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14. ABSTRACT Due to its high hydrogen content, aluminum borohydride(Al(BH ₄) ₃) (ABH) makes an attractive scaffold to build upon for ionic liquids used in rocket propulsion. Due to its highly pyrophoric nature ABH poses extreme handling hazards. This reactivity can be significantly tamed through the coordination of various ligands. Previously we investigated an IL based upon the [Al(BH ₄) ₄] ⁻ anion. This material showed a much improved air and moisture stability compared to ABH. Here we present research on the coordination of the cyanoborohydride anion (NCBH ₃ ⁻) with ABH. The coordination chemistry of this anion is by far more complex than that of the simple BH ₄ ⁻ anion and led to the discovery of, new di- and tri-anions of aluminum.					
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Novel Coordination Chemistry of Aluminum Borohydride

ACS Fall National Meeting
Aug 10 -14th 2014

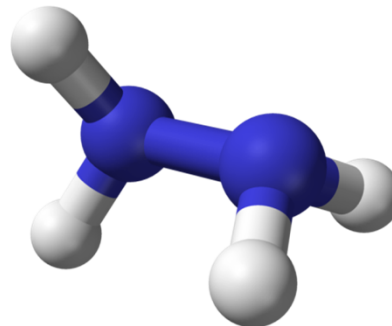
S. Deplazes
Edwards AFB, CA



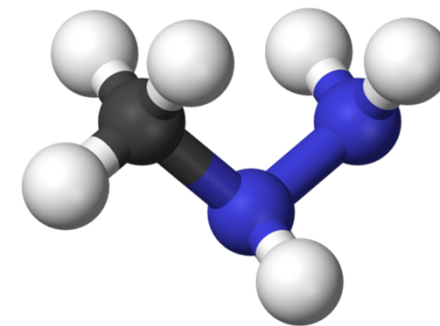
Hydrazine – A state of the art rocket fuel



Hydrazine



Monomethylhydrazine



- ☐ Hydrazine fuel vapor toxicity can increase testing/operations costs:
 - System Handling/Fueling by certified crews in high level PPE
 - Monitoring system in field
- ☐ Vapor toxicity can limit transportation options

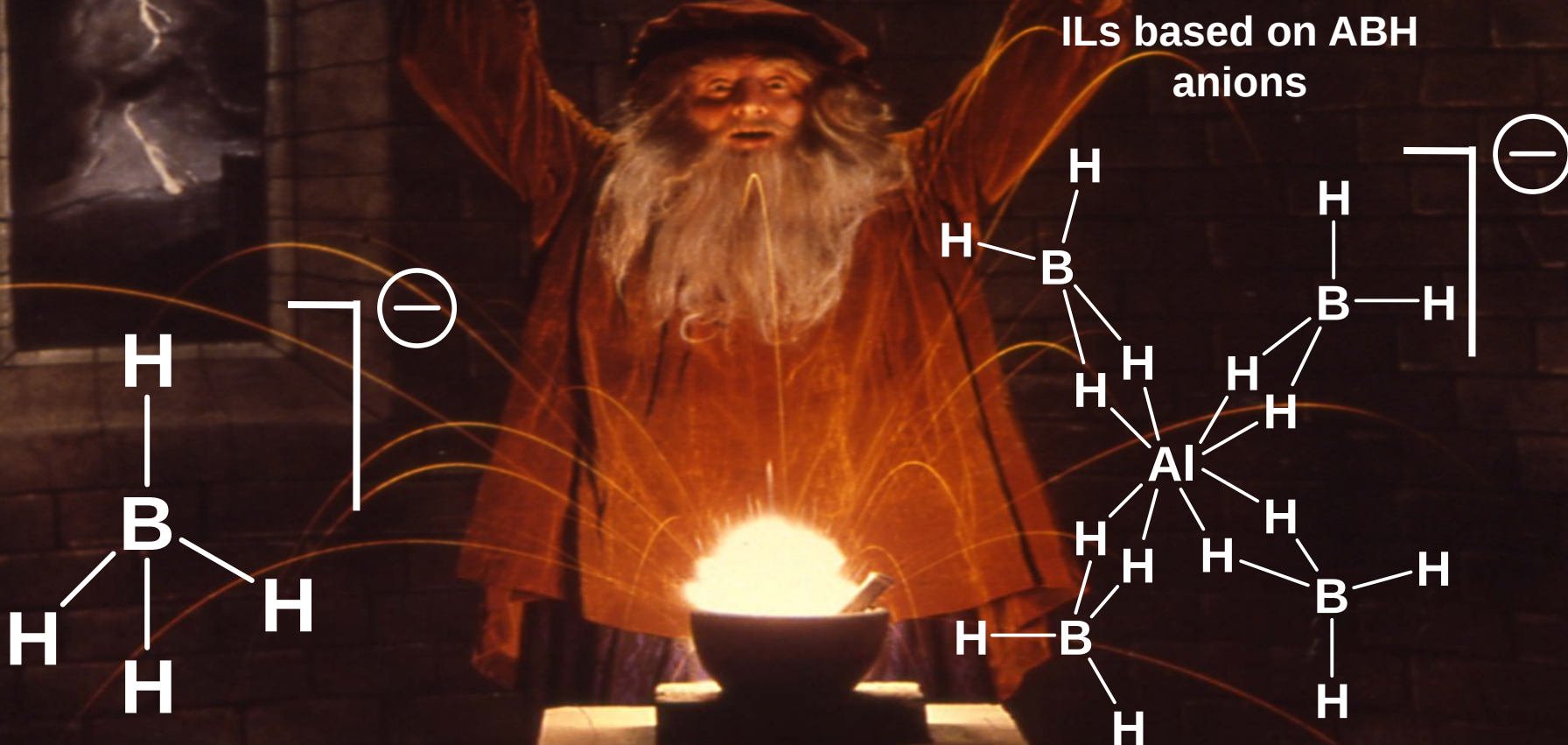
Ionic Liquid fuels can eliminate vapor toxicity and possess acceptable safety properties



Use of hydrazine is getting more stringent



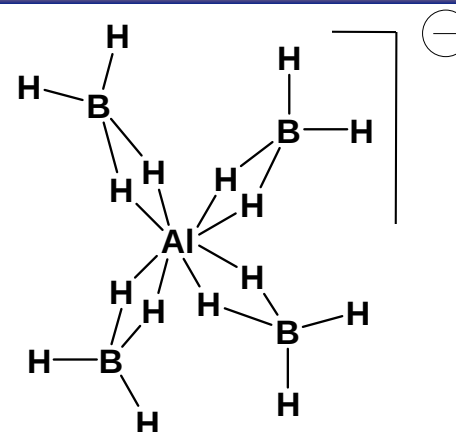
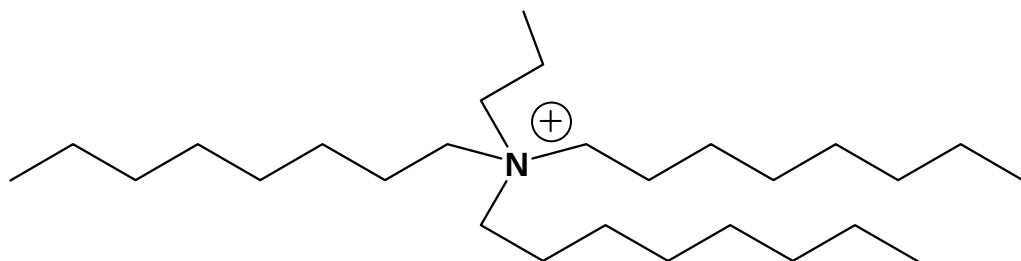
- ☐ As of today, most of our in-space propulsion systems are powered by the MMH and NTO bi-propellant system, known to be hypergolic and severely toxic.
- ☐ In the frame of REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals), the European Union is enforcing the utilization of hazardous chemicals.
- ☐ In the mid- to long-term, the commercial use of MMH/NTO or its derivatives such as hydrazine may thus be strongly limited or even prohibited.
- ☐ As of June 2011 hydrazine has been added to the list of SVHC (Substance of Very High Concerns)
- ☐ The listing controls its use for corrosion inhibition, plating on plastics, and as a rocket fuel.



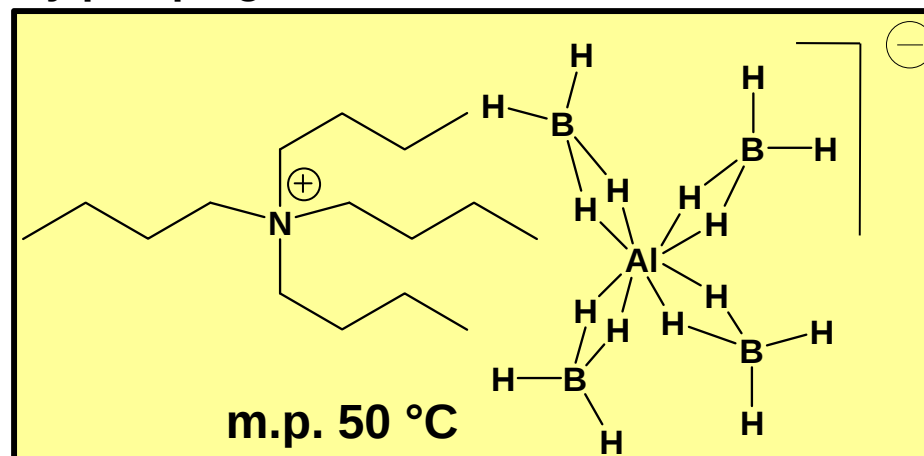
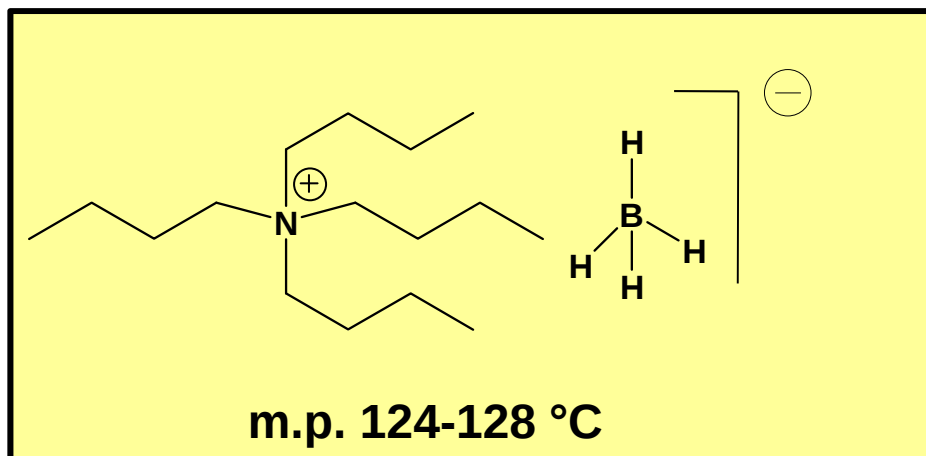
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$Al(BH_4)_4^-$ - PROMOTES LIQUIDUS



