

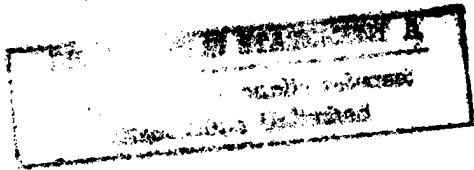
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Korean Affairs Report

No. 222



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25 June 1982

KOREAN AFFAIRS REPORT

No. 222

CONTENTS

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

'VRPR' Hits U.S. Plan to Sell F-4D Fighters to S. Korea (Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, 13 Jun 82) ...	1
'VRPR' Notes Anti-U.S. Letter From Overseas Korean (KCNA, 14 Jun 82)	2
Chon Escapes Several Attempted Assassinations (Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, 14 Jun 82)	3
DPRK Public Organizations Rap Curb Loan Scandal (KCNA, 11 Jun 82)	5
PRC Daily Exposes S. Korean Curb Loan Scandal (KCNA, 11 Jun 82)	6
Security Command Officer 'Executed' by Rok Soldiers (Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, 14 Jun 82) ...	8
Overseas Korean Scholars Discuss Unification in Geneva (KCNA, 17 Jun 82)	9
DPRK Rally Marks Anti-Japanese Struggle Anniversary (KCNA, 10 Jun 82)	11
DPRK Daily Scores S. Korean Statement on Lebanon (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 12 Jun 82)	13

SOUTH KOREA

POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Parties Finalize Strategies for Political Summit (THE KOREA TIMES, 16 Jun 82)	15
--	----

Briefs		
Students Arrested		16
More Students Arrested		16
Students Sentenced		16
ECONOMY		
Government Raises Prices; Moves to Stimulate Economy		
(YONHAP, 18 May 82)		17
Nuclear Development Programs Analyzed		
(KOREA NEWSREVIEW, 8 May 82)		19
Localization Plan for Industrial Goods Reported		
(KOREA NEWSREVIEW, 8 May 82)		23
Briefs		
Domestic Industrial Investment		24
Rok-Japan Offshore Oil Exploration		24
Economic Growth		25
Chemical Industry Investment		25
Air Routes With Britain		25
Unclaimed \$340,000 Probed		26
SOCIAL CONDITIONS		
Briefs		
Early Summer Vacation		27
Students Banned		27
Warning on Japanese-Type Encephalitis		28
FOREIGN RELATIONS		
Nation to Host '84 Pacific Cooperation Conference		
(YONHAP, 9 Jun 82)		29
Briefs		
Zairian President Visits Cemetery		30
Taiwan Broadcasting Group		30
BCC President Meets Leaders		30
Indonesian Defense Minister's Visit		31
Ecuadorian Vice Fisheries Minister		31
Saemaul Seminar		31
New ROK Envoy to Singapore		31
FOREIGN TRADE		
New Import Liberalization Measures Announced		
(YONHAP, 31 May 82).....		32

Chon Urges Exploration of Remote Export Markets (THE KOREA HERALD, 11 Jun 82)	33
Briefs	
Nonessential Commodities Import	34
NORTH KOREA	
POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT	
Briefs	
New Envoy to Chad	35
Thanks to Film Studio	35
ECONOMY	
Briefs	
Large-Size Drilling Machine Manufactured	36
New Type Electric Car	36
MILITARY AFFAIRS	
Briefs	
Reception for NNSC Swiss Member	37
GEOGRAPHY	
'KCNA' Describes Samjiyon Revolutionary Site (KCNA, 15 Jun 82)	38
KOREANS IN JAPAN	
New Terrorist Tactics Against South Korea (Pak Hwa-chin; SEOUL SINMUN, 2 Jun 82)	40
Kim Il-Song Receives Letter from Koreans in Japan (KCNA, 16 Jun 82)	42
Briefs	
Sports Games	43
Chongnyon Educational Delegation	43
Chongnyon Relay Group	43
FOREIGN RELATIONS	
Foreign Groups Celebrate Kim Il-Song Birthday (KCNA, 15 Jun 82)	44

WFDY Congress Demands U.S. Troop Withdrawal (KCNA, 16 Jun 82)	46
PRC Denounces Israeli Invasion of Lebanon (KCNA, 17 Jun 82)	47
Solidarity Meeting Supports Arab Peoples Struggle (KCNA, 11 Jun 82)	49
Briefs	
DPRK Delegations Return	51
LSWYK Delegation Returns From PRC	51
Socialist, Japanese Delegations Leave	51
U.S. Compatriot Departs	52
U.S. Compatriot Arrives	52
Romanian Film Show	52
DPRK Delegation Returns; CSSR Delegations Arrive	52
Thai, Zimbabwean Delegations	52
Mongolian Envoy's Press Conference	52
KWP Group to China	52
Mongolian Books	53
DPRK, Thai Delegations	53
DPRK Film Show	53
Chongnyon Traders Delegation	53
Finnish, Burmese Media Hail Feats	53
Portuguese National Day	54
Greetings to Australian CP	54
Science Delegation Returns	54
Soviet Maritime Delegation	54
Yugoslav Socialist Youth Delegation	54
Tanzanian Chuche Delegation	54
World Intellectual Property Body Delegation	55
Ugandan Paper on Kim Chong-Il	55
Message to Portuguese President	55
KWP Delegation's Departure	55
Ambassador to Niger Appointed	55
Ambassador to Niger	56
Korean Resident From U.S.	56
CPRF Fetes Overseas Korean	56
Reply From Sudanese President	57
Finnish Official Greeted	57
Polish Envoy's Meeting	57
Delegation Leaves for Bulgaria	57
Equatorial Guinea Leader Meets Envoy	57
Envoy Met in Guinea-Bissau	58
Mexican Ambassador Arrives	58
Bangladesh Paper's Article	58
U.S.-Resident Korean Departs	58
Malagasy President Receives Envoy	59
Zimbabwean President Receives Envoy	59
Bulletin Published	59

BIOGRAPHICS

Picture Album of Kim Il-Song Published (KCNA, 16 June 82)	60
--	----

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

'VRPR' HITS U.S. PLAN TO SELL F-4D FIGHTERS TO S. KOREA

SK130436 (Clandestine) Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification
in Korean to South Korea 0300 GMT 13 Jun 82

[Text] According to an announcement by a spokesman for the U.S. Defense Department, the U.S. administration is scheming to sell to South Korea six F-4D Phantom fighters.

This is another maneuver to build up military strength. It is an aggressive, criminal act which will aggravate the tense situation on the Korean Peninsula. This shows that the United States is openly challenging peace, while at the same time it is advocating the peace.

Due to the U.S. schemes to provoke another war, this land has become a powderkeg that could be the site of a new war. The tense situation is being aggravated on the Korean Peninsula. A dangerous situation in which a war of northward invasion may break out at any moment is being created.

If the United States should ignite a war on the Korean Peninsula, it will face shame and defeat. The United States should immediately stop preparations for a northward war and withdraw its troops and all military hardware from South Korea.

CSO: 4108/167

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

'VRPR' NOTES ANTI-U.S. LETTER FROM OVERSEAS KOREAN

SK140820 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0803 GMT 14 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 14 (KCNA)--An overseas Korean intellectual surnamed Kim sent a letter some time ago to a professor at Seoul University, his friend, in connection with the intensified anti-U.S. struggle among South Korean students and people, according to radio "Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification."

Pointing to the fact that anti-U.S. slogans are bursting forth uninterruptedly and the anti-U.S. struggle is rapidly gaining in strength in South Korea, which was typified by the burning of the "American Cultural Centre," he says:

This is not a mere arson nor leaflet scattering, but an expression of the indignation and grievances pent up against the United States which has been occupying South Korea and forcing slavery upon its people for 37 years and the first cry of the awakened people. The flame that flared up at the "American Cultural Centre" was a torch announcing the start of an anti-U.S. struggle of new dimensions and the leaflets scattered were a declaration of war announcing the powerful anti-U.S. national salvation struggle of our people. The anti-U.S. struggle in South Korea is, indeed, a well-aimed national salvation struggle.

Stressing that only when they fight against the United States can they restore the occupied territory, realize the democratization of society and achieve the reunification of the country, he says: This is because the U.S. troops occupation of South Korea is the root cause of all misfortunes and hardships of our nation.

He further says:

The United States is neither the "liberator" nor the "helper." Its "aid" is a means of further subjugating our country and nation politically and economically.

In conclusion, he emphasizes: We should wage a more vigorous anti-U.S. national salvation struggle, clearly seeing that it is none but the United States that divides our country, obstructs reunification and impedes democratisation of society.

CSO: 4120/298

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

CHON ESCAPES SEVERAL ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATIONS

SK151022 (Clandestine) Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT 14 Jun 82

[From the "Hour for the Men and Officers of the Armed Forces" program with announcer (Kim Chang-yun): "Chon Tu-hwan is Seized by Fear"]

[Text] Men and officers of the armed forces:

As is known to the world, attempts on the life of Chon Tu-hwan by military personnel have already been made 6 or 7 times since September 1980. An army captain shot at Chon Tu-hwan while he was touring Kwangju and another army officer attempted to assassinate Chon Tu-hwan when he was inspecting front lines. To cite a few recent cases: attempts on the life of Chon Tu-hwan were miscarried on 4 and 27 December last year and again on 25 January this year.

In the case of the attempted assassination on 25 January, a colonel, commander of the 30th battalion attached to the capitol corps, shot at Chon Tu-hwan in his Chongwadae office, but missed and Chon Tu-hwan's life was spared.

So on 30 March when he was watching the joint military exercise staged by South Korean and U.S. troops in a mountainous area southwest of Seoul, Chon Tu-hwan is said to have stayed in a specially built bunker, solid like a fortress, together with U.S. Defense Secretary Weinberger. Even after a tight net of security guards surrounded the bunker and Chongwadae security guards armed with portable anti-tank rockets were positioned in places around the bunker, Chon Tu-hwan is said to have inspected the soldiers from behind bullet-proof glass.

For this reason, foreign news reports scoffed at Chon Tu-hwan, saying that he was surrounded by a specially tight security, unprecedented in foreign countries.

In fact, Chon Tu-hwan is fanning the fury of the people and not a few officers and men of the armed forces by his fascist suppression and murderous acts such as the Kwangju incident. He is also generating resentment

among the military for his maneuvers to make the army a private army, corruptions and irregularities and nepotism in military personnel administration.

The anti-Chon Tu-hwan spirit on the part of those retired or relegated high-ranking officers and of the soldiers who are under their influence appears to be deepening along with the people's anti-Chon Tu-hwan sentiment.

Although No Tae-u, Kim Pok-tong and Yi Hui-sung have already been discharged from the army, their remnant forces within the army appear to have joined the anti-Chon Tu-hwan forces. So Chun-yol, now serving as commander of the first army corps is said to be in contact with Kang Yong-sik who retired after serving in the post of commander of the sixth army corps and director of the joint chiefs of staff to recruit the anti-Chon Tu-hwan forces in the third army corps.

What is more, distrust and irrevocable friction are said to exist between Kim Yun-ho, chairman of the joint chiefs of staff; Hwang Yong-si, army chief of staff and Pak Chung-tong, commander of the security command.

Needless to say, Chon Tu-hwan is trying to bring the military under his control by taking advantage of this friction.

Fearing that he might meet his end if any one of them joins anti-Chon Tu-hwan forces, he frequently urges the people, through screaming, to expel the deeply ingrained factionalism and nepotism-consciousness.

No wonder people call him a night president who makes night tours only without giving prior notice and makes others read his speeches while he remains in a bullet-proof car wearing a bullet-proof vest. No wonder people say his days are numbered.

CSO: 4108/167

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DPRK PUBLIC ORGANIZATIONS RAP CURB LOAN SCANDAL

SK111630 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1542 GMT 11 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 11 (KCNA)--Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea Kim Pong-chu, chairman of the C.C. of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea Yi Yong-su, chairman of the C.C. of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea Kim I-hun, chairman of the C.C. of the General Federation of the Unions of Literature and Arts Yi Ki-yong and chairman of the C.C. of the Korean Journalists Union Kim Ki-nam respectively published talks denouncing the base attempts of the Chon Tu-hwan group to conceal the truth of the "loan scandal" committed recently by it.

In their talks they said that the loan scandal is a large-scale swindle committed by the Chongwadae clan with the abuse of its privilege and a planned financial robbery perpetrated by Chon Tu-hwan himself through his relatives for securing political fund.

Yi Chol-hui and Chang Yong-cha whom the South Korean puppets are now widely advertising as the prime movers in the loan scandal are mere victims to the attainment of this political aim of traitor Chon Tu-hwan, they pointed out.

Noting that however desperately traitor Chon Tu-hwan may try to veil the truth of the scandal by setting in motion the henchmen of Chongwadae, he cannot conceal his true color as the real criminal, they said:

It is only too natural that even the South Korean "National Assembly" is asking if a "specific person" was involved in the "loan scandal," or not.

The scandal betrayed the seamy side and corruption of the South Korean society and the reactionary and anti-popular nature of the power-almighty military dictatorial system, they said, and stressed:

With the military terror rule of the Chon Tu-hwan group left alone, it is impossible to realize the democratization of society or do away with corruption and social vices.

CSO: 4120/298

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

PRC DAILY EXPOSES S. KOREAN CURB LOAN SCANDAL

SK111559 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1505 GMT 11 Jun 82

[Text] Beijing, June 9 (KCNA)--The June 7 issue of the Chinese "PEOPLES DAILY" carried an article headlined "Chang Yong-cha Case--Scandal of South Korea" which discloses the big financial scandal in South Korea.

The article says:

The prime movers of the scandal are Chang Yong-cha, a relative of South Korean puppet President Chon Tu-hwan, and her husband Yi Chol-hui who is former deputy chief of the puppet Central Intelligence Agency.

The Chang Yong-cha scandal gave a serious shocking to the South Korean economy. But what is more important is that it exposed the darkness and corruption of the Chon Tu-hwan dictatorial rule.

