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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2016 Army **Date:** February 2015

Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army / BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability
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COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	42.677	46.258	38.374	-	38.374	38.448	35.826	35.200	35.889	-	-
H15: Ground Combat Id Tech	-	2.287	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
H16: S3I Technology	-	20.720	17.936	21.168	-	21.168	21.438	17.964	18.057	18.405	-	-
SA1: Sensors and Electronic Initiatives (CA)	-	-	12.750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SA2: Biotechnology Applied Research	-	3.915	2.859	2.972	-	2.972	1.861	2.180	2.105	2.147	-	-
TS1: Tactical Space Research	-	5.378	4.775	5.808	-	5.808	6.702	7.026	7.072	7.213	-	-
TS2: Robotics Technology	-	10.377	7.938	8.426	-	8.426	8.447	8.656	7.966	8.124	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This program element (PE) investigates designs and evaluates sensors and electronic components and software that enhance situational awareness, survivability, lethality, and autonomous mobility for tactical ground forces. Project H15 focuses on Combat Identification (CID) technologies, which include devices to locate, identify, track, and engage targets in the Joint fires environment. Project H16 investigates sensors, signal processing and information fusion technologies to increase target detection range and speed of engagement. Project SA2 conducts applied research on biological sensors and biologically derived electronics that exploits breakthroughs in biotechnology basic research in collaboration with the Institute for Collaborative Biotechnology (ICB) a University Affiliated Research Center (UARC) led by the University of California, Santa Barbara in partnership with California Institute of Technology and Massachusetts Institute of Technology and their industry partners. Project TS1 researches and evaluates space-based remote sensing, signal, and information processing software in collaboration with other Department of Defense (DoD) and government agencies to support space force enhancement and space superiority advanced technology integration into Army battlefield operating systems. Project TS2 focuses on advancing perception for autonomous ground mobility, intelligent vehicle control and behaviors, human-robot interaction, robotic manipulation, and unique mobility for unmanned vehicles.

Work in this program element (PE) complements and is fully coordinated with efforts in PE 0602307A (Advanced Weapons Technology), PE 0602705A (Electronics and Electronic Devices), PE 0602709A (Night Vision Technology), PE 0602782A (Command, Control, Communications Technology), PE 0603001A (Warfighter Advanced Technology), PE 0603006A (Command, Control, Communications Advanced Technology), PE 0603008A (Command Electronic Warfare Advanced Technology), PE 0603710A (Night Vision Advanced Technologies), and PE 0603772A (Advanced Tactical Computer Science and Sensor Technology),

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering Science and Technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040: <i>Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army / BA 2: Applied Research</i>	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>
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Work is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory, Adelphi, MD and Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD; the Communications-Electronics Research, Development, and Engineering Center, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD; and the US Army Space and Missile Defense Technical Center, Huntsville, AL.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total
Previous President's Budget	43.148	33.515	38.631	-	38.631
Current President's Budget	42.677	46.258	38.374	-	38.374
Total Adjustments	-0.471	12.743	-0.257	-	-0.257
• Congressional General Reductions	-	-0.007			
• Congressional Directed Reductions	-	-			
• Congressional Rescissions	-	-			
• Congressional Adds	-	12.750			
• Congressional Directed Transfers	-	-			
• Reprogrammings	0.250	-			
• SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.721	-			
• Adjustments to Budget Years	-	-	-0.257	-	-0.257

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)

