

# REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

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<b>1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)</b> 3 June 2003		<b>2. REPORT TYPE</b> Extract		<b>3. DATES COVERED (From - To)</b>	
<b>4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE</b> Dragon Hunter - Research and Study Material on Anthrax, Bacillus and Botulism Poisons - Iraq				<b>5a. CONTRACT NUMBER</b>	
				<b>5b. GRANT NUMBER</b>	
				<b>5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER</b>	
<b>6. AUTHOR(S)</b> Nasir Abdul Husayn al-Hindawi, Rihab Rashid Taha, Thamir Abdul Rahman Umran				<b>5d. PROJECT NUMBER</b>	
				<b>5e. TASK NUMBER</b>	
				<b>5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER</b>	
<b>7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)</b>				<b>8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER</b>	
<b>9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)</b> US Army Research Development and Engineering Command, Edgewood Chemical biological Center, 5183 Blackhawk Road, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5424				<b>10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)</b>	
				<b>11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)</b>	
<b>12. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT</b> Distribution statement A - Approved for Public Release: distribution unlimited.					
<b>13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES</b> Approved for public release per ARDEC memo dated 29 Feb 2012.					
<b>14. ABSTRACT</b> This file concerns the research of Anthrax and specifically with Bacillus anthracis.					
<b>15. SUBJECT TERMS</b>					
<b>16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:</b>			<b>17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT</b>  UU	<b>18. NUMBER OF PAGES</b>  11	<b>19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON</b>
<b>a. REPORT</b> U	<b>b. ABSTRACT</b> U	<b>c. THIS PAGE</b> U			<b>19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (include area code)</b>



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
US ARMY RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND ENGINEERING COMMAND  
EDGEWOOD CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL CENTER  
5183 BLACKHAWK ROAD  
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010-5424

REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF

RDCB-DPS-RS

29 FEB 2012

MEMORANDUM THRU Acting Technical Director, Edgewood Chemical Biological Center,  
(RDCB-D/Dr. Joseph L. Corriveau), 5183 Blackhawk Road, Aberdeen Proving Ground,  
Maryland 21010-5424

FOR Defense Technical Information Center (DTIC), 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Ft Belvoir,  
VA 22060-6218

SUBJECT: Request for Declassification/Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Release  
(OSD MDR Case 10-M-2587)

1. The Edgewood Chemical Biological Center (ECBC) received a Request for Declassification from DTIC, which originated from the National Security Archive Gelman Library. The request was for both declassification and FOIA release of the below listed documents:

a. Research and Study Material on Anthrax, Bacillus and Botulism Poisons - IRAQ.

b. Research Papers on Bacillus Anthracis and Botulism Toxins by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husayn al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihanb Rashid Taha and Dr. Thamir Abdul Rahman Umran.

2. The above listed documents have been reviewed by ECBC Subject Matter Experts and ECBC has no objection to either declassification or public release. The Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) is the Original Classification Authority (OCA) for this report and final release authority lies with their office.

3. The point of contact is Mr. Ronald L. Stafford, ECBC Security Specialist, (410) 436-6810 or [ronald.l.stafford.civ@mail.mil](mailto:ronald.l.stafford.civ@mail.mil).

Encl

JUNE K. SELLERS  
Security Manager

CF:

The National Security Archive, Gelman Library, Suite 701, 2130 H Street, NW, Washington, DC 20037 (w/ encl)

## The National Security Archive

The George Washington University Phone: 202/994-7000  
Gelman Library, Suite 701 Fax: 202/994-7005  
2130 H Street, N.W. nsarchiv@gwu.edu  
Washington, D.C. 20037 www.nsarchive.org

August 30, 2006  
Mr. Robert Storer  
Chief, Declassification and Historical Research Branch  
Suite 11100  
1777 North Kent Street  
Arlington, VA 22209

Re: Mandatory Declassification Review request, in reply refer to Archive# 20061568DOD256

Dear Mr. Storer:

This is a request for mandatory declassification (MDR) review, under the terms of Executive Order 12958, as amended, for declassification of the following:

*All records in the following folders in Official Records of the Deputy Secretary of Defense, located at the Federal Records Center, Suitland, accession 330-06-0046, (location 3/75-13-5.1): Boxes 3 and 4) Iraq Planning & Prep.; WMD; Iraq Post-Saddam; Reconstruction; Insurgency/Jihad; Transition Planning; Strategy; Iraq Post Saddam; Governance*

If you have any questions regarding the identity of these records, its location, the scope of the request or any other matters, please call me at (202) 994-7000.

