



ChemBioDefense November, 2003

**In vitro
Characterization
of Recombinant
Human BuChE
(Protexia) as a
Potential
Bioscavenger**

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Report Documentation Page				Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188	
Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to a penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.					
1. REPORT DATE 01 OCT 2005		2. REPORT TYPE N/A		3. DATES COVERED -	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE In vitro Characterization of Recombinant Human BuChE (Protexia) as a Potential Bioscavenger				5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Pharmacology Division U.S. Army Medical Research Institute of Chemical Defense Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release, distribution unlimited					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES See also ADM001851, Proceedings of the 2003 Joint Service Scientific Conference on Chemical & Biological Defense Research, 17-20 November 2003. , The original document contains color images.					
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT UU	18. NUMBER OF PAGES 20	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified			

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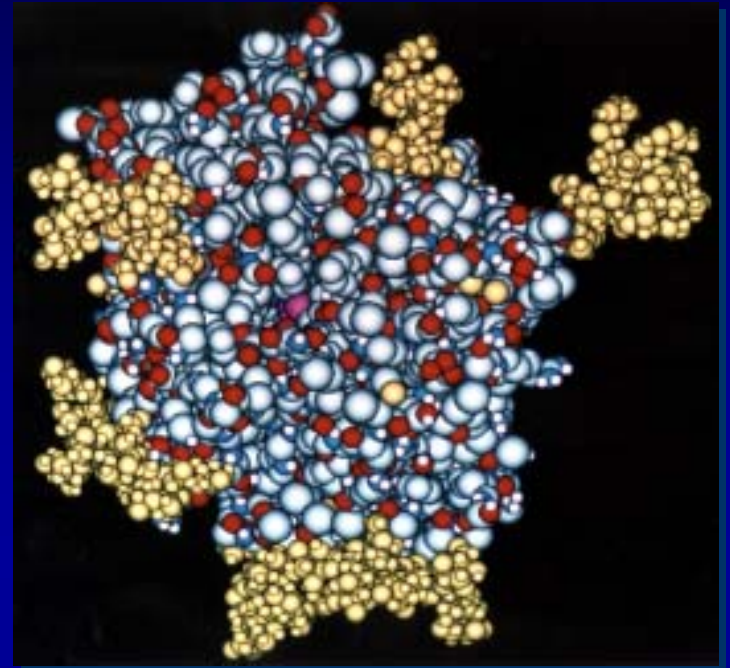
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Objectives

- ◆ Demonstrate improved medical protection against nerve agents
- ◆ Develop a prophylactic that detoxifies nerve agents at a rate sufficient to protect against 5LD₅₀ exposure
- ◆ Prophylactic should:
 - Be non-toxic
 - Produce no adverse side effects
 - Have no adverse effect on performance
 - Be easy to administer
 - Have a long biological half-life



3-D model of BuChE allows for rational drug design and molecular biology approaches to development of biological scavengers.



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Concept

- ◆ Provide a pretreatment capable of protecting against up to 5xLD₅₀ of nerve agent with no side effects and no need for additional protective clothing or therapy



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Potential Bioscavengers

Efforts to date have focused on BuChE of human origin

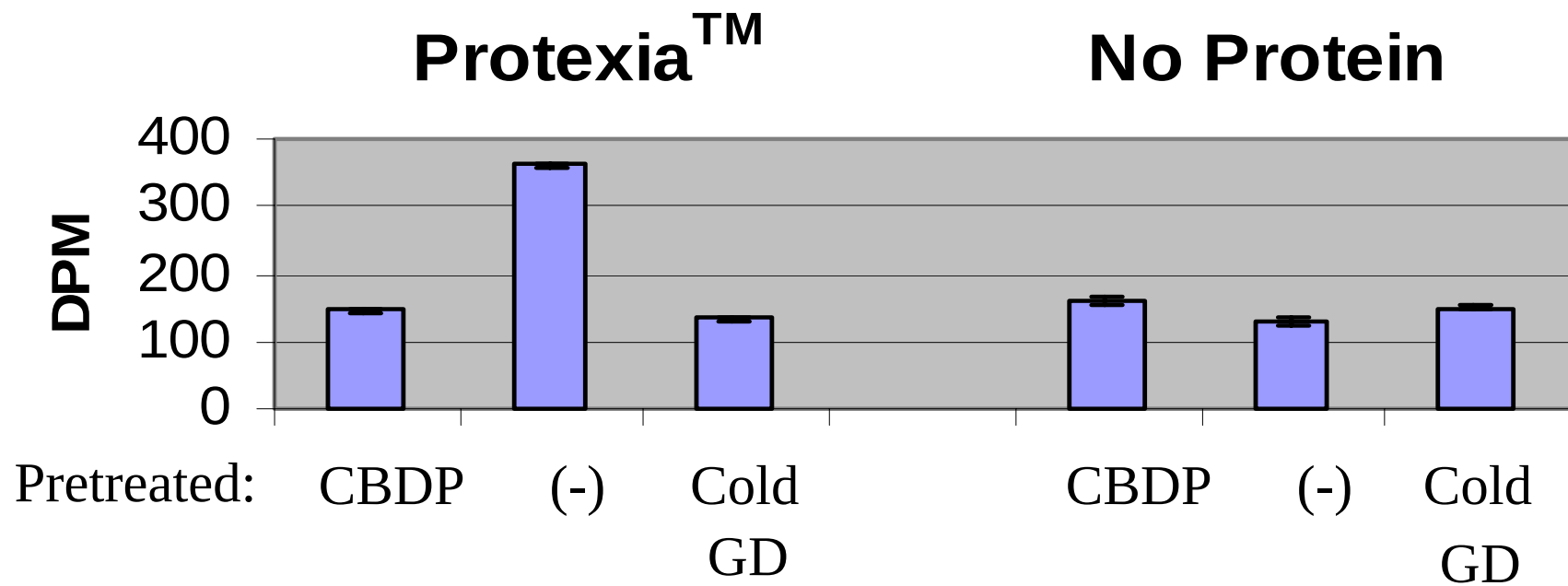
- **Production of Hu BChE From Cohn Fraction IV-4**
 - single band on SDS-PAGE
 - ~ 20 g = 14 million units of purified BChE
 - >98% pure; specific activity ~700 U/mg
- **Material (Protexia™) from milk of transgenic goats is now available**
 - Hu-BuChE gene fused to a milk promoter
 - Expression is directed to the milk of transgenic goats
 - Purified material has Specific activity ~595 U/mg