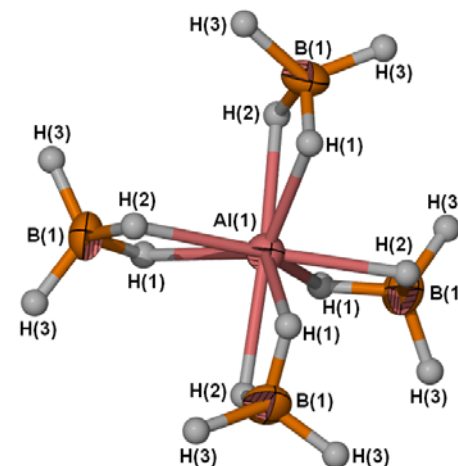
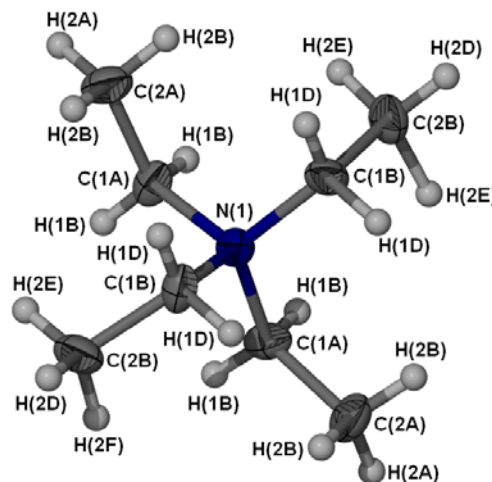
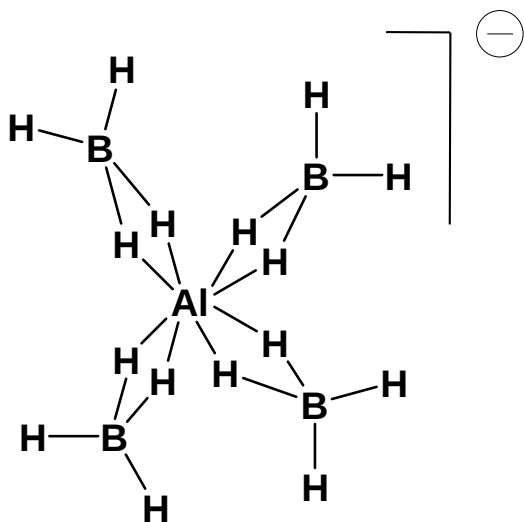
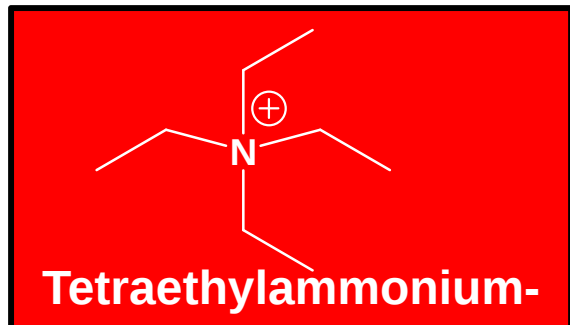
A viscous oil crystallizing very slowly, from which neither H_2 , B_2H_6 , nor $Al(BH_4)_3$ could be removed even by pumping at $60^\circ C$.



Melting point depression of $75^\circ C$.



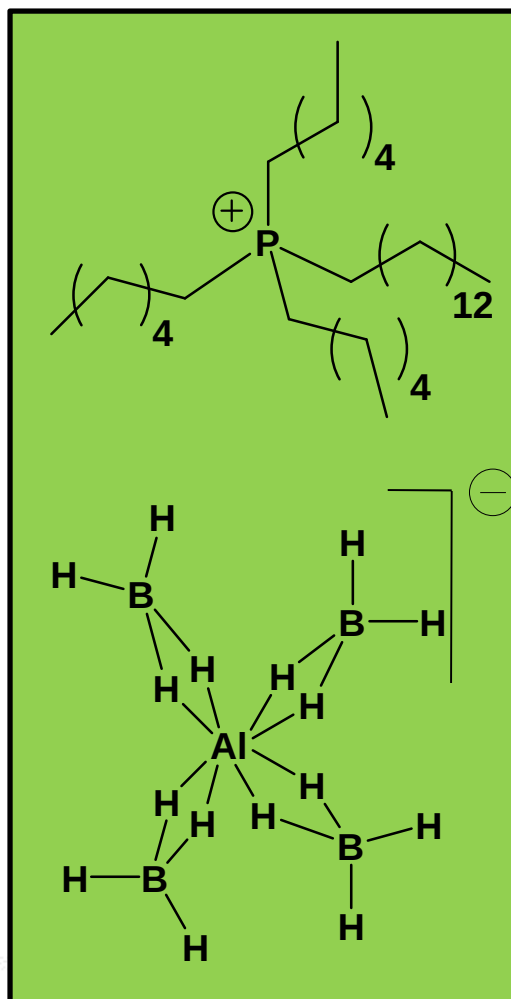
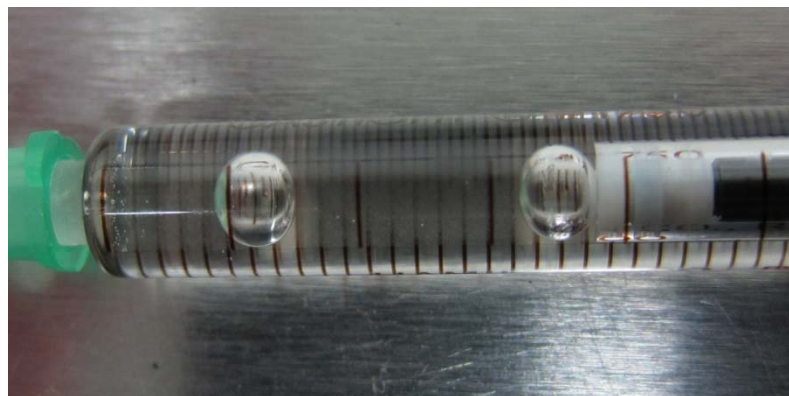
Tetraethylammonium tetrakis(tetrahydroborato)aluminate



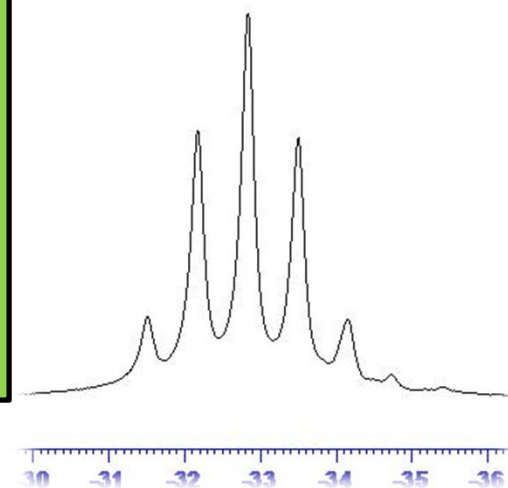
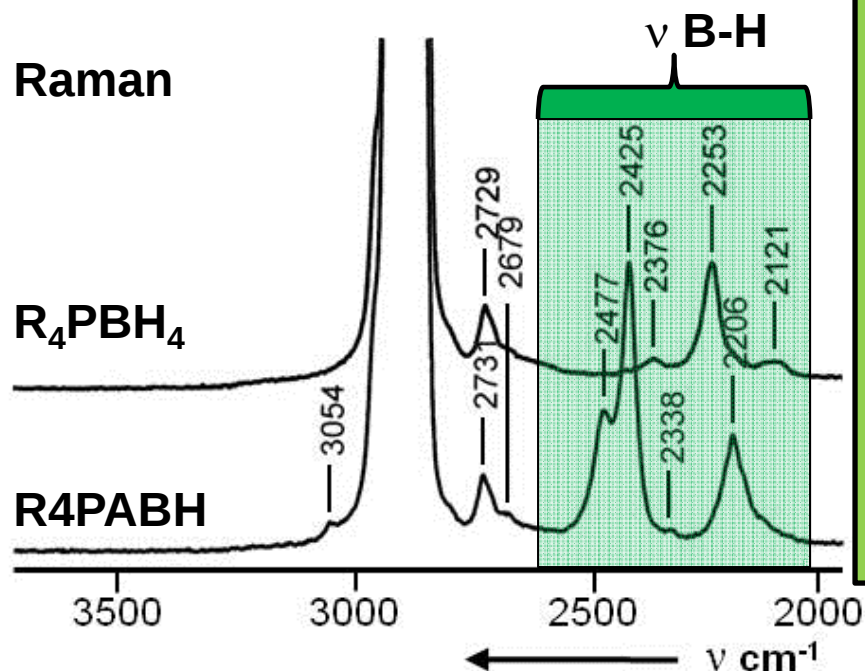
$C_8N_1H_{36}Al_1B_4$, 216.60 g/mol, $\rho = 0.81 \text{ g/cm}^3$
decomposition onset $\sim 150^\circ\text{C}$
36.28 g/mol H in ILABH = 16.7% or 0.135 g/cm³
 $\sim 99\%$ more H than LH_2/mL