Sincerely yours,  
Joyce Battle

11-M-2587



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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE  
WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS SERVICES  
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WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1155



MEMORANDUM FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
EDGEWOOD CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL CENTER  
5183 BLACKHAWK ROAD  
(ATTN: E3330, ROOM 276)  
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010-5423

AUG 1 11 2011

SUBJECT: OSD MDR Case 11-M-2587

We request that you review the attached document and respond directly to us upon completion of your review. Clearly mark any portions to be redacted, citing the appropriate exemptions from sections 1.4 and 6.2 of Executive Order (EO) 13526. EO 13526, section 3.5(c), states that Agencies shall release this information unless withholding is otherwise authorized and warranted under applicable law. Section 6.2(d) states that nothing in this order limits the protection afforded any information by other provisions of law, including Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) exemptions. Please expand your review to conduct a "FOIA-like review" and make annotations as appropriate on the document. We are also referring this case to the Defense Intelligence Agency and Central Intelligence Agency. If you have any questions, contact me by e-mail at [storer.robert@whs.mil](mailto:storer.robert@whs.mil) or [robert.storer@whs.smil.mil](mailto:robert.storer@whs.smil.mil) or by phone at 571-372-0483.

Robert Storer  
Chief, Records and Declassification Division

Attachments:

1. MDR request
2. Document 1

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UNCLASSIFIED Upon Removal of Attachments



SUBJ: IIR 7 933 0005 05/ DRAGON HUNTER - RESEARCH AND STUDY MATERIAL ON ANTHRAX, BACILLUS AND BOTULISM POISONS - IRAQ (U)

WARNING: (U) THIS IS AN INFORMATION REPORT, NOT FINALLY EVALUATED INTELLIGENCE. REPORT CLASSIFIED ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~, REL TO ~~USA, AUS AND CBR~~.

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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE  
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DOI: (U) 19880101.

REQS: (U) DIAC156405503; GOSG181200403; SOSG02356.

SOURCE: ~~(C) (REL)~~ //7 933 0002// INFORMATION FOR THIS REPORT WAS OBTAINED FROM HARMONY DOCUMENT NUMBER CMPC-2003-002040.

SUMMARY: (U) STUDIES PERFORMED BY DR. NASER ABDUL AMEER ((HUSSAIN AL-HINDAWI)), DR. RIHAB RASHID ((TAHA AL-AZZAWI AL-TIKRITI)), THAMIR ABDUL ((RAHMAN)), AND MAJID KHALAF ((ABDULLAH)).

TEXT: 1. ~~(C//REL)~~ ORIGINAL 216 PAGE ARABIC DOCUMENT RECOVERED BY COALITION FORCES AT THE NATIONAL MONITORING DIRECTORY, BAGHDAD, IRAQ, ON 03 JUN 03.

2. ~~(C//REL)~~ THE FOLLOWING IS AN EXTRACT OF A SUMMARY TRANSLATION. REPORT CONTAINS RESEARCH PAPERS AND RESULTS OF EXPERIMENTS ON BACILLUS ANTHRACIS, AND BOTULISM POISONS.

3. ~~(C//REL)~~ TRANSLATION READS AS FOLLOWS. A STUDY OF THE DISEASE BACILLUS ANTHRACIS (BA) BY DR. NASER ABDUL AMEER HUSSAIN AL-HINDAWI, DR. RIHAB RASHID TAHA AL-AZZAWI AL-TIKRITI AND THAMIR ABDUL RAHMAN.

4. ~~(C//REL)~~ A STUDY OF CULTIVATION AND PRODUCTION OF SPORES OF SOME TYPE OF BACILLUS BY DR. NASER ABDUL AMEER HUSSAIN AL-HINDAWI, DR. RIHAB RASHID TAHA AL-AZZAWI AL-TIKRITI AND THAMIR ABDUL RAHMAN.

5. ~~(C//REL)~~ A STUDY ABOUT THE PROPAGATION OF BACILLUS SUBTILIS (BS) SPORES BY DR. NASER ABDUL AMEER HUSSAIN AL-HINDAWI, DR. RIHAB RASHID TAHA AL-AZZAWI AL-TIKRITI AND THAMIR ABDUL RAHMAN.