Need to characterize Protexia™ versus plasma derived material



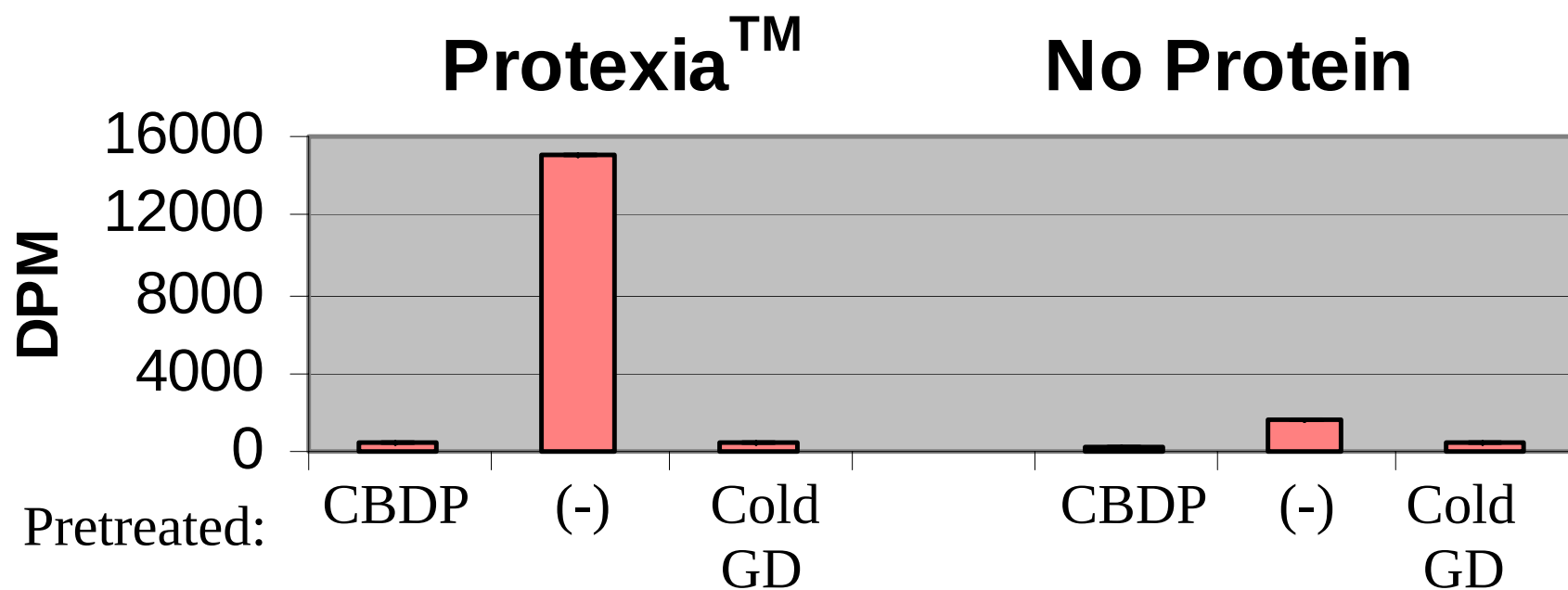
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Protexia™ Binds H³-Soman

