goes from one bundle to two is a real feature of the calculations, but it is not explained. Close examination of the calculations shows that the projectile in the two-bundle case "catches up and passes" the projectile in the one-bundle case rather late in the ballistic cycle.

B. Heating at the Origin of Rifling

The heating of the tube at the origin of rifling is perhaps even more important. Figure 2 examines the temperature versus time at the origin of rifling. Each curve starts at the time at which the front ends of the burning sticks passed the origin of rifling (and the calculated temperature jumps up into the range displayed on the figure). We see that there is a modest decline in the peak temperature as the number of bundles increases, and that only a 20 K decrease results from changing from one bundle of propellant sticks to five bundles. Worse, only a 11 K decrease results once one has increased the weight of the five-bundle charge to recoup ballistic performance. It appears that there is "no free lunch;" if performance is desired, these calculations suggest that heating is inevitable.

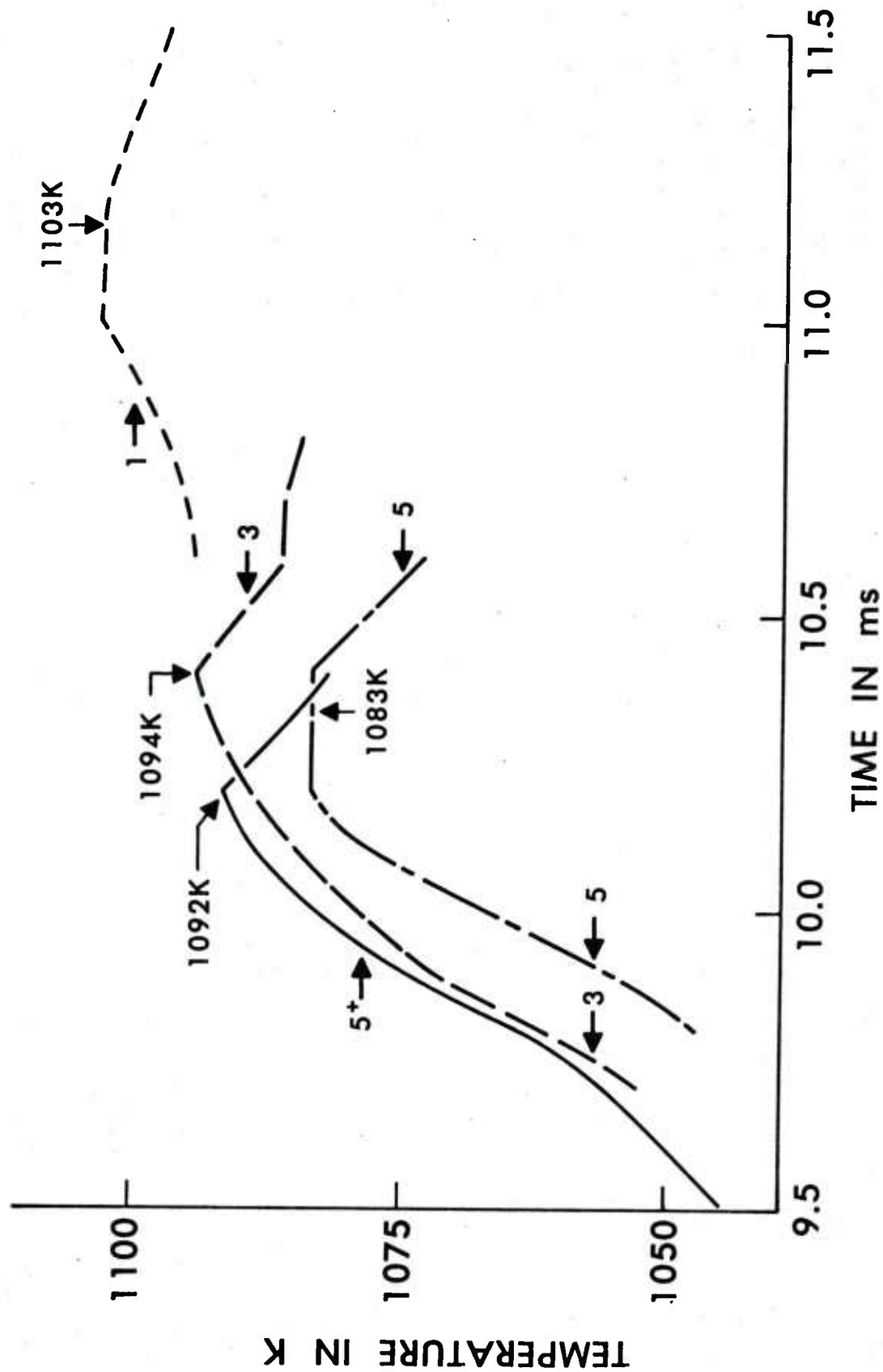


Figure 2. The Temperature at the Origin of Rifling. For One, Three, and Five Bundles of Propellant. The Maximum Temperature for Each Situation is Noted.

III. PREVIOUS CALCULATIONS

We had previously reported to the Navy⁶ that increasing the number of bundles would increase the maximum chamber pressure. Those results were an artifact of the calculations peculiar to multiple bundles of sticks. For sticks, regions of ullage smaller than some user-definable threshold at the ends of the sticks are neglected in the calculation; the parameter that defines this threshold length for the ullage that may be neglected was too large. For multiple bundles, the total neglected ullage was non-negligible. The free volume in the calculation thus decreased significantly (several percent), and the chamber volume (predictably, in hindsight) increased. The calculations in this report supercede those earlier results.