Project: SA1: *Sensors and Electronic Initiatives (CA)*

Congressional Add: *Force Protection Radar Development*

Congressional Add: *Cyberspace security*

Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: SA1

Congressional Add Totals for all Projects

FY 2014	FY 2015
-	5.000
-	7.750
-	12.750
-	12.750

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability				Project (Number/Name) H15 / Ground Combat Id Tech			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H15: Ground Combat Id Tech	-	2.287	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification												
This project conducts applied research and investigates emergent techniques, devices and software for combat identification (CID) of Joint, allied, and coalition forces, including air-to-ground and ground-to-ground for mounted, dismounted, forward observer, and forward air controller missions. Efforts include research to enable a common battlespace picture for Joint and coalition situation awareness and fusion efforts to increase the survivability and lethality of coalition forces by fusing battlefield sensor and situational awareness data to identify friend from foe. This project supports Army science and technology efforts in the Command, Control, Communications and Intelligence, Soldier and Ground Maneuver portfolios. Efforts in this project are complimentary of PE 0602270A (EW Techniques), PE 0603270A (EW Technology). The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering Science and Technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy. Work is performed by the Communications-Electronics Research, Development, and Engineering Center (CERDEC), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.												
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)									FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
Title: Combat Identification (CID) Technologies									2.287	-	-	
Description: This effort evaluates and enhances CID modeling and simulation tools, concepts, and algorithms to improve anti-fratricide and combatant/non-combatant identification capabilities. Soldier-to-Soldier CID algorithms that interoperate with non-traditional CID sensors (air and ground) are developed to increase situational awareness (SA), feed the common operating picture, and increase the combat effectiveness of Soldier and Brigade Combat Teams (BCTs). Work being accomplished under PE 0603270A/project K16 complements this effort.												
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Designed and integrated tactical and commercial communications, wireless personal area networks and position location beaconing for a Soldier-to-Soldier CID capability utilizing equipment that is already employed by Soldiers; designed CID display and training tools to implement on existing mobile and handheld platforms being targeted by applicable programs of record.												
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals									2.287	-	-	
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)												
N/A												

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>	Project (Number/Name) H15 / <i>Ground Combat Id Tech</i>
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A		
E. Performance Metrics N/A		

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>				Project (Number/Name) H16 / <i>S3I Technology</i>			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H16: <i>S3I Technology</i>	-	20.720	17.936	21.168	-	21.168	21.438	17.964	18.057	18.405	-	-

Note

Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project designs, investigates, and evaluates advanced sensor components, signal processing, and information fusion algorithms that will provide the future Soldier decisive new capabilities to locate, identify, decide and engage battlefield targets in tactical environments. The ultimate impact and utility of this work will be to greatly increase the lethality, range, and speed of engagement of the Soldier. Emphasis is on solving critical Army-specific battlefield sensing and information management problems such as false targets, complex terrain (including urban applications), movement of sensors on military vehicles, and exploitation of multimodal sensors. Significant areas of research include: low cost sensors designed to be employed in large numbers of networked sensors for force protection, hostile fire defeat, homeland defense, counter terrorism operations, and munitions; fusion of disparate sensors such as non-imaging acoustic, seismic, electric-field (E-field), magnetic, radar; imaging infrared (IR), forward looking IR (FLIR), laser detection and ranging (LADAR), visible imagers; low cost acoustic, seismic, and magnetic sensors that can passively detect, classify, and track battlefield targets such as personnel, heavy/light vehicles, and helicopters. Other areas of research include sensing technologies for tagging, tracking, and locating (TTL) non-traditional targets as well as the location of direct and indirect fires and other hostile threats. Further areas of research include ultraviolet (UV) optoelectronics for battlefield sensors, networked compact radar for vehicle and dismount identification and tracking; ultra wideband radar for buried and concealed threat detection, enhanced robotic mobility, stand-off characterization of infrastructure; and the detection, classification, and tracking of humans in urban terrain. Additional areas of research are aided/automatic target recognition (ATR) allowing sensors to autonomously locate and identify targets; advanced battlefield sensor and information processing to conduct a dynamic and real time situational assessment to present a common picture of the battlespace focused on low echelon commanders; protection of sensors (including Soldier's eyes) from battlefield laser threats; and advanced information processing methods to provide automatic information technologies that utilize widely dispersed sensor and legacy information sources.

This project supports Army science and technology efforts in the Command Control and Communications, Ground, and Soldier portfolios. The work in this project complements efforts funded in PE 0601104A (University and Industry Research Centers), PE 0602709A (Night Vision Technology), PE 0603710A (Night Vision Advanced Technologies), and PE 0603001A (Warfighter Advanced Technology). The networked sensing and data fusion efforts performed in this project complement efforts funded in PE 0601104A/Project H50 (Network Sciences CTA) and PE0601104A/Project J22 (Network Science and Technology Research Center CTA).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense, Research and Engineering Science and Technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this area is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL), Adelphi, MD.