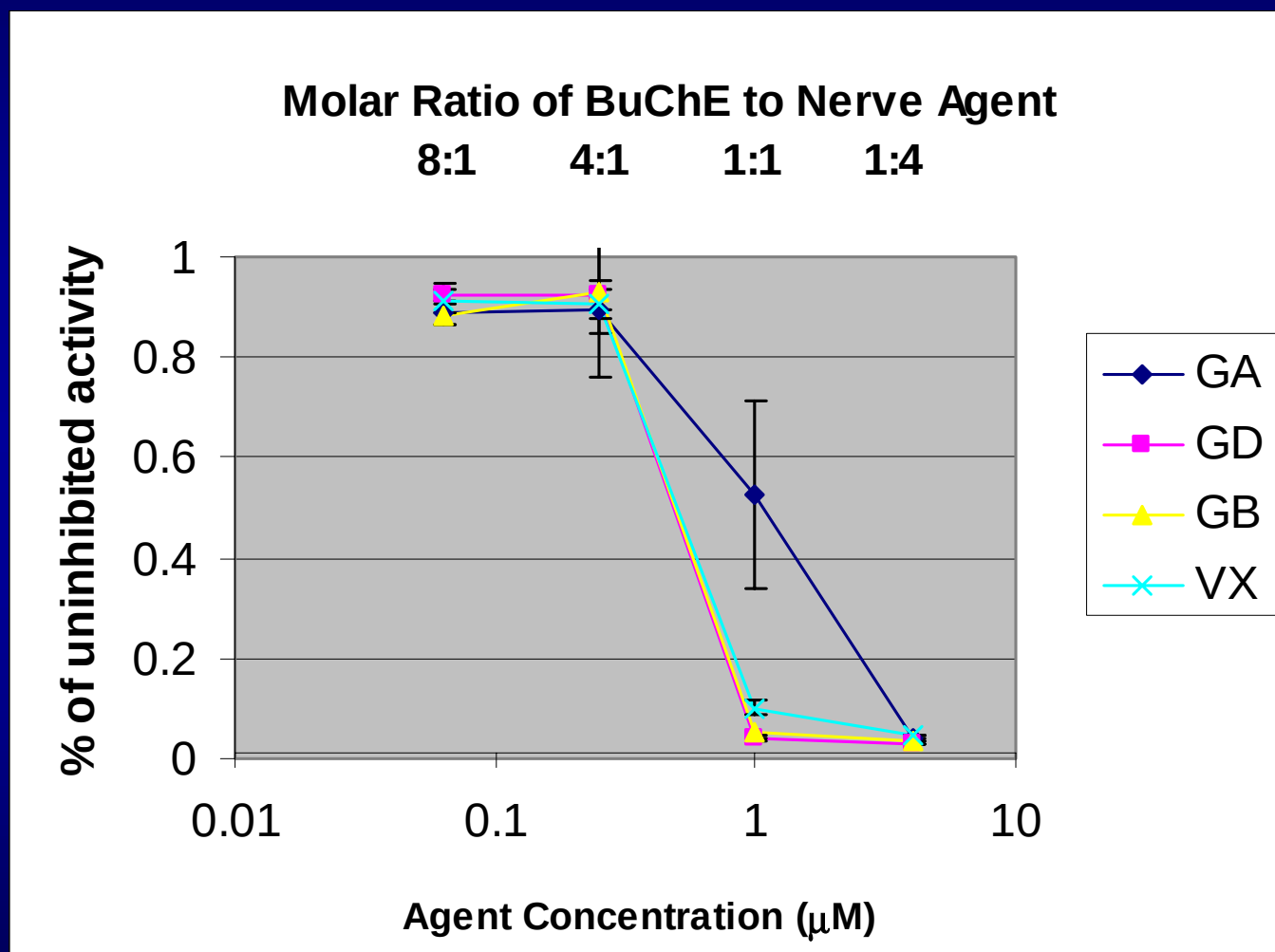


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Protexia™ Binds H³-DFP

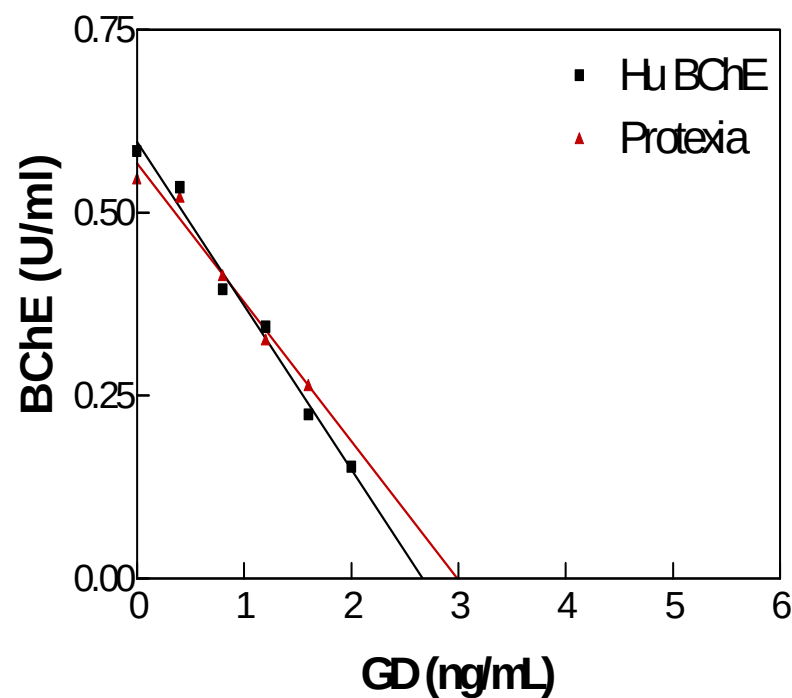
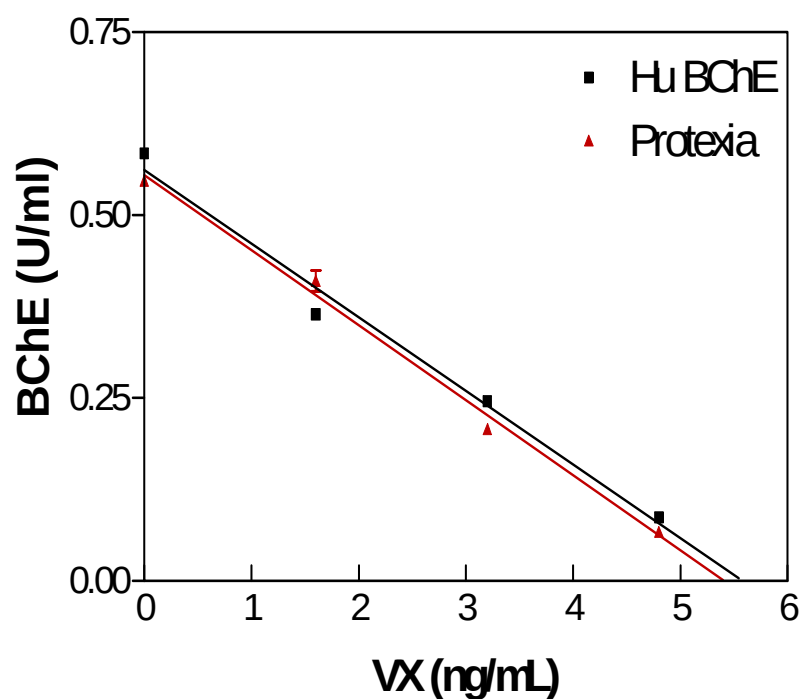