All people demand a thorough probe into the scandal, directing a spearhead directly against the Chon Tu-hwan ruling group.

Even quite a number of "national assemblymen" consider that the scandal should be ascribed to the collusion between power and economy in addition to the ailment of South Korean economic structure.

Chang Yong-cha is a younger sister of the wife of Yi Kyu-kwang, uncle of Chon Tu-hwan's wife, director of the "Taehan Mining Development Company" and former "MP superintendent of the army headquarters." Chang Yong-cha, Yi Kyu-kwang and Chon Tu-hwan formed a dark triangle.

Chang Yong-cha had used Chon Tu-hwan and Yi Kyu-kwang as her political and economic backing in the whole course of the scandal.

Public opinion and public figures of all strata demanded that the backstage manipulator of Chang Yong-cha be made clear and the fact that part of money she misappropriated by fraud was used as a "political fund" of Chon Tu-hwan's "Democratic Justice Party" be thoroughly investigated.

Under the pressure of public opinion Chon Tu-hwan staged a ridiculous farce, reshuffling leading personnel of the "Democratic Justice Party," a ruling party, and "cabinet ministers."

The Chon Tu-hwan clique published "the final results of the investigation" in the name of the prosecution authorities and obstinately denied the involvement of political power in the case.

By so doing the Chon Tu-hwan clique attempts to lull the discontent of public opinion and wave off the peoples condemnation.

But public figures of South Korea are not going to sit idle.

Chon Tu-hwan has forcibly closed the door of investigation into the "back-ground" of the Chang Yong-cha scandal by using his "Democratic Justice Partys" domination over the "National Assembly." But the scandal will become an active volcano influencing the political situation of South Korea.

CSO: 4120/298

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

SECURITY COMMAND OFFICER 'EXECUTED' BY ROK SOLDIERS

SK150313 (Clandestine) Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification
in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT 14 Jun 82

[News for the soldiers from the feature program "Hour for the Men and Officers of the Armed Forces"]

[Text] Anti-Chong Tu-hwan voices are being heard louder among the men and officers of the armed forces in connection with Chon Tu-hwan's curb market scandal.

Officers and soldiers at an army unit, hearing about the truth about the curb market scandal--a topic widely talked about in town--from Sgt. Choe who had recently visited his home in Seoul, are reportedly raising their voices condemning the Chon Tu-hwan ring. The ring has already committed irregularities in the course of the so-called investigation. Naming Chong Chi-kun, former prosecutor general, to the post of minister of justice is another attempt to keep committing irregularities even in the courts and to permanently bury in secrecy Chon Tu-hwan's involvement in the scandal. The truth will out. Chongwadae's black tail has already been exposed. Chon Tu-hwan's days are numbered. Not only will Chon Tu-hwan not be forgiven of his crimes, but also his U.S. master will before long leave him in a lurch as anti-Chon Tu-hwan and anti-U.S. sentiment grows.

The soldiers reportedly hate Chon Tu-hwan, saying things like this.

Soldiers in an army unit executed Lt. Yi of the security command, who was stationed in the unit and who used to run amok as Chon Tu-hwan's stooge. Lt. Yi, an officer of the security unit, was found dead under a bridge. Finding an anti-Chon Tu-hwan leaflet posted in the barracks of the unit, he was reportedly harrassing the soldiers who had participated in the student movement in the universities by rechecking their personnel files and examples of their handwriting.

Fearing public opinion, the authorities tried to say that Lt. Yi was drunk and fell to his death from the bridge. However, it is reported that the patriotic soldiers who hated him pushed him over the bridge.

At the news of Lt. Yi's death, the soldiers are reported to be relieved and said: Good. His death presages the end of Chon Tu-hwan.

CSO: 4108/167

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

OVERSEAS KOREAN SCHOLARS DISCUSS UNIFICATION IN GENEVA

SK170439 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 17 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 17 (KCNA)--The 5th symposium of All Overseas Korean Scholars for National Unification was held in Geneva some time ago, according to a report.

The symposium was attended by more than 100 Korean scholars and compatriots from the United States, Japan, Canada, West Germany, France, Switzerland, Sweden and Denmark.

A keynote report titled "Let Us Achieve Democracy and Unification in Response to the Call of the Times" was delivered by Choe Ki-hwan, chairman of the "Council for the Building of Democratic Society of South Korea," an organization of Koreans in Switzerland, on behalf of the preparatory committee of the symposium.

Congratulatory speeches were made by Yi Ung-no, a Korean painter in France; Choe Tok-sin, chairman of the "Paedal National Council"; Yun I-sang, vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the "Union of Overseas South Koreans for Democracy, Nation and Unification" (Hanminyon); Sonu Hak-won, professor of Central Methodist University, the United States; and Yi Hwa-son, chairman of the "Council of Christians Overseas for National Unification in West Germany" who is a Korean pastor in West Germany.

Then congratulatory messages to the symposium from a number of Swiss personages and Koreans in different countries were read out at the symposium.

Taking the floor were Kim Un-ha, director and publisher of "SINHAN MINBO," a Koreans newspaper in the United States; Kuk Yong-kil, general secretary of the "Council of the Movement for Democracy in the Homeland" in the United States; Choe Ik-hwan, professor at Seattle Central Community University, the United States; Kim Chae-chin, a Korean resident in Japan; Chon Chung-nim, publisher of "NEW KOREA TIMES"; Kim Sun-hwan, a Korean resident in West Germany; Song Sok-chung, professor at Michigan State University, the United States; Kim Tong-su, professor at Norfolk State University, the United States; O Yong-ni, Korean resident in Japan; and Sonu Hak-won, professor at Central Methodist University, the United States.

Then the symposium was divided into sub-committee meetings and all the attendants actively participated in the discussion.

Unanimously pointing out that the aggression and intervention of outside forces is the main obstacle lying in the way of the reunification of the country, the speakers strongly demanded that the United States immediately withdraw from South Korea, taking along all its nuclear weapons.

They branded the Chon Tu-hwan cliques "unification proposal" as an entirely deceptive one for a permanent division of the country and for concealing its true color in engaging itself in fascist repression. And they held that the Chon Tu-hwan clique must promptly step down from "power" for the sake of democratisation of the South Korean society and national unification.

They were unanimous in saying that the country can be reunified only through dialogue and that to strive for its realization is an important task facing them.

The question of instituting "prize of peaceful unification" at the sixth symposium was entrusted to the secretariat of the preparatory committee of the symposium.

"Geneva Declaration for National Unification" was adopted there.

CSO: 4120/298

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DPRK RALLY MARKS ANTI-JAPANESE STRUGGLE ANNIVERSARY

SK100431 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0407 GMT 10 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 10 (KCNA)--The South Korean people of all walks of life should vigorously wage the massive anti-U.S. struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and nuclear and all other destructive weapons from South Korea, sweep away the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist rule and set up a genuine democratic government, declared Yo Yon-ku, director of the secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland.

She said this in her report at a Pyongyang meeting held on June 9 to commemorate the 56th anniversary of the June 10 anti-Japanese demonstration for independence.

The June 10 demonstration which was held on June 10, 1926, against the Japanese imperialists occupation of Korea and their brutal colonial rule was a massive anti-Japanese patriotic struggle to take back the lost dignity and sovereignty of the nation and achieve the independence of the country.

She said:

The earnest desires of the participants in the June 10 anti-Japanese demonstration for independence 56 years ago and our people have not yet been realised throughout the country and the South Korean people are still subjected to disgraceful colonial slavery.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors have not only turned South Korea into a colony and a military base and are bringing unbearable misfortunes and sufferings to the people but also imposing the prolonged tragedy of national split upon our people, pursuing the "two Koreas" policy dead set against the reunification of Korea.

Availing themselves of the U.S. imperialists policy of aggression, the Japanese reactionaries have already made inroads deep into political, economic, cultural and military fields of South Korea. They are now supplying the South Korean puppets with weapons and helping them build the munitions industry. They have worked out even a plan to dispatch their "self-defence forces" to the Korean front in case of emergency.

Chon Tu-hwan, the traitor without an equal, is selling off the interests of the country and the nation, serving U.S. imperialism as well as Japanese reactionaries as their running dog.

The only way for putting an end to the division of the country and reunifying it is to realise the proposal to found the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo advanced by the great leader comrade Kim Il-song.

In conclusion she called upon all the Koreans at home and abroad to rise in the sacred struggle to found a confederal state, independent, democratic and peaceful.

Attending the meeting together with working people in the city were comrade Ho Chong-suk, secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and presidium member of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland, and Chong Sin-hyok, chairman of the Central Committee of the Chondoist Chongu Party.

CSO: 4120/298

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DPRK DAILY SCORES S. KOREAN STATEMENT ON LEBANON

SK130152 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2323 GMT 12 Jun 82

[NODONG SINMUN 13 June commentary: "Puppets' Clumsy Trick"]

[Text] On 11 June a spokesman for the South Korean Foreign Ministry denounced Israeli aggression in Lebanon, clamoring about the need for peaceful settlement of all international disputes. The South Korean puppets' remarks denouncing Israeli aggression in Lebanon are nothing but sugar-coated words. It is known to the world that historically they have committed criminal acts against the Arab people in league with Israel under the aegis of the U.S. imperialists. Whenever the Israeli aggressors committed brigandish armed aggression against the Arabs, the South Korean puppets distorted the truth by saying that the Arab side was the first to provoke the wars, thus supporting the provocateurs. When Israel occupied a part of the Arab countries, they highly praised the aggressors by exalting the Israelis as heroes of the desert.

The South Korean puppets were the ones who planned to dispatch to Israel pilots and ground troops during the fourth Mideast war. No matter how suddenly the puppets may assume a different color, they cannot cover up their nature as supporters of the Israeli zionists. In recent days, the collusion between the South Korean puppets and Israel has been enhanced. While strengthening the military collusion with Israel, the South Korean puppets are jointly tapping resources to make nuclear arms.

It is clear that this is part of a scheme for a nuclear war staged by the U.S. imperialists.

It is ridiculous that they denounced the Israeli aggressors' acts of making inroads in Lebanon. This is very shameless hypocrisy. It is a really shameless gibberish for the truculent stooges of aggression, who are indiscriminately arresting and murdering the patriotic people in South Korea struggling to oppose U.S. imperialist aggression and to achieve national independence, to denounce someone else's aggression.

If they made such remarks denouncing the aggression from their heart, they should first denounce the U.S. imperialist aggressors, who are inflicting many misfortunes and much pain on the South Korean people and

are desperately blocking our country's reunification and should demand their immediate and unconditional withdrawal from South Korea.

Speaking of the puppets' absurd remarks about the resolution of international disputes through peaceful negotiations is also presumptuous. The South Korean puppets are the U.S. imperialists' faithful dogs. They are not qualified to discuss peace. They are warmongers who are executing aggressive schemes and war maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists.

According to the U.S. imperialist aggressive line, they are building up their military strength and increasing armaments, openly maneuvering for war by waging war exercises on the ground, in the sky and at sea almost daily and frequently committing provocative acts against us along the military demarcation line [Kunsan Pungyeson].

By so doing, they are turning South Korea into a dangerous setting for a new war. Upholding the U.S. imperialist aggressive line, the puppets are joining in their masters' war maneuvers. It is brazen-faced for them to babble about the peaceful settlement of international disputes.

The South Korean puppets are kicking up a racket by clamoring about peace in connection with the Mideast situation. This shows that they are trying to cover up their dirty nature as the enemy of nonaligned countries, including the Arab people, and to escape international isolation as well as to infiltrate the Third World countries to carry out the U.S. imperialist policy of destruction, plunder, division and alienation and to earn more dollars.

By covering up their criminal nature and enhancing their image in the global arena, the South Korean puppets are scheming to have the South Korean people see a vision and to quash their struggle spirit.

However they may try to slip on sheep's clothing, they cannot cover up their nature. The South Korean puppets are not the ones with which the independent countries of the world should deal.

No matter how a dirty imperialist puppet and war maniac like the Chon Tu-hwan clique may try to hide its true nature, it can deceive no one.

CSO: 4108/167

S. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

PARTIES FINALIZE STRATEGIES FOR POLITICAL SUMMIT

SK160122 Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 16 Jun 82 p 1

[Text] With the meeting between President Chon Tu-hwan and leaders of the political parties opening today at Chongwadae, the three major parties actually finalized their respective strategies yesterday to obtain their aims in dealing with overall state affairs following the loan-bill scandal.

Rep. Yi Chae-hyong, chairman of the Democratic Justice Party (DJP), consulted with party policy makers such as Rep. Chin I-chong, chairman of the Policy Deliberation Committee, on the concrete subjects his party would raise in the meeting.

The majority DJP has adopted a policy to concentrate on solving scandal-related problems in the Chongwadae get-together in an attempt to erase adverse factors that have stemmed from the scandal.

The first minority Democratic Korea Party (DKP) confirmed yesterday its formula for the scheduled high-level meeting in the Executive Council. Party head Rep. Yu Chi-song said, "I will urge in the meeting with the president that the government should bare the whole truth about the financial scandal and call to account the ministers concerned additionally. Then, I will strongly request the lifting of the political ban on former politicians, the release of political prisoners and activation of the National Assembly and the press function, which are our party's consistent demands," he said. "I will do my best to have the summit provide a new turning point for the establishment of democracy on this soil," he added.

The members of the DKP Executive Council will hear the outcome of the Chongwadae talks from Rep. Yu in a meeting to be held shortly after the Chongwadae talks.

The second minority Korea National Party (KNP) put the final touches yesterday on its alternatives to cope with the situation, which its head Kim Chong-chol will suggest during the meeting with the chief executive. He discussed party strategy with key post holders--Reps. Sin Chol-kyun, secretary general, Yi Tong-chin, floor leader and Kim Yong-kwang, chief policymaker--at his home. Prior to the meeting, Kim met business leaders to hear from them about the current economic trends in the wake of the Yi-chang scandal. The KNP leader decided to put more emphasis on economic issues than on political problems in the three-party meeting.

S. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

BRIEFS

STUDENTS ARRESTED--The Seoul Tongdaemun police arrested four students from Songgyungwan University Wednesday on charges of violating the law on assembly and demonstration. They are alleged to have scattered about 200 leaflets titled "Declaration for Democratization" from the roof of the five-story graduate school building on the school campus Monday, the police said. [Text] [SK140138 Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 14 May 82 p 8]

MORE STUDENTS ARRESTED--Chongju--Police here yesterday arrested six young people on charges of planning to hold antigovernment demonstrations at Chungbuk National University, Chongju University and Chongju Teacher's College. According to police, the six met at a bookstore in the city at around 6:15 p.m. Monday and shared printed materials with seditious contents they made. Police said the six planned to use the leaflets to instigate demonstrations by students at the universities and college. (YONHAP) [Text] [SK142335 Seoul THE KOREA HERALD in English 15 May 82 p 8]

STUDENTS SENTENCED--Three students from Hankook University of Foreign Studies have been sentenced to 15 days in police jail by a summary court on charges of violating the law on assembly and demonstration. [Text] [SK150025 Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 15 Jun 82 p 8]

CSO: 4120/296

S. KOREA/ECONOMY

GOVERNMENT RAISES PRICES; MOVES TO STIMULATE ECONOMY

SK180919 Seoul YONHAP in English 0749 GMT 18 May 82

[Text] Seoul, May 18 (YONHAP)--The South Korean Government has decided to raise the prices of coal and coal briquettes--main fuel sources for Korean homes--by 2.2 percent and 3.3 percent, respectively, effective July 1, Deputy Premier-Economic Planning Minister Kim Chun-song announced Tuesday.

The home-delivery price of a 3.6-kg coal briquette in Seoul will rise from the current 153 won to 158 won. One U.S. dollar is worth about 720 won.

In a press conference, the country's top economic policymaker said that railroad fares will also be raised by five percent effective July 1.

The current intracity bus fare for adults will remain unchanged, but the fare for students will be raised from the present 60 won to 85 won effective June 1. The fare for working youngsters will be lowered from 110 won to 85 won.

There will be no changes in taxi fares or electricity charges. A possible shortage of funds for power source development, arising from the freezing of electricity rates, will be covered by rationalizing management and adjusting investment and inventory, Kim said.

The projected hikes in coal and public transportation charges will increase wholesale and consumer prices by 0.11 percent and 0.21 percent, respectively, Kim added.

In a separate move to stimulate the national economy, which has been plagued with a protracted recession, the government has decided to lower the capital gains tax rates for the acquisition of a home--both single family houses and apartments--from the current 15 to 35 percent to five percent across the board, according to Kim.

Other measures aimed at invigorating the construction business include a total capital gains tax exemption on a housing lot with the construction of a living unit of less than 25.7 pyong, a 30-percent acquisition and registration tax reduction for low-income peoples' living quarters of less than 27.5 pyong, and the expansion of housing loans from the present 5.3 million won to 7.3 million won for a 15-pyong living unit, one pyong is equal to 3.3 square meters.

The government will spend 200 billion won (277.8 million dollars) on provincial roads and other rural promotion projects, and release 220 billion won in special funds to support business activities by small and medium-sized enterprises.

The rebate rates of bills issued to small and medium-sized enterprises will be raised from the present 70 to 80 percent and an additional 100 billion won will be supplied to the National Citizens Bank to help ease the financial pinch facing those enterprises, Kim said.

CSO: 4120/296

SOUTH KOREA/ECONOMY

NUCLEAR DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS ANALYZED

Seoul KOREA NEWSREVIEW in English 8 May 82 pp 8-10

[Article: "N. Energy Plan Ambitious"]

[Text]

The power development programs in Korea have been implemented by KEPCO in parallel with the government's four consecutive five-year economic development plans, and the total generating facilities have been remarkably increased to 9,835 mw as of today, more than 27 times the total facilities existing in 1961, the year the First Power Development Program began. The annual growth rate of electricity demand has also increased to 18.5 percent to the average.

However, KEPCO has adjusted the annual growth rate of the demand for electricity down to an average of 11.1 percent for the Fifth Five-Year Economic & Social Development Plan period since they forecast a smaller demand due to the prevailing economic stagnation. A total of 8,500 mw facilities including 5 nuclear units will be commissioned during this period, thus KEPCO will have facilities generating a total of 17,571 mw by the end of 1986.

Since the majority of power plants to be built is nuclear, requiring more than 10 years of construction, the power development program of 10 years extends beyond the ordinary five-year economic development plan by an additional five years.

According to this plan, the average annual growth rate of the demand for electricity is expected to be 11.1 percent during the Fifth and Sixth periods, thus the total sales in 1991 will be 99,936 million kwh. The peak demand is expected to be the 19,733mw and total generating facilities will be about 27,000mw.

In order to secure those facilities, KEPCO has developed non-petroleum power plants as well as making

maximum use of domestic energy resources. Oil-fired plants will not be projected; meanwhile, nuclear, coal-fired and hydro plants will be developed as alternative energy resources. Altogether, 12 nuclear units (10,629 mw) including 8 units in the process of being built, 8 units in the process of being built, 8 units of coal-fired plants (4,120 mw), 2 units of anthracite-fired (400 mw), 8 hydro (863 mw) and 2 pumped storage (1,200 mw) will be built and commissioned by 1991.

When this program is successfully accomplished, the ratio of oil-fired energy will be decreased from 74.2 percent in 1981 to only 14.6 percent in 1991.

In the meantime, a total of 4,171 km of 345 kv transmission lines together with 16,333 mw of sub-stations will be built throughout the country forming the 345 kv multiloop systems so that a smooth and flexible power transmission can be maintained.

In-house sub-stations and underground cables for transmission and distribution will be built at the maximum extent to protect the public from hazards and to promote city spectacles. For those facilities, a total investment of 21,600 billion won at the constant value of that of 1982 will be required during the upcoming 10 years.

Anthracite, the only available energy source as a fuel in Korea, is very poor in calories having a high content of ash. And yet, its stable supply can not be guaranteed because of the high priority in residential use.

Therefore, no more anthracite-fired plants will be built except Soehae Thermal (200 mw x 2), which is being built. Accordingly, all new coal-fired

plants will rely upon imported bituminous coal for their fuel.

Use of bituminous coal has been relatively little as compared to other fuels because of difficult problems associated with air pollution, transportation and ash treatment, however, its use as a fuel for power plants is widely being implemented by many utilities around the world.

Its reserves are known as 640 billion tons, more than 4 times that of oil reserves and more importantly coal is scattered all around the world. In this regard, coal-fired plants will not only be competitive in economics but also will contribute to the reduction of oil imports and diversification of energy sources.

KEPCO has had coal-fired plant projects since 1975 and currently Samchonpo Thermal (500mw $\times$ 2) and Kojong Thermal (500mw $\times$ 2) are being built to be commissioned in 1983 and 1984, respectively.

In addition to the above, four units of 500 mw coal-fired plants are projected in the Sixth Five-Year Power Development Program as a part of the non-petroleum power development policy.

Meanwhile, the existing oil-fired plants will be converted to burn coal. As a first step, Honam Thermal Units 1 and 2 (560 mw) and Yosu Thermal Units 1 and 2 (500 mw) will be modified so that bituminous coal can be used in 1984 and 1986, respectively.

Thus, the ratio of coal-fired plants will be increased from 7.6 and 22.3 percent in 1991. In terms of power generation, the number of coal-fired plants will be over one fifth of the total by 1985, provided that Samchonpo Thermal Units 1 & 2 and Kojong Thermal Units 1 & 2 are commissioned by that time.

To cope with the coal requirements, long-term supplies will be secured by diversification through long-term purchase contracts and development imports. Also, a berth with a 50,000 ton capacity will be built at Samchonpo Thermal and a berth with a 110,000 ton capacity will be built at Kojong Thermal for exclusive use of imported coal by 1982 and 1983.

A study is being made on stockpiles of imported coal together with the countermeasures for environmental protection from air pollution.

The degree of energy dependence on imported energy has reached 70 percent due to the rapid increase of annual

energy demand and the scarcity of domestic energy supply. Particularly, the heavy dependence on oil has resulted in the necessity for a non-petroleum power development.

As alternative energy sources, nuclear and coal are the only ones available in the viewpoint of economics and technology although they have to be imported. The initial capital for nuclear energy is very high as compared to that of coal-fired plants, however, the total generating cost is lower because of much cheaper fuel costs, which is a very attractive and decisive factor in economic competition.

Nuclear technology is still going on, therefore, not only on nuclear safety but also on construction so that fuel costs will be reduced as technology develops here. Thus, KEPCO has studied all aspects of economics and energy strategies for nonpetroleum power developments in the mid-1970s, and then shifted the power development policy to a nuclear-oriented one.

The detailed nuclear development programs are as follow: During the Fifth program period, Nuclear Unit 2 (650 mw) and Unit 3 (678.7 mw) will be commissioned in 1983 and three additional units of the 950 mw class will be dedicated in addition to the Unit 1 which is under operation. In addition to the above, 3 units in the 950 mw class (units 8, 9 and 10) will be built from 1987 — 1989 and 4 additional units in the 900 mw class will also be built by 1991.

All together, 5 units (4,180 mw) will be commissioned during the Fifth period commissioned during the Fifth period and 7 units (6,450 mw) will be built during the Sixth period, thus the amount of nuclear energy will be increased from 6.0 percent of the nation's total energy in 1981 to 27.1 percent and 41.5 percent in 1986 and 1991, respectively. In terms of power generation, nuclear energy will generate over 40 percent in 1986 and 50 per cent in 1991 and the function of nuclear plants as a base load will be founded.

In order to implement a power development program based on nuclear energy, certain measures have to be established such as diversification of nuclear fuel suppliers by means of long-term contracts and development imports. The application of new codes and standards as well as strict quality controls and quality assurance will be implemented for nuclear safety. Intensive training for reactor operators

Nuclear Construction & Operation Status							
Classification		Location	Reactor	Capacity (MW)	Manufacturer		Commissioning
Methodology					Reactor	T/G	
Turnkey	1	Kyong-Nam Kori	PWR	587	W.H (U.S.A)	G.E.C (U.K.)	78.4
	2	Kyong-Nam Kori	PWR	650	W.H (U.S.A)	G.E.C (U.K.)	83.12
	3	Kyong-Puk Wolsong	PHWR	678.7	AECL (Canada)	Parsons (Canada & U.K.)	83.4
	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Kyong-Nam Kori	PWR	950	W.H (U.S.A)	G.E.C (U.K.)	84.9
Non-Turnkey	6	Kyong-Nam Kori	PWR	950	W.H (U.S.A)	G.E.C (U.K.)	85.9
	7	Chon-Nam Yonggwang	PWR	950	W.H (U.S.A)	W.H (U.S.A)	86.3
	8	Chon-Nam Yonggwang	PWR	950	W.H (U.S.A)	W.H (U.S.A)	87.3
	9	Kyong-Puk Uljin	PWR	950	Framathom (France)	Alsthom (France)	88.3
	10	Kyong-Puk Uljin	PWR	950	Framathom (France)	Alsthom (France)	89.3

and manpower development will also be conducted for the advancement of technology.

The electricity business is one of the typical facility industries and requires a large capital investment, therefore, it is almost impossible to self-finance an electric company. In order to raise funds for new facilities, foreign loans and domestic credits have to be secured therefore, good terms and conditions for loan financing is an essential factor for successful power development.

The total capital investment required for power facilities during the Fifth period is estimated at 9,300 billion won (at a constant value of that of 1982) including the advance payment for new projects to be implemented during the Sixth period, composing \$4.3 billion as foreign currency and 6,200 billion won as local currency.

Classified by sectors, a total of 6,900 billion won is needed for power plants including \$4.1 billion and 3,900 billion won as local currency. For transmission and the distribution sector, a total of 2,300 billion won is needed including \$200 million as foreign currency and 2,200 billion won as local currency. Additionally, 100 billion won is needed in other sectors.

The Korean economy has been developed with rapid growth rate unprecedented throughout the world by accomplishing four consecutive Five-Year Economic Development Plans on

the basis of every effort made by the nation to improve added values and potential capabilities of labors followed by the shortage of domestic natural resources.

1. Economic structures have been changed to industrialization, particularly accomplishing heavy industries throughout the growth and expansion of many new industries.

2. The degree of dependence of the national economy to the abroad has been deepened as the foreign capital inducement and the import of raw materials needed for high growth have been expanded together with the rapidly increased export.

3. Sudden change of employment patterns followed by increased labors and the level of technology have been improved drastically.

As a result of continuous high growth, national economy has been much improved showing the GNP growth of 4.9 times from 3 trillion won in 1961 to 14.8 trillion won in 1981 by constant value of 1975. Thus, 8.3 percent of an average annual growth rate of GNP has been recorded during the last 2 decades and per capita GNP has been increased from \$82 in 1961 to \$1,636 in 1981 by the same constant value.

Meanwhile, the Korean economy, which has been kept on the growth under the difficult worldwide circumstances since the first oil crisis in 1973, has been struck with big impact

at the second oil crisis in 1979 and has been slowed down from the second half of 1979.

To make matters worse, the poor harvest resulting from a cold summer in 1980 has played a role of minus 6.2 percent GNP growth compared to the previous year.

The gradual recovery of the national economy was seen in 1981, however, it is forecasted that recovery will be delayed due to worldwide stagnation.

Electricity business is a tractor of modern industries and a fundamental backbone supplying energy to all industries. Thus, the electricity business in Korea has supported our national economy to grow effectively and has taken a leading role in promoting culture and civilization of our life even under the many difficulties encountered during the repeated oil crisis.

