



MONARCH: A Morphable Networked micro-ARCHitecture

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Report Documentation Page

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Outline



- ◆ MONARCH Team, Goals & Approach
- ◆ DIVA (Data Intensive Architecture) Leverage: The Chip
- ◆ Raytheon HPPS (High Performance Processor System)
- ◆ MONARCH Architecture & Applications
- ◆ Summary & Conclusions





The Team



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GOALS



- ◆ ***To support multiple classes of military missions*** with a single morphable architecture
- ◆ ***To eliminate processing system redundancies*** through rapid dynamic reconfiguration of front-end filtering and data-reduction processing
- ◆ ***To reduce application development costs*** by allowing the hardware to be mapped to the algorithms both statically and dynamically
- ◆ ***To develop an architecture that can quickly and efficiently adapt to changing situations*** - internal (fault tolerance, sensors configurations) and external (threats change, mission phasing, environment)





Key Ideas



Combines fine, medium and coarse grain processing resources on a single chip

Matches hardware to the algorithms and the control flow mechanisms

Configures memory structures for efficient front-end and back-end processing

Provides flexible gigabyte I/O channels for direct interface to sensors and inter-chip communication

Supports all systems processing requirements with a single MONARCH chip type





Approach



- ◆ Leverage DARPA-sponsored DIVA Project results, Raytheon IRAD-sponsored HPPS and Mercury Stream Co-processing Engine
- ◆ Use DoD missions to drive micro-architecture and morphing concepts and implementation
- ◆ Determine the “sweet spot” for mixing large, small- to-medium and fine-grained elements
- ◆ Through experiments and simulations demonstrate a “single chip” VLSI processing architecture based on DIVA and HPPS



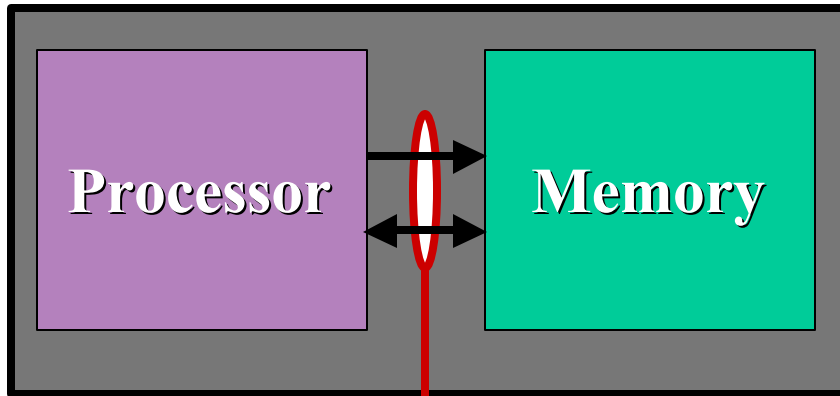


DIVA Leverage: The Chip

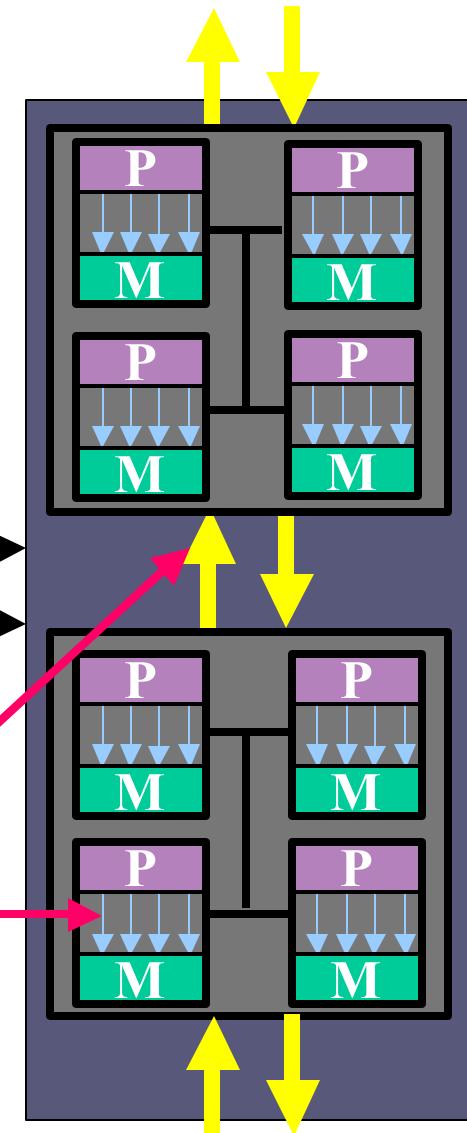




Exploiting The Bandwidth in a System



A
Solution



DIVA Solutions:

- Move concurrent processing on-chip
- More bandwidth and less latency on chip
- Added bandwidth between memories
- Lower latencies throughout system



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DIVA Software/Hardware



**Tools &
Applications**

<u>Host Runtime Layer</u> Synchronization, Flushing, Thread Management, Host Parcels	<u>Application</u>
--	--------------------

**PIM
Applications**

Compiler
Data Placement, Parallelism,
Host-PIM Mapping,
Parcels, Coherence

PIM Backend Compiler
Code generation for scalar
and WideWord

**System
Management**

OS (Linux)
Page Placement,
Paging for Host & PIMs,
Scheduling, PIM Initialization

PIM Runtime Kernel
Parcel Management,
Address Translation Faults,
PIM Context Switches,
Synchronization

