

JPRS 69553

4 August 1977

TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA

No. 542

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

Approved for Public Release
Distribution Unlimited

20000321 144

U. S. JOINT PUBLICATIONS RESEARCH SERVICE

REPRODUCED BY
**NATIONAL TECHNICAL
INFORMATION SERVICE**
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
SPRINGFIELD, VA. 22161

A S I A

NOTE

JPRS publications contain information primarily from foreign newspapers, periodicals and books, but also from news agency transmissions and broadcasts. Materials from foreign-language sources are translated; those from English-language sources are transcribed or reprinted, with the original phrasing and other characteristics retained.

Headlines, editorial reports, and material enclosed in brackets [] are supplied by JPRS. Processing indicators such as [Text] or [Excerpt] in the first line of each item, or following the last line of a brief, indicate how the original information was processed. Where no processing indicator is given, the information was summarized or extracted.

Unfamiliar names rendered phonetically or transliterated are enclosed in parentheses. Words or names preceded by a question mark and enclosed in parentheses were not clear in the original but have been supplied as appropriate in context. Other unattributed parenthetical notes within the body of an item originate with the source. Times within items are as given by source.

The contents of this publication in no way represent the policies, views or attitudes of the U.S. Government.

PROCUREMENT OF PUBLICATIONS

JPRS publications may be ordered from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22151. In ordering, it is recommended that the JPRS number, title, date and author, if applicable, of publication be cited.

Current JPRS publications are announced in Government Reports Announcements issued semi-monthly by the National Technical Information Service, and are listed in the Monthly Catalog of U.S. Government Publications issued by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Indexes to this report (by keyword, author, personal names, title and series) are available through Bell & Howell, Old Mansfield Road, Wooster, Ohio, 44691.

Correspondence pertaining to matters other than procurement may be addressed to Joint Publications Research Service, 1000 North Glebe Road, Arlington, Virginia 22201.

BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET	1. Report No. JPRS 69553	2.	3. Recipient's Accession No.
	4. Title and Subtitle TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA, No. 542		5. Report Date 4 August 1977
7. Author(s)		6.	8. Performing Organization Rept. No.
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Joint Publications Research Service 1000 North Glebe Road Arlington, Virginia 22201		10. Project/Task/Work Unit No.	
		11. Contract/Grant No.	
12. Sponsoring Organization Name and Address As above		13. Type of Report & Period Covered	
		14.	
15. Supplementary Notes			
16. Abstracts The report contains articles on political, economic, sociological, and government events and developments in North Korea.			
17. Key Words and Document Analysis. 17a. Descriptors North Korea Propaganda Political Science Sociology Economics Culture (Social Sciences) Ethnology			
17b. Identifiers/Open-Ended Terms			
17c. COSATI Field/Group 5D, 5C, 5K			
18. Availability Statement Unlimited Availability. Sold by NTIS Springfield, Va. 22151		19. Security Class (This Report) UNCLASSIFIED	21. No. of Pages 37
		20. Security Class (This Page) UNCLASSIFIED	22. Price PCA03

4 August 1977

TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA

No. 542

CONTENTS

PAGE

KCNA Reports U.S. Copter Crewman's Press Meeting (KCNA, 16 Jul 77)	1
Superiority of the Chucho-Type Banking System (Pyon Sung-u; MINJU CHOSON, 13 Jun 77)	2
Call for Productive Implementation of Local Budgets (MINJU CHOSON, 22 May 77)	6
Mozambican President Receives DPRK Ambassador (KCNA, 20 Jul 77)	10
Pyongyang Meeting Expresses Solidarity With Cuban Cause (KCNA, 12 Jul 77)	11
Austrian Bank Delegation Concludes DPRK Visit (KCNA, 13 Jul 77)	13
Haeju Meeting Expresses Solidarity With Cuban People (KCNA, 14 Jul 77)	14
DPRK Daily Exhorts Vehicle Transportation Sector Upswing (Editorial; Pyongyang Domestic Service, 12 Jul 77)	16
DPRK Daily Urges Improvement in Maritime Transport Sector (Editorial; Pyongyang Domestic Service, 14 Jul 77)	20
DPRK Radio Reports Measures To Prevent Rain Damage (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 13 Jul 77)	24
Press Agency Reports High Textiles Production (KCNA, 20 Jul 77)	26

CONTENTS (Continued)

Page

Briefs

Delegation Arrivals, Departures	28
Koreans From Japan	28
Mongolian Peoples Revolution Anniversary	28
Gymnasts in Madagascar	28
Democratic Yemen Association	29
Bulgarian Press Conference	29
Phosphate Fertilizer	29
Aoji Chemical Plant	30
Mine Repair Work	30
Ore Mine	30
Pukchang Power Plant	30
Mining Machinery Plant	30
Concentrated Freight Station	30
Chemical Fertilizer Production	31
Phosphate Fertilizer Production	31
Hungnam Fertilizer Production	31
Yugoslav on Vacation	31
Solidarity Meeting	31

KCNA REPORTS U.S. COPTER CREWMAN'S PRESS MEETING

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1616 GMT 16 Jul 77 OW

[Text] Kaesong 16 Jul (KCNA)--A press conference was held on 16 July with Schwanke, co-pilot of the U.S. military helicopter "CH-47," who was captured after intruding into the area of our side.

Present on the occasion were reporters of NODONG SINMUN, the Korean Central News Agency and other home press organs.

Answering questions raised by reporters, the co-pilot of the U.S. military helicopter admitted that on 14 July the U.S. military helicopter intruded deep into the area of the northern half of the republic in violation of the armistice agreement and explained the intrusion in detail.

Saying that his helicopter, which was forced to land by the warning firing of the Korean People's Army side, attempted to flee, not complying with its demand. He noted that if his colleagues had not attempted to flee, they would not have died and he himself would not have got injured.

He said he would tell his colleagues that the U.S. army pilots should not intrude into the area of the northern half of the republic across the military demarcation line and that everything would go well if they do not attempt to flee when there is a warning firing by the KPA side.

Saying that they are to blame for the intrusion, he apologized for it.

He asked for lenient pardon and his early return and explained how he was treated after he was captured alive by the KPA side.

He said he would like to say to journalists that he received good treatment and medical help in the area of the northern half of the republic. He expressed deep thanks for this.

He assured that he would not make intrusion again if he is leniently pardoned and sent back.

CSO: 4220

SUPERIORITY OF THE CHUCHE-TYPE BANKING SYSTEM

Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 13 Jun 77 p 2

[Article by Pyon Sung-u]

[Text] The workers in the entire country are now marching towards the construction of socialism under the revolutionary slogan "Ideology, Technology and Culture: All in Line With Demands of Chuche!" holding up high the militant program that the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song presented at the 12th and 13th plenums of the Fifth Central Committee of the Party and in his New Year's message.

The present reality that the construction of socialism is progressing at a great speed and the scale of national economy has become incomparably large urgently requires us to demonstrate the superiority of our socialist banking system and improve its function and role.