The electricity business has been implemented by the government with top priority in executing the First Five Year Economic Development Plan and as a result, power restriction was banned on April 1, 1964 by commissioning Pusan Thermal Units 1 & 2,

making an epoch in the electricity business.

Since then, electrification was deemed necessary to improve the living standard and incomes for rural and fishery areas. On Aug. 28, 1964, the National Assembly has proposed a motion and then a Special Law Concerning Rural Electrification was enacted and finally became effective by Dec. 30, 1965.

The Electrification Project has been actively expedited in parallel with the Saein-nul (New Community) campaign started in early 1970s so that by 1980 a complete electrification throughout the country had been successfully finished except the areas where electrification was impossible (for 56,500 houses).

To cope with the increased power transmission between area more effectively, 345 kv extra high voltage transmission system was adopted so that the existing 154 kv Sin-Yosu Line (189.3 km of Yosu Thermal — Sin-Okchon) was upgraded to 345 kv permanently.

The first Nuclear Unit 1 was loaded of its initial fuel in April 1977 and the first criticality was achieved on June 19. ●

CSO: 4120/284

SOUTH KOREA/ECONOMY

LOCALIZATION PLAN FOR INDUSTRIAL GOODS REPORTED

Seoul KOREA NEWSREVIEW in English 8 May 82 p 11

[Article: "Key Goods to be 'Korealized' by '86"]

[Text]

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry has worked out an ambitious localization plan of the country's key strategic industrial items under which the local content ratio of machinery, electronics and electrical items is projected to reach somewhere between 90 and 100 percent by 1986.

The ministry officials said last week that an average of 40 percent in local content ratio of such products at present should be boosted to more than 90 percent in order to remain competitive in international markets.

A total of 38 items are targets of the intensified localization projects, according to the ministry.

The power plant facilities to which a growing importance is being attached by the government in par-

ticular for instance, their average local content ratio will be boosted to 68 percent in terms of value by 1986 from the current 36.7 percent, they said.

The Koreanization ratios of bulldozers and tractors, meanwhile, will be increased to 90 percent uniformly by 1986 from the present 50 and 40 percent respectively, they disclosed.

Among other items whose localization ratios are to be increased to 90 percent or more by 1986 are washing machines (from 89 percent to 100 percent), refrigerators (from 91 percent to 100 percent), electronic watches (from 65 percent to 100 percent), tape recorders (from 80 percent to 100 percent), color TV sets (from 78 percent to 98 percent).

CSO: 4120/285

BRIEFS

DOMESTIC INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT--Seoul, May 31 (YONHAP)--South Korea's domestic industrial investments are expected to increase this year after declines in 1980 and 1981, it was learned here Monday. A survey conducted by the Federation of Korean Industries (FKI) predicted that 150 major South Korean businesses in 29 industries will invest a total of 3,028.3 billion won (about 4.18 billion U.S. dollars) in industrial facilities this year, up 6.1 percent from the corresponding figure last year. The projected increase compares with an 11.9-percent decrease in 1980 and a 1.5-percent decrease in 1981. The FKI survey also showed that the electric industry plans to boost facility investments 44.4 percent over last year, while the primary metal industry is expected to increase 1982 facility investments by 45.8 percent. In addition, the machine and textile industries will invest 12.3 and 13.7 percent more in facilities, respectively, than last year. However, the investments of the construction and transportation sectors in 1982 are expected to decline by 51 percent and 67 percent, respectively, according to the FKI. The private economic organization predicted that the average working ratio of industrial facilities in the surveyed companies will increase to 77.5 percent this year, up from 76.1 percent in 1981 and 74.3 percent in 1980. The FKI recommended that the government take measures to encourage domestic facility investments, including shorter depreciation periods of equipment, a lower taxation policy related to investments, corporate tax cuts and the stabilization of interest and exchange rates. [Text] [SK310130 Seoul YONHAP in English 0029 GMT 31 May 82]

ROK-JAPAN OFFSHORE OIL EXPLORATION--Seoul, 1 Jun (YONHAP)--Korea and Japan will resume joint exploration for offshore oil along the continental shelf between the two countries, an energy-resources ministry official said Tuesday. The exploration will begin with a seismic survey of the fifth submining zone of the joint development area along the continental shelf. The survey will be conducted by the Japanese oil rig "Kaiyo-Maru," the official said. Nippon Sekiyu, the Japanese concessionaire to the subzone, recently informed its Korean counterpart Texaco Korea that its long negotiations with Japanese fishermen over fishing operations in the subzone will be concluded shortly and that the seismic survey will begin June 17 to select a promising drilling site. Korean and Japanese concessionaires agreed earlier this year to conduct

seismic surveys in the fifth and seventh subzone and to drill one shaft in the fifth subzone. The joint project, the third of its kind since 1980, is in line with a 1974 binational agreement. During the past two years, the two countries have bored three shafts in the joint development area but have failed to discover commercially exploitable oil deposits. [Text] [SK010126 Seoul YONHAP in English 0117 GMT 1 Jun 82]

ECONOMIC GROWTH--Seoul, 3 Jun (YONHAP)--The South Korean economy is expected to register a six-percent growth this year, one percentage point below the original target, the state-run Korea Development Institute (KDI) said Thursday. The KDI projected the growth rate for the first half of this year at four percent, and forecast that the economy will emerge from the doldrums during the latter half to attain a 7.5 percent growth. Among reasons cited for the rosy prospects were the expected recovery of the U.S. economy and a subsequent increase in Korean exports. According to the economic think tank, wholesale prices would rise 6.2 percent and consumer prices 8.4 percent this year, due mainly to stable prices of raw material imports, including crude oil. The KDI said exports this year would reach the original target of 23,800 million U.S. dollars, while imports would be reduced by 2,300 million dollars from the initial estimate of 27,900 million dollars, again owing to stabilized prices of imported resources. This, according to the KDI, would result in an international trade deficit this year of 1,800 million dollars and a current account deficit of 3,100 million dollars. [Text] [SK031402 Seoul YONHAP in English 1239 GMT 3 Jun 82]

CHEMICAL INDUSTRY INVESTMENT--Seoul, June 7 (YONHAP)--The government plans to invest 32.3 billion won in the precision chemical industry over the next five years to strengthen the competitiveness of Korean-made commodities, business sources said Monday. (One U.S. dollar is worth about 735 won.) The plan will improve the chemical industry structure, where the precision chemical industry accounts for only 21.6 percent of the chemical sector while the petrochemical industry constitutes 47.7 percent. The government investment in the precision chemical industry will increase its share to 35 percent and improve the production system of medium products in the industry. Of the total capital to be invested, 68 percent will be raised by the government and the remainder from private sectors. Under the plan, 26.9 percent of the capital will be channeled into the agricultural chemicals industry, followed by the medical field with 19.2 percent. [Text] [SK070206 Seoul YONHAP in English 0145 GMT 7 Jun 82]

AIR ROUTES WITH BRITAIN--Seoul, May 15 (YONHAP)--South Korea and Britain initialed an agreement on aviation routes during bilateral aviation talks in Seoul Thursday and Friday, the Foreign Ministry here announced Saturday. The announcement said that Director General of the International Organizations and Treaties Bureau of Korea's Foreign Ministry Chang Man-sun and British Assistant Secretary H.M.G. Stevens of the Civil Aviation International Relations Division of the Department of Trade represented their respective governments at the Seoul ceremony. The treaty establishes an air route linking Seoul and London with negotiable intermediate points, and formally approves the Seoul-Hong Kong route with a stopover in Taiwan, which is now operated under a memorandum of understanding between Korea and the United Kingdom. A ministry official said that the document will be formally signed in June when all necessary procedures are completed, and will take effect at that time. [Text] [SK150759 Seoul YONHAP in English 0740 GMT 15 May 82]

UNCLAIMED \$340,000 PROBED--Seoul, June 15 (YONHAP)--The prosecution has launched an investigation into the 340,000 U.S. dollars left unclaimed at Seoul's Kimpo International Airport, and suspects that a passport forgery ring and illegal emigration brokers are involved. The money, contained in two suitcases, was seized by the Seoul customs officials last Thursday after an x-ray scanning detector found the suitcases were stuffed with cash and traveler's checks. No one claimed the suitcases at the airport. The prosecution said Tuesday that three of the 103 passports used to exchange the money were bogus, and that the traveler's checks lacked signatures. The prosecution also said that Yi Yong-chin of the Korea Overseas Development Corporation, the man who exchanged 60,000 dollars worth of traveler's checks at a branch of the Korea Exchange Bank, was found to be a nonexistent person. The owners of the three false passports claimed they did not give their passports to anyone, according to the prosecution. The prosecution is also questioning the bank officials involved in the exchange of the foreign currencies contained in the suitcases. The suitcases contained 87 one thousand dollar traveler's checks, 2,525 one hundred dollar bills and 10 fifty dollar bills. [Text] [SK150312 Seoul YONHAP in English 0146 GMT 15 Jun 82]

CSO: 4120/296

S. KOREA/SOCIAL CONDITIONS

BRIEFS

EARLY SUMMER VACATION--The Education Ministry made clear yesterday that the report of early summer vacations for major universities in Seoul was not true and there would be no change in their basic academic schedules. According to concerned officials at the ministry, only sophomore students at major schools, including Seoul National, Korea and Yonsei Universities, will take their term and exams earlier than originally scheduled to avoid overlapping of their front-line tours with the exam schedule. Sophomore students at some schools are required to undergo training at front-line army bases for a week as part of military training courses. However, the officials said summer vacations for the schools would start at a date between July 7 and 12 as originally scheduled. [Text] [SK040209 Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 4 Jun 82 p 8]

STUDENTS BANNED--The Ministry of Education will not allow individual college students or students of unregistered circles to participate in services for communities beginning this summer vacation. In its recent instruction to colleges and universities, the ministry advised the school authorities to conduct students' community service under the supervision of college deans or university presidents. It said only those students who are members of registered circles will be able to participate in the community services during this summer vacation. Any service programs in rural or fishery communities or in night schools by individual students or unregistered circle members will not be allowed. The ministry also encouraged the schools to conduct, if necessary, on-the-spot training of students of engineering or agricultural colleges in rural communities during the summer vacation in order to encourage more students to take part in community services. Records in students' achievements during the community service programs may be considered for credits, the ministry said. [Text] [SK080220 Seoul THE KOREA HERALD in English 8 Jun 82 p 8]

WARNING ON JAPANESE-TYPE ENCEPHALITIS--A nationwide warning against a Japanese-type encephalitis was issued yesterday by the Ministry of Health and Social Affairs. The measure immediately followed the appearance of culex mosquitoes, known as the main source of the summer disease, in the southern provinces. The culex mosquitoes--smaller in size than ordinary mosquitoes and red in body--made their appearances this year about 12 days earlier than last year, the ministry spokesman said. The mosquitoes were found yesterday in three southern areas Kimhae, Kyongsang Namdo; Kwangju, Cholla Namdo and Wanju, Cholla Pukto. The ministry also ordered provinces and cities to take thorough precautionary steps against the possible outbreak of summer epidemics. The Japanese-type encephalitis, with a high rate of fatality and severe after-ill effects, is symptomized by high fever and headaches, ministry officials said. Severe cases of the disease fall into a coma accompanied by convulsions, during the critical period of the disease, they noted. The ministry advised every household to take precautionary measures by inoculating their children between three and five years of age against the disease. Last year a total of 194 people were stricken by the disease, of whom nine died, they said. [Text] [SK150037 Seoul THE KOREA HERALD in English 15 Jun 82 p 8]

CSO: 4120/296

S. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

NATION TO HOST '84 PACIFIC COOPERATION CONFERENCE

SK090206 Seoul YONHAP in English 0126 GMT 9 Jun 82

[Text] Seoul, June 9 (YONHAP)--South Korea will host the 1984 Pacific cooperation conference, a meeting of government officials, scholars and businessmen from Asian and Pacific nations, a spokesman for the Foreign Ministry said Wednesday.

According to the spokesman the conference's Bangkok meeting last week of delegates from 12 Asian and Pacific nations including South Korea decided that Jakarta will host the 1983 meeting and Seoul will be the venue in 1984.

Korea was represented in Bangkok by So Kyong-sok, ambassador at large of the Foreign Ministry, Kim Ki-hwan, director of the state-run Korea Development Institute, and Prof. Han Sung-chu of Korea University.

The Bangkok meeting also elected former Korean Prime Minister Nam Tok-u and seven others to the conference's Standing Committee, dubbed the "Pacific Wise Men's Club."

The Pacific Cooperation Conference primarily aims at promoting economic cooperation among Pacific countries. Officials here said the forum could serve as a starting point for the eventual formation of a Pacific community, which has been advocated in some quarters of academic and government circles in countries of the region.

South Korean President Chon Tu-hwan proposed an annual summit meeting of 11 Pacific nations to Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser during the latter's official visit here last month. The 11 nations are Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, South Korea, the United States, and the five ASEAN countries--Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand.

