

# Analysis of Geophysical Logs from Six Boreholes at Lariat Gulch, Former U.S. Air Force Site PJKS, Jefferson County, Colorado

By Frederick L. Paillet, Richard E. Hodges, and Barbara S. Corland

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# CONTENTS

|                                                           |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Abstract.....                                             | 1  |
| Introduction.....                                         | 1  |
| Background on Geophysical Logs.....                       | 4  |
| Natural Gamma.....                                        | 4  |
| Normal Resistivity .....                                  | 4  |
| Fluid Column .....                                        | 6  |
| Acoustic Televiwer.....                                   | 6  |
| Caliper.....                                              | 6  |
| Heat-Pulse Flowmeter.....                                 | 8  |
| Quality Control .....                                     | 8  |
| Analysis .....                                            | 8  |
| Lithology.....                                            | 8  |
| Structure.....                                            | 10 |
| Heat-Pulse Flowmeter.....                                 | 10 |
| Flowmeter-Measurement Adjustments and Normalization ..... | 10 |
| Interpretation of Lariat Gulch Logs.....                  | 12 |
| Borehole LGMW-001-P .....                                 | 35 |
| Borehole LGMW-003-P .....                                 | 35 |
| Borehole LGMW-004-F .....                                 | 35 |
| Borehole LGMW-006-P .....                                 | 35 |
| Borehole LGMW-010-F .....                                 | 36 |
| Borehole LGMW-017-P .....                                 | 36 |
| Overview of Lariat Gulch Logs .....                       | 36 |
| Summary and Conclusions .....                             | 37 |
| References Cited.....                                     | 38 |

## FIGURES

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1. Map of the Lariat Gulch site showing locations of boreholes logged for this study.....                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2  |
| 2. Example of gamma, resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and borehole-flow logs .....                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 5  |
| 3. Example of acoustic-televiwer log indicating how fracture strike and dip are interpreted from the televiwer-log image .....                                                                                                                                                      | 7  |
| 4. Schematic illustration of the heat-pulse flowmeter .....                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 9  |
| 5–10. Geophysical logs for:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |    |
| 5. Borehole LGMW-001-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, and caliper logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth .....                      | 13 |
| 6. Borehole LGMW-003-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth..... | 15 |
| 7. Borehole LGMW-004-F: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth..... | 17 |
| 8. Borehole LGMW-006-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth..... | 19 |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 9. Borehole LGMW-010-F: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, and caliper logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth .....             | 21 |
| 10. Borehole LGMW-017-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth ..... | 23 |

## TABLES

|                                                                                     |    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1. Summary of geophysical logs run in Lariat Gulch boreholes .....                  | 3  |
| 2. Stratigraphic strike and dip of the Fountain Formation from televiwer logs ..... | 25 |
| 3. Strike and dip of fractures from televiwer logs .....                            | 28 |
| 4. Water-level measurements during logging .....                                    | 29 |
| 5. Heat-pulse-flowmeter data .....                                                  | 31 |
| 6. Summary of heat-pulse-flowmeter results .....                                    | 37 |

# **Analysis of Geophysical Logs from Six Boreholes at Lariat Gulch, Former U.S. Air Force Site PJKS, Jefferson County, Colorado**

*By Frederick L. Paillet, Richard E. Hodges, and Barbara S. Corland*

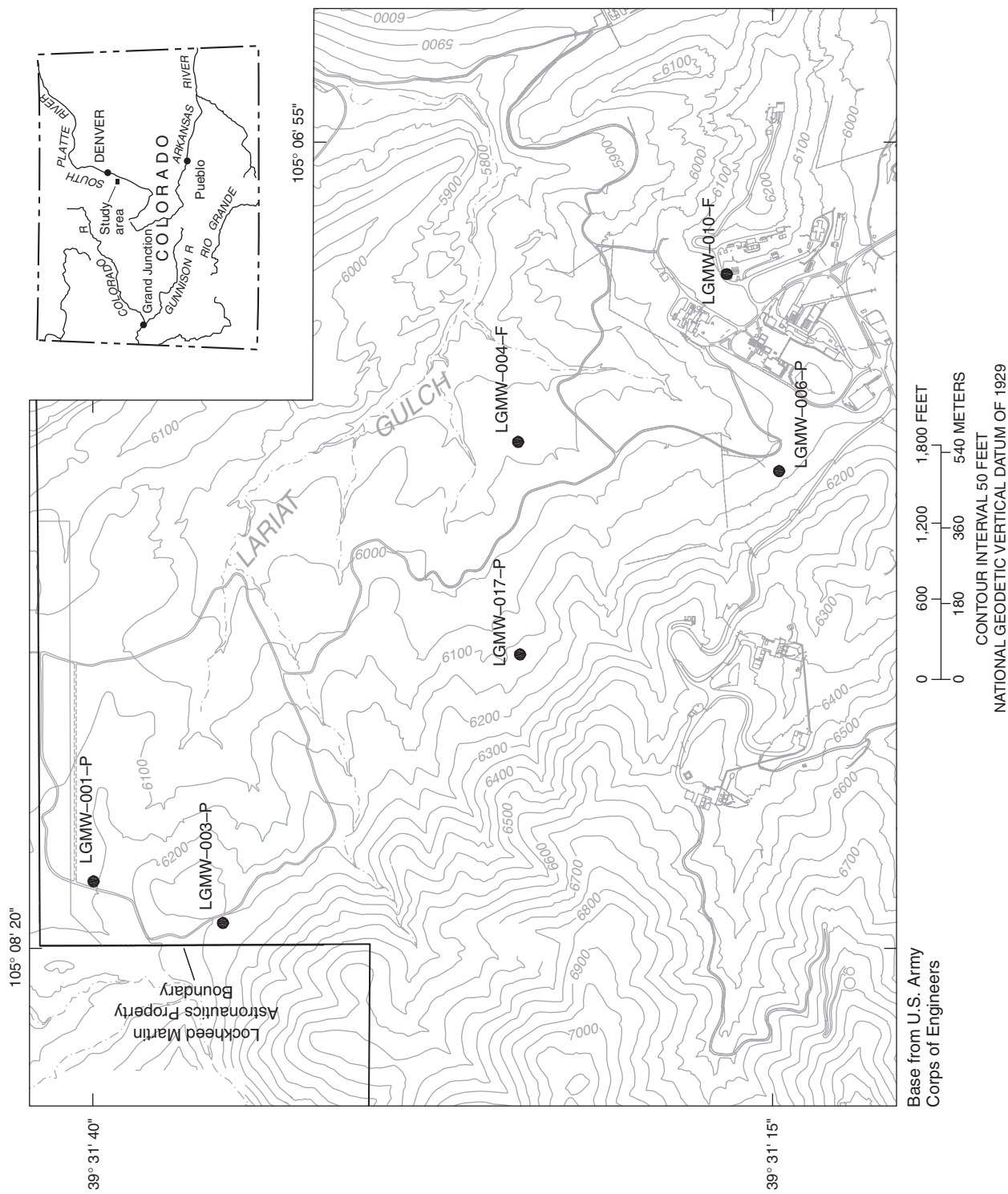
## **ABSTRACT**

This report presents and describes geophysical logs for six boreholes in Lariat Gulch, a topographic gulch at the former U.S. Air Force site PJKS in Jefferson County near Denver, Colorado. Geophysical logs include gamma, normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, caliper, televiwer, and heat-pulse flowmeter. These logs were run in two boreholes penetrating only the Fountain Formation of Pennsylvanian and Permian age (logged to depths of about 65 and 570 feet) and in four boreholes (logged to depths of about 342 to 742 feet) penetrating mostly the Fountain Formation and terminating in Precambrian crystalline rock, which underlies the Fountain Formation. Data from the logs were used to identify fractures and bedding planes and to locate the contact between the two formations. The logs indicated few fractures in the boreholes and gave no indication of higher transmissivity in the contact zone between the two formations. Transmissivities for all fractures in each borehole were estimated to be less than 2 feet squared per day.

## **INTRODUCTION**

Water-quality-monitoring wells are routinely screened in a specified subsurface horizon, with screens installed along a narrow depth interval in order to relate water samples to specific aquifer zones. Without adequate information, well screens cannot be installed confidently along the intended aquifer zones. Driller's logs and descriptions of cuttings often are the only guidance available to ensure that the intended zones have been drilled and identified for screen installation. Geophysical well logs provide additional information on the condition of open boreholes if logs can be run in the period between drilling and well construction. The logs can be used to define the stratigraphic and structural conditions of the rock in the vicinity of the borehole and to indicate water-yielding intervals (Keys, 1990; Jorgensen, 1991; Paillet, Lundy, and others, 2000). The logs also place the interval designated for sampling within the larger hydrogeologic context of the aquifer at the study site. For example, the logs can indicate whether there are different water-quality zones present and whether different aquifer units are isolated from each other (Paillet and Crowder, 1996; Paillet, 2001). Such information can be of great use in interpreting the geochemical trends resulting from long-term water-quality monitoring (McCary, 1980; Kwader, 1985).

The work described in this report was done by the U.S. Geological Survey in cooperation with the U.S. Air Force. This report presents and describes geophysical logs obtained from six boreholes drilled during February–April 2002 for the installation of water-quality-sampling wells at Lariat Gulch in former U.S. Air Force site PJKS in Jefferson County, Colorado (fig. 1). The individual logs obtained in



**Figure 1.** Lariat Gulch site showing locations of boreholes logged for this study.

each borehole are summarized in table 1. The two boreholes that terminated in the Fountain Formation were 65 and 570 feet deep. The four boreholes that terminated in Precambrian crystalline rocks were logged to 342–742 feet deep. The geophysical logs were used to guide well construction in Lariat Gulch.

**Table 1.** Summary of geophysical logs run in Lariat Gulch boreholes

[T, temperature; R, resistivity; boreholes suffixed with “P” terminate in Precambrian crystalline rocks; boreholes suffixed with an “F” terminate in the Fountain Formation]

| Borehole   | Log                  | Date     | Comments                                                                                                       |
|------------|----------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LGMW-001-P | Natural gamma        | 04-07-02 | Open borehole below casing to 37 feet; well flowing and most walls obscured by mudcake; no data for flowmeter. |
|            | Normal resistivity   | 04-07-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Caliper              | 04-07-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Acoustic televiewer  | 04-07-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Fluid-column T and R | 04-07-02 |                                                                                                                |
| LGMW-003-P | Natural gamma        | 03-20-02 | Open borehole below recovering water level.                                                                    |
|            | Normal resistivity   | 03-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Caliper              | 03-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Acoustic televiewer  | 03-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Heat-pulse flowmeter | 03-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
| LGMW-004-F | Natural gamma        | 03-04-02 | Open borehole below recovering water level.                                                                    |
|            | Normal resistivity   | 03-04-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Caliper              | 03-04-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Acoustic televiewer  | 03-04-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Heat-pulse flowmeter | 03-04-02 |                                                                                                                |
| LGMW-006-P | Natural gamma        | 03-19-02 | Open borehole below recovering water level.                                                                    |
|            | Normal resistivity   | 03-19-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Caliper              | 03-19-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Acoustic televiewer  | 03-19-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Heat-pulse flowmeter | 03-19-02 |                                                                                                                |
| LGMW-010-F | Natural gamma        | 02-20-02 | Open borehole below recovering water level; probable convection in borehole. Flowmeter data not usable.        |
|            | Normal resistivity   | 02-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Caliper              | 02-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Acoustic televiewer  | 02-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Heat-pulse flowmeter | 02-20-02 |                                                                                                                |
| LGMW-017-P | Natural gamma        | 04-05-02 | Open borehole below recovering water level.                                                                    |
|            | Normal resistivity   | 04-05-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Caliper              | 04-05-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Acoustic televiewer  | 04-05-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            | Heat-pulse flowmeter | 04-05-02 |                                                                                                                |
| LGMW-017-P | Fluid-column T and R | 04-05-02 |                                                                                                                |
|            |                      |          |                                                                                                                |
|            |                      |          |                                                                                                                |
|            |                      |          |                                                                                                                |
|            |                      |          |                                                                                                                |



Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. (1999a) described the study area of this report. Lariat Gulch (fig. 1) is a topographic gulch located in and north of former U.S. Air Force site PJKS in Jefferson County, Colorado, about 20 miles south-southwest of Denver. The 460-acre PJKS site was constructed in 1956–57 inside the boundaries of the property of Lockheed Martin Astronautics (formerly Martin Marietta Astronautics Group) for research and testing related to rockets. During operations, facilities on the ridge on the south side of Lariat Gulch contaminated ground water, primarily with trichloroethylene (TCE). In February 2001, the PJKS site was deeded to Lockheed Martin Astronautics; the U.S. Air Force retained responsibility for environmental restoration.

Geophysical logs described in this report were run in boreholes drilled into the Precambrian crystalline rocks and the Fountain Formation of Pennsylvanian and Permian age. Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. (1999b) described the Precambrian rocks in the vicinity of Lariat Gulch as amphibolite, migmatite, and gneissic quartz monzonite or granodiorite and the Fountain Formation as alternating and intercalated silty sandstone and irregular siltstone lenses. Outcrop width and dip angles indicate that the Fountain Formation, which rests unconformably on the Precambrian crystalline rocks, is approximately 3,000 feet thick in the vicinity of Lariat Gulch. Geophysical logs in this report for boreholes suffixed with an “F” (LGMW-004-F and LGMW-010-F) are only in the Fountain Formation; those suffixed with a “P” (LGMW-001-P, LGMW-003-P, LGMW-006-P, and LGMW-017-P) are mostly in the Fountain Formation and terminate short distances (about 40 to 60 feet) into the Precambrian rocks.

## **BACKGROUND ON GEOPHYSICAL LOGS**

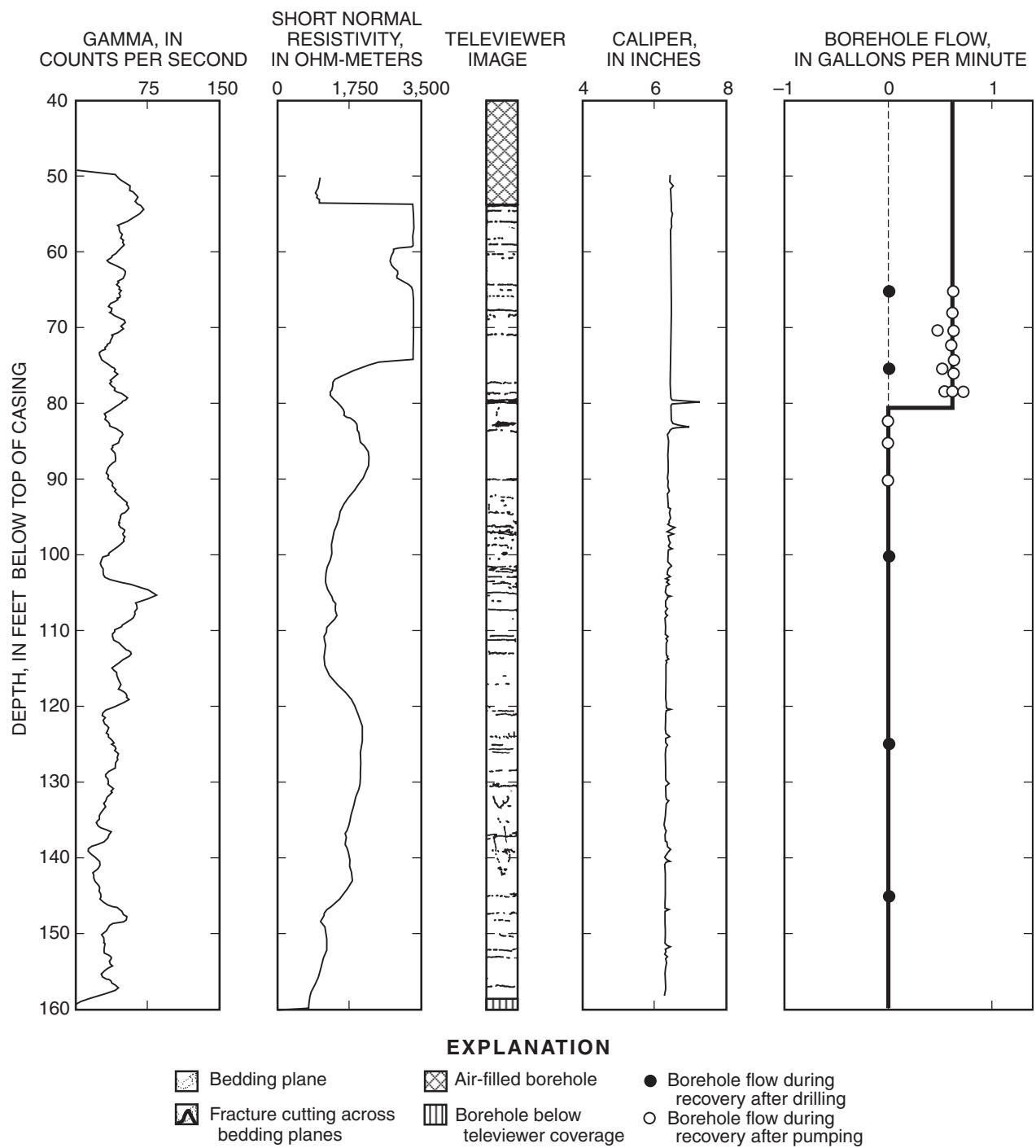
Geophysical well logs provide profiles of the physical properties of formations surrounding boreholes (Keys, 1986, 1990; Paillet and Crowder, 1996). Some of these logs (gamma and normal resistivity) can be related to the volume averaged over a region surrounding the probe. Other logs provide properties of the fluid column within the borehole (fluid-column temperature and resistivity) or of the formation where it intersects the borehole wall (caliper and televiewer). The heat-pulse flowmeter provides direct information about the location of inflow zones in boreholes. General information about the analysis of geophysical logs in ground-water studies can be found by consulting general references such as Hearst and others (2000) and Keys (1990). The specific geophysical logs used in this study are described in the following sections.