Under the socialist system the bank is a state organ in charge of the national treasury, sees to it that the state fund is used effectively for the development of the people's economy, and maintains financial control over all organs and enterprises to insure their better management. At every stage and period of revolutionary development, the great leader shed light on the road for the socialist bank to take, personally designed the chuche-type socialist banking system, and furthermore showed clearly the ways and means of bringing its superiority into play.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song instructed as follows:

"The central bank must be responsible for issuing currency, controlling the amount of currency and settling accounts on the national level, maintain financial control over the supply and use of the circulating fund of enterprises and all other state funds, and undertake the registration and assessment of facilities, buildings and all other fixed assets of the various organs and enterprises, and collect the profits of enterprises and all other state revenues. Also, it must supply and control necessary funds for capital construction." ("On the Question of Socialist Economic Management," Vol II, p 557)

The chuche-type socialist banking system which the great leader designed himself is the most revolutionary and advanced banking system that completely conforms to the basic nature of the socialist system of our nation and that embodies the requirements of the Tae'an work system in particular.

The chuche-type socialist banking system established in our nation is superior to any system which makes it possible to more successfully carry through the principle that the state is above all responsible for the economic development of the country and the improvement of the people's living standard.

Under the banking system based on the outmoded credit relationship, it was impossible to fully carry through the above-mentioned principle, which makes the system responsible for the management and operation of organs and enterprises, because funds needed for implementing plans were loaned at interest to state enterprises when the state ought to have directly insured the supply of their management and operational funds.

However, the new chuche-type socialist banking system is a banking system whose most important function is supplying state funds and is responsible for supplying the various organs and enterprises with funds they need for fulfillment of their plans, in accordance with the demands of the Tae'an work system.

This will save functionaries of organs and enterprises from running around seeking necessary funds and would enable them to concentrate all their energy on production and management and to prevent on time the idling, misuse and waste of facilities, materials, manpower and fund.

Furthermore, the chuche-type socialist banking system is responsible for registering and evaluating the fixed assets of all organs and enterprises; this enables the system to protect more thoroughly the precious assets of the state, and to further improve their management.

As seen above, the chuche-type socialist banking system thoroughly carries through the revolutionary mass line in the matter of supplying funds, thereby making it possible to better implement the principle that the state assumes the responsibility for all aspects of national economic life.

The chuche-type socialist banking system that the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song designed is superior to any system, as it makes organs and enterprises do accounting in a responsible way.

Making organs and enterprises do accounting in a responsible way is one of the matters vital to improving economic control and management.

The central bank in our country is responsible for supplying funds within the scope of its financial program as required by the organs and enterprises for implementing their plans. It also makes, whenever necessary, loans to organs and enterprises.

This makes all the organs and enterprises wage a vigorous struggle to use the state-provided facilities, materials, labor, and funds in the most economical and effective way and pay much attention to keeping accounting in a neat shape.

Our socialist chuche-type banking system that the respected and beloved leader created is the most advanced work system by which financial control can be strengthened routinely over the national economy and the overall management of organs and enterprises.

The chuche-type socialist banking system of our nation is above all responsible for registering all the fixed assets of the state and evaluating them and enables the state to tighten financial control over the managerial activities of all organs and enterprises through supplying capital construction funds, floating funds and other state funds and exercise control over their uses, thereby making it possible to deepen the state financial control over the fixed state assets and the managerial activities of these organs and enterprises.

Also, the system, in the process of organizing and conducting national account settlement and collecting state profits from all organs and enterprises, makes it possible to strengthen state control over planned distribution and supply of materials and assets of the country and the formation and collection of the state budgetary revenue.

As seen above, the chuche-type socialist banking system that the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song designed is the most excellent one as it enables state financial control to be strengthened over all aspects of state economic activities as well as the entire accounting process of organs and enterprises, including the use of facilities, materials, labor, and funds.

The chuche-type socialist banking system whose correctness and superiority are fully demonstrated in actual life has made a great contribution to effecting great changes in the overall national economic life and in the accounting operation of all organs and enterprises.

Above all, by supplying all necessary state funds required for the development of the national economy and the improvement of living standards in accordance with the financial plan and exercising guidance and control routinely over the use of funds, the system completely eliminated factors responsible for spontaneousness in the control of state funds. Also, with all monetary funds of the nation placed under unified management and control, not only the state budgetary revenue but also idle monetary funds have come to be mobilized to the maximum, insuring their most rational and effective distribution and utilization for the projects designed to increase the welfare of workers.

The chuche-type socialist banking system, being responsible for supplying state funds, has made it possible also to fully implement the party-presented

policy on unified and detailed financial planning. In this way, it has led to the successful elimination of subjectivism of planners and of self-centerism of the organs and enterprises in the process of planning and to the fullest mobilization of internal reserves, resulting in scientific and dynamic planning. Also, by insuring timely supply of funds needed by organs and enterprises and exercising overall control over the use of funds, the system has provided a firm guarantee for the normalization of production, the successful implementation of state plans, and the rapid development of the economy.

In all sectors of the people's economy and organs and enterprises the management of the fixed assets has been further improved, the idling and waste of materials and assets overcome, the production cost reduced in a systematic way through the rational use of labor, materials, and funds, the state accumulation rapidly increased, and the flow of fund accelerated. All this has made it possible to meet the rapidly increasing demand of the people's economy for funds even more smoothly with less fund.

Today functionaries in the banking sector are facing the glorious task of bringing into play the superiority of the chuche-type socialist banking system on the basis of the past accomplishments.

Most important in bringing further into play the superiority of the system is to establish the unitary ideology of the party even more solidly among banking functionaries.

All functionaries in the banking sector must study in depth the instructions given by the great leader and the banking policy of the party, turn them into their own bone and flesh, into their faith, and uphold the principal of absolutism and unconditionality in carrying out the instructions and policy. In this way, the functionaries must show their own honor as faithful revolutionary fighters of the respected and beloved leader through their practical struggle.

In order to completely realize the chuche-type socialist banking system, the political and business qualifications must also be further improved among the bank functionaries.

The role of local organs of power must be further enhanced in order to develop the chuche-type socialist banking system.

Functionaries of local organs of power must undertake to guide the banking business with the sense of responsibility as masters of national economy and help all the functionaries of the banking institutions perform in a normal and productive way their function of supplying fund and supervising the accounting of organs and enterprises in accordance with the norms of financial management.

All the functionaries of local organs of power and banking institutions must fully demonstrate the superiority of the chuche-type socialist banking system with their burning loyalty to the great leader, perform brilliantly the militant task in this year of readjustment, and promote continuously the revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction.

CALL FOR PRODUCTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF LOCAL BUDGETS

Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 22 May 77 p 2

[Article: "Let Us Actively Mobilize All Our Potential to Implement This Year's Local Budgets Successfully"]

[Text] Meetings of province, county and city people's assemblies were recently held on the productive implementation of this year's budgets in accordance with the programmatic instructions set forth by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the Seventh Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly [SPA].

A portrait of the great leader of our party and people, Comrade Kim Il-song, was respectfully placed at the front of each of the meeting places.