**Runtime
Coordination**

**Physical
Hardware**

Host
System

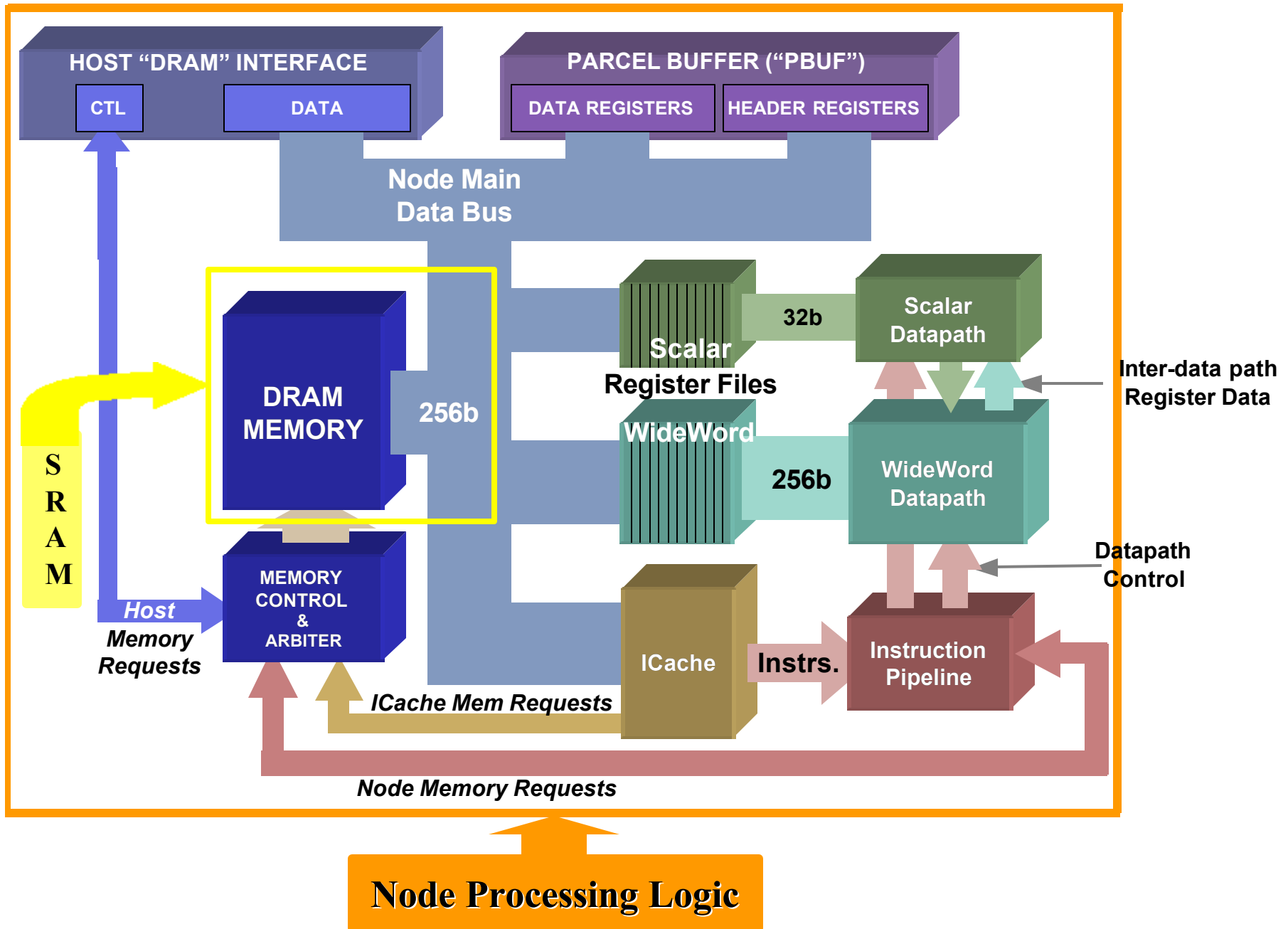
Memory
Controller

PIM VLSI Devices
Processor, Memory Array

**Physical
Hardware**

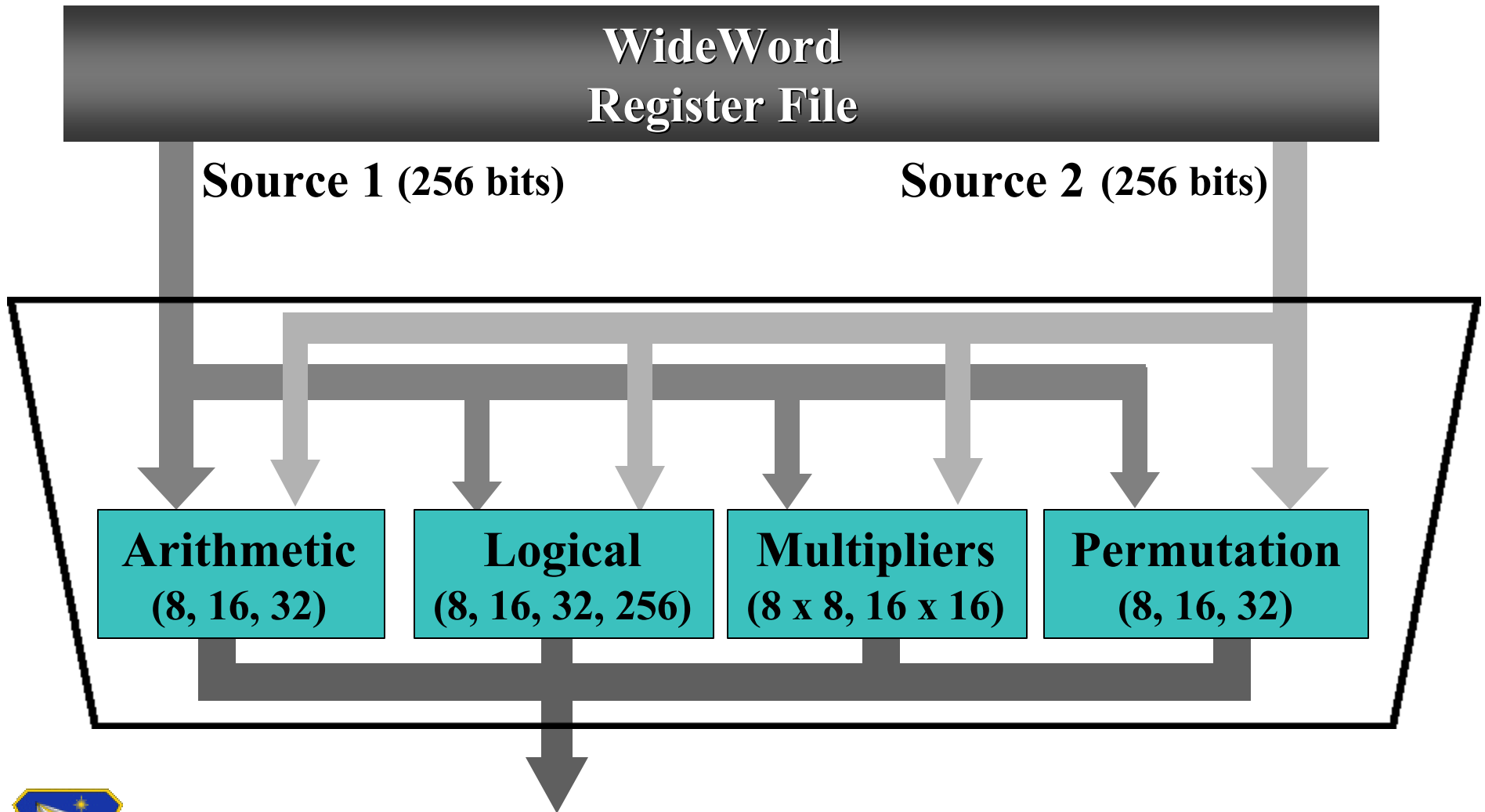


DIVA Node Architecture





WideWord ALU Data Flow

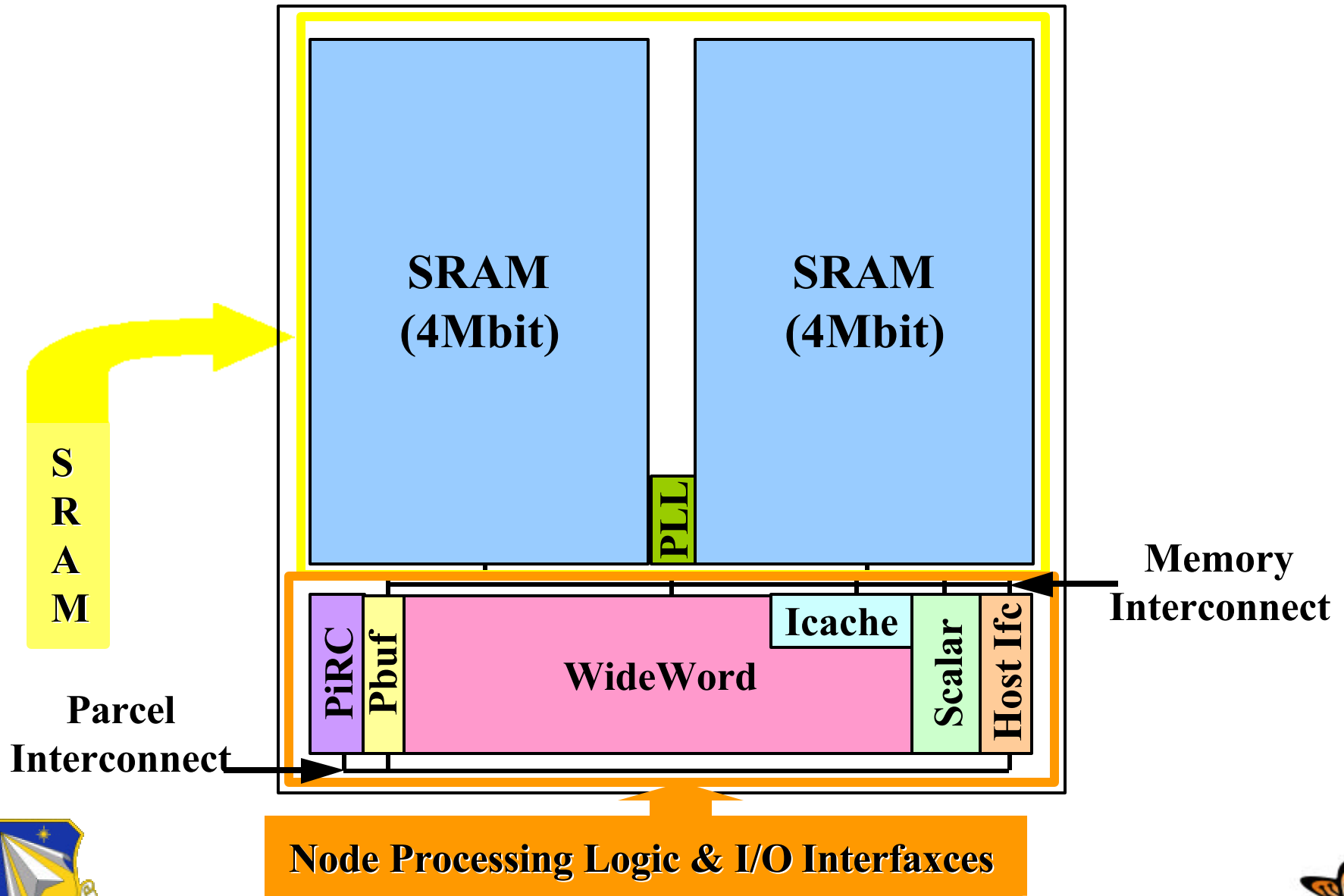


KISS: More compromises in architecture to enable early prototype



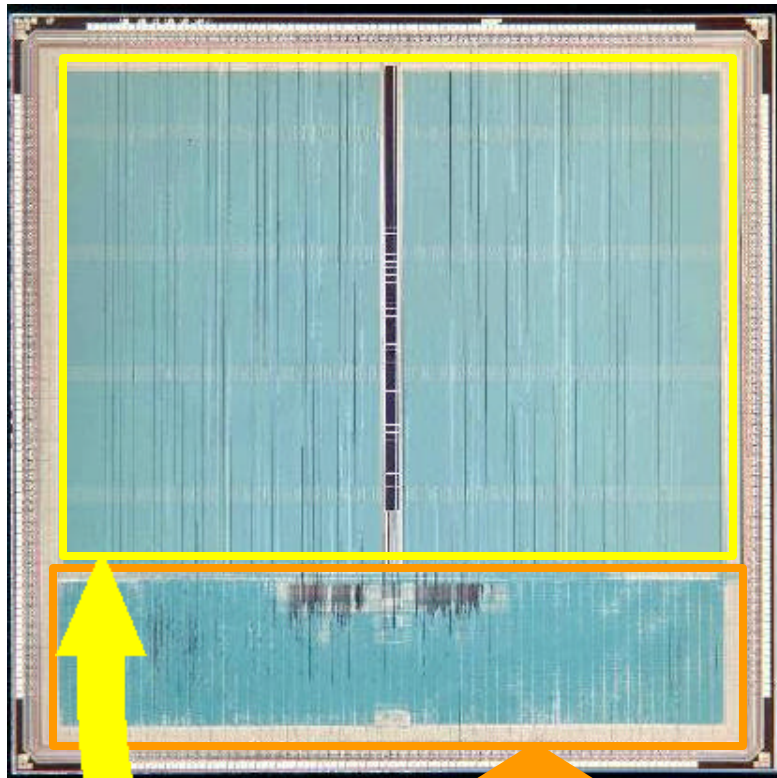


DIVA PIM Chip Floorplan





DIVA PIM Chip



SRAM

Node Processing Logic

- ◆ **Current lab measurements**
 - 640 MOPs (peak, 32-bit ops)
 - 0.8 Watts at 80MHz on cornerturn core loop
- ◆ **Purpose**
 - Demonstrate bandwidth advantages of PIM technology