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability	Project (Number/Name) H16 / S3I Technology		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Non-Imaging Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR) Sensing Description: This effort evaluates and designs technologies for multi-modal low-cost networked sensors to enhance persistent sensing capabilities with increased probability of target detection and reduced false alarms. A key focus is on acoustic, seismic, magnetic, E-field, and passive radio frequency (RF) with unique capabilities for Army & DoD applications such as technologies that enable detection of underground facilities. FY 2014 Accomplishments: Evaluated combination of collocated passive IR sensors to discriminate humans from animals with high confidence; investigated new algorithms to detect digging using seismic and magnetic sensors; and developed and evaluated algorithms to fuse input from acoustic velocity sensors, electric-field charge detectors, burn-product sensors, and infrared flash detectors to improve detection and classification of hostile threats such as gunfire, mortars, and rockets. FY 2015 Plans: Exploit multimodal sensing, fusion, and sensor processing to detect and locate diverse threats using static and mobile sensors and networked systems; enhance sensors and algorithms to provide persistent surveillance and actionable information; and exploit target features and mitigate environmental interference to enhance intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) capabilities. FY 2016 Plans: Will develop advanced acoustic, magnetic- and e-field sensors and arrays to detect and locate threats in complex environments; implement algorithms to mitigate effects of acoustic propagation channel and signature modifications to optimize transient classification of mortar, rocket, gunfire and explosive events; apply electric and magnetic field phasor processing to detect and classify equipment and power events; and develop methods for detecting and classifying humans and human activities with multimodal image, video, and text data.		5.317	5.539	5.435
Title: Networked Sensing and Data Fusion Description: This effort will develop and assess a concept to link physical sensors and information sources to Soldiers and small units. Specifically the research focuses on (1) multimodal sensor fusion for detection and classification of human activities and infrastructures such as personnel, vehicles, machinery, RF emissions, chemicals, and computers in hidden and confined spaces, such as tunnels, caves, sewers, and buildings, (2) interoperability and networking of disparate sensors and information sources, (3) distributed information for decision making, and (4) approaches for fusing results of processed outputs of multimodal sensors such as visible, IR, and hyperspectral imagers, and acoustic, magnetic, and electric field sensors. This effort complements efforts funded in PE 0601104A/H50 (Network Sciences CTA) and PE0601104A/J22 (Network Science and Technology Research Center CTA).		5.748	4.843	5.474

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability	Project (Number/Name) H16 / S3I Technology		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Developed pattern of life algorithms and statistics to discriminate between potential threat activities and normal behavior; developed and evaluated fusion algorithms that correlates bearing information from multiple soldier-worn gunfire detection systems for localization of shooter with reduced errors and uncertainties; developed protocols and message formats to enable interoperability between disparate sensor systems; developed tools to understand value and quality of information based on data discovery, collection, and fusion of large data sets; evaluated fusion of acoustic and electric field sensing systems to enable passive ranging of near-miss bullets based on wave propagation velocity differences; and developed passive electromagnetic (EM) target detection and localization using multi-axis electric field and magnetic field sensors. FY 2015 Plans: Implement anomaly detection algorithms by fusing the output of social network with disparate multimodal sensors to determine patterns of behavior; enhance acoustic, magnetic and electric field sensors and algorithms to detect, classify, and localize hostile transient threat events such as mortars, rockets, gunfire, and moving ground/air vehicles, to include unmanned aerial systems (UAS); and mitigate background noise resulting from mobile sensor systems in complex environments. FY 2016 Plans: Will expand tools to improve search capabilities of relevant social media data to fuse with sensor data; expand interoperability for sensor plug-and-play capabilities and quick integration across unmanned sensors; develop algorithms that will exploit electric and magnetic field sensor fusion for electrical power event monitoring; and develop detection, tracking and cueing methodologies for counter-unmanned aerial system (C-UAS) using fusion of acoustic, passive RF, and imaging modalities.				
Title: Tagging Tracking and Locating (TTL) Description: Conduct applied research to support advances in state-of-the-art clandestine TTL for non-traditional hostile forces and non-cooperative targets. Specific technical details related to this effort are classified. FY 2014 Accomplishments: Investigated battery-free tags for extending the operating life of tags; and developed and extracted signals from targets of interest using mechanical and electromechanical coupling methods combined with applicable sensing modalities.		2.081	-	-
Title: Ultra Wideband (UWB) Radar Description: Conduct research to examine the technical underpinnings of UWB radar for several key Army concealed target detection technology requirements including landmine and improvised explosive device (IED) detection, sensing through-the-wall (STTW), and obstacle detection. Use a combination of advanced computational electromagnetic algorithms, radar measurements and advanced signal processing techniques to define the performance boundaries of state of the art airborne and ground-based UWB radar for concealed target detection.		2.369	2.913	2.892