6. Letter to NOS/IH dated 10 June 1983, subject: Stick Propellant Technology for Naval Guns.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This work has benefited from helpful conversations with and suggestions from A. W. Horst, P. S. Gough, F. W. Robbins, J. A. Birkett, S. E. Mitchell, and colleagues in the Interior Ballistics Division of the BRL.

REFERENCES

1. A. W. Horst, "A Comparison of Barrel-Heating Processes for Granular and Stick Propellant Charges," ARBRL-MR-03193, USA ARRADCOM, Ballistic Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, August 1982 (AD A118 394).
2. P. S. Gough, "Extensions to NOVA Flamespread Modeling Capacity," PGA-TR-81-2, Paul Gough Associates, Inc., Portsmouth, NH, April 1981.
3. J. P. Holman, Heat Transfer, McGraw-Hill, 1968.
4. C. W. Nelson, "On Calculating Ignition of a Propellant Bed," ARBRL-MR-02864, USA ARRADCOM, Ballistic Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, September 1978 (AD A062 266).
5. P. S. Gough, "The NOVA Code: A User's Manual. Volume I. Description and Use," IHCR 80-8, Naval Ordnance Station, Indian Head, MD, December 1980.
6. Letter to NOS/IH dated 10 June 1983, subject: Stick Propellant Technology for Naval Guns.

APPENDIX A

JCL AND DATA FOR ONE BUNDLE OF STICK PROPELLANT

GEK, STMFZ, T119, P1, MS300000.
 ACCOUNT, XXXXXX.
 RFL(300000)
 ATTACH, N, NUCPTSB, ID=GEK.
 N, PL=20000.

N554ONE, INCREMENTAL STUDY
 1 INCREMENT, 30" LONG, 21.0# WT.

*EOR

5/54 SLOTTED STICK CHARGE, 21.0# TOTAL CHARGE WT, ONE BUNDLE

TFFFTTT 1 1 1 01

25 200 0 3000

1.0 234.75 0.0001 2.0 0.20 0.1 0.0002 0.0002
 6 2 2 5 0 2 1 1 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0

550. 14.7 28.896 1.4

550.

M31A1E1, RADPE472129B1.0

3 .260 .100 30.0 1.0 .01

50000. 1.0 50000.

100000. .00290 .70 0.0 783. 0.0277 .0001345 .6

15446095. 22.187 1.2566 31.28

6303000. 36.13 1.25

0. 0.01

0. 0.99

10. 10.

10. 10.

0.0 2.552 1.754 2.688 5.80 2.742 32.52 2.61

35.09 2.53 300. 2.53

35.09 1000. 37.17 1700. 39.12 3250. 40.09 1000.

300. 300.

4.102 0.0086 0.7 550.

35.09 70. 14.0 7.163

31.27 1.179 0.0 9

34.52 0.0

0.0 0.0 .05 530. .09 735. .2 850.

0.312 870. .4 970. .504 1210. .617 1870.

0.8 100000.

2. 17. 23.5 27. 35.

APPENDIX B
JCL AND DATA FOR TWO BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT

GEK,STMFZ,T119,P1,MS300000.
 ACCOUNT,XXXXXX.
 RFL(300000)
 ATTACH,N,NUCPTSB,ID=GEK.
 N,PL=20000.

N554TWO, INCREMENTAL STUDY
 2 INCREMENTS, 15" LONG, 10.5# EA

*EOR

5/54 SLOTTED STICK CHARGE, 21.0# TOTAL CHARGE WT, TWO BUNDLES

TFFFTTT	1	1	1	01										
25	5	0	3000		.0001									
1.0	234.75	0.0001			2.0	0.20	0.01	0.0002	0.0002					
6	2	2	5	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	1
550.	14.7	28.896			1.4									
550.														
M31A1E1,RADPE472129B1.0					16.0	10.5	0.060							
16.0	31.0	10.5												
3	.260	.100	15.0		1.0	.01								
50000.	1.0	50000.			0.5									
100000.	.00290	.70			0.0	783.	0.0277	.0001345	.6					
15446095.	22.187	1.2566			31.28									
6303000.	36.13	1.25												
0.	0.01													
0.	0.99													
10.	10.													
10.	10.													
0.0	2.552	1.754			2.688	5.80	2.742	32.52	2.61					
35.09	2.53	300.			2.53									
35.09	1000.	37.17			1700.	39.12	3250.	40.09	1000.					
300.	300.													
4.102	0.0086	0.7			550.									
35.09	70.	14.0			7.163									
31.27	1.179	0.0				9								
34.52	0.0													
0.0	0.0	.05			530.	.09	735.	.2	850.					
0.312	870.	.4			970.	.504	1210.	.617	1870.					
0.8	100000.													
2.	17.	23.5			27.	35.								

APPENDIX C

JCL AND DATA FOR THREE BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT

GEK, STMFZ, T119, P1, MS300000.
 ACCOUNT, XXXXXX.
 RFL(300000)
 ATTACH, N, NUCPTSB, ID=GEK.
 N, PL=20000.