Protexia™ BuChE is Inhibited by OPs



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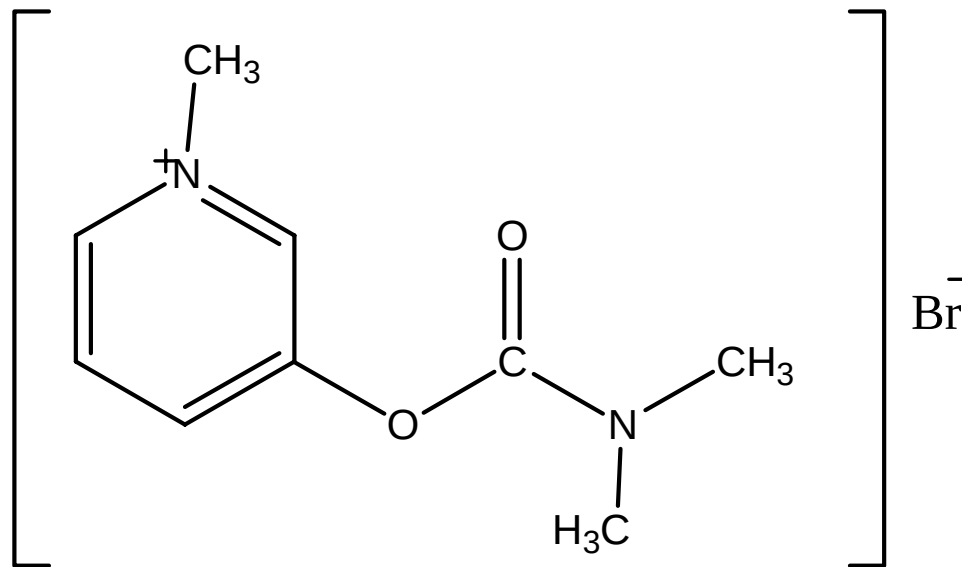
Titration of h-BuChE and Protexia™ by Soman and VX



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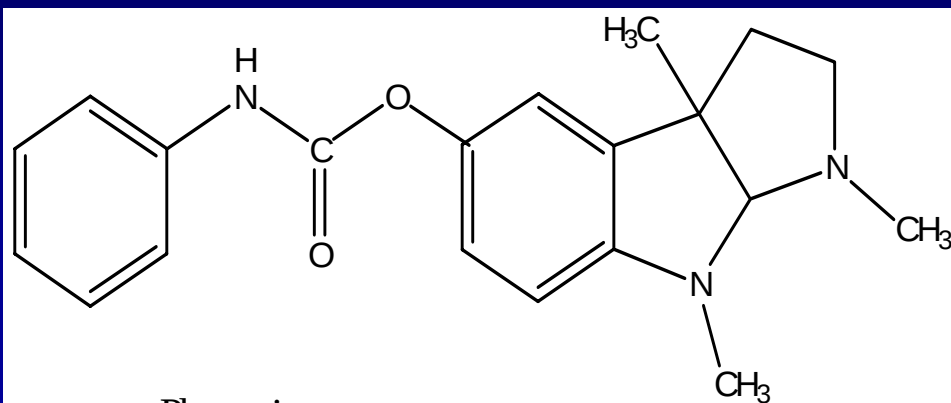
Structures of Inhibitors

Pyridostigmine bromide

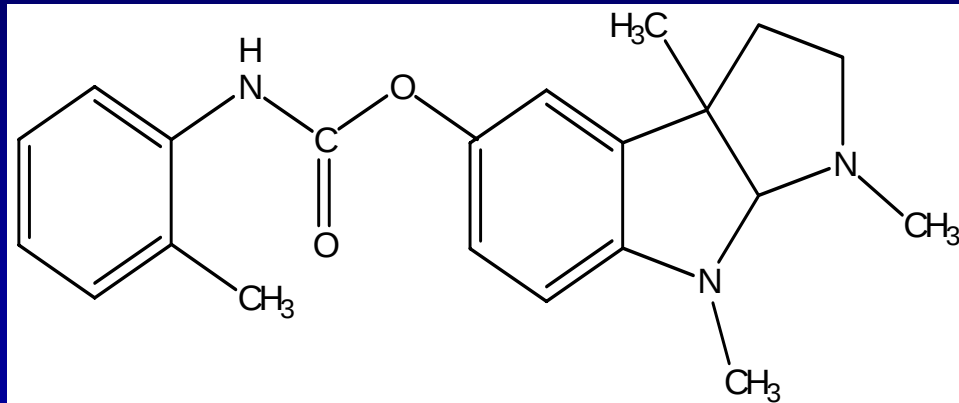


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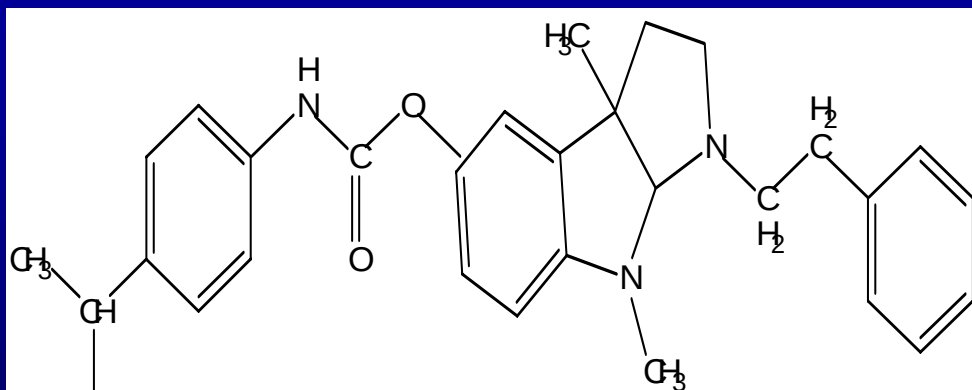
Structures of Inhibitors