### **Natural Gamma**

The gamma log (fig. 2) gives a measure of the natural gamma activity of a sample volume approximately 1 foot in diameter surrounding a gamma detector in the logging probe (Keys, 1986, 1990). The gamma activity given by the probe in counts per second is a relative value, depending upon the size, efficiency, and shielding of the detector. Gamma counts are also subject to random fluctuations related to nuclear statistics. These fluctuations are removed from the data set by averaging the response of the detector over periods long enough to give an effective average of the gamma production in the sample volume. The average gamma activity of a formation is related to the proportion of the radioisotopes of the naturally occurring elements uranium, potassium, and thorium that occur in the minerals composing the formation. This log can be obtained in water-filled or air-filled boreholes and in boreholes cased with plastic or steel pipe where allowance is made for the partial shielding provided by the casing.

### **Normal Resistivity**

The normal-resistivity log (fig. 2) measures the resistivity of the formation around the logging probe by means of an alternating current applied to the region around the probe (Keys, 1990). The electrode spacing



**Figure 2.** Example of gamma, resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and borehole-flow logs.

(for example, short or 16 inches and long or 64 inches) determines the size of the sample volume. Resistivity logs cannot be run in air-filled or cased boreholes. The normal-resistivity log is run in open, fluid-filled boreholes.

## **Fluid Column**

The fluid-column log measures the temperature and electrical resistivity of the fluid filling the borehole. If the borehole has been static and undisturbed for a substantial period of time, the diffusion of solutes ensures that the electrical resistivity of the fluid column becomes uniform and that the temperature of the fluid column conforms to the local geothermal gradient. If water flows between zones in the borehole, abrupt changes in slope in the resistivity or temperature profiles may indicate the depth intervals where water is entering or exiting the borehole (Keys, 1990; Paillet, 2000a).

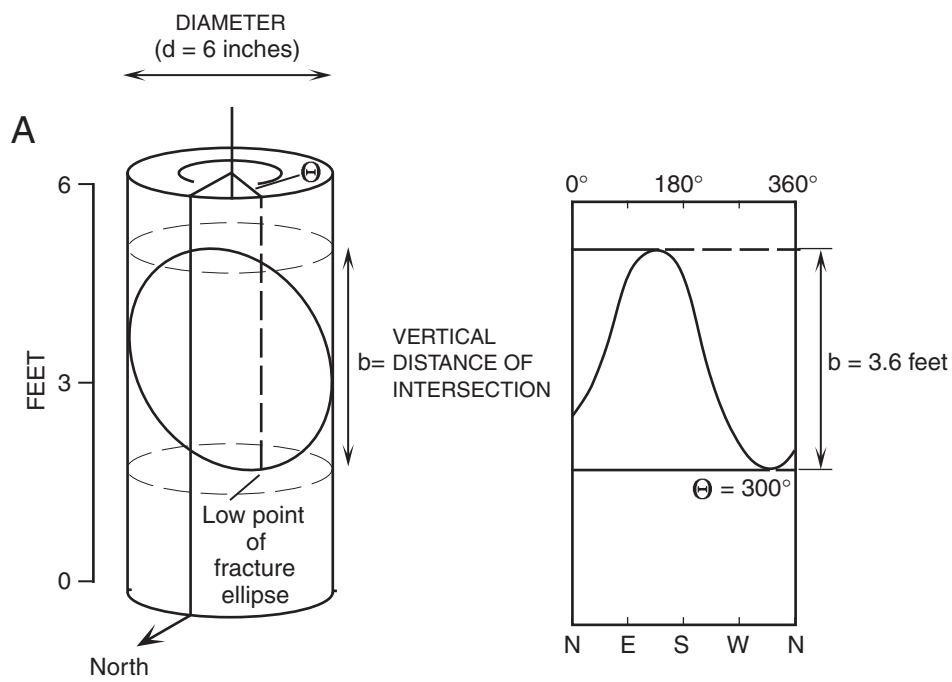
## **Acoustic Televiwer**

The acoustic-televiwer log provides a magnetically oriented image of the pattern of ultrasonic reflectivity of the borehole wall (Williams and Johnson, 2000; Paillet and others, 1985; Zemanek and others, 1970). The orientation (strike and dip) and relative aperture of each fracture can be estimated from the televiwer image (fig. 3). Because fracture aperture typically is enlarged by drilling and because the thin fracture intersection is smeared by imaging with an approximately 0.4-inch-wide ultrasonic beam, the image gives a qualitative and not a quantitative estimate of local fracture aperture. The acoustic-televiwer probe used for this study contains a borehole deviation sensor that allows logging system software to automatically correct the televiwer log for the departure of the borehole axis from vertical in the computation of fracture strike and dip. Local magnetic declination is subtracted from the measured strike because the televiwer interpretation is based on magnetic (not geographical) north. The acoustic televiwer can only be operated in a fluid-filled borehole. The pulse frequency of the ultrasonic source determines the diameter range over which the probe can be used. The televiwer used in this study has a nominal upper limit of 9 inches for borehole diameter, but this limit may be reduced slightly if mud reduces the speed of sound in the borehole fluid. The muddy borehole water precluded use of an optical televiwer in Lariat Gulch boreholes.

Televiwer logs indicate the presence of planar features intersecting the borehole wall because the rough nature of the rock at the intersection scatters acoustic energy, while the adjacent rock serves as a uniform reflecting surface. The geometry of the image indicates whether it conforms to the expected sinusoidal shape of a plane intersecting a cylindrical borehole. Such planes can be lithologic contrasts, bedding planes, bedding planes opened by solution, or true fractures. In cases where a sedimentary strike and dip or foliation can be recognized in the logs (as in this study), borehole-wall openings that clearly cut across these bedding planes are interpreted as fractures. Apparent planar openings in the borehole that are roughly parallel to sedimentary fabric or foliation are interpreted as bedding-plane openings. In either case, the log indicates only that the bedding plane or fracture has been enlarged in the immediate vicinity of the borehole wall. For example, Paillet and others (1985) demonstrate that permeable fractures intersecting boreholes may be impossible to distinguish from sealed fractures where infilling minerals have been eroded by the drilling process. Paillet (1998) and Paillet and others (1987) also show that the apparent size of fracture openings as given by televiwer and caliper logs does not correlate with fracture permeability as quantified by straddle-packer tests.

## **Caliper**

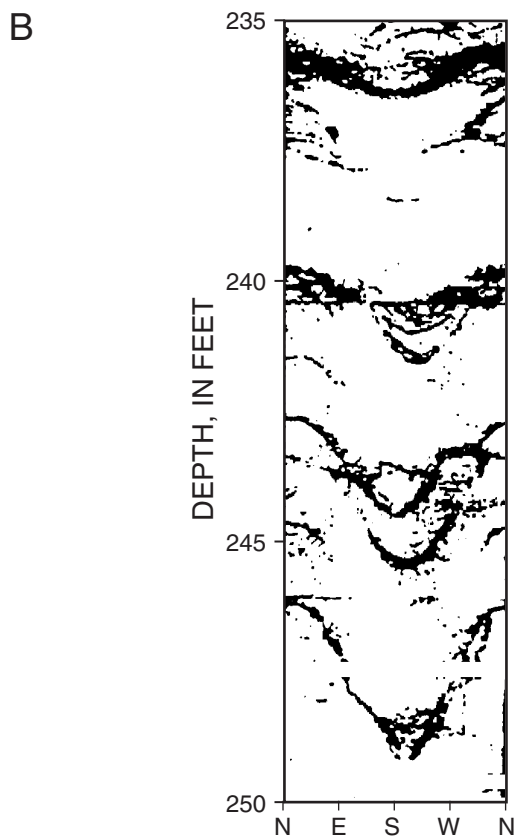
The caliper log (fig. 2) gives the average diameter of the borehole in inches based on the deflection of three spring-loaded arms as the probe is moved upward in the borehole (Keys, 1990). The relative diameter of the borehole given by the caliper log is related to the hardness of the formation and the



$$\text{Dip} = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{b}{d} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{3.6}{0.5} \right) = 82$$

$$\text{Strike} = \Theta - 90^\circ = 210^\circ$$

(Right Hand Rule)



**Figure 3.** Example of acoustic-televiwer log indicating how fracture strike and dip are interpreted from the televiwer-log image.

presence of structural features such as bedding planes or fractures that locally weaken the borehole wall. This log can be run in air or water-filled boreholes and will measure the inside diameter of the casing when run in a cased borehole.

## **Heat-Pulse Flowmeter**

The heat-pulse flowmeter measures the time required for a small thermal pulse induced at a wire grid to move up or down to either of a pair of thermistors located about 0.8 inch above and below the grid (Hess, 1986; Paillet and others, 1987). The pulse traveltime is calibrated to flow rates in laboratory columns (fig. 4). However, the flowmeter only measures the flow through the cylindrical measurement section of the probe. Additional flow may bypass the flowmeter in the annular region between the probe and the borehole wall. A flexible-disk flow diverter is installed on the flowmeter to block the flow in the annulus. However, some leakage of flow around the diverter always occurs and must be accounted for in a field calibration, as described by Paillet (2000a). Heat-pulse flowmeter measurements are made with the probe stationed at discrete depth intervals between possible inflow or outflow zones in the borehole. Differences in flow measurements can be used to determine the amount of flow entering or exiting the borehole in the intervals between points of flow measurement (fig. 2).

## **Quality Control**

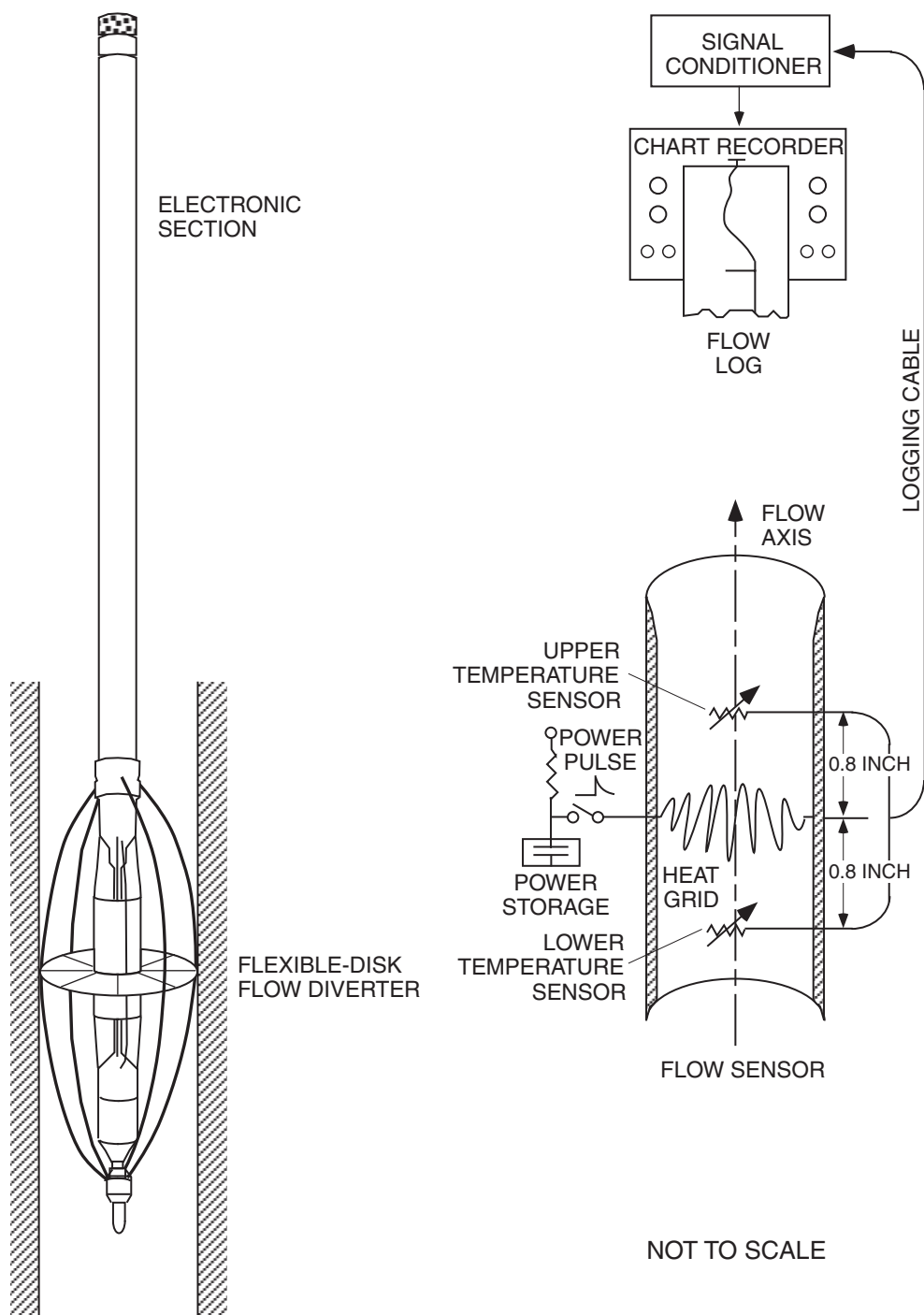
In general, quality control of geophysical logs obtained for water-quality studies is based on the experience and professional practice of the geophysicist (Paillet and Crowder, 1996; American Society for Testing and Materials, 1995). The single most important check is by an experienced log analyst who determines if the logs from any borehole have all of the qualities attributed to acceptable data. Such data attributes include indications of major formation contacts, water level, bottom of casing (if present), and physical property values (gamma activity, formation resistivity, and so forth) that appear reasonable for the local hydrogeologic environment. Other experience relates to knowledge of calibration methods, the frequency with which specific probes are known to drift out of calibration, and warmup times required to prevent thermal drift in probe response caused by changes in internal temperature of probe electronics. In addition to these general, experience-related aspects of quality control, several specific quality-control topics are addressed in all geophysical logging studies, as described by Hodges (1988), Keys (1990), Hodges and Teasdale (1991), and the American Society for Testing and Materials (1995). Logs in this report are within the limits of acceptable error.

## **Analysis**

The geophysical logs collected at the Lariat Gulch site were analyzed using accepted log-interpretation methods, as described by McCary (1980), Keys (1986), and Paillet and Crowder (1996). The log analysis was divided into separate areas of analysis, as described in the following paragraphs.

### **Lithology**

In analyzing the suite of geophysical logs run for this project, the gamma and resistivity logs can be related to formation lithology. According to standard geophysical-log interpretation references (Hearst and others, 2000; Paillet and Crowder, 1996; Keys, 1990), the natural gamma activity and resistivity of geologic formations vary with the specific minerals in the rock fabric. Formation resistivity also depends upon the electrical resistivity of the water in porous rocks (Kwader, 1985). The gamma activity of sedimentary formations increases with the amount



**Figure 4.** Schematic illustration of the heat-pulse flowmeter.

of clay minerals present and decreases with the proportion of clastic mineral grains. The gamma activity of crystalline rock formations increases with the proportion of potassium feldspar present and generally is high for granitic basement rocks. In freshwater-bearing formations, the electrical resistivity of pore water generally is negligible and contributes relatively little to bulk formation electrical resistivity.