N554THR, INCREMENTAL STUDY
 3 INCREMENTS, 10" LONG, 7.0# EA

*EOR

5/54 SLOTTED STICK CHARGE, 21.0# TOTAL CHARGE WT, THREE BUNDLES

TFFFTTT	1	1	1	01										
25	200	0	3000		.0001									
1.0	234.75	0.0001			2.0	0.20	0.01	0.0002	0.0002					
6	2	2	5	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	2
550.	14.7	28.896			1.4									
550.														
M31A1E1, RADPE472129B1.0					11.0	7.00	0.060							
11.0	21.0	7.00												
21.0	31.0	7.00												
3	.260	.100	10.0		1.0	.01								
50000.	1.0	50000.			0.5									
100000.	.00290	.70	0.0		783.	0.0277	.0001345	.6						
15446095.	22.187	1.2566	31.28											
6303000.	36.13	1.25												
0.	0.01													
0.	0.99													
10.	10.													
10.	10.													
0.0	2.552	1.754	2.688		5.80	2.742	32.52	2.61						
35.09	2.53	300.	2.53											
35.09	1000.	37.17	1700.		39.12	3250.	40.09	1000.						
300.	300.													
4.102	0.0086	0.7	550.											
35.09	70.	14.0	7.163											
31.27	1.179	0.0			9									
34.52	0.0													
0.0	0.0	.05	530.		.09	735.	.2	850.						
0.312	870.	.4	970.		.504	1210.	.617	1870.						
0.8	100000.													
2.	17.	23.5	27.		35.									

APPENDIX D

JCL AND DATA FOR FOUR BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT

GEK, STMFZ, T119, P1, MS300000.
 ACCOUNT, XXXXXX.
 RFL(300000)
 ATTACH, N, NUCPTSB, ID=GEK.
 N, PL=20000.

N554FOU, INCREMENTAL STUDY
 4 INCREMENTS, 7.5" LONG, 5.25# EA

*EOR

5/54 SLOTTED STICK CHARGE, 21.0# TOTAL CHARGE WT, FOUR BUNDLES

TFFFTTT	1	1	1	01										
30	5	0	3000											
1.0	234.75	0.0001	2.0	0.20	0.1	0.0002	0.0002							
6	2	2	5	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	3
550.	14.7	28.896	1.4											
550.														
M31A1E1, RADPE472129B1.0			8.50	5.25	0.060									
8.50	16.0	5.25												
16.0	23.5	5.25												
23.5	31.0	5.25												
3	.260	.100	7.50	1.0	.01									
50000.	1.0	50000.	0.5											
100000.	.00290	.70	0.0	783.	0.0277	.0001345	.6							
15446095.	22.187	1.2566	31.28											
6303000.	36.13	1.25												
0.	0.01													
0.	0.99													
10.	10.													
10.	10.													
0.0	2.552	1.754	2.688	5.80	2.742	32.52	2.61							
35.09	2.53	300.	2.53											
35.09	1000.	37.17	1700.	39.12	3250.	40.09	1000.							
300.	300.													
4.102	0.0086	0.7	550.											
35.09	70.	14.0	7.163											
31.27	1.179	0.0		9										
34.52	0.0													
0.0	0.0	.05	530.	.09	735.	.2	850.							
0.312	870.	.4	970.	.504	1210.	.617	1870.							
0.8	100000.													
2.	17.	23.5	27.	35.										

APPENDIX E

JCL AND DATA FOR FIVE BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT

GEK,STMFZ,T119,P1,MS300000.
 ACCOUNT,XXXXXX.
 RFL(300000)
 ATTACH,N,NUCPTSB,ID=GEK.
 N,PL=20000.

N554FIV, INCREMENTAL STUDY
 5 INCREMENTS, 6" LONG, 4.2# EA

*EOR

5/54 SLOTTED STICK CHARGE, 21.0# TOTAL CHARGE WT, FIVE BUNDLES

TFFFTTT	1	1	1	01									
25	200	0	3000										
1.0	234.75	0.0001	2.0	0.20	0.1	0.0002	0.0002						
6	2	2	5	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	0
550.	14.7	28.896	1.4										4
550.													
M31A1E1,RADPE472129B1.0			7.00	4.20	0.060								
7.0	13.0	4.20											
13.0	19.0	4.20											
19.0	25.0	4.20											
25.0	31.0	4.20											
3	.260	.100	6.0	1.0	.01								
50000.	1.0	50000.		0.5									
100000.	.00290	.70	0.0	783.	0.0277	.0001345	.6						
15446095.	22.187	1.2566	31.28										
6303000.	36.13	1.25											
0.	0.01												
0.	0.99												
10.	10.												
10.	10.												
0.0	2.552	1.754	2.688	5.80	2.742	32.52	2.61						
35.09	2.53	300.	2.53										
35.09	1000.	37.17	1700.	39.12	3250.	40.09	1000.						
300.	300.												
4.102	0.0086	0.7	550.										
35.09	70.	14.0	7.163										
31.27	1.179	0.0		9									
34.52	0.0												
0.0	0.0	.05	530.	.09	735.	.2	850.						
0.312	870.	.4	970.	.504	1210.	.617	1870.						
0.8	100000.												
2.	17.	23.5	27.	35.									

APPENDIX F

JCL AND DATA FOR FIVE BUNDLES OF STICK PROPELLANT
WITH PROPELLANT WEIGHT INCREASED TO MATCH
BALLISTICS OF ONE-BUNDLE CASE

GEK,STMFZ,T119,P1,MS300000.
 ACCOUNT,XXXXXX.
 RFL(300000)
 ATTACH,N,NUCPTSB,ID=GEK.
 N,PL=20000.