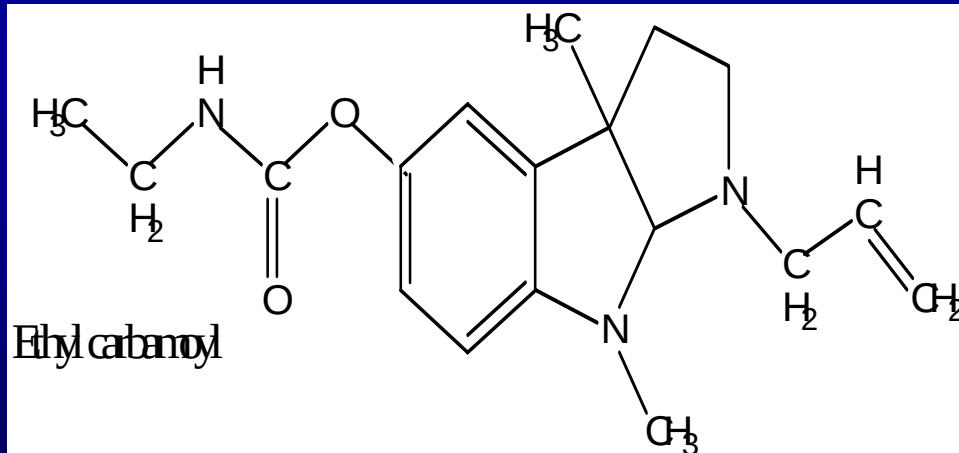
Phenserine



Tolserine



Phenylcyclopropylcarbamate



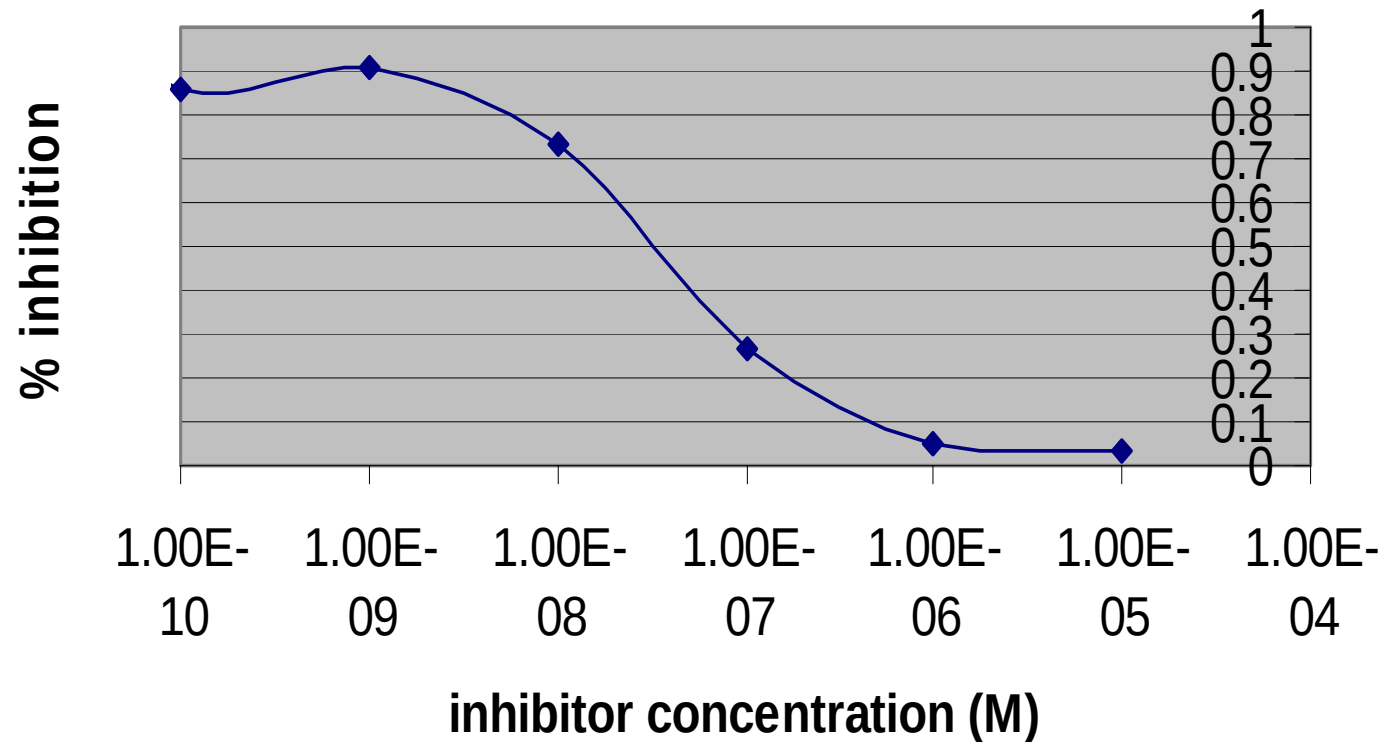
Ethylcyclopropylcarbamate



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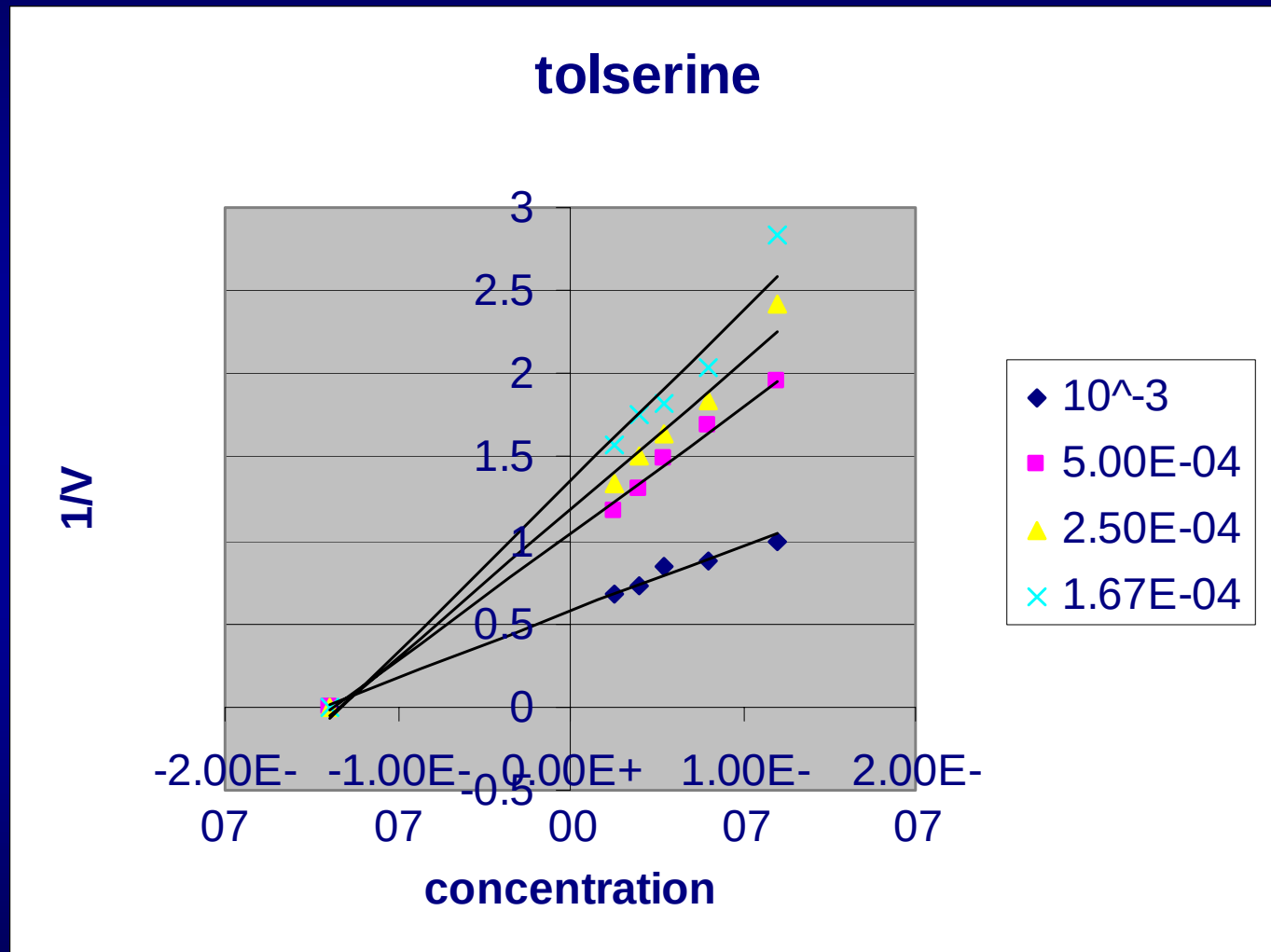
Tolserine with h-BuChE

