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ASD (MRA&L)



Department of Defense Directive

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SUBJECT: DoD Policy on Organizations That Seek to Represent or Organize Members of the Armed Forces In Negotiation or Collective Bargaining

- References:
- (a) DoD Directive 1354.1, "Relationships with Organizations Which Seek to Represent Members of the Armed Forces in Negotiation or Collective Bargaining," October 6, 1977 (hereby canceled)
 - (b) Title 5, United States Code, Sections 7101-7135
 - (c) Uniform Code of Military Justice, Title 10, United States Code, Sections 801-940
 - (d) Title 10, United States Code, Section 976 (Act of Nov. 8, 1978, Pub. L. No. 95-610, 92 Stat. 3085)
 - (e) Title 5, United States Code, Section 2105
 - (f) DoD Directive 5200.27, "Acquisition of Information Concerning Persons and Organizations not Affiliated With the Department of Defense," January 7, 1980

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A. REISSUANCE AND PURPOSE

This Directive reissues reference (a) to reflect revisions in policies and procedures for organizations whose objective is to organize or represent members of the Armed Forces of the United States for purposes of negotiating or bargaining about terms or conditions of military service. The policies and procedures set forth herein are designed to promote the readiness of the armed forces to defend the

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United States. The Directive does not modify or diminish the existing authority of commanders to control access to, or maintain good order and discipline on, military installations; nor does it modify or diminish the obligations of commanders and supervisors under 5 U.S.C. §§7101-7135 (reference (b)) with respect to organizations representing DoD civilian employees.

B. APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE

1. The provisions of this Directive apply to:

a. Department of Defense Components, which include the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments, the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Unified and Specified Commands, and the Defense Agencies;

b. All military and civilian personnel of the Department of Defense; and

c. Individuals and groups entering, using, or seeking to enter or use military installations.

2. This Directive does not limit the application of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (reference (c)) or 10 U.S.C. 976 (reference (d)) including the prohibitions and criminal penalties set forth therein with respect to matters that are the subject of this Directive or that are beyond its scope.

C. DEFINITIONS

Terms used in this Directive are defined in enclosure 1.

D. POLICY

It is the policy of the United States under Public Law No. 95-610 (reference (d)) that:

"1. Members of the armed forces of the United States must be prepared to fight and, if necessary, to die to protect the welfare, security, and liberty of the United States and of their fellow citizens.

"2. Discipline and prompt obedience to lawful orders of superior officers are essential and time-honored elements of the American military tradition and have been reinforced from the earliest articles of war by laws and regulations prohibiting conduct detrimental to the military chain of command and lawful military authority.

b. No member of the armed forces, and no civilian officer or employee, may negotiate or bargain on behalf of the United States concerning the terms or conditions of military service of members of the armed forces with any person who represents or purports to represent members of the armed forces.

3. Strikes and Other Concerted Activity

a. No person on a military installation, and no member of the armed forces, may organize or attempt to organize, or participate in, any strike, picketing, march, demonstration, or other similar form of concerted action involving members of the armed forces that is directed against the Government of the United States and that is intended to induce any civilian officer or employee, or any member of the armed forces, to:

(1) Negotiate or bargain with any person concerning the terms or conditions of service of any member of the armed forces,

(2) Recognize any military labor organization as a representative of individual members of the armed forces in connection with any complaint or grievance of any such member arising out of the terms or conditions of service of such member in the armed forces, or

(3) Make any change with respect to the terms or conditions of service in the armed forces of individual members of the armed forces.

b. No person may use any military installation for any meeting, march, picketing, demonstration, or other similar activity for the purpose of engaging in any activity prohibited by this Directive.

c. No member of the armed forces, and no civilian officer or employee, may permit or authorize the use of any military installation for any meeting, march, picketing, demonstration, or other similar activity which is for the purpose of engaging in any activity prohibited by this Directive.

4. Representation. A military labor organization may not represent, or attempt to represent, any member of the armed forces before any civilian officer or employee, or any member of the armed forces, in connection with any grievance or complaint of any such member arising out of the terms or conditions of service of such member in the armed forces.

F. ACTIVITY NOT COVERED BY THIS DIRECTIVE

1. This Directive does not limit the right of any member of the armed forces to:

a. Join or maintain membership in any lawful organization or association not constituting a "military labor organization" as defined in enclosure 1 of this Directive;

b. Present complaints or grievances concerning the terms or conditions of the service of such member in the armed forces in accordance with established military procedures;

c. Seek or receive information or counseling from any source;

d. Be represented by counsel in any legal or quasi-legal proceeding, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;

e. Petition the Congress for redress of grievances;
or

f. Take such other administrative action to seek such administrative or judicial relief, as is authorized by applicable laws and regulations.