- ◆ **Key architectural components**
 - High memory bandwidth
 - 256-bit WideWord processing
 - PIM routing component
- ◆ **Chip statistics**
 - 9.8mm X 9.8mm in TSMC 0.18mm
 - ~200K logic cells plus 8Mbit SRAM
 - 352 pins (241 signal pins)
- ◆ **Projected performance for 2nd prototype**
 - 1.6 GOPs
 - 2.5 Watts at 200MHz





HPPS & FPCA ARCHITECTURES

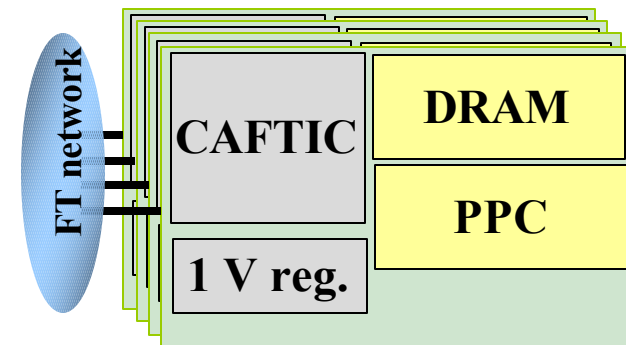
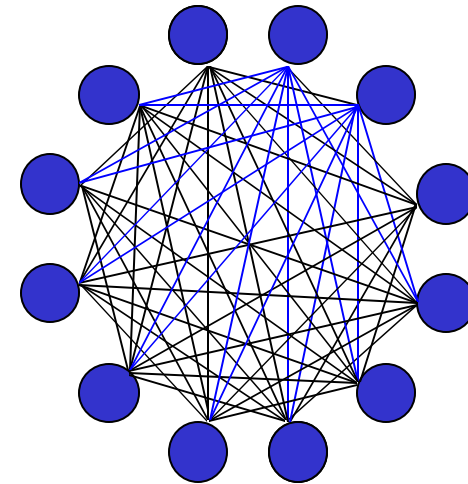




High Performance Processor System

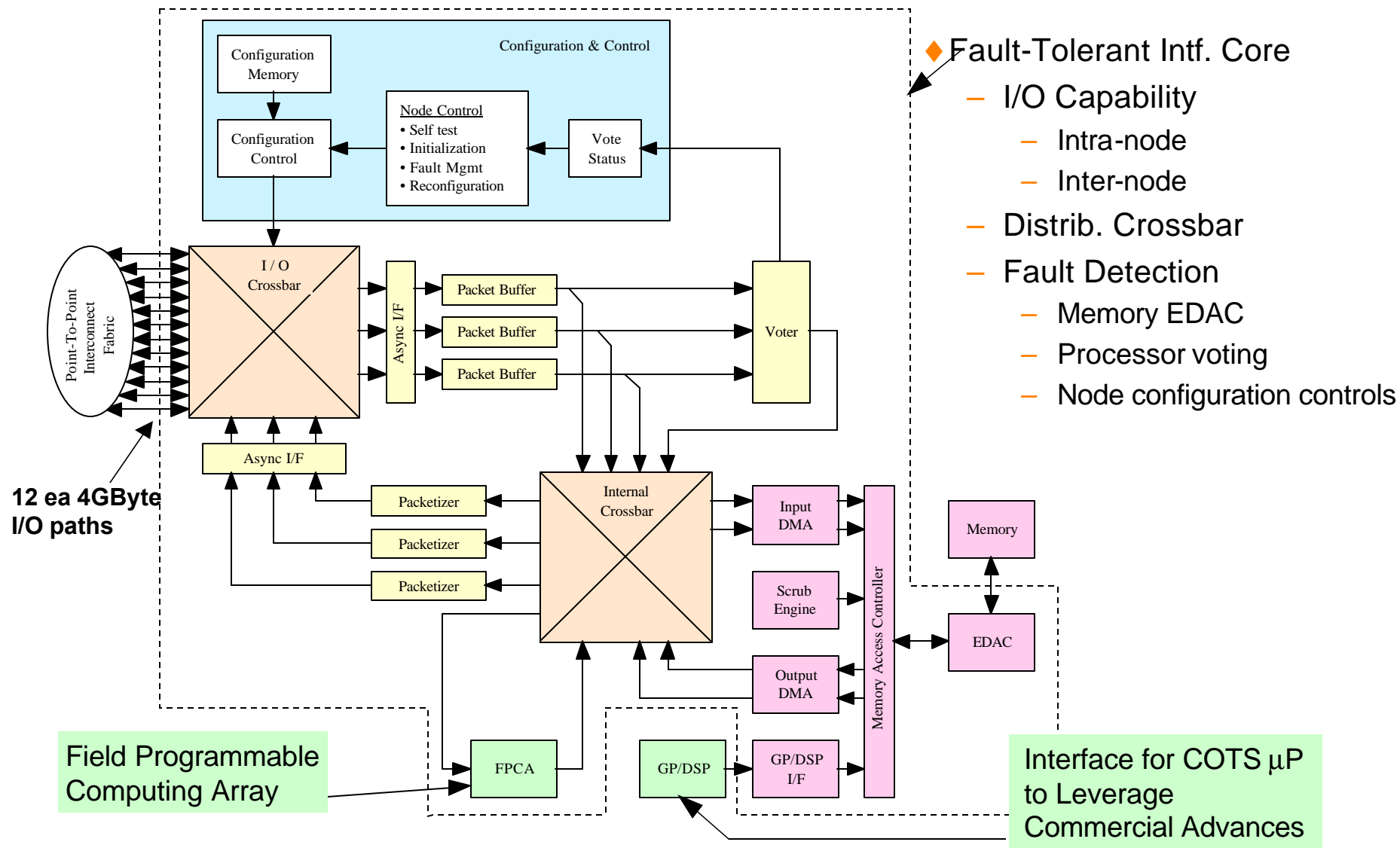


- ◆ Multinode Processor
- ◆ One custom ASIC
- ◆ Innovative voting
- ◆ Inputs for high bandwidth A/D receiver channels or FPCA