## **Structure**

Borehole televiewer image and caliper logs indicate the depth and orientation of beds, lithologic contacts, and fractures that intersect the borehole. The televiewer indicates planelike features intersecting the borehole wall. It is impossible to positively identify many of these features as bed contacts, bedding openings, or fractures. In this study, structural features identified on televiewer logs were separated into two classes: (1) bedding planes having a relatively consistent orientation throughout the borehole, and (2) fractures having variable orientations that are seen to cut across bedding planes in the televiewer log image. The televiewer-data-analysis software incorporates a measure of borehole deviation so that bedding-plane and fracture orientations are picked with respect to the borehole axis and are automatically corrected to a true vertical coordinate system. The televiewer software picks the vertical dip and the azimuth of the down-dip intersection of the feature and the borehole. Because the orientation is given with respect to local magnetic north, the strike of each bedding plane or fracture was corrected true north to account for the local magnetic declination (13 degrees east of true north).

## **Heat-Pulse Flowmeter**

Almost all geophysical well logs produce measurements that are indirectly related to hydraulic properties of interest to the hydrogeologist, such as formation porosity and permeability. These geophysical logs are converted to estimates of hydrogeologic properties through various theoretical or empirical equations. High-resolution flowmeter logs, such as those obtained with the heat-pulse flowmeter, are an exception to this rule because these logs can be used to directly estimate in-situ formation permeability. Under ideal conditions, flowmeter-log data can be used to determine the transmissivity and hydraulic head of each water-producing interval in a borehole. Two steady or quasi-steady flow profiles obtained under two different conditions (usually ambient and steady-pumping conditions) are used either to eliminate the effect of hydraulic head from the analysis by the subtraction-of-inflows method (Morin and others, 1988; Molz and others, 1989) or to solve for both zone transmissivity and hydraulic head of each inflow zone by a flow-modeling method (Paillet, 1998, 2000a).

Drilling operations required completion of test wells shortly after drilling, before water levels had stabilized in boreholes. Under this limitation, most boreholes were logged while water levels were recovering from dewatering by air-rotary drilling. Pumping was conducted for short periods to increase drawdown or to allow additional measurements in the water-level-recovery mode, but sufficient time was not available in the drilling schedule to make flowmeter measurements under stabilized drawdown conditions. Because hydraulic-head conditions changed throughout the flow-measurement period, borehole-flow data were normalized and presented as if they were obtained under a constant drawdown of 25 feet. Once the flow data were normalized, the flowmeter-log data could be used to give a qualitative or semiquantitative analysis of the hydraulic conditions in the vicinity of the borehole. The data could be used to identify the depth intervals where water was entering the borehole. The flowmeter-log data also could be used to identify crossflow, where some of the water entering the borehole exits elsewhere in the borehole. Such crossflow conditions indicate differences in hydraulic head between zones, although the magnitude of the head differences could not be estimated from the data.

## **Flowmeter-Measurement Adjustments and Normalization**

In this study, flowmeter measurements were made at discrete depth stations. This approach maximizes the sensitivity of the flowmeter in low-flow environments (Paillet, 2000a) and does not require the correction of data

to eliminate flow bias introduced by continuous motion of the probe during measuring (Paillet, Lundy, and others, 2000). Borehole-flow measurements are given in the form of heat-pulse-transit times within the measurement section of the probe. These values are calibrated in units of flow through the measurement section of the probe by using flow-column calibration in the laboratory (Hess, 1986). These calibrated data are then subject to two corrections: (1) correction to account for leakage of flow around the flexible disk used to seal the annulus between the probe and the rough borehole wall, and (2) correction to account for substantial changes in drawdown during the measurement period. Each of these corrections was carried out as follows:

1. The bypass around the probe is estimated using a bypass factor (Paillet, 2000b; Paillet, Senay, and others, 2000). The measured flow given by the flowmeter is multiplied by the bypass factor to give total borehole flow. The bypass factor is estimated by comparing the measured flow with known flow. In many studies, the bypass factor is estimated by comparing the known pumping rate to flow measurements during pumping in the interval above all inflow zones. In this study, measured flow data were compared with the rate of borehole recovery in the interval just below the water level during water-level recovery. For example, a measured rate of water-level recovery of about 10 feet per hour would correspond with an upward flow of about 0.43 gallon per minute (gpm) of water in an 8-inch-diameter borehole. Virtually all flow measurements made in this study involved values close to the 0.01-gpm limit for measurement of flow by the heat-pulse flowmeter, causing relatively large variation in replicate measurements. The bypass factor was estimated by taking the average value for the data sets in the four boreholes where meaningful flow profiles were obtained. For example, the upward flow of water in borehole LGMW-004-F was given as 0.05 gpm by the average of measurements ranging from less than 0.01 to about 0.10 over a period when the average upward flow determined from water-level recovery was about 0.25 gpm. Thus, the bypass factor was found to be about 5.0, which falls within the range of bypass factors estimated in other flowmeter studies involving the same kind of flexible-disk flow diverter in rough-walled boreholes.
2. The effect of changing drawdown during the measurement period was eliminated from the flow data by normalizing the flow measurements to coincide with a standard drawdown condition. Thus, the flowmeter data were corrected to give the flow expected to occur at a standard 25 feet of drawdown instead of the actual drawdown at the time of measurement. This normalization required an estimate of the drawdown at the time of each flow measurement: the time at the start of each flow measurement was recorded, and the drawdown at that time was estimated by fitting a continuous curve to the discrete water-level measurements made during the logging period. An estimate of the final static water level in the borehole was made by projecting the recovery to steady state. This curve was used to estimate the drawdown at each measurement period. Then, the rate of upward flow of water in the borehole was assumed to be proportional to the drawdown at any given time.

In order to do these two corrections, data were converted to give total borehole flow at normalized drawdown conditions using the following equation:

$$Q = B_f Q_0 (d/d_0) \quad (1)$$

where

- $Q$  is the total borehole flow estimated at the measurement station under the standard drawdown of 25 feet,  
 $B_f$  is the bypass factor (assigned a value of 5.0 for this study),  
 $Q_0$  is the flow measurement given by the calibrated response of the flowmeter in the laboratory flow column,  
 $d$  is the drawdown at the time of measurement, and  
 $d_0$  is the standard drawdown of 25 feet.



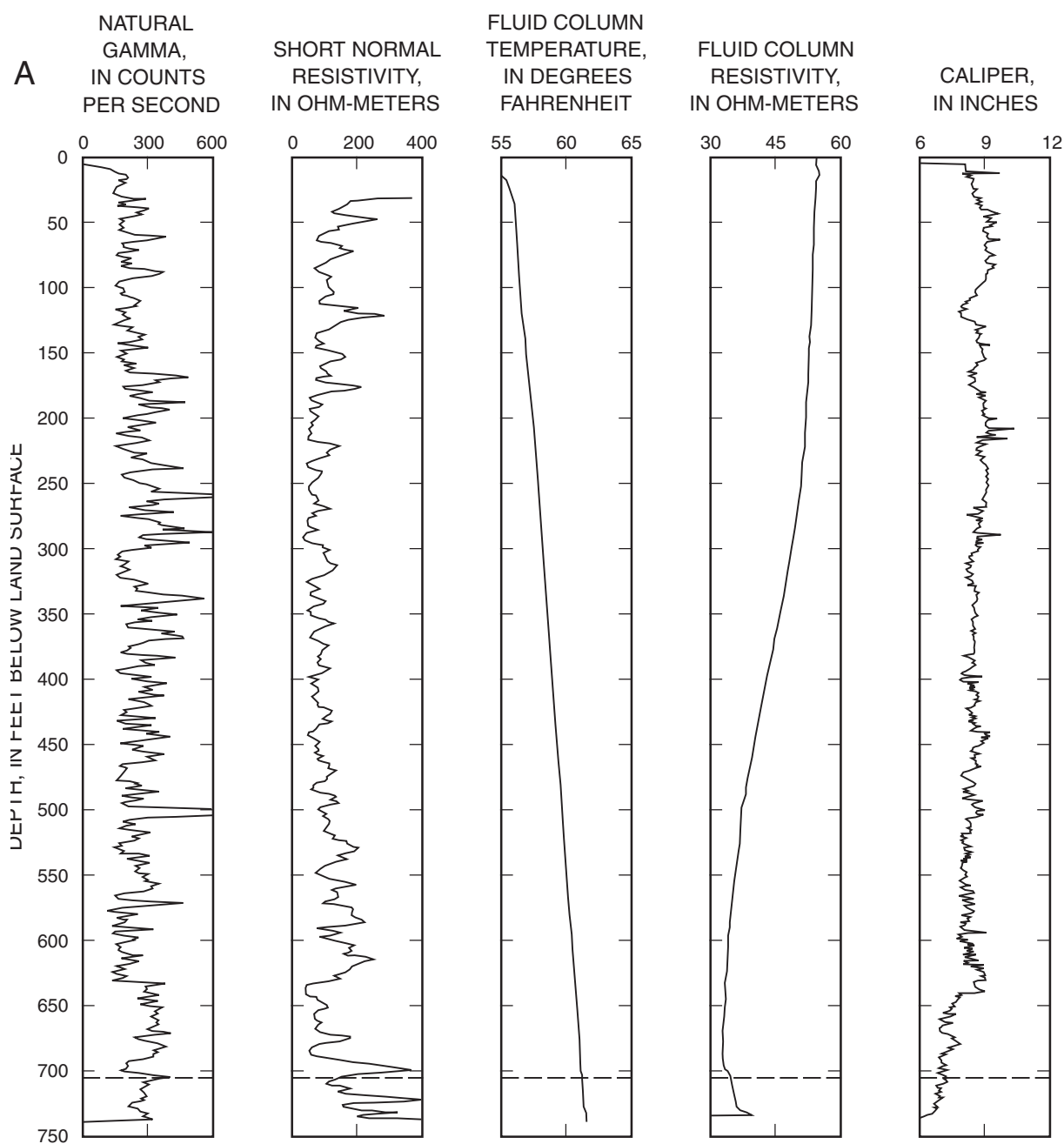
## INTERPRETATION OF LARIAT GULCH LOGS

Six boreholes were logged at the Lariat Gulch site during February–April 2002. A summary of the logs run in each borehole is given in table 1. Composites of the logs for each borehole are given in figures 5A–10A; the composite logs present a suite of measurements consisting of gamma, formation resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, caliper, televiwer, and heat-pulse flowmeter. The deviation of each borehole from vertical is plotted in figures 5B–10B. Because of the consolidated lithology and fresh ground water, the short-normal log was run for the measurement of formation resistivity.

Bedding planes and fractures were imaged by acoustic televiwer in five of six boreholes (excluding LGMW-001-P). The top of televiwer log in all plots was at the water level in the borehole. The presence of mud derived from formation clays in the bottom of boreholes precluded the televiwer logging near the bottom of some boreholes and probably affected the fluid-column-resistivity logs in these deeper intervals by altering (probably increasing) fluid resistivity, which could not be corrected.

Openings intersecting the borehole were divided into three classes: (1) bedding planes and bedding-plane fractures, (2) fractures cutting across bedding planes in the Fountain Formation or across rock foliation in the basement rocks, and (3) irregular “washouts” and borehole enlargements of unknown nature. The orientation of bedding planes (strike and dip) in the Fountain Formation as derived from the televiwer log images is summarized in table 2. Strike and dip of fractures are summarized in table 3.

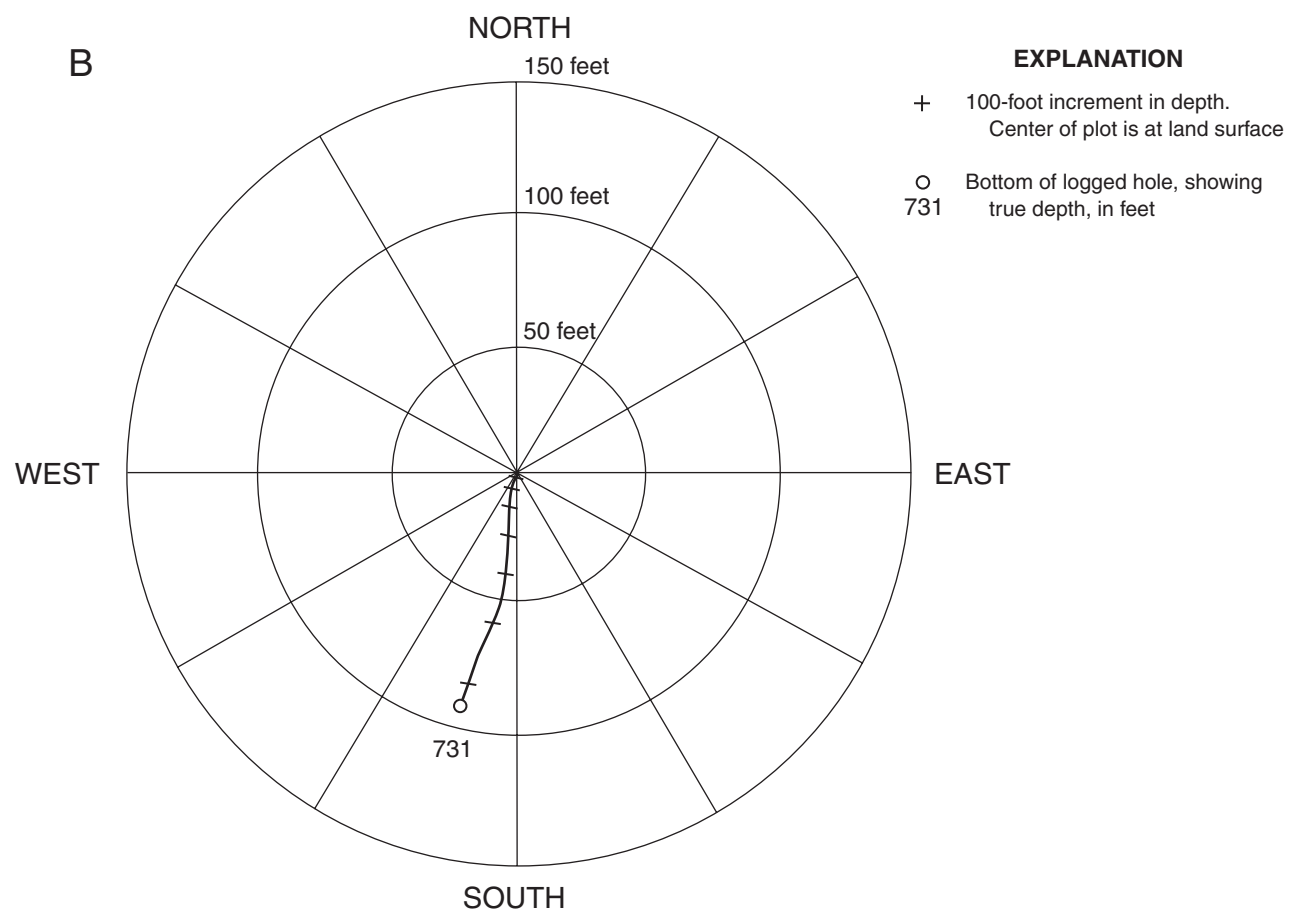
Five of the six boreholes were logged with the heat-pulse flowmeter during recovery of water level after drilling; borehole LGMW-001-P was not logged because of the presence of a thick mudcake on the wall of the borehole. Water-level measurements made during recovery after dewatering during air-rotary drilling and during recovery after the water level was drawn down by pumping are listed in table 4. The discrete-depth flow measurements and the corrected (normalized) flow values derived from those measurements are summarized in table 5. In all cases, water-level recovery was very slow and amounted to corrected upflow (upward flow of water in the borehole) rates of less than 0.9 gpm at draw-down averaging 10–30 feet. Upflow rates during recovery were so slow that steady pumping could not be sustained in any of the boreholes. A submersible pump was used to draw down water levels for one repeated recovery-flow test in boreholes LGMW-004-F, LGMW-006-P, and LGMW-017-P. Specific comments on the borehole flow data for each of the boreholes are given in the following sections.