Trihexyltetradecylphosphonium tetrakis(tetrahydroborato)aluminate



^{11}B NMR of R_4PABH





Lack of heterocyclic BH_4 salts

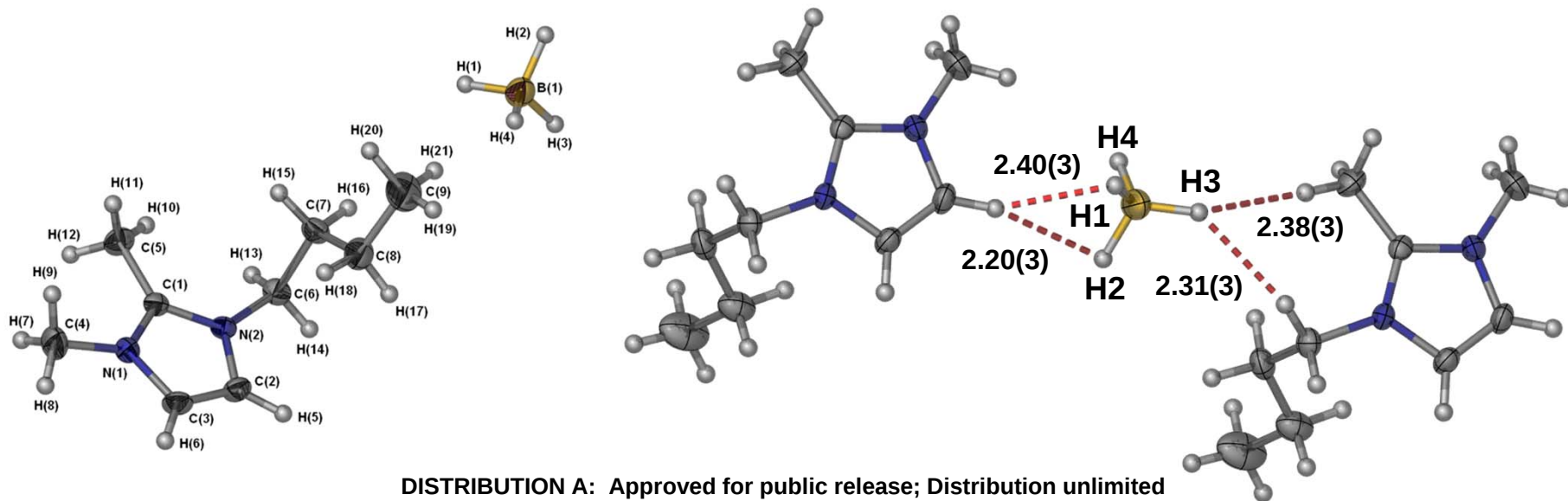


- Published routes to BMIM BH_4 used IL halide in acetonitrile or CH_2Cl_2
- This work could not be reproduced and only yielded material with substantial halide content

Best results 77.5% $[BH_4]^-$ halide content 22.5%

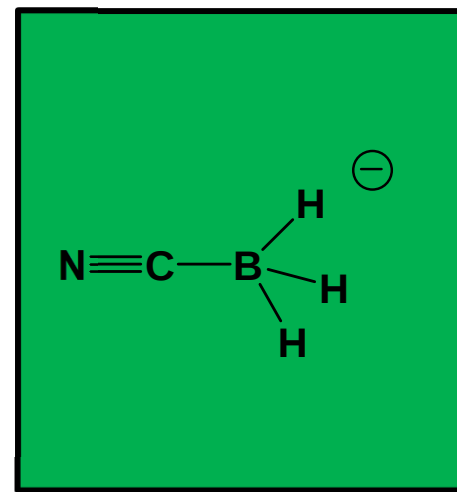
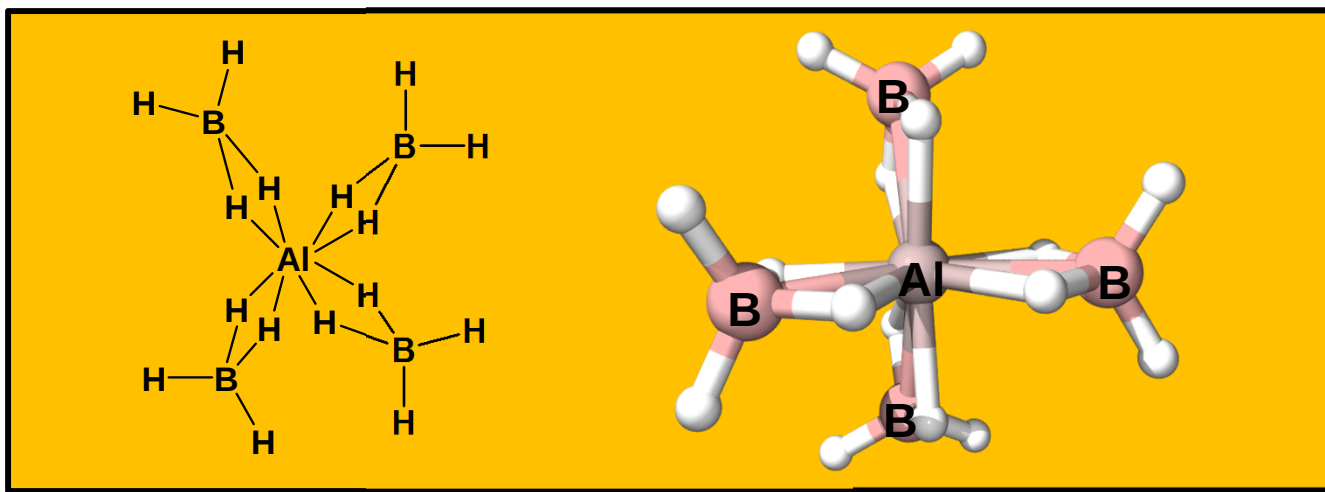
M. Bürcner, A.M.T. Erle, H. Scherer, I. Krossing *Chem. Eur. J.* **2012**, *18*, 2254.