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2		R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability		Project (Number/Name) H16 / S3I Technology
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)				
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Developed techniques for combining UWB radar with complementary sensors, such as video and thermal IR, for improving the probability of detection and confirmation of targets; and investigated computational electromagnetic models of the radar signature of RF devices placed in a complex building environment. FY 2015 Plans: Assess performance of UWB radar with complementary sensor techniques and technologies and compare to the current target detection capabilities and performance metrics; and investigate computational electromagnetic models to address new target deployments. FY 2016 Plans: Will investigate utility of combining forward looking radar with EO/IR sensor to improve detection and reduce false alarms for standoff detection of explosive hazards; incorporate stereo visible cameras to provide three-dimensional reconstruction of the environment that can be fused with radar image formation algorithms; and investigate and validate disturbed earth computational UWB forward-looking radar models.		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Networked Compact Radar, Wide Bandgap Optoelectronics, and Laser Protection Technologies Description: Investigate RF networking technology in support of integrated RF systems for use on ground, air, and Soldier platforms to support radio, radar, and control functions to allow communications, combat identification (ID), and target acquisition/tracking. Research semiconductor-based ultraviolet (UV) optoelectronics for communications, water/air/surface purification, and detection and identification of biological threats. Research novel materials and high speed switching technology for sensor and eye protection. FY 2014 Accomplishments: Created software and hardware architectures that enable compact radars to network with other unattended ground sensors for small unit force protection; evaluated nonlinear optical materials and tuned their properties to optimize performance of the overall vision protection system; and grew and characterized gallium nitride materials for extending the spectral range of UV lasers, light emitting diodes (LEDs), and detectors to wavelengths of 230 to 365 nanometers for enabling communications, water/air/surface purification, detection and identification of biological threats, and electro-optic countermeasures. FY 2015 Plans: Grow and characterize wide bandgap semiconductor materials and develop device designs to extend the spectral range of UV lasers, LEDs, and detectors to wavelengths from 200 to 365 nanometers to enable water/air/surface purification and the detection		2.433	3.083	3.854

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability	Project (Number/Name) H16 / S3I Technology		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
and identification of biological threats; investigate different materials and evaluate solutions for eye and sensor protection against ultra-short pulses and near-IR high power threats. FY 2016 Plans: Will study and characterize non-linear optical materials (including two novel platinum bipyridine complexes and several iridium dimes) for eye and camera protection on mounted ground vehicle platforms and investigate active long wavelength protection filters for uncooled infrared cameras and focal plane arrays to reduce their vulnerability to damage and dazzle.				
Title: Adaptive Information Collection and Fusion Description: This effort develops network and processing infrastructure concepts, and validates algorithms to enable assets to dynamically modify their physical and information producing behaviors to adaptively operate within the dynamics and timelines of small unit decision makers. FY 2014 Accomplishments: Evaluated decision-adaptive anomaly detection techniques as a means of filtering data at the sensor level to improve situational understanding for small unit decision makers and evaluate the impact of these techniques on data latency and situational awareness; integrated these filtering algorithms into an autonomous collaborative collection framework and assessed the impact on delay and situation awareness.		2.772	-	-
Title: Multi-Mode Air Defense Radar Description: This research supports the current and future technical challenges associated with air defense radar technology. In particular, this effort will analyze current and emerging RF spoofing, RF jamming and RF signature management technology to determine their impact on the performance of air defense radar technology. Electromagnetic modeling, RF measurements and experiments will be used to mitigate the effects of spoofing, jamming and signature management technology. This will include research extending from electronic devices, subassembly design, and laboratory prototypes to advance the state-of-the-art of air defense technology operating in contested environments. FY 2015 Plans: Investigate current and emerging technologies, across a broad RF spectrum, which may limit the performance of current air defense radar systems; modify existing physics-based electromagnetic modeling techniques to assess performance and identify critical areas of research; and examine performance in contested environments and research techniques to mitigate performance limitations. FY 2016 Plans:		-	1.558	3.513