CSO: 4120/296

S. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

BRIEFS

ZAIRIAN PRESIDENT VISITS CEMETERY--Seoul, June 8 (YONHAP)--Zaire's visiting President Mobutu Sese Seko visited South Korea's national cemetery Tuesday where he laid a flower wreath before the monument of fallen soldiers. Following the visit, Mobutu was awarded an honorary doctorate of politics by Seoul National University, and later in the day, Mobutu will inspect an agricultural products processing plant. The Zairian president will also attend a Tuesday dinner party hosted by South Korean President Chon Tu-hwan at Chongwadae, the presidential mansion. Mobutu arrived in Seoul Monday for a four-day visit at the invitation of President Chon. [Text] [SK080308 Seoul YONHAP in English 0302 GMT 8 Jun 82]

TAIWAN BROADCASTING GROUP--Seoul, 11 May (CNA)--President Chon Tu-hwan of the Republic of Korea received visiting President of the Broadcasting Corporation of China Chiang Hsiao-wu at Chongwadae this morning. During their 30-minute meeting, they had exchanged views on matters of common concern. Chiang was accompanied by ambassador Ding Mou-shih while meeting with President Chon. Chiang arrived in Seoul Monday for an eight-day visit at the invitation of Korean Minister of Education Yi Kyu-ho. Chiang made a courtesy call on Minister Yi Kyupho and Chon Chiang-hwan, secretary general of the new community movement headquarters Tuesday morning. Chiang and his entourage also called on Korean Minister of Culture and Information Yi Kwang-pyo, Secretary-General of the ruling Democratic Justice Party Kwon Chong-tal and visited Munhwa (Culture) Broadcasting Company in the afternoon. [Text] [OW111021 Taipei CNA in English 0956 GMT 11 May 82]

BCC PRESIDENT MEETS LEADERS--Seoul, 17 May (CNA)--Chiang Hsiao-wu, president of Broadcasting Corporation of China [BCC], Monday afternoon paid a courtesy call on Korean Prime Minister Yu Chang-sun. Chiang arrived in Seoul May 10 for an eight-day visit at the invitation of Korean Education Minister Yi Kyu-ho. During his visit in the Republic of Korea, Chiang had been received in audience by President Chong Tu-hwan, met with Minister Yi Kyu-ho, Secretary General of the New Community Movement Headquarters Chong Chung-hwan, Minister of Culture and Information Yi Kwang-pyo, Secretary-General of the ruling Democratic Justice Party Kwon Chong-tal, Minister of Defense Chu Yong-pok. He was awarded with the Medal of Police Cooperation by Minister of Home Affairs No Tae-u when he visited the Korean Home Affairs Ministry. The BCC president received warm reception and hospitality during his visit in Korea. Chiang and his entourage left for Taipei Monday evening. [Text] [OW171055 Taipei CNA in English 1034 GMT 17 May 82]

INDONESIAN DEFENSE MINISTER'S VISIT--Indonesian Defense Minister Muhammad Jusuf arrived in Seoul yesterday for a four-day visit at the invitation of his Korean counterpart Chu Yong-pok. He was accompanied by the chiefs of three armed services of the Southeast Asian nation. He is scheduled to have talks with Chu tomorrow and other senior government officials to seek ways of stepping up bilateral cooperative bonds. [Text] [SK160113 Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 16 May 82 p 8] Seoul, May 17 (YONHAP)--Indonesia's visiting minister of defense, Army Gen Mohammad Yusuf, met with his South Korean counterpart Chu Yong-pok Monday to discuss military affairs of mutual concern, an official at the Defense Ministry said. Yusuf, who arrived in Seoul Saturday for a four-day visit at Chu's invitation, will pay a courtesy call on President Chon Tu-hwan, tour the frontline area and visit several industrial complexes. He is accompanied by a 17-member entourage, including Army Chief of Staff Gen Poniman, Chief of Naval Operations Adm Waldejo Sugito, and Air Force Chief of Staff Gen Ashadi Tjahyadi. [Text] [SK170148 Seoul YONHAP in English 0122 GMT 17 May 82]

ECUADORIAN VICE FISHERIES MINISTER--Seoul, May 14--Ecuador's vice minister for fisheries Tuly Loor Argote paid a courtesy call on South Korea's Administrator of the National Fisheries Administration Kim Chong-su Friday in Seoul to exchange views on matters of mutual concern, including cooperation on fisheries projects. The Ecuadorian official also visited the Korea Deep Sea Fisheries Association to study Korea's ocean fisheries program. Argote arrived in Seoul Thursday for a four-day visit at the invitation of Kim. During his stay here, he will meet with South Korean officials and tour industrial sites. [Text] [SK180302 Seoul YONHAP in English 0059 GMT 14 May 82 SK]

SAEMAUL SEMINAR--Suwon, Korea, May 17--Ghana's Secretary for Rural Development and Cooperatives Julius Kwaku Ankomah, Vice Secretary Joe Kwasi Amoako and 101 other foreigners from 15 countries arrived at South Korea's saemaul (new community) leaders institute Monday in the provincial capital of Suwon, 30 km south of Seoul, for a one-week study program. The 14 other countries dispatching participants to the seminar from May 17 to May 22 are the United States, Malaysia, Colombia, Qatar, Kuwait, the Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Tunisia, Bangladesh, Indonesia, India, Nepal and Pakistan. The trainees will study the theory of the saemaul movement and ways to introduce the movement into their home countries. They will lodge and board together at the institute during the program, and will also inspect exemplary saemaul village nearby. The saemaul campaign was launched more than 10 years ago under the leadership of the late president Pak Chong-hui to rehabilitate poverty-stricken farm villages. Last year, the Suwon Institute gave its first education to foreigners to 43 Thais, and then oriented a number of people from other foreign countries, including the Middle East. The movement now plans to train even more foreigners in order to meet the increasing foreign interest in the country's rural development campaign. [Text] [SK108302 Seoul YONHAP in English 0247 GMT 17 May 82 SK]

NEW ROK ENVOY TO SINGAPORE--The government yesterday appointed Kim Kyong-chol, director general for information and culture of the Foreign Ministry, as ambassador to Singapore, succeeding Yi Sang-ok who has been transferred to the Foreign Ministry proper. A graduate of the College of Political Science and Law at Yonsei University, Kim served as consul in Los Angeles and counselor at the Korean Embassy in Tokyo before he became chief of the Bureau of Information and Culture last September. [Text] [Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 23 May 82 p 1 SK]

S. KOREA/FOREIGN TRADE

NEW IMPORT LIBERALIZATION MEASURES ANNOUNCED

SK310250 Seoul YONHAP in English 0211 GMT 31 May 82

[Text] Seoul, May 31 (YONHAP)--The Korean Government Monday liberalized the imports of 167 items and added 25 others to the list of import-restricted commodities, boosting the import liberalization rate from the present 74.7 percent to 76.6 percent.

The government also increased the export liberalization rate from the current 76.7 percent to 79 percent by reducing the number of export-restricted commodities from 236 to 212.

According to the July 1, 1982-June 20, 1983 terminal trade policy notification announced by the commerce-industry ministry, the 167 restriction-free import items will be those which are deemed to have equal international competitiveness with domestically produced ones, or those whose import restriction gives no practical benefits to Korean-made products.

They include 9-inch and smaller black-and-white TV sets, machine parts for the confectionery industry, some man-made fibers, and diamond and precious stones for industrial use.

The 25 import-restricted items include arthoxylene, toluene, 1,600-horsepower or smaller diesel engines, copper ingots and other flexible copper products and filters.

Import restriction on these items is necessary to protect fledgling Korean petroleum products, to prevent the production of low-quality gasoline, and to support the operation of some industries under the government's heavy and chemical industry investment realignment program, a ministry official said.

Goods which the government regards as necessary to help stabilize domestic prices and the supply-and-demand situation will continue to be imported freely, regardless of the terminal trade policy notification, the official said.

Imports of foreign-made cosmetics and other beauty products will be gradually liberalized beginning in the second half of next year, and fully liberalized by the end of 1986, he said. Agars, canned meat and rice cake are among the 25 export-freed commodities.

S. KOREA/FOREIGN TRADE

CHON URGES EXPLORATION OF REMOTE EXPORT MARKETS

SK110059 Seoul THE KOREA HERALD in English 11 Jun 82 p 1

[Text] President Chon Tu-hwan yesterday called on elder businessmen to exert redoubled efforts to tide over the present economic hardship while exploiting overseas export markets in such remote areas as the African continent.

Exchanging talks with them over a luncheon at Chongwadae, the chief executive remarked that "it is true the world economy as well as the national economy are in difficult situations, but the government will surely overcome them." He asked them to cope with the difficult economic situation of today with "firm belief and confidence."

In addition, the nation's big business firms are asked to extend positive support to help develop small and medium industrial concerns, he said.

Exploitation of overseas export markets in advanced countries is important, but as much effort should be exerted for the exploitation of markets in remote areas of the world, the president said. He noted that the government of the Fifth Republic has endeavored to expand the nation's export activities with emphasis placed on the increase in industrial productivity, technical renovation and the promotion of quality control.

Among the 21 participants at the luncheon were Kim Yong-wan, former chairman of the Federation of Korean Industries (FKI); Yi Pyong-chol, chairman of the Samsung group; Chong Chu-yong, chairman of the FKI; Pak Yong-hak, chairman of the Dainong group; Ku Cha-kyong, chairman of the Lucky group; Cho Chung-hun, chairman of the Hanjin group; Yang Chong-mo, chairman of the Kukje (ICC) Corp., Chong Su-chang, president of the Korea Chamber of Commerce and Industry and Sin Pyong-hyon, chairman of the Korean Traders Association.

CSO: 4120/293

S. KOREA/FOREIGN TRADE

BRIEFS

NONESSENTIAL COMMODITIES IMPORT--Seoul, June 4 (YONHAP)--The South Korean Government will increase its surveillance of imports to restrict the presence of nonessential foreign commodities beginning next month, a commerce-industry ministry official said Thursday. The official said the move is necessary because of the increasing inflow of nonessential goods since the first import liberalization measure in 1975. Under the current policy, he said only banned items are listed, and anything not on the list is assumed to be liberalized. However, many unclassified items enter the country in large amounts. The official noted that this trend, if unchecked, will continue because the government has liberalized imports of an additional 167 items effective next month, raising the import liberalization rate to 76.6 percent. He said the imports of these items should be strongly restricted, apart from terminal trade policy, in consideration of the country's international payments position, its industrial structure and its consumer patterns. [Text]
[SK040450 Seoul YONHAP in English 0107 GMT 4 Jun 82]

CSO: 4120/283

N. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

BRIEFS

NEW ENVOY TO CHAD--Pyongyang May 20--Kim Son-sik was appointed as ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Republic of Chad, according to a decree of the DPRK Central People's Committee. [Text] [SK210024 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2201 GMT 20 May 82 SK]

THANKS TO FILM STUDIO--Pyongyang, 9 Jun (KCNA)--Newsreel "Korean News" No 1,500 was issued by the Korean Documentary Film Studio. Its first number was made in December 1948. Over the last 30 odd years the staff of the Korean Documentary Film Studio vividly and quickly reflected the realities of the country and systematically recorded the struggle of our party in their newsreels. Upon the issue of "Korean News" No 1,500, the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea sent a message of thanks to the staff of the Korean Documentary Film Studio. It notes with high appreciation that in the course of the manufacture of "Korean News" they have actively encouraged our peoples struggle to accelerate the revolution and construction and created precious wealth to be handed to the posterity down through the history of our party. [Text] [SK091539 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1522 GMT 9 Jun 82]

CSO: 4120/297

BRIEFS

LARGE-SIZE DRILLING MACHINE MANUFACTURED--Pyongyang May 27--The Yongsong machine-building complex in Korea has manufactured a 300-mm large-size boring machine. It is an efficient large machine tool capable of drilling holes of different sizes and shapes and doing combined processing to a precision degree of one-one hundredth on the surface of an installed big material belonging to the category of the main body of the large-size machine tool and ordered equipment. Its operation highly automated, this drilling machine will be greatly helpful to the production of precision, large-size and high-speed machines. The Yongsong machine-building complex plays a big part in the production of large machine tools and ordered equipment. Some time ago the complex manufactured a 70-metre all-purpose extra-large gantry planer. [Text]
[SK010445 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1540 GMT 27 May 82 SK]

NEW TYPE ELECTRIC CAR--Pyongyang May 29--Kim Chong-tae electric locomotive factory in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea produced a new type electric car. This high-powered electric car is faster than other electric locomotives in speed. In consideration of the geographical conditions of our country with a steep gradient, it is sufficiently equipped with liberation reduction devices to remove vibration and shock. The electric car is highly dependable thanks to the strong capacity of its brake and automatic operation system. The workers and technicians of the factory manufactured by themselves over 180,000 parts and elements of 14,000 kinds which require high precision to build the electric car in five months. The factory produces many "pulgungi" electric locomotives every year, greatly contributing to the railway electrification of the country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1522 GMT 29 May 82 SK]

CSO: 4120/294

N. KOREA/MILITARY AFFAIRS

BRIEFS

RECEPTION FOR NNSC SWISS MEMBER--Pyongyang June 11 (KCNA)--Major General Han Chu-kyong, senior member of our side to the Military Armistice Commission, gave a reception on the evening of June 10 for Major General Otto Bornhauser, outgoing Swiss member of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission, and its newly-appointed member Major General Peter Niederberger. Present at the reception together with the Swiss members were the member of the Chinese peoples volunteers of the Korean-Chinese side to the Military Armistice Commission, staff members of the CPV liaison office, and the members and staff members of the Czechoslovakia, Poland and Sweden to the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission. Speeches were made at the reception. The reception proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK110812 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0806 GMT 11 Jun 82]

CSO: 4120/294

N. KOREA/GEOGRAPHY

'KCNA DESCRIBES SAMJIYON REVOLUTIONARY SITE

SK152352 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1538 GMT 15 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 15 (KCNA)--A large number of visitors are these days coming to the Lake Samji, the holy land of revolution, from all parts of the country.

In summer the lake walled in the thick growth of trees against the background of Mt. Paekdu is as beautiful as a picture.

According to historians view, this natural lake came into being by the eruption of a volcano in the Cenozoic age. Originally, there had been a river.

Torrents of lava which poured forth from the volcano of Mt. Paekdu buried the river and turned it into the lake as we see it today.

As there are three lakes in a line, they are called the Lake Samji (three).

The water of the lake with its bottom and surroundings covered with pumices is crystal clear. The lake with its sandy beach presents the exquisite beauty of nature.

Azalea is in full bloom late in May and early in June, adding to the beauty of the scenery.

Today the lake is widely known not only as a place of scenic beauty but also as a holy land of revolution.

On May 21, 1939, in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle the great leader comrade Kim Il-song, leading the main force of the Korean peoples revolutionary army, had a brief rest there on his march toward the Musan area.