- Developed new room temperature process which yields pure materials



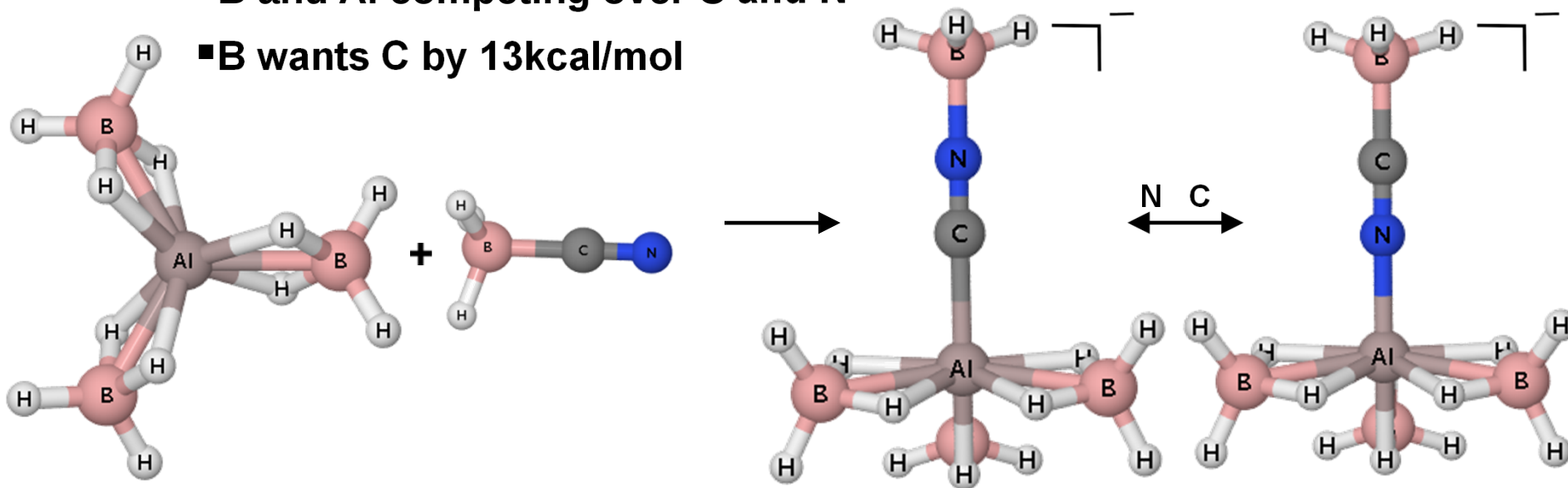


Anion Alteration



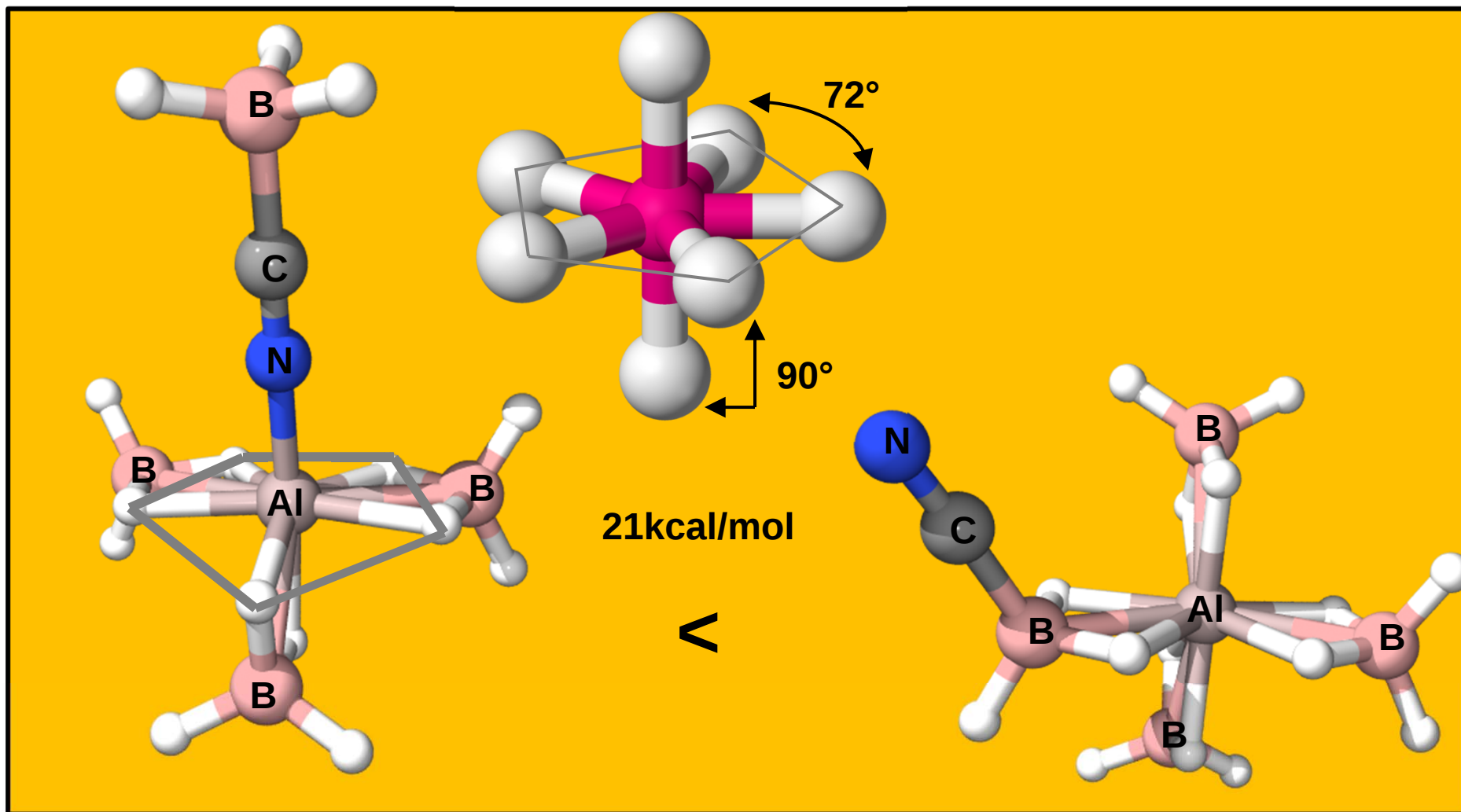
■ B and Al competing over C and N

■ B wants C by 13kcal/mol





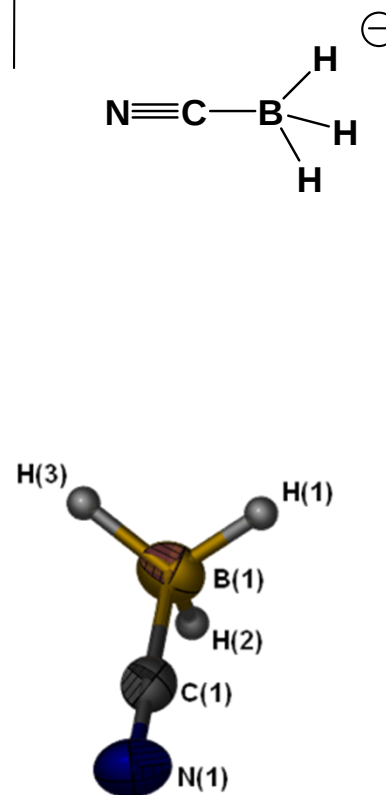
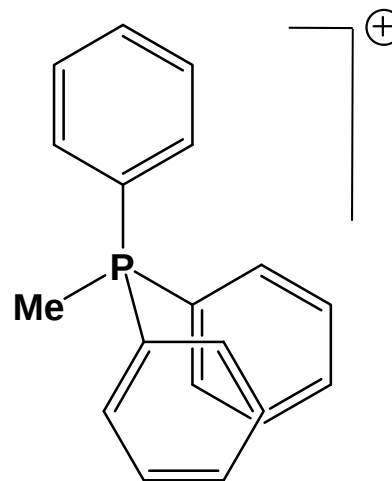
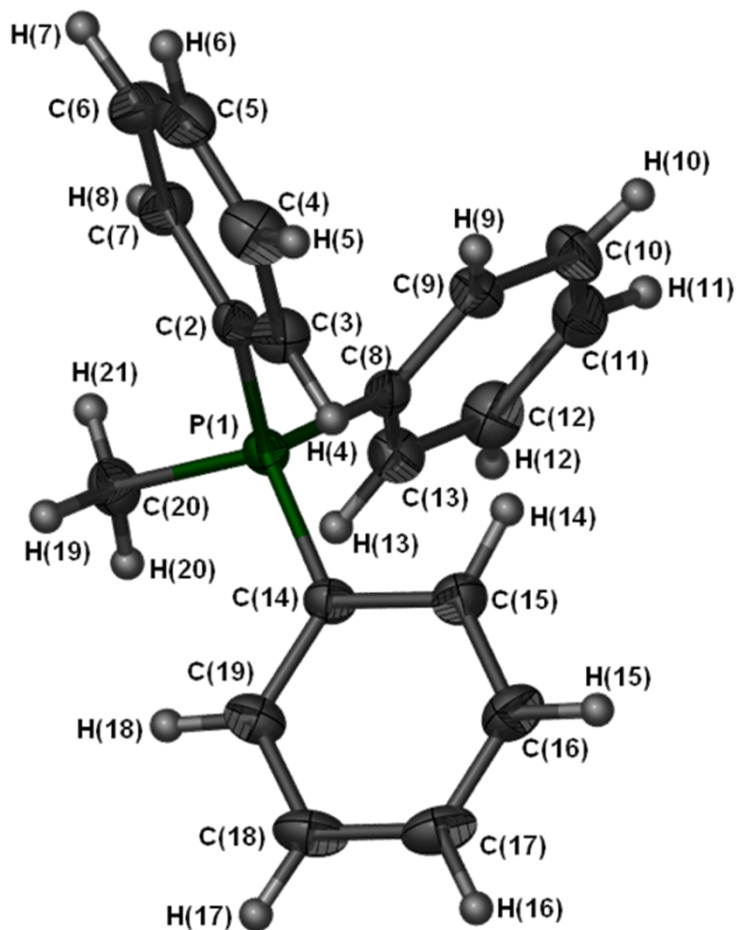
Cyanoborohydride coordination



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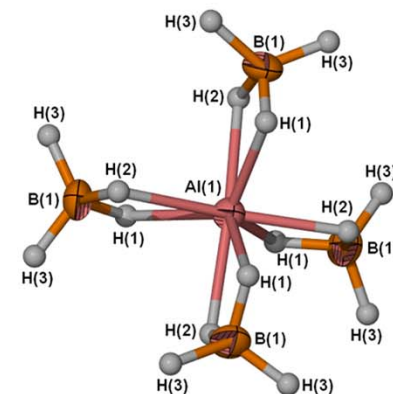
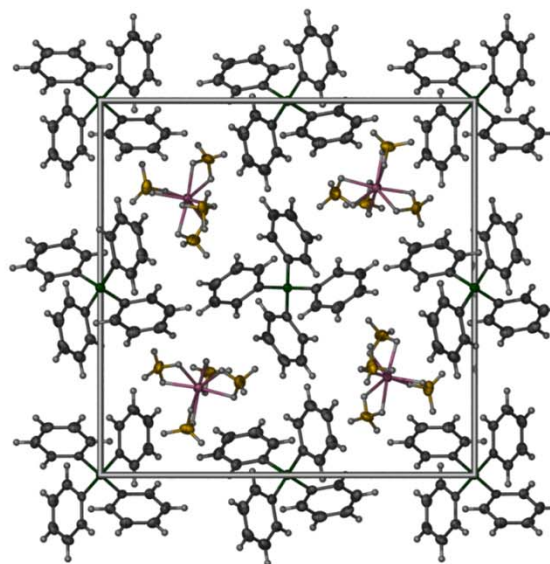
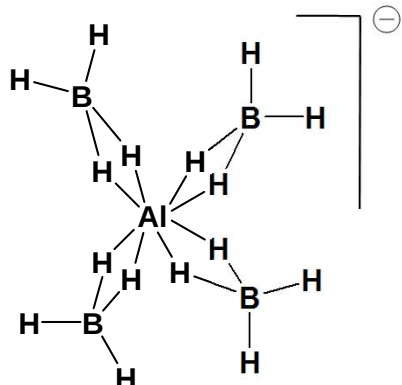
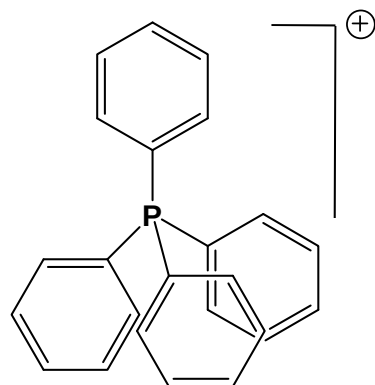


X-ray crystal structure analyses as tool of characterization



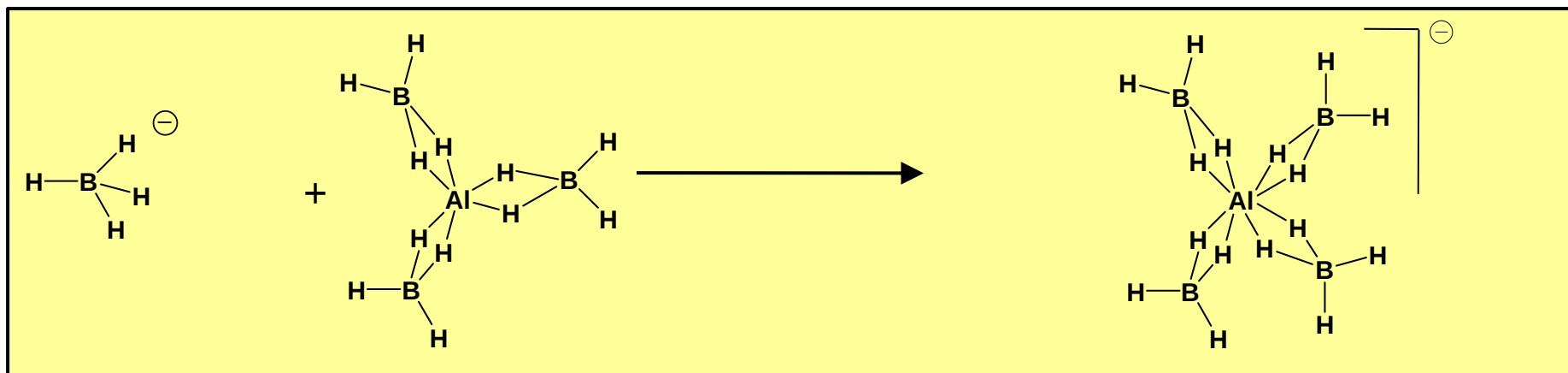
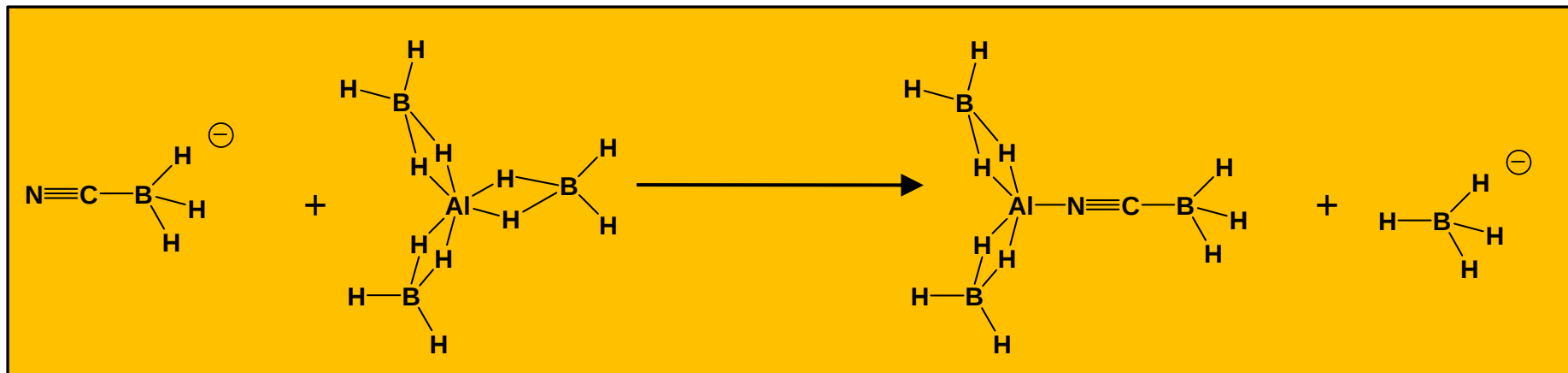