HPPS Node Architecture

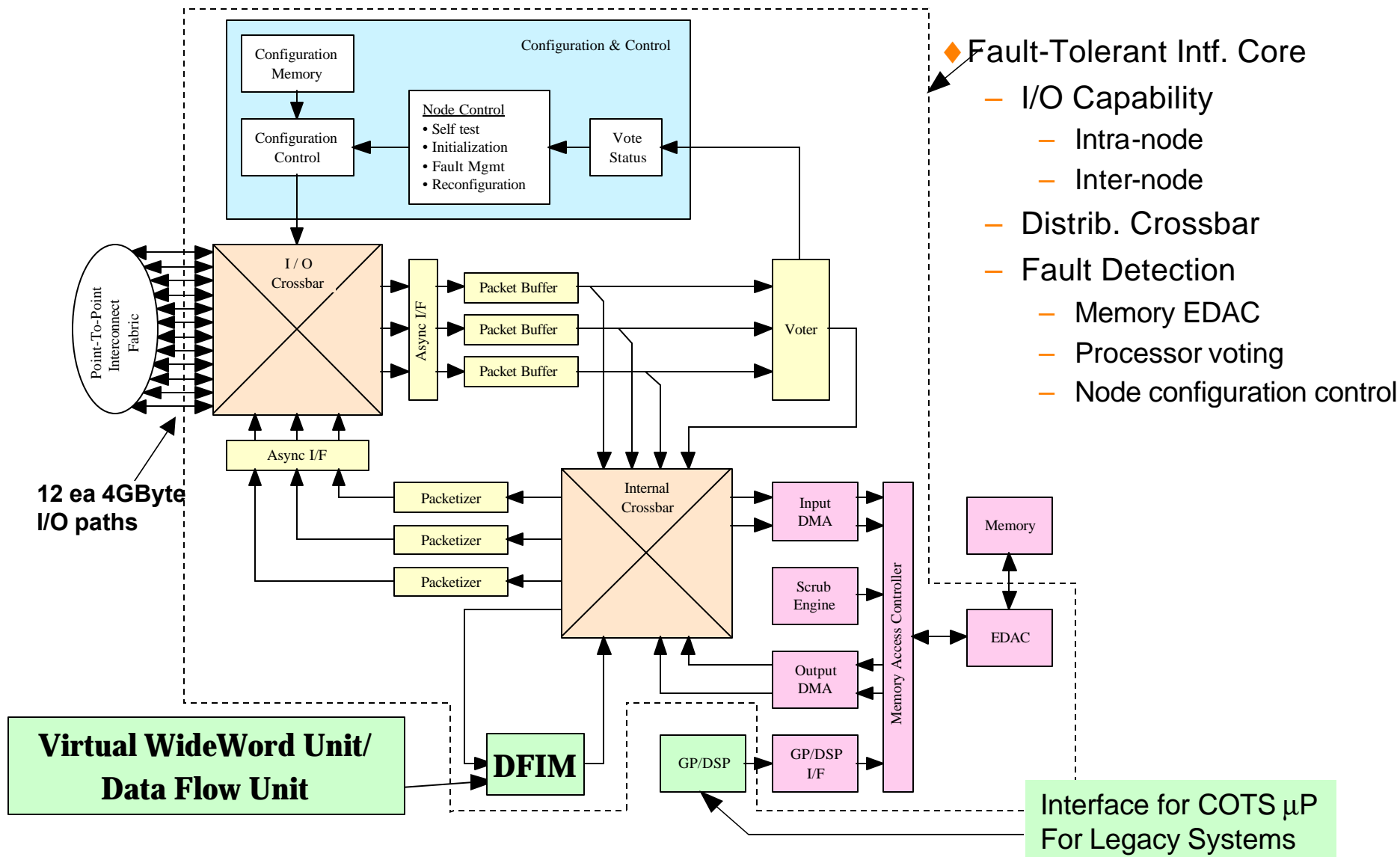




MONARCH: Node Architecture

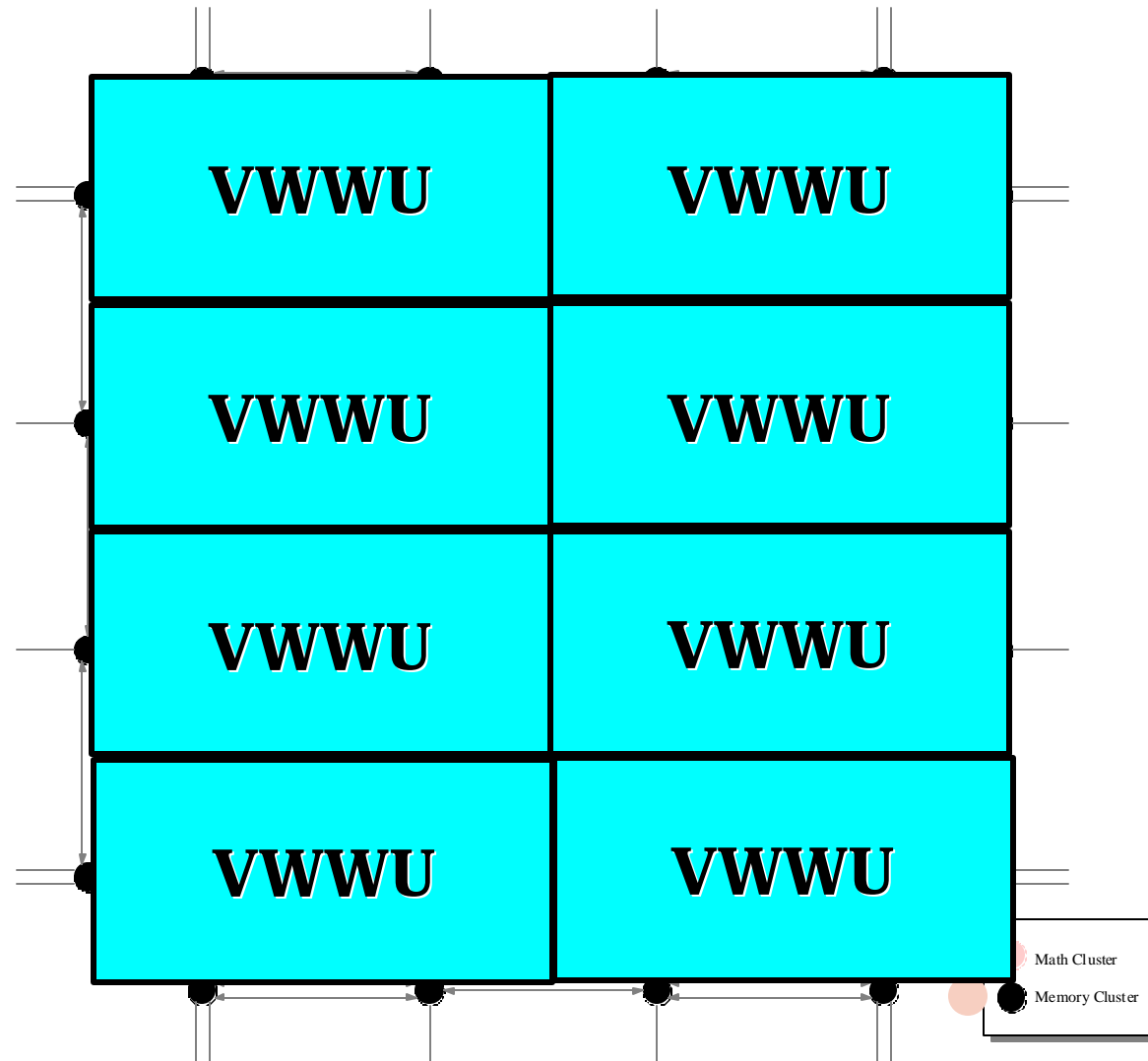


Note: Not to Scale





Virtual WideWord Unit/DFIM





MONARCH ARCHITECTURE

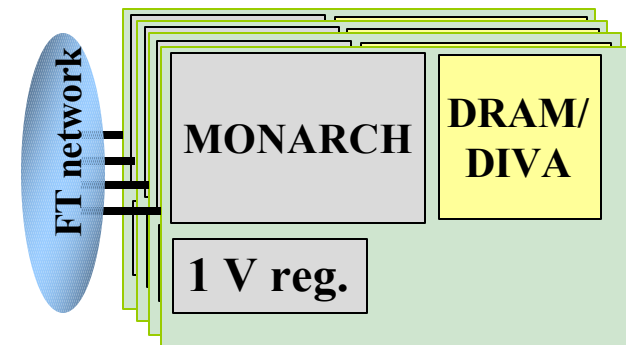
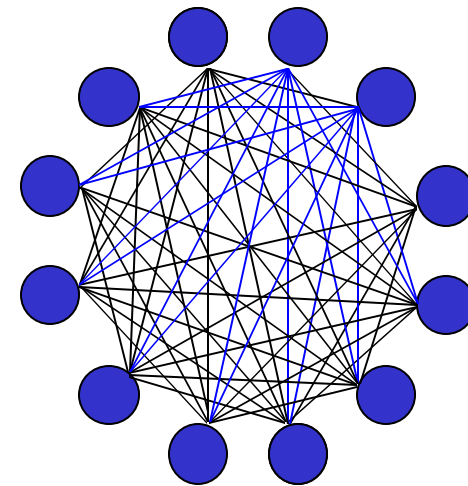