Also hung up were the slogans "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song" and "Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" and letters spelling out "We respectfully wish long life and good health to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

The meetings were attended by deputies and functionaries from the local power organs and local administrative and economic organs.

The meetings discussed the local budgets for 1977 and the balancing of accounts for the 1976 local budgets.

Following the presentation of the report at the meetings many deputies participated in the discussions.

The reporters and discussants proudly pointed out the great successes achieved in the implementation of the 1976 local budgets.

The reporters and discussants all emphasized that it was the correct actualization of the great leader's original guideline on the local budget system which made it possible to insure smooth provision of finances needed to accelerate economic and cultural construction in local areas and further improve the people's livelihood; they also unanimously pointed to this as further proof of the rightness and great vitality of the guideline on the local budget system.

In particular, the reporter and discussants proudly stated in their summing-up that in the course of thoroughly executing the local budget system, the function and role of local governing organs in the thrifty management of local living had been further strengthened and the functionaries' sense of responsibility and master-like awareness had been increased; that it had become possible to produce more diverse, good quality consumer goods by mobilizing all sorts of local reserves and potentialities; and that great advances had been achieved also in local construction and educational, cultural and health work

The reporter and discussants pointed out that with the productive implementation of last year's local budgets localities were able to meet their expenditures with local income and were even able to send much money to the state. The participants emphasized that this success is a clear demonstration that the great leader's local budget system is a vastly superior method for the management of local living which highly promotes local responsibility and initiative to further local economic and cultural construction under unified central guidance and contributes greatly to the overall socialist construction of the country.

The report and discussions unanimously emphasized that the proud success of last year's implementation of local budgets is the outcome of the wise leadership of the great leader who brightly lights the path of revolution with the brilliant rays of his chuche thought and always warmly leads our people by the hand on the one road to victory.

The meetings earnestly discussed the task of successfully implementing the local budget for this year, the year of readjustment, upholding the programmatic instructions given by the great leader at the Seventh Session of the Fifth SPA.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught: "For the correct implementation of the socialist budget, it is important not only to increase the sources of revenue by various means, but also to properly disburse and utilize the state's funds."

The reporter and discussants supported and endorsed this year's local budgets as having been correctly designed to solidify successes which have already been achieved, accelerate local economic and cultural construction and further improve the people's livelihood. And they expressed their firm determination to gloriously fulfill the militant tasks put forth by the great leader in this year's New Year's Address and at the 13th plenum of the 5th Party Central Committee by thoroughly implementing this year's local budgets.

The reporter and discussants all pointed out that this year we should, displaying a spirit of service to the people, further improve the people's livelihood by developing local industry and doing a good job of providing social service facilities, and they presented concrete means and plans for the flawless implementation of this year's local budgets.

Noting that there is sufficient potential in every locality to further improve the people's life and productively implement local budgets, the reporter and discussants emphasized that the most urgent tasks are the further development of local industry and the strengthening of the service network.

They pointed out that the important problem in the development of local industry is that we must enhance the technical skills and equipment of existing factories with assistance from central industrial enterprises and we must create new factories, mobilizing and utilizing to the maximum local sources of raw material, so as to produce more daily necessities. They also emphasized that for local industry factories to be fully effective, production must be regularized by further consolidating the raw material base and actively mobilizing and utilizing all sorts of inner reserves such as scrap and by-products.

The participants unanimously pointed out that local industry must rely on its own local raw material bases and insure the smooth supply of consumer goods and foodstuffs like cooking oil needed by the workers of each locality.

They also pointed out that those cities and counties along the sea must strengthen their small and medium fishing industries in order to catch more fish and develop the work of diversified fish products.

The meeting also emphasized that every locality must increase and modernize its stores, service facilities and food service networks and actively carry out service activities such as the processing of mineral water to make fruit drinks, so as to raise the people's standard of living and increase budget revenue.

The reporters and discussants emphasized the need to improve and strengthen the economic guidance and industrial management of the organs and enterprises of each sector of the people's economy so as to meet the demands of revolutionary development in order to carry out this year's plan for the people's economy successfully and correctly implement local budgets.

All factories and enterprises must set up their political work and economic organization work strictly in accordance with the demands of the Taaan Work System created by the great leader and follow the independent economic accounting system correctly to increase the productive will of the workers and regularize and systematize industrial management, thereby overfulfilling their production plans every month and every period.

The reporters and discussants pointed out that all sectors and all units, holding high the slogan "Let us conserve, conserve and conserve even more," should vigorously carry out, as a movement of the entire masses, a struggle to increase production and to economize while also thoroughly implementing the party's guidelines on revolutionary financial management.

Therefore all factories and enterprises must produce more with their existing materials, facilities and labor and continue to lower the standard

of material consumption per unit of product and reduce prime costs by 2 percent or more, the reporters and discussants stressed unanimously.

The participants also noted the need for the organs and enterprises of non-producing sectors and fiscal organs to conduct a vigorous conservation struggle to economically manage the state's assets and resources, thereby bringing about a new transformation in fiscal management.

They emphasized that in order to vigorously carry out the struggle for increased production and conservation and to correctly implement this year's local budgets, we must increase the role of fiscal and banking organs so as to strengthen financial control over factories and enterprises and help them set up a thorough property and finance management system and continuously improve business management and administration.

The reporter and discussants emphasized that if we are to successfully fulfill all of these tasks, all workers, firmly armed with the revolutionary thought of the great leader, must display the revolutionary's ethic of responsibly carrying out property and finance management work from the standpoint of a master, in accordance with the demands of chuche thought, and of shrewdly managing their household like loyal servants of the people, possessing a lofty sense of party spirit, working class spirit and people-mindedness.

The meeting stressed that all cities and counties should follow the example of Kangso County in South P'yongan Province, which, displaying a fine spirit of sacrifice in the service of the people, further developed its local industry and did an excellent job in providing social service facilities, thereby setting a splendid example in improving the livelihood of the people in the county and in the implementation of the local budget.

The meetings adopted appropriate resolutions.

9137

CSO: 4208

MOZAMBICAN PRESIDENT RECEIVES DPRK AMBASSADOR

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1536 GMT 20 Jul 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 20 Jul (KCNA)--Samora Moises Machel, president of the People's Republic of Mozambique, on 13 July received Song Ki-tae, ambassador of our country to Mozambique, according to a report from Maputo.

The ambassador courteously conveyed cordial regards of the great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, to the president.

The president expressed deep thanks for the cordial regards of the great leader. He said:

I wish Comrade President Kim Il-song, the outstanding leader of the Korean people and our most intimate friend, good health and a long life.

Please convey my most heartfelt greetings to the great leader.

Saying that Korea is the center of the anti-imperialist struggle in Asia, the president went on:

The U.S. troops and their military bases, particularly their nuclear bases, must be removed from South Korea, so that the Korean question can be solved in conformity with the will of the Korean people.

We express unconditional and unswerving support to the struggle of the Korean people for independent and peaceful reunification.