Surprise! *tetrakis(tetrahydroborato)aluminates*



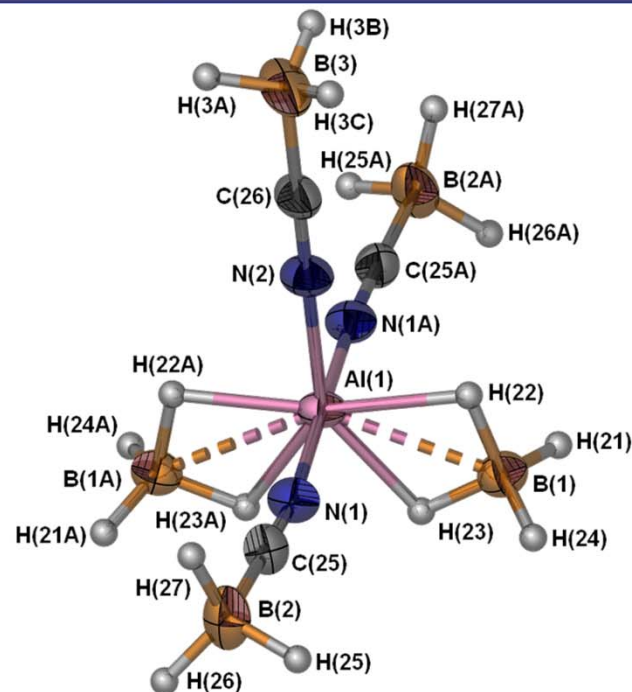
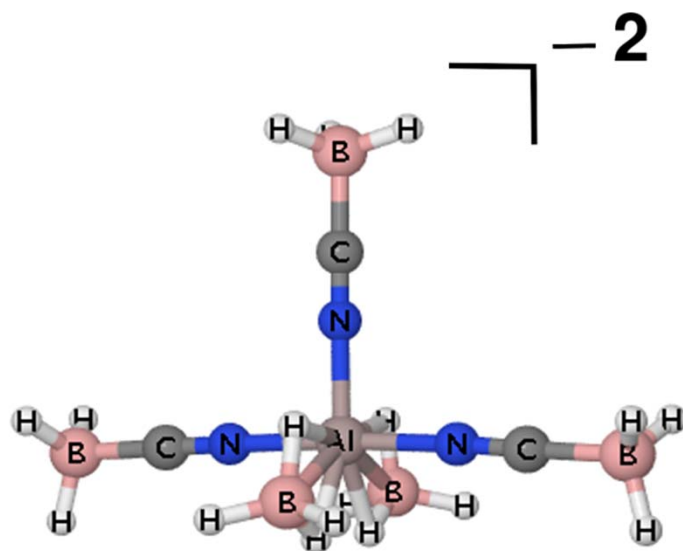


A general path to tetrakis(tetrahydroborato)aluminates?



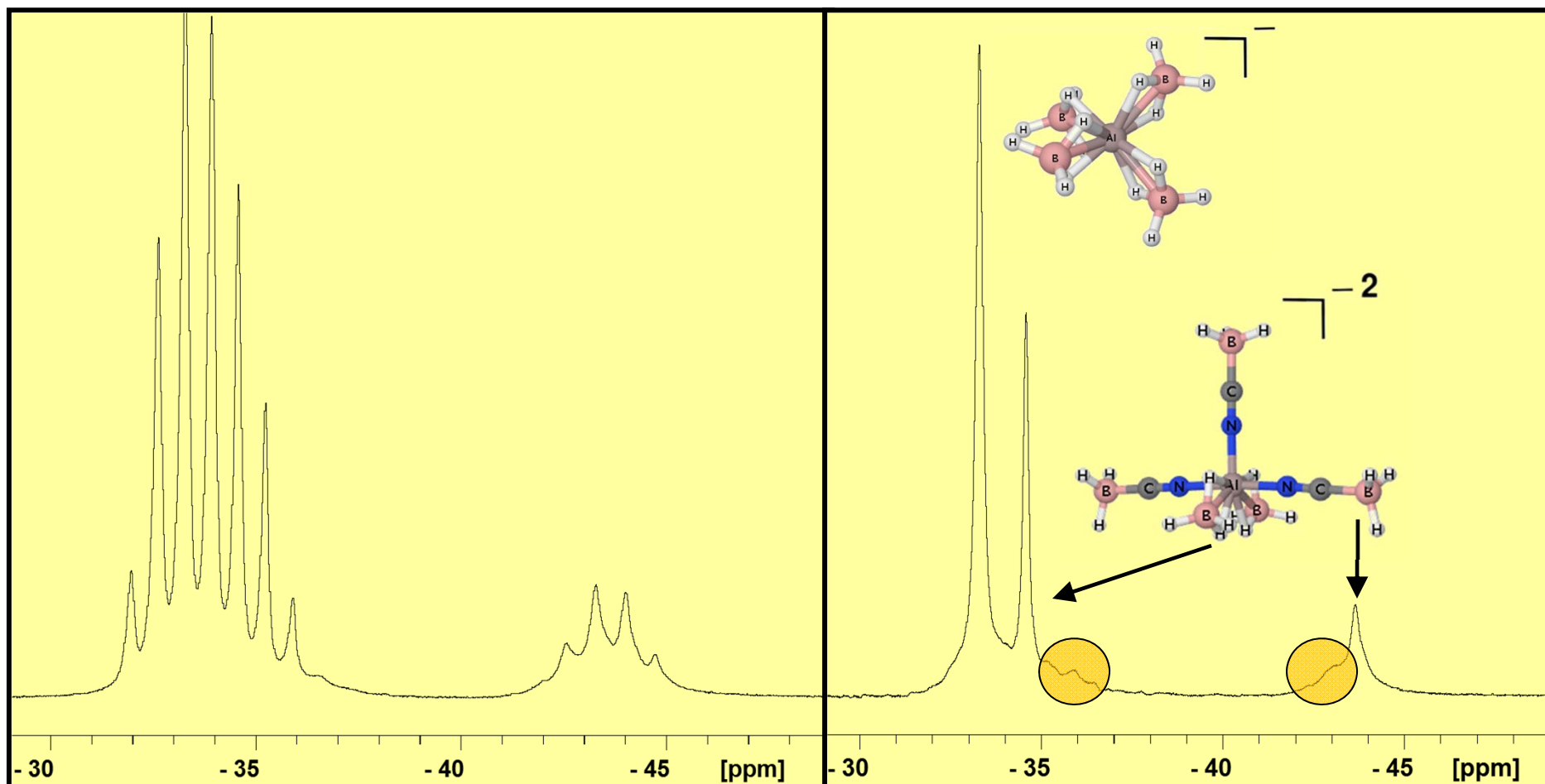


What happened to $\text{Al}(\text{BH}_4)_2\text{BH}_3\text{CN}$?