6. ~~(C//REL)~~ THE DEPLOYMENT OF BOTULISM POISON BY USING AIR BOMBS BY DR. NASER ABDUL AMEER HUSSAIN AL-HINDAWI, DR. RIHAB RASHID TAHA AL-AZZAWI AL-TIKRITI AND MAJID KHALAF ABDULLAH.

7. ~~(C//REL)~~ PRESERVATION AND STORAGE OF BOTULISM TOXIN UNDER DIFFERENT TYPES OF ENVIRONMENT BY DR. NASER ABDUL AMEER HUSSAIN AL-HINDAWI, DR. RIHAB RASHID TAHA AL-AZZAWI AL-TIKRITI AND MAJID KHALAF ABDULLAH.

8. ~~(C//REL)~~ INDUSTRIAL AND LAB PRODUCTION OF BOTULISM TOXIN BY DR. RIHAB RASHID TAHA AL-AZZAWI AL-TIKRITI AND MAJID KHALAF ABDULLAH.

9. ~~(C//REL)~~ BIBLIOGRAPHIES - PAGES 19 AND 20; 48 THRU 53; 57 AND

11-M-2587  
R-3

58; 91 THRU 94; 119 AND 120; 159 THRU 168; 194 THRU 198.

10. ~~(C//REL)~~ RESEARCH PAPER COMMENTS - PAGES 170 THRU 193, (INCLUDES CHARTS AND TABLES); PAGES 201 THRU 212.

COMMENTS: 1. (U) THE CBW FUNCTIONAL TEAM HAS REVIEWED THIS IIR AND HAVE NO COMMENTS.

2. (U) THE HARMONY DATABASE CAN BE ACCESSED VIA JWICS AT WWW.DOCEX.IC.GOV, PROJECT IRAQI FREEDOM AND VIA SIPRNET/HOCNET AT WWW.NGIC.ARMY.SMIL.MIL/PRODUCTS/DB/HARMONY(UNDERSCORE)S/HOMEPAGE2.HTML (ALL LOWER CASE EXCEPT THE `H? IN HARMONY AND `S?).

3. (U) CONSUMER EVALUATIONS FOR THIS IIR CAN BE SUBMITTED ONLINE VIA SIPRNET AT THE FOLLOWING LINK:

HTTP://ISGMED01.ISG.SMIL.MIL/ISGMAIN/IIRPAGES/EVALS/ISGEVAL.HTM

4. (U) TO AID COLLECTION EFFORTS, SDR'S SHOULD BE SENT TO ISG BAGHDAD IZ WITH INFO ADDRESSEES DIA WASHINGTON DC//DHO-IZTF//, USCENTCOM INTEL CEN MACDILL AFB FL//CCJ2-JOCH// AND HMSNG WASHINGTON DC. THE POC FOR THIS REPORT CAN BE REACHED AT DSN 318-835-1438/1313/1203 (U) OR EMAIL THE ISG AT ISG\_REPORTS@ISG.SMIL.MIL(SIPRNET).

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## Original Document Information

Document #: CMPC-2003-002040	Classification: UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO	
English Title: Research Papers on bacillus anthracis and botulism toxin by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husayn al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihab Rashid Taha and Dr. Thamir Abdul Rahman `Umrان (UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO)		
Language: ARABIC, ENGLISH		
Document Date:	Total Pages: 216	Inclusive Pages: 216
Document Type: HANDWRITTEN NOTES/NOTEBOOK, STUDY		Format:
Agency: DIA	Project: IRAQI FREEDOM	
Country Of Information: IRAQ		
Title:		
Country Of Origin:	Originators Classification: UNCLASSIFIED	

## Linked Documents

Original Document | CMPC-2003-002040

Exploitation Status: NOT AVAILABLE

Translation Status: NOT AVAILABLE

## Related Document Numbers

Document Number Type	Document Number
Harmony Number	CMPC-2003-002040

## Keyword Categories

## Keywords

BACTERIUM; BIOGRAPHIC INFORMATION; CHEMICAL MUNITIONS; LD-250 AERIAL BOMB; NAME; ORGANIZATION; POISON WEAPON/SHELL; PROJECT; TITLE; TOXIN; BIOLOGICAL WARFARE ASSOCIATED TERMS; BACILLUS ANTHRACIS; BOTULINUM TOXIN; BOTULISM; ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND POISONS; BOTULIUM; WMD PROGRAMS; BIOLOGICAL; ANTHRAX