2. This Directive does not prevent commanders or supervisors from giving consideration to the views of any member of the armed forces presented individually or as a result of participation on command-sponsored or authorized advisory councils, committees, or organizations.

3. This Directive does not prevent any civilian employed at a military installation from joining or being a member of an organization that engages in representational activities with respect to terms or conditions of civilian employment.

G. RESPONSIBILITY

1. Heads of DoD Components shall:

a. Ensure compliance with this Directive and with the guidelines contained in enclosure 2.

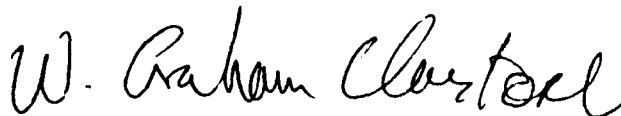
b. Establish procedures to ensure that any action initiated under this Directive is reported immediately to the Head of the DoD Component concerned.

c. Report any action initiated under this Directive immediately to the Secretary of Defense.

2. The Assistant Secretary of Defense (Manpower, Reserve Affairs, and Logistics) shall serve as the administrative point of contact in the Office of the Secretary of Defense for all matters relating to this Directive.

H. EFFECTIVE DATE AND IMPLEMENTATION

This Directive is effective immediately. Forward two copies of implementing documents to the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Manpower, Reserve Affairs, and Logistics) within 120 days.



W. Graham Claytor, Jr.
Deputy Secretary of Defense

Enclosures - 2

1. Definitions
2. Guidelines

DEFINITIONS

A. Member of the Armed Forces. A member of the armed forces who is serving on active duty, or a member of a Reserve component while performing inactive duty training.

B. Military Labor Organization. Any organization that engages in or attempts to engage in:

1. Negotiating or bargaining with any civilian officer or employee, or with any member of the armed forces, on behalf of members of the armed forces, concerning the terms or conditions of military service of such members in the armed forces;

2. Representing individual members of the armed forces before any civilian officer or employee, or any member of the armed forces, in connection with any grievance or complaint of any such member arising out of the terms or conditions of military service of such member in the armed forces; or

3. Striking, picketing, marching, demonstrating, or any other similar form of concerted action which is directed against the Government of the United States and which is intended to induce any civilian officer or employee, or any member of the armed forces, to:

a. Negotiate or bargain with any person concerning the terms or conditions of military service of any member of the armed forces,

b. Recognize any organization as a representative of individual members of the armed forces in connection with complaints and grievances of such members arising out of the terms or conditions of military service of such members in the armed forces, or

c. Make any change with respect to the terms or conditions of military service of individual members of the armed forces.

C. Civilian Officer or Employee. An employee, as defined in 5 U.S.C. §2105 (reference (e)).

D. Military Installations. Includes installations, reservations, facilities, vessels, aircraft, and other property controlled by the Department of Defense.

E. Negotiation or Bargaining. A process whereby a commander or supervisor acting on behalf of the United States engages in discussions with a member or members of the armed forces

(purporting to represent other such members), or with an individual, group, organization, or association purporting to represent such members, for the purpose of resolving bilaterally terms or conditions of military service.

F. Terms or Conditions of Military Service. Terms or conditions of military compensation or duty including but not limited to wages, rates or pay, duty hours, assignments, grievances, or disputes.

GUIDELINES

The guidelines for making certain factual determinations are as follows:

A. In determining whether an organization is a military labor organization, whether a person is a member of a military labor organization, or whether such person or organization is in violation of any provision of this Directive, the history and operation of the organization (including its constitution and bylaws, if any) or person in question may be evaluated, along with evidence on the conduct constituting a prohibited act.

B. In determining whether the commission of a prohibited act by a person can be imputed to the organization, examples of factors that may be considered include: the frequency of such act; the position in the organization of persons committing the act; whether the commission of such act was known by the leadership of the organization; whether the commission of the act was condemned or disavowed by the leadership of the organization.

C. Any information about persons and organizations not affiliated with the Department of Defense needed to make the determinations required by this Directive shall be gathered in strict compliance with the provisions of DoD Directive 5200.27 (reference (f)), and shall not be acquired by counterintelligence or security investigative personnel. The organization itself shall be considered a primary source of information.