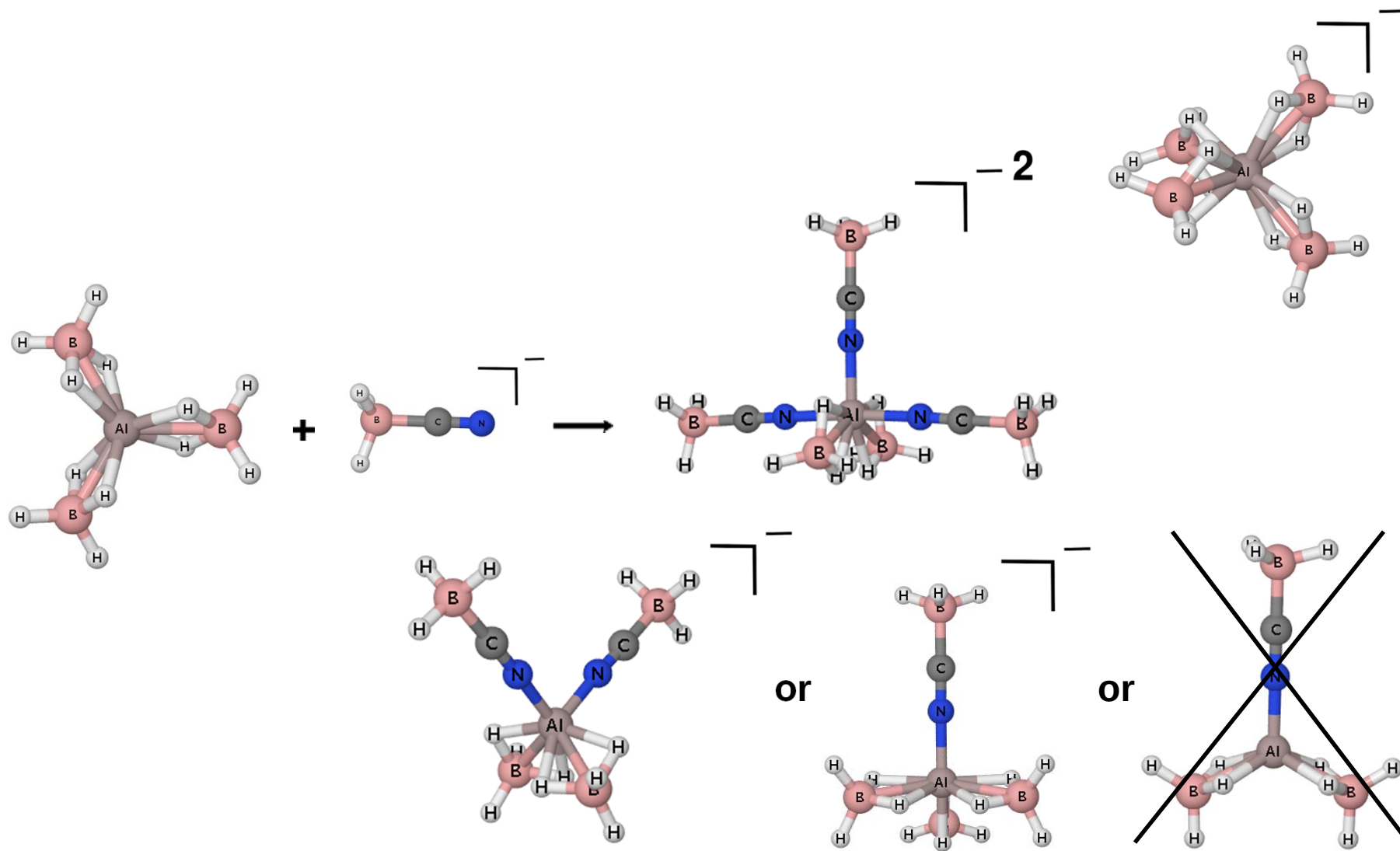


11B NMR of reaction mixture



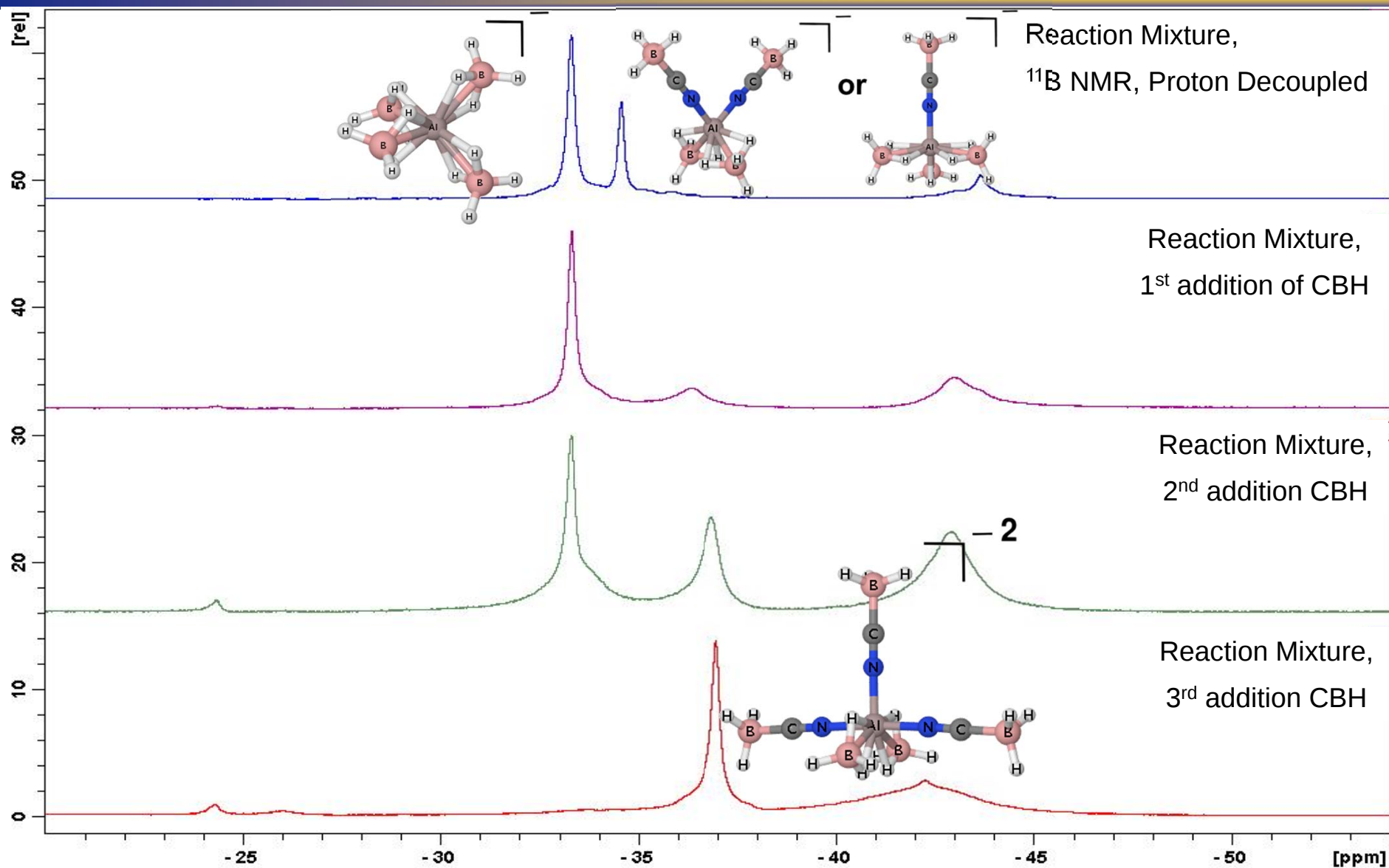


Maybe Chemistry is more complicated





Spiking reaction mixture with CBH

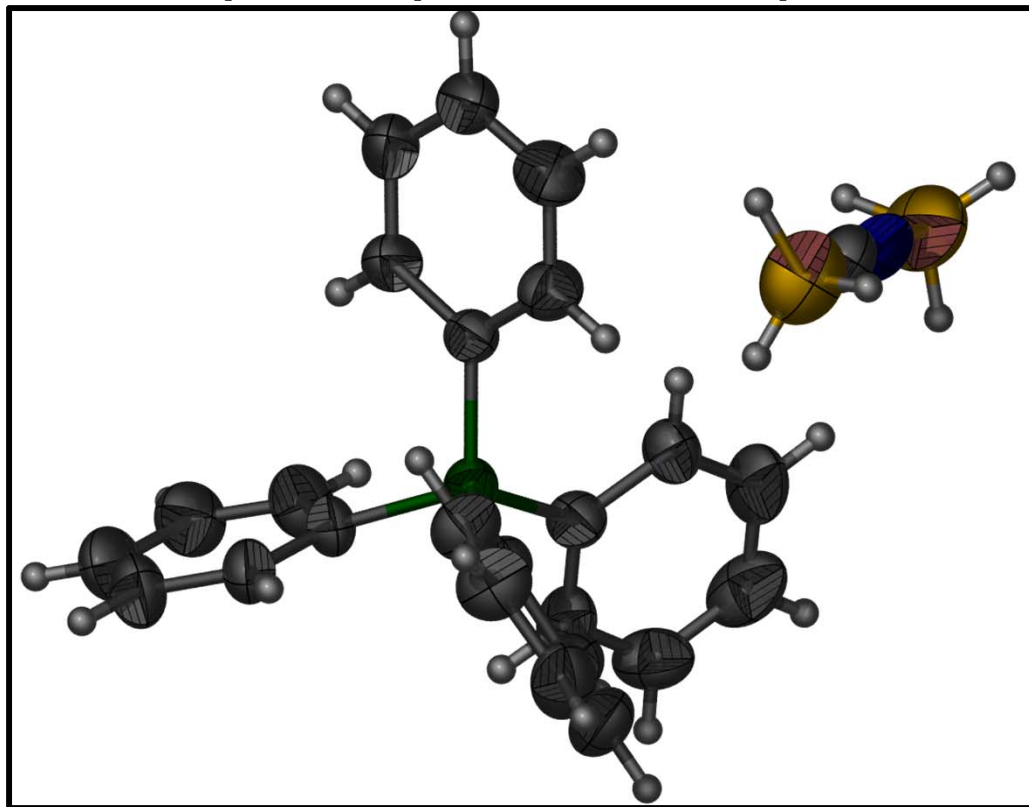




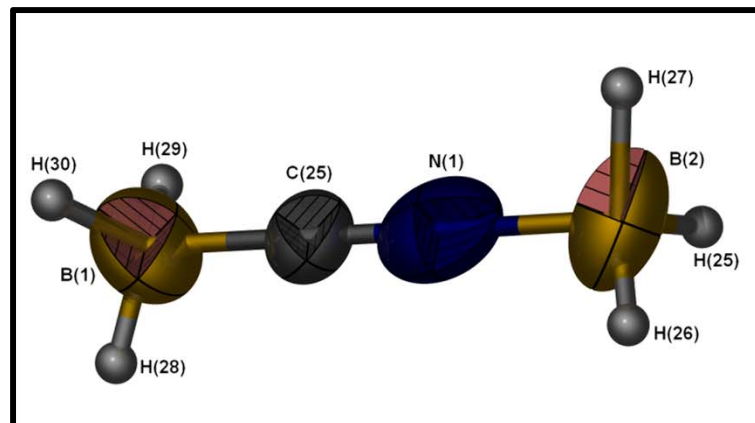
Single crystal X-ray structure analysis provided the answer



- A total of four different crystal shapes were identified under a microscope.
- Super thin plates are not a preferred crystal shape for X-ray analysis.