Just as the Korean people regard the struggle of the Mozambican people as their own, so we regard as our own the struggle of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The talks proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

CSO: 4220

PYONGYANG MEETING EXPRESSES SOLIDARITY WITH CUBAN CAUSE

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1020 GMT 12 Jul 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang 12 Jul (KCNA)--The opening ceremony of a "month of solidarity with Cuban people" marking the 24th anniversary of the armed uprising of the Cuban people was held yesterday evening at the Central Workers Hall of the General Federation of Trade Unions.

Placed with due respect in the hall were a portrait of the great leader of our people, Comrade Kim Il-song, and a portrait of the supreme leader of the Cuban people, Comrade Fidel Castro.

Present there together with working people in the city were personages concerned, Chong Song-nam and Pak Yong-si, and responsible functionaries of working people's organizations.

Andres Campos Cabrera, charge d'affaires ad interim, and staff members of the Cuban embassy in Pyongyang were invited there.

Speaking at the ceremony, Chong Song-nam extended warm felicitations and militant greetings to the fraternal Cuban people on the 24th anniversary of the historic attack on the Moncada Barracks.

The battle of 26 July was a historic event which sowed the seeds of struggle in the hearts of the Cuban people, who were groaning under the tyranny of the U.S. imperialists and the dictatorial regime of Batista, their stooge, and brought them the dawn of victory, he said.

He noted that since the victory of the revolution the Cuban people--who became the master of the country under the correct leadership of the Communist Party and Government of Cuba, headed by their supreme leader, Comrade Fidel Castro--have defended with honor the gains of the revolution and achieved great successes in the revolution and construction, smashing at every step the aggressive and subversive maneuvers and sabotages of the U.S. imperialists under the militant slogan "motherland or death, we will win!"

Today the fraternal Cuban people are waging a vigorous drive to carry out the First Five-Year Plan successfully, upholding the decision of the First Cuban Communist Party Congress, he added.

Noting that, according to a decision of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party, the fraternal Cuban people formed the Cuban committee for supporting Korea's reunification and marked off a period between 25 June and 27 July as a "month of solidarity with the Korean people" and are organizing functions throughout Cuba. The speaker expressed deep thanks to the Cuban people, for their full support to and firm solidarity with our people's cause of socialist construction and national reunification.

Andres Campos Cabrera, charge d'affaires ad interim of the Cuban Embassy in Pyongyang, spoke next.

Saying that the U.S. imperialists launched a surprise armed invasion against the Korean people in 1950, he pointed out: The Korean people, under the outstanding leadership of the great leader of the Korean people, Comrade Kim Il-sung, repulsed the armed invaders and inflicted the first military defeat upon them in the world.

Referring to the continued war provocation maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists, he said: If the U.S. imperialists and their stooges again pounce upon the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people will defend their legitimate rights with honor and heroism under the wise leadership of the great leader, Comrade Kim Il-sung, and the Workers Party of Korea, and the U.S. imperialists and their stooges will sustain a heavier defeat.

Declaring that entirely just is the struggle of the Korean people to implement, as early as possible, the 4 July North-South Joint Statement--containing the three principles of national reunification, independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity, and the five-point policy of national reunification--he stated: The Cuban people scathingly denounce the rascals who illegally occupied South Korea and the Pak Chong-hui fascist dictatorship and fully support the struggle of the Government and people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for reunifying the country independently and peacefully without any outside interference.

CSO: 4220

AUSTRIAN BANK DELEGATION CONCLUDES DPRK VISIT

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0358 GMT 13 Jul 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 13 Jul (KCNA)--The delegation of the Winter Bank of Austria, headed by Simon Moskovics, its president, which came to Pyongyang on 5 July, left here on 12 July, winding up its visit to our country.

During its stay, the delegation visited historic Mangyongdae, the birthplace of the great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, and inspected the Korean Revolution Museum, the Central Industrial-Agricultural Exhibition, the memorial of the victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, the Kumsong Tractor Plant, the Pyongyang Metro and the Pyongyang Students' and Children's Palace.

The guests appreciated the revolutionary opera "Sea of Blood" and an acrobatic show.

In Mangyongdae, the cradleland of revolution, the head of the delegation said that he learned well of the revolutionary family of the great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, and he would remember his visit to Mangyongdae till the last moments of his life.

Noting that it is very important to give a good education, mental and moral, to people, he said that this problem has not been properly solved in many countries, but Korea educates people well, the children and young people in particular.

At the Central Industrial-Agricultural Exhibition, the head of the delegation said that Korea has developed in all fields. He emphasized that the Korean people could achieve these successes because the great leader has built an independent economy, adhering to the chuche-based line.

After going round the Pyongyang Students' and Children's Palace, the head of the delegation said he had been to many countries but had not seen such a wonderful palace for children.

The Korean children, he added, owe this wonderful palace to the warm love and care of the great leader for them.

CSO: 4220

HAEJU MEETING EXPRESSES SOLIDARITY WITH CUBAN PEOPLE

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1532 GMT 14 Jul 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang 14 Jul (KCNA)--Meetings are being held at factories, cooperative farms, units of the Korean People's Army and schools in different parts of our country during the "month of solidarity with the Cuban people" (11 July-10 August), marked off on the occasion of the 24th anniversary of the 26 July uprising of the Cuban people.

Working people of Haeju City, South Hwanghae Province, held a mass meeting on 13 July and extended warm felicitations and militant greetings to the fraternal Cuban people marking the 24th anniversary of the historic attack on the Moncada Barracks.

Speaking at the meeting, Yi Sun-paek said that 26 July, the day when the Cuban revolutionaries, headed by Comrade Fidel Castro, made an armed attack on the Moncada Barracks, is a significant day which holds a special place in the history of the Cuban people's struggle against the aggression and interference of the foreign imperialists and for achieving national independence and complete liberation.

The Cuban people, who became the master of their destiny after the victory of the revolution, the speaker said, have made rapid development over the past 18 years in industry, agriculture and all other fields of the national economy.

Our people wish the fraternal Cuban people great success in the struggle for carrying out the First Five-Year Plan, upholding the decisions of the First Cuban Communist Party Congress, he said.

Andres Campos Cabrera, charge d'affaires ad interim of the Cuban Embassy in Pyongyang, spoke next.

The U.S. imperialists' presence in South Korea is the source of the danger of a war and continued tension in Korea, he said.

He emphasized: It is necessary to arouse world public opinion as to this abnormal situation and demand, on a world-wide scale, the withdrawal of all the ground, naval and air forces of the U.S. imperialist occupying South Korea.

He continued: The Cuban people support the proposals for national reunification--advanced by the great leader of the Korean people, Comrade Kim Il-song, the Workers Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea--regard as their own the steadfast stand of the DPRK which is fighting against the plot of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges to split the Korean peninsula forever by creating "two Koreas."

Earlier, on 12 July, a film show was held at the Haeju port on the occasion of the "month of solidarity with the Cuban people."