N554FIX, INCREMENTAL STUDY
 5 INCREMENTS, 4" LONG, 4.2485# EA

*EOR

5/54 SLOTTED STICKS, 21.2425# TOTAL, 5 BUNDLES, 4" LONG

TFFFTTT	1	1	1	01									
25	200	0	5000		.001								
1.0	234.75	0.0001			2.0	0.20	0.01	0.0002	0.0002				
6	2	2	5	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	0
550.	14.7	28.896			1.4								4
550.													
M31A1E1,RADPE472129B1.0					5.00	4.2485	0.060						
5.0	9.0	4.2485											
9.0	13.0	4.2485											
13.0	17.0	4.2485											
17.0	21.0	4.2485											
3	.260	.100	4.0		1.0	.01							
50000.	1.0	50000.			0.5								
100000.	.00290	.70	0.0		783.	0.0277	.0001345	.6					
15446095.	22.187	1.2566	31.28										
6303000.	36.13	1.25											
0.	0.01												
0.	0.99												
10.	10.												
10.	10.												
0.0	2.552	1.754	2.688	5.80	2.742	32.52	2.61						
35.09	2.53	300.	2.53										
35.09	1000.	37.17	1700.	39.12	3250.	40.09	1000.						
300.	300.												
4.102	0.0086	0.7	550.										
35.09	70.	14.0	7.163										
31.27	1.179	0.0		9									
34.52	0.0												
0.0	0.0	.05	530.	.09	735.	.2	850.						
0.312	870.	.4	970.	.504	1210.	.617	1870.						
0.8	100000.												
2.	17.	23.5	27.	35.									

5/54 SLOTTED STICKS, 21.2425# TOTAL, 5 BUNDLES, 4" LONG

NUCPTS VERSION NUMBER 2.25

CONTROL DATA

LOGICAL VARIABLES:

PRINT T GRAPH F DISK WRITE F DISK READ F
I.B. TABLE T FLAME TABLE T PRESSURE TABLE(S) T
EROSIVE EFFECT 0 DYNAMIC EFFECT 0 WALL TEMPERATURE CALCULATION 1
LEFT HAND BOUNDARY CONDITION 0 RIGHT HAND BOUNDARY CONDITION 0 LEFT HAND RESERVOIR 0
RIGHT HAND RESERVOIR 0 BED PRECOMPRESSED 0
HEAT LOSS CALCULATION 1 INSULATING LAYER 0

BORE RESISTANCE FUNCTION 1
EXPLICIT COMPACTION WAVE 0 MUZZLE BLOWDOWN ANALYSIS 0

CALCOMP PLOTS, OPTION 0

SOLUTION METHOD 1

INTEGRATION PARAMETERS

NUMBER OF STATIONS AT WHICH DATA ARE STORED	25
NUMBER OF STEPS BEFORE LOGOUT	1
TIME STEP FOR DISK START	0
NUMBER OF STEPS FOR TERMINATION	5000
TIME BEFORE PRINTOUT	.1000E-02
PRESSURE RATIO FOR LP ANALYSIS OF LARGE ULLAGE REGION (N.B., DEFAULT IS 0.2, TEST SUPPRESSED FOR VALUES LARGER THAN 10)	.2000
TIME FOR TERMINATION (SEC)	1.000
PROJECTILE TRAVEL FOR TERMINATION (INS)	234.75
MAXIMUM TIME STEP (SEC)	.1000E-03
STABILITY SAFETY FACTOR	2.00
SOURCE STABILITY FACTOR	.2000
SPATIAL RESOLUTION FACTOR	.0100
TIME INTERVAL FOR I.B. TABLE STORAGE (SEC)	.2000E-03
TIME INTERVAL FOR PRESSURE TABLE STORAGE (SEC)	.2000E-03

FILE COUNTERS

NUMBER OF STATIONS TO SPECIFY TUBE RADIUS	6
NUMBER OF TIMES TO SPECIFY PRIMER DISCHARGE	2
NUMBER OF POSITIONS TO SPECIFY PRIMER DISCHARGE	2
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN BORE RESISTANCE TABLE	5
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN WALL TEMPERATURE TABLE	0
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN FILLER ELEMENT TABLE	2
NUMBER OF TYPES OF PROPELLANTS	1
NUMBER OF BURN RATE DATA SETS	1
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN VOID FRACTION TABLE(S)	0 0 0
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN PRESSURE HISTORY TABLES	5
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN LEFT BOUNDARY SOURCE TABLE	0
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN RIGHT BOUNDARY SOURCE TABLE	0
NUMBER OF WALL STATIONS FOR INVARIANT EMBEDDING	0
NUMBER OF BED STATIONS FOR INVARIANT EMBEDDING	0

GENERAL PROPERTIES OF INITIAL AMBIENT GAS

INITIAL TEMPERATURE (DEG.R)	550.0
INITIAL PRESSURE (PSI)	14.7
MOLECULAR WEIGHT (LBM/LBMOL)	28.896
RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS	1.4000

GENERAL PROPERTIES OF PROPELLANT BEO

INITIAL TEMPERATURE (OEG.R)	550.0		
VIRTUAL MASS COEFFICIENT FOR MOMENTUM TRANSFER (-)	0.000		
VIRTUAL MASS COEFFICIENT FOR ENERGY DISSIPATION	0.000		
VOID FRACTION PACKING COEFFICIENTS	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
MINIMUM IMPACT VELOCITY FOR EXPLICIT COMPACTION WAVE (IN/SEC)	100000000.		