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2		R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability		Project (Number/Name) H16 / S3I Technology
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)				
Will model air targets to investigate multiband architectures, alternative spectrum configurations, and broadband apertures; investigate spectrum sensing algorithms specific to air defense radar bands (e.g., L-band thru X-band and beyond); and investigate novel tracking algorithms for rockets, artillery, and mortar targets for next generation air defense radar.				
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals				
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)				
N/A				
Remarks				
D. Acquisition Strategy				
N/A				
E. Performance Metrics				
N/A				

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015																				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>				Project (Number/Name) SA1 / <i>Sensors and Electronic Initiatives (CA)</i>																					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost																		
SA1: <i>Sensors and Electronic Initiatives (CA)</i>	-	-	12.750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-																		
Note Not applicable for this item. A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification Congressional Interest Item funding provided for Sensors and Electronic Initiatives. B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>FY 2014</th> <th>FY 2015</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Congressional Add: Force Protection Radar Development</td> <td align="center">-</td> <td align="center">5.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FY 2015 Plans: Congressional interest item for Force Protection Radar Development</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Congressional Add: Cyberspace security</td> <td align="center">-</td> <td align="center">7.750</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FY 2015 Plans: Congressional interest funding for cyberspace security research</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td align="right">Congressional Adds Subtotals</td> <td align="center">-</td> <td align="center">12.750</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A E. Performance Metrics N/A														FY 2014	FY 2015	Congressional Add: Force Protection Radar Development	-	5.000	FY 2015 Plans: Congressional interest item for Force Protection Radar Development			Congressional Add: Cyberspace security	-	7.750	FY 2015 Plans: Congressional interest funding for cyberspace security research			Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	12.750
	FY 2014	FY 2015																												
Congressional Add: Force Protection Radar Development	-	5.000																												
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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability				Project (Number/Name) SA2 / Biotechnology Applied Research			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
SA2: Biotechnology Applied Research	-	3.915	2.859	2.972	-	2.972	1.861	2.180	2.105	2.147	-	-
Note Not applicable for this item.												
A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification This project designs, develops and evaluates biotechnology with application to sensors, electronics, photonics, and network science. This project funds collaborative applied research and integration of government, academic, and industry scientific research on biotechnology from PE 0601104/H05, Institute for Collaborative Biotechnologies (ICB) to advance innovative capabilities. Areas of applied research include bio-array sensors, biological, and bio-inspired power generation and storage, biomimetics, proteomics, genomics, network science, DNA research and development, control of protein, and gene expression. The ICB is a collaborative effort led by the University of California, Santa Barbara (Santa Barbara, CA) in partnership with the California Institute of Technology (Pasadena, CA), the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (Cambridge, MA), the Army Laboratories and Research, Development and Engineering Centers, and the ICB industrial partners. The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense, Research and Engineering Science and Technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy. Work is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL), Adelphi, MD.												
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)									FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
Title: Biotechnology Applied Research									3.915	2.859	2.972	
Description: This effort exploits breakthroughs in biotechnology basic research invented at the ICB to enable capabilities in sensors, electronics, photonics, and network science.												
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Improved biofuel cell electrode and membrane materials design, and validated for powering unattended ground sensors and other monitoring systems; completed and validated bio-inspired algorithms for control of swarms of micro-unmanned aerial vehicles; evaluated the use of a virus to template electrode materials to design improved batteries for small-scale, unmanned												

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>	Project (Number/Name) SA2 / <i>Biotechnology Applied Research</i>	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015
aerial vehicles; and evaluated protein capture agents and synthetic bio-molecules as materials to improve stability, affinity for overall environmental tolerance. FY 2015 Plans: Investigate performance limits of hybrid biofuel cells for powering unattended ground sensors or other remote, stand-alone monitoring systems; study interface technologies for small-scale batteries using virus templated materials for use on unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs); and develop and study rapid bio-based screening, selection, and production processes for recognition and targeting of emerging threats to the Soldier. FY 2016 Plans: Will test hybrid biofuel cells; develop and test assays with advanced protein capture agents in order to validate capability to rapidly respond to emerging threats; and evaluate bio-inspired algorithms for control applications including decision support tools to unburden UAV operators and conduct field evaluation of combined bio-inspired algorithms for distributed mobile gunfire detection.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals		3.915	2.859
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)			
N/A			
Remarks			
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			
E. Performance Metrics			
N/A			