IC50 graph: tolserine inhibitor with Hu-BuChE



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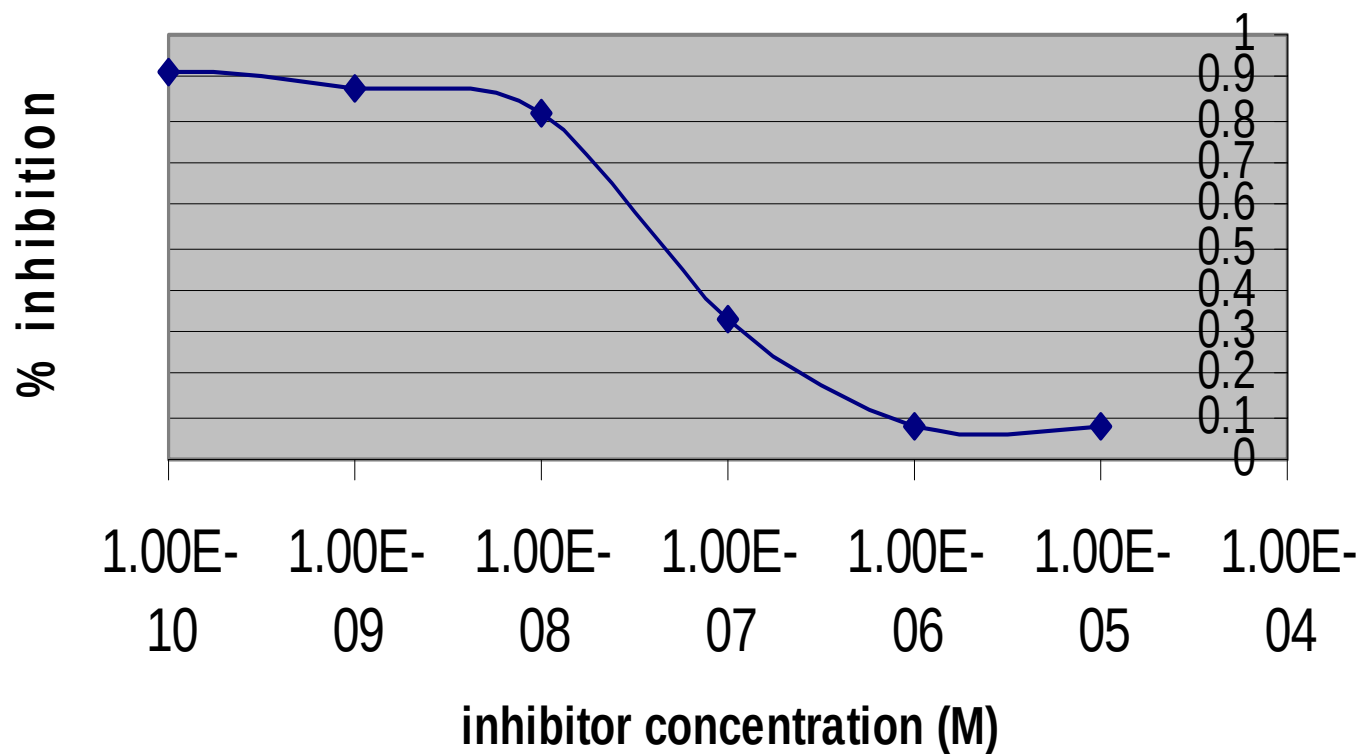
Tolserine with h-BuChE