PROPERTIES OF PROPELLANT 1

PROPELLANT TYPE	M31A1E1,RADPE4721298
MASS OF PROPELLANT (LBM)	21.2425
DENSITY OF PROPELLANT (LBM/IN**3)	.0600
FORM FUNCTION INDICATOR	3
OUTSIDE DIAMETER (INS)	.2600
INSIDE DIAMETER (INS)	.1000
LENGTH (INS)	4.0000
NUMBER OF PERFORATIONS	1.
SLOT WIDTH(IN)	.01000

RHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

SPEED OF COMPRESSION WAVE IN SETTLED BED (IN/SEC)	50000.
SETTLING POROSITY	1.0000
SPEED OF EXPANSION WAVE (IN/SEC)	50000.
POISSON RATIO (-)	.5000

SOLID PHASE THERMOCHEMISTRY

MAXIMUM PRESSURE FOR BURN RATE DATA (LBF/IN**2)	100000.
BURNING RATE PRE-EXPONENTIAL FACTOR (IN/SEC/PSI**BN)	.2900E-02
BURNING RATE EXPONENT	.7000
BURNING RATE CONSTANT (IN/SEC)	0.0000
IGNITION TEMPERATURE (DEG.R)	783.0
ARRHENIUS ACTIVATION ENERGY (LBF-IN/LBMOL)	.0
FREQUENCY FACTOR (SEC**-1)	.0
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY (LBF/SEC/DEG.R)	.2770E-01
THERMAL DIFFUSIVITY (IN**2/SEC)	.1345E-03
EMISSIVITY FACTOR	.600

GAS PHASE THERMOCHEMISTRY

CHEMICAL ENERGY RELEASED IN BURNING(LBF-IN/LBM)	.15446E+08
MOLECULAR WEIGHT (LBM/LBMOL)	22.1870
RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS	1.2566
COVOLUME	31.2800
FLAME TEMPERATURE (BACK-CALCULATED)	2640.
IMPETUS (FT-LB/LB)	330289.

LOCATION OF PACKAGE(S)

PACKAGE	LEFT BODY(INS)	RIGHT BODY(INS)	MASS(LBM)
1	1.000	5.000	4.249
2	5.000	9.000	4.249
3	9.000	13.000	4.249
4	13.000	17.000	4.249
5	17.000	21.000	4.249

PROPERTIES OF PRIMER

CHEMICAL ENERGY RELEASED IN BURNING(LBF-IN/LBM)	.6303E+07
MOLECULAR WEIGHT (LBM/LBMOL)	36.1300
RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS	1.2500
SPECIFIC VOLUME OF SOLID(IN**3/LBM)	0.0000
FLAME TEMPERATURE (BACK-CALCULATED)	1709.
IMPETUS (FT-LB/LB)	131313.

PRIMER DISCHARGE FUNCTION (LBM/IN/SEC)

POS.(INS)	0.00	.99
TIME(SEC)		
0.	10.00	10.00
.100E-01	10.00	10.00

PARAMETERS TO SPECIFY TUBE GEOMETRY

ISTANCE(IN)	RADIUS(IN)
0.000	2.552
1.754	2.688
5.800	2.742
32.520	2.610
35.090	2.530
300.000	2.530

CHAMBER VOLUME (IN**3) 786.101

BORE RESISTANCE TABLE

POSITION (INS)		RESISTANCE (PSI)
REL TO BREECH	REL TO TRAVEL	
35.090	0.000	1000.
37.170	2.080	1700.
39.120	4.030	3250.
40.090	5.000	1000.
300.000	264.910	300.

THERMAL PROPERTIES OF TUBE

THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY (LBF/SEC/DEG.R)	4.102
THERMAL DIFFUSIVITY (IN**2/SEC)	.8600E-02
EMISSIVITY FACTOR	.700
INITIAL TEMPERATURE (DEG.R)	550.00

PROJECTILE AND RIFLING DATA

INITIAL POSITION OF BASE OF PROJECTILE(INS)	35.090
MASS OF PROJECTILE (LBM)	70.000
POLAR MOMENT OF INERTIA (LBM-IN**2)	14.000
ANGLE OF RIFLING (DEG)	7.163

FILLER ELEMENT DATA

ELEMENT	POSITION INS	MASS LBM	RESISTANCE LBF	TYPE	NO. DATA
1	31.270	1.179	0.000	0	9
2	34.520	0.000	0.000	0	0

STRESS-STRAIN DATA FOR ELEMENT NO. 1

STRAIN IN/IN	PRESSURE LBF/IN**2
0.000	0.000
.050	530.000
.090	735.000
.200	850.000
.312	870.000
.400	970.000
.504	1210.000
.617	1870.000
.800	100000.000

POSITIONS FOR PRESSURE TABLE STORAGE

2.0000 17.0000 23.5000 27.0000 35.0000

NOVSUB ERROR MESSAGE... SETTLING POROSITY AT REFERENCE COMPOSITION HAS BEEN DEFAULTED TO
.18508 TO AVOID INITIAL BED COMPACTION
OF PROPELLANT TYPE 1

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
12	Administrator Defense Technical Info Center ATTN: DTIC-DDA Cameron Station Alexandria, VA 22314	1	Commander US Army Materiel Development and Readiness Command ATTN: DRCSF-E, Safety Office 5001 Eisenhower Avenue Alexandria, VA 22333
1	Office of the Under Secretary of Defense Research & Engineering ATTN: R. Thorkildsen Washington, DC 20301	1	Commander US Army Materiel Development and Readiness Command ATTN: DRCDRA-ST 5001 Eisenhower Avenue Alexandria, VA 22333
1	Commander USA Concepts Analysis Agency 8120 Woodmont Avenue ATTN: D. Hardison Bethesda, MD 20014	1	Commander US Army Materiel Development and Readiness Command ATTN: DRCDE-DW 5001 Eisenhower Avenue Alexandria, VA 22333
1	HQDA/DAMA-ZA Washington, DC 20310	5	Project Manager Cannon Artillery Weapons System, ARDC, AMCCOM ATTN: DRCPM-CW, F. Menke DRCPM-CWW DRCPM-CWS M. Fisette DRCPM-CWA R. DeKleine H. Hassmann Dover, NJ 07801
1	HQDA, DAMA-CSM, E. Lippi Washington, DC 20310	2	Project Manager Munitions Production Base Modernization and Expansion ATTN: DRCPM-PBM, A. Siklosi SARPM-PBM-E, L. Laibson Dover, NJ 07801
1	HQDA/SARDA Washington, DC 20310	3	Project Manager Tank Main Armament System ATTN: DRCPM-TMA, K. Russell DRCPM-TMA-105 DRCPM-TMA-120 Dover, NJ 07801
1	Commandant US Army War College ATTN: Library-FF229 Carlisle Barracks, PA 17013		
1	US Army Ballistic Missile Defense Systems Command Advanced Technology Center P. O. Box 1500 Huntsville, AL 35807		
1	Chairman DOD Explosives Safety Board Room 856-C Hoffman Bldg. 1 2461 Eisenhower Avenue Alexandria, VA 22331		