CSO: 4220

DPRK DAILY EXHORTS VEHICLE TRANSPORTATION SECTOR UPSWING

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2320 GMT 12 Jul 77 SK

[NODONG SINMUN 13 July editorial: "Let Us Mark a New Upsurge in the Vehicle-Transportation Field and Transport More Cargo"]

[Text] Holding high the programmatic instructions advanced by the great leader, Comrade Kim Il-Song, at the 13th plenary session of the Fifth KWP Central Committee, we must fully meet the national economy's daily increasing transportation demands by marking a new upsurge in the vehicle-transportation field, while raising high the flames of the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle. This is a significant militant task facing our land-transportation fighters.

The great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, taught: "We must designate this year as the one for boosting the transportation front. The transportation front must simultaneously improve land and maritime transportation, while considering railway transportation as a basic transportation means."

We must further reinforce vehicle transportation, which is one of important transportation sectors. We can then brilliantly accomplish this year's vast transportation work and accelerate socialist economic construction at a more rapid pace. As the economy develops and production and construction are vigorously carried out, there is more demand for materials, resources and equipment. The more rapidly they are transported, the more the production site sites will be able to mark innovations and miracles. We must further improve the vehicle-transportation sector so that materials, resources and fuel are transported in time from site to site and so that the strained situation in the railway-transportation sector can be eased.

The great leader, while advancing the policy of concentrated, containerized and joint transportation at the 13th plenary session of the Fifth KWP Central Committee, taught us about the specific measures for marking an innovation in the vehicle-transportation sector.

The vehicle-transportation fighters, holding high the great leader's programmatic instruction, must thoroughly accomplish their mission in the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle and repay the respected and beloved leader's political trust and high expectations with proud results in transportation work.

An important measure for marking a new upsurge in the vehicle transportation sector is to increase, to the maximum, the usage rate of existing transportation means. The great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, taught: "An important factor in the transportation issue is to increase the utilization of vehicles." To transport more cargos with the existing vehicles by increasing their utilization we must produce and utilize more trailers and semitrailers. This is one of the important means to mark an innovation in the vehicle-transportation sector. Neither a great amount of labor nor high technology are required to produce trailers and semitrailers. With our determination, we can produce them anywhere and in whatever quantity desired.

All vehicle-transportation stations and all leading functionaries of related plants and enterprises of the national economy, with an attitude worthy of being masters of the nation, must actively find and mobilize hidden potentials and, without fail, accomplish their mission of producing the requisite quantity of trailers and semitrailers during the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle. By doing this, they will increase vehicle-transportation capacity.

Vehicle-transportation stations across the nation, by vigorously conducting a drive among the masses to bring about technical innovations, must broadly utilize vehicle [word indistinct] devices and containers and, thus, eliminate labor hardships. In addition, they must increase the operating time of vehicles and transportation capacity. In order to increase utilization of vehicles, good technical management must be adhered to. All vehicle drivers must remember that it is their revolutionary mission to take good care of their vehicles and to provide effective technical management. They must fully devote their wisdom and energy to taking good care of vehicles. In particular, they must not, for even a moment, forget their responsibility as guardians of the nation's transportation front, and [they must] wage a popular movement for taking good care of vehicles and (?conserving materials). Furthermore they must maintain vehicles properly in accordance with technical regulations and, under all circumstances, strictly adhere to established technical regulations and standard operational procedures. By broadly introducing advanced technology and reasonable working methods, actual hourly utilization of vehicles will be increased to the maximum, and precious gasoline will be conserved.

Producing spare parts and repairing vehicles by displaying the lofty spirit of self-reliance is a reliable factor guaranteeing the effective utilization of existing vehicles. We can perform more work using available resources, if our transportation workers use their minds and work hard in a self-reliant, revolutionary working manner, as has been attested to by their predecessors who scored gains in transportation through successfully manufacturing various types of machinery and vehicle spare parts by mobilizing potential and having lofty awareness of being masters of the revolution.

Functionaries, repairmen and vehicle operators of all trucking stations should wage a mass movement to manufacture necessary parts independently by mobilizing potential with a revolutionary spirit of self-reliance, so that they can store an adequate amount of spare parts.

Properly operating vehicle-repair plants and parts-manufacturing plants throughout the country and strengthening their role is one of the important tasks assigned to the vehicle-transportation sector today. All vehicle-repair plants should effect the mechanization and semiautomation of the entire process of overhauling vehicles and repairing and assembling parts, by strengthening the technical-innovation movement, and should infallibly meet the requirements of the 15-day work system in vehicle repair by extensively adopting new repair methods. Vehicle-parts plants should improve the quality of casting and cast steel and thoroughly guarantee the precision of processed items.

At the same time, provinces should keep vehicles constantly running by vigorously accelerating the work of constructing vehicle-parts production and repair sites as clarified in the goals of the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle.

Today when the economy has expanded and when the requirements of the people's economy for transportation have increased more than ever before, improving vehicles equipment by increasing production of various types of efficient modern vehicles is very significant. While continuously increasing the production of vehicles, functionaries and the working class of the vehicle-industry sector should vigorously wage a struggle to double the production capacity for 10-ton, 5-ton and 25-ton vehicles.

Guidance functionaries of the vehicle-transportation sector and those of units concerned of the people's economy should pay close attention to preventing vehicles from running without cargo, to accelerating road construction and repairing and maintaining roads.

A basic key, today, to implementing successfully all these tasks assigned the vehicles-transportation sector is to display the lofty revolutionary spirit of unconditionally implementing the great leader's instruction and party policy. All transportation workers should study and master the instructions and policy which the great leader has laid down for their respective sectors and should display the lofty revolutionary spirit of infallibly, correctly and promptly implementing them. They should also quickly transport more raw materials, equipment and fuel to the various people's economic sectors by waging a 200-day-revolutionary-transportation battle more vigorously with the same spirit of matchless courage and devotion with which they accomplished their wartime-transportation mission, going through enemy fire.

As has been attested to by all other work, an important key to marking a revolutionary upsurge in vehicle transportation is to enhance the guiding members' role so as to organize transportation work correctly. All guidance functionaries of this sector should establish order by formulating a detailed transportation plan, scheduling vehicle dispatching in a correct manner and properly consolidating daily work results. They should alleviate the strain in transportation by extensively adopting such rational transportation methods as decentralized and centralized transportation and by correctly combining short- and long-distance transportation. In particular, they should

transport cargo in a centralized manner from producers to consumers via railway stations by further strengthening coordination with railway and maritime transportation.

At the same time, guidance functionaries should display the superiority of a collective, vehicle-operation system and pay due attention to training and indoctrinating vehicle operators.

To mark an upsurge in vehicle transportation, it is important to enhance the role of party organizations and three-revolutions teams in this sector. Party organizations and three-revolutions teams of this sector should continuously increase transportation by correctly organizing political work and vigorously carrying out economic agitation work, and they should further strengthen the guidance of transportation workers who have risen up in the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle, so that they can score gains in fulfilling their resolutions in this battle.