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>				Project (Number/Name) TS1 / <i>Tactical Space Research</i>			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
TS1: <i>Tactical Space Research</i>	-	5.378	4.775	5.808	-	5.808	6.702	7.026	7.072	7.213	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project researches and evaluates technologies for space-based and high altitude applications for Army tactical ground forces. Applied research efforts include the design and development of sensors and electronic components, communications, signal and information processing, target acquisition, position/navigation, and threat warning within space and high altitude environments. The applied research and technology evaluations conducted under this Project leverage other DoD space science and technology applications to support Army space force enhancement and cooperative satellite payload development.

Work in this project complements and is fully coordinated with PE 0603006A (Space Applications Technology).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the US Army Space and Missile Defense Command/Army Forces Strategic Command (USASMDC/ARSTRAT) in Huntsville, AL.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Tactical Space Research	4.349	3.765	4.787
Description: This effort designs, develops, and evaluates space-based technologies, components, and tools that lead to smaller, lighter, more responsive payloads and applications. These technologies allow for the rapid integration and development of tactical payloads in support of responsive space environments. Work related to standard Army networks is done in coordination with the Communications-Electronics Research Development and Engineering Center (CERDEC).			
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Designed and developed tracking system and antenna pointing component technologies for small satellites; developed orbit planning and analysis tools to support small satellite constellation concept of operation feasibility studies; researched and developed propulsion concepts for small satellite station keeping and maneuvering.			
FY 2015 Plans: Develop payload deployer subsystem for affordable launch vehicle; design and develop advanced attitude determination and control and propulsion subsystems for nanosatellites to change orbits in flight.			
FY 2016 Plans: Will investigate and develop network hardware and software interfaces and information dissemination architecture that allows Software Defined Radio (SDR) and imagery payloads to be controlled from any node and products distributed to tactical ground			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>	Project (Number/Name) TS1 / <i>Tactical Space Research</i>	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015
units; develop follow-on small satellite antenna and guidance, navigation, and control (GNC) components that have less mass, are more accurate, and are more power efficient; and investigate technologies and explore collaboration opportunities with other Services and Agencies for small satellite affordable launch capabilities.			
Title: Space and Analysis Lab Description: This effort provides an in-house capability to design and conduct analytic evaluations of space and high altitude technologies. FY 2014 Accomplishments: Designed and implemented a communications satellite testbed to conduct and evaluate nanosatellite assembly, payload integration, ground testing and preflight checkout; improved ground station capabilities within the lab to support on-orbit communications and imagery nanosatellite demonstrations. FY 2015 Plans: Validate performance of Hardware In The Loop nanosatellite attitude control, to include attitude control software, device integration, and in-flight simulation of commanded motion. FY 2016 Plans: Will develop components for follow-on small satellite designs, to include propulsion and distributed aperture imager components.		1.029	1.010
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals		5.378	4.775
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)			
N/A			
Remarks			
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			
E. Performance Metrics			
N/A			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>				Project (Number/Name) TS2 / <i>Robotics Technology</i>			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
TS2: <i>Robotics Technology</i>	-	10.377	7.938	8.426	-	8.426	8.447	8.656	7.966	8.124	-	-

Note

Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project designs, evaluates, and investigates autonomous technologies to enable robotics to assist military missions. Technical efforts are focused on advancing perception for autonomous ground mobility, intelligent vehicle control and behaviors, human-robot interaction, robotic manipulation, and improved mobility for unmanned vehicles of scales from micro-systems through tactical vehicles. The project provides the underpinning research of the Robotics Collaborative Technology Alliance (CTA), a cooperative arrangement with industry and academia to conduct a concerted, collaborative effort advancing key enabling robotic technologies required for future unmanned systems. The Robotics CTA research is funded in PE 0601104A/Project H09.

This project sustains Army science and technology efforts supporting the Air and Ground Maneuver portfolios.