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
24	Commander US Army ARDC, AMCCOM ATTN: DRSMC-TSS (D) DRSMC-TDC (D) D. Gyorog DRSMC-LC, (D) LTC N. Barron DRSMC-LCA (D) J. Lannon A. Beardell D. Downs S. Einstein S. Westley S. Bernstein P. Kemmey A. Bracuti J. Rutkowski DRSMC-LCB-I (D), D. Spring DRSMC-LCE (D) R. Walker DRSMC-LCM-E (D) S. Kaplowitz DRSMC-LCS (D) DRSMC-LCU-CT (D) E. Barrieres R. Davitt DRSMC-LCU-CV (D) C. Mandala W. Joseph DRSMC-LCW-A (D) M. Salsbury DRSMC-SCA (D) L. Stiefel B. Brodman Dover, NJ 07801	1	Commander US Army Watervliet Arsenal ATTN: SARWV-RD, R. Thierry Watervliet, NY 12189
		1	Director US Army AMCCOM Benet Weapons Laboratory ATTN: DRSMC-LCB-TL Watervliet, NY 12189
		1	Commander US Army Aviation Research and Development Command ATTN: DRDAV-E 4300 Goodfellow Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63120
		1	Commander US Army TSARCOM 4300 Goodfellow Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63120
		1	Director US Army Air Mobility Research And Development Laboratory Ames Research Center Moffett Field, CA 94035
		1	Commander US Army Communications Research and Development Command ATTN: DRSEL-ATDD Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703
5	Commander US Army Armament Munitions and Chemical Command ATTN: DRSAR-LEP-L (R) Tech Lib DRSAR-LC (R) L. Ambrosini DRSAR-IRC (R) G. Cowan DRSAR-LEM (R) W. Fortune R. Zastrow Rock Island, IL 61299	1	Commander US Army Electronics Research and Development Command Technical Support Activity ATTN: DELSD-L Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703
1	HQDA/DAMA-ART-M Washington, DC 20310	1	Commander US Army Harry Diamond Lab. ATTN: DRXDO-TI 2800 Powder Mill Road Adelphi, MD 20783

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Commander US Army Missile Command ATTN: DRSMI-R Redstone Arsenal, AL 35898	1	President US Army Armor & Engineer Board ATTN: STEBB-AD-S Fort Knox, KY 40121
1	Commander US Army Missile Command ATTN: DRSMI-YDL Redstone Arsenal, AL 35898	1	Project Manager M-60 Tank Development ATTN: DRCPM-M60TD Warren, MI 48090
1	Commandant US Army Aviation School ATTN: Aviation Agency Fort Rucker, AL 36360	1	Director US Army TRADOC Systems Analysis Activity ATTN: ATAA-SL White Sands Missile Range, NM 88002
1	Commander US Army Tank Automotive Command ATTN: DRSTA-TSL Warren, MI 48090	1	Commander US Army Training & Doctrine Command ATTN: ATCD-MA/ MAJ Williams Fort Monroe, VA 23651
1	US Army Tank Automotive Command ATTN: DRSTA-CG Warren, MI 48090	2	Commander US Army Materials and Mechanics Research Center ATTN: DRXMR-ATL Tech Library Watertown, MA 02172
1	Project Manager Improved TOW Vehicle ATTN: DRCPM-ITV US Army Tank Automotive Command Warren, MI 48090	1	Commander US Army Research Office ATTN: Tech Library P. O. Box 12211 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
2	Program Manager M1 Abrams Tank System ATTN: DRCPM-GMC-SA, T. Dean Warren, MI 48090	1	Commander US Army Mobility Equipment Research & Development Command ATTN: DRDME-WC Fort Belvoir, VA 22060
1	Project Manager Fighting Vehicle Systems ATTN: DRCPM-FVS Warren, MI 48090		
1	Commander US Army Development & Employment Agency ATTN: MODE-TED-SAB Fort Lewis, WA 98433		