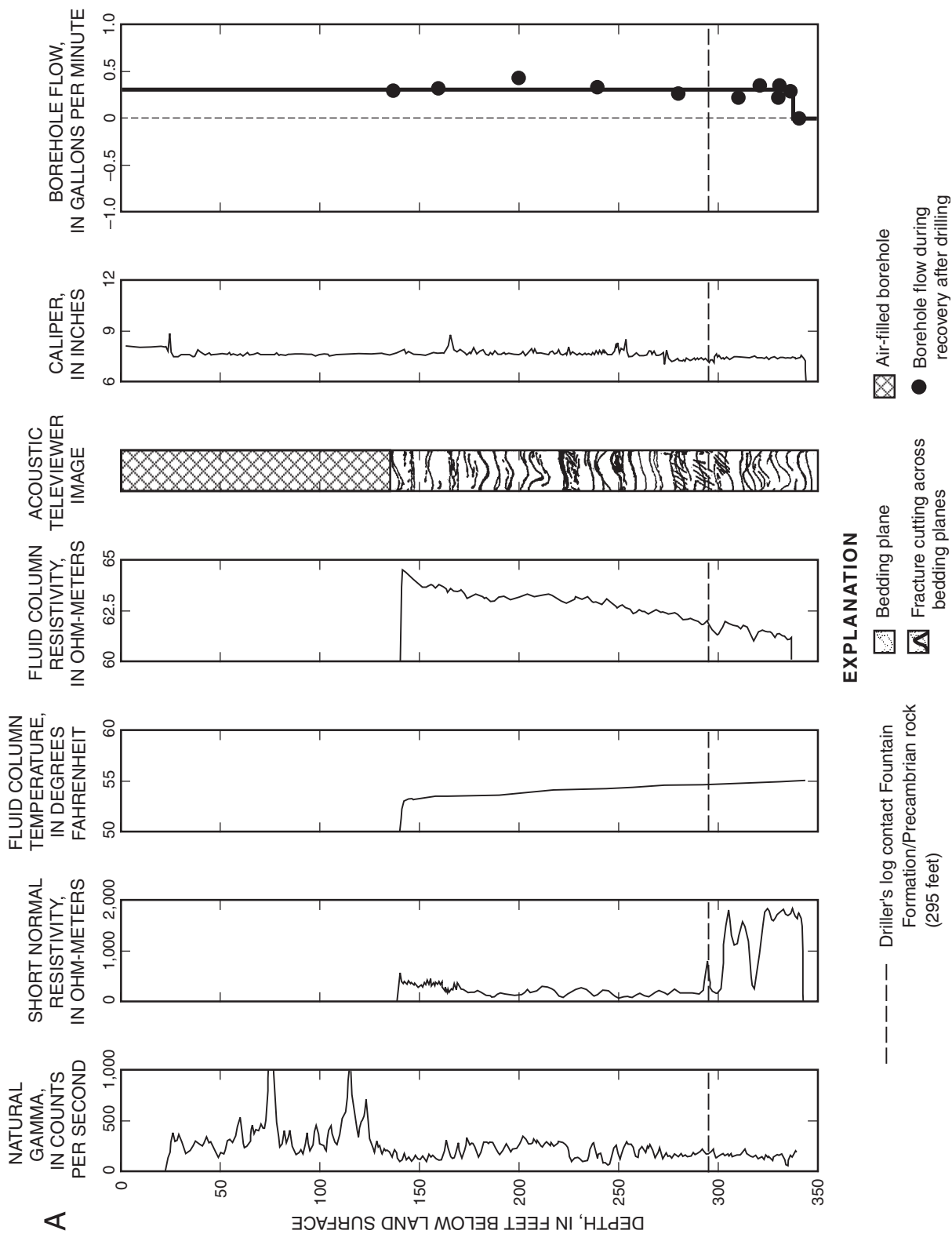
#### EXPLANATION

----- Driller's log contact Fountain  
Formation/Precambrian rock  
(705 feet)

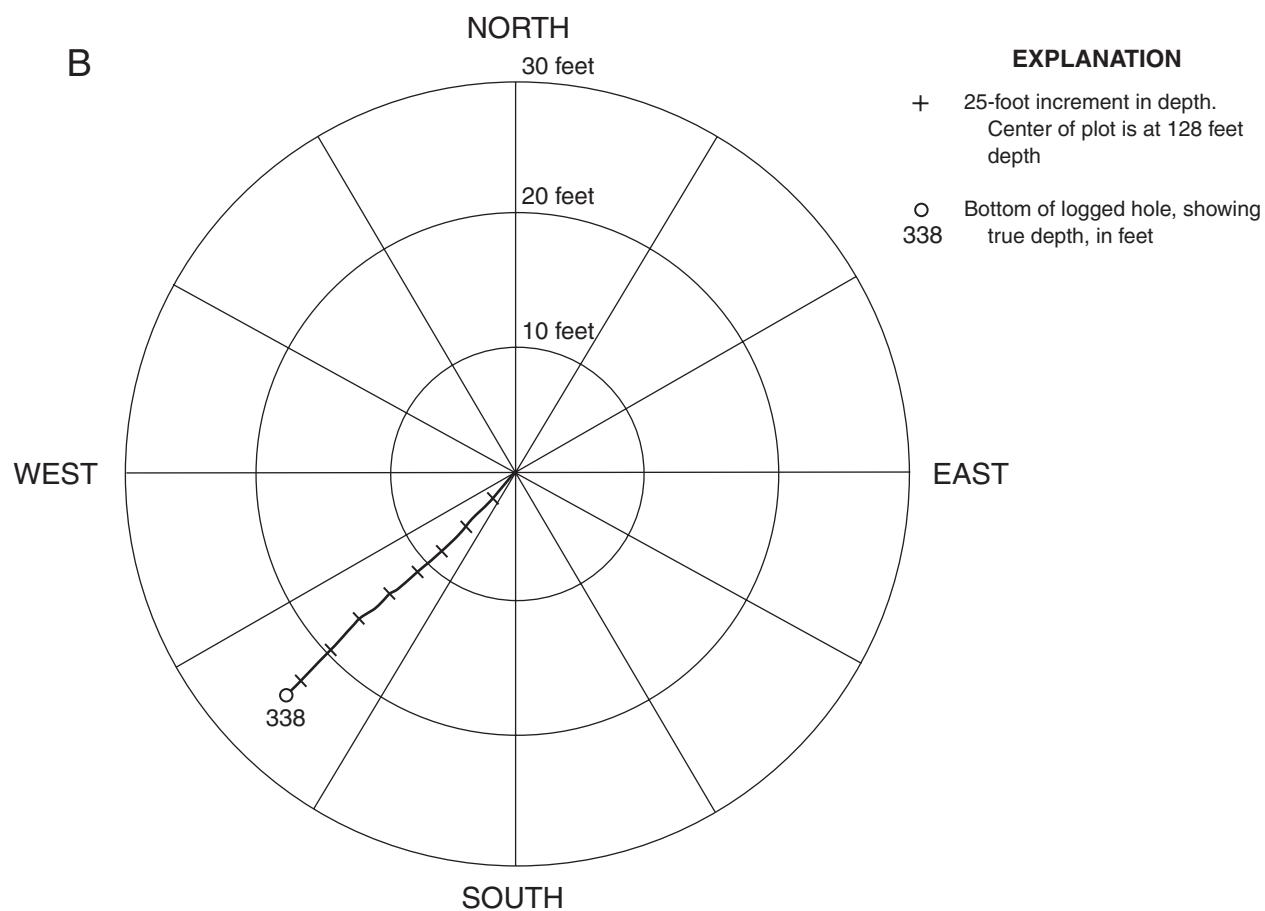
**Figure 5.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-001-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, and caliper logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth.



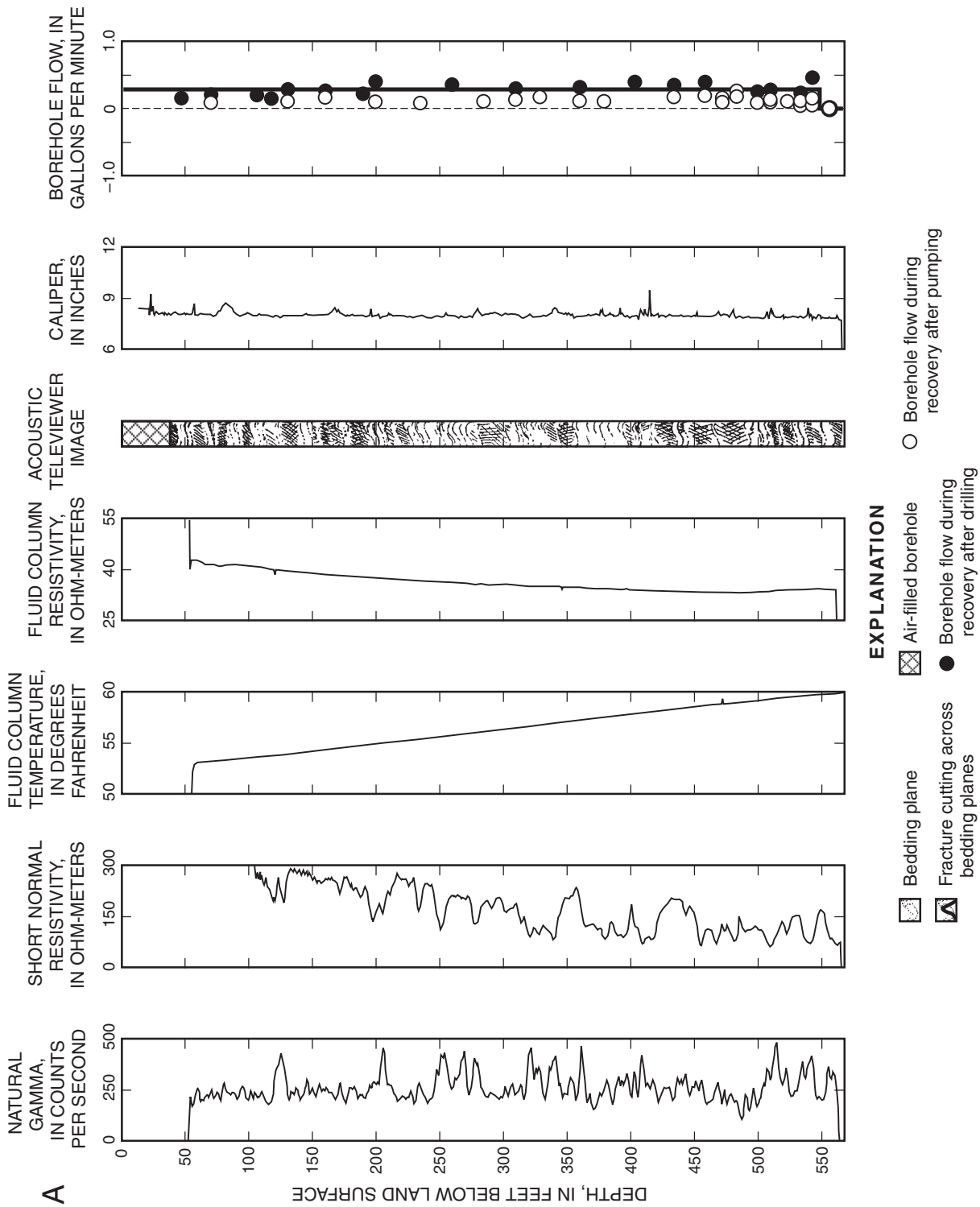
**Figure 5.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-001-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, and caliper logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth—Continued.



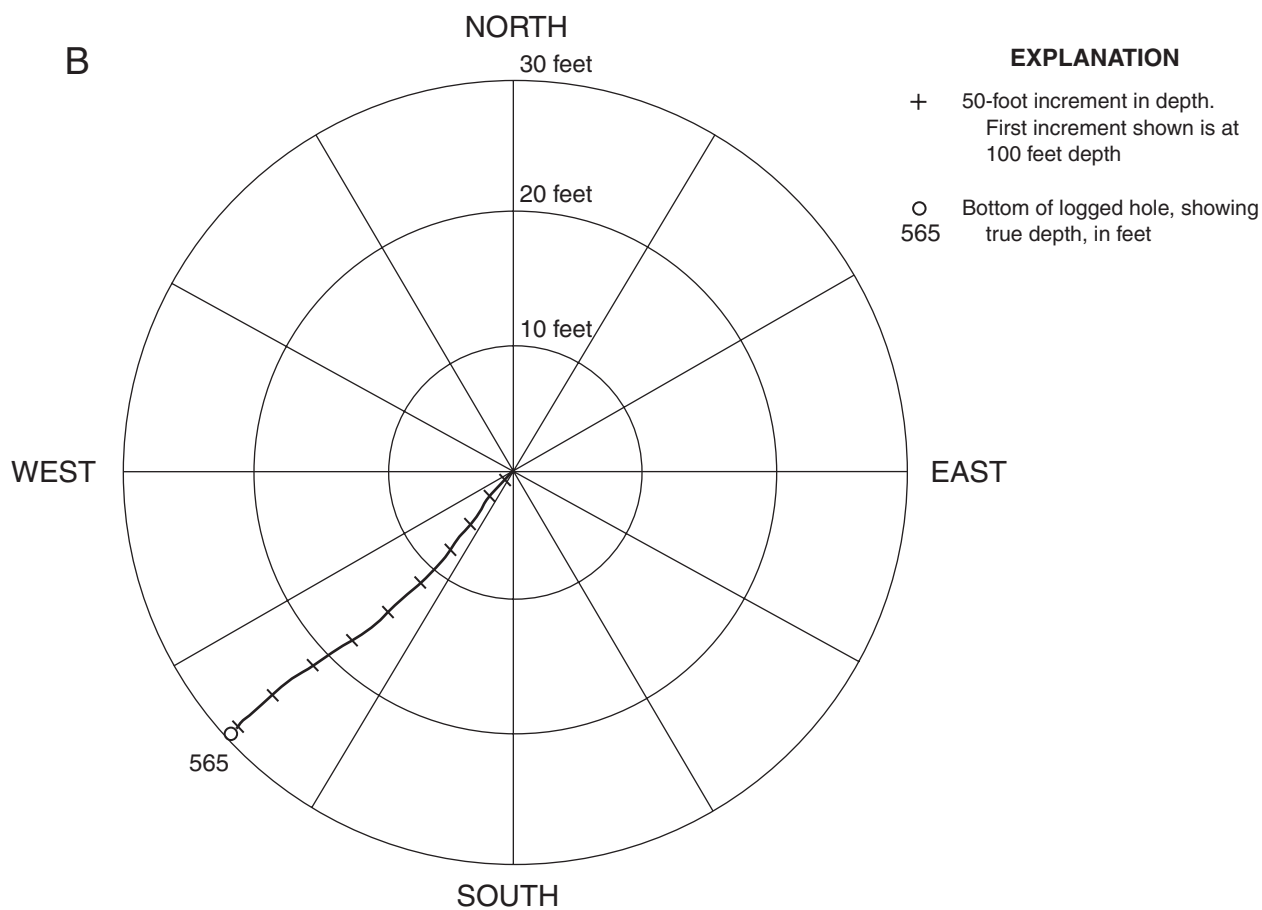
**Figure 6.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-003-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiewer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth.