That day guerrillas drank their fill of clean water of the lake and women guerrillas inhaled the smell of azaleas in beautiful bloom, feeling the scent of the homeland to their hearts content and hardening their firm determination to defeat brigandish Japanese imperialism and liberate the country as early as possible.

A statue of the great leader was erected by the lake, the historic battle site of revolution, and the grand Samjiyon monument, the Samjiyon revolutionary museum with a floor space of 3,700 square metres and the Samjiyon monument to revolution were built there under the wise guidance of the glorious party centre.

The childrens pavilion, the collegians pavilion and the working peoples pavilion as well as the excursionists hall and rest homes made their appearance around the lake for the conveniences of visitors.

Besides, there are in Samjiyon County the Samjiyon Students and Childrens Palace with a floor space of 4,800 square metres and the Samjiyon skiing ground with a total extension of 54 kilometres.

The Lake Samji, the holy land of revolution, greatly serves to educate the working people in our partys revolutionary traditions.

CSO: 4120/297

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

NEW TERRORIST TACTICS AGAINST SOUTH KOREA

Seoul SEOUL SINMUN in Korean 2 Jun 82 p 1

[Article by Correspondent Pak Hwa-chin in Tokyo: "North Korean Puppets Issue Anti-South Korea Terrorist Directives"]

[Text] Quoting a reliable source which has close access to leading personnel at Chongnyon [General Association of Korean Residents in Japan], TONG-IL ILBO reported on 2 June that anti-South Korea operational policies pursued by North Korean puppets have been strengthened by allowing more direct and destructive methods.

According to the same source, Kim Chong-il (son of Kim Il-song) issued 3-pronged anti-South Korea operational policy to Han Tok-su, chairman of Chongnyon, when the latter visited Pyongyang not long ago. This operational policy is designed to disturb public sentiments and to create social turmoil through the destruction of both industrial and public facilities in South Korea. The newspaper further noted that what concerns us most is the fact that North Korean puppets intend to train and infiltrate a "second Mun Se-kwang" into South Korea and to touch off another incident similar to the recent incident involving the firebombing of the U.S. culture center in Pusan.

The change in North Korea's anti-South Korea operational tactic was confirmed in a closing address delivered by Han Tok-su at the 3d session of the Central Committee of the 12th Chongnyon which was held from 27 May through 28 May. In it, Han quoted Kim Chong-il as directing that: 1) "It is impossible to achieve national unification through solidarity activities, such as flower-viewing picnics; 2) mailing letters and documents to South Koreans alone is inadequate; and 3) contact with South Koreans without any definite objectives, like entertaining with food and drink, is not desirable. More active anti-South Korea operations should be carried out in the future."

Han Tok-su stated: "We should make contributions to the question of national unification in a more realistic, positive way."

According to the newspaper which quoted the same source, the new anti-South Korea operational policies which were presented by North Korea to Chongnyon are: 1) Training of infiltration-operatives; 2) establishment of operation centers; and 3) employment of direct sabotage for destruction. Following are

the detailed contents of anti-South Korea operational directives issued by North Korean puppets.

1) Training of Infiltration-Operatives

Infiltration-operatives will be selected from among members of delegations which Chongnyon sends to North Korea. Those thus selected will undergo training in North Korea and will be sent to South Korea after returning to Japan.

2) Establishment of Training Centers

Training centers will be set up in Japan to serve those who are educated and trained in North Korea. In addition to the already existing training centers under the Chongnyon organizations, five or six more training centers will be set up throughout Japan to be utilized for the infiltration-operatives. Chongnyon will assure direct operational and financial responsibility of these centers.

3) Employment of Direct Sabotage for Destruction

The most urgent task facing North Korea and Chongnyon is to destroy South Korea from within. It is also to create social turmoil and to disturb public sentiments. Operatives who are infiltrated into South Korea will exert their utmost efforts to carry out the activity of destroying both industrial and public facilities in South Korea.

CSO: 4108/166

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

KIM IL-SONG RECEIVES LETTER FROM KOREANS IN JAPAN

SK160452 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 16 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 16 (KCNA)--The great leader Marshal Kim Il-sŏng received letters from Koreans in Japan. The letter from a meeting held to hear a report from the group of Koreans in Japan which had visited the homeland to celebrate the 70th birthday of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song says that the celebrations of his 70th birthday were a world-wide grand political festival unprecedented in human history which was held amid the warm blessing of the whole nation and the world people.

The letter from the second meeting of the 12th Central Committee of the League of Korean Youth in Japan says: Proud of having greeted the 70th birthday of you the great leader with high political enthusiasm and shining success in their work, the Korean youth in Japan are filled with fighting spirit and confidence to keep the red flower of patriotism in full bloom on the road indicated by you and the glorious party centre.

Letters also came to the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song from the ceremony for the completion of the hall of the Aomori prefectural headquarters of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) in celebration of his 70th birthday, the inaugural ceremony of the memorial hall of the 25th anniversary of the founding of Choson University, the meeting celebrating the 30th anniversary of the reissue of "Choson Sinbo," the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of "Pictorial Korea," the third meeting of the 20th council of the Federation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan and the second meeting of the 18th Central Committee of the Democratic Union of Korean Women in Japan.

The letters unanimously wished the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song good health and a long life.

CSO: 4120/297

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

BRIEFS

SPORTS GAMES--The opening ceremony was attended by kindergarten children, primary, middle and high school boys and girls and students of Choson University, players selected at organs of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) at all levels and compatriots in Japan, more than 5,000 all told. Yi Chin-kyu, vice-chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongnyon, made a speech and the representative of players expressed their resolution there. The opening ceremony was preceded by a grand parade in the stadium celebrating the 70th birthday of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song. Nine events including track and field and football matches were held at 22 stadiums. [Text] [SK170512 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1457 GMT 13 May 82 SK]

CHONGNYON EDUCATIONAL DELEGATION--Pyongyang May 29--A delegation of educational association functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Nam Kyu-chin, vice-chairman of the Central Educational Association of Koreans in Japan, arrived in Pyongyang on May 28 for a visit to the socialist homeland. The delegation arrived in Wonsan yesterday morning by the ship "Samjiyon." The 37th short-term home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan headed by Chong So-yong, chief of a section of the financial department of the Chongnyon Central Standing Committee, also arrived in Wonsan by the same ship. [Text] [SK010445 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0351 GMT 29 May 82 SK]

CHONGNYON RELAY GROUP--Pyongyang May 20--The relay group for conveying a loyal letter of the 700,000 Koreans in Japan headed by Pak Il, chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the League of Korean Youth in Japan, the troupe of Korean artists in Japan headed by Kim A-pil, director of the cultural department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), the delegation of Korean sportsmen in Japan headed by Choe In-wa, chairman of Korean Sports Federation in Japan, and the group of Korean journalists in Japan headed by Yi Sun-ung, section chief of the propaganda department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongnyon left Wonsan on May 19 by the ship "Mangyongbong" after visiting the homeland to congratulate the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song on his 70th birthday. They left Pyongyang earlier. [Text] [SK210024 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 20 May 82 SK]

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

FOREIGN GROUPS CELEBRATE KIM IL-SONG BIRTHDAY

SK150449 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0425 GMT 15 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 15 (KCNA)--Celebrations of the 70th birthday of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song were recently held in many countries, according to reports.

They were held at the Patan District Committee of the Nepal Peace Committee, the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association, the All India Indo-Korean Friendship Association and the Indian Committee for Supporting Koreas Reunification, in Damascus of Syria and Beirut of Lebanon, at the Ghanaian National Institute of the Chuche Idea, groups for the study of the Chuche idea in Sierra Leone, the Information Ministry of the Republic of Ghana, the Khartoum, Sudan, Workers Trade Unions Federation, the Factory No 614 of Somalia, the Venezuelan Committee for Supporting Koreas Reunification, the Peru-Korea Institute of Culture and Friendship, the Ecuadorian Committee for Supporting Koreas Reunification, in Georgetown of Guyana, at the Eduardo Selva Hospital in Nicaragua, the Finnish Committee for the Study of the Chuche Idea, the Swiss Committee of African, Middle East and Latin American Students for Supporting Koreas Reunification and the group for the study of the Chuche Idea of the Latin American students studying in Geneva, the Friendship Society Norway-Korea, in Trondheim of Norway and Turku of Finland.

Portraits of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song were placed on the platforms.

The celebrations were attended by functionaries of party and government bodies and public organisations, members of organisations for the study of the Chuche idea and members of organisations for friendship and solidarity with the Korean people and people of all strata of the relevant countries.

Letters to the great leader comrade Kim Il-song were adopted at the celebrations.

The letter adopted at the celebration sponsored by the Ghanaian National Institute of the Chuche Idea says:

The 70 years of you respected leader comrade President Kim Il-song are shining brilliantly for your greatest contributions to the revolution and human history.

Your glorious and brilliant revolutionary history is a history of warm love and devoted service for the people and a history of a proud struggle for the victory of the cause of Chuche in Korea and the whole world.

We attendants at the celebration stressed that the 70 years of you the great leader who has led the Korean people to brilliant victory has been a course along which you, possessed of distinguished wisdom and penetration, have carried the immortal Chuche idea to materialisation.

We also declared with pleasure that your revolutionary idea is a flawless scientific doctrine indicating the strategy and tactics of the revolution and an idea with its own unique system.

With the founding of the Chuche idea mankind became possessed of a most powerful ideological and theoretical weapon, immortal revolutionary doctrine which ensures the successful accomplishment of the cause of national, class and human liberation.

The letters wholeheartedly wish good health and a long life to the great leader comrade Kim Il-song.

CSO: 4120/297

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

WFDY CONGRESS DEMANDS U.S. TROOP WITHDRAWAL

SK160427 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 16 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 16 (KCNA)--"Statement on Korea" was adopted at the 11th congress of the World Federation of Democratic Youth [WFDY] which was recently held in Prague, according to a report.

The statement says:

The independent and peaceful reunification of Korea must be immediately realised in accordance with the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo put forward by the government of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

We demand that the U.S. troops be withdrawn from South Korea, the interference of U.S. imperialism be ended and the United States accept unconditionally the just proposal of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea for replacing the armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

We vehemently denounce the South Korean puppet cliques policy of depending on foreign forces and their so-called "unification proposal" and demand that the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique step down from power at once as demanded by the entire people and students at home and abroad.

We express powerful support to and solidarity with the South Korean students in the just struggle for the democratisation of society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and demand that Kim Tae-chung and other unreasonably arrested democratic figures and students be released at once.

The congress called upon the progressive youth organisations of the whole world to constantly extend firm support and solidarity to the Korean people and students in their struggle against the "two Koreas" plot of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and for the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

CSO: 4120/297

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

PRC DENOUNCES ISRAELI INVASION OF LEBANON

SK170822 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0809 GMT 17 Jun 82

[Text] Beijing, June 16 (KCNA)--The government of the Peoples Republic of China on June 15 issued a statement strongly condemning Israel's invasion of Lebanon, according to a XINHUA report.

Recalling that Israel flagrantly launched a large-scale military invasion into Lebanon on June 4, the statement says:

At present, Israel is continuing to expand its acts of aggression under the camouflage of declaring a cease-fire and is pressing towards the urban area of Beirut, the capital of Lebanon.

The Israeli authorities, in brazen violation of the principles of international law, are carrying out naked aggression against a sovereign Arab state in a premeditated attempt to wipe out the resistance forces of the Palestinian people, thus committing another crime against the Arab people and seriously worsening the situation in the Middle East. The Chinese Government and people express utmost indignation at and strongly condemn this Israeli act of aggression.

At a time when Israels frenzied invasion of Lebanon is being condemned by the people of various countries unanimously, the U.S. Government has openly used its veto power in the United Nations to obstruct the Security Council from adopting a draft resolution condemning Israel for its refusal to withdraw its troops. The United States should be condemned for abetting and supporting Israel in its aggression.

The Chinese Government has always held that Israel must withdraw from the Arab territories occupied since 1967, that the Palestinian people must regain their national rights, including the right to return to their homeland, the right to self-determination and the right to establish a state; and that there must be a comprehensive and just settlement of the Middle East question. We firmly support the Lebanese, Palestinian and Syrian armed forces and people in their just struggle to resist Israels aggression and safeguard their national rights. Israel must abide by the relevant resolutions of the U.N. Security Council, stop its aggression against Lebanon immediately and withdraw all its troops from Lebanon unconditionally.

We sincerely hope that the Arab countries and people will unite closely in a common struggle against the enemy. We call on all the peace-loving and justice-upholding countries and people to join their efforts to stop Israels aggression, support the just cause of the Arab people and maintain peace in the Middle East.

CSO: 4120/297

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

SOLIDARITY MEETING SUPPORTS ARAB PEOPLES STRUGGLE

SK110450 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0412 GMT 11 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang June 11 (KCNA)--A solidarity meeting supporting the Palestinian, Lebanese and other Arab peoples fighting against the Israeli aggressors armed invasion was held at the Chollima House of Culture on June 10. Placed on the platform of the meeting hall were a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of Comrade Yasir 'Arafat, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation and commander-in-chief of the Palestine Revolutionary Armed Forces.

The meeting was addressed first by Kim Pong-chu, chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea and chairman of the Korea-Palestine Committee of Friendship and Solidarity.

Pointing out that with the active encouragement and backing of U.S. imperialism, the Israeli aggressors started a large-scale armed attack on the whole area of southern Lebanon and Palestinian bases in Lebanon on June 6 This brigandish aggression by the Israeli aggressors is a grave violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Lebanon and a desperate attempt to stamp out the revolutionary cause of Palestine.

We resolutely condemn the Israeli aggressors' armed invasion against the Arab peoples and strongly demand that the Israeli Zionists immediately stop their war of aggression and withdraw from all the occupied Arab land at once.