This project leverages basic research conducted under PE 0601102A/Project T63 (Robotics Autonomy, Manipulation and Portability) and PE 0601104A/Project H09 (Robotics CTA) and transitions knowledge and emerging technologies to PE 0603005A (Combat Vehicle and Automotive Advanced Technology) for maturation and demonstration.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering Science and Technology focus areas, and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, and the Robotics Collaborative Technology Alliance consisting of Carnegie Mellon University, Florida State University, General Dynamics Robotics Systems, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, QinetiQ North America, University of Central Florida, and University of Pennsylvania.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Robotics CTA	4.654	3.573	3.790
Description: Conduct applied research to provide essential capabilities for advanced perception, intelligent control and tactical behavior, human-robot interaction, robotic manipulation, and unique mobility for unmanned systems to conduct multiple military missions for a full range of robots from man-portable to larger systems. Research focuses on new sensor and sensor processing algorithms for rapid detection and classification of objects in cluttered and unknown environments, enabling autonomous mobility and intelligent tactical behavior by future unmanned systems; implementing adaptive control strategies that will enable unmanned systems to display intelligent tactical behavior, formulation of control strategies that will facilitate use of unmanned systems in			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / Sensors and Electronic Survivability	Project (Number/Name) TS2 / Robotics Technology		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
populated environments and minimize the cognitive workload on Soldier operators enabling more dexterous manipulation of objects. FY 2014 Accomplishments: Continued to design perception and intelligence algorithms that permits unmanned systems to team with soldiers in moderately complex environments and conduct missions; instantiated learning algorithms to enable robots to continually learn from experience and recognize intent of other agents; focused on the implementation of hybrid cognitive/metric architecture to minimize the workload placed upon soldier, including the implementation of non-traditional control techniques; and implemented concepts for manipulation of objects and improved ground mobility for complex and constrained environments. FY 2015 Plans: Incorporate perception and intelligence algorithms into effective teaming of humans and robots as part of a mixed team to successfully conduct missions; conduct technology assessments of components and integrated systems to determine performance and technology maturity levels; and implement perception and reasoning skills with technology test beds employing unique mobility modes (e.g., legs, and manipulation skills) to assess technology performance levels. FY 2016 Plans: Will instantiate enhanced hybrid cognitive architecture on robots to explore teaming behaviors including; natural modes of communication and control in the context of a mixed small unit; incorporate mechanisms and software to permit robots to effectively perform basic manipulation skills; integrate resultant technology into test bed platforms to assess technology maturity. The hybrid architecture permits command and communication to be at a natural or abstract level similar to a Soldier issuing a command (e.g., open the third door on the right) to a subordinate.				
Title: Perception and Intelligent Control Description: Advance perception and intelligent control technologies required to achieve autonomous tactical behaviors and other objective capabilities for future unmanned vehicles of multiple size scales and to transition this technology to advanced development programs being conducted under PE 0603005A (Combat Vehicle and Automotive Advanced Technology)/project 515 (Robotic Ground Systems) for integration into test bed systems. FY 2014 Accomplishments: Implemented algorithms for perception of the local environment employing a hybrid cognitive/metric architecture; incorporated advanced algorithms for whole body manipulation on to test bed platforms; and implemented novel approaches to mobility in complex and constrained environments; and assessed performance of algorithms in an integrated context. FY 2015 Plans:		5.723	4.365	4.636

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602120A / <i>Sensors and Electronic Survivability</i>	Project (Number/Name) TS2 / <i>Robotics Technology</i>	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015
Develop the perceptual and reasoning capabilities necessary to enable an unmanned system to deduce the intent of actions/ activity; and explore and implement on test bed platforms the mechanisms and control algorithms that will enable autonomous unmanned systems to dexterously manipulate objects and maneuver through complex terrain, with an emphasis on increased efficiency. FY 2016 Plans: Will continue extension of perceptual, reasoning, and learning techniques for unmanned systems to enable creation of a common, though not necessarily equivalent, mental model of the surrounding world facilitating planning and execution of tasks, as well as communication with human teammates; and conduct experiments focused upon establishing technology maturity and performance gaps.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals		10.377	7.938
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)			
N/A			
Remarks			
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			
E. Performance Metrics			
N/A			