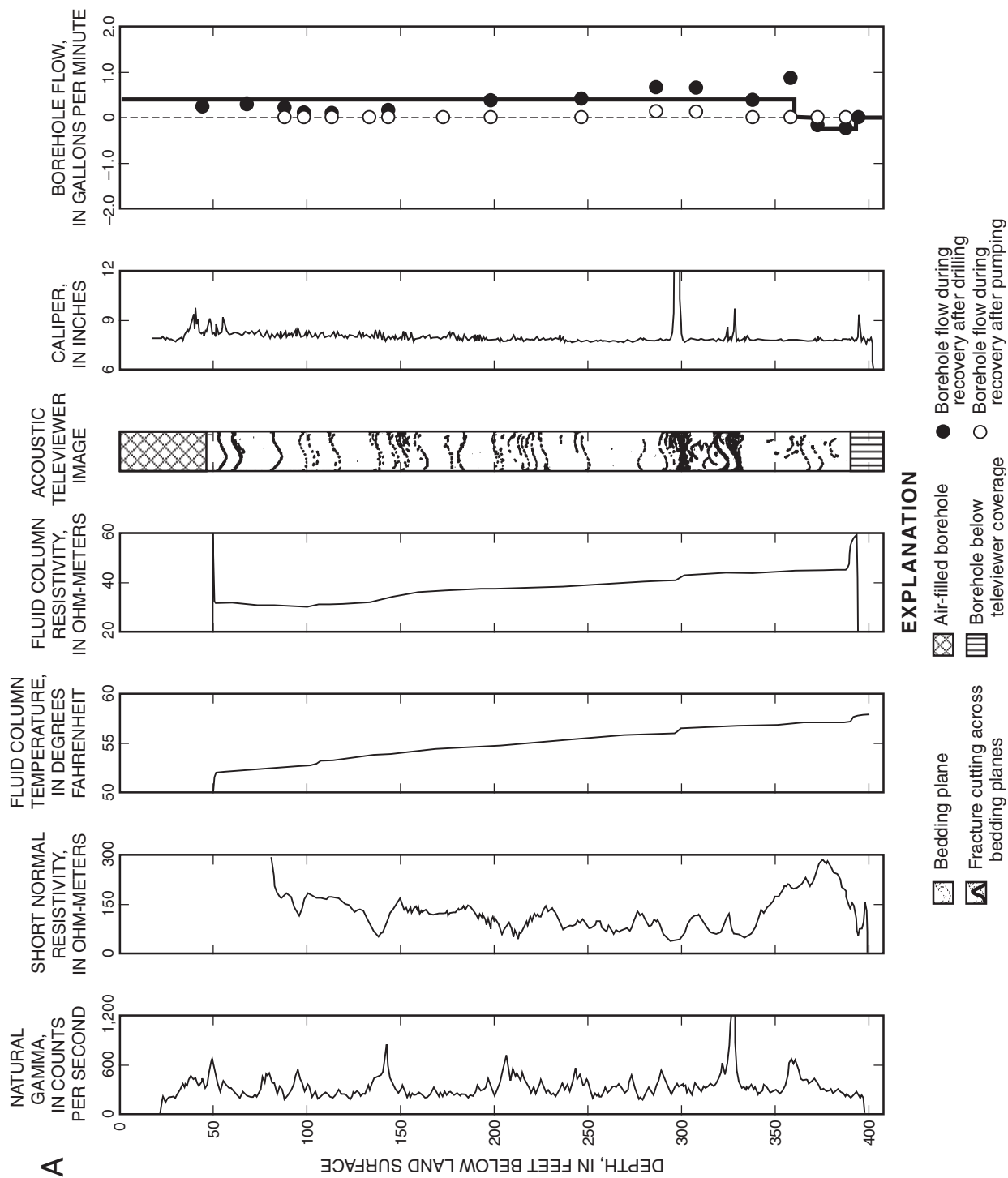
**Figure 6.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-003-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiewer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth—Continued.



**Figure 7.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-004-F: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth.

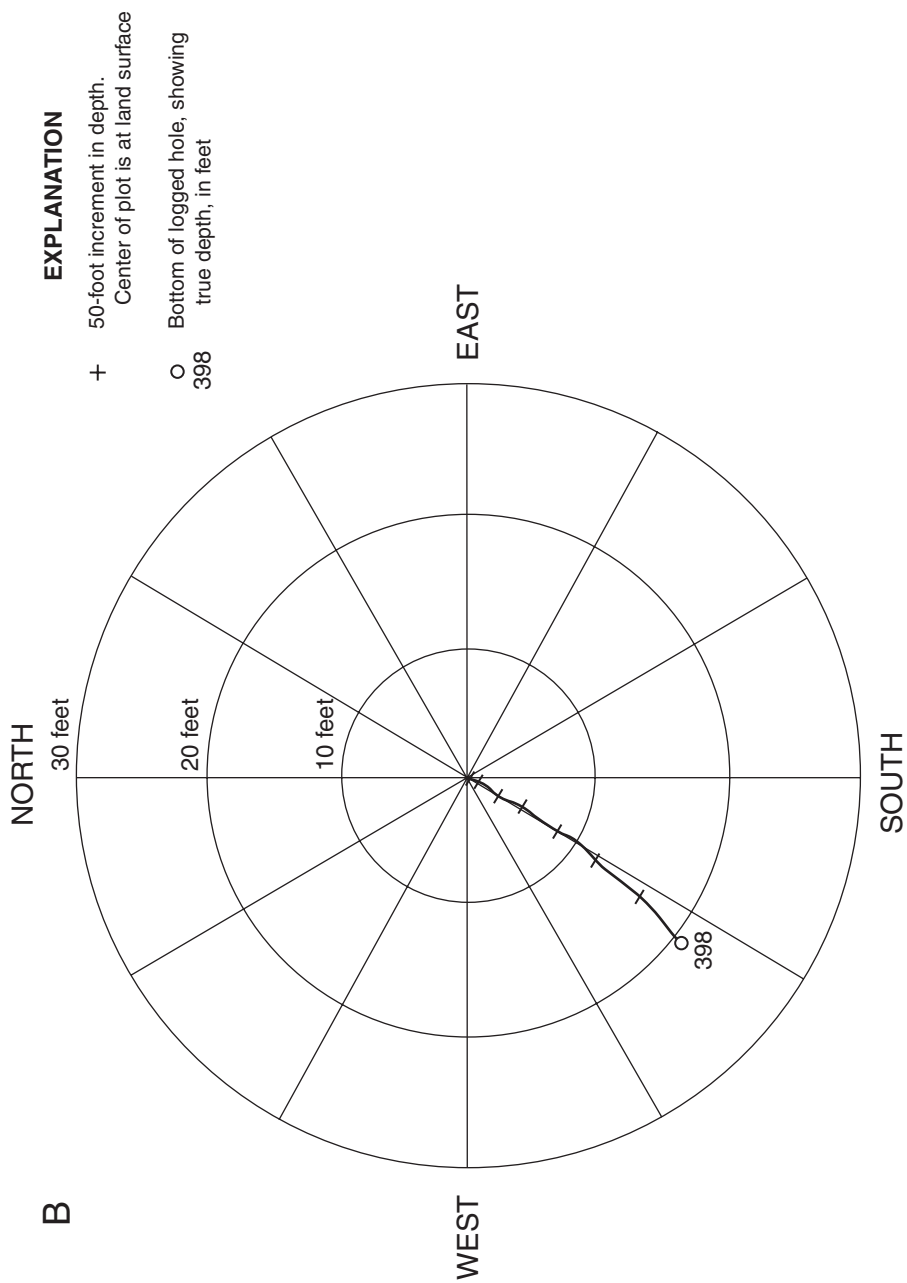


**Figure 7.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-004-F: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth—Continued.

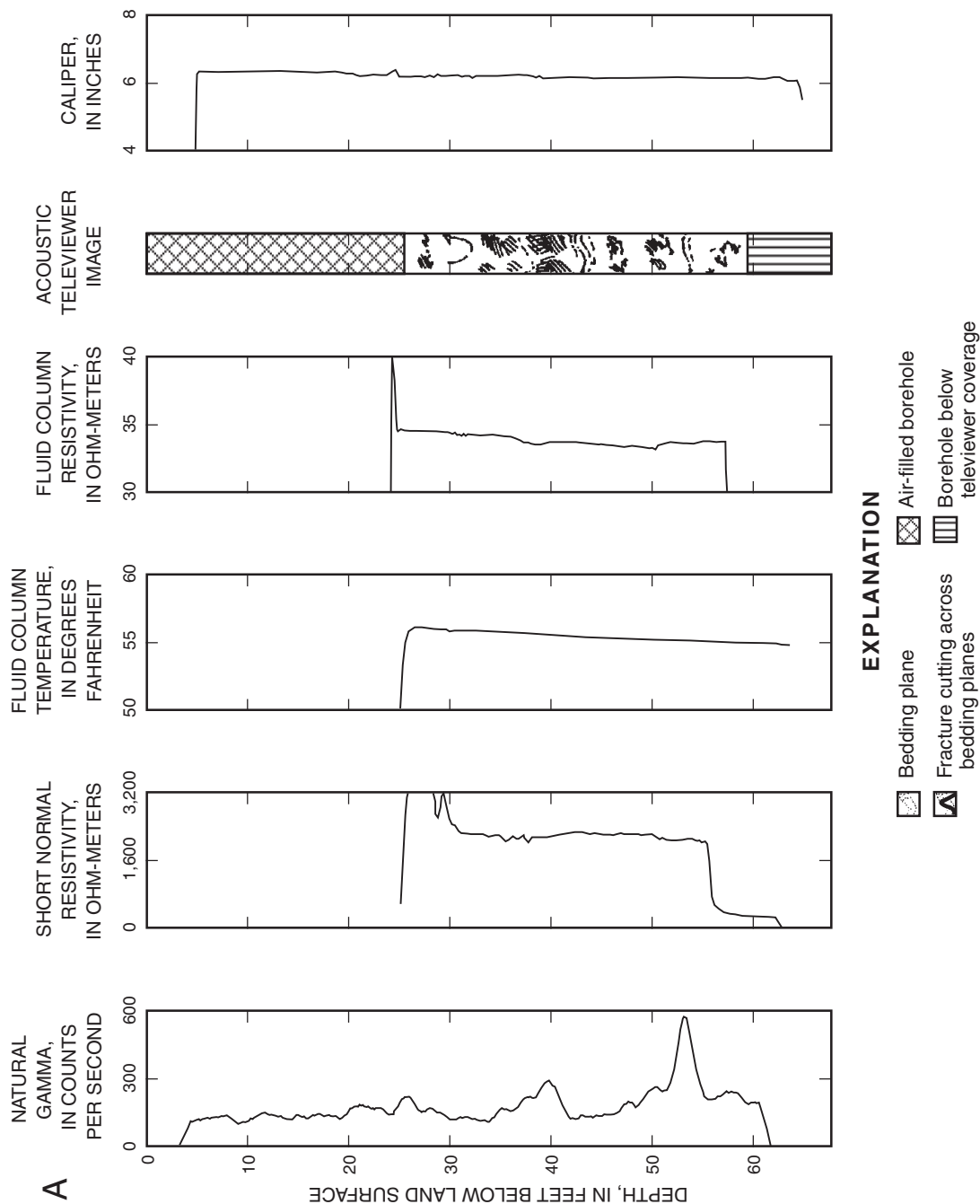


**Figure 8.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-006-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiewer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth.

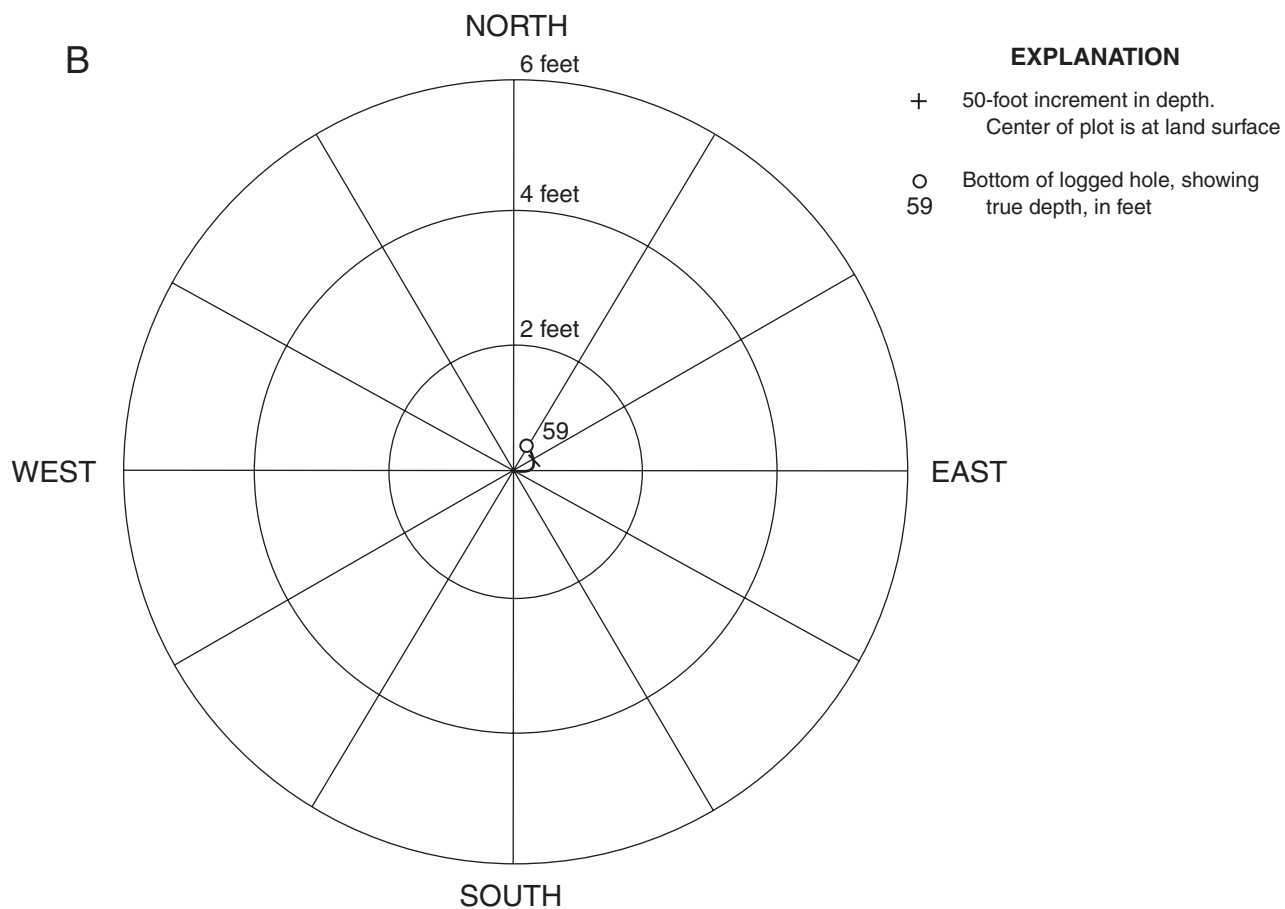




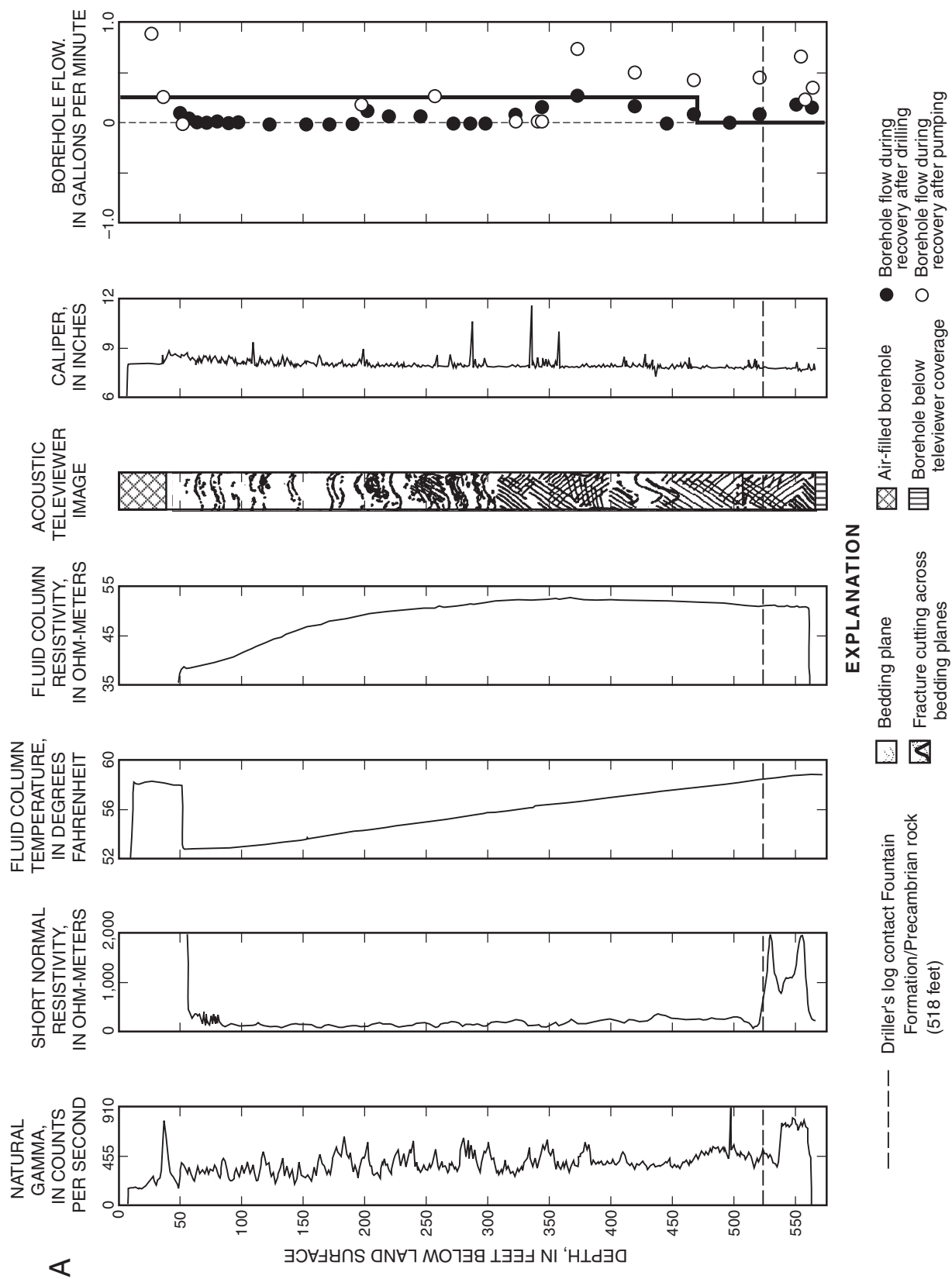
**Figure 8.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-006-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth—Continued.