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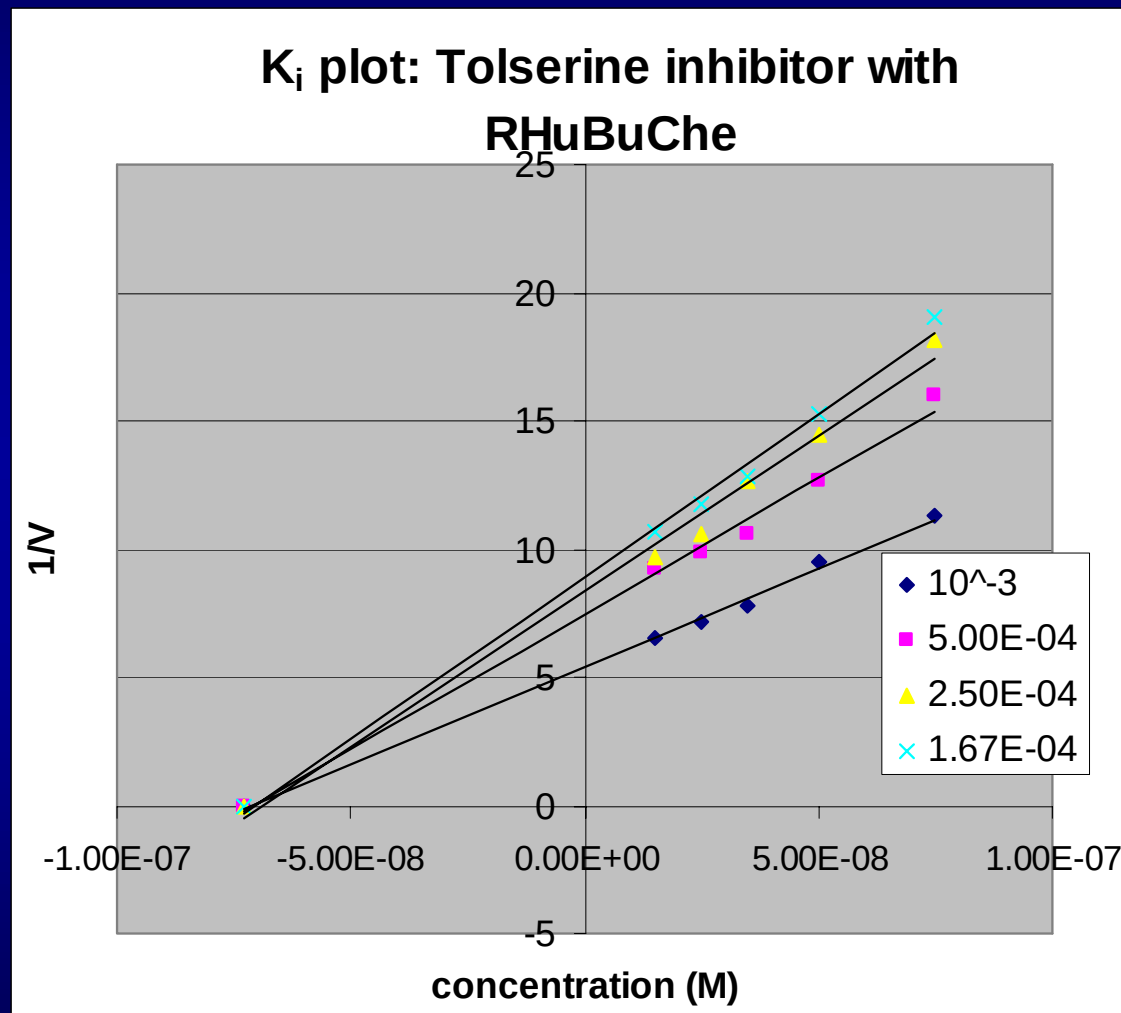
Tolserine with RHu-BuChE (Protexia™)

IC50 graph: tolserine inhibitor with RHu-BuChE



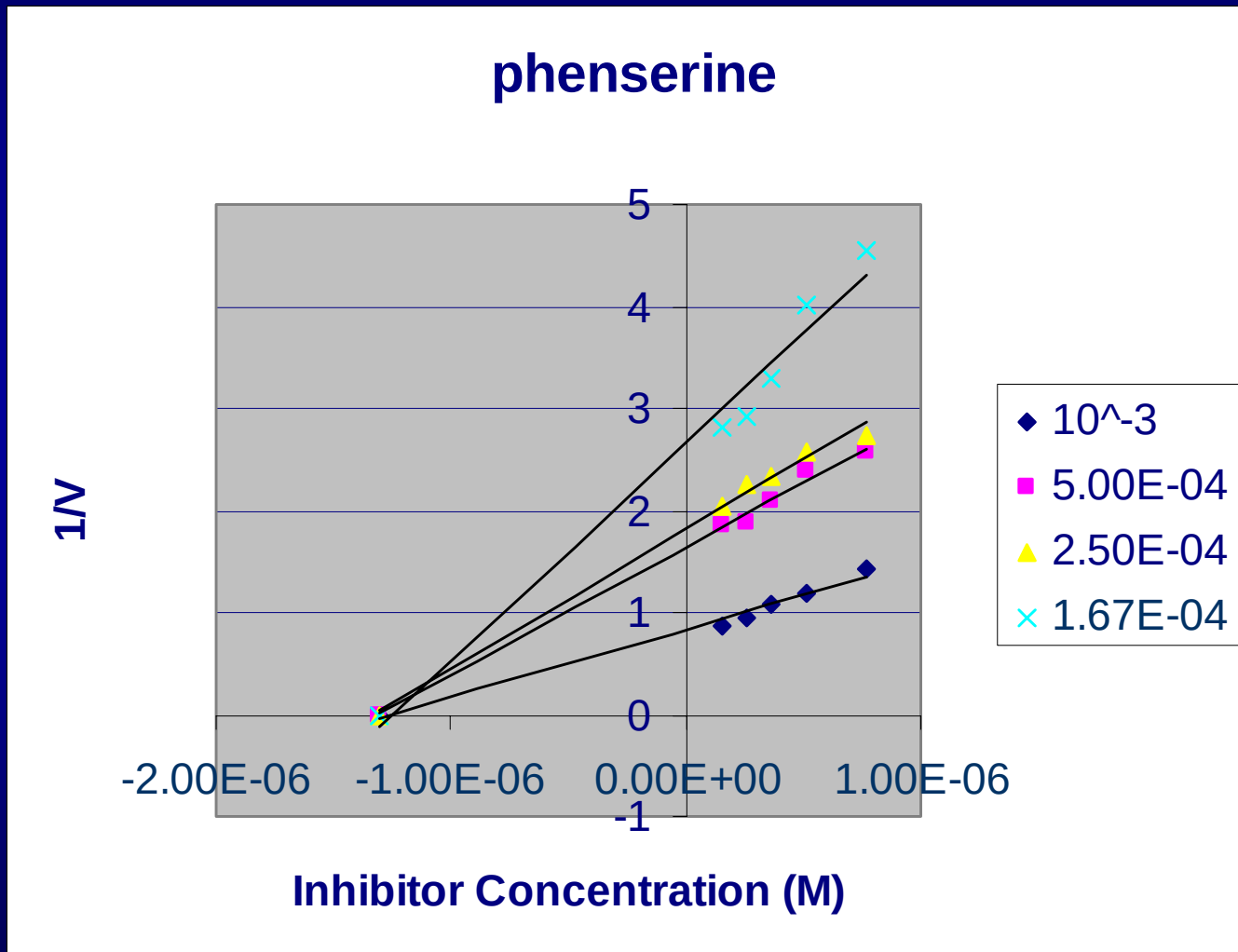
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Tolserine with Protexia™