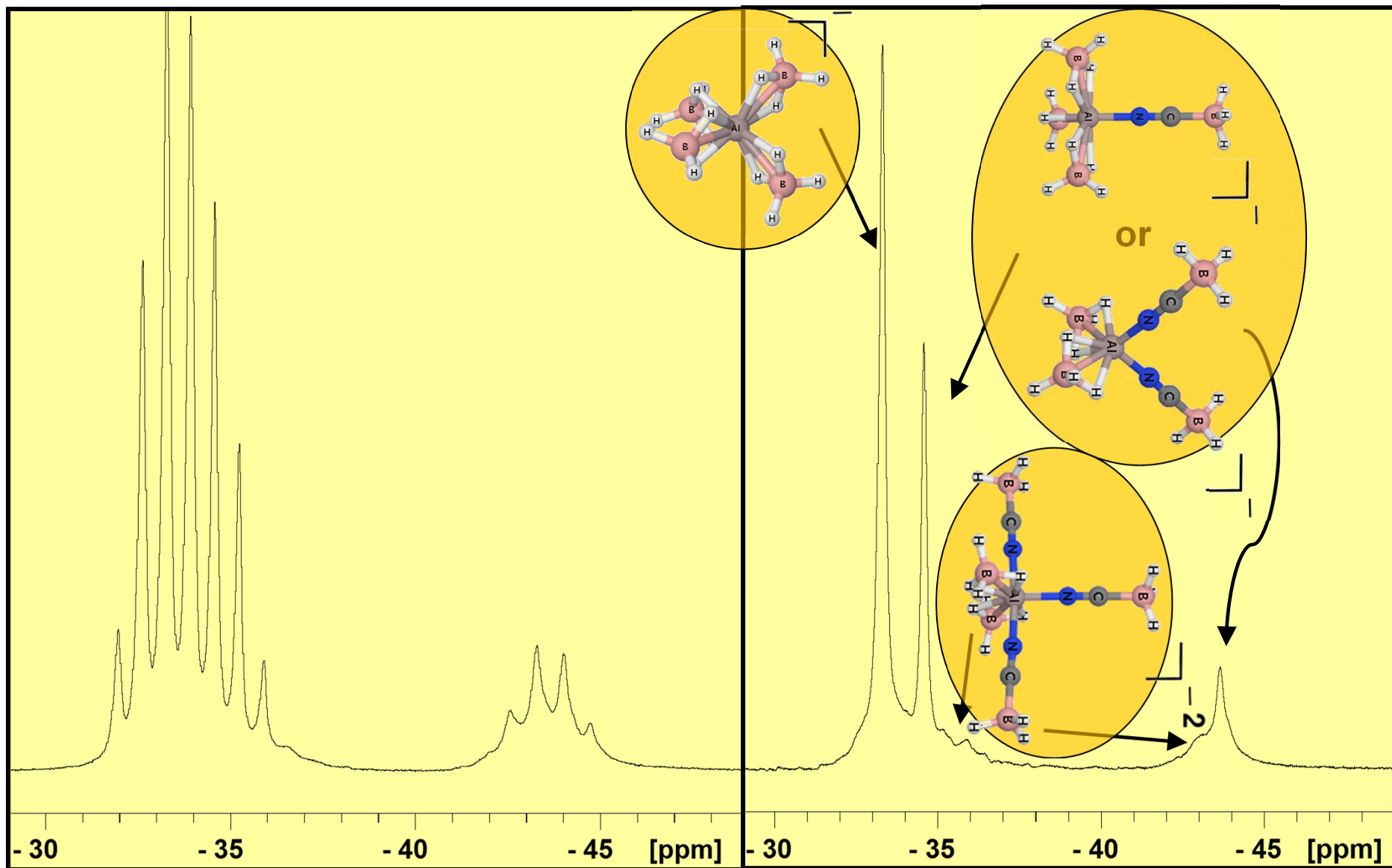


Anion enlarged and rotated



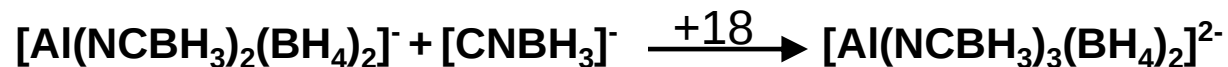
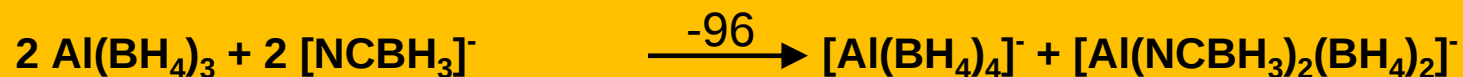
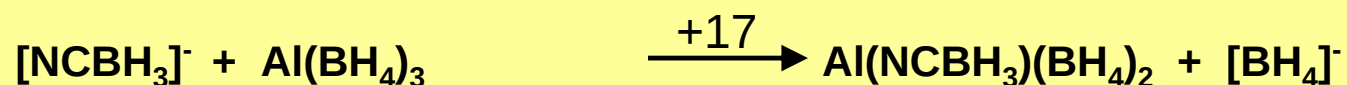
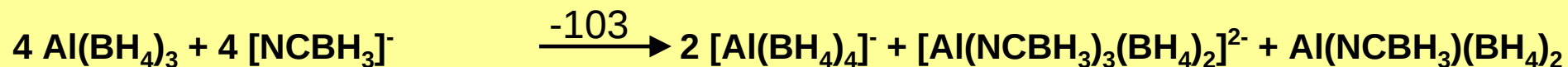


The real picture of the crude reaction mixture





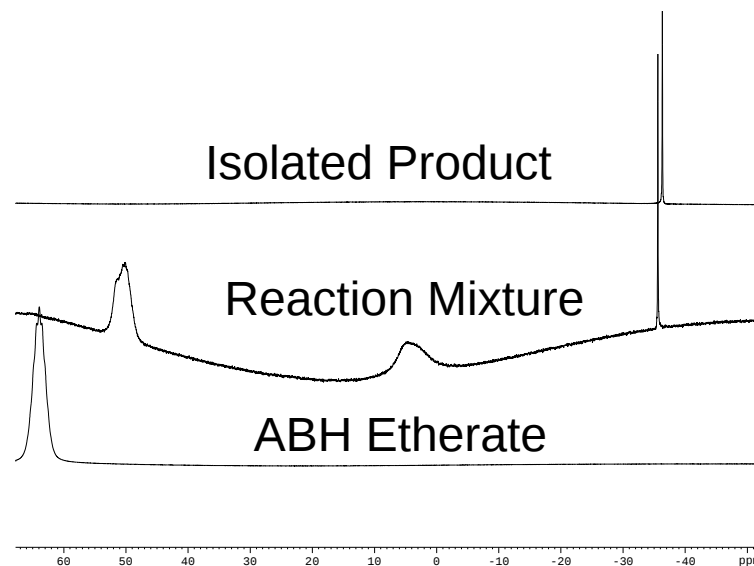
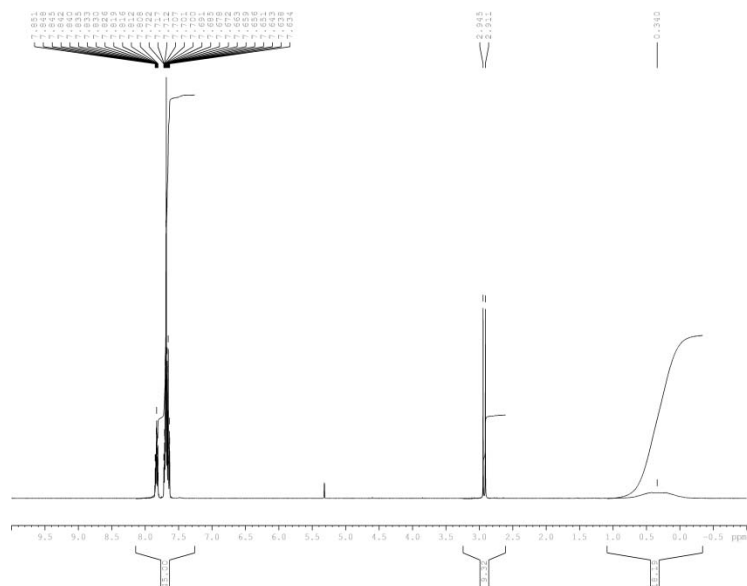
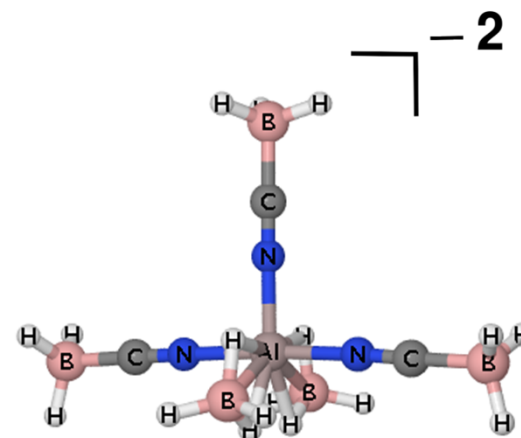
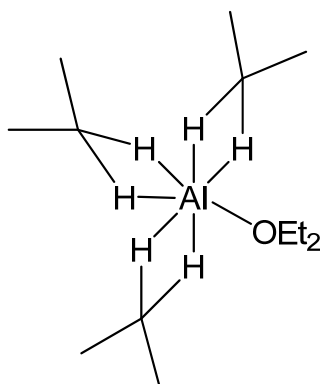
Heat of reaction calculations