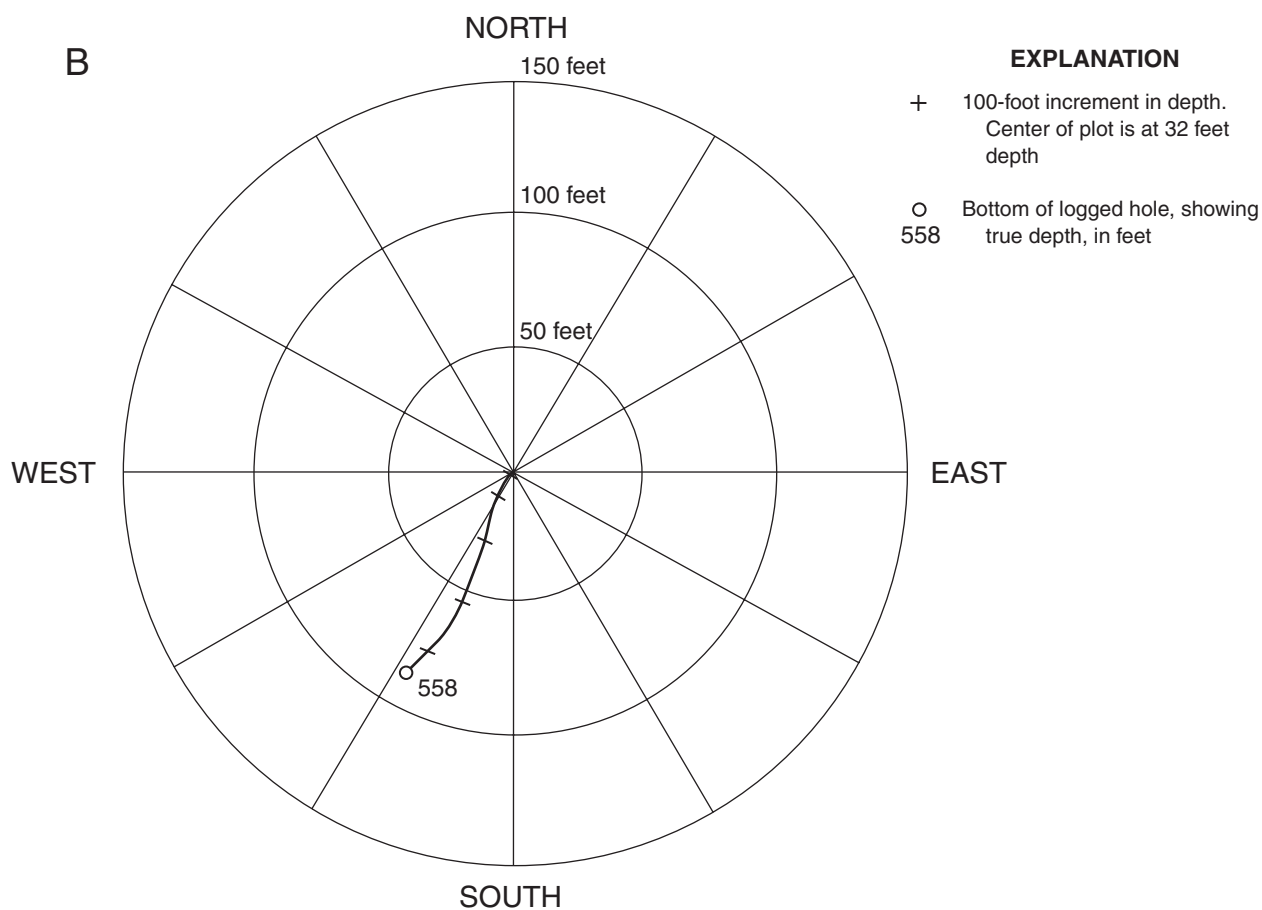
**Figure 9.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-010-F: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, and caliper logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth.



**Figure 9.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-010-F: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiewer, and caliper logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth—Continued.



**Figure 10.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-017-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiewer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth.



**Figure 10.** Geophysical logs for borehole LGMW-017-P: (A) composite of gamma, short-normal resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, televiwer, caliper, and flowmeter logs; and (B) plot of borehole deviation giving coordinates of borehole offset from true vertical as a function of depth—Continued.

**Table 2.** Stratigraphic strike and dip of the Fountain Formation from televiewer logs

[Depth is in feet below land surface; azimuths are in degrees clockwise from north]

| Depth                             | Dip (degrees) |         | Strike azimuth<br>(degrees) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------------|
|                                   | Angle         | Azimuth |                             |
| LGMW-001-P                        |               |         |                             |
| No useful data for strike and dip |               |         |                             |
| LGMW-003-P                        |               |         |                             |
| 137.7                             | 57.0          | 140.9   | 50.9                        |
| 142.5                             | 20.0          | 122.8   | 32.8                        |
| 142.7                             | 18.1          | 90.9    | 0.9                         |
| 147.5                             | 48.0          | 71.9    | 341.9                       |
| 148.1                             | 15.4          | 303.0   | 213.0                       |
| 155.1                             | 30.0          | 85.5    | 355.5                       |
| 163.2                             | 32.1          | 112.0   | 22.0                        |
| 165.4                             | 17.5          | 116.0   | 26.0                        |
| 167.3                             | 66.0          | 8.6     | 278.6                       |
| 169.7                             | 21.1          | 163.4   | 73.4                        |
| 170.7                             | 25.5          | 109.2   | 19.2                        |
| 173.6                             | 20.5          | 166.4   | 76.4                        |
| 176.1                             | 56.7          | 215.9   | 125.9                       |
| 179.7                             | 46.2          | 59.4    | 329.4                       |
| 183.8                             | 26.4          | 39.8    | 309.8                       |
| 188.5                             | 30.4          | 218.4   | 128.4                       |
| 188.9                             | 40.8          | 187.5   | 97.5                        |
| 194.1                             | 51.9          | 189.1   | 99.1                        |
| 199.3                             | 47.7          | 218.1   | 128.1                       |
| 201.7                             | 47.7          | 179.6   | 89.6                        |
| 202.7                             | 48.6          | 176.0   | 86.0                        |
| 203.9                             | 65.1          | 187.8   | 97.8                        |
| 205.0                             | 47.4          | 72.1    | 342.1                       |
| 205.6                             | 64.7          | 59.3    | 329.3                       |
| 206.6                             | 76.8          | 57.7    | 327.7                       |
| 207.5                             | 60.2          | 198.6   | 108.6                       |
| 218.8                             | 35.4          | 79.0    | 349.0                       |
| 220.0                             | 21.9          | 62.3    | 332.3                       |
| 224.2                             | 69.0          | 73.2    | 343.2                       |
| 233.1                             | 39.4          | 80.2    | 350.2                       |
| 235.7                             | 45.7          | 91.8    | 1.8                         |
| 236.2                             | 42.4          | 75.4    | 345.4                       |
| 237.2                             | 22.2          | 68.9    | 338.9                       |
| 238.6                             | 43.2          | 82.1    | 352.1                       |
| 240.4                             | 46.5          | 49.0    | 319.0                       |
| 241.0                             | 64.1          | 47.5    | 317.5                       |
| 241.5                             | 40.6          | 69.3    | 339.3                       |
| 245.4                             | 54.3          | 69.6    | 339.6                       |
| 246.6                             | 37.8          | 68.4    | 338.4                       |

**Table 2.** Stratigraphic strike and dip of the Fountain Formation from televiewer logs—Continued

[Depth is in feet below land surface; azimuths are in degrees clockwise from north]

| Depth                       | Dip (degrees) |         | Strike azimuth<br>(degrees) |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------------|
|                             | Angle         | Azimuth |                             |
| 247.2                       | 53.1          | 53.3    | 323.3                       |
| 249.7                       | 53.6          | 96.0    | 6.0                         |
| 251.1                       | 65.8          | 79.1    | 349.1                       |
| 252.0                       | 41.2          | 78.0    | 348.0                       |
| <b>LGMW-003-P—Continued</b> |               |         |                             |
| 256.4                       | 41.5          | 72.9    | 342.9                       |
| 256.7                       | 50.9          | 59.1    | 329.1                       |
| 260.8                       | 48.6          | 61.2    | 331.2                       |
| 263.5                       | 39.4          | 40.6    | 310.6                       |
| 264.0                       | 50.2          | 76.5    | 346.5                       |
| 266.1                       | 52.0          | 71.5    | 341.5                       |
| 266.5                       | 48.0          | 76.8    | 346.8                       |
| 267.9                       | 39.5          | 54.8    | 324.8                       |
| 269.2                       | 76.3          | 54.2    | 324.2                       |
| 274.2                       | 31.1          | 333.3   | 243.3                       |
| 275.2                       | 56.9          | 348.7   | 258.7                       |
| 281.1                       | 59.4          | 7.2     | 277.2                       |
| 285.9                       | 41.2          | 87.6    | 357.6                       |
| Average                     | 43.4          | 129.2   | 339.9                       |
| <b>LGMW-004-F</b>           |               |         |                             |
| 97.0                        | 67.5          | 96.9    | 6.9                         |
| 121.5                       | 69.9          | 82.4    | 352.4                       |
| 179.5                       | 62.9          | 84.6    | 354.6                       |
| 188.5                       | 62.8          | 86.8    | 356.8                       |
| 204.0                       | 65.3          | 79.7    | 349.9                       |
| 214.0                       | 52.6          | 89.3    | 359.3                       |
| 140.5                       | 65.5          | 74.4    | 344.4                       |
| 165.0                       | 59.2          | 73.7    | 343.7                       |
| 172.5                       | 57.7          | 68.8    | 338.8                       |
| 278.0                       | 62.9          | 85.1    | 355.1                       |
| 324.5                       | 61.8          | 83.3    | 353.3                       |
| 363.0                       | 60.2          | 89.5    | 359.5                       |
| 373.5                       | 59.5          | 86.0    | 356.0                       |
| 385.5                       | 63.4          | 86.8    | 356.8                       |
| 394.0                       | 60.2          | 82.4    | 352.4                       |
| 397.5                       | 63.0          | 74.5    | 344.5                       |
| 429.0                       | 60.0          | 76.5    | 346.5                       |
| 442.0                       | 64.8          | 76.3    | 346.3                       |
| 444.0                       | 74.0          | 95.1    | 5.1                         |
| 461.0                       | 68.8          | 79.1    | 349.1                       |
| 463.5                       | 63.3          | 75.8    | 345.8                       |
| 473.0                       | 63.1          | 67.7    | 337.7                       |
| 491.0                       | 53.0          | 92.9    | 2.9                         |

**Table 2.** Stratigraphic strike and dip of the Fountain Formation from televiewer logs—Continued

[Depth is in feet below land surface; azimuths are in degrees clockwise from north]

| Depth             | Dip (degrees) |         | Strike azimuth (degrees) |
|-------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------------|
|                   | Angle         | Azimuth |                          |
| 516.0             | 61.6          | 88.3    | 358.3                    |
| 522.5             | 55.4          | 83.4    | 353.4                    |
| 537.5             | 57.8          | 84.0    | 354.0                    |
| 558.0             | 54.1          | 78.8    | 348.8                    |
| Average           | 61.4          | 82.3    | 352.3                    |
| <b>LGMW-006-P</b> |               |         |                          |
| 44.9              | 50.2          | 81.6    | 351.6                    |
| 48.2              | 69.5          | 74.5    | 344.5                    |
| 55.3              | 69.8          | 67.7    | 337.7                    |
| 56.7              | 71.6          | 66.2    | 336.2                    |
| 58.4              | 67.5          | 63.5    | 333.5                    |
| 59.4              | 68.9          | 69.0    | 339.0                    |
| 78.6              | 63.0          | 72.0    | 342.0                    |
| 91.5              | 67.9          | 59.8    | 329.8                    |
| 97.0              | 52.0          | 71.7    | 341.7                    |
| 141.4             | 67.0          | 81.2    | 351.2                    |
| 171.0             | 63.5          | 70.5    | 340.5                    |
| 209.4             | 67.9          | 44.9    | 314.9                    |
| 218.6             | 58.6          | 62.2    | 332.2                    |
| 219.2             | 62.1          | 45.9    | 315.9                    |
| 221.4             | 69.5          | 100.3   | 10.3                     |
| 222.2             | 61.7          | 94.2    | 4.2                      |
| 225.8             | 67.1          | 69.1    | 339.1                    |
| 244.2             | 65.2          | 76.1    | 346.1                    |
| 269.5             | 59.9          | 91.0    | 1.1                      |
| 275.8             | 64.4          | 41.1    | 311.1                    |
| 281.1             | 63.6          | 104.8   | 14.8                     |
| 283.8             | 65.5          | 75.0    | 345.0                    |
| 287.3             | 51.9          | 100.3   | 10.3                     |
| 289.2             | 61.6          | 91.7    | 1.7                      |
| 292.0             | 67.8          | 87.9    | 357.9                    |
| Average           | 63.9          | 74.5    | 344.5                    |
| <b>LGMW-010-F</b> |               |         |                          |
| 35.0              | 51.3          | 100.0   | 10.0                     |
| 46.5              | 49.0          | 121.2   | 31.2                     |
| 39.0              | 56.8          | 107.2   | 17.2                     |
| Average           | 52.4          | 109.5   | 19.5                     |
| <b>LGMW-017-P</b> |               |         |                          |
| No useful data    |               |         |                          |



**Table 3.** Strike and dip of fractures from televiewer logs

[Depth is in feet below land surface; azimuths are in degrees clockwise from north]

| Depth                 | Dip (degrees) |         | Strike azimuth (degrees) |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------------|
|                       | Angle         | Azimuth |                          |
| LGMW-001-P            |               |         |                          |
| 111.8                 | 61.4          | 74.4    | 344.4                    |
| 122.5                 | 70.7          | 83.7    | 353.7                    |
| 473.9                 | 65.3          | 78.3    | 348.3                    |
| LGMW-003-P            |               |         |                          |
| No fractures detected |               |         |                          |
| LGMW-004-F            |               |         |                          |
| No fractures detected |               |         |                          |
| LGMW-006-P            |               |         |                          |
| 45.0                  | 42.3          | 55.3    | 325.3                    |
| 48.0                  | 188.7         | 201.7   | 111.7                    |
| 55.3                  | 192.8         | 205.8   | 115.8                    |
| 78.5                  | 186.8         | 199.8   | 109.8                    |
| 81.2                  | 308.1         | 321.1   | 231.1                    |
| 96.2                  | 214.7         | 227.7   | 137.7                    |
| 219.0                 | 47.5          | 60.5    | 330.5                    |
| 222.0                 | 75.8          | 88.8    | 358.8                    |
| 289.9                 | 74.2          | 87.2    | 357.2                    |
| 294.2                 | 56.6          | 69.6    | 339.6                    |
| 324.6                 | 47.2          | 60.2    | 330.2                    |
| 329.2                 | 72.6          | 85.6    | 355.6                    |
| LGMW-010-F            |               |         |                          |
| No fractures detected |               |         |                          |
| LGMW-017-P            |               |         |                          |
| 117.7                 | 34.4          | 47.4    | 317.4                    |
| 147.7                 | 52.6          | 65.6    | 335.6                    |
| 159.1                 | 50.7          | 63.7    | 333.7                    |
| 164.9                 | 69.5          | 82.5    | 352.5                    |
| 169.7                 | 57.0          | 70.0    | 340.0                    |
| 177.4                 | 39.8          | 52.8    | 322.8                    |
| 224.5                 | 58.3          | 71.3    | 341.3                    |
| 278.4                 | 62.6          | 75.6    | 345.6                    |
| 361.4                 | 20.8          | 33.8    | 303.8                    |
| 452.4                 | 87.9          | 100.9   | 10.9                     |
| 538.1                 | 61.7          | 74.7    | 343.7                    |
| 539.4                 | 58.2          | 71.2    | 341.2                    |