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Commander US Army Logistics Mgmt Ctr Defense Logistics Studies Fort Lee, VA 23801	1	Office of Naval Research ATTN: Code 473, R. S. Miller 800 N. Quincy Street Arlington, VA 22217
1	Commandant US Army Infantry School ATTN: ATSH-CD-CSO-OR Fort Benning, GA 31905	3	Commandant US Army Armor School ATTN: ATZK-CD-MS M. Falkovitch Armor Agency Fort Knox, KY 40121
1	Commandant Command and General Staff College Fort Leavenworth, KS 66027	2	Commander Naval Sea Systems Command ATTN: SEA-62R2, R. Beauregard C. Christensen National Center, Bldg. 2 Room 6E08 Washington, DC 20362
1	Commandant US Army Special Warfare School ATTN: Rev & Tng Lit Div Fort Bragg, NC 28307	1	Commander Naval Air Systems Command ATTN: NAIR-954-Tech Lib Washington, DC 20360
1	Commandant US Army Engineer School ATTN: ATSE-CD Ft. Belvoir, VA 22060	1	Director Navy Strategic Systems Project Office Dept. of the Navy Rm. 901 ATTN: J. F. Kincaid Washington, D.C. 20360
1	Commander US Army Foreign Science & Technology Center ATTN: DRXST-MC-3 220 Seventh Street, NE Charlottesville, VA 22901	1	Assistant Secretary of the Navy (R, E, and S) ATTN: R. Reichenbach Room 5E787 Pentagon Bldg. Washington, DC 20350
1	President US Army Artillery Board Ft. Sill, OK 73503	1	Naval Research Lab Tech Library Washington, DC 20375
2	Commandant US Army Field Artillery School ATTN: ATSF-CO-MW, B. Willis Ft. Sill, OK 73503		
1	Chief of Naval Materiel Department of the Navy ATTN: J. Amlie Arlington, VA 22217		

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
2	Commander US Naval Surface Weapons Center ATTN: J. P. Consaga C. Gotzmer Silver Spring, MD 20910	1	Program Manager AFOSR/(SREP) Directorate of Aerospace Sciences ATTN: L. H. Caveny Bolling AFB, DC 20332
5	Commander Naval Surface Weapons Center ATTN: Code G33, J. L. East W. Burrell J. Johndrow Code G23, D. McClure Code DX-21 Tech Lib Dahlgren, VA 22448	5	Commander Naval Ordnance Station ATTN: P. L. Stang J. Birkett S. Mitchell D. Brooks Tech Library Indian Head, MD 20640
4	Commander Naval Surface Weapons Center ATTN: S. Jacobs/Code 240 Code 730 K. Kim/Code R-13 R. Bernecker Silver Spring, MD 20910	1	AFSC/SDOA Andrews AFB, MD 20334
2	Commander Naval Underwater Weapons Research and Engineering Station Energy Conversion Dept. ATTN: CODE 5B331, R. S. Lazar Tech Lib Newport, RI 02840	6	AFRPL (DYSC) ATTN: D. George J. N. Levine B. Goshgarian D. Thrasher N. Vander Hyde Tech Library Edwards AFB, CA 93523
4	Commander Naval Weapons Center ATTN: Code 388, R. L. Derr C. F. Price T. Boggs Info. Sci. Div. China Lake, CA 93555	1	AFFTC ATTN: SSD-Tech Lib Edwards AFB, CA 93523
2	Superintendent Naval Postgraduate School Dept. of Mechanical Engineering ATTN: A. E. Fuhs Code 1424 Library Monterey, CA 93940	1	AFATL/DLYV Eglin AFB, FL 32542
		1	AFATL/DLXP ATTN: W. Dittrich Eglin AFB, FL 32542
		1	AFATL/DLDL ATTN: O. K. Heiney Eglin AFB, FL 32542

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	AFATL/DLODL ATTN: Tech Lib Eglin AFB, FL 32542	1	General Electric Company Armament Systems Dept. ATTN: M. J. Bulman, Room 1311 Lakeside Avenue Burlington, VT 05401
1	AFWL/FIBC ATTN: TST-Lib Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433	1	IITRI ATTN: M. J. Klein 10 W. 35th Street Chicago, IL 60616
1	AFWL/SUL Kirtland AFB, NM 87117	1	Hercules Powder Co. Allegheny Ballistics Laboratory ATTN: R. B. Miller P. O. Box 210 Cumberland, MD 21501
1	General Applied Sciences Lab ATTN: J. Erdos Merrick & Stewart Avenues Westbury, NY 11590	1	Hercules, Inc Bacchus Works ATTN: K. P. McCarty P. O. Box 98 Magna, UT 84044
1	Aerodyne Research, Inc. Bedford Research Park ATTN: V. Yousefian Bedford, MA 01730	1	Hercules, Inc. Eglin Operations AFATL DLODL ATTN: R. L. Simmons Eglin AFB, FL 32542
1	Aerojet Solid Propulsion Co. ATTN: P. Micheli Sacramento, CA 95813	1	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory ATTN: M. S. L-355, A. Buckingham P. O. Box 808 Livermore, CA 94550
1	Atlantic Research Corporation ATTN: M. K. King 5390 Cheorokee Avenue Alexandria, VA 22314	1	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory ATTN: M. S. L-355 M. Finger P. O. Box 808 Livermore, CA 94550
1	AVCO Everett Rsch Lab ATTN: D. Stickler 2385 Revere Beach Parkway Everett, MA 02149		
2	Calspan Corporation ATTN: Tech Library P. O. Box 400 Buffalo, NY 14225		
1	Foster Miller Associates ATTN: A. Erickson 135 Second Avenue Waltham, MA 02154		