MONARCH Processor System

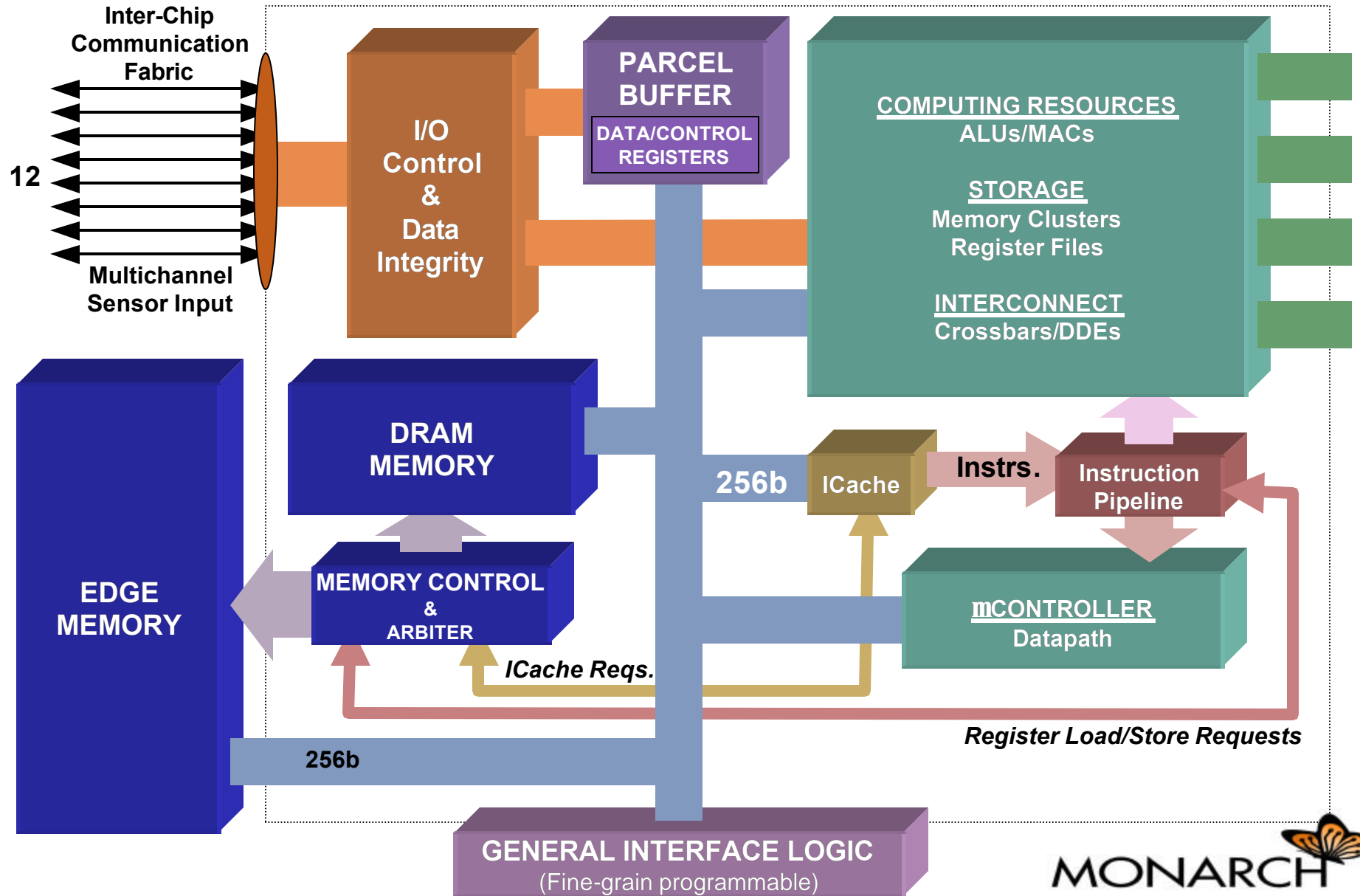


- ◆ Multinode Processor
- ◆ One MONARCH chip
- ◆ Innovative voting
- ◆ Inputs for high bandwidth A/D receiver channels or direct chip-to-chip data transfer