**Table 4.** Water-level measurements during logging

[Time is in hours and minutes in 24-hour (military) format; depth is feet below land surface]

|                                                      | Time  | Depth  |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|
| <b>LGMW-001-P</b>                                    |       |        |
| No data                                              |       |        |
| <b>LGMW-003-P</b>                                    |       |        |
| During recovery after dewatering by drilling         |       |        |
|                                                      | 09:53 | 139.40 |
|                                                      | 11:09 | 132.90 |
|                                                      | 12:17 | 127.95 |
| <b>LGMW-004-F</b>                                    |       |        |
| A. During recovery after dewatering by drilling      |       |        |
|                                                      | 11:33 | 55.47  |
|                                                      | 12:30 | 49.95  |
|                                                      | 13:43 | 43.43  |
|                                                      | 14:51 | 39.53  |
|                                                      | 14:56 | 38.97  |
|                                                      | 15:05 | 38.35  |
|                                                      | 15:24 | 37.17  |
|                                                      | 15:47 | 35.78  |
|                                                      | 16:03 | 34.85  |
|                                                      | 16:16 | 34.10  |
|                                                      | 16:33 | 33.20  |
|                                                      | 16:47 | 32.49  |
| B. During recovery after pumping (pump off at 17:12) |       |        |
|                                                      | 17:14 | 60.58  |
|                                                      | 17:26 | 58.77  |
|                                                      | 17:41 | 56.64  |
|                                                      | 18:01 | 54.26  |
|                                                      | 18:20 | 52.21  |
|                                                      | 18:40 | 50.27  |
|                                                      | 19:00 | 48.42  |
|                                                      | 19:20 | 46.70  |
|                                                      | 19:39 | 45.37  |
| <b>LGMW-006-P</b>                                    |       |        |
| A. During recovery after dewatering by drilling      |       |        |
|                                                      | 09:13 | 64.19  |
|                                                      | 10:22 | 55.10  |
|                                                      | 11:15 | 52.00  |
|                                                      | 13:33 | 42.55  |
|                                                      | 14:25 | 39.93  |
| B. During recovery after pumping (pump off at 14:38) |       |        |
|                                                      | 15:07 | 60.28  |
|                                                      | 15:22 | 57.32  |
|                                                      | 15:42 | 53.35  |

**Table 4.** Water-level measurements during logging—Continued

[Time is in hours and minutes in 24-hour (military) format; depth is feet below land surface]

|                                                      | Time  | Depth |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
|                                                      | 15:55 | 51.55 |
| <b>LGMW-010-F</b>                                    |       |       |
| A. During recovery after dewatering by drilling      |       |       |
|                                                      | 13:27 | 26.20 |
|                                                      | 14:20 | 26.20 |
|                                                      | 14:56 | 25.90 |
|                                                      | 15:20 | 25.96 |
| B. During recovery after pumping (pump off at 15:36) |       |       |
|                                                      | 15:39 | 30.95 |
|                                                      | 15:42 | 30.53 |
|                                                      | 15:46 | 30.29 |
|                                                      | 15:50 | 30.23 |
|                                                      | 15:56 | 30.13 |
|                                                      | 16:02 | 29.97 |
|                                                      | 16:13 | 29.61 |
|                                                      | 16:20 | 29.60 |
|                                                      | 16:30 | 29.46 |
| <b>LGMW-017-P</b>                                    |       |       |
| During recovery after dewatering by drilling         |       |       |
|                                                      | 10:20 | 77.75 |
|                                                      | 11:28 | 68.34 |
|                                                      | 11:53 | 65.20 |
|                                                      | 12:32 | 60.60 |
|                                                      | 13:02 | 57.00 |
|                                                      | 13:32 | 53.93 |
|                                                      | 13:40 | 53.15 |
|                                                      | 15:10 | 43.87 |
|                                                      | 17:44 | 32.17 |
|                                                      | 18:14 | 29.98 |
|                                                      | 18:44 | 27.89 |
|                                                      | 19:07 | 26.55 |

**Table 5. Heat-pulse-flowmeter data**

[Depth is in feet below land surface; time is in hours and minutes in 24-hour (military) format; s, seconds; gpm, gallon per minute; >, greater than; <, less than]

| Depth                                                | Time  | $\Delta T^1$<br>(s) | Measured<br>flow <sup>2</sup><br>(gpm) | Drawdown <sup>3</sup><br>(feet) | Drawdown-<br>normali-<br>zation<br>factor <sup>4</sup> | Corrected<br>flow <sup>5</sup><br>(gpm) |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>LGMW-001-P</b>                                    |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| No data                                              |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| <b>LGMW-003-P</b>                                    |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| A. During recovery after dewatering by drilling      |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 137                                                  | 11:33 | 2.2                 | 0.1622                                 | 81.00                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.240                                   |
| 160                                                  | 11:35 | 2.2                 | 0.1622                                 | 80.70                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.240                                   |
| 200                                                  | 11:39 | 1.4                 | 0.2570                                 | 80.40                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.385                                   |
| 240                                                  | 11:42 | 1.7                 | 0.2110                                 | 80.10                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.315                                   |
| 280                                                  | 11:46 | 2.3                 | 0.1550                                 | 79.80                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.235                                   |
| 310                                                  | 11:49 | 3.1                 | 0.1140                                 | 79.50                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.170                                   |
| 320                                                  | 11:53 | 1.9                 | 0.1884                                 | 79.20                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.285                                   |
| 330                                                  | 11:56 | 2.0                 | 0.1788                                 | 79.00                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.270                                   |
| 340                                                  | 11:59 | >30.0               | <0.01                                  | 78.80                           | 0.3                                                    | <0.015                                  |
| 335                                                  | 12:02 | 2.3                 | 0.1550                                 | 78.40                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.235                                   |
| 330                                                  | 12:06 | 2.9                 | 0.1884                                 | 78.00                           | 0.3                                                    | 0.285                                   |
| <b>LGMW-004-F</b>                                    |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| A. During recovery after dewatering by drilling      |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 47                                                   | 15:04 | 20.9                | 0.0136                                 | 11.87                           | 2.1                                                    | 0.143                                   |
| 70                                                   | 15:10 | 15.1                | 0.0203                                 | 11.67                           | 2.1                                                    | 0.213                                   |
| 69                                                   | 15:14 | 16.5                | 0.0183                                 | 11.50                           | 2.2                                                    | 0.201                                   |
| 107                                                  | 15:19 | 16.8                | 0.0179                                 | 11.35                           | 2.2                                                    | 0.197                                   |
| 130                                                  | 15:23 | 12.9                | 0.0245                                 | 11.23                           | 2.3                                                    | 0.282                                   |
| 117                                                  | 15:31 | 21.6                | 0.0130                                 | 10.97                           | 2.3                                                    | 0.150                                   |
| 160                                                  | 15:36 | 14.1                | 0.0220                                 | 10.80                           | 2.3                                                    | 0.253                                   |
| 200                                                  | 15:41 | 9.5                 | 0.0345                                 | 10.65                           | 2.3                                                    | 0.397                                   |
| 189                                                  | 15:49 | 17.6                | 0.0169                                 | 10.37                           | 2.4                                                    | 0.203                                   |
| 260                                                  | 15:53 | 10.9                | 0.0296                                 | 10.23                           | 2.4                                                    | 0.355                                   |
| 310                                                  | 15:57 | 15.5                | 0.0218                                 | 10.05                           | 2.5                                                    | 0.273                                   |
| 360                                                  | 16:04 | 14.2                | 0.0242                                 | 9.87                            | 2.5                                                    | 0.303                                   |
| 404                                                  | 16:06 | 13.0                | 0.0309                                 | 9.82                            | 2.5                                                    | 0.386                                   |
| 435                                                  | 16:12 | 10.5                | 0.0276                                 | 9.64                            | 2.6                                                    | 0.359                                   |
| 460                                                  | 16:16 | 11.6                | 0.0279                                 | 9.47                            | 2.6                                                    | 0.363                                   |
| 500                                                  | 16:20 | 17.6                | 0.0169                                 | 9.33                            | 2.7                                                    | 0.228                                   |
| 510                                                  | 16:27 | 15.7                | 0.0194                                 | 9.10                            | 2.7                                                    | 0.262                                   |
| 544                                                  | 16:32 | 10.2                | 0.0319                                 | 8.93                            | 2.8                                                    | 0.447                                   |
| 535                                                  | 16:39 | 20.1                | 0.0144                                 | 8.53                            | 2.9                                                    | 0.209                                   |
| 558                                                  | 16:44 | >25                 | <0.01                                  | 8.10                            | 3.1                                                    | <0.150                                  |
| B. During recovery after pumping (pump off at 17:12) |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 558                                                  | 17:13 | >25                 | <0.01                                  | 35.30                           | 0.7                                                    | <0.04                                   |
| 544                                                  | 17:14 | 17.1                | 0.0175                                 | 35.00                           | 0.7                                                    | 0.062                                   |

**Table 5.** Heat-pulse-flowmeter data—Continued

[Depth is in feet below land surface; time is in hours and minutes in 24-hour (military) format; s, seconds; gpm, gallon per minute; >, greater than; <, less than]

| Depth                                           | Time  | $\Delta T^1$<br>(s) | Measured<br>flow <sup>2</sup><br>(gpm) | Drawdown <sup>3</sup><br>(feet) | Drawdown-<br>normali-<br>zation<br>factor <sup>4</sup> | Corrected<br>flow <sup>5</sup><br>(gpm) |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>LGMW-004-F—Continued</b>                     |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 535                                             | 17:18 | 18.6                | 0.0107                                 | 33.50                           | 0.7                                                    | 0.038                                   |
| 510                                             | 17:24 | 10.7                | 0.0303                                 | 32.50                           | 0.8                                                    | 0.121                                   |
| 500                                             | 17:28 | 14.3                | 0.0217                                 | 32.40                           | 0.8                                                    | 0.087                                   |
| 485                                             | 17:32 | 6.0                 | 0.0570                                 | 31.45                           | 0.8                                                    | 0.228                                   |
| 473                                             | 17:37 | 14.4                | 0.0215                                 | 29.20                           | 0.9                                                    | 0.097                                   |
| 544                                             | 17:59 | 9.5                 | 0.0346                                 | 28.30                           | 0.9                                                    | 0.156                                   |
| 535                                             | 18:03 | 14.1                | 0.0220                                 | 27.80                           | 0.9                                                    | 0.099                                   |
| 524                                             | 18:08 | 13.9                | 0.0224                                 | 27.20                           | 0.9                                                    | 0.101                                   |
| 510                                             | 18:10 | 13.2                | 0.0238                                 | 27.00                           | 0.9                                                    | 0.107                                   |
| 500                                             | 18:14 | 19.6                | 0.0148                                 | 26.40                           | 0.9                                                    | 0.070                                   |
| 485                                             | 18:18 | 9.6                 | 0.0342                                 | 26.20                           | 1.0                                                    | 0.171                                   |
| 473                                             | 18:23 | 11.5                | 0.0279                                 | 25.70                           | 1.0                                                    | 0.140                                   |
| 460                                             | 18:25 | 8.7                 | 0.0381                                 | 25.50                           | 1.0                                                    | 0.191                                   |
| 435                                             | 18:29 | 10.3                | 0.0316                                 | 25.10                           | 1.0                                                    | 0.158                                   |
| 380                                             | 18:36 | 14.7                | 0.0216                                 | 24.40                           | 1.0                                                    | 0.108                                   |
| 360                                             | 18:39 | 14.5                | 0.0213                                 | 23.10                           | 1.1                                                    | 0.117                                   |
| 330                                             | 18:43 | 10.9                | 0.0296                                 | 23.70                           | 1.1                                                    | 0.163                                   |
| 310                                             | 18:47 | 14.4                | 0.0215                                 | 23.30                           | 1.1                                                    | 0.118                                   |
| 285                                             | 18:55 | 17.0                | 0.0176                                 | 22.50                           | 1.1                                                    | 0.097                                   |
| 235                                             | 18:59 | 19.0                | 0.0154                                 | 22.20                           | 1.1                                                    | 0.085                                   |
| 200                                             | 19:02 | 17.5                | 0.0170                                 | 21.80                           | 1.1                                                    | 0.094                                   |
| 160                                             | 19:08 | 12.1                | 0.0264                                 | 21.35                           | 1.2                                                    | 0.158                                   |
| 130                                             | 19:14 | 19.3                | 0.0156                                 | 20.80                           | 1.2                                                    | 0.094                                   |
| 69                                              | 19:29 | 25.1                | 0.0107                                 | 19.60                           | 1.3                                                    | 0.070                                   |
| <b>LGMW-006-P</b>                               |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| A. During recovery after dewatering by drilling |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 45                                              | 13:02 | 3.9                 | 0.0898                                 | 34.8                            | 0.7                                                    | 0.314                                   |
| 70                                              | 13:08 | 3.6                 | 0.0976                                 | 34.2                            | 0.7                                                    | 0.342                                   |
| 90                                              | 13:10 | 4.7                 | 0.0739                                 | 33.8                            | 0.7                                                    | 0.259                                   |
| 100                                             | 13:14 | 16.5                | 0.0183                                 | 33.4                            | 0.7                                                    | 0.064                                   |
| 115                                             | 13:22 | 16.6                | 0.0181                                 | 33.0                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.063                                   |
| 145                                             | 13:29 | 7.5                 | 0.0448                                 | 32.6                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.179                                   |
| 200                                             | 13:41 | 3.0                 | 0.1179                                 | 32.2                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.472                                   |
| 250                                             | 13:48 | 2.6                 | 0.1366                                 | 31.8                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.546                                   |
| 290                                             | 13:52 | 1.7                 | 0.2110                                 | 31.2                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.844                                   |
| 310                                             | 13:54 | 1.8                 | 0.1991                                 | 30.7                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.796                                   |
| 340                                             | 13:57 | 4.0                 | 0.0875                                 | 30.0                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.350                                   |
| 390                                             | 14:05 | -5.4                | -0.0715                                | 29.7                            | 0.8                                                    | -0.286                                  |
| 396                                             | 14:11 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 29.4                            | 0.8                                                    | <0.04                                   |
| 360                                             | 14:16 | 1.6                 | 0.2244                                 | 29.2                            | 0.8                                                    | 0.897                                   |
| 375                                             | 14:21 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 28.7                            | 0.8                                                    | <0.04                                   |

