

Report Documentation Page				Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188	
Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to a penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.					
1. REPORT DATE 2007		2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVERED 00-00-2007 to 00-00-2007	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Ensuring Community Safety Through Secure Chemical Weapons Storage				5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) U.S. Army Chemical Materials Agency ,Aberdeen Proving Ground,MD,21010-5424				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release; distribution unlimited					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES					
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT Same as Report (SAR)	18. NUMBER OF PAGES 2	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified			



U.S. ARMY CHEMICAL MATERIALS AGENCY

Ensuring Community Safety Through Secure Chemical Weapons Storage

Safe and secure storage is an important component of the overall mission of the U.S. Army Chemical Materials Agency (CMA) that also encompasses recovery, treatment and elimination of the nation's chemical warfare materiel.

Safe and Secure storage

CMA oversees the secure storage of the nation's chemical agent and munitions at seven chemical depots across the country, ensuring that chemical agents and munitions are safely protected and monitored. To accomplish this, chemical agents and munitions are housed in designated storage areas and specially designed earth-covered magazines, commonly referred to as storage igloos or bunkers located on highly secure military installations where all Department of Defense and Army safety and security regulations are followed. CMA manages the National Inventory Control Point and National Maintenance Point to ensure that the stockpile is maintained in accordance with Army regulatory guidance during storage.

The igloos are specially constructed with many security and safety measures and processes, designed for the storage of chemical agents, ammunition and explosives. The igloos help keep chemical agents and munitions secure and protected from natural forces or man-made threats.

Among the many security and safety procedures conducted are routine and random around-the-clock patrols to verify the security of chemical agent storage areas. Crews conduct regular, routine visual inspections of the munitions to ensure that safe storage practices are maintained and the physical condition of the igloo will continue to protect the chemical munitions.

When entering an area where chemical munitions are stored work crews operate under the "two man rule"—a minimum of two specially trained personnel work together inside any area where chemical agent is stored or accessible. Storage sites are also subjected to external inspections conducted on a regular basis by the Technical Secretariat for the

Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons, the Department of Army Inspector General and the Army Materiel Command.

In addition to inspections, mobile monitors in Real Time Analytical Platforms (RTAP) conduct low level monitoring of the air inside each igloo. Any time a leak is detected, even small vapor leaks, audible and visual alarms prompt immediate action to prevent a release of chemical agent to the environment. Large negative pressure filters are attached to the igloo. The source of the leak is isolated and either corrected or the munition is overpacked in a vapor tight steel container. Overpacked munitions are moved to specially designated igloos and subjected to increased monitoring and inspection.

Security measures include, but are not limited to, restricted access, barriers and high-tech security locks, as well as security checkpoints, site-wide video monitoring and alarm/warning systems. Workers take every precaution to ensure that stored chemical agent and munitions remain safe and secure.

Security and storage personnel undergo rigorous background checks and receive continuous training to ensure that they can safely and efficiently protect and handle stored chemical weapons. The Army's Chemical Personnel Reliability Program ensures that those working with chemical agent and munitions meet the highest standards of individual reliability.

Regularly scheduled exercises are conducted at each storage site to review emergency response procedures and to test security and storage personnel—ensuring that they are properly trained and can respond appropriately to any threat to, or unlikely incident/accident involving stored chemical agents and weapons.

Commitment to Safety

CMA is fully committed to the safety of the public, its work force and the environment. CMA will continue to ensure that chemical agent and munitions stockpiles remain safely and securely stored until they are demilitarized.

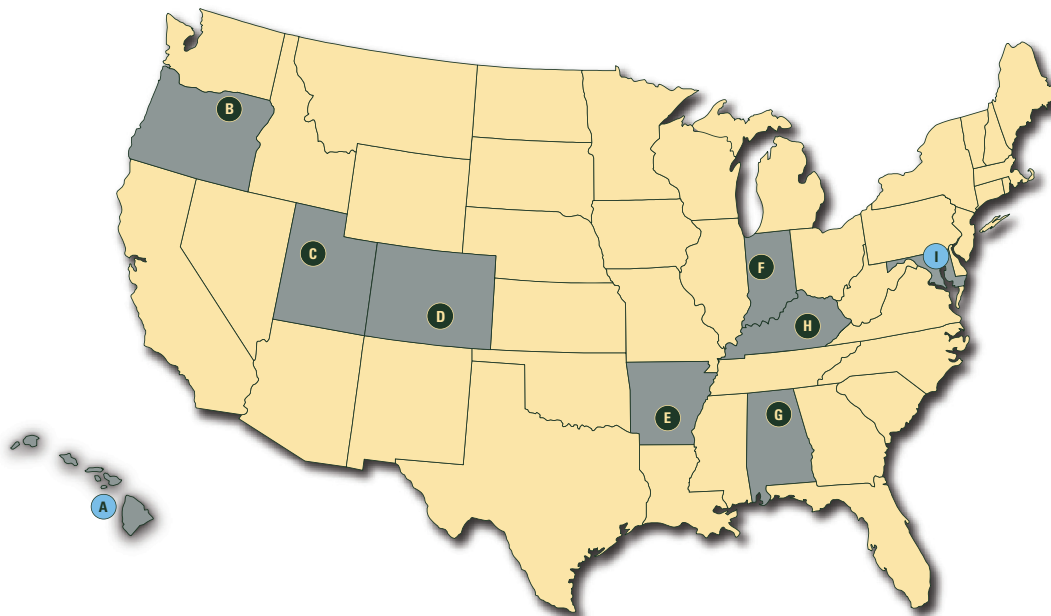
CMA is fully committed to the safety of the public, its workers and the environment, and will continue to ensure that chemical agent and munitions stockpiles are safely and securely stored until they are destroyed.

For more information, contact the CMA Public Affairs Office at (410) 436-3629 (800) 488-0648



Ensuring Community Safety Through Secure Chemical Weapons Storage (continued)

U.S. Chemical Agent and Munitions Stockpiles



A Johnston Atoll

*Percentage of original stockpile: 6%**

Blister and nerve agents stored in ton containers, rockets, projectiles, land mines, cartridges and bombs

100% of the Johnston Atoll stockpile has been destroyed.

B Umatilla Chemical Depot, Ore.

*Percentage of original stockpile: 12%**

Blister and nerve agents stored in ton containers, spray tanks, rockets, projectiles, land mines and bombs

C Deseret Chemical Depot, Utah

*Percentage of original stockpile: 44%**

Blister and nerve agents stored in ton containers, spray tanks, rockets, projectiles, land mines, cartridges and bombs

D Pueblo Chemical Depot, Colo.

*Percentage of original stockpile: 8%**

Blister agent stored in projectiles and cartridges

E Pine Bluff Arsenal, Ark.

*Percentage of original stockpile: 12%**

Blister and nerve agents stored in ton containers, rockets and land mines

F Newport Chemical Depot, Ind.

*Percentage of original stockpile: 4%**

Nerve agent stored in ton containers

G Anniston Army Depot, Ala.

*Percentage of Original Stockpile: 7%**

Blister and nerve agents stored in ton containers, rockets, projectiles, land mines and cartridges

H Blue Grass Army Depot, Ky.

*Percentage of original stockpile: 2%**

Blister and Nerve Agent stored in rockets and projectiles

I Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

*Percentage of original stockpile: 5%**

Blister agent stored in ton containers

100 % of the Aberdeen stockpile has been destroyed.

* Approximate percentage of U.S. stockpile