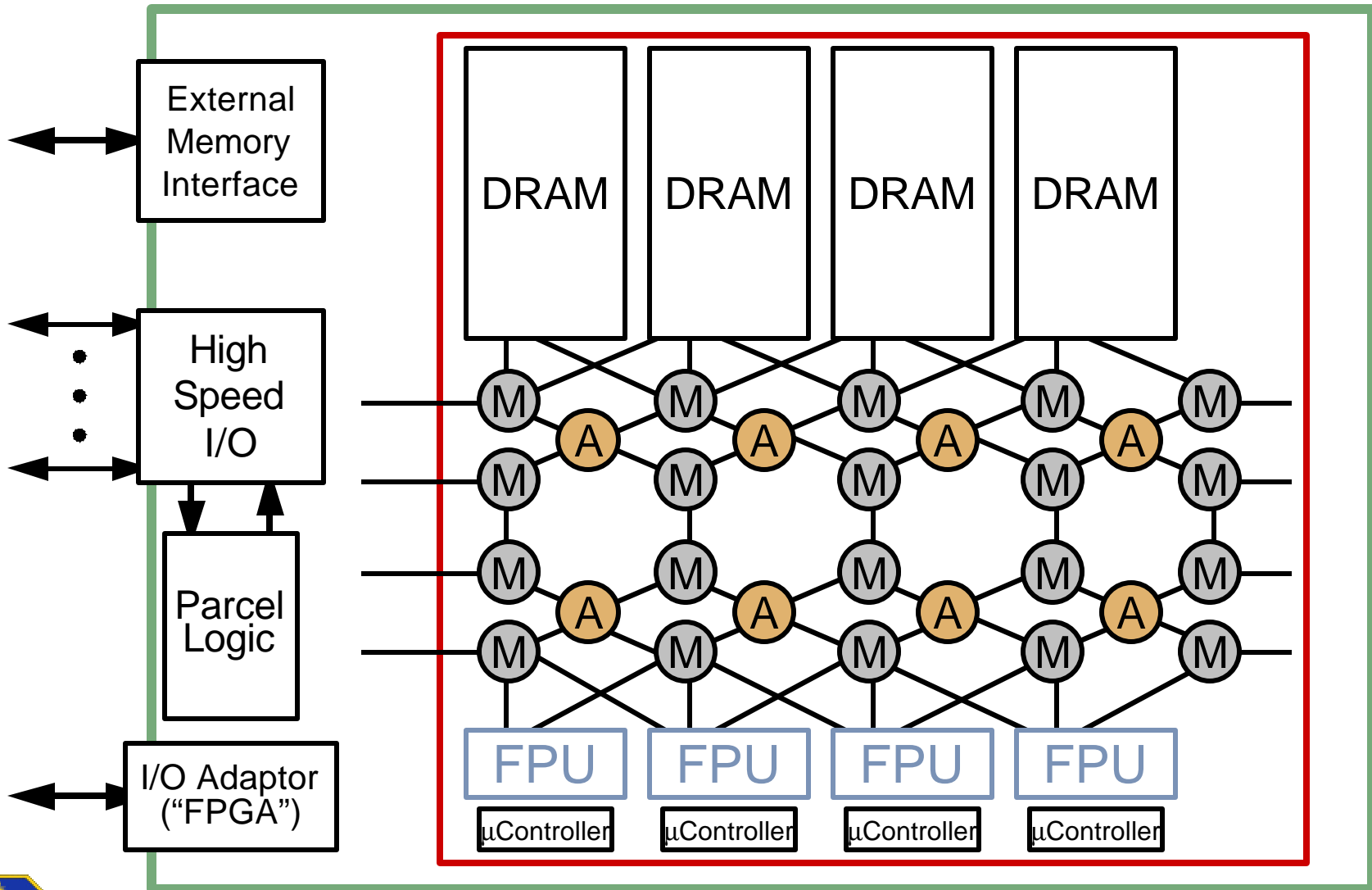


MONARCH Chip Overview



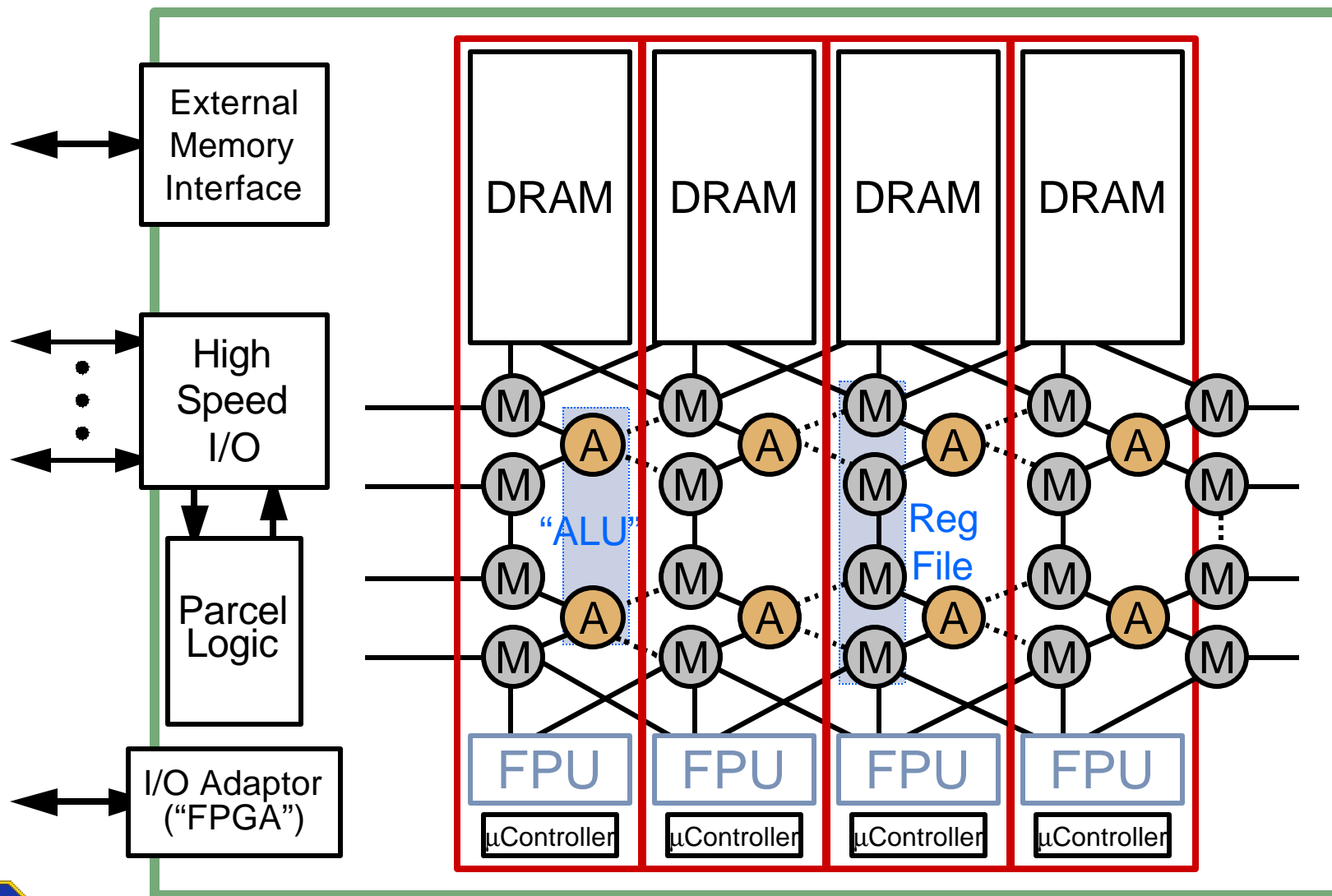


Native "Stream" Mode



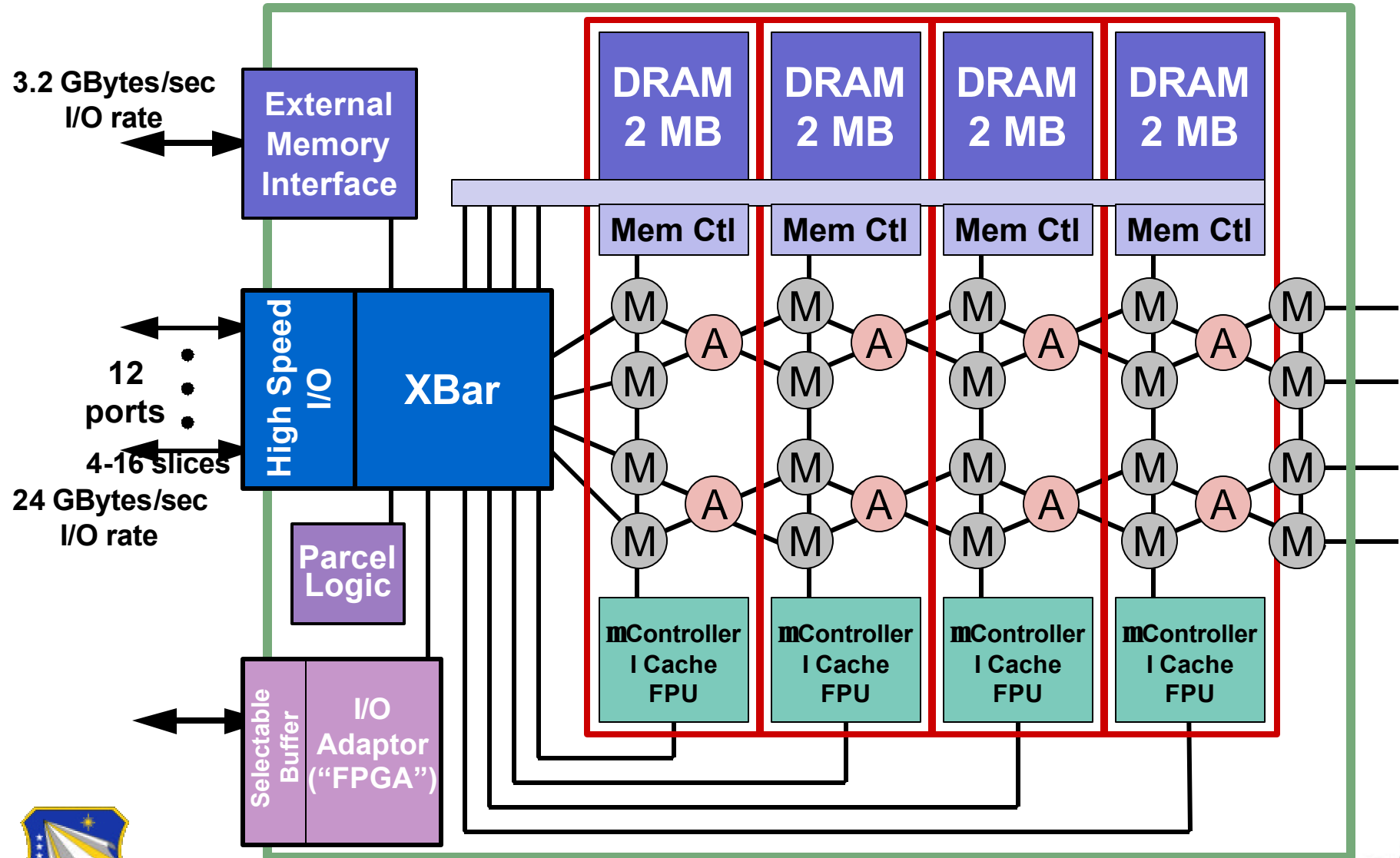


Native Threaded Mode





MONARCH Single Chip Architecture

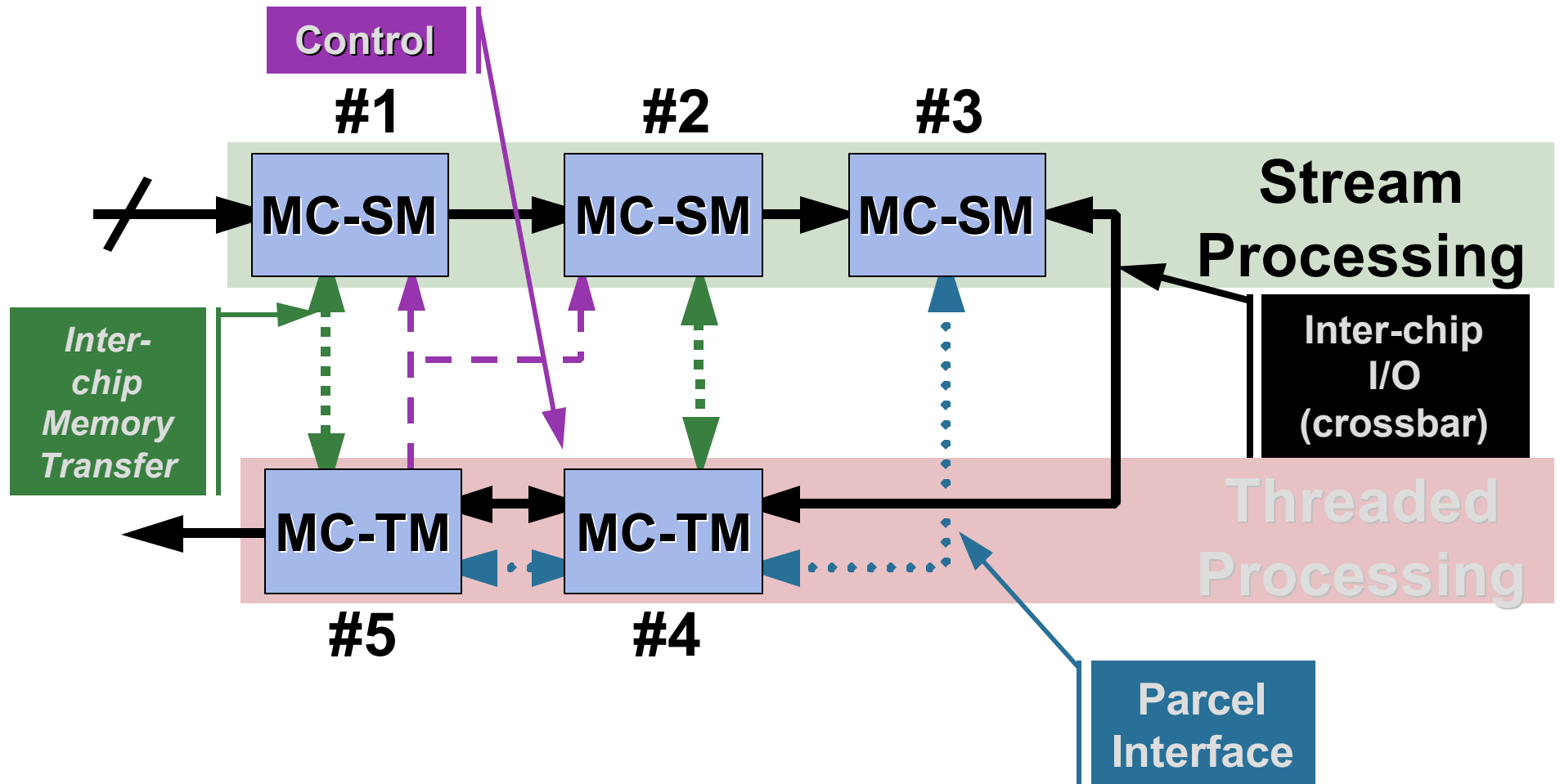


- ◆ 800 MHz Clock
- ◆ 12 GFLOPS
- ◆ 32 MBytes DRAM
- ◆ 256 MALU
- ◆ 512 ops/clock
- ◆ 400 GOPS
- ◆ 320KBytes SRAM
- ◆ 36 Watts





MONARCH Application Processor





MONARCH Architecture Features



- ◆ Dual native mode, high throughput computing
 - Multiple wide word threaded (instruction flow) processors/chip
 - Highly parallel reconfigurable (data flow) processor
- ◆ Large on chip, multiport memories
 - High bandwidth access to memory
 - Extensible with off chip memory
- ◆ High speed, distributed cross bar I/O
 - Integrated with chip processing
 - Scalable I/O bandwidth - multiple topologies
 - Direct connect to high speed I/O devices, e.g., A/D's
- ◆ Rich on chip interconnect
 - Supports on chip topology morphing and fault tolerance
 - Supports multiple computation models (SISD, SIMD, DF, SPMD,...)
- ◆ On chip Morph - Program bus and microcontrollers





Architecture Merger* Features

- Mostly a complementary match and enhancement -



ISSUE	APPROACH	BENEFIT
256 bit wide word processing unit	Each Arithmetic Cluster has 8 32 bit units	1 AC provides same width as WW unit