* Gas phase; all values are kcal/mol

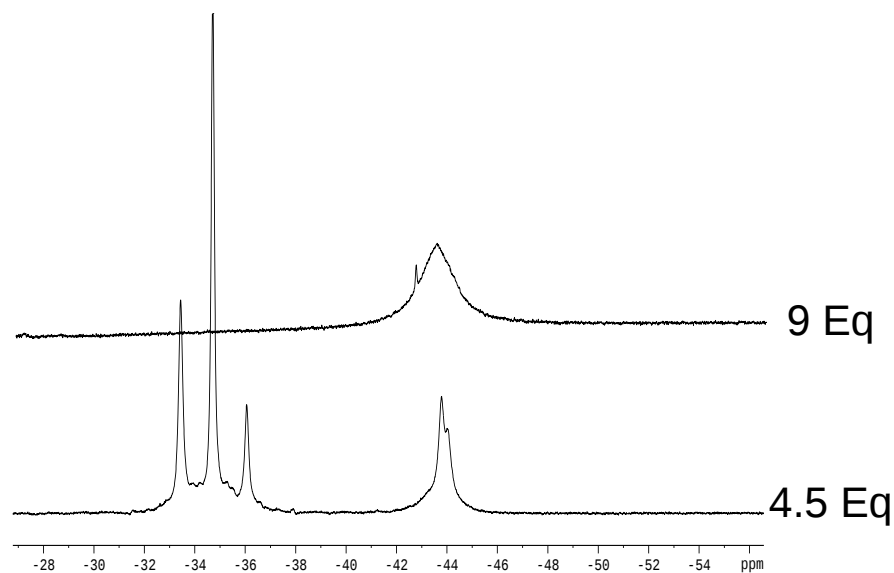
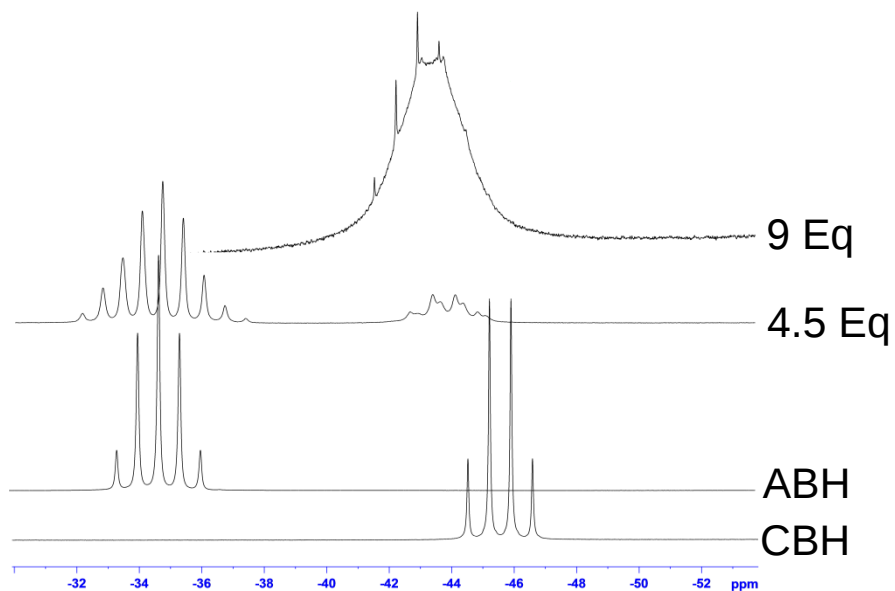
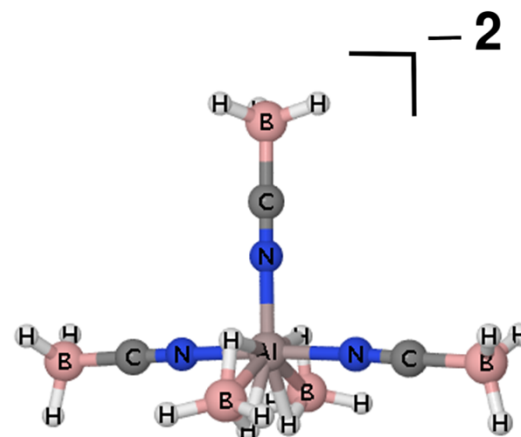
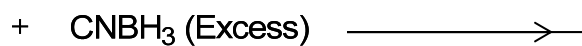
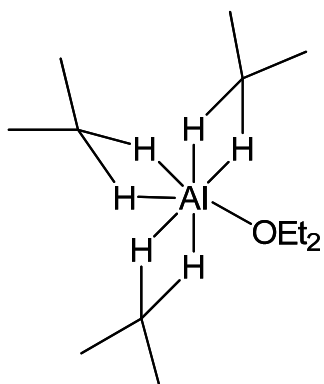


What Happens with a Large Excess of CBH?



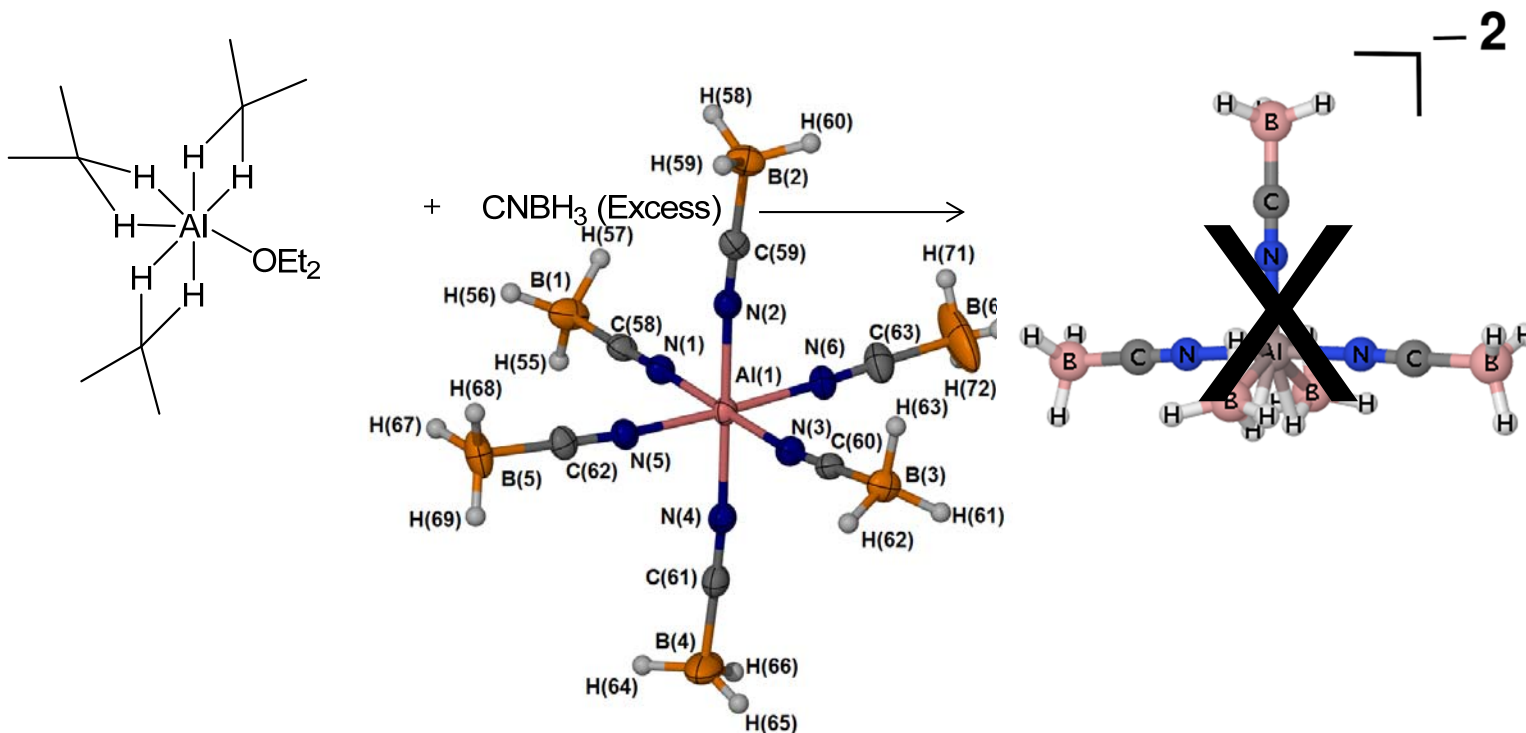


What Happens with a Large Excess of CBH?





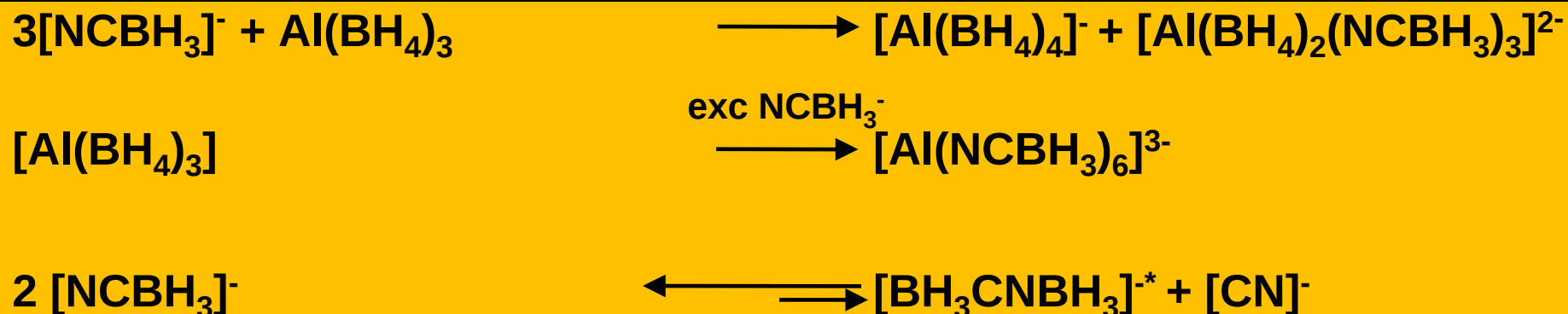
Crystal Structure Shows Product



Bond	Angle (°)	Bond	Angle (°)	Bond	Length (Å)
Al1-N1-C58	178.17(16)	N1-C58-B1	178.1(2)	Al1-N2	1.9734(16)
Al1-N2-C59	174.11(15)	N2-C59-B2	178.06(18)	Al1-N3	1.9577(16)
Al1-N3-C60	172.72(15)	N3-C60-B3	179.1(2)	Al1-N6	1.9512(17)
Al1-N4-C61	175.67(16)	N4-C61-B4	178.5(2)	Al1-N4	1.9623(16)
Al1-N5-C62	174.92(16)	N5-C62-B5	179.4(2)	Al1-N5	1.9563(17)
Al1-N6-C63	177.09(17)	N6-C63-B6	177.8(3)	Al1-N1	1.9697(16)



The current reaction sequence



* Emri, J et. al., *Polyhedron*, **1994**, 13, 2353

Summary and Conclusion

- The reactivity of aluminum borohydride is not always predictable
- Demonstrated dependence on the reaction partner and concentration
- It is challenging to characterize compound mixtures
- New species need to be isolated and incorporated into IL's to evaluate their reactivity and physical properties
- New synthetic routes to heterocyclic BH_4 salts open new possibilities



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