## Facilities

Name: TECHNICAL RESEARCH CENTER

## Biographic Information

Name: ABDULLAH, MAJID

Name: AL-HINDAWI, NASIR

Name: TAHA, RIHAB

Name: UMRAN, THAMIR

Name: `UMRAN, THAMIR

## Document Remarks

(UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO) This file concerns the research of Anthrax and specifically with Bacillus anthracis. The documents are handwritten Arabic research papers. The authors work for Technical Research Center. The references used in the studies are included and are in handwritten English. The various research papers were: - Study on the Anthrax Bacteria Disease by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husein Al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihab Rashid Taha and Dr. Thamir Abdul Rahman Umrان. - Development and Creation of Anthrax Bacteria by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husein Al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihab Rashid Taha and Dr. Thamir Abdul Rahman Umrان. - Study on the spread of the Anthrax Bacteria by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husein Al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihab Rashid Taha and Dr. Thamir Abdul Rahman Umrان. - Spread of Botulism Poison in the Theatre of Operation by Air Strikes, by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husein Al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihab Rashid Taha and Majid Khalaf Abdullah. - Storage of Botulism Poison and Maintaining its Capability Under Different Environmental Conditions by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husein Al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihab Rashid Taha and Majid Khalaf Abdullah. -

Production of Botulism Poison by Lab and Industrially by Dr. Nasir Abdul Husein Al-Hindawi, Dr. Rihab Rashid Taha and Majid Khalaf Abdullah. - Development of the Clostridium Botulinum virus and its production for Botulism Poison and its effect on animals, authors not mentioned. - There is a handwritten paper in an English version of the previous research, and has the following title: Growth of Clostridium Botulinum, Production of Toxin and its effects on animals, by Rihab R. Taha, Nassir Al Hindawi and Majeed Khalaf, Technical Research Center. The following is a summary of the contents of the research papers: - Guinea pigs were destroyed within five days and rats or mice within sixteen days, reaction was visible on the first day when the dose was increased. - A dose 2 by 10x8 on the dogs resulted in symptoms within five days. - If given through an exposed area or an injury, symptoms were visible within 72 hours with bleeding from the nose. - "Bacteremia" took place in the destroyed animals. - Historical background of Anthrax in the "Introduction" part of the report which goes back to the period before BC, however most of the research was done during 1800s. - Details on the materials and the methods used. - Results and discussions. The results discussed are mainly from what the western scientist had done earlier. - Hard to see four photographs of animals and experiments with explosions. - Six tables displaying the period of lab animal death injected with anthrax. - Tables and a graph showing the effect of light density in relation to the time in relation to the increase of the quantity in bacteria. - Tables showing the effect of chemical materials with the light density in relation to the time in relation to the increase of the quantity in bacteria. - Tables and a number of graphs in circles showing the spread of the Anthrax bacteria in terms of distance after exploding certain devices. - Tables showing storage of Botulism Poison under different temperatures and one temperature but for different days and months.

**Batch Information**

<b>Batch Number:</b> 3170-2	<b>Boxes in Batch:</b> 1
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<b>Capture Information</b> Capturing Unit:TF 20 Date/Time of Capture:20030600 Coordinates:UNK Identity of Source:NMD
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<b>Transmittal Information</b> Date/Time of Arrival:20030600
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دراسة حول امراضية بكتريا الجذرة الخبيثة  
Bacillus anthracis

د. ناصر عبد الحسين الخضاري      د. رجا ب. رشيد  
ناصر عبد الرحمن عراف

المقدمة

وهذا في قرابة 200 خلية ففحصت من بكتريا الجذرة الخبيثة موهلة  
كنازير عينا عند فرفرف الحتن خلال خمسة ايام . صرحت الطيوريات  
في الضرائن المختونة ب  $2 \times 10^4$  خلية ففحص بعد 17 يوما ووجدت  
هناك تراها خلال اليوم الاول عند زيادة جرعة الحتن الى  $2 \times 10^7$  خلية .  
كان استخدام سميرات الجذرة الخبيثة موهلة للحيوانات المختبرية لذلك  
لكننا اقل شدة نسبياً بدلالة مجموع الطيوريات المهالكة بعد 19 يوماً من  
بدأ الحتن .