Instruction Set Mapping	Basic functions same Need to add some insts	Little impact
Large On-chip memory	Similar to Edge Memory Now can have on chip	Performance boost
5 State pipeline, instruction flow decoder	Retain, and mux decoded signals with DF signals	Some hardware growth, but more control modes
Data flow control mode - streaming	Retain - switch mode bit	As above
High speed, multiple channel I/O	Incorporate dist. xbar and use for parcel com	Improved I/O performance
Parcel communications	Retain and map onto other physical protocol	Little impact
On-chip micro controllers	Retain	Performance boost



* Merger of features from DIVA and HPPS processors





Architecture Merger Issues

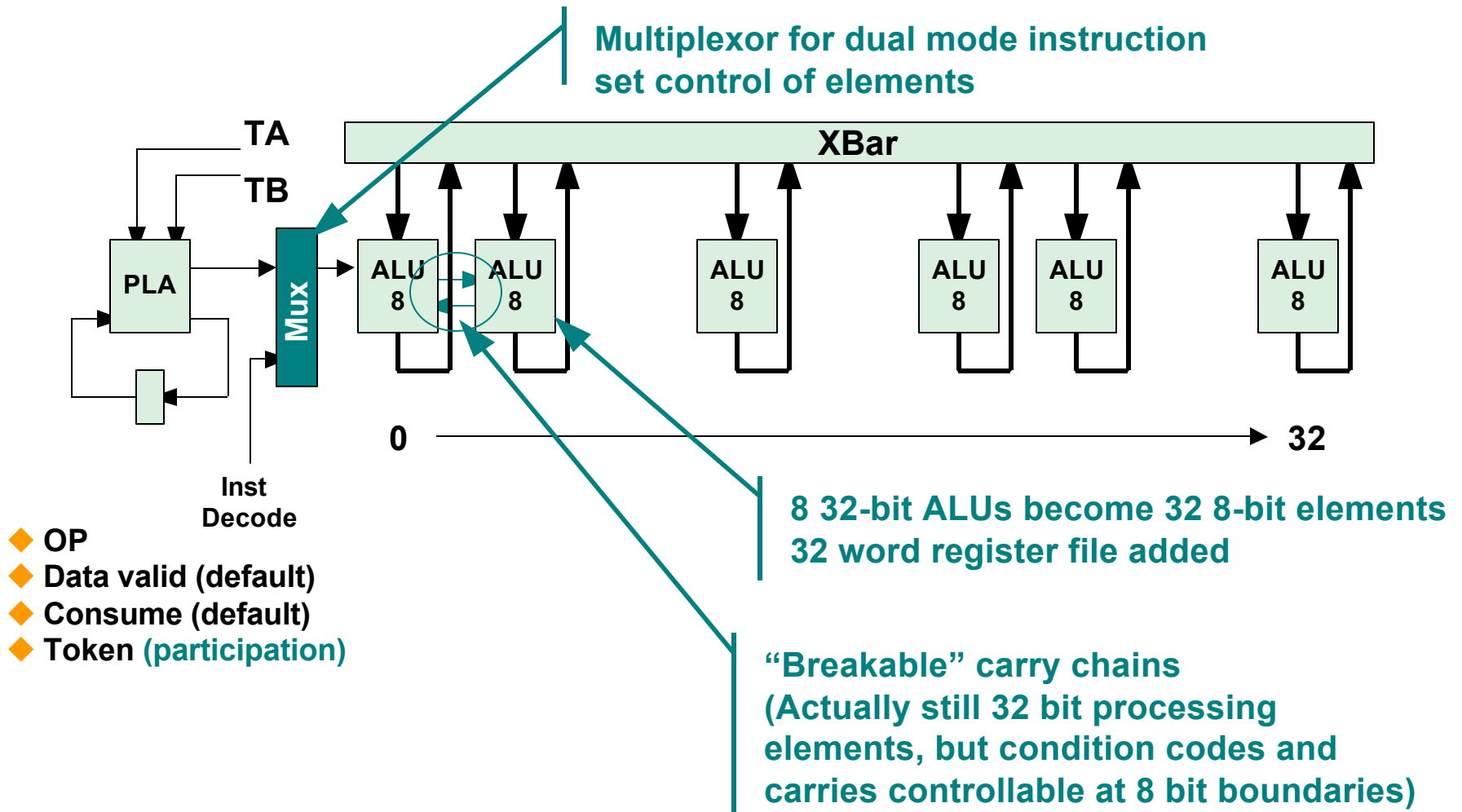


ISSUE	APPROACH	IMPACT
WideWord 8-bit math	Modify array carry-chain logic	Negligible delay
Thread control for array / WideWord	Switch RISC pipeline control into array	TBD
3-port WW register file implementation	Extend array arithmetic clusters	Small area increase
WideWord pipeline length / bypass	TBD / Simulation	Interconnect, Compiler
Minimum I Cache size	Simulation	Area
Data exchange: $W \rightarrow S$ / $S \rightarrow W$	TBD	Area, Interconnect
I/O: Memory map or program?	Memory Map	None
WideWord shifter implementation	TBD (modify array)	Design complexity
Permute implementation	Enhance array x-bars for 8 bit data	Small area increase