Today the party wants all our vehicle-transportation workers to exert more efforts to more successfully contribute to implementing the transportation revolution by performing brilliant exploits in the vehicle-transportation sector. Let everyone successfully meet the daily increasing requirements for transportation by implementing the cooperative transportation policy set forth by the great leader and by vigorously developing vehicle transportation.

CSO: 4208

DPRK DAILY URGES IMPROVEMENT IN MARITIME TRANSPORT SECTOR

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2318 GMT 14 Jul 77 SK

[NODONG SINMUN 14 Jul editorial: "Let Us More Vigorously Develop Maritime Transportation"]

[Text] The transportation workers throughout the country, who have risen up in implementing the militant tasks laid down by the great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, at the 13th plenum of the Fifth Party Central Committee, have daily scored proud gains in the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle. Today when a continuous upsurge is being marked in all field of production and construction, one of the important tasks in alleviating the strain in transportation and in successfully accelerating the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle is to further develop maritime transportation along with railway transportation to meet the requirements of the developing reality.

The great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, taught in his new year message: "We should designate this year as the year for developing the transportation front. The transportation front, while giving priority to railway transportation, should develop vehicle and maritime transportation evenly."

In our country, which has many rivers and is surrounded by seas on three sides, developing maritime transportation is very significant in carrying out the transportation revolution and developing the country's economy. By vigorously developing maritime transportation we can alleviate the burden on the railway transportation sector, more smoothly meet the daily increasing requirements of the people's economy for transportation, strengthen cooperation among units of the vehicle transportation sector and comprehensively develop the country's overall transportation.

The greatest potential for developing overall transportation today lies in extensively developing maritime transportation. If we exploit the rivers flowing throughout the country and other natural water throughfares for transportation purposes, we can transport a large quantity of cargo with less effort and expense and drastically increase our transportation capacity in a short span of time with less investment. In our country--in which major

state plants, enterprises, cities and grain areas are situated along the west and east coastal regions and along major rivers--developing maritime transportation is particularly important in alleviating the strain on transportation and in vigorously accelerating overall socialist construction.

By transporting raw materials, fuel and equipment on time through marking an upsurge in maritime transportation, we can operate existing plants and enterprises at full capacity and construct more new plants. Marking a new upsurge in maritime transportation along with railway and vehicle transportation is an important factor guaranteeing the consolidation of victories attained in implementing the 6-year plan, the successful implementation of this year's plan and the successful occupation of new heights.

The most important task in developing maritime transportation to a higher stage to meet the requirements of the developing reality is to improve technical management of available ships and maritime transportation equipment, so that we can utilize them to the maximum. Properly preserving and taking good care of ships--the country's valuable assets--so as to increase their utilization is the maritime transportation workers' major duty and a basic factor guaranteeing the prolongation of the life of ships and an increase in transportation capabilities. All party members and workers of the maritime-transportation sector should familiarize themselves with all mechanical equipment and instruments installed on ships by improving their technical level and skills to cope with the reality that ships have been continuously modernized and built large. They should also strictly observe, in an orderly manner, such regulations on maritime equipment as standardized operations and safety regulations and inspect and maintain ships in accordance with the requirements of technical regulations.

To utilize ships effectively, we should correctly repair ships and constantly and properly repair all marine equipment and instruments. By properly repairing ships, we can use more ships in transporting cargo, increase the ships' loading and hauling capacities to the maximum and smoothly meet the increasing demands for transportation by constantly utilizing ports.

All functionaries and working people in the ship-repair sector, upholding the great leader's instructions on the thorough establishment of the ship-repair-15-day system, must adopt reasonable ship-repair methods, including rapid repair work upon the arrival of ships at ports by thoroughly preparing for reserve spare parts and engines beforehand. Thus they must minimize ship-repair time and decisively enhance the quality of repair work.

Today when the demands for cargo transportation are increasing due to the rapid development and expansion of the people's economy, the building of new, modern ships in greater numbers is one of the most important tasks arising in resolving the transportation problem and in developing transportation to higher stage.

The great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, taught us in his new year address this year: "We must greatly enhance truck- and ship-building transportation

capacities by building large-type cargo trucks of 10 and 25 tons and large ships of 10,000 tons or more."

Party members and working people in the shipbuilding-industry and maritime-transportation sectors must further modernize ship designs to meet the developing reality, further improve the quality of machines and facilities--including diesel engines--and must build much more of various types of modern ships--including cargo ships of 10,000 tons or more--by increasing the mechanization level of [word indistinct] work. All functionaries and working people in the shipbuilding-industry sector must also strengthen the material and technical foundation of shipyards, positively adopt advanced technical processes and decisively enhance the speed and quality of shipbuilding so that they can build various types of modern ships faster and in greater quantities.

Positively developing the many rivers in our country to effectively utilize them for maritime transportation has very important significance in expanding transportation nets and guaranteeing the transportation requirements of our country. The inland areas of our country must positively mobilize their own potential and use, on a large scale, various types of small ships, including rafts, which are suited to the characteristics of rivers in our country, so that local demands for maritime transportation can be met with local resources.

Today, to develop maritime transportation more vigorously, harbors and ports must also be properly maintained and strengthened to decisively enhance their capacities. All functionaries and working people in this sector, by more properly readjusting and strengthening various types of loading and unloading facilities--including port cranes, forklifts and [?wenches]--must positively mechanize the loading and unloading of ships and trucks, cargo transportation conducted in the port yards and work on piers and in warehouses of the ports, so that they constantly increase the [word indistinct] transportation capacity.

The weighty tasks assigned to the maritime-transportation sector today demand that party organizations and guidance functionaries in this sector carry out their organizational and political work more aggressively. All party functionaries and three-revolutions team members in the maritime transportation sector, by more deeply permeating among the maritime-transportation workers to explain the combined transportation policy illuminated by the great leader and by organizing and mobilizing the masses for its implementation vigorously, must see to it that all maritime-transportation workers devote themselves to carrying out the transportation revolution with higher revolutionary zeal and in a manner worthy of masters. Also, all guidance functionaries must minutely plan and organize transportation work with a detailed and scientific plan so as to improve the transportation work and must carry out, without fail, all transportation tasks which arise, by providing thorough technical guidance and support. Particularly, all control personnel of the maritime-transportation sector must thoroughly establish the truck-control system

and further strengthen detailed planning so as to meet the increasing transportation demands smoothly.

The present reality, in which magnificent tasks have been assigned to the maritime-transportation sector, demands that all party members and working people in this sector carry out their tasks more vigorously, in a manner worthy of masters and in a responsible way.

The success of the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle depends upon how the transportation workers themselves are mobilized. All party members and working people in the maritime-transportation sector must carry out their assigned tasks in the 200-day-transportation-revolution battle excellently by demonstrating the revolutionary spirit of unconditionally carrying out the great leader's instructions and the party's policies.

CSO: 4208

DPRK RADIO REPORTS MEASURES TO PREVENT RAIN DAMAGE

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0200 GMT 13 Jul 77 SK

[Text] Farms across the nation are vigorously waging a struggle to turn all paddies and upland fields into golden, glittering grain field. They are accelerating projects to control flood and storm while fertilizing and weeding the grain fields.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows: "We should take drastic measures to protect agricultural production from floods and storms."