ادى حتن الكذب ب  $2 \times 10^7$  سمير الجذرة فظهر الاخرى في اليوم الخامس  
وهذا في اليوم العاشر وكانت الجرعة المهالكة للكذب بهذا السمير  
به تشبه هذه لبطريا بحتن السميرات في الحيوانات المختبرية ثم اعاد  
عملها منه اثناء الطيوريات المهالكة وقتها مجدداً في الطيوريات اصبحت اشد  
امراضية وفاصت بعد تشخيص تلك الطيوريات ثورت مرات متتالية اذ  
تبدأ الطيوريات عند اليوم الاول بعد الحتن . وحدثت السلالة ATCC 14578  
شديدة الامراضية ونسبة في تربية السميرات .

عند استخدام السلالة المذكورة لدهابجة الضرائن والذئب عن طريق فرفرف  
ظهرت عليها الاخرى المرضية خلال 1-2 ايام .

ادى اسلوب تربية الجرح في الضرائن الى الفشل الطاك ثم ارتخاخ حرق الجرح ،  
استعمال في منطقة الخرس ثم الطوك بعد 4 ساعة .

بعد تعرفين الضرائن الى سميرات هذه الجرعة عن طريق الاستنشاق

سبب الجرعة  $2.66 \times 10^6$  جبراً في ظهر الأضراس المرضية لفيضان النزف  
 من الأضراس ثم الهلاك بعد 72 ساعة. من الأضراس المرضية كانت  
 الخزان ، امتقان وتفنج العمل ، امتقان وتفنج الرئة مع نزف في  
 الجارية التنسية وعدم فتح الدم . وصفت الجرعة في الدم والإمساك  
 الدافعية للميراث في الحالة ( Bacteremia )

## المقدمة

يرجع ذكر مرض الجرة الخبيثة الى زمن فهدر التوراة وكان اول  
مرض سبب من اصل باكتيري (Davaine, 1873). أشار Brachman  
(1932) الى وصف مرض الجرة الخبيثة والذي ذكر في كتاب النشوء تحت  
اسم الماعز الخامس عام 1491 ق.م. ووصف مرض تامله سريشار  
المصري. تعرف اشارات عديدة لاهابجة الانسان بهذا المرض في حالات  
قديمية للمصريين والافرنين. وصف Virgill الجرة الخبيثة فنزل مترم  
الابراهمة ربيخ الرومانيه 70 - 90 ق.م. في القرن السابع عشر هذء وباد  
تنتهي سمى باللصنة السوداء (Black base) والذي غزى اوروبا سبباً  
ستين الف مائة وفاة في الانسان والعديد من حالات الهلاك في طيران.  
تسمى Moret (1752) المرض بصورة ألت فمهمة في الانسان والاطلاق عليه  
اسم الجرة الخبيثة Malignant pustule. وصف Chabert (1780)  
و Pollender (1849) المرض في الخيوانات وفهدر اول وصف مجري للجيرة  
من قبل Delafond (1838) (Brachman, 1932).

تعتبر بكتريا الجرة الخبيثة اهم الممرضات المصرية الهوائية وهي  
رصة التخديت منتشرة في التربة والطرار والماء والفضاء الضاقي ، قرله البكتريا  
سيداتة تعمر 60 عاماً وأنه (Burrows, 1977). لمرضت خصيات  
هذه البكتريا في دم وايضا فيوانات الميتة من قبل Davaine و Rayer  
(1850) ومن قبل Pollender (1855). كما Brauell عام  
1857 نقل المرض من فيوانات مصابة الى اخرى سليمة بزراع الدم منها.  
زرع Robert Koch عام 1877 الممرض في البائل المائي لعين البثور  
ووصف تاريخ الحياة لها ومصل على مزرع نقي للبكتريا (Burrows, 1977).  
سجلت اول مائة اهابة للمرض في لبريات المتقدمة بين الخيوانات  
في لبريانا في بداية القرن السابع عشر بينما سجلت اول مائة اهابة  
لوانسان في مدينة كنتاكي عام 1824 لاهدر رعاة البقر. وصلت بعض  
الحالات لدى العاطلين في الصرف في منتصف القرن الثامن عشر في ألترا

01 01 271313Z OCT 04 RR RR CCCC  
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COUNTRY: (U) IRAQ (IZ).

IPSP: (U) IFC1584; IFC2420.