**Table 5.** Heat-pulse-flowmeter data—Continued

[Depth is in feet below land surface; time is in hours and minutes in 24-hour (military) format; s, seconds; gpm, gallon per minute; >, greater than; <, less than]

| Depth                                                | Time  | $\Delta T^1$<br>(s) | Measured<br>flow <sup>2</sup><br>(gpm) | Drawdown <sup>3</sup><br>(feet) | Drawdown-<br>normali-<br>zation<br>factor <sup>4</sup> | Corrected<br>flow <sup>5</sup><br>(gpm) |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>LGMW-006-P—Continued</b>                          |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| B. During recovery after pumping (pump off at 14:38) |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 390                                                  | 15:02 | -8.2                | -0.0484                                | 51.2                            | 0.5                                                    | -0.121                                  |
| 375                                                  | 15:04 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 50.7                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.03                                   |
| 360                                                  | 15:07 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 50.3                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.03                                   |
| 340                                                  | 15:09 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 49.8                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.03                                   |
| 310                                                  | 15:11 | 2.6                 | 0.1366                                 | 49.3                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.342                                   |
| 290                                                  | 15:14 | 2.3                 | 0.1550                                 | 48.8                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.388                                   |
| 250                                                  | 15:18 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 48.3                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.03                                   |
| 200                                                  | 15:21 | 4.3                 | 0.0811                                 | 47.8                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.203                                   |
| 175                                                  | 15:25 | 5.3                 | 0.0651                                 | 47.3                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.163                                   |
| 145                                                  | 15:28 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 46.7                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.03                                   |
| 135                                                  | 15:31 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 46.2                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.03                                   |
| 115                                                  | 15:32 | 15.4                | 0.0199                                 | 45.6                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.049                                   |
| 100                                                  | 15:37 | >20.0               | <0.01                                  | 45.0                            | 0.6                                                    | <0.03                                   |
| 90                                                   | 15:41 | 19.0                | 0.0154                                 | 44.3                            | 0.6                                                    | 0.046                                   |
| <b>LGMW-010-F</b>                                    |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| No data                                              |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| <b>LGMW-017-P</b>                                    |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| During recovery after dewatering by drilling         |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 569                                                  | 11:39 | 4.3                 | 0.0811                                 | 56.8                            | 0.4                                                    | 0.162                                   |
| 557                                                  | 11:40 | 3.9                 | 0.0898                                 | 56.5                            | 0.4                                                    | 0.180                                   |
| 525                                                  | 11:47 | 8.6                 | 0.0386                                 | 55.8                            | 0.4                                                    | 0.077                                   |
| 500                                                  | 11:53 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 55.1                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 470                                                  | 11:55 | 8.9                 | 0.0372                                 | 54.8                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.093                                   |
| 450                                                  | 12:00 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 54.1                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 425                                                  | 12:04 | 4.8                 | 0.0722                                 | 53.6                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.181                                   |
| 375                                                  | 12:12 | 3.6                 | 0.0976                                 | 52.0                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.244                                   |
| 350                                                  | 12:18 | 6.3                 | 0.0541                                 | 51.3                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.135                                   |
| 325                                                  | 12:25 | 14.0                | 0.0222                                 | 50.6                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.056                                   |
| 305                                                  | 12:34 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 49.9                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 290                                                  | 12:37 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 49.4                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 275                                                  | 12:41 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 48.8                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 250                                                  | 12:43 | 17.5                | 0.0170                                 | 48.3                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.043                                   |
| 225                                                  | 12:49 | 15.5                | 0.0197                                 | 47.9                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.049                                   |
| 195                                                  | 12:57 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 47.3                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 201                                                  | 13:00 | 8.0                 | 0.0418                                 | 47.0                            | 0.5                                                    | 0.104                                   |
| 175                                                  | 13:04 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 46.6                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 155                                                  | 13:10 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 46.0                            | 0.5                                                    | <0.025                                  |
| 125                                                  | 13:16 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 45.2                            | 0.6                                                    | <0.030                                  |
| 100                                                  | 13:19 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 44.8                            | 0.6                                                    | <0.030                                  |
| 92                                                   | 13:22 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 44.2                            | 0.6                                                    | <0.030                                  |

**Table 5.** Heat-pulse-flowmeter data—Continued

[Depth is in feet below land surface; time is in hours and minutes in 24-hour (military) format; s, seconds; gpm, gallon per minute; >, greater than; <, less than]

| Depth                       | Time  | $\Delta T^1$<br>(s) | Measured<br>flow <sup>2</sup><br>(gpm) | Drawdown <sup>3</sup><br>(feet) | Drawdown-<br>normali-<br>zation<br>factor <sup>4</sup> | Corrected<br>flow <sup>5</sup><br>(gpm) |
|-----------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>LGMW-017-P—Continued</b> |       |                     |                                        |                                 |                                                        |                                         |
| 88                          | 13:24 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 44.0                            | 0.6                                                    | <0.030                                  |
| 75                          | 13:28 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 43.7                            | 0.6                                                    | <0.030                                  |
| 70                          | 13:32 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 43.5                            | 0.6                                                    | <0.030                                  |
| 60                          | 13:36 | 16.0                | 0.0190                                 | 42.9                            | 0.6                                                    | 0.057                                   |
| 55                          | 13:39 | 14.0                | 0.0222                                 | 42.5                            | 0.6                                                    | 0.067                                   |
| 569                         | 17:30 | 5.9                 | 0.0581                                 | 22.7                            | 1.1                                                    | 0.320                                   |
| 557                         | 17:43 | 9.3                 | 0.0354                                 | 21.8                            | 1.1                                                    | 0.195                                   |
| 557                         | 17:48 | 3.4                 | 0.1036                                 | 21.4                            | 1.2                                                    | 0.621                                   |
| 525                         | 18:03 | 4.5                 | 0.0773                                 | 20.8                            | 1.2                                                    | 0.464                                   |
| 470                         | 18:09 | 4.9                 | 0.0707                                 | 20.3                            | 1.2                                                    | 0.424                                   |
| 425                         | 18:16 | 4.6                 | 0.0755                                 | 19.8                            | 1.3                                                    | 0.491                                   |
| 375                         | 18:24 | 3.1                 | 0.1140                                 | 19.4                            | 1.3                                                    | 0.741                                   |
| 350                         | 18:28 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 19.1                            | 1.3                                                    | <0.065                                  |
| 345                         | 18:32 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 18.8                            | 1.3                                                    | <0.065                                  |
| 355                         | 18:34 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 18.5                            | 1.3                                                    | <0.065                                  |
| 325                         | 18:38 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 18.2                            | 1.4                                                    | <0.070                                  |
| 250                         | 18:44 | 10.1                | 0.0323                                 | 17.9                            | 1.4                                                    | 0.226                                   |
| 202                         | 18:49 | 11.5                | 0.0279                                 | 17.6                            | 1.4                                                    | 0.195                                   |
| 75                          | 18:59 | 16.6                | 0.0181                                 | 17.3                            | 1.4                                                    | 0.127                                   |
| 55                          | 19:03 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 17.0                            | 1.5                                                    | <0.0705                                 |
| 30                          | 19:07 | 3.2                 | 0.1103                                 | 16.7                            | 1.6                                                    | 0.882                                   |
| 40                          | 19:09 | 11.7                | 0.0274                                 | 16.3                            | 1.6                                                    | 0.219                                   |
| 55                          | 19:12 | >20                 | <0.01                                  | 15.9                            | 1.6                                                    | <0.080                                  |

<sup>1</sup>Heat-pulse-response time, given as the average of three or more consecutive measurements recorded after any initial trend in heat-pulse magnitude.

<sup>2</sup>Flow response based on flow-column calibrations in smooth-walled laboratory environment; positive flows are upward and negative flows are downward.

<sup>3</sup>Drawdown estimated to each flow-measurement time by fitting a smoothed curve to discrete water-level measurements and projecting water level to an approximate steady-state level.

<sup>4</sup>Normalization factor based on projecting measured flow to the flow at 25 feet of drawdown; rounded off to nearest tenth because of the approximate nature of the normalization.

<sup>5</sup>Flow multiplied by 5.0 bypass factor established for heat-pulse flowmeter in rough-walled boreholes similar to those at Lariat Gulch, as verified by field calibration, and normalized to flow expected at 25 feet of drawdown.

## **Borehold LGMW-001-P**

No flowmeter data are available for this well, and no water-level-recovery data were available because the well was flowing at top of casing. The televiewer log is not shown because the mudcake on the walls obscured the image along most of the borehole; fracture information is summarized in table 3. Available logs are shown in figure 5A.

## **Borehole LGMW-003-P**

All inflow (water flowing into the borehole) was unambiguously attributed to a single, relatively tight (transmissivity less than 2 feet squared per day [ $\text{ft}^2/\text{d}$ ]) feature (stratum or fracture) near the bottom of the borehole at a depth between 335 and 340 feet (fig. 6A). Lack of significant inflow indicates low permeability in the vicinity of the contact between the Fountain Formation and the Precambrian rock. The short normal resistivity log indicates that the top of crystalline rock is at a depth of about 295 feet. The televiewer image of bedding planes in the Fountain Formation shows variation in strike and dip with depth, and many of the planes appear to depart from the expected image of the intersection of a dipping plane with the borehole; the beds appeared contorted, more like foliation than bedding.

## **Borehole LGMW-004-F**

All inflow appears to enter the borehole below 550 feet, and no other inflow zones were indicated by the fluid-column temperature or resistivity logs (fig. 7A). Bedding planes within the Fountain Formation appear to dip consistently eastward at about 60 degrees, generally striking about 10 degrees west of north (table 2).

## **Borehole LGMW-006-P**

This borehole (fig. 8A), though drilled to a depth of about 462 feet, could only be logged to a maximum depth of about 402 feet (caliper log) because of an obstruction in the borehole at that depth; therefore logging did not extend to the contact between the Fountain Formation and the Precambrian crystalline rocks, which is at a depth of about 410 feet, according to the driller's log (Marsha Bates, Shaw Group, Inc., written commun., 2002). Most inflow appears to enter the borehole just below a depth of 360 feet. The identification of downflow (water flowing down the borehole) at a depth of about 390 feet indicates a bedding plane fracture or thin permeable bed with lower hydraulic head below that depth. The measured flow rates and the observed rate of recovery after drilling indicate that all inflow zones are of low permeability (transmissivity less than  $2 \text{ ft}^2/\text{d}$ ). A conspicuous borehole enlargement at a depth of about 300 feet is so highly altered and damaged by drilling that no strike or dip can be assigned. Two borehole enlargements at depths of about 325 and 330 feet clearly are fractures dipping to the east. On the basis of the flowmeter data, neither of these fractures have substantial permeability. The fluid-column logs indicate an outflow (water flowing out of the borehole) zone for the weak downflow at about 392 feet. Fluid-column logs do not indicate the inflow zone in the 370- to 385-foot interval because water entering at that depth flows upward and downward, causing no change in water quality at the inflowing fracture. The fluid-column logs indicate no measurable inflow from the pair of dipping fractures at about 325 and 330 feet, but indicate some weak inflow occurred at the borehole enlargement



near 300 feet, and additional weak inflow occurred at the 130- to 150-foot interval. Even with all of these inflow points, total borehole transmissivity is estimated to be less than 2 ft<sup>2</sup>/d.

## **Borehole LGMW-010-F**

This borehole (fig. 9A) is shallow (about 65 feet deep) with very little measurable inflow and no clearly defined inflow point. Flowmeter data (not shown in fig. 9A) gave spurious results, varying from no measurable flow to upflow as great as 3 gpm. Flowmeter data were rejected because, in the judgment of the senior author, the data indicated convective overturning of the fluid column and not true vertical flow. Convective overturning was indicated by low formation permeability, short borehole length, small total drawdown, and logging immediately after drilling; drilling causes thermal disequilibrium in the formation, which drives convective overturning. Water production during recovery probably was equal to the average of 0.2 gpm determined from the slow rise in water level.

## **Borehole LGMW-017-P**

All inflow came from below a depth of 560 feet (fig. 10A). The fluid-column logs did not provide any indication of other inflow points. The televiwer log provided limited information for stratigraphic strike and dip of the Fountain Formation because of a mudcake along most of the borehole wall (table 2); fracture information is summarized in table 3.

## **Overview of Lariat Gulch Logs**

In the deeper boreholes, the combination of gamma and short-normal resistivity logs indicates a bedded Fountain Formation with relatively high gamma counts and relatively low resistivity in more shaley intervals. However, differentiation between sand and shale in the sequence is not as direct as it is for most sedimentary rocks because of local concentrations of naturally occurring uranium within the rock and relatively unweathered, feldspar-rich rock fragments in the arkosic sandstone intervals. Therefore, the gamma and resistivity logs indicate bedding within the Fountain Formation, but a simple and direct relation between either resistivity or gamma activity and lithology probably cannot be given. In the case of two boreholes that were drilled through the Fountain Formation and into crystalline basement rocks (LGMW-003-P and LGMW-017-P), the contact is shown as an abrupt shift to higher formation resistivity (figs. 6A and 10A).

The number of features judged to be bedding planes (table 2) or fractures (table 3) varies widely among the boreholes, depending on the texture of the borehole wall, the bedding within the formation, and the effects of borehole environment and natural mud in the drilling fluid on the quality of the televiwer-log image. The average strike and dip of these bedding planes (corrected for borehole deviation and magnetic declination) (table 2) show considerable variation, ranging over about 43–64 degrees for dip, and from about 21 degrees west of north clockwise to about 20 degrees east of north for strike. These variations probably represent local shifts in the structure of the Fountain Formation that result from deformation and uplift along the western margin of the Denver Basin. Boreholes LGMW-003-P and LGMW-006-P show substantial variation in the orientation of strike and dip. Otherwise, the strike and dip of beds given in table 2 are consistent with the steeply eastward-dipping nature of Fountain Formation beds at the Lariat Gulch site.

The very low values of measured flow make interpretation of flowmeter logs difficult. With the nominal flow-measurement resolution of the flowmeter of 0.01 gpm (Hess, 1986) multiplied by a bypass factor of 5.0, the

resolution of the data set is about 0.05 gpm, a major fraction of the recovery rate in the boreholes. Thus, much of the scatter in the data results from the flow shifting into and out of the effective measurement range.

Other reasons that made flowmeter-log data difficult to model were that (1) only the deepest inflow zones could be identified, and (2) the logs were not run at true steady-state conditions. The simplest approach is to simulate the recovery as if it were steady upflow at an average drawdown equal to the upflow as indicated by both the measured borehole flow and the average rate of water-level recovery multiplied by the 2.6-gallon-per-foot volume of the 8-inch borehole. Transmissivity values estimated by this approach (table 6) ranged from about 0.5 to 1.85 ft<sup>2</sup>/d. These transmissivity estimates indicate that the permeability of any sandstone beds, bedding-plane openings, or fractures intersecting the boreholes is very low—fully two orders of magnitude less than permeabilities determined for fractures in intensively fractured rock at Mirror Lake in New Hampshire (Paillet and others, 1987; Paillet, 1998) and Raymond Quarry in California (Karasaki and others, 2000).

**Table 6.** Summary of heat-pulse-flowmeter results

[Depth is in feet below land surface; gpm, gallon per minute; ft<sup>2</sup>/d, feet squared per day; —, no data]

| Borehole   | Depth of primary inflow zone | Average drawdown (feet) | Recovery rate (gpm) | Transmissivity estimate (ft <sup>2</sup> /d) |
|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| LGMW-001-P | —                            | —                       | —                   | —                                            |
| LGMW-003-P | 335-340                      | 80                      | 0.21                | 0.50                                         |
| LGMW-004-F | 550-560                      | 20                      | 0.25                | 1.85                                         |
| LGMW-006-P | 300-360                      | 25                      | 0.20                | 1.40                                         |
| LGMW-010-F | 30-60                        | 10                      | 0.08                | 1.45                                         |
| LGMW-017-P | 560-600                      | 35                      | 0.25                | 1.30                                         |

## SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Six boreholes at the Lariat Gulch site were logged with a suite of gamma, normal-resistivity, fluid-column temperature and resistivity, caliper, televiwer and heat-pulse-flowmeter probes. The log data were analyzed to identify fractures and bedding planes and to help determine the contact between the sedimentary Fountain Formation and the underlying Precambrian crystalline rock. The logs indicated relatively few fractures intersecting the boreholes. None of these fractures are estimated to have transmissivity values greater than 2 ft<sup>2</sup>/d. Water-producing zones were of such low transmissivity in the Lariat Gulch boreholes that the high-resolution heat-pulse flowmeter could barely detect upflow during water-level recovery after drilling. The scatter in the flowmeter data was so great that crossflow (vertical movement of flow in the borehole from one water-producing zone to another) could not be positively identified. But the trends in the flow data combined with inflections in the fluid-column temperature and resistivity logs suggested that some crossflow may exist, especially in the case of borehole LGMW-006-P, where downflow was measured in the lower part of the borehole. However, the hydraulic head difference associated with this one definite case of crossflow could not be estimated. The scatter in the data also identified the deepest water-producing zone to be the bottom of the upflow regime during recovery, but other water-producing zones may exist in the interval above those deepest zones. However, the transmissivity of these upper zones cannot be more than a fraction of the low average transmissivity (always less than 2 ft<sup>2</sup>/d) estimated for each borehole. Although the quality of the flowmeter-log data

makes log interpretation difficult in this study, previous results with the same suite of logs in similar geological formations under similar logging conditions leave little doubt that if highly transmissive features such as bedding planes or fractures intersected the six Lariat Gulch boreholes, those features would have been detected.

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