The Korean people, together with the peace-loving people of the world, will as ever stand firm on the side of the Arab peoples fighting against imperialism and the Israeli aggressors.

Speaking next, head of the mission of the Palestine Liberation Organisation in Pyongyang Muhammad Ahmad Salamah Khalil said:

The Palestinian people under the leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organisation with Comrade Yasir 'Arafat as its chairman greatly value solidarity extended by the Korean people in the grim period when they are heroically fighting against the Israeli aggressor troops patronized and supported by U.S. imperialism.

He declared that the Palestinian people would continue their struggle till victory in the spirit of fighting in reliance upon their strength and with the active support and encouragement of the brotherly friends.

He noted with great pride that the great leader and the dear leader gave the Palestinian people much aid despite the intensified machinations of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys and the vast tasks of the revolution and construction.

He continued: We will fight shoulder to shoulder with the Korean people till the day when the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo is founded and Korea reunified under the leadership of respected Marshal Kim Il-song, a friend of the Palestinian people and the leader of the world revolution.

Long live the respected great leader Comrade Kim Il-song!
Long live the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, successor to the revolutionary cause!
Long live Comrade Yasir 'Arafat, a fighter.

The meeting adopted a letter of solidarity to Comrade Yasir 'Arafat, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation and commander-in-chief of the Palestine Revolutionary Armed Forces.

The meeting was attended by Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Pak Myong-ku and Vice-chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries Kim Sang-chun.

Invited there were charge d'affaires ad interim of the Algerian Embassy Abdelfettah Laredj [as received] and an official of the Peoples Bureau of the Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab Jamahiriyah in Pyongyang.

CSO: 4120/294

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

BRIEFS

DPRK DELEGATIONS RETURN--Pyongyang May 29--The delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Kim Yong-ik, vice-minister of the Ministry of Public Health, returned home after attending the 35th general meeting of the World Health Organization. The Korean Trade Union delegation also returned home after attending the 33d meeting of the Executive Committee of the Trade Unions International of Metal Workers held in Bulgaria and the 12th Congress of the Mongolian Trade Unions. [Text] [SK010445 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 29 May 82 SK]

LSWYK DELEGATION RETURNS FROM PRC--Pyongyang May 26--The delegation of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea headed by Pak Chong-son, vice-chairman of its Central Committee flew back home on May 25 after visiting China. A delegation of university professors of Egypt headed by Prof. and Dr M. Kamal Akaad, vice-president of the Tanta University of the Arab Republic of Egypt, arrived in Pyongyang yesterday by plane. J.C. Azoopard, president of Vittoriosa District of the Malta Labour Party and chief of the Vittoriosa District group for the study of the chuche idea, Manik Lal Shrestha, vice-chairman of the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association, the professors delegation of the Alborg University, Denmark, headed by Hans Gullestrup, president of the Institute of the Social Development and Planning of the Alborg University, and the Czechoslovak diving selection left here for home yesterday after visiting our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0803 GMT 26 May 82 SK]

SOCIALIST, JAPANESE DELEGATIONS LEAVE--Pyongyang May 19--The delegation of the Soviet Academy of Sciences headed by A.S. Khokhlov, deputy chief secretary of the Presidium of the Soviet Academy of Sciences; the Soviet movie delegation headed by M. A. Filatov, party secretary of the Soviet State Cinematographic Committee; the delegation of the Union of Socialist Youth of Yugoslavia headed by Viatko Bojadziski, member of presidentship of the Federal Conference of the USYY; the delegation of RUDE PRAVO, the organ of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, headed by Jan Hrobar; Shuhachi Inoue, deputy director general of the Board of International Institute of the Chuche Idea; the delegation of the Seiwa Shipping Company, Ltd., Japan, headed by Yoshio Hara, general manager of the company; and Takumi Hanamuro, president of the Shindaido Shipping Company, Ltd., Japan, left Pyongyang on May 18 by air after visiting our country. [Text] [SK210024 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0806 GMT 19 May 82 SK]

U.S. COMPATRIOT DEPARTS--Pyongyang June 2 (KCNA)--Ko Sin-ha, a compatriot in the United States, left Pyongyang on June 1 by air after visiting the homeland. He was seen off at the airport by Chang Hak-myong, general secretary of the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots, and his relatives. [Text] [SK020505 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0334 GMT 2 Jun 82]

U.S. COMPATRIOT ARRIVES--Pyongyang June 2 (KCNA)--Han Tae-kyu, a Korean residing in the United States, arrived in Pyongyang on June 1 by air for a visit to the homeland. He was met at the airport with warm compatriotic feelings by Chang Hak-myong, general secretary of the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots. [Text] [SK020509 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0333 GMT 2 Jun 82]

ROMANIAN FILM SHOW--Pyongyang June 2--A photo exhibition was held in Pyongyang on June 1 on the centenary of the birth of Nicolae Titulescu, a Romanian diplomat, under the sponsorship of the Korea-Romania Friendship Association. Present on the occasion were O Mun-han, vice-chairman of the association, and personages concerned and working in the city. Ambassador Constantin Iftodi and officials of the Romanian Embassy in Pyongyang were also invited. [Text] [SK030107 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0807 GMT 2 Jun 82 SK]

DPRK DELEGATION RETURNS; CSSR DELEGATIONS ARRIVE--Pyongyang June 1--A delegation of the Union of Agricultural Working People of our country headed by Yi Chong-won, vice-chairman of its Central Committee, returned home on May 31 by air after attending the Sixth Congress of the Cuban National Small Peasants Society. On the same day, a delegation of the press department of the Foreign Ministry of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic headed by its director Gustav Smid, and a Czechoslovak national judo team arrived in Pyongyang by air. [Text] [SK030107 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 1 Jun 82 SK]

THAI, ZIMBABWEAN DELEGATIONS--Pyongyang June 2--A Thai sports delegation headed by Anu Romyanond, secretary of the National Olympic Committee of Thailand, arrived in Pyongyang on June 1 by air. The Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee hosted a party for the delegation at the Ongnyu Restaurant in the evening. A delegation of the Zimbabwe Chuche Idea Study Group headed by C.R. Musiwa, chief cultural officer in the Ministry of Education and Culture in the Republic of Zimbabwe, returned home by air on the same day. [Text] [SK030107 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 2 Jun 82 SK]

MONGOLIAN ENVOY'S PRESS CONFERENCE--Pyongyang June 1--Ts. Demiddagva, Mongolian ambassador to our country, called a press conference on May 31 at his embassy on the occasion of the first anniversary of the 18th Congress of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and the 61st anniversary of the victory of the Mongolian people's revolution. The press conference was attended by newspaper, news agency and radio reporters in Pyongyang and press officials of different embassies and correspondents of various countries in Pyongyang. [Text] [SK030107 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0330 GMT 1 Jun 82 SK]

KWP GROUP TO CHINA--Beijing June 3 (KCNA)--Comrade Geng Biao, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, met the friendship visiting group of the Workers Party of Korea headed by Comrade Pak Yong-sok, member of the Central Committee of the Workers Party

of Korea and director of a department of the party Central Committee, on June 3 at the Great Hall of the people in Beijing, according to a XINHUA report. Present on the occasion were Qiao Shi, head, and Qian Liren, deputy head, of the International Liaison Department of the CC, CPC, and Chon Myong-su, DPRK ambassador to China. A talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK04226 Pyongyang KCAN in English 2209 GMT 4 Jun 82]

MONGOLIAN BOOKS--Pyongyang, June 5--Books were presented to the Grand People's Study House from the Mongolian National Mass Library. Mongolian ambassador to our country Tsebeengombyn Demiddagba conveyed the books to the Grand People's Study house on June 2. [Text] [SK070159 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2212 GMT 4 Jun 82 SK]

DPRK, THAI DELEGATIONS--Pyongyang, June 6--The delegation of the Foreign Ministry of our country headed by its Vice-Minister Kim Hyong-u, which had visited Togo and Benin, and the delegation of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea headed by Vice-Chairman of its Central Committee Nam Chae-hwan, which had attended the 14th Congress of the Dimitrov Young Communists League of Bulgaria, returned home on June 5 by plane. The Thai sports delegation headed by Anu Romyanond, secretary of the National Olympic Committee of Thailand, left here yesterday after visiting our country. [Text] [SK070159 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0842 GMT 6 Jun 82 SK]

DPRK FILM SHOW--Pyongyang, June 5--The Ministry of People's Armed Forces hosted a film reception on June 4 on the 45th anniversary of the victory in the historic Pochonbo battle organized and commanded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song. Invited there were the military attaches of different embassies in Pyongyang. Lieutenant General Chong Chang-yol and officers of the Korean People's Army were present. The attendants appreciated the Korean feature film "The Invisible Fortress." [Text] [SK070159 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0349 GMT 5 Jun 82 SK]

CHONGNYON TRADERS DELEGATION--Pyongyang, June 5--A delegation of young traders and industrialists under the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) in Tokyo headed by Pak Kum-man, deputy chief director of the Arakawa, Tokyo, Association of Traders and Industrialists of Chongnyon, arrived in Pyongyang on June 4 by air for a visit to the socialist homeland. [Text] [SK070159 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0344 GMT 5 Jun 82 SK]

FINNISH, BURMESE MEDIA HAIL FEATS--Pyongyang June 10 (KCNA)--A Finnish paper and the BURMESE NEWS AGENCY published articles introducing the imperishable revolutionary feats of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il. In an article titled "The Chuche Idea in Korea and Comrade Kim Chong-il" the Finnish paper ROVISALAINEN said: The Democratic People's Republic of Korea is carrying on the revolution on the basis of the chuche idea. The chuche idea founded by President Kim Il-song is being successfully embodied by the dear leader of the Korean people, Comrade Kim Chong-il. The BURMESE NEWS AGENCY reported that the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is "the eternal sun of the nation" and "the lodestar of the nation." Today the South Korean people not only respect and revere President Kim Il-song but also boundlessly revere the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il as the eternal sun of the nation, it said. [Text] [SK101011 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1000 GMT 10 Jun 82]

PORTUGUESE NATIONAL DAY--Pyongyang June 10 (KCNA)--Papers here today dedicate articles to the national day of Portugal. A signed article of NODONG SINMUN says that the Korean people extend felicitations to the Portuguese people on their national day. It further says: The Republic of Portugal is striving to develop friendly relations with many countries of the world on the principles of equality, mutual respect and noninterference. Korea and Portugal opened diplomatic relations in April 1975. It marked an important landmark in deepening understanding and developing friendship between the two peoples. Today the friendly relations between Korea and Portugal are developing in mutual interests. The Korean people will, in the future, too, strengthen and develop friendly relations with the Portuguese people in conformity with the idea of independence, friendship and peace. The author of a MINJU CHOSON article declares: The Korean people wish the Portuguese people new success in their work for the prosperity and development of the country. [Text] [SK101550 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1500 GMT 10 Jun 82]

GREETINGS TO AUSTRALIAN CP--Pyongyang June 11 (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea sent a message of greetings on June 4 to the 27th Congress of the Australian Communist Party. The message says: The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea greets the 27th Congress of the Australian Communist Party and extends heartfelt salute, through the congress, to the Central Committee and the entire members of your party. We believe that your party congress will greatly contribute to the development and strengthening of the party and to the struggle for democracy in society. Convinced that the relations of friendship and cooperation existing between our two parties will grow stronger and develop in the idea of independence, friendship and peace, we take this opportunity to heartily wish your congress big success in its work. [Text] [SK110012 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 10 Jun 82]

SCIENCE DELEGATION RETURNS--Pyongyang May 13--The scientific and technical delegation of our country headed by Kim Chang-ho, chairman of the State Commission on Science and Technology, returned home on May 12 by plane after attending the meeting of chiefs of the scientific and technological commissions of developing countries held in India. [Text] [SK170512 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0828 GMT 13 May 82 SK]

SOVIET MARITIME DELEGATION--Pyongyang May 14--The delegation of the Khabarovsk Maritime Provincial Branch of the Soviet-Korean Friendship Society headed by S.V. Grigorievich left here on May 13 by plane for home. [Text] [SK170512 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0807 GMT 14 May 82 SK]

YUGOSLAV SOCIALIST YOUTH DELEGATION--Pyongyang May 15--A delegation of the Union of Socialist Youth of Yugoslavia headed by Vlatko Bojaziski, member of the presidency of the Federal Conference of the USYY, arrived in Pyongyang by plane on May 14. [Text] [SK170512 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0814 GMT 15 May 82 SK]

TANZANIAN CHUCHE DELEGATION--Pyongyang May 15--A Tanzanian delegation for the study of the chuche idea headed by E.S. Mushi, chief of the group for the study of the chuche idea of the Dar-es-Salaam National Education College of Tanzania, arrived here on May 14 by plane. The delegation of the Giduba

Recording Corporation for Art Performance of Italy left here for home yesterday by plane after visiting our country. [Text] [SK170512 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0816 GMT 15 May 82 SK]

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY BODY DELEGATION--Pyongyang May 15--A delegation of the World Intellectual Property Organisation headed by its Director General Arpad Bogsch arrived in Pyongyang on May 14 by plane. It was met at the airport by Kim Ung-ho, vice-chairman of the State Commission of Science and Technology and chairman of the Invention Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and personages concerned and Filip Marusic, resident representative of the liaison office of the United Nations Development Programme in Pyongyang. [Text] [SK170512 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0829 GMT 15 May 82 SK]

UGANDAN PAPER ON KIM CHONG-IL--Pyongyang, 9 Jun (KCNA)--The Ugandan paper "The Equator" dedicated a full page to special write-ups to the birthday of the dear leader comrade Kim Chong-il. In an article titled "The Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il Is a Great Thinker and Theoretician Who Has a Thorough Grasp on the Immortal Chuche Idea," the paper introduces the ideological and theoretical feats performed by the dear leader. Noting that the dear leader comrade Kim Chong-il has grasped the great Chuche idea through his energetic pursuits and the practice of the revolutionary struggle, it stresses that he is a great thinker and theoretician who is enriching the treasure-house of the Chuche idea by his brilliant intelligence and outstanding ideological and theoretical activities. [Text] [SK091526 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1520 GMT 9 Jun 82]