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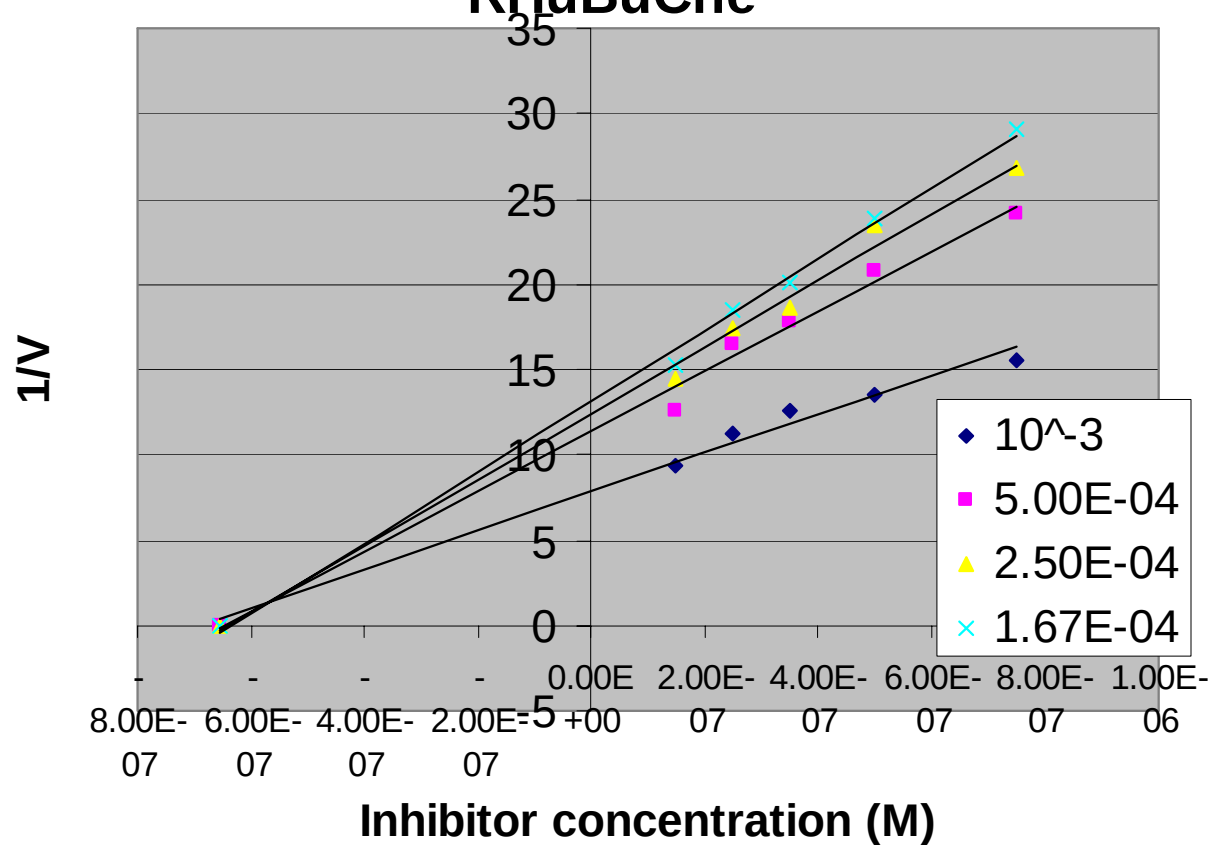
Phenserine with h-BuChE



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Phenserine with Protexia™

K_i plot: Phenserine inhibitor with
RHuBuChe



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K_i and IC50 data for Set of Inhibitors

Inhibitor compound	Protexia™		Hu-BuChE	
	<u>IC 50</u>	<u>K_i (M)</u>	<u>IC 50</u>	<u>K_i (M)</u>
Phenserine	5×10^{-7}	1.3×10^{-6}	5×10^{-7}	6.6×10^{-7}
Tolserine	8×10^{-8}	1.4×10^{-7}	5×10^{-8}	7.3×10^{-8}
Phenethyl cynserine	5×10^{-11}	5.1×10^{-10}	1×10^{-10}	1.8×10^{-8}
Ethyl carbamoyl	5×10^{-11}	6.2×10^{-10}	5×10^{-14}	1.9×10^{-13}
Pyridostigmine bromide	5×10^{-7}	4.6×10^{-7}	3×10^{-7}	6.2×10^{-7}



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Comparison of Hu-BuChE and Protexia™

- In vitro comparison of both forms of human BuChE with a variety of inhibitors
- Properties of recombinant HuBuChE from milk of transgenic goats (Protexia™)
 - **Binds the nerve agents GA, GB, GD, VX**
 - **In vitro properties similar to human plasma BuChE**
- Results to date support similarity in the two sources.



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Summary

Plasma BuChE is current standard.

- Provides protection
- PK known in three species

Protexia™ binds all nerve agents

- Binding is active site specific
- Reaction with a variety of inhibitors is the same for both types of BuChE

While further characterization of Protexia™ is needed to include PK and efficacy data, in vitro tests suggest both forms of the enzyme behave in a similar manner.



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