Recently the great leader taught how to effectively control floods and storms in parallel with the pending task of caring for paddies and nonpaddies. Agricultural functionaries and members of three-revolutions teams across the nation are delivering to agricultural workers the great leader's teachings on guarding against floods and storms during the rainy season and are strongly encouraging them in the struggle against floods and storms.

Under the wise direction of the great leader, agricultural workers throughout the country, who enjoy safe farming thanks to the network of irrigation systems and perfect drainage systems capable of controlling the worst floods, are now concentrating efforts on prompt repair of irrigation and flood control facilities in order to use them effectively this year. Farms in South Hwanghae Province, engaged in the struggle for reaping bumper harvests from all paddies and nonpaddies, are waging a mass movement to repair dikes along rivers and streams, drainage systems, reservoirs and breakwaters. Co-operative farms in Chaeryong, Sinchon and Yonan counties, which have already finished repairing drainage systems with the help of county irrigation bureaus, are using dedicated farm workers as water pump operators, helping them to operate water pumps without hindrance under all circumstances.

Farms in South Pyongan Province are also struggling to gain the 8.5 million-ton grain goal. Taking care of paddies and nonpaddies as if they were flower beds, the province's farmers have already finished repairing and testing water pump stations for drainage systems in accordance with militant schedules and are now vigorously pushing riverine and breakwater repair work.

Agricultural workers in North Hwanghae Province are embanking the lower reaches of the Chaeryong and Yesong rivers higher and harder while taking drastic measures to repair existing large reservoirs and harden those under construction.

Farms in South Hamgyong and Kangwon provinces along the east coast are accelerating breakwater repair work. Agricultural workers in Tongchon County have completed the 900-meter-long Hagwangpo breakwater project. In a short period of time by committing trucks and tractors, it is capable of protecting over 100 chongbo of fields.

Meanwhile, farms across the nation are taking extensive and thorough measures against flood and storm, by clearing drainage in all the upland fields vulnerable to inundation, and are staking corn to prevent lodging.

CSO: 4208

PRESS AGENCY REPORTS HIGH TEXTILES PRODUCTION

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1554 GMT 20 Jul 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang 20 Jul (KCNA)--The Pyongyang Textile Mills, one of the biggest textile production centres in the country, is now keeping the production of fabrics on a high level both in speed and quality.

In order to carry out the yearly plan, labour heroines--Chon Ok-hwa, Kim Chong-sun, Kim Sun-hui, Ho Kum-son, Kim Pong-nae and Kim Pok-sil--and many labour innovators are standing in the van of the vigorous multispindle and multi-machine tending movement.

Many labour innovators of the combined weaving shop, each tending several more machines than on previous days, are overfulfilling their daily assignments by far, and many workteams are carrying out their daily quotas at more than 200 percent and workshop no 4 at 180 percent.

The mills fulfilled its first 1/2-year plan on all indices ahead of the set time.

The combined chemical-fabrics shop, the combined dyeing shop and all other workshops of the mills turned out in 1-1/2 months fabrics tantamount to 3 month's assignments.

As a result, the textile output rose by far in the second quarter of the year, as against the first quarter.

In the course of fulfilling the first 1/2-year plan the mills introduced many technical-innovation proposals into production, thereby markedly increasing productivity and further solidifying its material and technical foundations.

The Pyongyang Textile Mills has now developed into a reliable, large textile base, equipped with complete, modern, combined installations of various spinning, weaving, bleaching and dyeing facilities.

It produces cotton fabrics, vinalon mixed textiles and chemical fabrics, such high-quality silk textiles as foulard and damask silk and textiles for industrial use.

It produces in only 4 days as much fabrics as the Japanese imperialist produced in 1 year in the northern half of Korea before liberation.

The mill demonstrates its grandeur as the mother factory, supplying fabrics and yarn to more than 100 clothing, textile and knit-wear factories of the country.

CSO: 4220

BRIEFS

DELEGATION ARRIVALS, DEPARTURES--6 Jul (KCNA)--The delegation of our country headed by Kim Yong-son, vice chairman of the Korean Committee for Solidarity With the World People, returned home on 5 July by plane, after attending the first session of the International Liaison Committee for the Peaceful and Independent Reunification of Korea held in Algeria. A delegation of the Winter Bank of Austria, headed by its president, Simon Moskovics, arrived here yesterday by plane. The delegation of "KOMMUNIST"--the politico-theoretical magazine of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union--the NHK reporters team, the calisthenic team of the "Trudovie Rezervy" Sports Society of the Soviet Union and the Polish football team left here yesterday after visiting our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0336 GMT 6 Jul 77 SK]

KOREANS FROM JAPAN--Pyongyang 11 Jul (KCNA)--The delegation of branch workers of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Nam Yong-chun, vice director of "Choson Sinbo," and the 32d home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan headed by Kim Tae-ryong, vice chairman of the Akita prefectural headquarters of Chongnyon, left Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, by special train on 9 July, after visiting the socialist homeland under the deep care of the great leader, Marshal Kim Il-song. The delegation and group were seen off at the Pyongyang railway station by a large number of working people in the city and personages concerned. They left Chonguin port on board "Mangyongbong" on 10 July. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 11 Jul 77 SK]

MONGOLIAN PEOPLES REVOLUTION ANNIVERSARY--Pyongyang, 11 Jul--A meeting was held Sunday evening at the Korea-Mongolia Friendship Chongpang Cooperative Farm on the occasion of the 56th anniversary of the people's revolution in Mongolia. Invited there were Ambassador Badamtaryn Baldoo and staffers of the Mongolian Embassy in Pyongyang and the members of the delegation of the Mongolia-Korea Friendship Association, now on a visit to our country. Speeches were made at the meeting. A Mongolian film was screened at the end of the meeting. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1020 GMT 11 Jul 77 OW]

GYMNASTS IN MADAGASCAR--Pyongyang, 9 Jul--Didier Ratsiraka, president of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, on 28 June met Korean mass gymnastic display experts. According to a report, present on the occasion was Sq

Chin-yong, DPRK ambassador to Madagascar. On the occasion, the president spoke of the successes made by the Korean mass gymnastic display experts sent by the great leader, President Kim Il-song, and expressed satisfaction with the ever more excellent development of friendly and cooperative relations between Korea and Madagascar. The president of Madagascar asked them to convey his heartfelt thanks and friendly feelings and those of the Malagasy people to respected President Kim Il-song. The talks proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0336 GMT 9 Jul 77 SK]