FPCA Changes for WideWord





MONARCH Pin Estimate

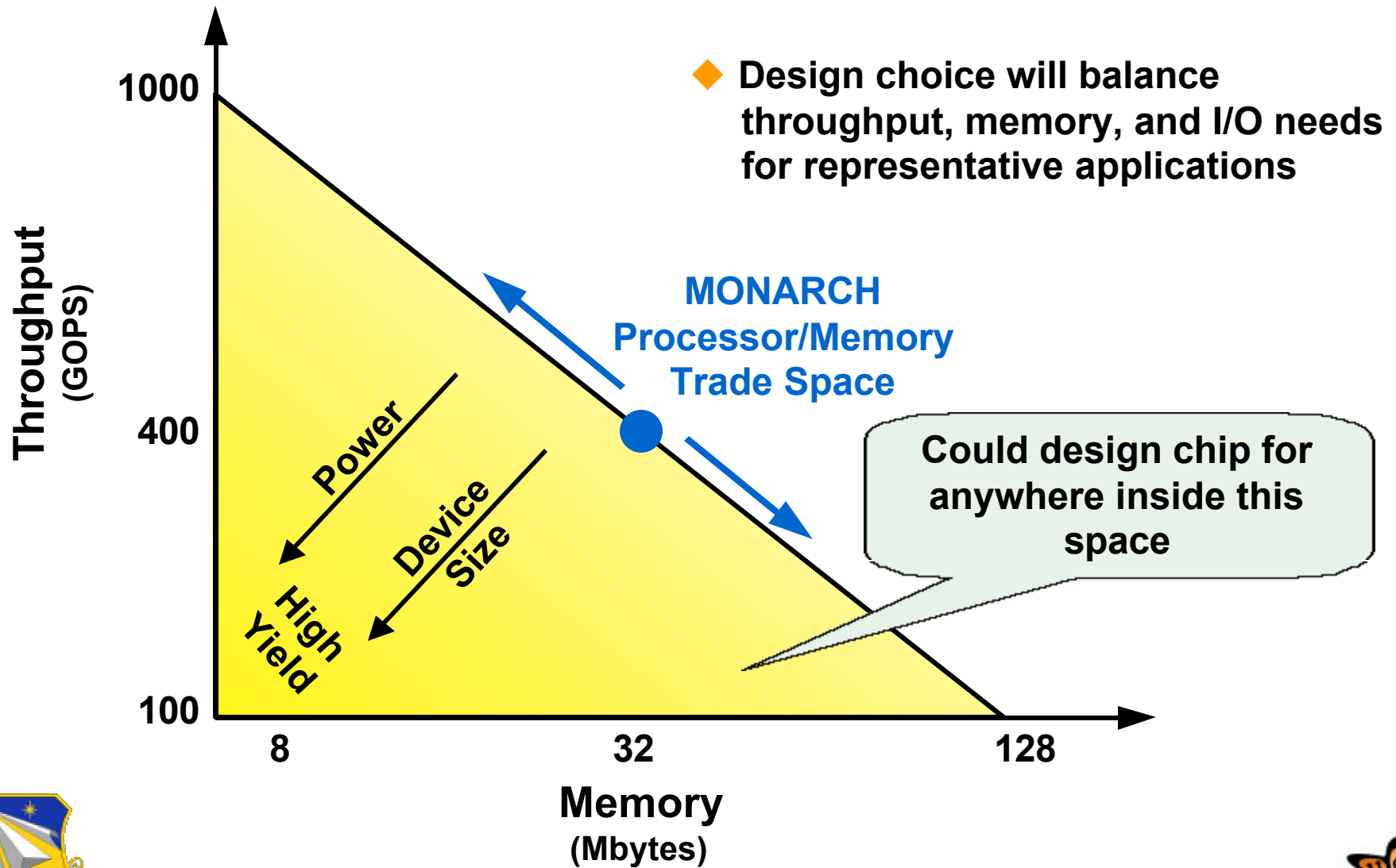


MONARCH I/O Summary					
	number of ports	Wires per port	Total Wires	Type	Clock Rate
High speed ports	12	50	600	LVDS	1 GHz
Inter FPCA Links	4	52	208	LVDS	1-2 GHz
External memory	1	160	160	CMOS	500 MHz
Standard I/O	2	60	120	variable	100+ MHz
Total			1088		





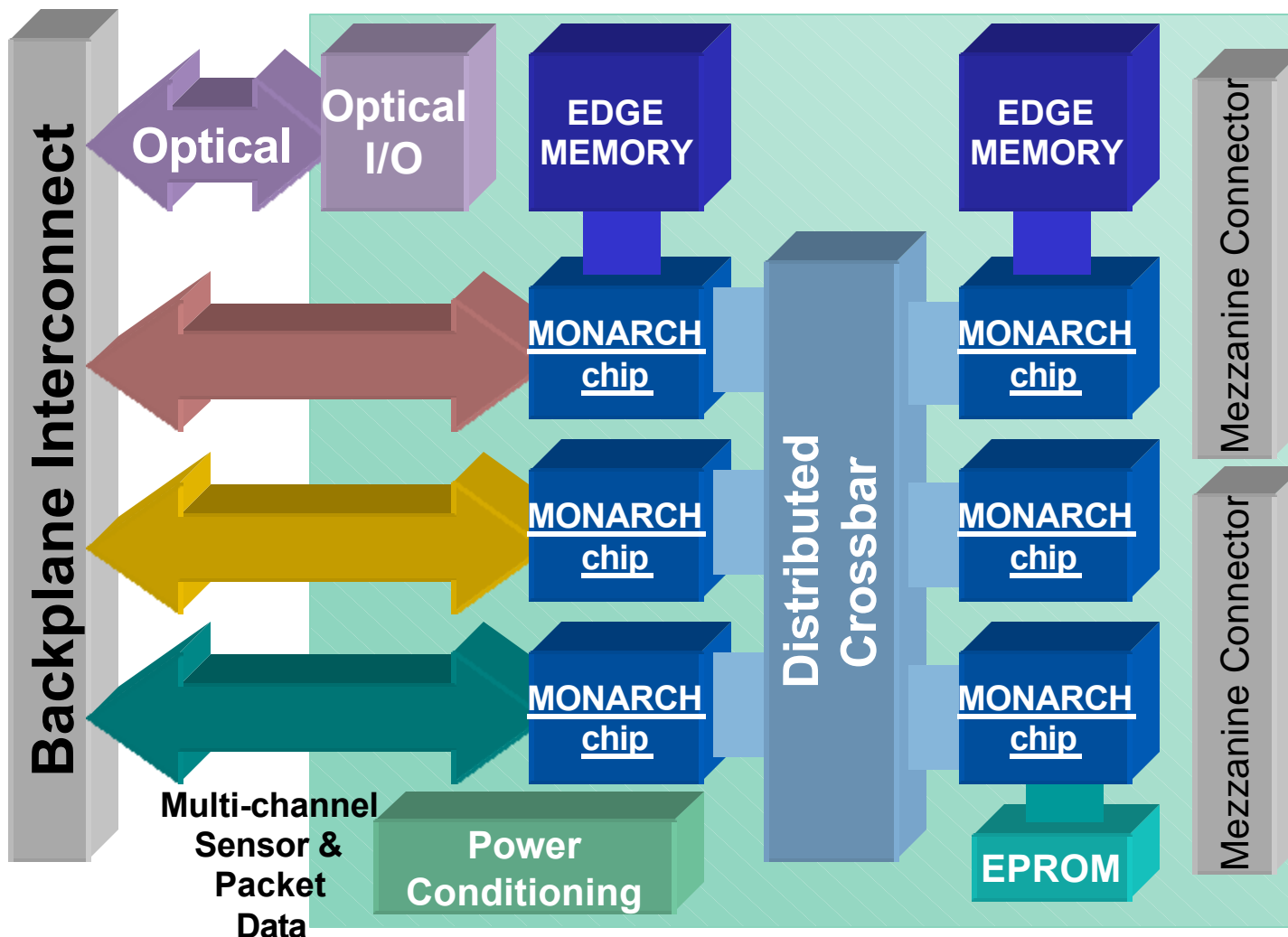
Need to Select Preferred Parameters for 1st MONARCH Chip





MONARCH Processing Card

- 6Ux160 double euro card form factor -



- ◆ 6 MONARCH chips + memory and power conditioning
- ◆ 75 GFLOPS
- ◆ 2.4 TOPS
- ◆ 192 MBytes on-chip DRAM
- ◆ 2 MBytes on-chip SRAM
- ◆ 1 GBytes on-board memory

MONARCH



Summary & Conclusions



- ◆ MONARCH features very attractive for multiple applications
- ◆ Merger of two existing architectures shows good fit
 - “Complementary” but compatible features
 - Rich experience base allows quick design trades
- ◆ “The devil is in the details” --- a lot more work
 - On-chip DRAM organization and access
 - Support for “morphing”
 - Simulation results at application-level
 - Trade offs for FPU capability