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of</u> <u>Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Olin Corporation Badger Army Ammunition Plant ATTN: R. J. Thiede Baraboo, WI 53913	1	Scientific Research Assoc., Inc. ATTN: H. McDonald P.O. Box 498 Glastonbury, CT 06033
1	Olin Corporation Smokeless Powder Operations ATTN: R. L. Cook P.O. Box 222 St. Marks, FL 32355	2	Thiokol Corporation Wasatch Division ATTN: J. Peterson Tech Library P. O. Box 524 Brigham City, UT 84302
1	Paul Gough Associates, Inc. ATTN: P. S. Gough P. O. Box 1614 1048 South St. Portsmouth, NH 03801	2	Thiokol Corporation Elkton Division ATTN: R. Biddle Tech Lib. P. O. Box 241 Elkton, MD 21921
1	Physics International 2700 Merced Street Leandro, CA 94577	2	United Technologies Chemical Systems Division ATTN: R. Brown Tech Library P. O. Box 358 Sunnyvale, CA 94086
1	Princeton Combustion Research Lab., Inc. ATTN: M. Summerfield 475 US Highway One Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852	1	Universal Propulsion Company ATTN: H. J. McSpadden Black Canyon Stage 1 Box 1140 Phoenix, AZ 85029
2	Rockwell International Rocketdyne Division ATTN: BA08 J. E. Flanagan J. Gray 6633 Canoga Avenue Canoga Park, CA 91304	1	Veritay Technology, Inc. ATTN: E. B. Fisher P. O. Box 22 Bowmansville, NY 14026
1	Science Applications, Inc. ATTN: R. B. Edelman 23146 Cumorah Crest Woodland Hills, CA 91364	1	Battelle Memorial Institute ATTN: Tech Library 505 King Avenue Columbus, OH 43201
3	Thiokol Corporation Huntsville Division ATTN: D. Flanigan R. Glick Tech Library Huntsville, AL 35807	1	Brigham Young University Dept. of Chemical Engineering ATTN: M. Beckstead Provo, UT 84601

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	California Institute of Tech 204 Karman Lab Main Stop 301-46 ATTN: F. E. C. Culick 1201 E. California Street Pasadena, CA 91109	1	Institute of Gas Technology ATTN: D. Gidaspow 3424 S. State Street Chicago, IL 60616
1	California Institute of Tech Jet Propulsion Laboratory ATTN: L. D. Strand 4800 Oak Grove Drive Pasadena, CA 91103	1	Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory Chemical Propulsion Information Agency ATTN: T. Christian Johns Hopkins Road Laurel, MD 20707
1	University of Illinois AAE Department ATTN: H. Krier Transportation Bldg., Rm 105 Urbana, IL 61801	1	Massachusetts Institute of Technology Dept of Mechanical Engineering ATTN: T. Toong 77 Massachusetts Avenue Cambridge, MA 02139
1	University of Massachusetts Dept. of Mechanical Engineering ATTN: K. Jakus Amherst, MA 01002	1	Pennsylvania State College Applied Research Lab ATTN: G. M. Faeth P. O. Box 30 State College, PA 16801
1	University of Minnesota Dept. of Mechanical Engineering ATTN: E. Fletcher Minneapolis, MN 55455	1	Pennsylvania State University Dept. Of Mechanical Engineering ATTN: K. Kuo University Park, PA 16802
1	Case Western Reserve University Division of Aerospace Sciences ATTN: J. Tien Cleveland, OH 44135	1	Purdue University School of Mechanical Engineering ATTN: J. R. Osborn TSPC Chaffee Hall West Lafayette, IN 47906
3	Georgia Institute of Tech School of Aerospace Eng. ATTN: B. T. Zinn E. Price W. C. Strahle Atlanta, GA 30332	1	SRI International Propulsion Sciences Division ATTN: Tech Library 333 Ravenswood Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

DISTRIBUTION LIST

<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>	<u>No. Of Copies</u>	<u>Organization</u>
1	Rensselaer Polytechnic Inst. Department of Mathematics Troy, NY 12181		<u>Aberdeen Proving Ground</u>
2	Director Los Alamos Scientific Lab ATTN: T3, D. Butler M. Division, B. Craig P. O. Box 1663 Los Alamos, NM 87545		Dir, USAMSAA ATTN: DRXSY-D DRXSY-MP, H. Cohen Cdr, USATECOM ATTN: DRSTE-TO-F STEAP-MT, S. Walton G. Rice D. Lacey C. Herud
1	Stevens Institute of Technology Davidson Laboratory ATTN: R. McAlevy, III Castle Point Station Hoboken, NJ 07030		Dir, HEL ATTN: J. Weisz Cdr, CRDC, AMCCOM ATTN: DRSMC-CLB-PA DRSMC-ACW DRSMC-CLN DRSMC-CLJ-L
1	Rutgers University Dept. of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering ATTN: S. Temkin University Heights Campus New Brunswick, NJ 08903		
1	University of Southern California Mechanical Engineering Dept. ATTN: OHE200, M. Gerstein Los Angeles, CA 90007		
2	University of Utah Dept. of Chemical Engineering ATTN: A. Baer G. Flandro Salt Lake City, UT 84112		
1	Washington State University Dept. of Mechanical Engineering ATTN: C. T. Crowe Pullman, WA 99163		

USER EVALUATION SHEET/CHANGE OF ADDRESS

This Laboratory undertakes a continuing effort to improve the quality of the reports it publishes. Your comments/answers to the items/questions below will aid us in our efforts.

1. BRL Report Number _____ Date of Report _____
2. Date Report Received _____
3. Does this report satisfy a need? (Comment on purpose, related project, or other area of interest for which the report will be used.) _____

4. How specifically, is the report being used? (Information source, design data, procedure, source of ideas, etc.) _____

5. Has the information in this report led to any quantitative savings as far as man-hours or dollars saved, operating costs avoided or efficiencies achieved, etc? If so, please elaborate. _____

6. General Comments. What do you think should be changed to improve future reports? (Indicate changes to organization, technical content, format, etc.) _____

CURRENT ADDRESS	_____
	Name

	Organization

	Address

	City, State, Zip

7. If indicating a Change of Address or Address Correction, please provide the New or Correct Address in Block 6 above and the Old or Incorrect address below.

OLD ADDRESS	_____
	Name

	Organization

	Address

	City, State, Zip

(Remove this sheet along the perforation, fold as indicated, staple or tape closed, and mail.)