MESSAGE TO PORTUGUESE PRESIDENT--Pyongyang, 9 Jun (KCNA)--The great leader comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, on June 9 sent a message of greetings to Antonio Ramalho Eanes, president of the Republic of Portugal, on Day of Portugal. The message says: I extend warm felicitations to you and to your government and people on the occasion of Day of Portugal. Believing that the friendly relations between our two countries will expand and develop further still, I take this opportunity to wish prosperity to your country and success to you in your work. [Text] [SK091548 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1530 GMT 9 Jun 82]

KWP DELEGATION'S DEPARTURE--Pyongyang, 10 Jun (KCNA)--A delegation of the Workers Party of Korea headed by Cho Yong-kuk, vice-director of a department of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea, left Pyongyang on June 9 by plane for a visit to Libya. It was seen off at the airport by Yi Hwa-son, vice-director of a department of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea, and staff members of the Peoples Bureau of the Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab Jamahiriya in Pyongyang. [Text] [SK100014 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2207 GMT 9 Jun 82]

AMBASSADOR TO NIGER APPOINTED--Pyongyang, 12 Jun (KCNA)--Pak Kye-yol was appointed as ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of our country to the Republic of Niger, according to a decree of the Central Peoples Committee of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK112207 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2200 GMT 11 Jun 82]

AMBASSADOR TO NIGER--Pyongyang, 16 Jun (KCNA)--DPRK ambassador to Niger Kim Yong-yong on June 9 paid a farewell call on Seyni Kountche, head of state and chairman of the Supreme Military Council of Niger, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song to the head of state. The head of state expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his sincere greetings to the great leader. He warmly congratulated the great leader comrade Kim Il-song on his 70th birthday and wholeheartedly wished him a long life in good health. Hoping that Korea would be reunified at an early date independently and in a peaceful way, without foreign interference, he expressed support to the Korean peoples cause of national reunification. He expressed the belief that the excellent relations of friendship and cooperation between our country and Niger will grow stronger and develop in the future. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK152254 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2159 GMT 15 Jun 82]

KOREAN RESIDENT FROM U.S.--Pyongyang, 12 Jun (KCNA)--Mr Cha Sang-tal, senior chairman of the "South California National Council for the Restoration of Democracy in the Homeland" in the United States, arrived in Pyongyang on June 11 by plane for a visit to the homeland. He was warmly met at the airport by Ho Chong-suk, secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and chairman of the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots; Yo Yon-ku, director of the secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; Hong Ki-mun, vice-chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; and Yim Tae-chun, presidium member of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland. Mr Cha Sang-tal had an emotion-charged meeting with his relatives at the airport. [Text] [SK120347 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 GMT 12 Jun 82]

CPRF FETES OVERSEAS KOREAN--Pyongyang, 12 Jun (KCNA)--The Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland arranged a party at the Ongnyu restaurant on the evening of June 11 for Mr Cha Sang-tal, senior chairman of the "South California National Council for the Restoration of Democracy in the Homeland" in the United States, on a visit to the homeland. Present at the party were Ho Chong-suk, secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and chairman of the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots; Yo Yon-ku, director of the secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; Hong Ki-mun, vice-chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; and Yom Tae-chun, presidium member of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland. Chairman Ho Chong-suk and Mr Cha Sang-tal made speeches at the party. The attendants raised glasses to the good health and long life of the great leader President Kim Il-song, the sun of the nation and legendary hero, for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and the grandeur and prosperity of the country. The party proceeded in a warm atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. [Text] [SK120410 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0404 GMT 12 Jun 82]

REPLY FROM SUDANESE PRESIDENT--Pyongyang, 12 Jun (KCNA)--The great leader comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, received a message from Ja'far Muhammad Numayri, president of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 13th anniversary of the victory of the May revolution of the Sudan. The reply message dated June 6 reads: Your cordial message of congratulations on the occasion of the 13th anniversary of the glorious May revolution is highly appreciated. Please accept, your excellency, our best wishes for your sound health and for the progress and prosperity of your people. [Text] [SK121509 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1500 GMT 12 Jun 82]

FINNISH OFFICIAL GREETED--Pyongyang, 13 Jun (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea on June 9 sent a message of greetings to Kalevi Kivisto upon the latter's reelection as chairman of the Finnish Peoples Democratic League. The message says: The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea extends warm congratulations to you on your reelection as chairman of the Finnish Peoples Democratic League at its congress. Believing that the excellent relations of friendship and cooperation existing between our party and your league will continue to develop favourably in the future, we take this opportunity to sincerely wish your league and you new successes in the future work for the fulfilment of the tasks put forward by your congress. [Text] [SK130936 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0831 GMT 13 Jun 82]

POLISH ENVOY'S MEETING--Pyongyang, 13 Jun (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Yong-nam on June 12 met and had a talk with Polish ambassador to Korea Leon Tomaszewski who paid a courtesy call on him. [Text] [SK130938 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0837 GMT 13 Jun 82]

DELEGATION LEAVES FOR BULGARIA--Pyongyang, 14 Jun (KCNA)--A delegation of the Workers Party of Korea headed by comrade Kim Yong-nam, member of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the party, left here yesterday by air for a visit to Bulgaria to attend the celebrations of the centenary of the birth of G. Dimitrov. The delegation was seen off at the airport by comrades So Chol and Hwang Chang-yop, and vice-director of a department of the WPK Central Committee Hyon Chun-kuk. Also present at the airport were Ambassador Khristo Kelchev and officials of the Bulgarian Embassy and Ambassador G.A. Kriulin and officials of the Soviet Embassy here. [Text] [SK132212 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2201 GMT 13 Jun 82]

EQUATORIAL GUINEA LEADER MEETS ENVOY--Pyongyang, 14 Jun (KCNA)--Obiang Nguema Mbasogo, chairman of the Supreme Military Council of Equatorial Guinea, on June 8 met Yi Chong-chong, ambassador of our country to Equatorial Guinea, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song to the chairman. The chairman expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey warmest greetings of the Equatorial Guinean people and his own to the great leader. The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. Present on

the occasion was the foreign minister of Equatorial Guinea. [Text]
[SK132214 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 13 Jun 82]

ENVOY MET IN GUINEA-BISSAU--Pyongyang, 14 Jun (KCNA)--Victor Saude Maria, vice-president of the Revolutionary Council and prime minister of the provisional government of Guinea-Bissau, on June 5 met Sim Chae-tu, DPRK ambassador to his country, according to a report. The prime minister said that the visit of Joao Bernardo Vieira, head of state and president of the Revolutionary Council of Guinea-Bissau, to Korea for congratulating the great leader comrade Kim Il-song on his 70th birthday marked a very important milestone in the development of the relations between Guinea-Bissau and Korea. Guinea-Bissau will as in the past, so in the future, further strengthen and develop her friendly and cooperative relations with the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and invariably support the just policies of the Workers Party of Korea and the DPRK Government for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, he declared. He wholeheartedly wished good health and a long life to the great leader comrade Kim Il-song. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK140450 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 14 Jun 82]

MEXICAN AMBASSADOR ARRIVES--Pyongyang, 15 Jun (KCNA)--Eugenio Anguiano Roch, first ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States of Mexico to our country, arrived in Pyongyang on June 15 by train. [Text] [SK151550 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1528 GMT 15 Jun 82]

BANGLADESH PAPER'S ARTICLE--Pyongyang, 15 Jun (KCNA)--A recent issue of the Bangladesh paper "HOLIDAY" published an article introducing the noble communist virtues of the dear leader comrade Kim Chong-il, carrying his portrait. In the article titled "True Communist with Noble Human Love for the People" the paper said: Korea has successfully solved the problem of inheriting the revolutionary cause. The Korean people hold in high esteem the dear leader secretary Kim Chong-il who is possessed of outstanding leadership ability and noble virtues, is boundlessly faithful to the revolutionary cause of the leader and is carrying the cause of Kimilsongism to accomplishment. Secretary Kim Chong-il was born into a patriotic and revolutionary family which has devoted its all generation after generation to the just cause of the freedom and liberation of the people. From his childhood he had noble sentiments and love for the country and people. With a deep love for the people secretary Kim Chong-il regards it as his important duty to go to factories and farm villages in local areas, to say nothing of Pyongyang, and acquaint himself with the lives of the people down to details, always directing deep concern to them and thinking how to lessen the labour of President Kim Il-song. He is a modest and simply, true leader of the people who shares weal and woe with them. [Text] [SK151543 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1522 GMT 15 Jun 82]

U.S.-RESIDENT KOREAN DEPARTS--Pyongyang, 16 Jun (KCNA)--Han Tae-kyu, a Korean residing in the United States, left here yesterday by air after visiting the homeland. While staying in the homeland he visited Mangyongdae and toured various places of Pyongyang and local areas. He also called at

his native village to have an emotional reunion with his family and relatives from whom he had been separated for scores of years. [Text] [SK160421 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 16 Jun 82]

MALAGASY PRESIDENT RECEIVES ENVOY--Pyongyang, 16 Jun (KCNA)--Malagasy President Didier Ratsiraka on June 8 met Kim In-ho, DPRK ambassador to the country, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song to the president. Expressing deep thanks for this, the president asked the ambassador to convey his heartfelt greetings to the great leader comrade President Kim Il-song. The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK160453 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0350 GMT 16 Jun 82]

ZIMBABWEAN PRESIDENT RECEIVES ENVOY--Pyongyang, 16 Jun (KCNA)--Robert G. Mugabe, prime minister of Zimbabwe, on June 10 met Yi Won-kuk, DPRK ambassador to the country, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song to the prime minister. The prime minister expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey warmest greetings of his own and the Zimbabwean people to the great leader. He wholeheartedly wished good health and a long life to the great leader comrade Kim Il-song. He expressed satisfaction over the very favourable development of the friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of Zimbabwe and Korea. Declaring that the Zimbabwean Government and people unconditionally and actively support the Korean people in their just struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, he hoped that the Korean reunification cause would be accomplished at an early date. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK160455 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0352 GMT 16 Jun 82]

BULLETIN PUBLISHED--Pyongyang, 17 Jun (KCNA)--The bulletin "Era of Chuche" No 4 was published in Lebanon on May 21, according to a report. It carries an article titled "The Great Father of the People" together with a photograph of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song among children. Printing a photograph of the great leader delivering a report on the work of the Central Committee at the historic 4th congress of the Workers Party of Korea, it publishes an article titled "Wholeheartedly Wish the Respected Leader President Kim Il-song Long Life in Good Health." It also contains articles headlined "The Respected President Kim Il-song is the Great Strategist Leading the Korean Revolution to Victory," "The Peoples Praises of the Leader," "President Kim Il-song: The Great Military Strategist Who Defeated Two Imperialisms" and "Voices of World People and Progressive Public Circles." It carries a photograph of foreign friends placing a basket of flowers before a portrait of the great leader and a photograph introducing a Pyongyang metro station. [Text] [SK170429 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0328 GMT 17 Jun 82]

CSO: 4120/297

N. KOREA/BIOGRAPHICS

PICTURE ALBUM OF KIM IL-SONG PUBLISHED

SK161546 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1518 GMT 16 Jun 82

[Text] Pyongyang, June 16 (KCNA)--The picture album "On the Road of Friendship and Unity" showing the external activities of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song was recently brought out in Russian, Chinese, Japanese, English, French and Spanish by the Foreign Languages Publishing House.

The album is divided into the parts of Asia, Africa, Europe, Americas and Oceania.

The great leader comrade Kim Il-song laid down the foreign policy of the Workers Party of Korea and the government of the republic with independence, friendship and peace as its basic idea and is energetically conducting external activities to successfully implement this policy.

The great leader met a large number of party and state leaders, prominent figures of the five continents of the world, which marked an important occasion in developing friendly and cooperative relations between our country and their countries.

He visited different countries of Asia, Africa and Europe, strengthened unity and cooperation with many countries striving for independence and thereby made a great contribution to the development of overall international relations and the cause of peace and security all over the world.

Thanks to the independent foreign policy of the Workers Party of Korea and the government of the republic put forward by the great leader comrade Kim Il-song and his energetic external activities, today the international relations of our country have been greatly expanded and the international solidarity with our revolution has strengthened as never before.

Our country has established diplomatic relations with more than 100 countries of the world including socialist and non-aligned countries and are expanding and developing economic and cultural exchanges and cooperation with almost all countries of the world.

Our country has joined over 150 international organisations including international democratic organisations, solidarity organisations and U.N. organisations.

Carried in the album is a photograph of the great leader President Kim Il-song in his study.

Also carried there are hundreds of photographs showing the great leader receiving party and state leaders of countries of the world including China (1958 and 1975), Mongolia (1956), Viet Nam (1958 and 1964), Indonesia (1964 and 1965), Syria (1974), Algeria (1974 and 1975), Madagascar (1976 and 1978), Zambia (1980), Guinea (1979 and 1980), Mozambique (1978), Togo (1974 and 1981), Cuba (1966), the Soviet Union (1980), Yugoslavia (1975 and 1977), Romania (1975, 1978 and 1980), Bulgaria (1973), Czechoslovakia (1973), the German Democratic Republic (1977), Albania (1956) and Malta (1975) and prominent political and public figures of numerous countries of the world.

The album prints a photograph of the dear leader comrade Kim Chong-il meeting with Santiago Carrillo, general secretary of the Spanish Communist Party, on the platform of the Kim Il-song Square where a demonstration of Pyongyang working people was held in celebration of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Workers Party of Korea and its sixth congress.

There are also photographs showing foreign progressive personages deeply studying the immortal Chuche idea and gifts to the great leader from party and state leaders and personages of various countries of the world.

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END