DEMOCRATIC YEMEN ASSOCIATION--Pyongyang, 9 Jul--The Association for Yemen-Korea Friendship and Support to Korea's Reunification was inaugurated in the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen on the occasion of the month of the anti-U.S. joint struggle, according to a report. 'Abdal Fattah Ismail, secretary general of the Central Committee of the United National Front Political Organization of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen and chairman of the Standing Committee of the Yemeni Council of Peace and Solidarity, on 29 June made public a decision on the formation of the Association for Yemen-Korea Friendship and Support to Korea's Reunification as an organization for expressing support to and solidarity with the struggle of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. According to the decision, Nazi Braik, member of the Central Committee of the United National Front Political Organization, was elected chairman of the Association for Yemen-Korea Friendship and Support to Korea's Reunification, Ahmad 'Ali Said, alternate member of the Central Committee of the United National Front Political Organization, [was elected] vice-chairman of the association and Saif Badr Abdallah secretary general of the association. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 9 Jul 77 SK]

BULGARIAN PRESS CONFERENCE--The Bulgarian Journalists Union held a press conference on 28 June on the occasion of anti-U.S. struggle month. Present at the press conference were the first vice chairman of the union, mass media reporters and personages concerned. The DPRK ambassador to Bulgaria and his staff members were also invited there. At the press conference, the first vice chairman of the union expressed strong support for the Korean People's struggle against imperialism and for the withdrawal of the U.S. forces from south Korea and the peaceful reunification of the country. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0500 GMT 4 Jul 77 SK]

PHOSPHATE FERTILIZER--Workers of the Chongsu Chemical Plant have overfulfilled the goal for the production of phosphate fertilizer for this fertilizer year. The party organization of the plant, in cooperation with the three revolution teams, has carried out an economic agitation movement to supply more fertilizer to the agricultural front. Under the party organization's guidance, the staff headquarters of the plant has established cooperation among production, technical-guidance and material-supply workers so as to

help workers to fulfill their daily and monthly goals. Thus, the workers have increased production of phosphate fertilizer by 15,000 tons, as compared with the fertilizing season of the previous year. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 13 Jul 77 SK]

AOJI CHEMICAL PLANT--The Chollima Aoji Chemical Plant is scoring great innovations in chemical fertilizer production. Party members and machine operators of the plant's Chollima Oxygen Shop thoroughly check and maintain all machines and equipment to insure their full operation, raising oxygen purity by 3 percent. The Chollima Caustic Soda Shop and the Chollima Youth Composition Shop of the plant are scoring upsurges in caustic soda production. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 1100 GMT 11 Jul 77 SK]

MINE REPAIR WORK--Mines in South Hwanghae Province are preparing for the impending monsoon season. Miners of the iron mines in the west region, including the Unyul, Chaeryong and Chaetan mines, are repairing roads, open pits and other mining facilities to place production on the right track in the monsoon season. Miners of the Unyul mine, while accelerating the repair of ore-transport equipment, have furnished mining sites with water pumps, transformers and motors for drainage against heavy rainfall. Miners of the Chaeryong and Chaetan mines have repaired open-pit-mining terraces, roads and ditches and installed water pumps at mining sites. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 1300 GMT 12 Jul 77 SK]

ORE MINE--Miners of Iwon mine overfulfilled their daily goal by 30 percent in July. Upholding the leader's instruction to give priority to the extractive industry over the processing industry, they have increased ore production by properly maintaining equipment and by acquiring reserve mining sites adequately. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0600 GMT 12 Jul 77 SK]

PUKCHANG POWER PLANT--Pukchang Thermal Power Plant's power output during the past 6 months was 500 million kw more than that produced during the same period last year. The plant has set up a battle goal of producing 600 million kw more during the second half of this year. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 14 Jul 77 SK]

MINING MACHINERY PLANT--Charyongwan Mining Machinery Plant has marked new gains in the production of mining equipment, upholding the great leader's instructions on giving priority to the extractive industry over the processing industry. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0800 GMT 15 Jul 77 SK]

CONCENTRATED FREIGHT STATION--A modern concentrated freight station is being constructed at Sopo amidst the flames of the 200-day-transportation-revolution struggle. This freight station is very large, and all work processes of handling cargo, including loading and unloading, will be mechanized at this station. The station will be furnished with warehouses for storage of cement and coal and with loading and unloading sites for lumber and containers. Workers of the Pyongyang Railway Construction Unit participating in the construction of the freight station have waged a speed battle and

marked technical innovations in erecting required facilities and extending tracks by actively adopting advanced methods. They have also manufactured cranes in a short span of time for use in handling cement. Volunteers from many agencies and enterprises in Pyongyang have rendered labor assistance in carrying several hundred tons of rock, sand and gravel and in constructing a freight yard and various loading sites. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0600 GMT 21 Jul 77 SK]

CHEMICAL FERTILIZER PRODUCTION--Chemical fertilizer plants across the country have increased production of nitrogenous fertilizer by 109 percent and phosphate fertilizer by 154 percent in July, as compared with the same period of June. The Hungnam fertilizer complex in July increased production of nitrogenous fertilizer by 118 percent, as compared with the same period of June. The Youth Chemical Complex and 8 February Vinalon Complex are accelerating chemical fertilizer production. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 15 Jul 77 SK]

PHOSPHATE FERTILIZER PRODUCTION--The phosphate fertilizer production workers of the mining industry committee have been setting records in phosphate fertilizer production, while Munpyong Refinery has fulfilled its phosphate fertilizer production quota for the fertilizing year. The Munpyong Refinery brilliantly fulfilled its yearly production quota as of 18 July. Nampo Smeltery has also marked an upsurge in phosphate fertilizer production. In order to increase phosphate fertilizer production, apatite mines across the nation are making an all-out effort to increase daily production of concentrated apatite in July by 57 percent over the average daily production of the 1st half of this year. Chungsan Mine fulfilled its yearly concentrated apatite production quota as of 15 July. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 20 Jul 77 SK]

HUNGNAM FERTILIZER PRODUCTION--The Hungnam Fertilizer Complex is producing some 500 tons more chemical fertilizer daily than the average daily production of the first part of this month, by waging a struggle to attain the height of the fertilizing year. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 19 Jul 77 SK]

YUGOSLAV ON VACATION--(Muniru Michfovitch), member of the Executive Board of the Standing Committee of the Yugoslav Communist League Central Committee, arrived in Pyongyang on 3 July on vacation, together with his family. Comrade Kim Yong-nam and Varoziski Tode, the socialist federal ambassador of Republic of Yugoslavia to our country, and his wife greeted them at the airport. Lovely children presented wreathes to the guests. [Text] [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0500 GMT 16 Jul 77 SK]

SOLIDARITY MEETING in Havana--On the occasion of the anti-U.S. joint struggle month, Chollima Shipyard in Havana, Cuba, on 30 June held a meeting of solidarity with the Korean people. The meeting was attended by members of the Executive Committee of the Federation of Maritime Workers Unions of Cuba (Carlos Sivelte), the vice chairmen and members of the Cuba committee for supporting Korean reunification, personages concerned and workers of the shipyard. Also invited to the meeting were members of the delegation of the Korean Committee for Solidarity With the World Peoples, headed by Chang Seuk, now visiting Cuba, and the military attache of the DPRK Embassy in Havana. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 1300 GMT 11 Jul 77 SK]